



Source Water Assessment

A Hydrogeologic Susceptibility and
Vulnerability Assessment for
Holiday Station Store #650 - Pittman Road
Public Drinking Water System,
Wasilla, Alaska
PWSID # 225999.001

DRINKING WATER PROTECTION REPORT 1682

Alaska Department of Environmental Conservation

January, 2009

Source Water Assessment for
Holiday Station Store #650 - Pittman Road
Public Drinking Water System
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The Drinking Water Protection (DWP) section of the Drinking Water Program is producing Source Water Assessments in compliance with the Safe Drinking Water Act Amendments of 1996. Each assessment includes a delineation of the source water area, an inventory of potential and existing contaminant sources that may impact the water, a risk ranking for each of these contaminants, and an evaluation of the potential vulnerability of these drinking water sources.

These assessments are intended to provide public water systems owners/operators, communities, and local governments with the best available information that may be used to protect the quality of their drinking water. The assessments combine information obtained from various sources, including the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Alaska Department of Environmental Conservation (DEC), public water system owners/operators, and other public information sources. The results of this assessment are subject to change if additional data becomes available. It is anticipated this assessment will be updated every five years to reflect any changes in the vulnerability and/or susceptibility of public drinking water source. If you have any additional information that may affect the results of this assessment, please contact the DWP staff at the following toll-free number 1-866-956-7656.

January, 2009

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Source Water Assessment for Holiday Station Store #650 - Pittman Road Source of Public Drinking Water, Wasilla, Alaska

Drinking Water Protection Alaska Department of Environmental Conservation

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

The public water system for Holiday Station Store #650 - Pittman Road is a Class B (transient/non-community) water system consisting of one well located on North Pittman Road in Wasilla, Alaska. The wellhead received a susceptibility rating of **Very High** and the aquifer received a susceptibility rating of **Very High**. Combining these two ratings produces a **Very High** rating for the natural susceptibility of the well. Identified potential and current sources of contaminants for Holiday Station Store #650 - Pittman Road public drinking water source include: gasoline stations, assumed septic systems, assumed heating oil tanks, gasoline and diesel tanks, a non-Superfund contaminated site, an abandoned well, monitoring wells, roads, a rail corridor, motor vehicle repair shops, and a logging area. These identified potential and existing sources of contamination are considered as sources of bacteria and viruses, nitrates and/or nitrites, and volatile organic chemicals. Overall, the public water sources for Holiday Station Store #650 - Pittman Road received a vulnerability rating of **Medium** for bacteria and viruses, **Medium** for nitrates and nitrites, and **High** for volatile organic chemicals. This assessment of contaminant risks can be used as a foundation for local voluntary protection efforts as well as a basis for the continuous efforts on the part of Holiday Station Store #650 - Pittman Road to protect public health.

HOLIDAY STATION STORE #650 - PITTMAN ROAD PUBLIC DRINKING WATER SYSTEM

Holiday Station Store #650 - Pittman Road public water system is a Class B (transient/non-community) water system. The system consists of one well located on the corner of the Parks Highway and North Pittman Road in Wasilla, Alaska (see Map A in Appendix A). Wasilla has a population of 7,028 and lies about 12 miles north of the Knik Arm of Cook Inlet along the George Parks Highway (ADCCED, 2009).

The majority of residents in the Wasilla area have individual wells and septic systems, but the city does operate a water and sewer system. Homes are heated by piped natural gas, provided by Enstar. Refuse is

transported by a private firm to the Borough landfill (ADCCED, 2009).

Due to the glacial influence in the formation of the Wasilla area, the landforms in Wasilla are made up of ridges of glacial till and flat benches of gravel and sand out wash (Matanuska-Susitna Borough, 1985). The altitude of the Wasilla area ranges from about 300 feet to 500 feet above sea level, gradually sloping downwards towards Cook Inlet. There are hundreds of small lakes in the area, several larger lakes, and two large streams (Renshaw Consulting Engineers, 1983).

According to the well log, the well extends approximately 80 feet below the ground surface and is completed in a semi-confined aquifer. This system operates continuously and serves 90 non-residents through one service connection.

HOLIDAY STATION STORE #650 - PITTMAN ROAD DRINKING WATER PROTECTION AREA

In order to evaluate whether a drinking water source is at risk, we must first evaluate what are the most likely pathways for surface contamination to reach the groundwater. These areas are determined by looking at the characteristics of the soil, groundwater, aquifer, and well.

The most probable area for contamination to reach the drinking water well is the Drinking Water Protection Area. The Drinking Water Protection Area is the area circling the well (the area influenced by pumping) and also the area upgradient of the well, usually forming a parabola shape. Because releases of contaminants within the protection area are most likely to impact the well, this area will serve as the focus for voluntary protection efforts.

There are many different methods for calculating the size of protection areas. Drinking Water Protection (DWP) uses a combination of two simple groundwater flow equations, the Thiem and uniform flow equations for all groundwater wells screened in unconsolidated material. The orientation of the protection zone is then drawn using a water table elevation map (if available) or a land surface elevation map of the area. The protection zone calculated by DWP is an estimate using the available information and resources, and may differ

slightly from the actual capture zone. Because of uncertainties and changing site conditions, a factor of safety is added to the protection zone to form the drinking water protection area for the well.

The parameters used to calculate the shape of this protection zone are general for the whole alluvial plain and were obtained from various United States Geological Survey (USGS) reports, area well logs, and the Groundwater textbook by Freeze and Cherry (Freeze and Cherry, 1979).

The protection areas established for wells by the DEC are usually separated into two zones, limited by the watershed. These zones correspond to differences in the time-of-travel (TOT) of the water moving through the aquifer to the well. An analytical calculation was used to determine the size and shape of the protection area. The input parameters describing the attributes of the aquifer in this calculation were adopted from the State of Alaska Department of Water Resources (Jokela *et. al.*, 1991).

The time-of-travel for contaminants within the water varies and is dependent on the physical and chemical characteristics of each contaminant. The following is a summary of the two protection area zones for wells and the calculated time-of-travel for each:

Table 1. Definition of Zones

| Zone | Definition |
|------|-------------------------------------|
| A | Several months time-of-travel |
| B | Less than the 2 year time-of-travel |

The Drinking Water Protection Area for Holiday Station Store #650 - Pittman Road was determined using an analytical calculation and includes Zones A and B (See Map A of Appendix A).

INVENTORY OF POTENTIAL AND EXISTING CONTAMINANT SOURCES

DWP has completed an inventory of potential and existing sources of contamination within the Holiday Station Store #650 - Pittman Road drinking water protection area. This inventory was completed through a search of agency records and other publicly available information. Potential sources of contamination to the drinking water aquifer include a wide range of categories and types. Potential drinking water contaminants are found within agricultural, residential, commercial, and industrial areas, but can also occur within areas that have little or no development.

For the basis of all Class B public water system assessments, the following three categories of drinking water contaminants were inventoried:

- Bacteria and viruses;
- Nitrates and/or nitrites;
- Volatile organic chemicals

The sources are displayed on Map C of Appendix C and summarized in Table 1 of Appendix B.

RANKING OF CONTAMINANT RISKS

Once the potential and existing sources of contamination have been identified, they are assigned a ranking according to what type and level of risk they represent. Ranking of contaminant risks for a “potential” or “existing” source of contamination is a function of toxicity and volumes of specific contaminants associated with that source. Rankings include:

- Low;
- Medium;
- High; and
- Very High.

Tables 2 through 4 in Appendix B contain the ranking of potential and existing sources of contamination with respect to bacteria and viruses, nitrates and/or nitrites, and volatile organic chemicals.

VULNERABILITY OF HOLIDAY STATION STORE #650 - PITTMAN ROAD DRINKING WATER SYSTEM

Vulnerability of a drinking water source to contamination is a combination of two factors:

- Natural Susceptibility; and
- Contaminant Risks.

A score for the Natural Susceptibility of the well is reached by considering the properties of the well and the aquifer.

$$\begin{aligned}
 &\text{Susceptibility of the Wellhead (0-25 Points)} \\
 &\quad + \\
 &\text{Susceptibility of the Aquifer (0-25 Points)} \\
 &\quad = \\
 &\text{Natural Susceptibility of the Well (0-50 Points)}
 \end{aligned}$$

A ranking is assigned for the Natural Susceptibility according to the point score:

| Natural Susceptibility Ratings | |
|--------------------------------|-----------|
| 40-50 pts | Very High |
| 30 to < 40 pts | High |
| 20 to < 30 pts | Medium |
| < 20 pts | Low |

Factors contributing to the susceptibility of the wellhead are: whether the sanitary seal is in place, protection from flooding, and if the well casing is properly grouted.

The wellhead for the Holiday Station Store #650 - Pittman Road received a **Very High** susceptibility rating. As no sanitary survey is available for this system, it is assumed that a sanitary seal is not installed and the land surface is not sloped away from the well. However, the well log states that the well is grouted according to DEC regulations. Sanitary seals prevent potential contaminants from entering the well, while sloping of the land surface away from the wellhead provides adequate surface water drainage, and concrete or grouting around the wellhead helps to prevent potential contaminants from traveling down the outside of the well casing.

Factors contributing to the susceptibility of the aquifer are: whether the aquifer is confined or unconfined, whether the well is completed in unconsolidated or fractured bedrock, whether wells and bore holes are penetrating the aquifer and, if applicable, the confining layer.

Holiday Station Store #650 - Pittman Road draws water from a semi-confined aquifer overlain by 19 feet of clay mixed with cobbles and gravel. The aquifer received a **Very High** susceptibility rating due of its semi-confined nature and the presence of other wells penetrating the vadose zone within the protection area. Because a semi-confined aquifer is partially recharged by surface water and precipitation that migrates downward from the surface, it is susceptible to contamination from outside sources. Furthermore, the presence of other wells penetrating the vadose zone of the protection area can allow contaminants to travel into the shared aquifer with precipitation and runoff.

Table 2 summarizes the Susceptibility scores and ratings for the Holiday Station Store #650 - Pittman Road system.

Table 2. Susceptibility

| | Score | Rating |
|--------------------------------|--------------|---------------|
| Susceptibility of the Wellhead | 20 | Very High |
| Susceptibility of the Aquifer | 22 | Very High |
| Natural Susceptibility | 42 | Very High |

Contaminant risks are derived from an evaluation of the routine sampling results of the water system and the presence of potential sources of contamination. Contaminant risks to a drinking water source depend on

the type and distribution of contaminant sources. Flow charts are used to assign a point score, and ratings are assigned in the same way as for the natural susceptibility:

| Contaminant Risk Ratings | |
|---------------------------------|-----------|
| 40-50 pts | Very High |
| 30 to < 40 pts | High |
| 20 to < 30 pts | Medium |
| < 20 pts | Low |

Table 3 summarizes the Contaminant Risks for each category of drinking water contaminants for the Holiday Station Store #650 - Pittman Road system.

Table 3. Contaminant Risks

| Category | Score | Rating |
|----------------------------|--------------|---------------|
| Bacteria and Viruses | 12 | Low |
| Nitrates and/or Nitrites | 12 | Low |
| Volatile Organic Chemicals | 25 | Medium |

Finally, an overall vulnerability score is assigned for each water system by combining each of the contaminant risk scores with the natural susceptibility score:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &\text{Natural Susceptibility (0-50 Points)} \\
 &\quad + \\
 &\text{Contaminant Risks (0-50 Points)} \\
 &\quad = \\
 &\text{Vulnerability of the Drinking Water Source to} \\
 &\quad \text{Contamination (0-100 Points)}
 \end{aligned}$$

Again, rankings are assigned according to a point score:

| Overall Vulnerability Ratings | |
|--------------------------------------|-----------|
| 80-100 pts | Very High |
| 60 to < 80 pts | High |
| 40 to < 60 pts | Medium |
| < 40 pts | Low |

Table 4 contains the overall vulnerability scores (0-100) and ratings for each of the three categories of drinking water contaminants for the Holiday Station Store #650 - Pittman Road system. Note: scores are rounded off to the nearest five.

Table 4. Overall Vulnerability

| Category | Score | Rating |
|----------------------------|-------|--------|
| Bacteria and Viruses | 55 | Medium |
| Nitrates and/or Nitrites | 55 | Medium |
| Volatile Organic Chemicals | 65 | High |

Bacteria and Viruses

The contaminant risk for bacteria and viruses is **Low** with septic systems, an abandoned well, and roads contributing to the risk to the drinking water well.

Coliforms (a bacteria) are found naturally in the environment and although they aren't necessarily a health threat, they are an indicator of other potentially harmful bacteria in the water, more specifically, fecal coliforms and E. coli, which only come from human and animal fecal waste. Harmful bacteria can cause diarrhea, cramps, nausea, headaches, or other symptoms (EPA, 2008).

Only a small amount of bacteria and viruses are required to endanger public health. Positive samples increase the overall vulnerability of the drinking water source, indicating that the source is susceptible to bacteria and virus contamination. Bacteria and viruses have not been detected during recent water sampling of the system at Holiday Station Store #650 - Pittman Road (data reviewed in April, 2008).

After combining the contaminant risk for bacteria and viruses with the natural susceptibility of the well, the overall vulnerability of the well to contamination is **Medium**.

Nitrates and Nitrites

The contaminant risk for nitrates and nitrites is **Low** with septic systems, an abandoned well, a logging area, and roads contributing to the risk to the drinking water well.

The sampling history for Holiday Station Store #650 - Pittman Road indicates that nitrates have not been detected in the water within the last five years (data reviewed in April, 2008).

After combining the contaminant risk for nitrates and nitrites with the natural susceptibility of the well, the overall vulnerability of the well to contamination is **Medium**.

Volatile Organic Chemicals

The contaminant risk for volatile organic chemicals is **Medium** with the gasoline stations, septic systems, heating oil tanks, gasoline and diesel tanks, an abandoned well, roads, a rail corridor, motor vehicle repair shops, and a logging area contributing to the risk to the drinking water well.

The drinking water at Holiday Station Store #650 - Pittman Road has not been recently sampled for volatile organic chemicals (data reviewed in April, 2008).

After combining the contaminant risk for volatile organic chemicals with the natural susceptibility of the well, the overall vulnerability of the well to contamination is **High**.

Using the Source Water Assessment

This assessment of contaminant risks can be used as a foundation for local voluntary protection efforts as well as a basis for the continuous efforts on the part of Holiday Station Store #650 - Pittman Road to protect public health. It is anticipated that Source Water Assessments will be updated every five years to reflect any changes in the vulnerability and/or susceptibility of Holiday Station Store #650 - Pittman Road drinking water source.

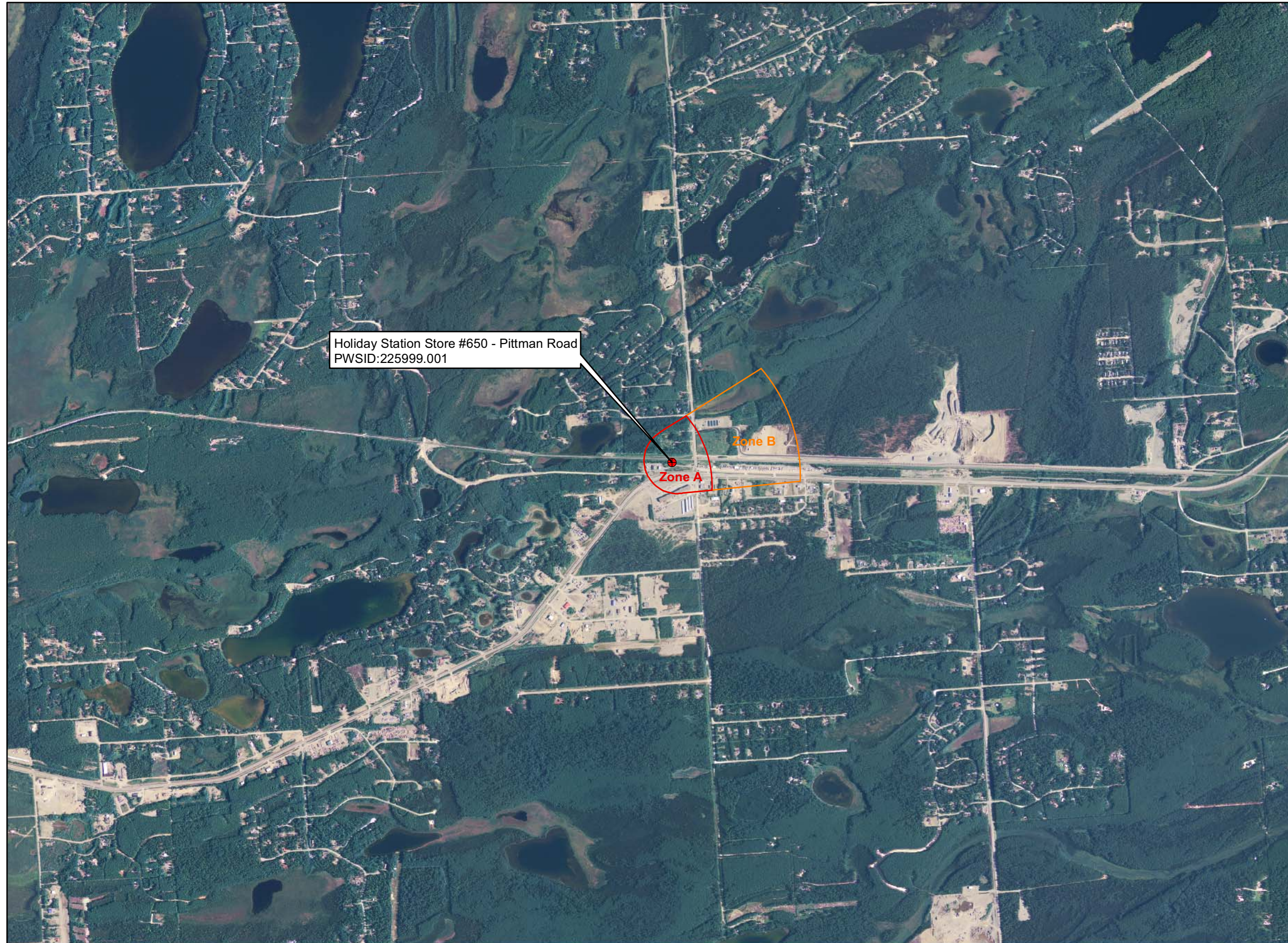
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APPENDIX A

Holiday Station Store #650 - Pittman Road Drinking Water Protection Area Location Map (Map A)

Public Water Well System for PWS #225999.001 Holiday Station Store #650 - Pittman Road



Holiday Station Store #650 - Pittman Road
PWSID:225999.001

Legend

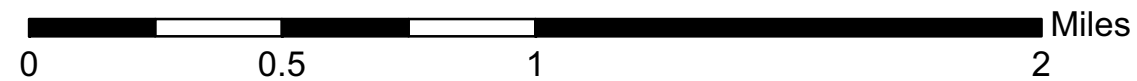
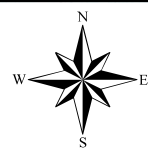
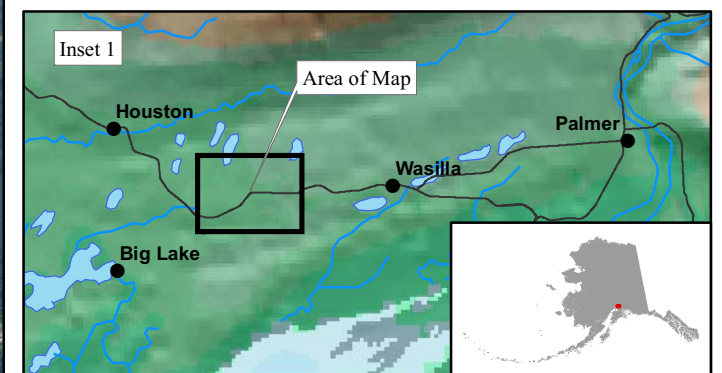
- Class B Public Water System Well
- Groundwater Protection Zones**
- Zone A Protection Area - Several Months Travel Time
- Zone B Protection Area - 2 Years Travel Time

Data Sources:
Contaminant Sources, Public Water System Wells, Alaska Department of Environmental Conservation (ADEC)

All other data:
Alaska Statewide Digital Mapping Initiative (SDMI)

Drinking Water Protection Areas based on "Alaska Drinking Water Protection Program - Guidance Manual for Class B Public Water Systems" published by ADEC

URS Corporation does not guarantee the accuracy or validity of the data provided.



Holiday Station Store #650 - Pittman Road
PWS 225999.001

Appendix A Map A

APPENDIX B

Contaminant Source Inventory and Risk Ranking for Holiday Station Store #650 - Pittman Road (Tables 1-4)

Table 1

**Contaminant Source Inventory for
Holiday Station Store #650 - Pittman Road**

PWSID 225999.001

| Contaminant Source Type | Contaminant Source ID | CS ID tag | Zone | Map Number | Comments |
|---|------------------------------|------------------|-------------|-------------------|-----------------------------|
| Gasoline stations (without repair shop) | C15 | C15-01 | A | C | |
| Gasoline stations (without repair shop) | C15 | C15-02 | A | C | |
| Gasoline stations (without repair shop) | C15 | C15-03 | A | C | |
| Septic systems (serves one single-family home) | R02 | R02 | A | C | 3 assumed septic systems |
| Tanks, heating oil, residential (above ground) | R08 | R08 | A | C | 3 assumed heating oil tanks |
| Tanks, heating oil, residential (above ground) | R08 | R08-01 | A | C | |
| Tanks, diesel (underground) | T08 | T08-01 | A | C | |
| Tanks, gasoline (underground) | T12 | T12-01 | A | C | |
| Tanks, gasoline (underground) | T12 | T12-02 | A | C | |
| Tanks, gasoline (underground) | T12 | T12-03 | A | C | |
| Tanks, gasoline (underground) | T12 | T12-04 | A | C | |
| Tanks, gasoline (underground) | T12 | T12-05 | A | C | |
| Tanks, gasoline (underground) | T12 | T12-06 | A | C | |
| Contaminated sites, DEC recognized, non-Superfund, non-RCRA | U04 | U04-01 | A | C | |
| Abandoned wells | W01 | W01-01 | A | C | |
| Monitoring wells | W06 | W06-01 | A | C | |
| Monitoring wells | W06 | W06-02 | A | C | |
| Monitoring wells | W06 | W06-03 | A | C | |
| Monitoring wells | W06 | W06-04 | A | C | |
| Monitoring wells | W06 | W06-05 | A | C | |
| Highways and roads, paved (cement or asphalt) | X20 | X20 | A | C | 2 roads |
| Rail corridors | X30 | X30 | A | C | 1 railroad corridor |
| Motor /motor vehicle repair shops | C31 | C31-01 | B | C | |
| Motor /motor vehicle repair shops | C31 | C31-02 | B | C | |

| <i>Contaminant Source Type</i> | <i>Contaminant Source ID</i> | <i>CS ID tag</i> | <i>Zone</i> | <i>Map Number</i> | <i>Comments</i> |
|--|------------------------------|------------------|-------------|-------------------|---------------------|
| Logging (active or inactive?) | E02 | E02-01 | B | C | |
| Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground) | T14 | T14-01 | B | C | |
| Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground) | T14 | T14-02 | B | C | |
| Highways and roads, paved (cement or asphalt) | X20 | X20 | B | C | 1 road |
| Rail corridors | X30 | X30 | B | C | 1 railroad corridor |

Table 2

*Contaminant Source Inventory and Risk Ranking for
Holiday Station Store #650 - Pittman Road
Sources of Bacteria and Viruses*

PWSID 225999.001

| <i>Contaminant Source Type</i> | <i>Contaminant Source ID</i> | <i>CS ID tag</i> | <i>Zone</i> | <i>Risk Ranking for Analysis</i> | <i>Map Number</i> | <i>Comments</i> |
|--|------------------------------|------------------|-------------|----------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------|
| Septic systems (serves one single-family home) | R02 | R02 | A | Low | C | 3 assumed septic systems |
| Abandoned wells | W01 | W01-01 | A | Medium | C | |
| Highways and roads, paved (cement or asphalt) | X20 | X20 | A | Low | C | 2 roads |
| Highways and roads, paved (cement or asphalt) | X20 | X20 | B | Low | C | 1 road |

Table 3

*Contaminant Source Inventory and Risk Ranking for
Holiday Station Store #650 - Pittman Road
Sources of Nitrates/Nitrites*

PWSID 225999.001

| <i>Contaminant Source Type</i> | <i>Contaminant Source ID</i> | <i>CS ID tag</i> | <i>Zone</i> | <i>Risk Ranking for Analysis</i> | <i>Map Number</i> | <i>Comments</i> |
|--|------------------------------|------------------|-------------|----------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------|
| Septic systems (serves one single-family home) | R02 | R02 | A | Low | C | 3 assumed septic systems |
| Abandoned wells | W01 | W01-01 | A | High | C | |
| Highways and roads, paved (cement or asphalt) | X20 | X20 | A | Low | C | 2 roads |
| Logging (active or inactive?) | E02 | E02-01 | B | Low | C | |
| Highways and roads, paved (cement or asphalt) | X20 | X20 | B | Low | C | 1 road |

Table 4

*Contaminant Source Inventory and Risk Ranking for
Holiday Station Store #650 - Pittman Road
Sources of Volatile Organic Chemicals*

PWSID 225999.001

| <i>Contaminant Source Type</i> | <i>Contaminant Source ID</i> | <i>CS ID tag</i> | <i>Zone</i> | <i>Risk Ranking for Analysis</i> | <i>Map Number</i> | <i>Comments</i> |
|--|------------------------------|------------------|-------------|----------------------------------|-------------------|-----------------------------|
| Gasoline stations (without repair shop) | C15 | C15-01 | A | High | C | |
| Gasoline stations (without repair shop) | C15 | C15-02 | A | High | C | |
| Gasoline stations (without repair shop) | C15 | C15-03 | A | High | C | |
| Septic systems (serves one single-family home) | R02 | R02 | A | Low | C | 3 assumed septic systems |
| Tanks, heating oil, residential (above ground) | R08 | R08 | A | Medium | C | 3 assumed heating oil tanks |
| Tanks, heating oil, residential (above ground) | R08 | R08-01 | A | Medium | C | |
| Tanks, diesel (underground) | T08 | T08-01 | A | High | C | |
| Tanks, gasoline (underground) | T12 | T12-01 | A | High | C | |
| Tanks, gasoline (underground) | T12 | T12-02 | A | High | C | |
| Tanks, gasoline (underground) | T12 | T12-03 | A | High | C | |
| Tanks, gasoline (underground) | T12 | T12-04 | A | High | C | |
| Tanks, gasoline (underground) | T12 | T12-05 | A | High | C | |
| Tanks, gasoline (underground) | T12 | T12-06 | A | High | C | |
| Abandoned wells | W01 | W01-01 | A | High | C | |
| Highways and roads, paved (cement or asphalt) | X20 | X20 | A | Low | C | 2 roads |
| Rail corridors | X30 | X30 | A | Medium | C | 1 railroad corridor |
| Motor /motor vehicle repair shops | C31 | C31-01 | B | Medium | C | |
| Motor /motor vehicle repair shops | C31 | C31-02 | B | Medium | C | |
| Logging (active or inactive?) | E02 | E02-01 | B | Low | C | |
| Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground) | T14 | T14-01 | B | Low | C | |

Table 4 (continued)

*Contaminant Source Inventory and Risk Ranking for
Holiday Station Store #650 - Pittman Road
Sources of Volatile Organic Chemicals*

PWSID 225999.001

| <i>Contaminant Source Type</i> | <i>Contaminant Source ID</i> | <i>CS ID tag</i> | <i>Zone</i> | <i>Risk Ranking for Analysis</i> | <i>Map Number</i> | <i>Comments</i> |
|--|------------------------------|------------------|-------------|----------------------------------|-------------------|---------------------|
| Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground) | T14 | T14-02 | B | Low | C | |
| Highways and roads, paved (cement or asphalt) | X20 | X20 | B | Low | C | 1 road |
| Rail corridors | X30 | X30 | B | Medium | C | 1 railroad corridor |

APPENDIX C

Holiday Station Store #650 - Pittman Road Drinking Water Protection Area and Potential and Existing Contaminant Sources (Map C)

**Public Water Well System for PWS # 225999.001 Holiday Station Store #650 - Pittman Road
Showing Potential and Existing Sources of Contamination**



Legend

- Class A Public Water System
- Class B Public Water System

Groundwater Protection Zones

- Zone A Protection Area - Several Months Travel Time
- Zone B Protection Area - 2 Years Travel Time

Potential or Existing Contaminant Sources

- Gasoline stations (without repair shop) (C15)
- Motor /motor vehicle repair shops (C31)
- Logging (active/inactive) (E02)
- Tanks, heating oil, residential (above ground) (R08)
- Tanks, diesel (underground) (T08)
- Tanks, gasoline (underground) (T12)
- Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground) (T14)
- Contaminated sites, DEC recognized, non-Superfund, non-RCRA (U04)
- Abandoned wells (W01)
- Monitoring wells (W06)

Data Sources:
Contaminant Sources, Public Water System Wells, Alaska Department of Environmental Conservation (ADEC)

All other data:
Alaska Statewide Digital Mapping Initiative (SDMI)

Drinking Water Protection Areas based on "Alaska Drinking Water Protection Program - Guidance Manual for Class B Public Water Systems" published by ADEC

URS Corporation does not guarantee the accuracy or validity of the data provided.

