Source Water Assessment

A Hydrogeologic Susceptibility and Vulnerability Assessment for LKSD Lewis Angapak Memorial School Drinking Water System, Tuntutuliak, Alaska

PWSID # 271017.001

April 2004

DRINKING WATER PROTECTION PROGRAM REPORT 1410
Alaska Department of Environmental Conservation

Source Water Assessment for
LKSD Lewis Angapak Memorial School
Drinking Water System
Tuntutuliak, Alaska

PWSID # 271017.001

DRINKING WATER PROTECTION PROGRAM REPORT 1410

The Drinking Water Protection Program (DWPP) is producing Source Water Assessments in compliance with the Safe Drinking Water Act Amendments of 1996. Each assessment includes a delineation of the source water area, an inventory of potential and existing contaminant sources that may impact the water, a risk ranking for each of these contaminants, and an evaluation of the potential vulnerability of these drinking water sources.

These assessments are intended to provide public water systems owners/operators, communities, and local governments with the best available information that may be used to protect the quality of their drinking water. The assessments combine information obtained from various sources, including the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Alaska Department of Environmental Conservation (ADEC), public water system owners/operators, and other public information sources. The results of this assessment are subject to change if additional data becomes available. It is anticipated this assessment will be updated every five years to reflect any changes in the vulnerability and/or susceptibility of public drinking water source. If you have any additional information that may affect the results of this assessment, please contact the Program Coordinator of DWPP, (907) 269-7521.

CONTENTS

TABLES

APPENDICES

Source Water Assessment for LKSD Lewis Angapak Memorial School Source of Public Drinking Water, Tuntutuliak, Alaska

Drinking Water Protection Program
Alaska Department of Environmental Conservation

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

The LKSD Lewis Angapak Memorial School has one Public Water System (PWS) well. The well (PWS No. 271017.001) has been used as a drinking water source since it was drilled in 1979.

The well is a Class A (community and non-transient non-community) water system located approximately 0.25 miles north of the Kinak River in Tuntutuliak, Alaska. Available records indicate that there is no secondary storage of drinking water, other than the pressure tank, and that the untreated drinking water source is derived directly from the wellhead. This system operates seasonally and serves approximately 300 non-residents. The wellhead received a susceptibility rating of **Very High** and the aquifer received a susceptibility rating of **High**. Combining these two ratings produce a **High** rating for the natural susceptibility of the well.

Identified potential and current sources of contaminants for the public drinking water source include: Laundromats, domestic wastewater treatment plant disposal pond/lagoons, aboveground fuel tanks, water supply wells, cemeteries, municipal or city parks, petroleum product bulk station/terminals, an airport, roads, electric power generation, a firehouse, medical/veterinary facilities, and a landfill. These identified potential and existing sources of contamination are considered as sources of bacteria and viruses, nitrates and/or nitrites, volatile organic chemicals, heavy metals, cyanide and other inorganic chemicals, synthetic organic chemicals, and other organic chemicals contaminant categories.

Overall, the water well received a vulnerability rating of **Very High** for the bacteria and viruses, nitrates and nitrites, volatile organic chemicals, heavy metals, cyanide and other inorganic chemicals, synthetic organic chemicals, and other organic chemicals contaminant categories.

PUBLIC DRINKING WATER SYSTEM

The LKSD Lewis Angapak Memorial School well is a Class A (community/non-transient/non-community) public water system. The system is located approximately 0.25 miles north of the Kinak River in Tuntutuliak, Alaska (Sec. 16, T3N, R77W, Seward Meridian; see Map A of Appendix A). Tuntutuliak is on the Kinak River, approximately 3 miles upstream from its confluence with the Kuskokwim River. The community is located about 40 miles from the Bering Sea coat, 40 miles southwest of Bethel, and 440 miles west of Anchorage. The community has a population of 381 (ADCED, 2003). Average annual precipitation in Tuntutuliak is 16 inches, including approximately 50 inches of snowfall. Temperatures range from 42 to 62°F in summer and -2 to 19°F in winter. Temperatures can be as extreme as -46 to 86°F.

The community of Tuntutuliak obtains most of their water supply from a community wells. A flush/haul system is under construction. Currently, most households use honey buckets (ADCED, 2003). Tuntutuliak receives electrical power from the Tuntutuliak Community Service Association. Power generating facilities are fueled by diesel. Refuse is collected by individuals and transported to the landfill (ADCED, 2003).

According to information supplied by ADEC for the LKSD Lewis Angapak Memorial School PWS, the depth of the primary water well is 100 feet below the ground surface. Well construction details are unknown; however, it is assumed that the well is screened in a confined aquifer based on available construction details for surrounding wells. The well is located within a floodplain.

Information acquired from a September 1997 sanitary survey for the public water system indicated that the land surface was sloped away from the well. Generally, land surfaces that slope away from the wellhead promote surface water drainage, which reduces the potential of contaminant migration down the well casing annulus. The sanitary survey indicates that the well is grouted according to ADEC

regulations. Proper grouting provides added protection against contaminants traveling along the well casing annulus and into source waters.

Tuntutuliak is located on the Kuskokwim River delta where topography is generally flat with only slight variations in local relief. The village of Tuntutuliak lies within the floodplain of the Kinak River, on the outside of a large meander. The soils under the village are likely to be river deposits. Tuntutuliak lies within the discontinuous permafrost region of Alaska. The exact conditions in the village are unknown; however, there are lakes that appear to have been formed by thaw settlement, which would tend to indicate that there are zones of frozen, ice-rich soils in the vicinity (R&M Consultants, Inc., 1979).

DRINKING WATER PROTECTION AREA

In order to evaluate whether a drinking water source is at risk, we must first evaluate what are the most likely pathways for surface contamination to reach the groundwater. These areas are determined by looking at the characteristics of the soil, groundwater, aquifer, and well.

The most probable area for contamination to reach the drinking water well is the area that contributes water to the well, the groundwater recharge area. This area is designated as the drinking water protection area (DWPA). Because releases of contaminants within the protection area are most likely to impact the drinking water well, this area will serve as the focus for voluntary protection efforts. An analytical calculation was used to determine the size and shape of the DWPA for the LKSD Lewis Angapak Memorial School PWS. The input parameters describing the attributes of the aquifer in this calculation were adopted from Groundwater (Freeze and Cherry, 1979). Available geology and groundwater contours were also considered to take into account any uncertainties in groundwater flow and aquifer characteristics to arrive at a meaningful protection area.

The protection areas established for wells by the ADEC are usually separated into four zones, limited by the watershed. These zones correspond to differences in the time-of-travel (TOT) of the water moving through the aquifer to the well (Please refer to the Guidance Manual for Class A Public Water Systems for additional information).

The time of travel for contaminants within the water varies and is dependent on the physical and chemical characteristics of each contaminant. The following is a summary of the four protection area zones for wells and the calculated time-of-travel for each:

Table 1. Definition of Zones

Zone	Definition
A	¼ the distance for the 2-yr. time-of-travel
B	Less than the 2 year time-of-travel
C	Less Than the 5 year time-of-travel
D	Less than the 10 year time-of-travel

The DWPA for the LKSD Lewis Angapak Memorial School PWS was determined using an analytical calculation and includes Zones A, B, C, and D (See Map A of Appendix A).

INVENTORY OF POTENTIAL AND EXISTING CONTAMINANT SOURCES

The Drinking Water Protection Program has completed an inventory of potential and existing sources of contamination within the LKSD Lewis Angapak Memorial School DWPA. This inventory was completed through a search of agency records and other publicly available information. Potential sources of contamination to the drinking water aquifer include a wide range of categories and types. Potential drinking water contaminants are found within agricultural, residential, commercial, and industrial areas, but can also occur within areas that have little or no development.

For the basis of all Class A public water system assessments, six categories of drinking water contaminants were inventoried. They include:

- Bacteria and viruses,
- Nitrates and/or nitrites,
- Volatile organic chemicals,
- Heavy metals, cyanide and other inorganic chemicals,
- Synthetic organic chemicals,
- Other organic chemicals.

The sources are displayed on Map C of Appendix C and summarized in Table 1 of Appendix B.

RANKING OF CONTAMINANT RISKS

Once the potential and existing sources of contamination have been identified, they are assigned a ranking according to what type and level of risk they represent. Ranking of contaminant risks for a "potential" or "existing" source of contamination is a function of toxicity and volumes of specific

contaminants associated with that source. Rankings include:

- Low,
- Medium,
- High, and
- Very High.

The time-of-travel for contaminants within the water varies and is dependent on the physical and chemical characteristics of each contaminant. Bacteria and Viruses are only inventoried in Zones A and B because of their short life span. Only "Very High" and "High" rankings are inventoried within the outer Zone D due to the probability of contaminant dilution by the time the contaminants get to the well. Tables 2 through 4 in Appendix B contain the ranking of potential and existing sources of contamination with respect to bacteria and viruses, nitrates and/or nitrites, volatile organic chemicals, heavy metals, cyanide and other inorganic chemicals, synthetic organic chemicals, and other organic chemicals.

VULNERABILITY OF THE DRINKING WATER SYSTEM

Vulnerability of a drinking water source to contamination is a combination of two factors:

- Natural susceptibility, and
- Contaminant risks.

Appendix D contains fourteen charts, which together form the 'Vulnerability Analysis' for a source water assessment for a public drinking water source. Chart 1 analyzes the 'Susceptibility of the Wellhead' to contamination by looking at the construction of the well and its surrounding area. Chart 2 analyzes the 'Susceptibility of the Aquifer' to contamination by looking at the naturally occurring attributes of the water source and influences on the groundwater system that might lead to contamination. Chart 3 analyzes 'Contaminant Risks' for the drinking water source with respect to bacteria and viruses. The 'Contaminant Risks' portion of the analysis considers potential sources of contaminants as well as a review of contamination that has or may have occurred, but has not arrived or been detected at the well. Chart 4 contains the 'Vulnerability Analysis for Bacteria and Viruses'. Charts 5 through 14 contain the Contaminant Risks and Vulnerability Analyses for nitrates and nitrites, volatile organic chemicals, heavy metals, cyanide and other inorganic chemicals, synthetic organic chemicals, and other organic chemicals, respectively.

A score for the Natural Susceptibility is reached by considering the properties of the well and the aquifer.

Susceptibility of the Wellhead (0 – 25 Points)
(Chart 1 of Appendix D)

+

Susceptibility of the Aquifer (0 – 25 Points)
(Chart 2 of Appendix D)

=

Natural Susceptibility (Susceptibility of the Well)
(0 – 50 Points)

A ranking is assigned for the Natural Susceptibility according to the point score:

Natural Susceptibility Ratings	
40 to 50 pts	Very High
30 to < 40 pts	High
20 to < 30 pts	Medium
< 20 pts	Low

The LKSD Lewis Angapak Memorial School's water well is in a confined aquifer. Confined aquifers are less susceptible to potential groundwater quality impacts posed by the migration of surface water contaminants downward from the surface. Table 2 shows the susceptibility scores and ratings for this PWS.

Table 2. Susceptibility

	Score	**Rating**
Susceptibility of the Wellhead	20	Very High
Susceptibility of the Aquifer	15	High
Natural Susceptibility	35	High

Contaminant risks to a drinking water source depend on the type, number or density, and distribution of contaminant sources. This score has been derived from an examination of existing and historical contamination that has been detected at the drinking water source through routine sampling. It also evaluates potential sources of contamination. Flow charts are used to assign a point score, and ratings are assigned in the same way as for the natural susceptibility:

Contaminant Risk Ratings	
40 to 50 pts	Very High
30 to < 40 pts	High
20 to < 30 pts	Medium
< 20 pts	Low

Table 3 summarizes the Contaminant Risks for each category of drinking water contaminants.

Table 3. Contaminant Risks

Category	Score	Rating
Bacteria and Viruses	50	Very High
Nitrates and/or Nitrites	50	Very High
Volatile Organic Chemicals	50	Very High
Heavy Metals, Cyanide and Other Inorganic Chemicals	50	Very High
Synthetic Organic Chemicals	50	Very High
Other Organic Chemicals	50	Very High

Finally, an overall vulnerability score is assigned for each water system by combining each of the contaminant risk scores with the natural susceptibility score:

Natural Susceptibility (0 – 50 points)

+

Contaminant Risks (0 – 50 points)

=

Vulnerability of the
Drinking Water Source to Contamination (0 – 100).

Again, rankings are assigned according to a point score:

Overall Vulnerability Ratings	
80 to 100 pts	Very High
60 to < 80 pts	High
40 to < 60 pts	Medium
< 40 pts	Low

Table 4 contains the overall vulnerability scores (0 – 100) and ratings for each of the six categories of drinking water contaminants. Note: scores are rounded off to the nearest five.

Table 4. Overall Vulnerability

Category	Score	Rating
Bacteria and Viruses	85	Very High
Nitrates and Nitrites	85	Very High
Volatile Organic Chemicals	85	Very High
Heavy Metals, Cyanide and Other Inorganic Chemicals	85	Very High
Synthetic Organic Chemicals	85	Very High
Other Organic Chemicals	85	Very High

Bacteria and Viruses

The contaminant risk for bacteria and viruses is **Very High**. The risk is primarily attributed to the presence of domestic wastewater treatment plant disposal pond/lagoons and landfills in Zones A and D (see Table 2 – Appendix B).

Coliforms (a bacteria) are found naturally in the environment and although they aren't necessarily a health threat, they are an indicator of other potentially harmful bacteria in the water, more specifically, fecal coliforms and E. coli, which only come from human and animal fecal waste. Harmful bacteria can cause diarrhea, cramps, nausea, headaches, or other symptoms (EPA, 2003).

After combining the contaminant risk for bacteria and viruses with the natural susceptibility of the well, the overall vulnerability of the well to contamination is **Very High**.

Nitrates and Nitrites

The contaminant risk for nitrates and nitrites is **Very High**. The risk to this source of public drinking water is primarily attributed to the presence of domestic wastewater treatment plant disposal pond/lagoons and landfills in Zones A and D (see Table 3 – Appendix B).

Nitrates are very mobile, moving at approximately the same rate as water. The sampling history for this well indicates that nitrates have not been detected in recent sampling events. Nitrate concentrations in uncontaminated groundwater are typically less than 2 mg/L; therefore, nitrate concentrations above 2 mg/L may be indicative of man-made sources (See Chart 5 - Contaminant Risks for Nitrates and/or Nitrites in Appendix D).

After combining the contaminant risk for nitrates and nitrites with the natural susceptibility of the well, the overall vulnerability of the well to nitrate and nitrite contamination is **Very High**.

Volatile Organic Chemicals

The contaminant risk for volatile organic chemicals is **Very High**. The risk is primarily attributed to the presence of petroleum product bulk station/terminals, an airport, and landfills located in Zones A and D. Numerous other potential contaminant sources are also found within the protection area (see Table 4 – Appendix B).

All recent sampling data for VOCs were below the detection levels for the LKSD Lewis Angapak Memorial School (See Chart 7 – Contaminant Risks for Volatile Organic Chemicals in Appendix D).

After combining the contaminant risk for volatile organic chemicals with the natural susceptibility of the well, the overall vulnerability of the well to contamination is **Very High**.

Heavy Metals, Cyanide and Other Inorganic Chemicals

The contaminant risk for heavy metals, cyanide and other inorganic chemicals is **Very High**. The risk is primarily attributed to the presence of landfills located in Zones A and D. Numerous other potential contaminant sources are also found within the protection area (see Table 5 – Appendix B).

Based on review of recent sampling records for this public water system, a high level of arsenic has been detected, and has exceeded the respective MCL of 0.05 mg/L (see Chart 9 – Contaminant Risks for Heavy Metals, Cyanide, and Other Inorganic Chemicals in Appendix D).

After combining the contaminant risk for heavy metals, cyanide and other inorganic chemicals with the natural susceptibility of the well, the overall vulnerability of the well to contamination is **Very High**.

Synthetic Organic Chemicals

The contaminant risk for synthetic organic chemicals is **Very High**. The risk is primarily attributed to the presence of landfills located in Zones A and D. Numerous other potential contaminant sources are also found within the protection area (see Table 6 – Appendix B).

All recent sampling data for SOCs were below the detection levels for the LKSD Lewis Angapak Memorial School (See Chart 11 – Contaminant Risks for Synthetic Organic Chemicals in Appendix D).

After combining the contaminant risk for synthetic organic chemicals with the natural susceptibility of the well, the overall vulnerability of the well to contamination is **Very High**.

Other Organic Chemicals

The contaminant risk for other organic chemicals is **Very High**. The risk is primarily attributed to the presence of petroleum product bulk station/terminals, electric power generation, and landfills located in Zones A, C, and D. Numerous other potential contaminant sources are also found within the protection area (see Table 7 – Appendix B).

No sampling data was available in ADEC records for the LKSD Lewis Angapak Memorial School (See Chart 13 – Contaminant Risks for Other Organic Chemicals in Appendix D).

After combining the contaminant risk for other organic chemicals with the natural susceptibility of the well, the overall vulnerability of the well to contamination is **Very High**.

Using the Source Water Assessment

This assessment of contaminant risks can be used as a foundation for local voluntary protection efforts as well as a basis for the continuous efforts on the part of the LKSD Lewis Angapak Memorial School and the community of Tuntutuliak to protect public health. It is anticipated that Source Water Assessments will be updated every five years to reflect any changes in the vulnerability and/or susceptibility of the drinking water source.

REFERENCES

Alaska Department of Community and Economic Development (ADCED), 2003 [WWW document]. URL: http://www.dced.state.ak.us/cbd/commdb/CF_COMDB.htm

Alaska Department of Environmental Conservation, Contaminated Sites Database, 2003 [WWW database], URL http://www.state.ak.us/dec/dspar/csites/cs_search.htm

Alaska Department of Environmental Conservation, Leaking Underground Storage Tank Database, 2003 [WWW database], URL http://www.dec.state.ak.us/spar/stp/ust/search/fac_search.asp

Freeze, R. A., and Cherry, J.A. 1979, Groundwater, Prentice-Hall, Englewood Cliffs, New Jersey

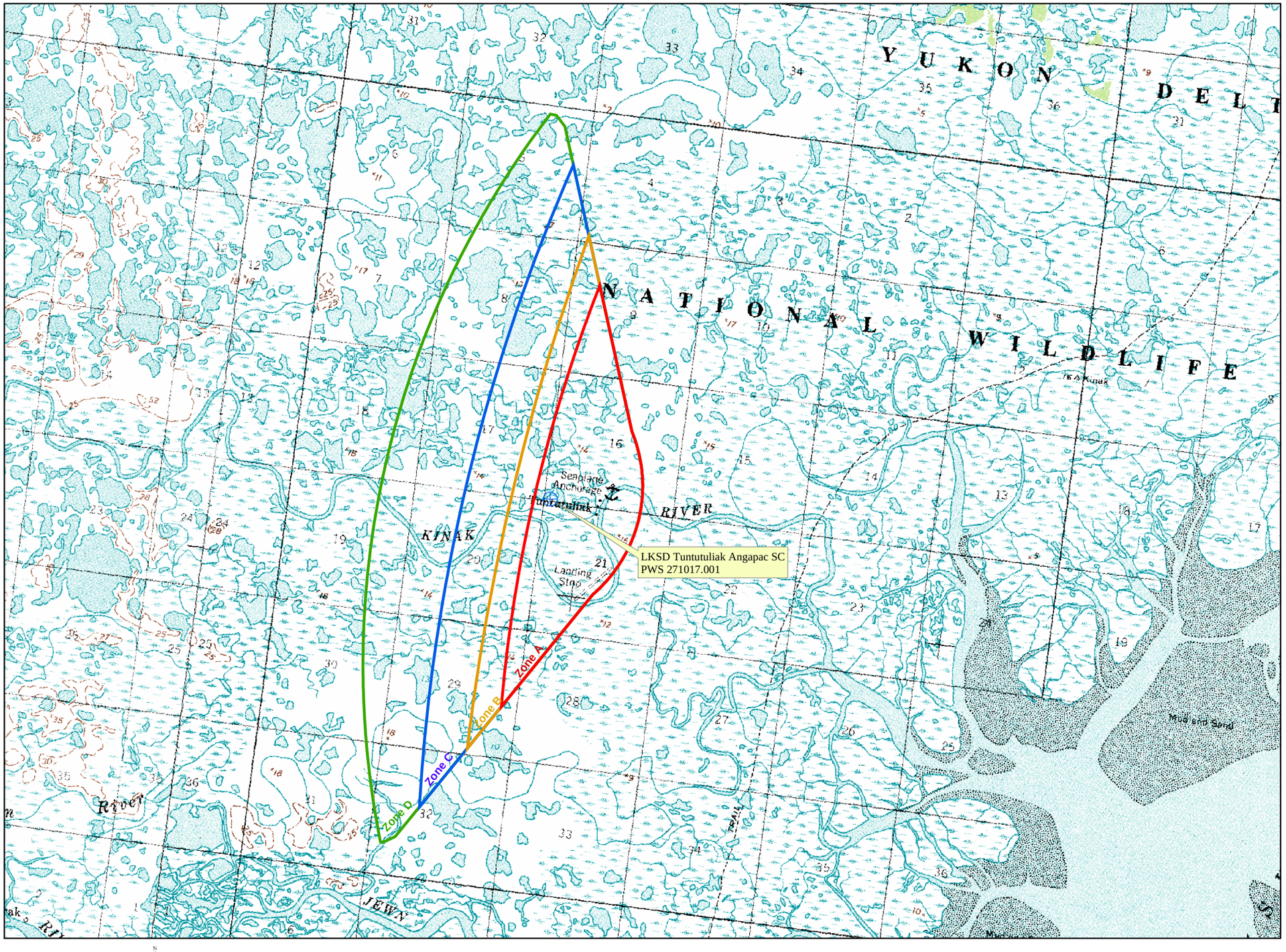
R&M Consultants, Inc. 1979, Lower Kuskokwim School District School Site Investigation for Tuntutuliak, Alaska.

United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA), 2002 [WWW document]. URL http://www.epa.gov/safewater/mcl.html .

APPENDIX A

Drinking Water Protection Area Location Map
(Map A)

Public Water Well System for PWS #271017.001 LKSD Tuntutuliak Angapac SC



LEGEND

- Public Water System Well

Hydrography/Physical

- Parcels
- Stream
- Lake or Pond
- Contours

Transportation

- Primary Route (Class 1)
- Secondary Route (Class 2)
- Road (Class 3)
- Road (Class 4)
- Road (Class 5, Four-wheel drive)

Groundwater Protection Zones

- Zone A Protection Area– Several Months Travel Time
- Zone B Protection Area– 2 Years Travel Time
- Zone C Protection Area– 5 Years Travel Time
- Zone D Protection Area– 10 Years Travel Time

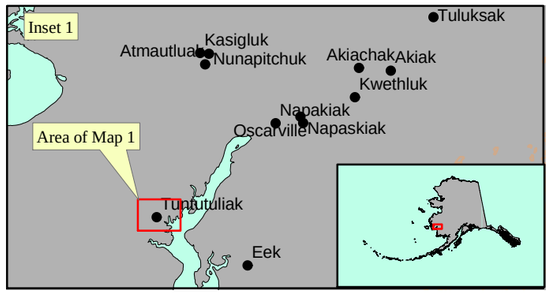
Data Sources:
Contaminant Sources, Public Water System Wells, Contours
Alaska Department of Environmental Conservation (ADEC)

Critical Facilities, Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA)

All other data:
United States Geological Survey (USGS)

Drinking Water Protection Areas based on "Alaska Drinking Water Protection Program - Guidance Manual for Class A Public Water Systems" published by ADEC

URS Corporation does not guarantee the accuracy or validity of the data provided.



0 0.5 1 2 3 4 Miles

LKSD Tuntutuliak Angapac SC
PWS 271017.001

Appendix A Map A

APPENDIX B

Contaminant Source Inventory and Risk Ranking (Tables 1-7)

Table 1

Contaminant Source Inventory for
LKSD Tuntutuliak Angapac SC

PWSID 271017.001

Contaminant Source Type	*Contaminant Source ID*	*CS ID tag*	*Zone*	*Map Number*	*Comments*
Laundromats without dry cleaning	C22	C22-01	A	C	
Domestic wastewater treatment plant disposal ponds/lagoons	D02	D02-01	A	C	
Domestic wastewater treatment plant disposal ponds/lagoons	D02	D02-02	A	C	
Landfills (municipal; Class III)	D51	D51-01	A	C	Old landfill
Landfills (municipal; Class III)	D51	D51-02	A	C	
Tanks, heating oil, residential (above ground)	R08	R08-01	A	C	Assume 50 or less residential heating oil tanks in Zone A
Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground)	T14	T14-01	A	C	Village Generator Plant 2
Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground)	T14	T14-02	A	C	Hospital
Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground)	T14	T14-03	A	C	Millers Store
Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground)	T14	T14-04	A	C	Paul Andrew Store
Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground)	T14	T14-05	A	C	Store
Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground)	T14	T14-06	A	C	Village Corp. Store
Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground)	T14	T14-07	A	C	Old Elementary School
Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground)	T14	T14-08	A	C	Teachers Quarters
Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground)	T14	T14-09	A	C	UUT/Alascom
Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground)	T14	T14-10	A	C	Moravian Church
Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground)	T14	T14-11	A	C	Community Hall
Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground)	T14	T14-12	A	C	Airport Storage
Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground)	T14	T14-13	A	C	Water & Sewer Office
Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground)	T14	T14-14	A	C	National Guard Armory
Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground)	T14	T14-15	A	C	Community Hall/Traditional Council Offices
Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground)	T14	T14-16	A	C	TCSA Office
Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground)	T14	T14-17	A	C	Police Station
Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground)	T14	T14-18	A	C	Community Hall/Traditional Council Office

Contaminant Source Type	*Contaminant Source ID*	*CS ID tag*	*Zone*	*Map Number*	*Comments*
Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground)	T14	T14-19	A	C	LAM School
Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground)	T14	T14-20	A	C	Preschool
Water supply wells	W09	W09-01	A	C	1 water supply well in Zone A
Cemeteries	X01	X01-01	A	C	
Municipal or city parks (with green areas)	X04	X04-01	A	C	Play Deck
Petroleum product bulk station/terminals	X11	X11-01	A	C	
Petroleum product bulk station/terminals	X11	X11-02	A	C	Fuel Storage 2
Petroleum product bulk station/terminals	X11	X11-03	A	C	Washeteria
Airports	X14	X14-01	A	C	
Highways and roads, dirt/gravel	X24	X24-01	A	C	Assume 1-20 roads in Zone A
Electric power generation (fossil fuels)	X36	X36-01	A	C	Village Generator Plant 2
Firehouses	X38	X38-01	A	C	
Medical/veterinary facilities (doctor or dentist offices, hospitals, nursing homes)	X40	X40-01	A	C	
Tanks, heating oil, residential (above ground)	R08	R08-02	B	C	Assume 17 or less residential heating oil tanks in Zone B
Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground)	T14	T14-21	B	C	Russian Orthodox Church
Cemeteries	X01	X01-02	B	C	
Highways and roads, dirt/gravel	X24	X24-02	B	C	Assume 1-20 roads in Zone B
Tanks, heating oil, residential (above ground)	R08	R08-03	C	C	Assume 17 or less residential heating oil tanks in Zone C
Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground)	T14	T14-22	C	C	Village Generator Plant 1
Highways and roads, dirt/gravel	X24	X24-03	C	C	Assume 1-20 roads in Zone C
Electric power generation (fossil fuels)	X36	X36-02	C	C	Village Generator Plant 1
Landfills (municipal; Class III)	D51	D51-02	D	C	

Table 2

Contaminant Source Inventory and Risk Ranking for LKSD Tuntutuliak Angapac SC Sources of Bacteria and Viruses

PWSID 271017.001

Contaminant Source Type	*Contaminant Source ID*	*CS ID tag*	*Zone*	*Risk Ranking for Analysis*	*Map Number*	*Comments*
Laundromats without dry cleaning	C22	C22-01	A	Low	C	
Domestic wastewater treatment plant disposal ponds/lagoons	D02	D02-01	A	High	C	
Domestic wastewater treatment plant disposal ponds/lagoons	D02	D02-02	A	High	C	
Landfills (municipal; Class III)	D51	D51-01	A	High	C	Old landfill
Landfills (municipal; Class III)	D51	D51-02	A	High	C	
Municipal or city parks (with green areas)	X04	X04-01	A	Medium	C	Play Deck
Highways and roads, dirt/gravel	X24	X24-01	A	Low	C	Assume 1-20 roads in Zone A
Medical/veterinary facilities (doctor or dentist offices, hospitals, nursing homes)	X40	X40-01	A	Medium	C	
Highways and roads, dirt/gravel	X24	X24-02	B	Low	C	Assume 1-20 roads in Zone B
Highways and roads, dirt/gravel	X24	X24-03	C	Low	C	Assume 1-20 roads in Zone C
Landfills (municipal; Class III)	D51	D51-02	D	High	C	

Table 3

Contaminant Source Inventory and Risk Ranking for LKSD Tuntutuliak Angapac SC Sources of Nitrates/Nitrites

PWSID 271017.001

Contaminant Source Type	*Contaminant Source ID*	*CS ID tag*	*Zone*	*Risk Ranking for Analysis*	*Map Number*	*Comments*
Laundromats without dry cleaning	C22	C22-01	A	Low	C	
Domestic wastewater treatment plant disposal ponds/lagoons	D02	D02-01	A	High	C	
Domestic wastewater treatment plant disposal ponds/lagoons	D02	D02-02	A	High	C	
Landfills (municipal; Class III)	D51	D51-01	A	Very High	C	Old landfill
Landfills (municipal; Class III)	D51	D51-02	A	Very High	C	
Cemeteries	X01	X01-01	A	Medium	C	
Municipal or city parks (with green areas)	X04	X04-01	A	Medium	C	Play Deck
Airports	X14	X14-01	A	Low	C	
Highways and roads, dirt/gravel	X24	X24-01	A	Low	C	Assume 1-20 roads in Zone A
Medical/veterinary facilities (doctor or dentist offices, hospitals, nursing homes)	X40	X40-01	A	Low	C	
Cemeteries	X01	X01-02	B	Medium	C	
Highways and roads, dirt/gravel	X24	X24-02	B	Low	C	Assume 1-20 roads in Zone B
Highways and roads, dirt/gravel	X24	X24-03	C	Low	C	Assume 1-20 roads in Zone C
Landfills (municipal; Class III)	D51	D51-02	D	Very High	C	

Table 4

Contaminant Source Inventory and Risk Ranking for LKSD Tuntutuliak Angapac SC Sources of Volatile Organic Chemicals

PWSID 271017.001

Contaminant Source Type	*Contaminant Source ID*	*CS ID tag*	*Zone*	*Risk Ranking for Analysis*	*Map Number*	*Comments*
Laundromats without dry cleaning	C22	C22-01	A	Low	C	
Domestic wastewater treatment plant disposal ponds/lagoons	D02	D02-01	A	Low	C	
Domestic wastewater treatment plant disposal ponds/lagoons	D02	D02-02	A	Low	C	
Landfills (municipal; Class III)	D51	D51-01	A	High	C	Old landfill
Landfills (municipal; Class III)	D51	D51-02	A	High	C	
Tanks, heating oil, residential (above ground)	R08	R08-01	A	Medium	C	Assume 50 or less residential heating oil tanks in Zone A
Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground)	T14	T14-01	A	Low	C	Village Generator Plant 2
Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground)	T14	T14-02	A	Low	C	Hospital
Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground)	T14	T14-03	A	Low	C	Millers Store
Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground)	T14	T14-04	A	Low	C	Paul Andrew Store
Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground)	T14	T14-05	A	Low	C	Store
Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground)	T14	T14-06	A	Low	C	Village Corp. Store
Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground)	T14	T14-07	A	Low	C	Old Elementary School
Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground)	T14	T14-08	A	Low	C	Teachers Quarters
Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground)	T14	T14-09	A	Low	C	UUT/Alascom
Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground)	T14	T14-10	A	Low	C	Moravian Church
Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground)	T14	T14-11	A	Low	C	Community Hall
Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground)	T14	T14-12	A	Low	C	Airport Storage
Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground)	T14	T14-13	A	Low	C	Water & Sewer Office
Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground)	T14	T14-14	A	Low	C	National Guard Armory
Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground)	T14	T14-15	A	Low	C	Community Hall/Traditional Council Offices
Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground)	T14	T14-16	A	Low	C	TCSA Office
Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground)	T14	T14-17	A	Low	C	Police Station

Table 4 (continued)

Contaminant Source Inventory and Risk Ranking for LKSD Tuntutuliak Angapac SC

Sources of Volatile Organic Chemicals

Contaminant Source Type	*Contaminant Source ID*	*CS ID tag*	*Zone*	*Risk Ranking for Analysis*	*Map Number*	*Comments*
Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground)	T14	T14-18	A	Low	C	Community Hall/Traditional Council Office
Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground)	T14	T14-19	A	Low	C	LAM School
Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground)	T14	T14-20	A	Low	C	Preschool
Petroleum product bulk station/terminals	X11	X11-01	A	Very High	C	
Petroleum product bulk station/terminals	X11	X11-02	A	Very High	C	Fuel Storage 2
Petroleum product bulk station/terminals	X11	X11-03	A	Very High	C	Washeteria
Airports	X14	X14-01	A	High	C	
Highways and roads, dirt/gravel	X24	X24-01	A	Low	C	Assume 1-20 roads in Zone A
Electric power generation (fossil fuels)	X36	X36-01	A	Medium	C	Village Generator Plant 2
Firehouses	X38	X38-01	A	Low	C	
Medical/veterinary facilities (doctor or dentist offices, hospitals, nursing homes)	X40	X40-01	A	Low	C	
Tanks, heating oil, residential (above ground)	R08	R08-02	B	Medium	C	Assume 17 or less residential heating oil tanks in Zone B
Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground)	T14	T14-21	B	Low	C	Russian Orthodox Church
Highways and roads, dirt/gravel	X24	X24-02	B	Low	C	Assume 1-20 roads in Zone B
Tanks, heating oil, residential (above ground)	R08	R08-03	C	Medium	C	Assume 17 or less residential heating oil tanks in Zone C
Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground)	T14	T14-22	C	Low	C	Village Generator Plant 1
Highways and roads, dirt/gravel	X24	X24-03	C	Low	C	Assume 1-20 roads in Zone C
Electric power generation (fossil fuels)	X36	X36-02	C	Medium	C	Village Generator Plant 1
Landfills (municipal; Class III)	D51	D51-02	D	High	C	

Contaminant Source Type	*Contaminant Source ID*	*CS ID tag*	*Zone*	*Risk Ranking for Analysis*	*Map Number*	*Comments*
Domestic wastewater treatment plant disposal ponds/lagoons	D02	D02-01	A	Low	C	
Domestic wastewater treatment plant disposal ponds/lagoons	D02	D02-02	A	Low	C	
Landfills (municipal; Class III)	D51	D51-01	A	High	C	Old landfill
Landfills (municipal; Class III)	D51	D51-02	A	High	C	
Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground)	T14	T14-01	A	Low	C	Village Generator Plant 2
Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground)	T14	T14-02	A	Low	C	Hospital
Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground)	T14	T14-03	A	Low	C	Millers Store
Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground)	T14	T14-04	A	Low	C	Paul Andrew Store
Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground)	T14	T14-05	A	Low	C	Store
Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground)	T14	T14-06	A	Low	C	Village Corp. Store
Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground)	T14	T14-07	A	Low	C	Old Elementary School
Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground)	T14	T14-08	A	Low	C	Teachers Quarters
Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground)	T14	T14-09	A	Low	C	UUT/Alascom
Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground)	T14	T14-10	A	Low	C	Moravian Church
Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground)	T14	T14-11	A	Low	C	Community Hall
Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground)	T14	T14-12	A	Low	C	Airport Storage
Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground)	T14	T14-13	A	Low	C	Water & Sewer Office
Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground)	T14	T14-14	A	Low	C	National Guard Armory
Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground)	T14	T14-15	A	Low	C	Community Hall/Traditional Council Offices
Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground)	T14	T14-16	A	Low	C	TCSA Office
Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground)	T14	T14-17	A	Low	C	Police Station
Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground)	T14	T14-18	A	Low	C	Community Hall/Traditional Council Office
Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground)	T14	T14-19	A	Low	C	LAM School

Contaminant Source Type	*Contaminant Source ID*	*CS ID tag*	*Zone*	*Risk Ranking for Analysis*	*Map Number*	*Comments*
Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground)	T14	T14-20	A	Low	C	Preschool
Cemeteries	X01	X01-01	A	Low	C	
Municipal or city parks (with green areas)	X04	X04-01	A	Low	C	Play Deck
Petroleum product bulk station/terminals	X11	X11-01	A	Low	C	
Petroleum product bulk station/terminals	X11	X11-02	A	Low	C	Fuel Storage 2
Petroleum product bulk station/terminals	X11	X11-03	A	Low	C	Washeteria
Airports	X14	X14-01	A	Low	C	
Highways and roads, dirt/gravel	X24	X24-01	A	Low	C	Assume 1-20 roads in Zone A
Electric power generation (fossil fuels)	X36	X36-01	A	Medium	C	Village Generator Plant 2
Firehouses	X38	X38-01	A	Low	C	
Medical/veterinary facilities (doctor or dentist offices, hospitals, nursing homes)	X40	X40-01	A	Low	C	
Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground)	T14	T14-21	B	Low	C	Russian Orthodox Church
Cemeteries	X01	X01-02	B	Low	C	
Highways and roads, dirt/gravel	X24	X24-02	B	Low	C	Assume 1-20 roads in Zone B
Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground)	T14	T14-22	C	Low	C	Village Generator Plant 1
Highways and roads, dirt/gravel	X24	X24-03	C	Low	C	Assume 1-20 roads in Zone C
Electric power generation (fossil fuels)	X36	X36-02	C	Medium	C	Village Generator Plant 1
Landfills (municipal; Class III)	D51	D51-02	D	High	C	

Table 6

Contaminant Source Inventory and Risk Ranking for LKSD Tuntutuliak Angapac SC Sources of Synthetic Organic Chemicals

PWSID 271017.001

Contaminant Source Type	*Contaminant Source ID*	*CS ID tag*	*Zone*	*Risk Ranking for Analysis*	*Map Number*	*Comments*
Domestic wastewater treatment plant disposal ponds/lagoons	D02	D02-01	A	Low	C	
Domestic wastewater treatment plant disposal ponds/lagoons	D02	D02-02	A	Low	C	
Landfills (municipal; Class III)	D51	D51-01	A	Very High	C	Old landfill
Landfills (municipal; Class III)	D51	D51-02	A	Very High	C	
Cemeteries	X01	X01-01	A	Medium	C	
Municipal or city parks (with green areas)	X04	X04-01	A	Low	C	Play Deck
Petroleum product bulk station/terminals	X11	X11-01	A	Low	C	
Petroleum product bulk station/terminals	X11	X11-02	A	Low	C	Fuel Storage 2
Petroleum product bulk station/terminals	X11	X11-03	A	Low	C	Washeteria
Airports	X14	X14-01	A	Medium	C	
Medical/veterinary facilities (doctor or dentist offices, hospitals, nursing homes)	X40	X40-01	A	Low	C	
Cemeteries	X01	X01-02	B	Medium	C	
Landfills (municipal; Class III)	D51	D51-02	D	Very High	C	

Table 7

Contaminant Source Inventory and Risk Ranking for LKSD Tuntutuliak Angapac SC
Sources of Other Organic Chemicals

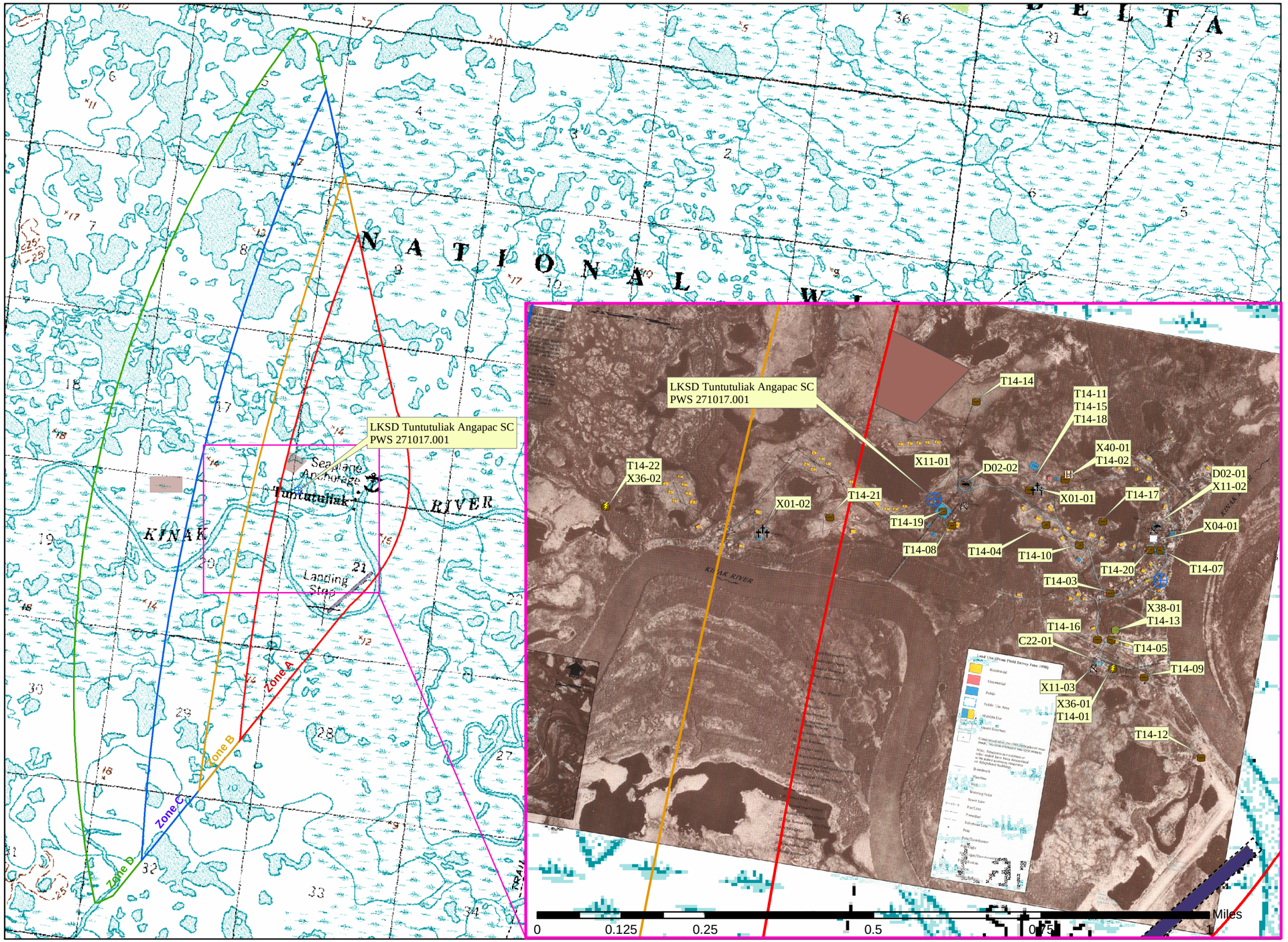
PWSID 271017.001

Contaminant Source Type	*Contaminant Source ID*	*CS ID tag*	*Zone*	*Risk Ranking for Analysis*	*Map Number*	*Comments*
Domestic wastewater treatment plant disposal ponds/lagoons	D02	D02-01	A	Low	C	
Domestic wastewater treatment plant disposal ponds/lagoons	D02	D02-02	A	Low	C	
Landfills (municipal; Class III)	D51	D51-01	A	Very High	C	Old landfill
Landfills (municipal; Class III)	D51	D51-02	A	Very High	C	
Petroleum product bulk station/terminals	X11	X11-01	A	High	C	
Petroleum product bulk station/terminals	X11	X11-02	A	High	C	Fuel Storage 2
Petroleum product bulk station/terminals	X11	X11-03	A	High	C	Washeteria
Airports	X14	X14-01	A	Medium	C	
Highways and roads, dirt/gravel	X24	X24-01	A	Low	C	Assume 1-20 roads in Zone A
Electric power generation (fossil fuels)	X36	X36-01	A	High	C	Village Generator Plant 2
Highways and roads, dirt/gravel	X24	X24-02	B	Low	C	Assume 1-20 roads in Zone B
Highways and roads, dirt/gravel	X24	X24-03	C	Low	C	Assume 1-20 roads in Zone C
Electric power generation (fossil fuels)	X36	X36-02	C	High	C	Village Generator Plant 1
Landfills (municipal; Class III)	D51	D51-02	D	Very High	C	

APPENDIX C

Drinking Water Protection Area
and Potential and Existing Contaminant Sources
(Map C)

Public Water Well System for PWS #271017.001 LKSD Tuntutuliak Angapac SC
Showing Potential and Existng Sources of Contamination



LEGEND

Public Water System Well

Hydrography/Physical

- Parcels
- Stream
- Lake or Pond
- Contours

Transportation

- Primary Route (Class 1)
- Secondary Route (Class 2)
- Road (Class 3)
- Road (Class 4)
- Road (Class 5, Four-wheel drive)

Groundwater Protection Zones

- Zone A Protection Area– Several Months Travel Time
- Zone B Protection Area– 2 Years Travel Time
- Zone C Protection Area– 5 Years Travel Time
- Zone D Protection Area– 10 Years Travel Time

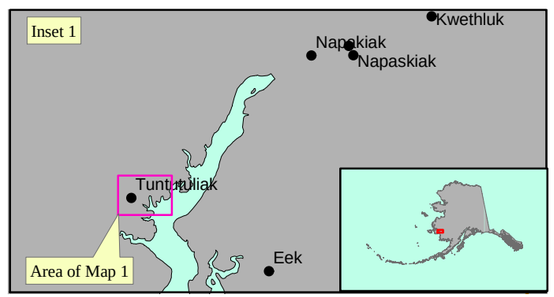
Existing or Potential Contaminant Sources

- Washeteria (C22)
- Domestic wastewater treatment plant disposal pond (D02)
- Nonresidential aboveground heating oil tank (T14)
- Cemetery (X01)
- Municipal or city park (X04)
- Petroleum product bulk station/terminal (X11)
- Electric power generation (fossil fuels) (X36)
- Firehouse (X38)
- Landfills (municipal; Class III) (D51)
- Airport/landing strip (X14)

Data Sources:
Contaminant Sources, Public Water System Wells, Contours
Alaska Department of Environmental Conservation (ADEC)
Critical Facilities, Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA)

All other data:
United States Geological Survey (USGS)
Drinking Water Protection Areas based on "Alaska Drinking Water Protection Program - Guidance Manual for Class A Public Water Systems" published by ADEC

URS Corporation does not guarantee the accuracy or validity of the data provided.



LKSD Tuntutuliak Angapac SC
PWS 271017.001

Appendix C Map C

APPENDIX D

Vulnerability Analysis for Public Drinking Water Source (Charts 1-14)

Chart 1. Susceptibility of the wellhead - LKSD Lewis Angapak Memorial School (PWS No.271017.001)

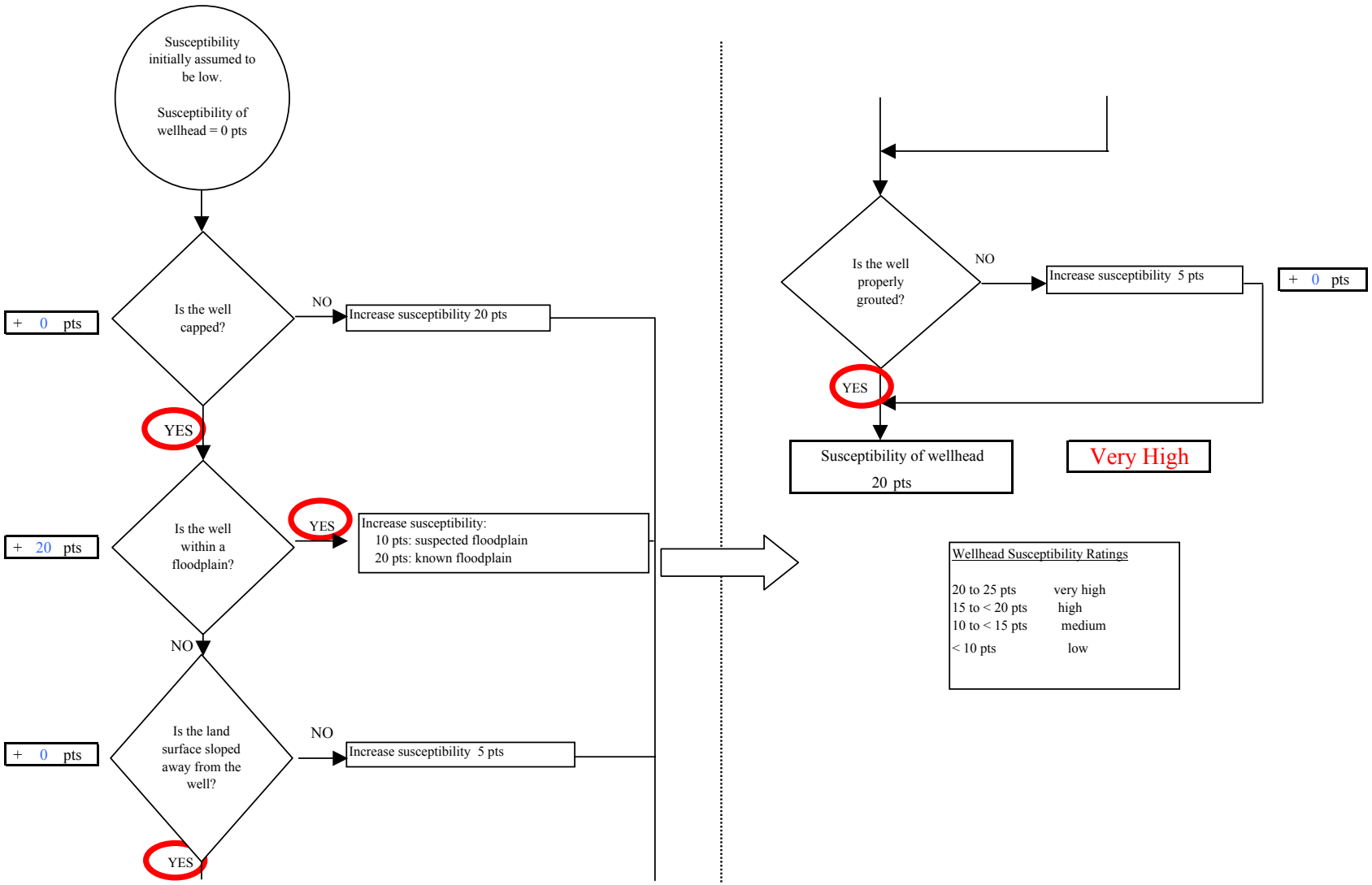


Chart 2. Susceptibility of the aquifer LKSD Lewis Angapak Memorial School (PWS No.271017.001)

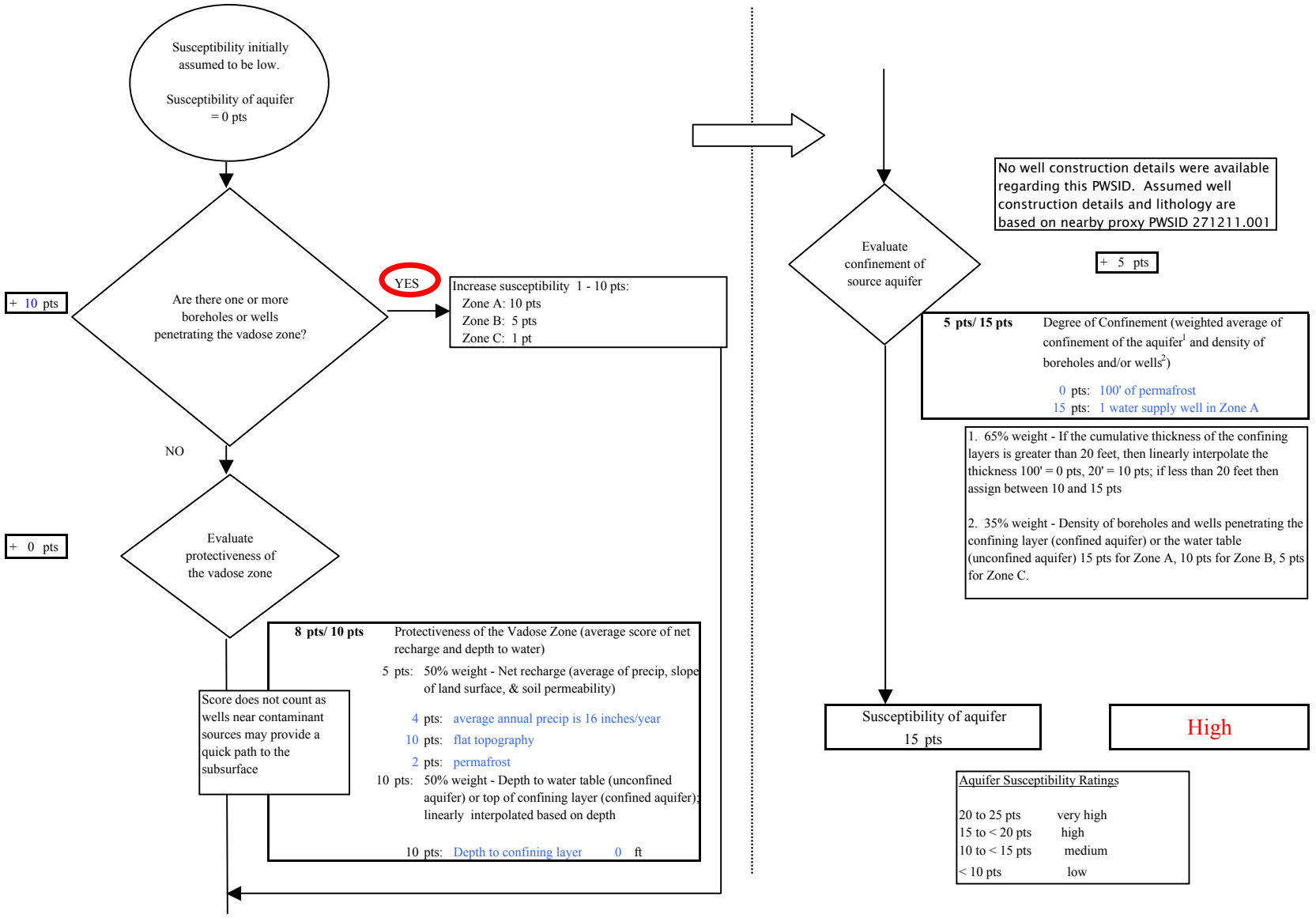
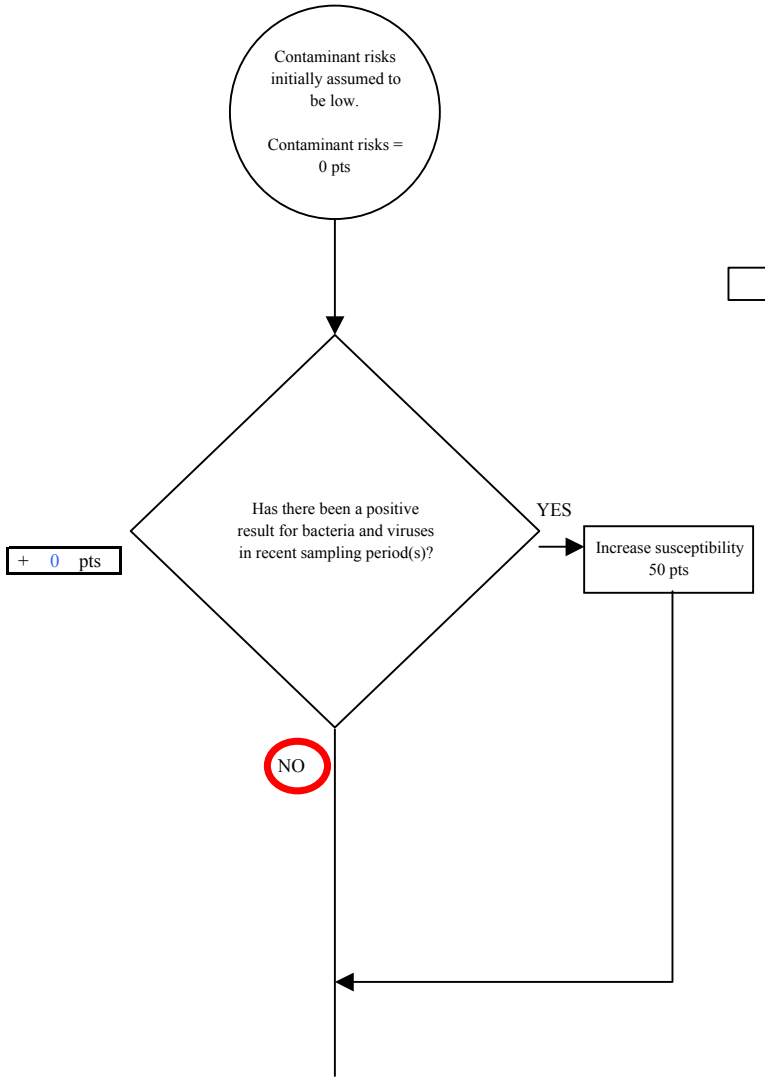
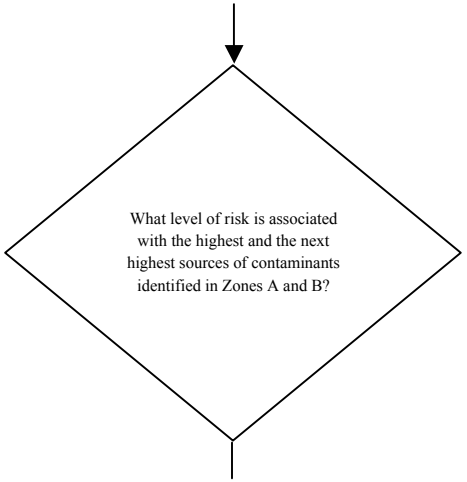


Chart 3. Contaminant risks for LKSD Lewis Angapak Memorial School (PWS No.271017.001) - Bacteria & Viruses





+ 40 pts

Risk Rankings for Contaminant Sources Identified in Zones A and B

	Zone A	Zone B	Total
Very Highs(s)	0	0	0
High(s)	4	0	4
Medium(s)	2	0	2
Low(s)	2	1	3

	LOW 10 pts	**MEDIUM** 20 pts	**HIGH** 30 pts	**VERY HIGH** 40 pts
LOW	≥ 10 sources + 10 pts	≥ 10 sources + 5 pts	≥ 20 sources + 5 pts	----
MEDIUM	----	≥ 2 sources + 5 pts	≥ 5 sources + 5 pts	≥ 10 sources + 5 pts
HIGH	----	----	≥ 1 source + 10 pts	≥ 2 sources + 10 pts
VERY HIGH	----	----	----	≥ 1 source + 10 pts

Matrix Score 40

Note: Septic systems, sewerlines, and roads are each assigned a risk ranking for each individual contaminant source in the CSI. The VA, however, counts these contaminant sources as a group and assigns a calculated number of either "lows" or "mediums" based on the density.

Chart 3. Contaminant risks for LKSD Lewis Angapak Memorial School (PWS No.271017.001) - Bacteria & Viruses

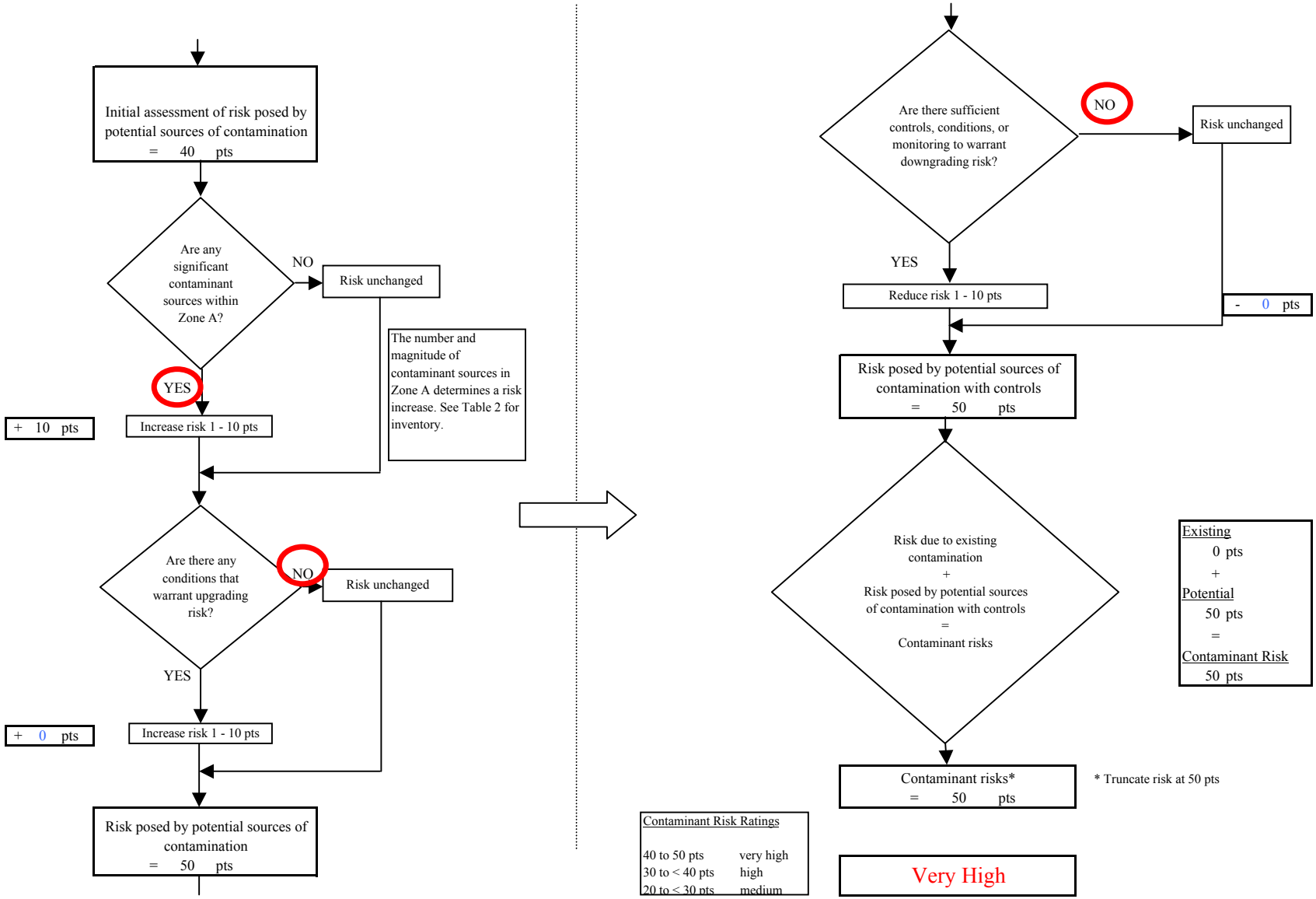


Chart 4. Vulnerability analysis for LKSD Lewis Angapak Memorial School (PWS No.271017.001) - Bacteria & Viruses

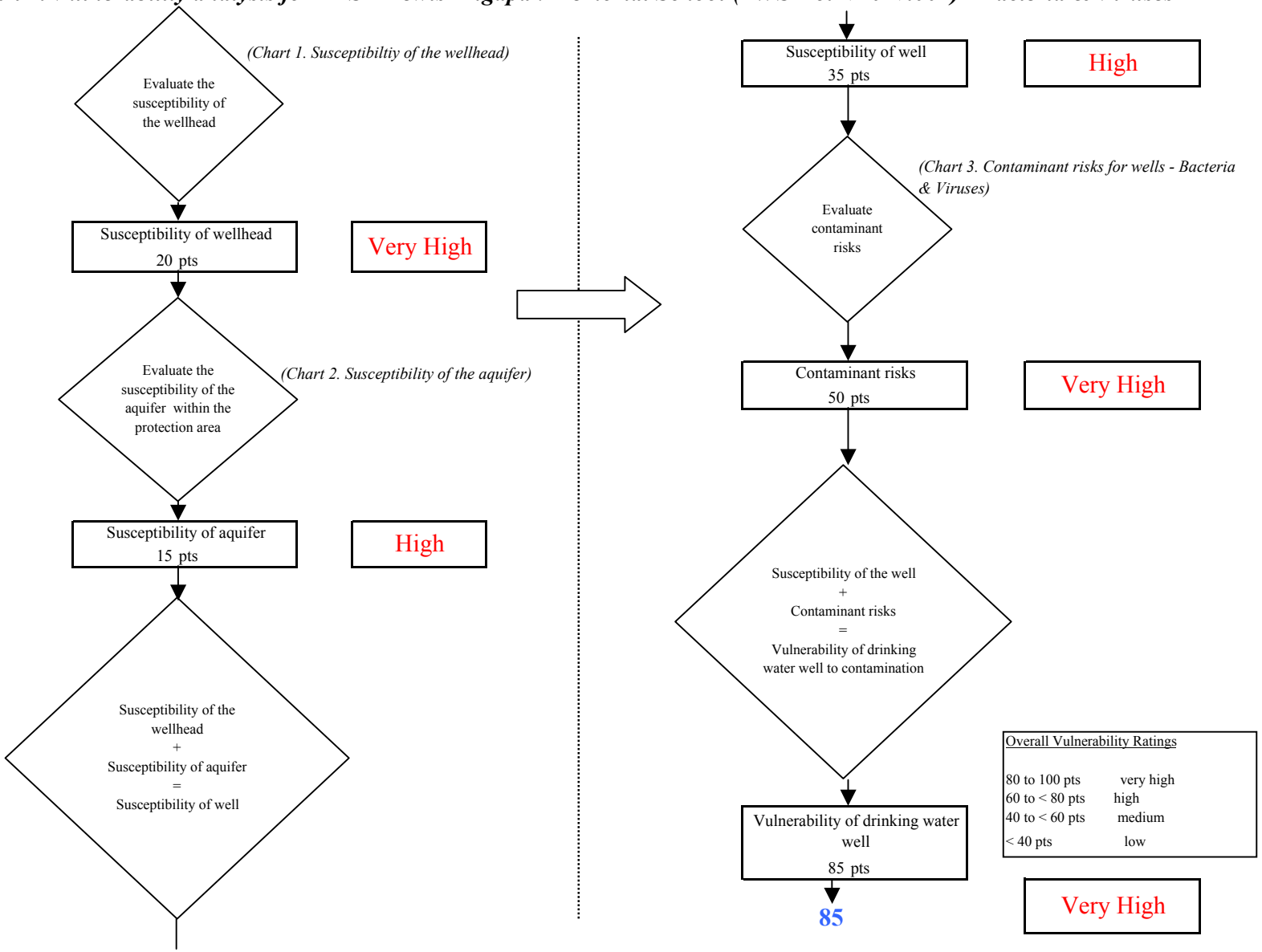


Chart 5. Contaminant risks for LKSD Lewis Angapak Memorial School (PWS No.271017.001) - Nitrates and Nitrites

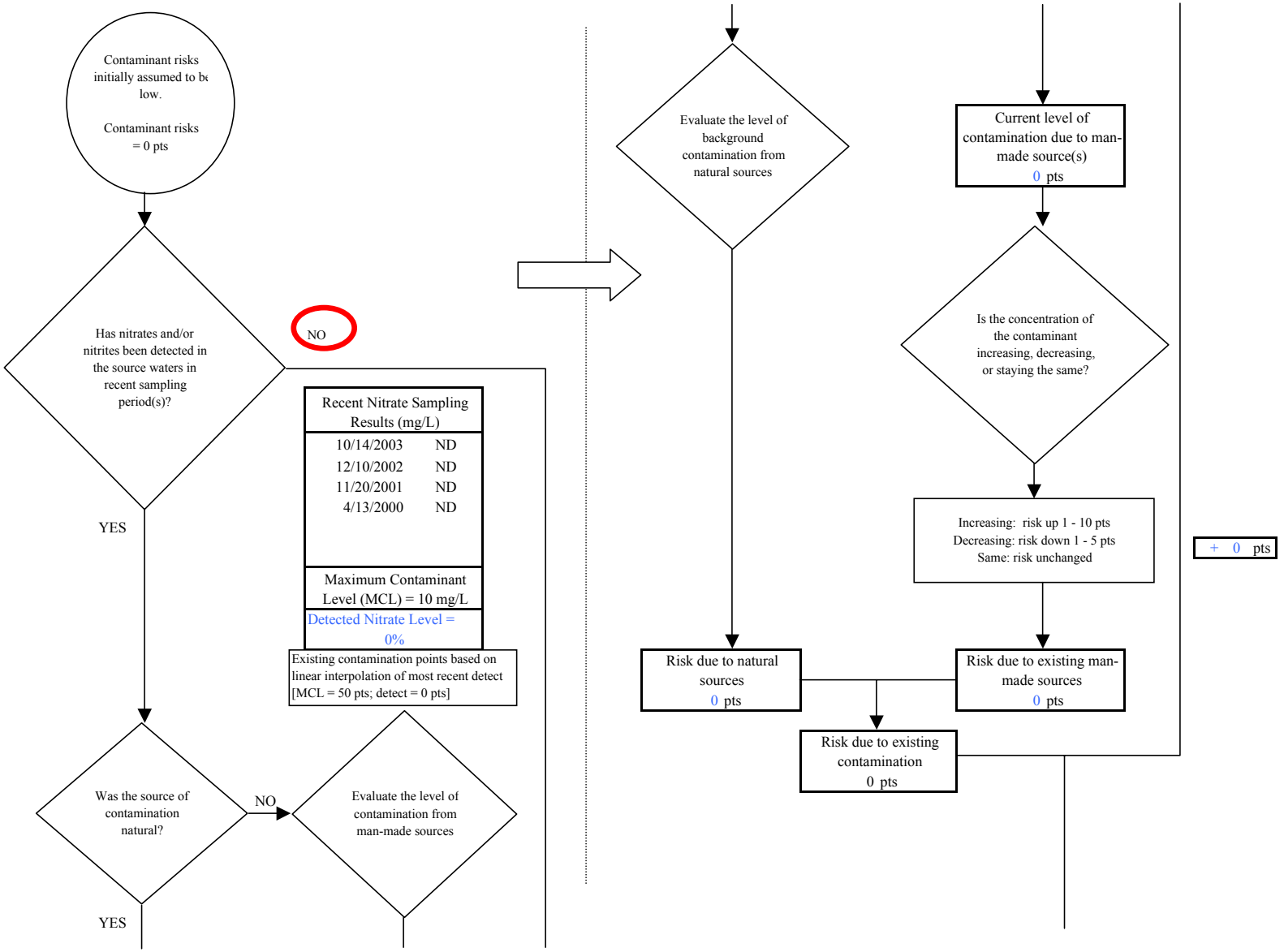


Chart 5. Contaminant risks for LKSD Lewis Angapak Memorial School (PWS No.271017.001) - Nitrates and Nitrites

+ 50 pts

What level of risk is associated with the highest and the next highest risk sources(s) of contaminants identified in Zones A, B and C?

Risk Levels for Contaminant Sources identified in Zones A, B and C

	Zone A	Zones B&C	Total
Very Highs(s)	2	0	2
High(s)	2	0	2
Medium(s)	2	1	3
Low(s)	4	1	5

	LOW 10 pts	**MEDIUM** 20 pts	**HIGH** 30 pts	**VERY HIGH** 40 pts
LOW	≥ 10 sources + 10 pts	≥ 10 sources + 5 pts	≥ 20 sources + 5 pts	----
MEDIUM	----	≥ 2 sources + 5 pts	≥ 5 sources + 5 pts	≥ 10 sources + 5 pts
HIGH	----	----	≥ 1 source + 10 pts	≥ 2 sources + 10 pts
VERY HIGH	----	----	----	≥ 1 source + 10 pts

Matrix Score 50

Note: Septic systems, sewerlines, and roads are each assigned a risk ranking for each individua contaminant source in the CSI. The VA, however, counts these contaminant sources as a group and assigns a calculated number of either "lows" or "mediums" based on the density.

Initial assessment of risk posed by potential sources of contamination = 50 pts

Is the source aquifer fractured rock or karst?

YES

NO

Are all of the higher risk sources beyond Zones A and B?

NO → Risk unchanged

YES → Decrease risk 1 - 10 pts

- 0 pts

Are any significant sources within Zone A?

NO → Risk unchanged

YES → Increase risk 1 - 10 pts

+ 10 pts

The number and magnitude of contaminant sources in Zone A determines a risk increase. See Table 3 for inventory.

Chart 5. Contaminant risks for LKSD Lewis Angapak Memorial School (PWS No.271017.001) - Nitrates and Nitrites

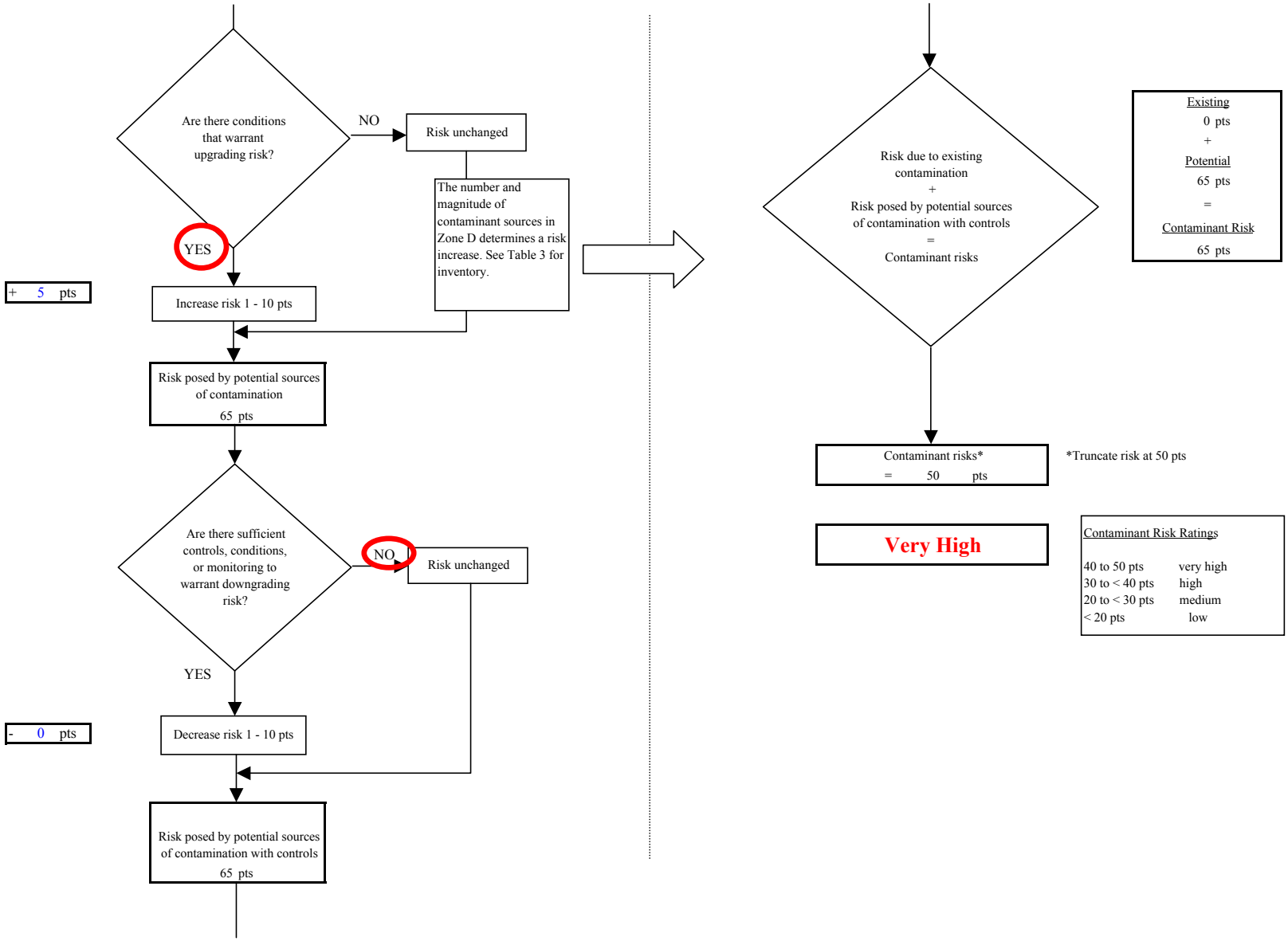


Chart 6. Vulnerability analysis for LKSD Lewis Angapak Memorial School (PWS No.271017.001) - Nitrates and Nitrites

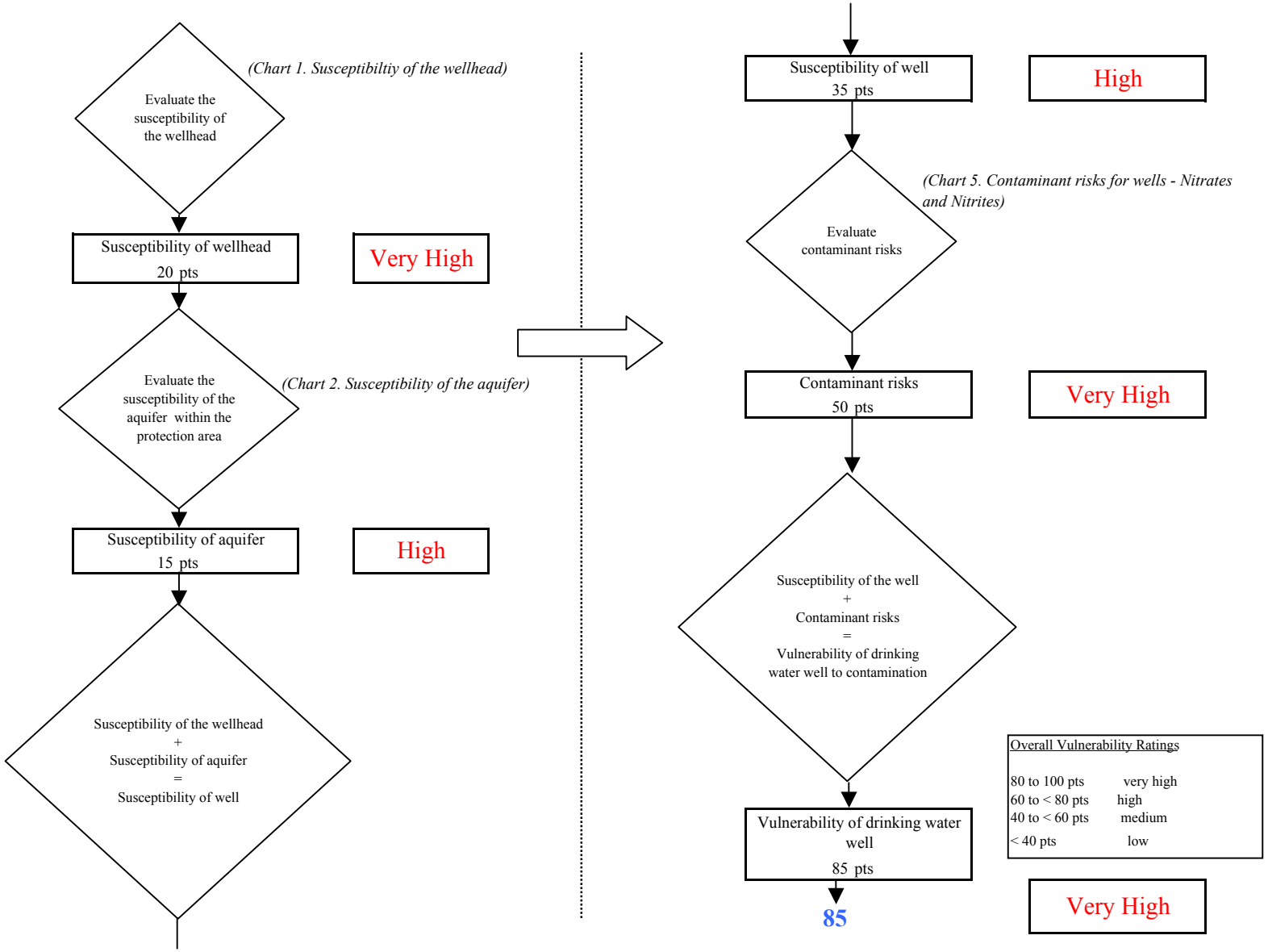


Chart 7. Contaminant risks for LKSD Lewis Angapak Memorial School (PWS No.271017.001) - Volatile Organic Chemicals

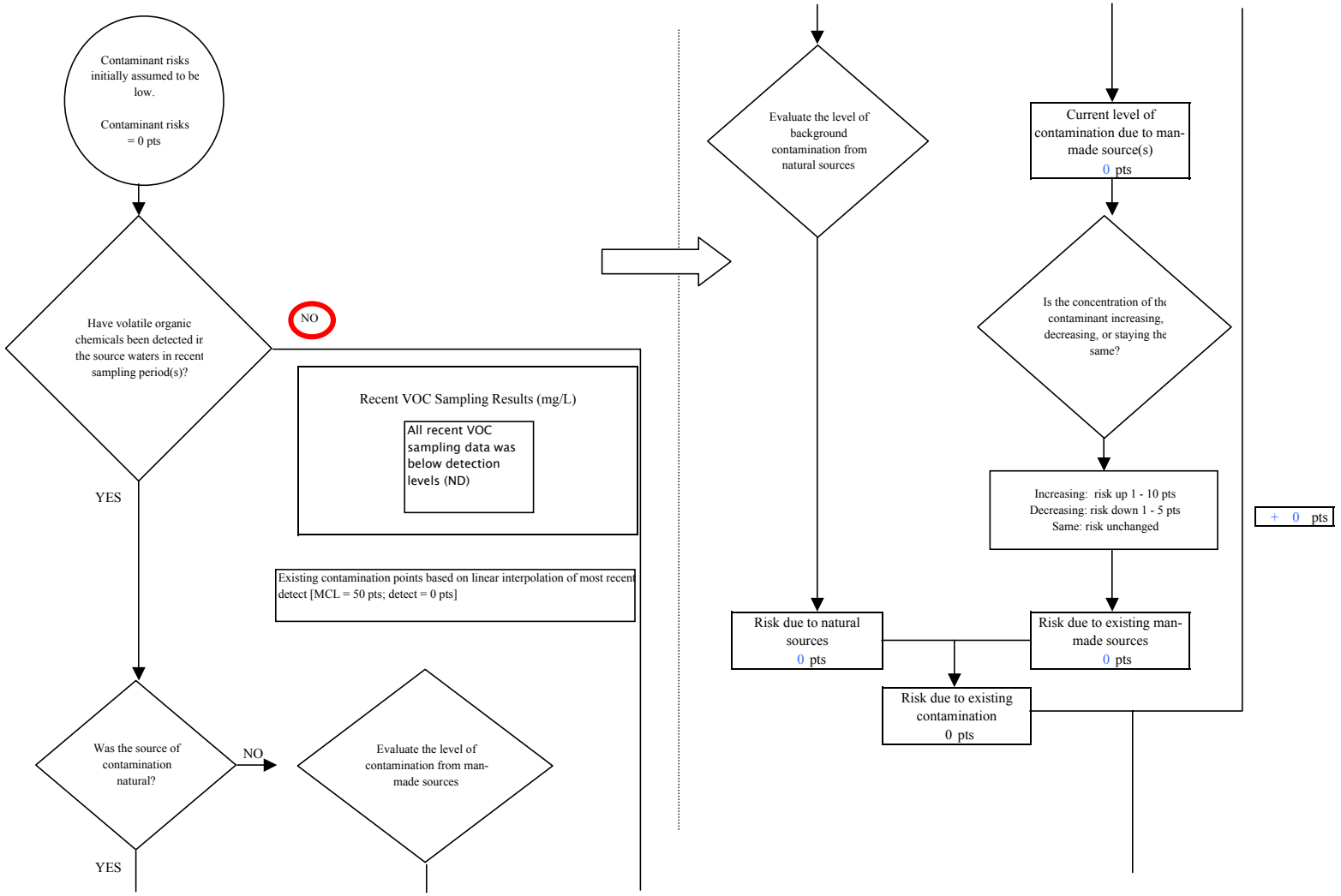
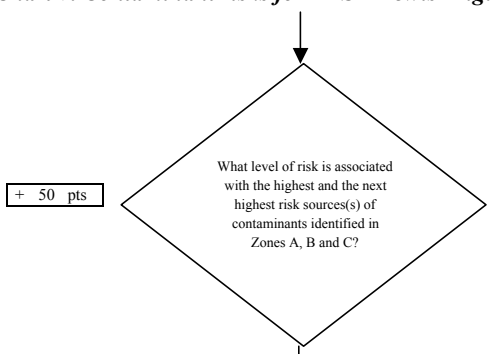


Chart 7. Contaminant risks for LKSD Lewis Angapak Memorial School (PWS No.271017.001) - Volatile Organic Chemicals



+ 50 pts

Risk Levels for Contaminant Sources identified in Zones A, B and C

	Zone A	Zones B&C	Total
Very Highs(s)	3	0	3
High(s)	3	0	3
Medium(s)	52	37	89
Low(s)	26	3	29

	LOW 10 pts	**MEDIUM** 20 pts	**HIGH** 30 pts	**VERY HIGH** 40 pts
LOW	**≥** 10 sources + 10 pts	≥ 10 sources + 5 pts	≥ 20 sources + 5 pts	----
MEDIUM	----	≥ 2 sources + 5 pts	≥ 5 sources + 5 pts	≥ 10 sources + 5 pts
HIGH	----	----	≥ 1 source + 10 pts	≥ 2 sources + 10 pts
VERY HIGH	----	----	----	≥ 1 source + 10 pts

Matrix Score 50

Note: Septic systems, sewerlines, and roads are each assigned a risk ranking for each individual contaminant source in tl CSI. The VA, however, counts these contaminant sources as a group and assigns a calculated number of either "lows" or "mediums" based on the density.

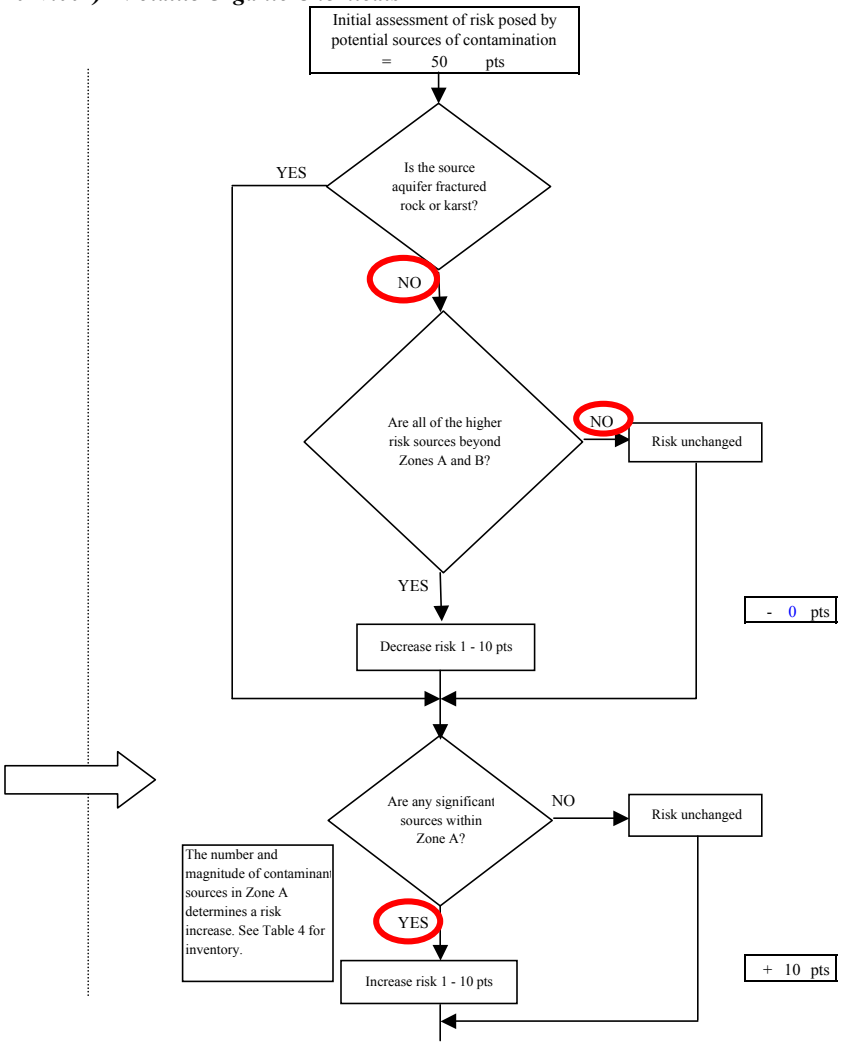


Chart 7. Contaminant risks for LKSD Lewis Angapak Memorial School (PWS No.271017.001) - Volatile Organic Chemicals

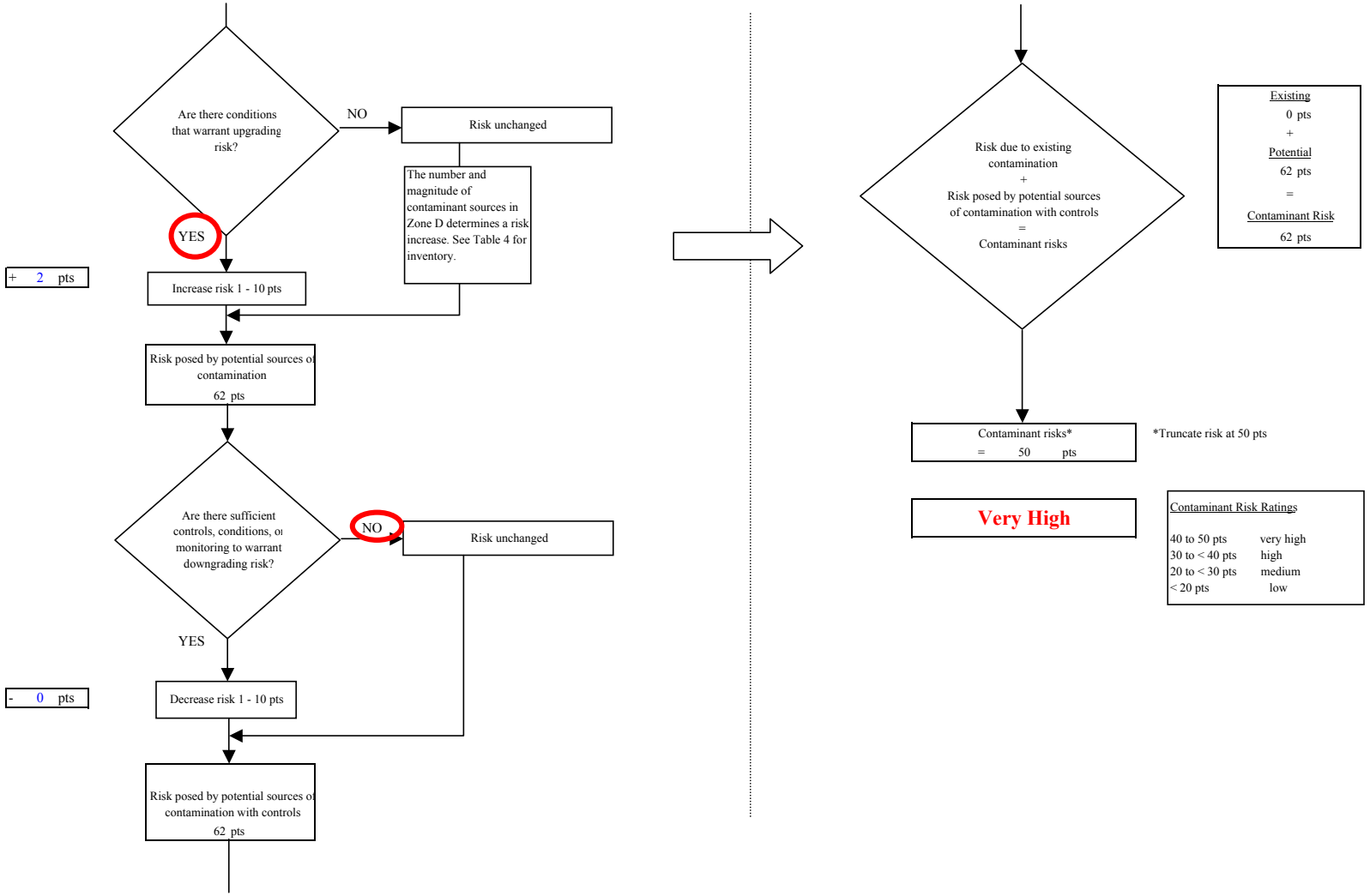


Chart 8. Vulnerability analysis for LKSD Lewis Angapak Memorial School (PWS No.271017.001) - Volatile Organic Chemicals

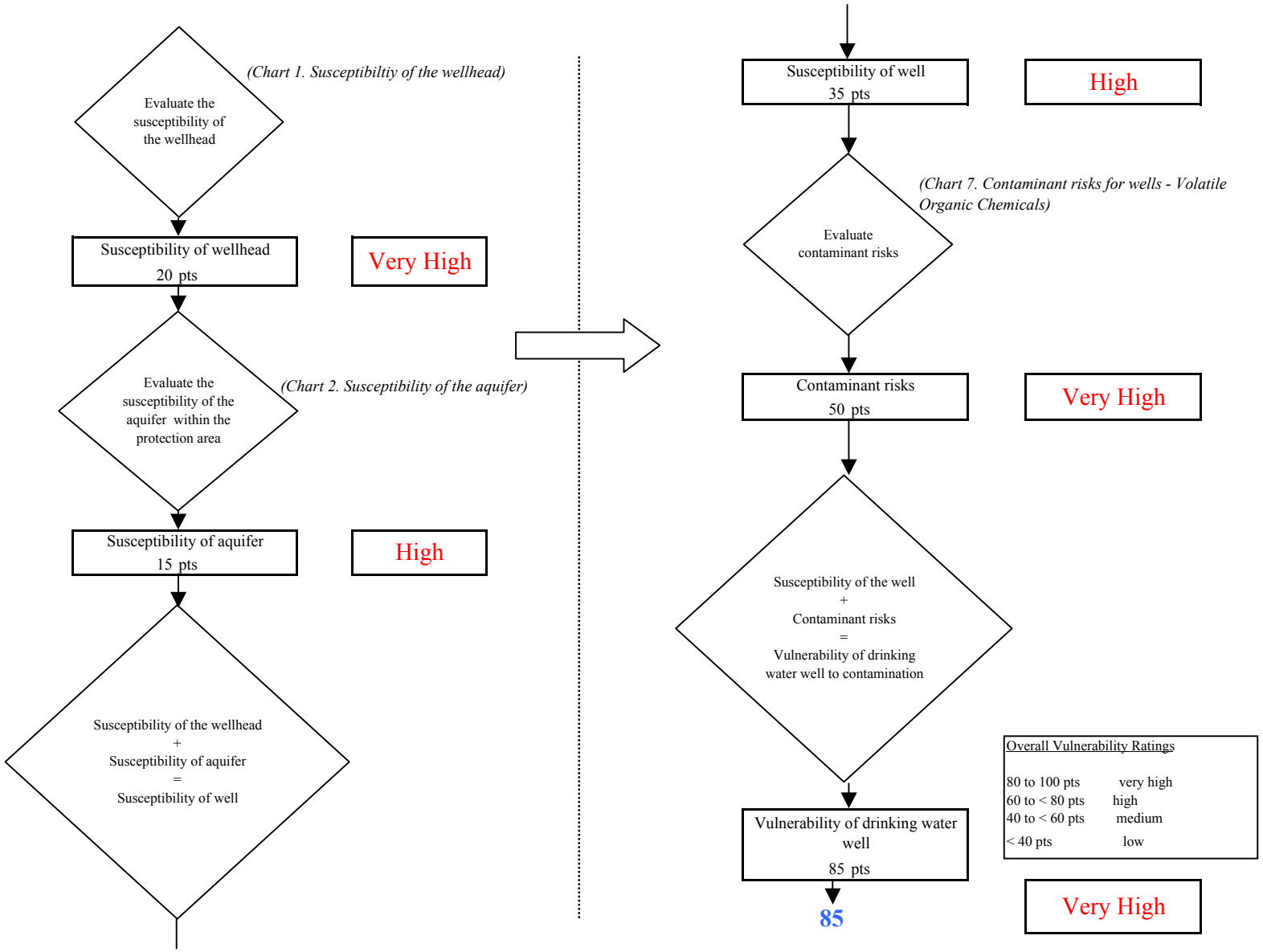


Chart 9. Contaminant risks for LKSD Lewis Angapak Memorial School (PWS No.271017.001) - Heavy Metals, Cyanide and Other Inorganic Chemicals

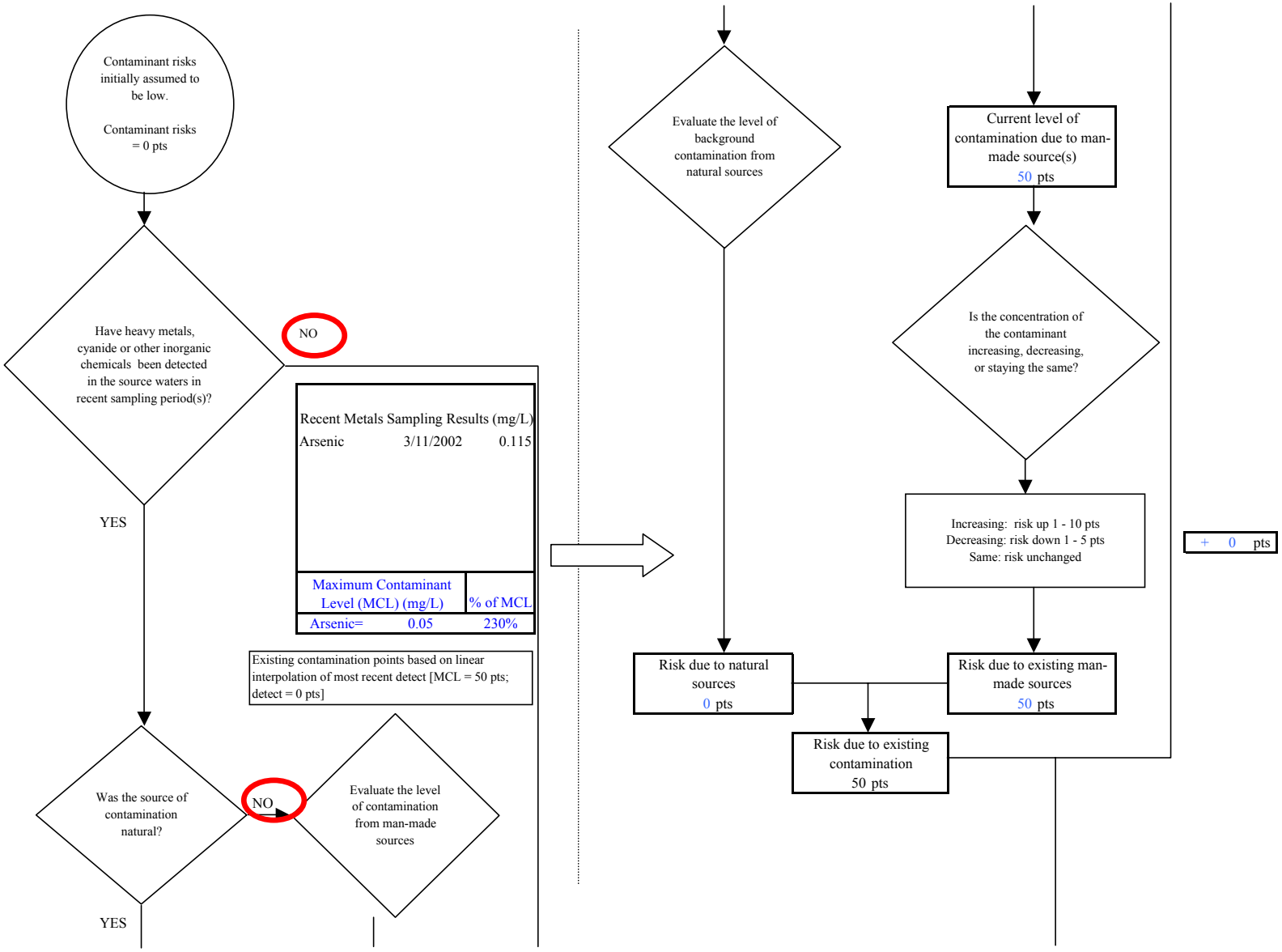
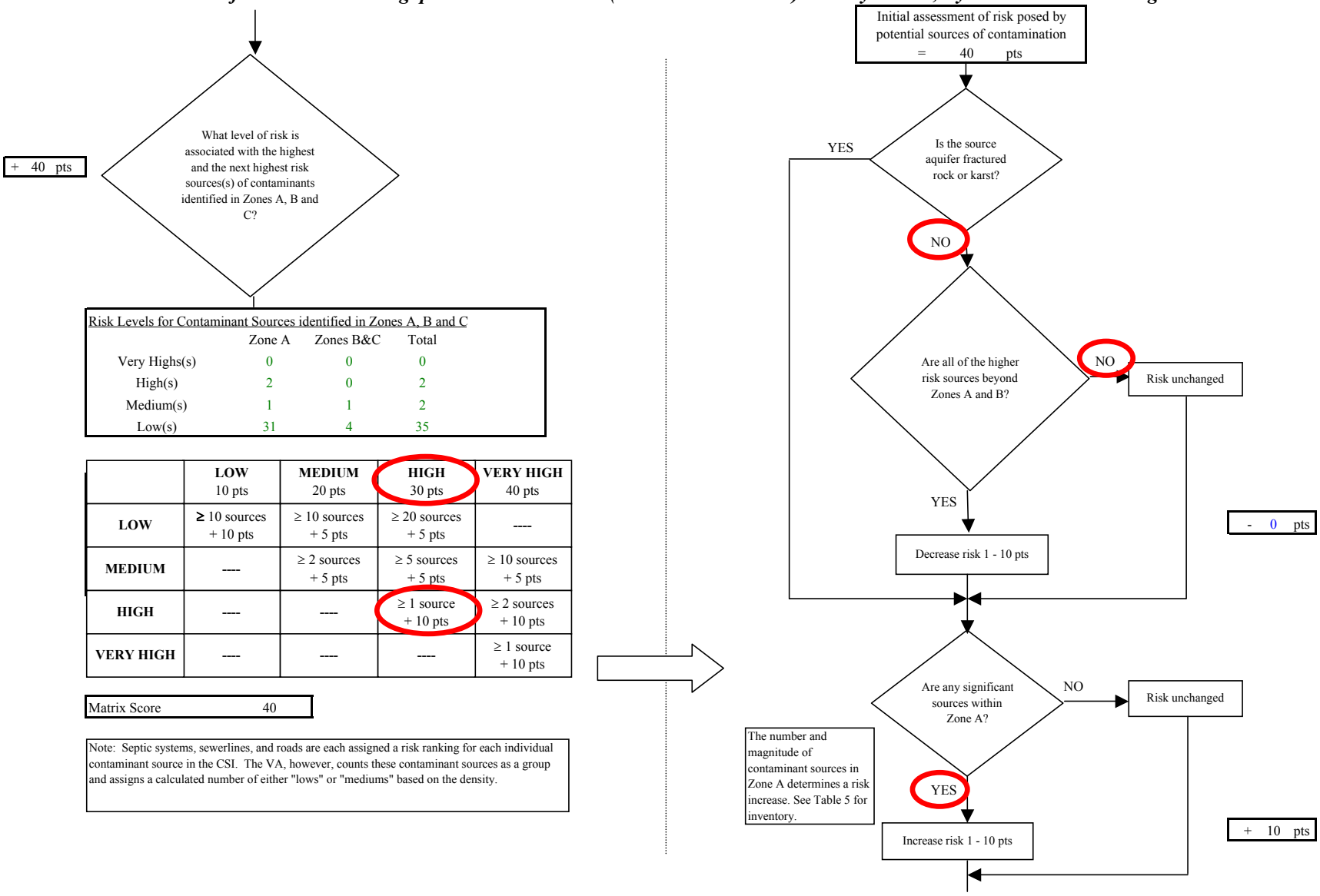


Chart 9. Contaminant risks for LKSD Lewis Angapak Memorial School (PWS No.271017.001) - Heavy Metals, Cyanide and Other Inorganic Chemicals



Risk Levels for Contaminant Sources identified in Zones A, B and C

	Zone A	Zones B&C	Total
Very Highs(s)	0	0	0
High(s)	2	0	2
Medium(s)	1	1	2
Low(s)	31	4	35

	LOW 10 pts	**MEDIUM** 20 pts	**HIGH** 30 pts	**VERY HIGH** 40 pts
LOW	≥ 10 sources + 10 pts	≥ 10 sources + 5 pts	≥ 20 sources + 5 pts	----
MEDIUM	----	≥ 2 sources + 5 pts	≥ 5 sources + 5 pts	≥ 10 sources + 5 pts
HIGH	----	----	≥ 1 source + 10 pts	≥ 2 sources + 10 pts
VERY HIGH	----	----	----	≥ 1 source + 10 pts

Matrix Score 40

Note: Septic systems, sewerlines, and roads are each assigned a risk ranking for each individual contaminant source in the CSI. The VA, however, counts these contaminant sources as a group and assigns a calculated number of either "lows" or "mediums" based on the density.

Chart 9. Contaminant risks for LKSD Lewis Angapak Memorial School (PWS No.271017.001) - Heavy Metals, Cyanide and Other Inorganic Chemicals

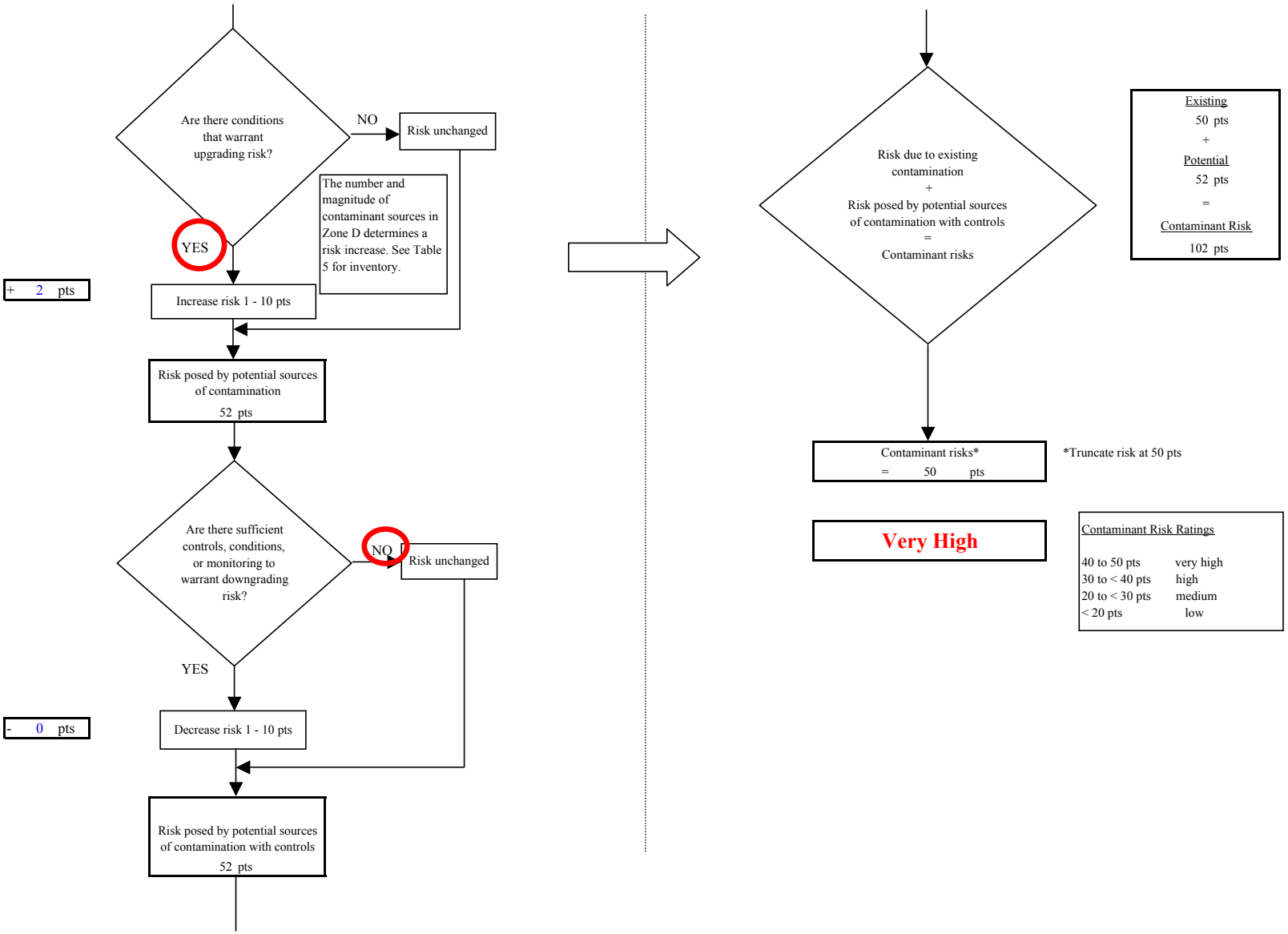


Chart 10. Vulnerability analysis for LKSD Lewis Angapak Memorial School (PWS No.271017.001) - Heavy Metals, Cyanide and Other Inorganic Chemicals

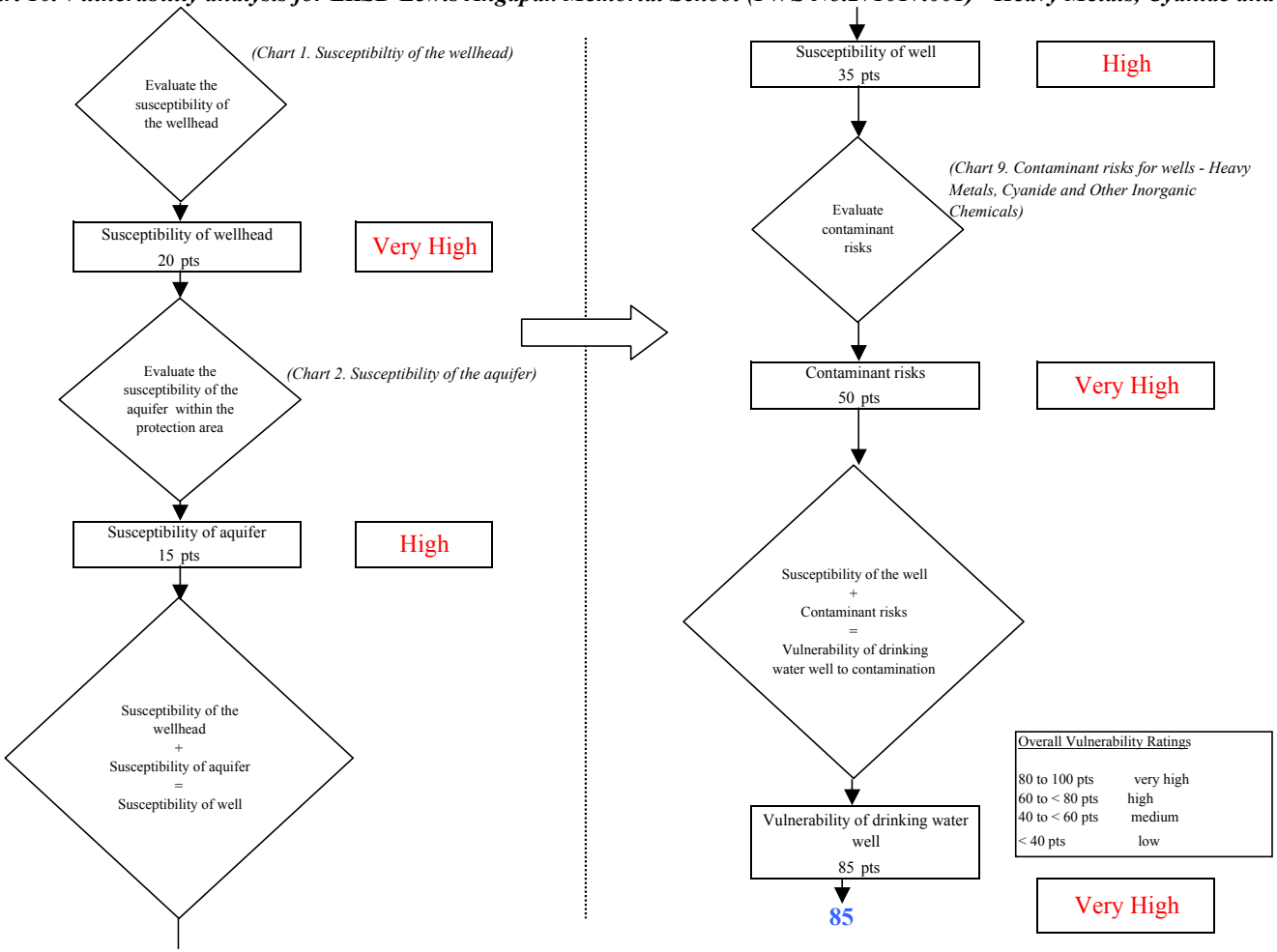


Chart 11. Contaminant risks for LKSD Lewis Angapak Memorial School (PWS No.271017.001) - Synthetic Organic Chemicals

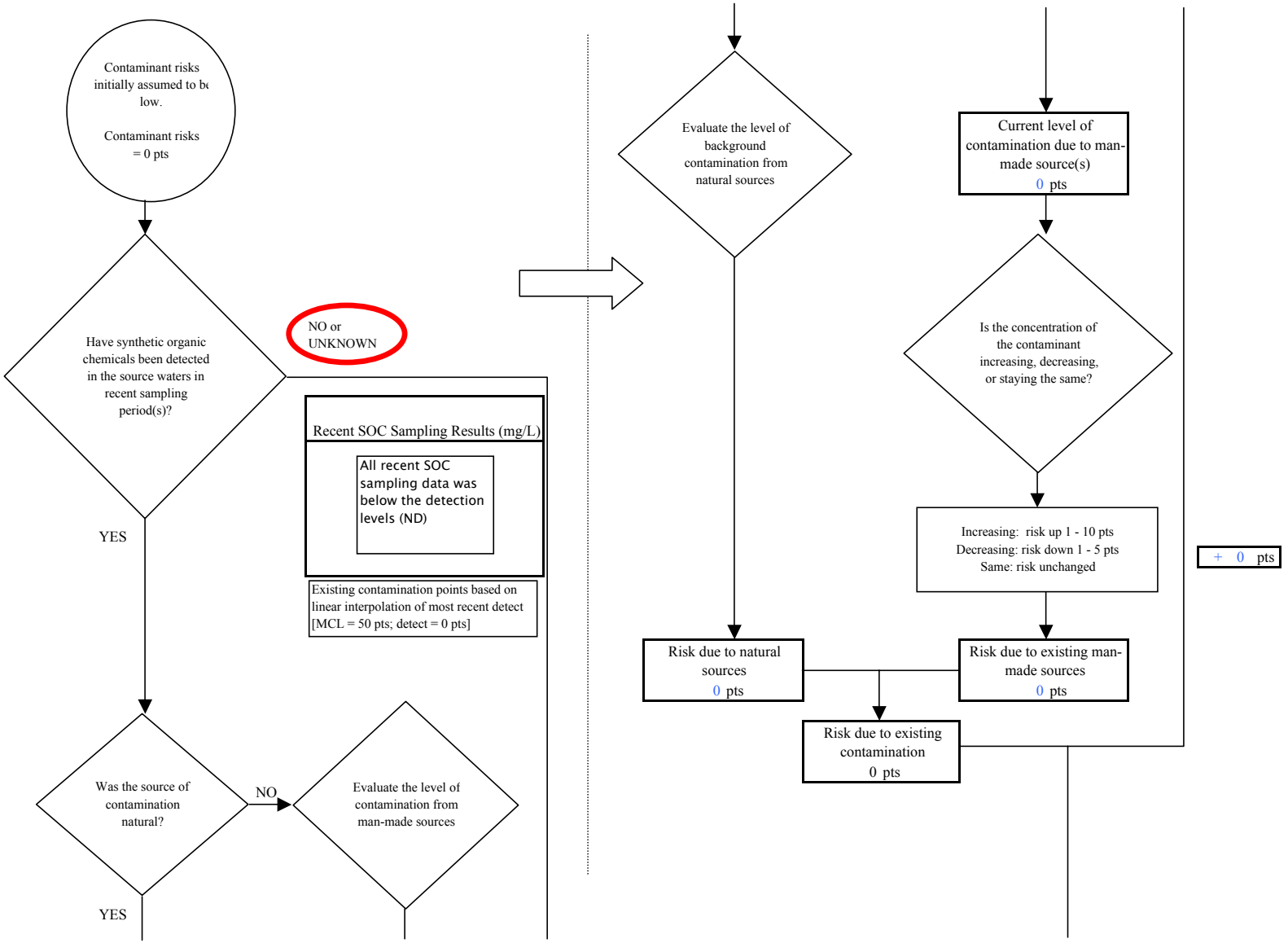
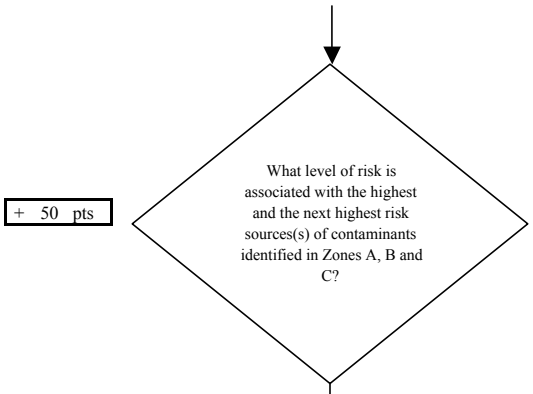


Chart 11. Contaminant risks for LKSD Lewis Angapak Memorial School (PWS No.271017.001) - Synthetic Organic Chemicals



+ 50 pts

Risk Levels for Contaminant Sources identified in Zones A, B and C

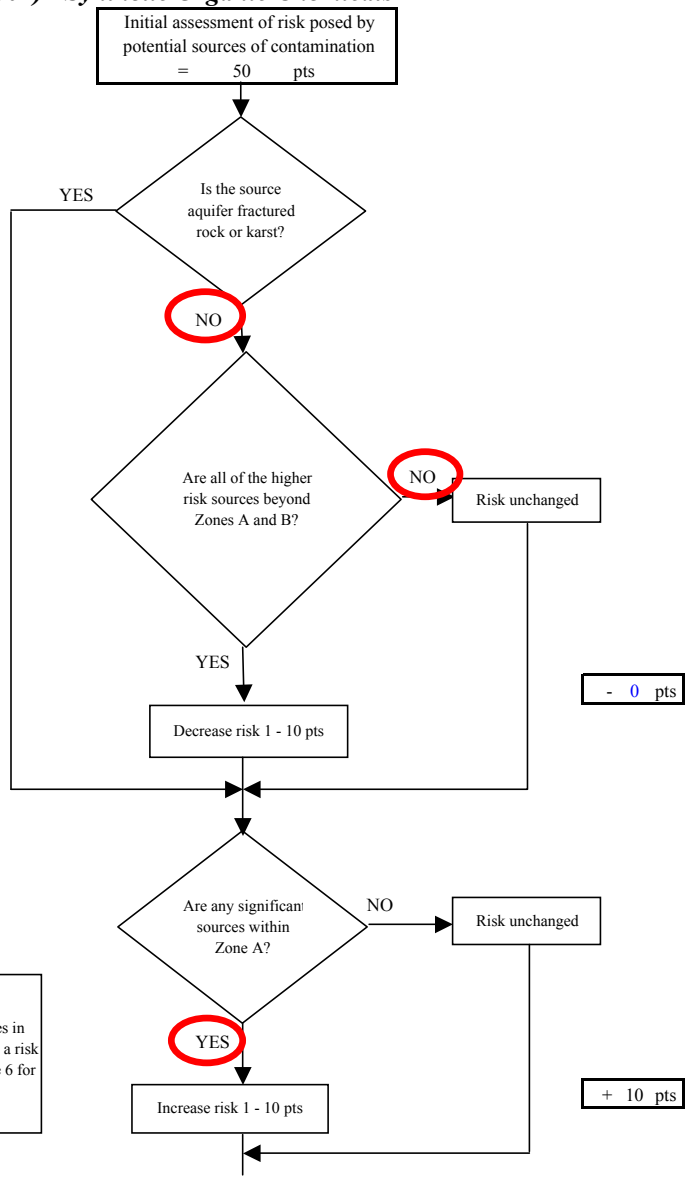
	Zone A	Zones B&C	Total
Very Highs(s)	2	0	2
High(s)	0	0	0
Medium(s)	2	1	3
Low(s)	7	0	7

	LOW 10 pts	**MEDIUM** 20 pts	**HIGH** 30 pts	**VERY HIGH** 40 pts
LOW	≥ 10 sources + 10 pts	≥ 10 sources + 5 pts	≥ 20 sources + 5 pts	----
MEDIUM	----	≥ 2 sources + 5 pts	≥ 5 sources + 5 pts	≥ 10 sources + 5 pts
HIGH	----	----	≥ 1 source + 10 pts	≥ 2 sources + 10 pts
VERY HIGH	----	----	----	≥ 1 source + 10 pts

Matrix Score 50

Note: Septic systems, sewerlines, and roads are each assigned a risk ranking for each individua contaminant source in the CSI. The VA, however, counts these contaminant sources as a group and assigns a calculated number of either "lows" or "mediums" based on the density.

The number and magnitude of contaminant sources in Zone A determines a risk increase. See Table 6 for inventory.



- 0 pts

+ 10 pts

Chart 11. Contaminant risks for LKSD Lewis Angapak Memorial School (PWS No.271017.001) - Synthetic Organic Chemicals

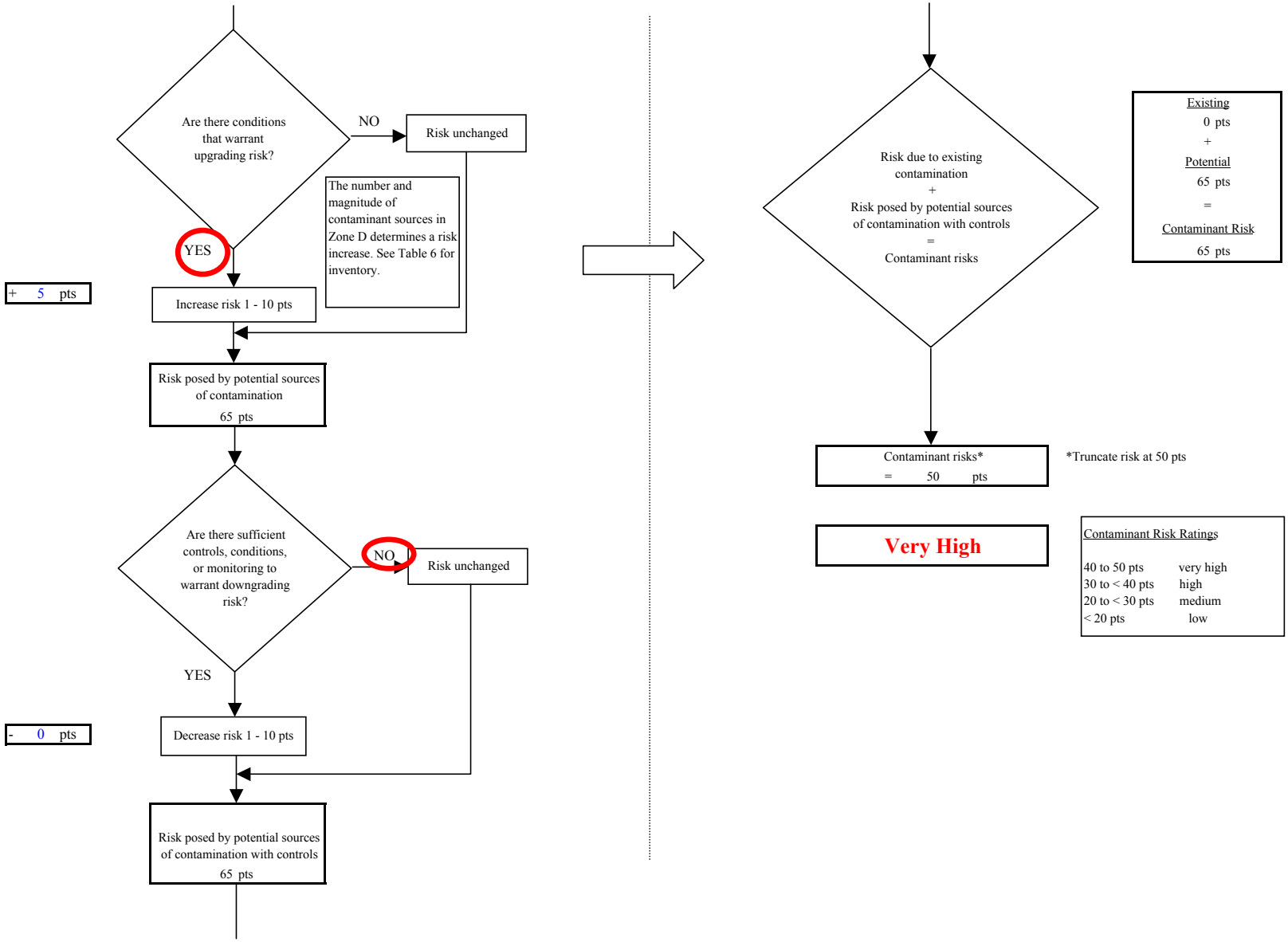


Chart 12. Vulnerability analysis for LKSD Lewis Angapak Memorial School (PWS No.271017.001) - Synthetic Organic Chemicals

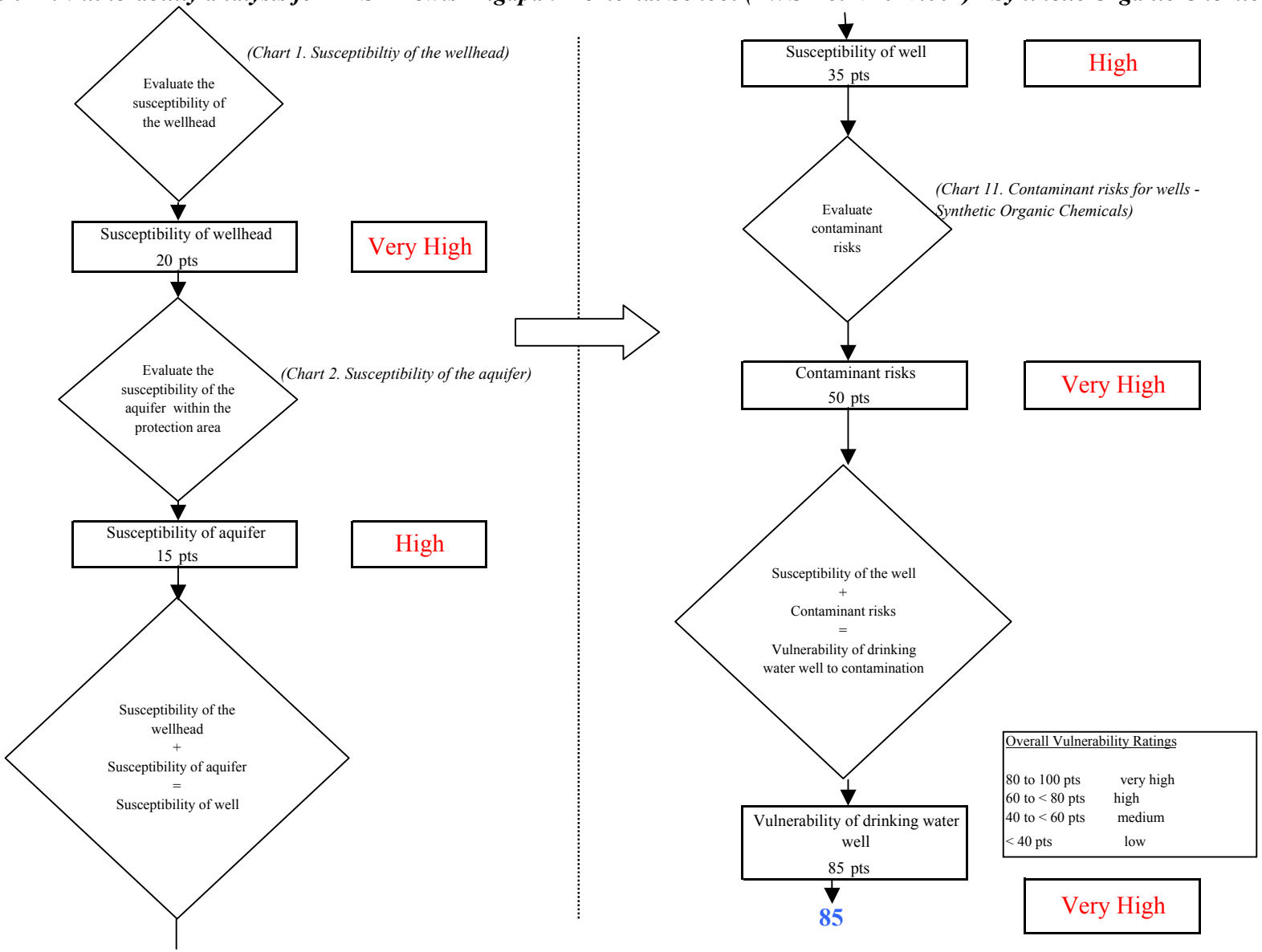


Chart 13. Contaminant risks for LKSD Lewis Angapak Memorial School (PWS No.271017.001) - Other Organic Chemicals

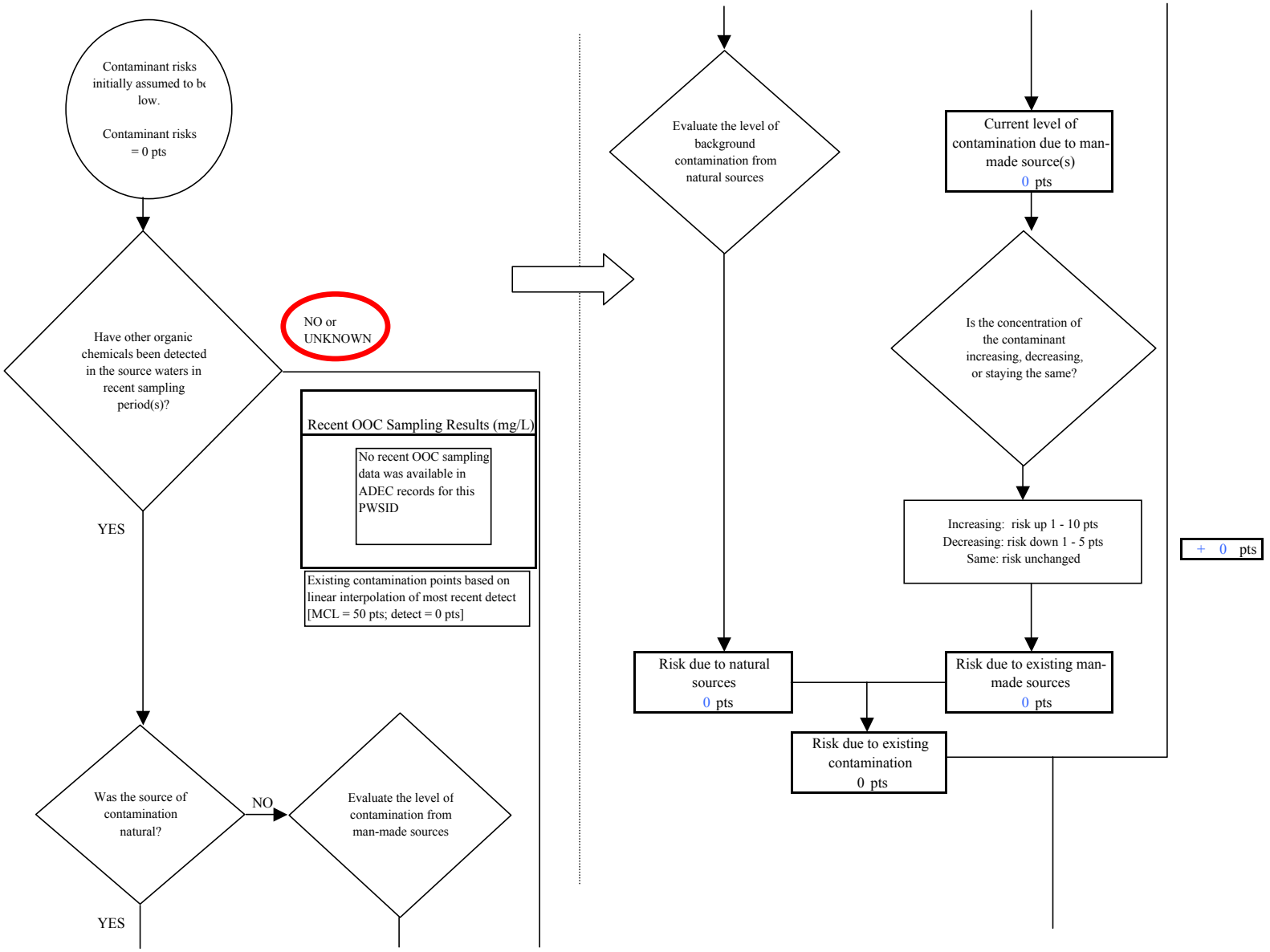
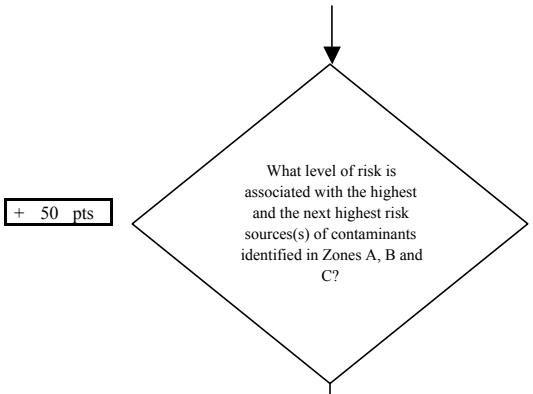


Chart 13. Contaminant risks for LKSD Lewis Angapak Memorial School (PWS No.271017.001) - Other Organic Chemicals



+ 50 pts

Risk Levels for Contaminant Sources identified in Zones A, B and C

	Zone A	Zones B&C	Total
Very Highs(s)	2	0	2
High(s)	4	1	5
Medium(s)	1	0	1
Low(s)	3	1	4

	LOW 10 pts	MEDIUM 20 pts	HIGH 30 pts	VERY HIGH 40 pts
LOW	≥ 10 sources + 10 pts	≥ 10 sources + 5 pts	≥ 20 sources + 5 pts	----
MEDIUM	----	≥ 2 sources + 5 pts	≥ 5 sources + 5 pts	≥ 10 sources + 5 pts
HIGH	----	----	≥ 1 source + 10 pts	≥ 2 sources + 10 pts
VERY HIGH	----	----	----	≥ 1 source + 10 pts

Matrix Score 50

Note: Septic systems, sewerlines, and roads are each assigned a risk ranking for each individua contaminant source in the CSI. The VA, however, counts these contaminant sources as a group and assigns a calculated number of either "lows" or "mediums" based on the density.

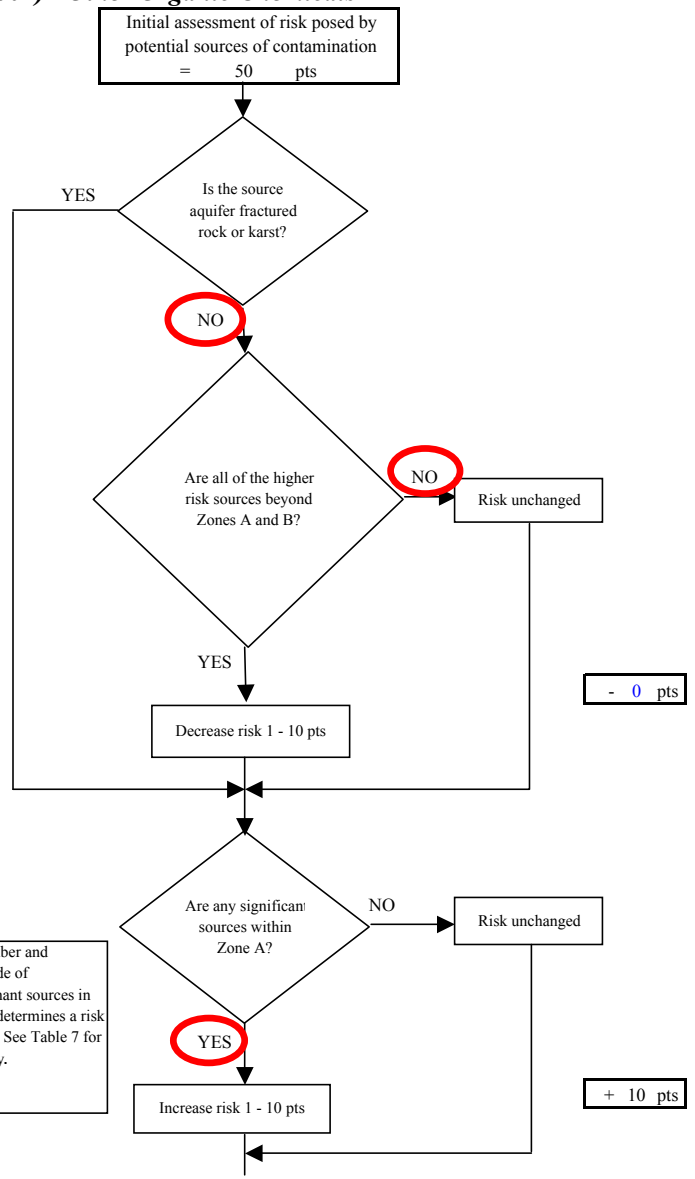


Chart 13. Contaminant risks for LKSD Lewis Angapak Memorial School (PWS No.271017.001) - Other Organic Chemicals

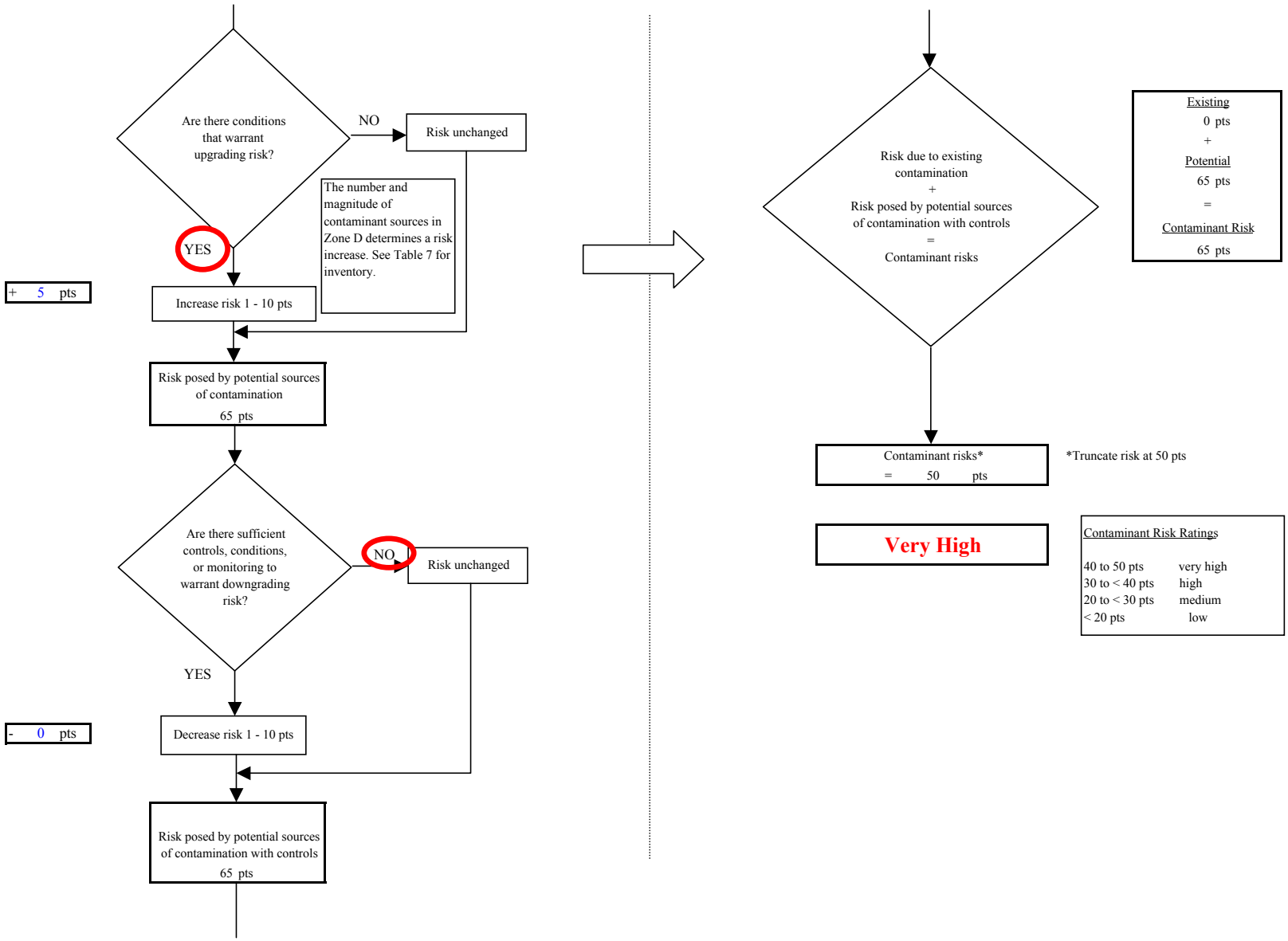


Chart 14. Vulnerability analysis for LKSD Lewis Angapak Memorial School (PWS No.271017.001) - Other Organic Chemicals