

Source Water Assessment

A Hydrogeologic Susceptibility and Vulnerability Assessment for UAF/IAB Toolik Field Station Public Drinking Water System, Toolik Lake, Alaska PWSID # 350146.001

DRINKING WATER PROTECTION REPORT 1809

Alaska Department of Environmental Conservation

February, 2009

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The Drinking Water Protection (DWP) section of the Drinking Water Program is producing Source Water Assessments in compliance with the Safe Drinking Water Act Amendments of 1996. Each assessment includes a delineation of the source water area, an inventory of potential and existing contaminant sources that may impact the water, a risk ranking for each of these contaminants, and an evaluation of the potential vulnerability of these drinking water sources.

These assessments are intended to provide public water systems owners/operators, communities, and local governments with the best available information that may be used to protect the quality of their drinking water. The assessments combine information obtained from various sources, including the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Alaska Department of Environmental Conservation (DEC), public water system owners/operators, and other public information sources. The results of this assessment are subject to change if additional data becomes available. It is anticipated this assessment will be updated every five years to reflect any changes in the vulnerability and/or susceptibility of public drinking water source. If you have any additional information that may affect the results of this assessment, please contact the DWP staff at the following number: 1866-956-7656.

February, 2009

CONTENTS

	Page
Executive Summary	1
Inventory of Potential and Existing Contaminant Sources	
Ranking of Contaminant Risks	2
Vulnerability of UAF/IAB Toolik Field Station Drinking Water System	
Bacteria and Viruses	3
Nitrates and Nitrites	3
Volatile Organic Chemicals	3
References	4
Appendix A	6
Appendix B	8
Appendix C	

TABLES

Table 1.	Definition of Zones	.1
Table 2.	Susceptibility of the Water Source	.2
	UAF/IAB Toolik Field Station Contaminant Risks	
Table 4.	UAF/IAB Toolik Field Station Overall Vulnerability	.3

APPENDICES

APPENDIX A.	UAF/IAB Toolik Field Station Drinking Water Protection Area (Map A)
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- B. Contaminant Source Inventory and Risk Rankings for UAF/IAB Toolik Field Station (Tables 1 4)
- C. UAF/IAB Toolik Field Station Drinking Water Protection Area and Potential and Existing Contaminant Sources (Map C)

Source Water Assessment for the UAF/IAB Toolik Field Station Drinking Water System, Toolik Lake, Alaska

Drinking Water Protection Alaska Department of Environmental Conservation

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

The public water system for UAF/IAB Toolik Field Station is a Class B (transient/non-community) water system that obtains water from Toolik Lake, Alaska. The UAF/IAB Toolik Field Station protection area received an overall susceptibility rating of Very High. A rating of high to very high is typical for all systems with surface water intakes. Potential and existing sources of the following contaminants were evaluated for the Source Water Assessment: bacteria and viruses, nitrates and/or nitrites, and volatile organic chemicals. The potential and existing sources of contamination identified for this drinking water source include: quarries, an assumed septic system, an assumed heating oil tank, a contaminated site (DEC recognized, non-Superfund, non-RCRA), a road, and a pipeline. This evaluation included all available water sampling data submitted to DEC by the system operator. The samples may have been collected from either raw water or posttreated water. Combining the susceptibility of the surface water source with the contaminant risks, this water system has received a vulnerability rating of Medium for bacteria and viruses, Medium for nitrates and nitrites, and High for volatile organic chemicals. This assessment can be used as a foundation for local voluntary protection efforts as well as a basis for the continuous efforts on the part of the UAF/IAB Toolik Field Station to protect public health.

DRINKING WATER SYSTEM AND AREA OVERVIEW

The public water system for UAF/IAB Toolik Field Station is a Class B (transient/non-community) water system that obtains water from Toolik Lake, along the Dalton Highway, Alaska. The Field Station lies approximately 133 road miles south of Deadhorse and 96 road miles north of Wiseman, Alaska (see Map A in Appendix A). Jointly operated by the University of Alaska Fairbanks and the Institute of Arctic Biology, Toolik Lake Field Station serves as a base for researchers.

The most recent sanitary survey for this system (08/02/2005) indicates that the water intake is screened and maintained. The Toolik Field Station public water

system operates from May to September and serves a maximum of 150 non-residents through 8 service connections.

UAF/IAB TOOLIK FIELD STATION DRINKING WATER PROTECTION AREA

Identifying the pathways most likely for surface contamination to reach water intake areas is the first step in determining the water system's risk. These are initially determined by looking at the drainage area contributing overland water flow to a surface water source intake. The entire drainage area is also known as the "drinking water protection area".

The protection area established for surface water sources by the DEC is usually separated into three zones, limited by the watershed boundary. These zones correspond to the overland-flow distance that water travels to get to the source. The DEC Drinking Water Protection Technical Advisory Committee developed guidelines for derivation of these zones in 1998. The following is a summary of the three protection area zones:

Table 1. Definition of Zones

Zone	Definition
А	Areas within 1000-ft of lakes or streams
В	Areas within 1-mile of lakes or streams
С	The watershed boundary

The protection area for the UAF/IAB Toolik Field Station water intake includes Zones A, B and C, truncated at 10 miles from the intake (see Map A of Appendix A).

INVENTORY OF POTENTIAL AND EXISTING CONTAMINANT SOURCES

Drinking Water Protection staff has completed an inventory of potential and existing sources of contamination within UAF/IAB Toolik Field Station protection area. This inventory was completed through a search of agency records and other publicly available information. There is a wide array of potential contamination sources to surface water. These contaminants are found within agricultural, residential, commercial, and industrial areas, but *can also occur within areas that have little or no development*. For Class B public water system assessments, three categories of drinking water contaminants were inventoried. They include:

- Bacteria and viruses;
- Nitrates and/or nitrites; and
- Volatile organic chemicals.

Sources identified in the UAF/IAB Toolik Field Station protection area are displayed on Map C of Appendix C and summarized in Table 1 of Appendix B.

RANKING OF CONTAMINANT RISKS

Once potential and existing sources of contamination have been identified, they are assigned a ranking according to what category and level of risk they represent. Ranking of contaminant risks for "potential" or "existing" sources of contamination is a function of the toxicity and the volume of specific contaminants associated with that source. Rankings include:

- Low;
- Medium;
- High; and
- Very High.

The time-of-travel for contaminants within the water is dependent on the physical and chemical characteristics of each contaminant. Bacteria and Viruses are only inventoried in Zone A because of their short life span. Only "Very High" and "High" rankings are inventoried within Zones B and C due to the probability of contaminant dilution by the time the contaminants reach the water intake.

The remaining tables in Appendix B (if necessary) contain the ranking of potential and existing sources of contamination with respect to bacteria and viruses, nitrates and/or nitrites, and volatile organic chemicals.

VULNERABILITY OF THE DRINKING WATER SYSTEM

Vulnerability of a drinking water source to contamination is a combination of two factors:

- Surface Water Susceptibility; and
- Contaminant risks.

The Surface Water Susceptibility of the source is reached by considering the properties of the water intake and the surrounding area. Susceptibility of the Surface Water Source – always considered as "high".

+

Adequate Construction of the Intake

+

Runoff Potential Within Zone B

+

Dilution Capacity of the Surface Water

=

Overall Susceptibility

The surface water intake is not buffered from potential and existing contamination and is therefore always considered highly susceptible to contamination.

Table 2. Susceptibility of the Water Source

Category	Score	Rating
Overall Susceptibility	40	Very High

For contaminants, risks to a drinking water source depend on the type, number or density, and distribution of the contaminant sources. The Contaminant Risk score has been derived from an examination of existing, and historical contamination sources that have been detected in the protection area through routine sampling. It also evaluates potential sources of contamination. Flow charts are used to assign a point score, and ratings are assigned in the same way as the susceptibility:

Table 3 summarizes the Contaminant Risks for each category of drinking water contaminants.

Table 3.UAF/IAB Toolik Field StationContaminant Risks

Category	Score	Rating
Bacteria and Viruses	12	Low
Nitrates and/or Nitrites	12	Low
Volatile Organic Chemicals	25	Medium

Finally, an overall vulnerability assigned for each contaminant type by combining each of the contaminant risk with the overall susceptibility:

Susceptibility of the Surface Water Source

 $^{+}$

Contaminant Risks

=

Vulnerability of the Drinking Water Source to Contamination

Table 4 contains the overall vulnerability scores and ratings for each of the three categories of drinking water contaminants. Note: scores are rounded off to the nearest five.

Table 4. UAF/IAB Toolik Field Station OverallVulnerability

Category	Score	Rating
Bacteria and Viruses	50	Medium
Nitrates and Nitrites	50	Medium
Volatile Organic Chemicals	65	High

Bacteria and Viruses

The contaminant risk for bacteria and viruses is **Low** with a septic system and a road contributing to the risk to the drinking water source.

Coliforms (a type of bacteria) are found naturally in the environment and although they aren't necessarily a health threat, they are an indicator of other potentially harmful bacteria in the water, more specifically, fecal coliforms and E. coli which only come from human and animal fecal waste. Harmful bacteria can cause diarrhea, cramps, nausea, headaches, or other symptoms (EPA, 2008).

Typically, coliform detection in raw water samples collected from surface water sources is normal. Positive samples increase the overall vulnerability of the drinking water source, indicating that the source is susceptible to bacteria and virus contamination. Bacteria and viruses have not been detected during the last five years of sampling at the UAF/IAB Toolik Field Station (data reviewed in April, 2008).

After combining the contaminant risk for bacteria and viruses with the natural susceptibility of the source, the overall vulnerability of the source to bacteria and virus contamination is considered **Medium**.

Nitrates and Nitrites

The contaminant risk for nitrates and nitrites is **Low** with quarries, a septic system, and a road contributing to the risk to the drinking water source.

The Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL) for nitrates is 10 milligrams per liter (mg/L). The MCL is the maximum level of contaminant that is allowed to exist in drinking water and still be consumed by humans without harmful health effects (EPA, 2008).

The sampling history for the water source indicates that no nitrates or nitrites have been detected within the last 5 years (data reviewed in April, 2008).

After combining the contaminant risk for nitrates and nitrites with the natural susceptibility of the source, the overall vulnerability of the source to contamination is **Medium**.

Volatile Organic Chemicals

The contaminant risk for volatile organic chemicals is **Medium** with quarries, a septic system, a heating oil tank, a pipeline, and a road contributing to the risk to the drinking water source.

The surface water source at the UAF/IAB Toolik Field Station has not recently been sampled for volatile organic chemicals (data reviewed in April, 2008).

After combining the contaminant risk for heavy metals with the natural susceptibility of the source, the overall vulnerability of the well to contamination is **High**.

Using the Source Water Assessment

This assessment of contaminant risks can be used as a foundation for local voluntary protection efforts as well as a basis for the continuous efforts on the part of UAF/IAB Toolik Field Station to protect public health. It is anticipated that Source Water Assessments will be updated every five years to reflect any changes in the vulnerability and/or susceptibility of the drinking water source.

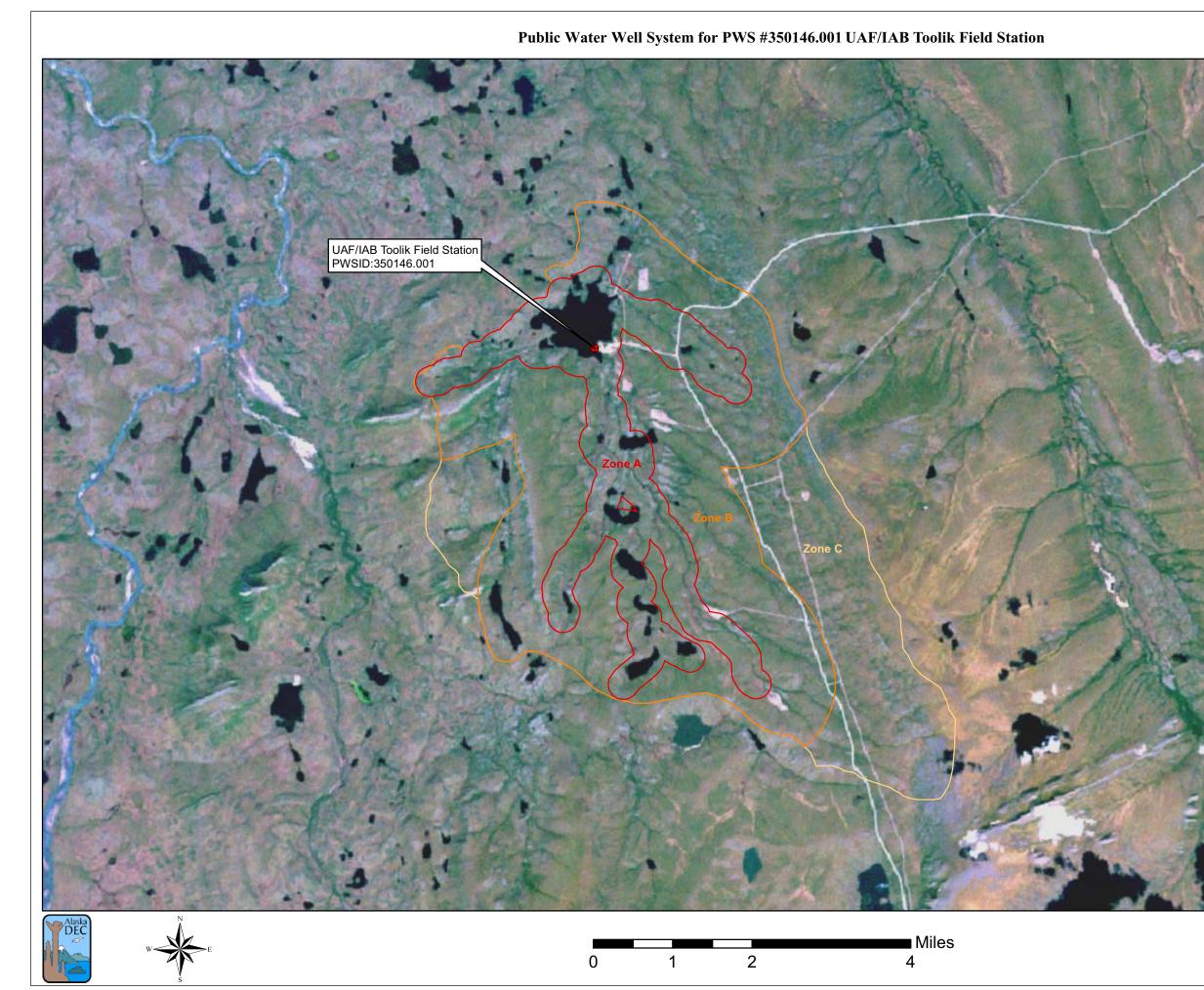
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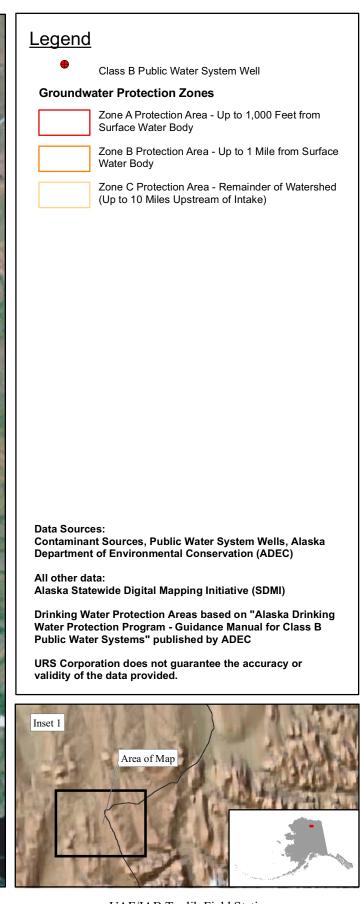
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APPENDIX A

UAF/IAB Toolik Field Station Drinking Water Protection Area Location Map (Map A)





UAF/IAB Toolik Field Station PWS 350146.001 Appendix A Map A

APPENDIX B

Contaminant Source Inventory and Risk Rankings for UAF/IAB Toolik Field Station (Tables 1 - 4)

Contaminant Source Inventory for UAF/IAB Toolik Field Station

Contaminant Source Type	Contaminant Source ID	CS ID tag	Zone	Map Number	Comments
Quarries (sand, gravel, rock, other?)	E10	E10-01	А	С	
Quarries (sand, gravel, rock, other?)	E10	E10-02	А	С	
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02	А	С	1 assumed septic system
Tanks, heating oil, residential (above ground)	R08	R08	А	С	1 assumed heating oil tank
Contaminated sites, DEC recognized, non-Superfund, non-RCRA	U04	U04-01	А	С	
Highways and roads, paved (cement or asphalt)	X20	X20	А	С	1 road
Pipelines (oil and gas)	X28	X28	А	С	
Quarries (sand, gravel, rock, other?)	E10	E10-03	В	С	
Quarries (sand, gravel, rock, other?)	E10	E10-04	В	С	
Highways and roads, paved (cement or asphalt)	X20	X20	В	С	1 road
Pipelines (oil and gas)	X28	X28	В	С	

Table 2

Contaminant Source Inventory and Risk Ranking for UAF/IAB Toolik Field Station

PWSID 350146.001

Sources of Bacteria and Viruses

Contaminant Source Type	Contaminant Source ID	CS ID tag	Zone	Risk Ranking for Analysis	Map Number	Comments
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02	А	Low	С	1 assumed septic system
Highways and roads, paved (cement or asphalt)	X20	X20	А	Low	С	1 road
Highways and roads, paved (cement or asphalt)	X20	X20	В	Low	С	1 road

Table 3

Contaminant Source Inventory and Risk Ranking for UAF/IAB Toolik Field Station

PWSID 350146.001

Sources of Nitrates/Nitrites

Contaminant Source Type	Contaminant Source ID	CS ID tag	Zone	Risk Ranking for Analysis	Map Number	Comments
Quarries (sand, gravel, rock, other?)	E10	E10-01	А	Low	С	
Quarries (sand, gravel, rock, other?)	E10	E10-02	А	Low	С	
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02	А	Low	С	1 assumed septic system
Highways and roads, paved (cement or asphalt)	X20	X20	А	Low	С	1 road
Quarries (sand, gravel, rock, other?)	E10	E10-03	В	Low	С	
Quarries (sand, gravel, rock, other?)	E10	E10-04	В	Low	С	
Highways and roads, paved (cement or asphalt)	X20	X20	В	Low	С	1 road

Table 4

Contaminant Source Inventory and Risk Ranking for UAF/IAB Toolik Field Station Sources of Volatile Organic Chemicals

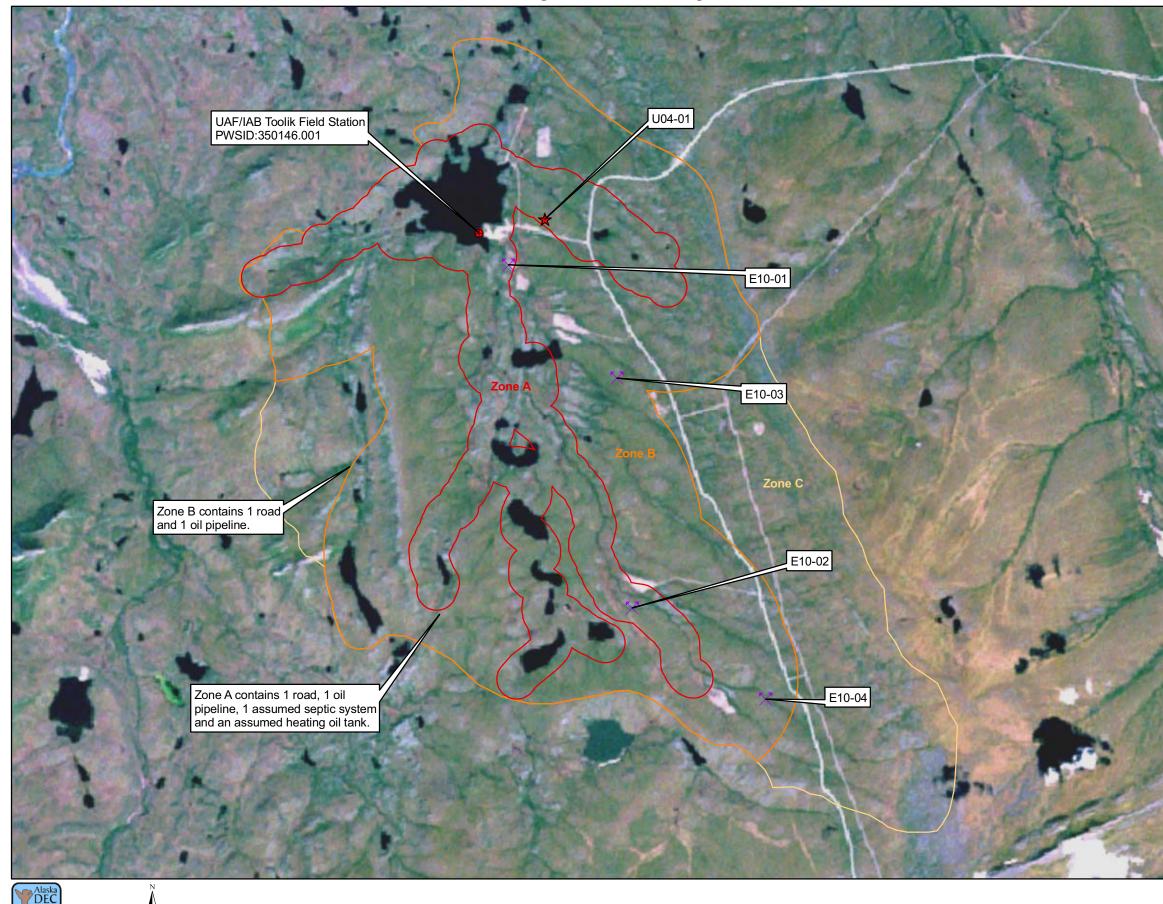
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Contaminant Source Type	Contaminant Source ID	CS ID tag	Zone	Risk Ranking for Analysis	Map Number	Comments
Quarries (sand, gravel, rock, other?)	E10	E10-01	А	Low	С	
Quarries (sand, gravel, rock, other?)	E10	E10-02	А	Low	С	
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02	А	Low	С	1 assumed septic system
Tanks, heating oil, residential (above ground)	R08	R08	А	Low	С	1 assumed heating oil tank
Highways and roads, paved (cement or asphalt)	X20	X20	А	Low	С	1 road
Pipelines (oil and gas)	X28	X28	А	Medium	С	
Quarries (sand, gravel, rock, other?)	E10	E10-03	В	Low	С	
Quarries (sand, gravel, rock, other?)	E10	E10-04	В	Low	С	
Highways and roads, paved (cement or asphalt)	X20	X20	В	Low	С	1 road
Pipelines (oil and gas)	X28	X28	В	Medium	С	

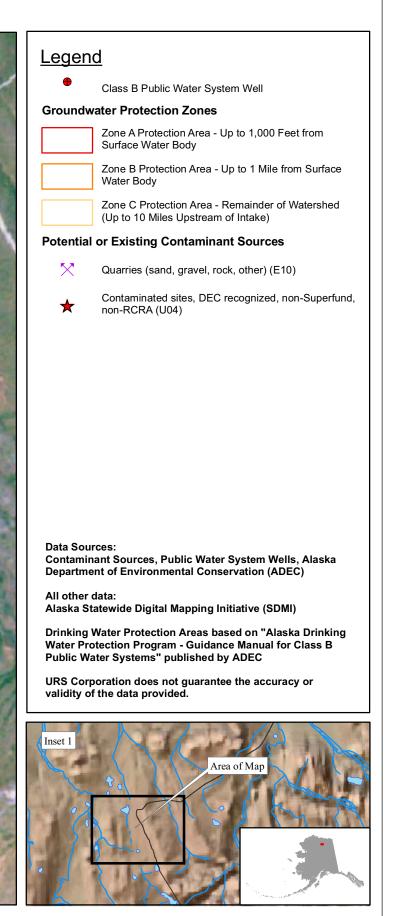
APPENDIX C

UAF/IAB Toolik Field Station Drinking Water Protection Area and Potential and Existing Contaminant Sources (Map C)

Public Water Well System for PWS # 350146.001 UAF/IAB Toolik Field Station Showing Potential and Existing Sources of Contamination







UAF/IAB Toolik Field Station PWS 350146.001

Appendix C Map C