

# *Source Water Assessment* for Matanuska Heights Dutchess

A Hydrogeologic Susceptibility and Vulnerability Assessment

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DRINKING WATER PROTECTION PROGRAM REPORT 400  
PWSID 227547.001

February 2002

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By Chris Miller

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# Hydrogeologic Susceptibility and Vulnerability Assessment for Matanuska Heights Dutchess Public Drinking Water Source, Palmer, Alaska

By Chris Miller, ADEC

## Drinking Water Protection Program Alaska Department of Environmental Conservation

### EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

The Matanuska Heights Dutchess is a Class A (community) drinking water source consisting of one well. Identified potential and current sources of contaminants for Matanuska Heights Dutchess includes large capacity septic systems, residential septic systems, paved roads, residential areas, underground tanks, motor vehicle waste disposal well and industrial process disposal wells and airport runways. These existing and potential sources of contamination are considered a source of bacteria and viruses, nitrates and/or nitrites, and volatile organic chemicals. Overall, Matanuska Heights Dutchess public water source received vulnerability rating of **High** for bacteria and viruses and nitrates/nitrites; **Medium** for volatile organic chemicals, heavy metals; and **Low** for synthetics organic chemicals and other organic chemicals

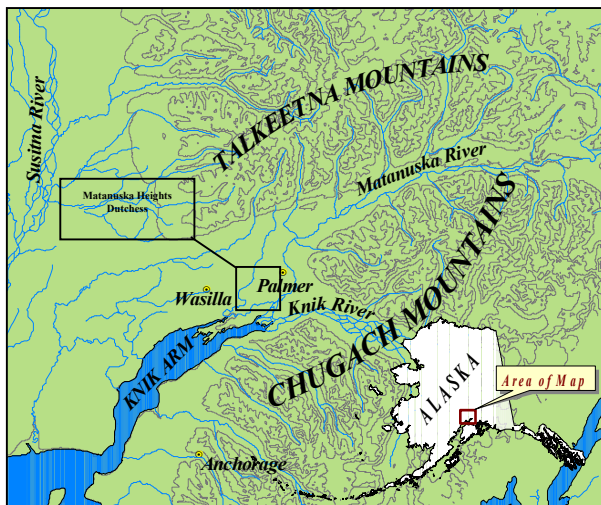


Figure 1. Index Map showing the location of the Matanuska-Susitna Valley and Sutton Elementary School

### INTRODUCTION

The purpose of this environmental assessment is to provide public water system owners/operators, communities, and local governments with information they can use to preserve the quality of Alaska's public drinking water supplies. This assessment was completed for the Matanuska Heights Dutchess source of public drinking water. This source consists of one well in the Sutton area (Figure 1). This assessment, known under the Alaska Drinking Water Protection Program as the *Source Water Assessment*, has combined a review of the natural hydrogeologic sensitivity with potential and existing contaminant risks to arrive at an overall vulnerability of the drinking water source to contamination. This assessment has been completed as a basis for local voluntary protection efforts and to assist agencies in their efforts to reduce risk to this public drinking water supply.

### DESCRIPTION OF THE MATANUSKA-SUSITNA VALLEY-AREA, ALASKA

#### Location

The Matanuska-Susitna Valley is part of the lowland lying about 50 miles north of Anchorage in south-central Alaska. The well described in this report is part of the Matanuska River Watershed. This study area is roughly bounded on the north by the Talkeetna Mountains; on the west by Wasilla Creek; on the south by the Knik River; and on the east by the Chugach Mountains. The area covers approximately 150 square miles.

#### Climate

The climate of the Matanuska-Susitna Valley is the result of a combination of marine and continental influences. The climate is somewhat transitional in that it does not experience large daily and annual temperature fluctuations like those experienced in the

interior of Alaska nor does it experience high amounts of precipitation typified by gulf coast regions. Mean annual precipitation is approximately 15 inches per year. On the average, the Valley receives a total snow accumulation of 58 inches per year. Precipitation generally increased inland toward the Talkeetna Mountains where annual precipitation may exceed 60 inches. Mean daily temperature ranges from 67° F during July to 5° F in January [*Western Regional Climate Center, 2000*].

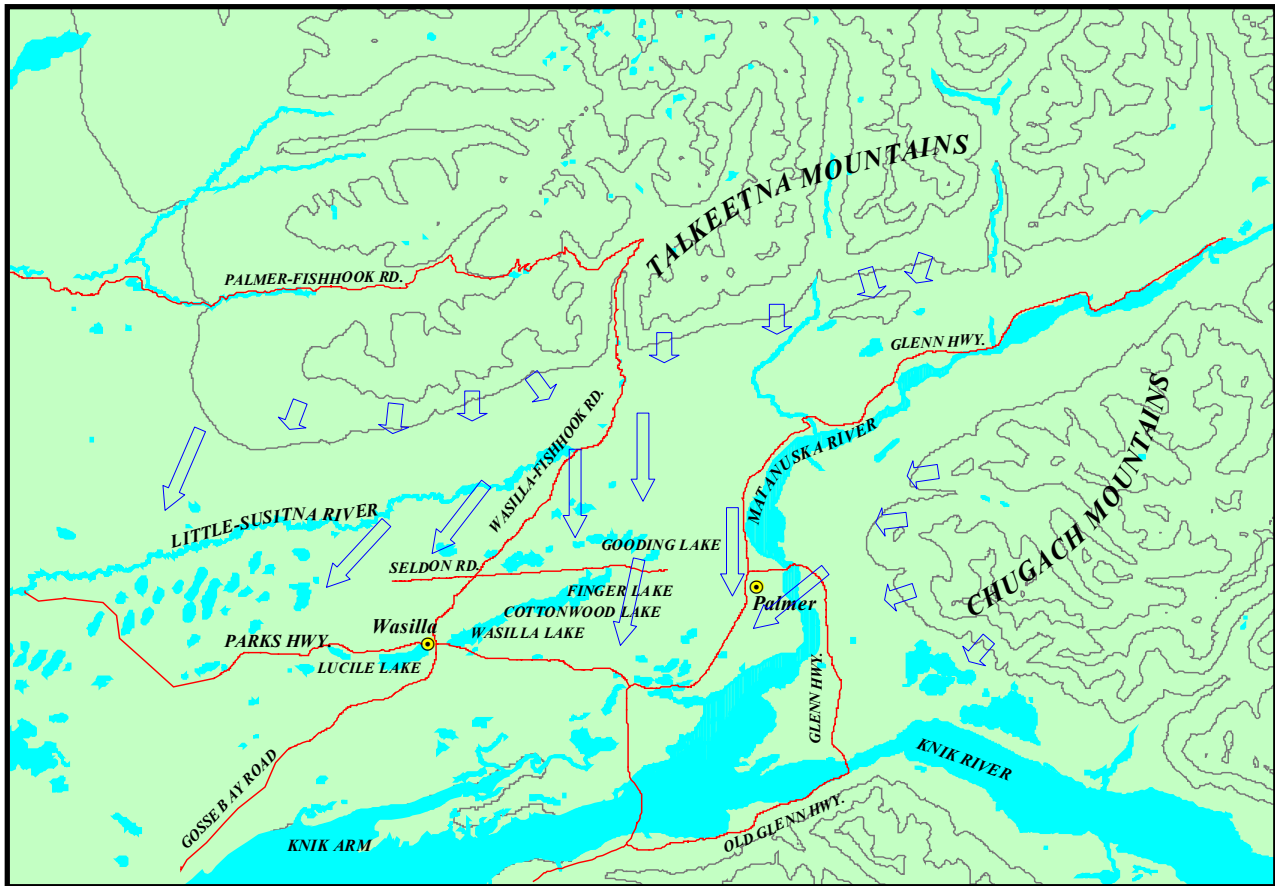
**Physiography and Groundwater Conditions**

The Matanuska-Susitna Valley is surrounded by rugged mountains that rise abruptly above the valley floor. The Chugach Mountains at the southern edge of the valley reach altitudes greater than 6300 feet. These mountains are composed primarily of metamorphosed sedimentary marine and volcanic rocks. Along the northern edge of the valley, peaks in the Talkeetna Mountains reach altitudes of 3000 to 5000 feet. The Talkeetna Mountains are composed mainly of igneous rocks, chiefly granite intrusives and

subordinate lavas and tuffs; Cretaceous and Tertiary sedimentary rocks form the south flank of the mountains. Although the altitude of the valley floor ranges from sea level at Knik Arm to 1000 feet at the base of Wishbone Hill, the local relief is commonly not more than 100 to 200 feet.

The Matanuska and Knik River’s drain the area. These rivers are braided glacial outwash streams having wide floodplains. Drainage is poor in many interstream tracts resulting in large areas of swampy ground with shallow lakes occupying depressions.

The Matanuska-Susitna Valley is floored with unconsolidated deposits, chiefly glacial drift that represents several episodes of glacial advances and retreats. The drift includes till, outwash stream deposits, and estuarine and lake deposits. Physiographic features formed by these deposits in or adjacent to the study area include end moraine, lateral moraines, eskers, crevasse fillings, and other pitted



**Figure 2. Map showing groundwater flow in the Matanuska-Susitna Valley (Jokela, Munter and Evans, 1991).**

features, river terraces, outwash floodplains and an extensive estuarine flat (Trainer, 1960).

The glacial till and bedrock form aquifers of minor importance. The chief hydrologic significance of the till is in confining the artesian aquifer. Generally, the till is poorly permeable, although locally thin layers of sand may yield small quantities of water. Till that is present at or near the land surface in much of the area makes the acquisition of shallow groundwater difficult. The bedrock is poorly permeable. It yields water only from fractures, whose location and frequency cannot be easily predicted.

The chief aquifers are composed of outwash sand and gravel laid down by melt-water streams or in lakes. The outwash deposits are of two chief forms. The first consists of sheet-like deposits that lie just beneath the ground surface. These deposits range in thickness from a few feet to more than 100 feet. They typically rest on till or bedrock. The water in these deposits is unconfined. The other outwash deposits are buried beneath till. They are known to be as much as 50 to 60 feet thick, and probably are considerably thicker in some places. They commonly contain confined, or artesian, groundwater. Well logs and data from pumping tests suggest that outwash sand and gravel form a continuous or nearly continuous sheet in an area of more than 10 square miles north and west of Palmer (Jakola et al, 1991).

In the Mat-Su Valley, groundwater is primarily recharged by snowmelt and precipitation infiltrating both directly and also from the infiltration into the foothill slopes of the Talkeetna and Chugach Mountains. In addition,, aquifers may be recharged by streams where surface water percolates into surrounding permeable sediments (losing reaches of streams). This is the case for the water-table aquifers in the terrace south of Palmer and in the Bodenbug Butte area, which receive underground flow from the Matanuska River. Groundwater flow in the confined aquifers is generally from the north and north-northwest. The direction of groundwater flow in the upper unconfined aquifer is more variable due to the influence from surficial topography as well as its close connection with surface water bodies (Trainer,1960).

### **MATANUSKA HEIGHTS DUTCHESS PUBLIC WATER SOURCE**

Matanuska Heights Dutchess public water source is a Class A (community) water source, which is privately owned and operated. The source consists of one well located approximately 1 mile north of the Parks Highway and 700 ft east of Trunk Road. The well is at

an approximate elevation of 360 feet above sea level. . Records show the well penetrates sand and gravel to a depth of 161 ft below the surface. There is no evidence of a confining layer. The static water level when the well was 50 feet below the surface at the time of drilling (6/13/83). The well is screened from 151' to 161' and is not grouted. Grouting is a seal surrounding the well casing. Grouting helps protect ground water resource from surface and/or subsurface contamination (NGWA, 2001).

The water system at Matanuska Heights Dutchess collectively serves approximately 49 residents through three service connections and operates 365 days per year.

### **ASSESSMENT AND PROTECTION AREA FOR MATANUSKA HEIGHTS DUTCHESS DRINKING WATER SOURCE**

The Drinking Water Protection and Assessment Area that has been established for Matanuska Heights Dutchess is the area that is most sensitive to contamination. This area has served as a basis for assessing the risk of the drinking water source to contamination. This zone around the drinking water source is the most critical area for the preservation of the quality of the drinking water for this source. For simplicity, this area will be known as your Drinking Water Protection Area and will serve as the area of focus for voluntary protection efforts.

Conceptually, groundwater enters the aquifer systems along the front range of the Talkeetna Mountains and flows toward Cook Inlet. An analytical calculation was used to calculate the size and shape of the area that contributes water to the well. The input parameters describing the attributes of the aquifer in this calculation were adopted from the well log and the recent Sanitary Survey. This analytical calculation was used as a guide in establishing the protection area for Matanuska Heights Dutchess. Additional methods were further employed to take into account any uncertainties in groundwater flow and aquifer characteristics to arrive at a meaningful and conservative protection area with respect to public health (Please refer to the Guidance Manual for Class A Public Water Systems for additional information).

The Drinking Water Protection Areas established for wells by the Alaska Department of Environmental Conservation (ADEC) are separated into zones. These zones correspond to a time-of-travel. Time-of-travel is the time required for water to move in the saturated zone of the ground from a specific point to the well. The Drinking Water Protection Areas for Matanuska

Heights Dutchess contains four zones, Zone A, Zone B, Zone C and Zone D (Map 1, Appendix A). Zone A corresponds to the area between the well and the distance equal to ¼ of the distance of the 2-year time-of-travel. Depending on where a contaminant source is located within Zone A, travel time for a contaminant to the well may be on the order of several days to several hours. Zone A also extends down gradient from the well to take into account the area of the aquifer that is influenced by pumping of the well. The Zone B protection area for Matanuska Heights Dutchess corresponds to a time-of-travel of less than two years and extends toward base of the Talkeetna Mountains. Zone C protection area corresponds to a time-of-travel of greater than 2 years and less than 5 years. Zone D corresponds to a time-of-travel of greater than 5 years and less than 10 years.

**INVENTORY OF POTENTIAL AND EXISTING CONTAMINANT SOURCES**

The Drinking Water Protection Program has completed an inventory of potential and existing sources of contamination within Matanuska Heights Dutchess Drinking Water Protection Area. This survey was completed through a search of agency records and other publicly available information.

Potential sources of contamination to drinking water supplies cover a wide range of categories and types. Potential drinking water contaminants are found within agricultural, residential, commercial, and industrial areas, but can also occur within areas that have little or no development.

For the basis of this assessment and all Class A public water system assessments, six categories of drinking water contaminants were inventoried. They include:

- Bacteria and viruses
- Nitrates and/or nitrites
- Volatile organic chemicals
- Heavy metals, cyanide, and other inorganic chemicals
- Synthetic organic chemicals
- Other organic chemicals

Table 1 in Appendix C lists the Contaminant Source Inventory for Matanuska Heights Dutchess. Below is a summary of the categories of the contaminant sources inventoried within the Equestrian Acres protection area:

- Paved roads
- Residential Septic Systems
- Residential Areas

- Large Capacity Septic Systems (Class V Injection Wells)
- Underground Tanks
- Industrial Process Water Disposal (Class V Injection Wells)
- Motor Vehicle Waste Disposal Well (Class V Injection Wells)
- Airport runways.

These potential contaminant sources present risks for all six categories of drinking water contaminants for Matanuska Heights Dutchess drinking water source.

**RANKING OF CONTAMINANT RISKS**

Potential and existing sources of contamination have been identified, sorted, and ranked according to what type and level of risk they represent. Ranking of contaminant risks for a “potential” or “existing” source of contamination is a function of toxicity and volumes of specific contaminants associated with that source. Contaminant risks are further a function of the number and density of those types of contaminant sources as well as the proximity of those sources to the well (Appendices B & C).

**VULNERABILITY OF MATANUSKA HEIGHTS DUTCHESS DRINKING WATER SOURCES**

Vulnerability of a drinking water source to contamination is a combination of two factors:

- Natural susceptibility; and
- Contaminant risks.

Each of the three categories of drinking water contaminants has been analyzed and an overall vulnerability score of 0 to 100 is ultimately assigned:

$$\begin{aligned}
 &\text{Natural Susceptibility (0 – 50 points)} \\
 &\qquad\qquad\qquad + \\
 &\text{Contaminant Risks (0 – 50 points)} \\
 &\qquad\qquad\qquad = \\
 &\text{Vulnerability of the} \\
 &\text{Drinking Water Source to Contamination (0 – 100).}
 \end{aligned}$$

A score for the Natural Susceptibility is achieved by analyzing the properties of the well and the aquifer.

$$\begin{aligned}
 &\text{Susceptibility of the Wellhead (0 – 25 Points)} \\
 &\qquad\qquad\qquad +
 \end{aligned}$$

Susceptibility of the Aquifer (0 – 25 Points)

= Natural Susceptibility (Susceptibility of the Well)  
(0 – 50 Points)

The Matanuska Heights Dutchess well is completed in an unconfined aquifer and is not grouted; therefore, the source water is more susceptible to contamination. Contaminants may enter the aquifer uninhibited by any protective layer and/or enter through the space next to the well casing.

Combining the susceptibilities of the wellhead and the aquifer to contamination leads to a score (0 – 50 points) and rating of overall Susceptibility (Appendix D). Table 1 shows the overall Susceptibility score and rating for Matanuska Heights Dutchess.

**Table 1. Natural Susceptibility - Susceptibility of the Wellheads and Aquifer to Contamination**

	Score	Rating
Susceptibility of the Wellheads	5	Low
Susceptibility of the Aquifer	18	High
Natural Susceptibility	23	Medium

Contaminant risks to a drinking water source depend on the type, number or density, and distribution of contaminant sources. A score (0 – 50 points) and rating of Contaminant Risks (See Appendix D) is assigned based on the findings of the Contaminant Source Inventory (See Appendix B - Table 1 – Table 7). This portion of the analysis examines recent existing or historical contamination that has been detected at the drinking water sources through routine sampling. It also reviews contamination that has or may have occurred but has not arrived or been detected at the either well. Table 2 summarizes the Contaminant Risks for each category of drinking water contaminants.

Table 2. Contaminant Risks

Contaminant Risks	Score	Rating
Bacteria and Viruses	50	Very High
Nitrates and/or Nitrites	50	Very High
Volatile Organic Chemicals	32	High
Heavy Metals, Cyanide, And Other Inorganic Chemicals	12	Low
Synthetic Organic Chemicals	12	Low
Other Organic Chemicals	12	Low

Appendix D contains fourteen charts, which together form the ‘Vulnerability Analysis’ for a Class A public drinking water system. Chart 1 analyzes the ‘Susceptibility of the Wellhead’ to contamination by looking at the construction of the well and its surrounding area. Chart 2 analyzes the ‘Susceptibility of the Aquifer’ to contamination by looking at the naturally occurring attributes of the water source and influences on the groundwater system that might lead to contamination. Chart 3 analyzes ‘Contaminant Risks’ for the drinking water source with respect to bacteria and viruses. The ‘Contaminant Risks’ portion of the analysis considers potential sources of contaminants as well as a review of contamination that has or may have occurred but has not arrived or been detected at the well. Lastly, Chart 4 contains the ‘Vulnerability Analysis for Bacteria and Viruses’. Charts 5 through 14 contain the Contaminant Risks and Vulnerability Analysis for nitrates and nitrites, volatile organic chemicals, heavy metals, synthetic organic chemicals, and other organic chemicals, respectively.

Vulnerability of drinking water sources to contamination is the combination of susceptibility of the aquifer and the well with contaminant risks. Table 3 contains the overall vulnerability scores (0 – 100) and ratings for each of the six categories of drinking water contaminants (See Appendix D). Note: scores are rounded off to the nearest five.

Table 3. Overall Vulnerability of Matanuska Heights Dutchess Public Drinking Water Source to Contamination by Category

Category	Score	Rating
Bacteria and Viruses	75	High
Nitrates and Nitrites	75	High
Volatile Organic Chemicals	55	Medium
Heavy Metals, Cyanide, and Other Inorganic Chemicals	53	Medium
Synthetic Organic Chemicals	35	Low
Other Organic Chemicals	35	Low

Tables 2 through 7 in Appendix B contain the ranking of potential and existing sources of contamination with respect to bacteria and viruses, nitrates and/or nitrites, heavy metals, synthetic organic chemicals, and other organic chemicals, respectively.

The contamination risk for the Bacteria/Viruses is driven by the potential risk associated with large



capacity septic systems (Class V Injection Wells) and residential septic systems. No detection of Bacteria and Viruses has occurred in recent sampling history. Combining the contamination risk with the natural susceptibility of the well leads to an overall vulnerability to bacteria and virus contamination of high.

The contamination risk for Nitrate/Nitrites is driven by the potential risk associated with large capacity septic systems (Class V Injection Wells) and residential septic systems and the risk associated with existing contamination. Recent historical sampling data indicates that Nitrates were detected at 9% the maximum contaminant level (MCL) of 10 mg/l during the most recent sampling event (7/12/01). (See Chart 5 – Contaminant Risks for Nitrates and/or Nitrites in Appendix D.) The MCL is the maximum level of contaminant that is allowed to exist in drinking water and still be consumed by humans without harmful effects. Combining the contamination risk with the natural susceptibility of the well leads to an overall vulnerability to nitrate/nitrite contamination of high.

Nitrates and/or nitrites are found in natural background concentration at this site, as elsewhere in Alaska. Other sources of nitrate and/or nitrites are human sewage, livestock manure, especially from feedlots and fertilizers. Due to high solubility and weak retention by soil, nitrates are very mobile often moving at approximately the same rate as water. It is unknown whether the existing contamination is naturally occurring or human influenced. According to the Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA), short-term exposure to levels excessively above the MCL has caused serious illness and sometimes death. Serious illness in infants can occur due to the conversion of nitrate to nitrite by the body, which can interfere with the oxygen-carrying capacity of the child's blood. This can be an acute condition in which health deteriorates rapidly over a period of days. Symptoms include shortness of breath and blueness of the skin. Long term exposure to nitrates and nitrites at levels above the MCL can lead to diuresis, increased starchy deposits and hemorrhaging of the spleen (USEPA, 2001).

Because naturally occurring nitrate levels are typically less than 2 mg/l (or 20% the MCL), it is suspected that the nitrate levels detected are naturally occurring. (Wang, Strelakos, Jokela, 2000).

Large capacity septic systems, residential septic systems and residential area and airport runways drive the contaminant risks for nitrates/nitrites and bacteria and viruses. Large capacity septic systems (LCSS's) serving 20 or more individuals are regulated by the

EPA through the federal Underground Injection Control Program (UICP) (USEPA, 1999).

The contaminant risks for volatile organic chemicals are driven by the potential risk associated with roads, large capacity septic systems, underground tanks, residential areas, residential septic systems, airports, industrial process waste water disposal wells and motor vehicle waste disposal wells

Industrial process wastewater disposal and motor vehicle waste disposal wells are regulated by the USEP underground Injection Control Program. (USEPA, 2001)

Recent historical sampling indicate no detection of volatile organic chemicals. Combining the contaminant risk with the natural susceptibility of the well leads to an overall vulnerability to volatile organic chemical contamination of medium.

The contaminant risks for heavy metals and inorganic are driven by the potential risks associated with roads, large capacity septic systems, residential areas and residential area septic systems and the risks associated with existing contamination.

Recent historical sampling indicates that nickel was detected at very low levels. Sampling done on 9/12/01 detected barium at 0.0172 mg/l (<1% of the MCL of 2 mg/l); chromium 0.00456 mg/l (4.5% of the MCL of 0.1 mg/l; Nickel 0.0237 mg/l (2.4% of the MCL of 0.1 mg/l). Combining the contaminant risk with the natural susceptibility of the well leads to an overall vulnerability to heavy metals and inorganic chemical contamination of medium. Barium is a lustrous, machinable metal, which exists in nature in ores containing mixtures of elements. It is used in making a wide variety of electronic components, in metal alloys, bleaches, dyes, fireworks, ceramics and glass. In particular, it is used in well drilling operations where it is directly released into the ground (USEPA, 2002).

The EPA has found barium to potentially cause gastrointestinal disturbances and muscular weakness at levels above the MCL when exposed for relatively short periods of time. Long term exposure above the MCL has the potential to cause high blood pressure (USEPA, 2002). The levels detected at Matanuska Heights Dutchess are very low and remain safe for human consumption. It is unknown whether the existing contamination is naturally occurring or human influenced.

Chromium is a metal found in natural deposits as ores containing other elements. The greatest use of

chromium is in metal alloys such as stainless steel; protective coatings on metal; magnetic tapes; and pigments for paints, cement, paper, rubber, composition floor covering and other materials. Its soluble forms are used in wood preservatives (USEPA, 2002).

The EPA has found chromium to potentially cause skin irritation or ulceration. at levels above the MCL when exposed for relatively short periods of time. Long term exposure above the MCL has the potential to cause skin irritation and damage to liver, kidney circulatory and nerve tissues (USEPA, 2002). The levels detected at Matanuska Heights Dutchess are very low and remain safe for human consumption. It is unknown whether the existing contamination is naturally occurring or human influenced.

According to the United States Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA), nickel is a metal found in natural deposits as ores containing other elements. The greatest use of nickel is in making stainless steel and other alloys.

Nickel is not known to cause any health problems when people are exposed to it at levels above the MCL for relatively short periods of time. Nickel has the potential to cause the following effects from long term exposure at levels above the MCL: decreased body weight; heart and liver damage; skin irritation. (USEPA, 2001). The levels detected at Matanuska Heights Dutchess are very low and remain safe for human consumption. It is unknown whether the existing contamination is naturally occurring or human influenced.

The contaminant risks for synthetic organic chemicals are driven by the potential risk associated with residential septic systems and residential areas.

Recent sampling history indicates that no synthetic organic contamination has been detected. Combining the contaminant risk with the natural susceptibility of the well leads to an overall vulnerability to synthetic chemical contamination of low.

The contamination risk for other organic chemicals is driven by the potential risk associated with roads, septic systems and residential areas.

Recent sampling history indicates that no contamination from other organic chemicals have been detected. Combining the contaminant risk with the natural susceptibility of the well leads to an overall vulnerability to other organic chemical contamination of low.

## SUMMARY

A *Source Water Assessment* has been completed for the source of public drinking water serving Matanuska Heights Dutchess. The overall vulnerability of this source to contamination is **High** for nitrate/nitrite and bacteria and viruses; and **Low** for volatile organic chemicals, heavy metals and inorganic chemicals, synthetic organic chemicals and other organic chemicals. This assessment of contaminant risks can be used as a foundation for local voluntary protection efforts as well as a basis for the continuous efforts on the part of Matanuska Heights Dutchess to protect public health. It is anticipated that *Source Water Assessments* will be updated every five years to reflect any changes in the vulnerability and/or susceptibility of Matanuska Heights Dutchess's public drinking water source.

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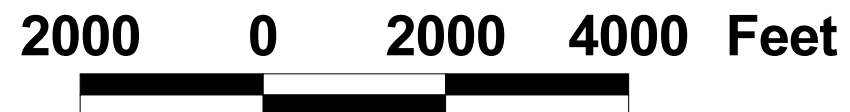
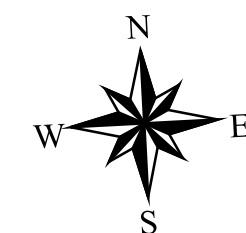
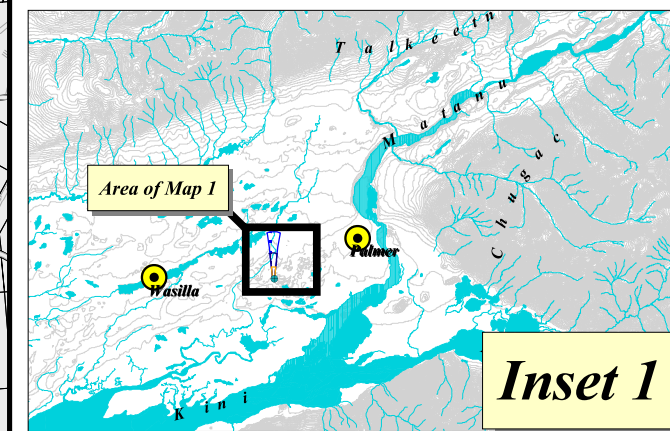
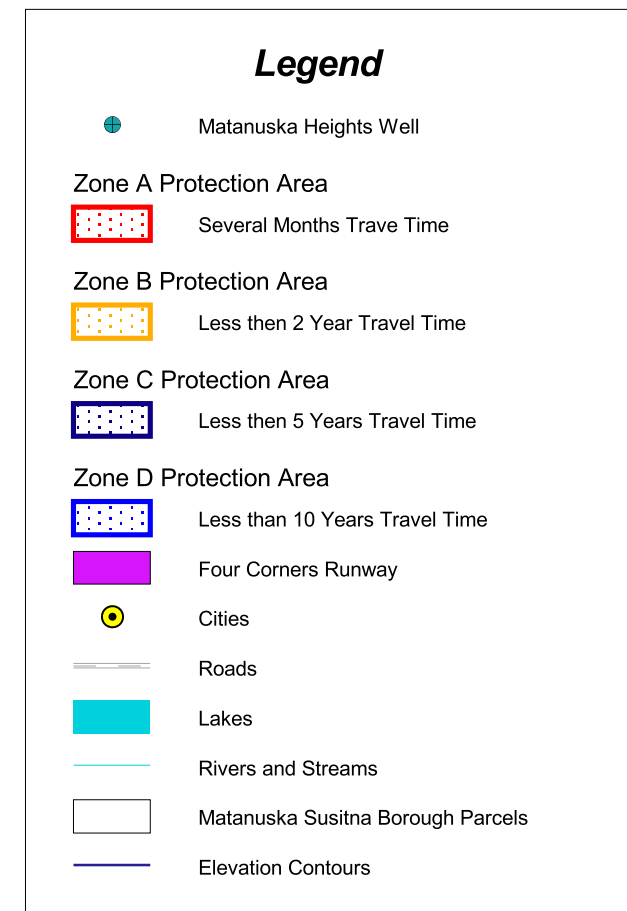
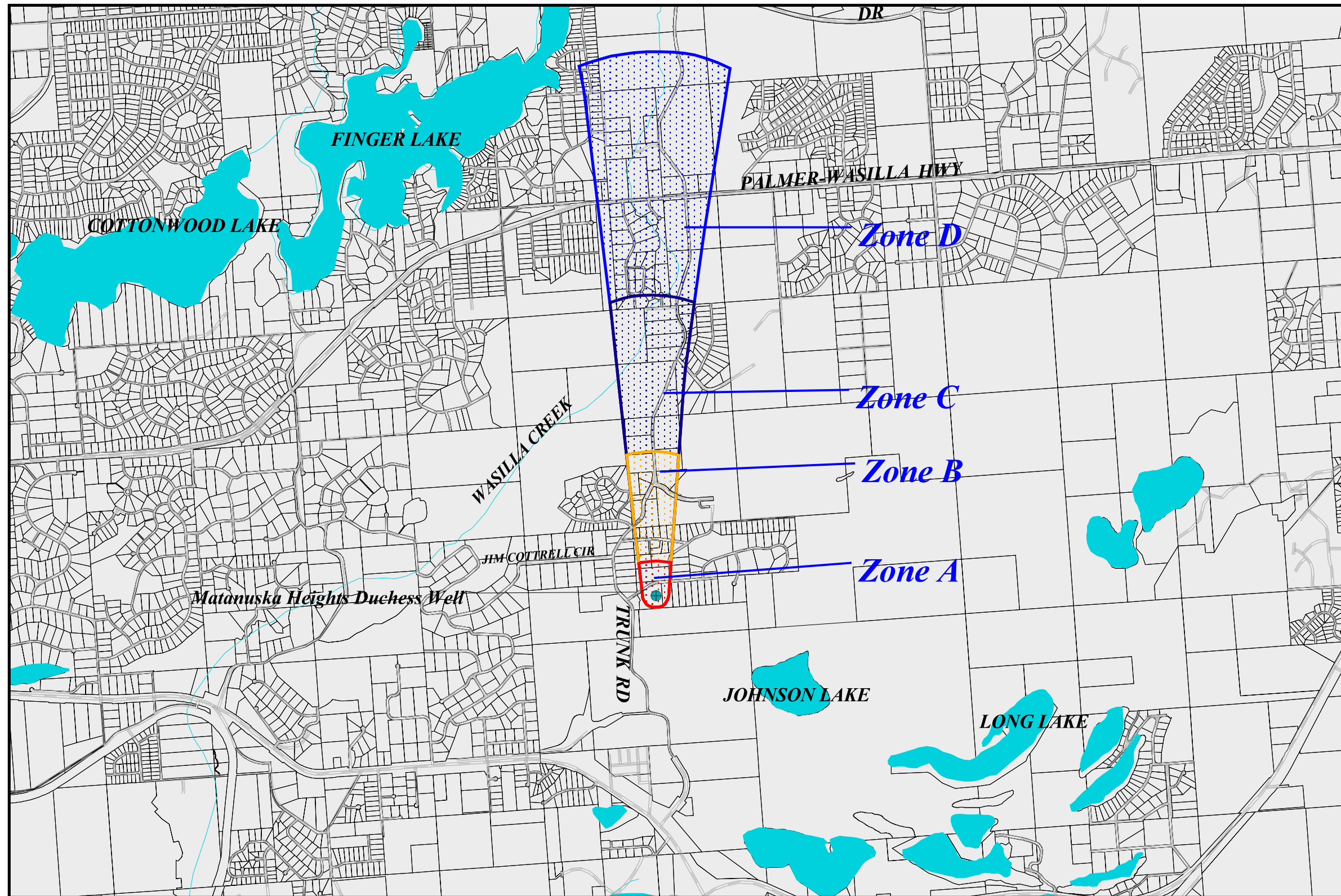
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## **APPENDIX A**

### **Matanuska Heights Dutchess Drinking Water Protection Area**

# Drinking Water Protection Area for Matanuska Heights Dutchess



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**Map 1**

## **APPENDIX B**

### **Contaminant Source Inventory and Risk Ranking for Matanuska Heights Dutchess**

**Table 1**

**Contaminant Source Inventory for  
Matanuska Heights Dutchess**

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<b>Contaminant Source Type</b>	<b>Contaminant Source ID</b>	<b>CS ID tag</b>	<b>Zone</b>	<b>Location</b>	<b>Map Number</b>	<b>Comments</b>
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-01	A	Near Duchess Drive	3	
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-02	A	Near Trunk Drive	3	
Residential Areas	R01	R01-01	A	Residential Area in Zone A	2	6 acres
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-01	A	Near Trunk Road	3	
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-02	A	Near Trunk Road	3	
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-03	A	Near Cottrell Campus Road	3	
Highways and roads, paved (cement or asphalt)	X20	X20-01	A	Duchess Drive	2	
Highways and roads, paved (cement or asphalt)	X20	X20-03	A	Cottrell Campus Drive	2	
Residential Areas	R01	R01-02	B	Residential Area in Zone B	2	17 acres
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-04	B	Near Cottrell Campus Road	3	
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-05	B	Near Cottrell Campus Road	3	
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-06	B	Near Cottrell Campus Road	3	
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-07	B	Near Trunk Road	3	
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-08	B	Near Timber Way	3	
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-09	B	Near Warmwood Way	3	
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-10	B	Near Warmwood Way	3	
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-11	B	Near Warmwood Way	3	
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-12	B	Near Warmwood Way	3	
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-13	B	Near Warmwood Way	3	
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-14	B	Near Warmview Way	3	
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-15	B	Near Warmwood Way	3	
Tanks, gasoline (underground)	T12	T12-01	B	Off College Drive and Trunk Road	3	
Highways and roads, paved (cement or asphalt)	X20	X20-02	B	Cottrell Campus Drive	2	

<i>Contaminant Source Type</i>	<i>Contaminant Source ID</i>	<i>CS ID tag</i>	<i>Zone</i>	<i>Location</i>	<i>Map Number</i>	<i>Comments</i>
Highways and roads, paved (cement or asphalt)	X20	X20-04	B	Trunk Road	2	
Highways and roads, paved (cement or asphalt)	X20	X20-05	B	College Drive	2	
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-03	C	Near Trunk Drive	3	
Residential Areas	R01	R01-03	C	Residential Area in Zone C	2	37 acres
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-16-27	C	Residential Septics in Zone C	4	
Highways and roads, paved (cement or asphalt)	X20	X20-06	C	Marcell Loop	2	
Highways and roads, paved (cement or asphalt)	X20	X20-07	C	Kbard Lane	2	
Highways and roads, paved (cement or asphalt)	X20	X20-08	C	Ronile Lane	2	
Highways and roads, paved (cement or asphalt)	X20	X20-09	C	Little Brook Lane	2	
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-04	D	Winding Brook Loop	4	
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-05	D	Winding Brook Loop	4	
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-06	D	Winding Brook Loop	4	
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-07	D	Winding Brook Loop	4	
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-08	D	Palmer Wasilla Highway	4	
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-09	D	Palmer Wasilla Highway	4	
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-10	D	Palmer Wasilla Highway	4	
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-11	D	Palmer Wasilla Highway	4	
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-12	D	Palmer Wasilla Highway	4	
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-13	D	Trunk Road	4	
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-14	D	Green Forest Drive	4	
Injection wells (Class V) Industrial Process Water & Water Disposal Wells	D40	D40-01	D	Green Forest Drive	4	



<i>Contaminant Source Type</i>	<i>Contaminant Source ID</i>	<i>CS ID tag</i>	<i>Zone</i>	<i>Location</i>	<i>Map Number</i>	<i>Comments</i>
Injection wells (Class V) Motor Vehicle Waste Disposal Well	D42	D42-01	D	Palmer Wasilla Highway	4	
Airports	X14	X14-01	D	Four Corners Runway	4	

Table 2

*Contaminant Source Inventory and Risk Ranking for  
Matanuska Heights Dutchess  
Sources of Bacteria and Viruses*

PWSID 227547.001

<i>Contaminant Source Type</i>	<i>Contaminant Source ID</i>	<i>CS ID tag</i>	<i>Zone</i>	<i>Risk Ranking for Analysis</i>	<i>Location</i>	<i>Map Number</i>	<i>Comments</i>
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-01	A	High	Near Duchess Drive	3	
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-02	A	High	Near Trunk Drive	3	
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-01	A	Low	Near Trunk Road	3	
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-02	A	Low	Near Trunk Road	3	
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-03	A	Low	Near Cottrell Campus Road	3	
Residential Areas	R01	R01-01	A	Low	Residential Area in Zone A	2	6 acres
Highways and roads, paved (cement or asphalt)	X20	X20-01	A	Low	Duchess Drive	2	
Highways and roads, paved (cement or asphalt)	X20	X20-03	A	Low	Cottrell Campus Drive	2	
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-04	B	Low	Near Cottrell Campus Road	3	
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-05	B	Low	Near Cottrell Campus Road	3	
Residential Areas	R01	R01-02	B	Low	Residential Area in Zone B	2	17 acres
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-06	B	Low	Near Cottrell Campus Road	3	
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-07	B	Low	Near Trunk Road	3	
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-08	B	Low	Near Timber Way	3	
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-09	B	Low	Near Warmwood Way	3	
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-10	B	Low	Near Warmwood Way	3	
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-11	B	Low	Near Warmwood Way	3	
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-12	B	Low	Near Warmwood Way	3	
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-13	B	Low	Near Warmwood Way	3	
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-14	B	Low	Near Warmview Way	3	
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-15	B	Low	Near Warmwood Way	3	
Highways and roads, paved (cement or asphalt)	X20	X20-02	B	Low	Cottrell Campus Drive	2	
Highways and roads, paved (cement or asphalt)	X20	X20-04	B	Low	Trunk Road	2	

**Table 2 (continued)**

*Contaminant Source Inventory and Risk Ranking for  
Matanuska Heights Dutchess  
Sources of Bacteria and Viruses*

**PWSID 227547.001**

<b>Contaminant Source Type</b>	<b>Contaminant Source ID</b>	<b>CS ID tag</b>	<b>Zone</b>	<b>Risk Ranking for Analysis</b>	<b>Location</b>	<b>Map Number</b>	<b>Comments</b>
Highways and roads, paved (cement or asphalt)	X20	X20-05	B	Low	College Drive	2	
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-03	C	High	Near Trunk Drive	3	
Residential Areas	R01	R01-03	C	Low	Residential Area in Zone C	2	37 acres
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-16-27	C	Low	Residential Septics in Zone C	4	
Highways and roads, paved (cement or asphalt)	X20	X20-06	C	Low	Marcell Loop	2	
Highways and roads, paved (cement or asphalt)	X20	X20-07	C	Low	Kbard Lane	2	
Highways and roads, paved (cement or asphalt)	X20	X20-08	C	Low	Ronile Lane	2	
Highways and roads, paved (cement or asphalt)	X20	X20-09	C	Low	Little Brook Lane	2	
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-04	D	High	Winding Brook Loop	4	
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-05	D	High	Winding Brook Loop	4	
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-06	D	High	Winding Brook Loop	4	
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-07	D	High	Winding Brook Loop	4	
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-08	D	High	Palmer Wasilla Highway	4	
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-09	D	High	Palmer Wasilla Highway	4	
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-10	D	High	Palmer Wasilla Highway	4	
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-11	D	High	Palmer Wasilla Highway	4	
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-12	D	High	Palmer Wasilla Highway	4	
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-13	D	High	Trunk Road	4	
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-14	D	High	Green Forest Drive	4	

*Table 2 (continued)*

*Contaminant Source Inventory and Risk Ranking for  
Matanuska Heights Dutchess  
Sources of Bacteria and Viruses*

*PWSID 227547.001*

<i>Contaminant Source Type</i>	<i>Contaminant Source ID</i>	<i>CS ID tag</i>	<i>Zone</i>	<i>Risk Ranking for Analysis</i>	<i>Location</i>	<i>Map Number</i>	<i>Comments</i>
Injection wells (Class V) Industrial Process Water & Water Disposal Wells	D40	D40-01	D	High	Green Forest Drive	4	
Injection wells (Class V) Motor Vehicle Waste Disposal Well	D42	D42-01	D	Low	Palmer Wasilla Highway	4	

Table 3

*Contaminant Source Inventory and Risk Ranking for  
Matanuska Heights Dutchess  
Sources of Nitrates/Nitrites*

PWSID 227547.001

<i>Contaminant Source Type</i>	<i>Contaminant Source ID</i>	<i>CS ID tag</i>	<i>Zone</i>	<i>Risk Ranking for Analysis</i>	<i>Location</i>	<i>Map Number</i>	<i>Comments</i>
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-01	A	High	Near Duchess Drive	3	
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-02	A	High	Near Trunk Drive	3	
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-01	A	Low	Near Trunk Road	3	
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-02	A	Low	Near Trunk Road	3	
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-03	A	Low	Near Cottrell Campus Road	3	
Residential Areas	R01	R01-01	A	Low	Residential Area in Zone A	2	6 acres
Highways and roads, paved (cement or asphalt)	X20	X20-01	A	Low	Duchess Drive	2	
Highways and roads, paved (cement or asphalt)	X20	X20-03	A	Low	Cottrell Campus Drive	2	
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-04	B	Low	Near Cottrell Campus Road	3	
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-05	B	Low	Near Cottrell Campus Road	3	
Residential Areas	R01	R01-02	B	Low	Residential Area in Zone B	2	17 acres
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-06	B	Low	Near Cottrell Campus Road	3	
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-07	B	Low	Near Trunk Road	3	
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-08	B	Low	Near Timber Way	3	
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-09	B	Low	Near Warmwood Way	3	
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-10	B	Low	Near Warmwood Way	3	
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-11	B	Low	Near Warmwood Way	3	
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-12	B	Low	Near Warmwood Way	3	
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-13	B	Low	Near Warmwood Way	3	
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-14	B	Low	Near Warmview Way	3	
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-15	B	Low	Near Warmwood Way	3	
Highways and roads, paved (cement or asphalt)	X20	X20-02	B	Low	Cottrell Campus Drive	2	
Highways and roads, paved (cement or asphalt)	X20	X20-04	B	Low	Trunk Road	2	

Table 3 (continued)

*Contaminant Source Inventory and Risk Ranking for  
Matanuska Heights Dutchess  
Sources of Nitrates/Nitrites*

PWSID 227547.001

<i>Contaminant Source Type</i>	<i>Contaminant Source ID</i>	<i>CS ID tag</i>	<i>Zone</i>	<i>Risk Ranking for Analysis</i>	<i>Location</i>	<i>Map Number</i>	<i>Comments</i>
Highways and roads, paved (cement or asphalt)	X20	X20-05	B	Low	College Drive	2	
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-03	C	High	Near Trunk Drive	3	
Residential Areas	R01	R01-03	C	Low	Residential Area in Zone C	2	37 acres
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-16-27	C	Low	Residential Septics in Zone C	4	
Highways and roads, paved (cement or asphalt)	X20	X20-06	C	Low	Marcell Loop	2	
Highways and roads, paved (cement or asphalt)	X20	X20-07	C	Low	Kbard Lane	2	
Highways and roads, paved (cement or asphalt)	X20	X20-08	C	Low	Ronile Lane	2	
Highways and roads, paved (cement or asphalt)	X20	X20-09	C	Low	Little Brook Lane	2	
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-04	D	High	Winding Brook Loop	4	
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-05	D	High	Winding Brook Loop	4	
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-06	D	High	Winding Brook Loop	4	
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-07	D	High	Winding Brook Loop	4	
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-08	D	High	Palmer Wasilla Highway	4	
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-09	D	High	Palmer Wasilla Highway	4	
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-10	D	High	Palmer Wasilla Highway	4	
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-11	D	High	Palmer Wasilla Highway	4	
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-12	D	High	Palmer Wasilla Highway	4	
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-13	D	High	Trunk Road	4	
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-14	D	High	Green Forest Drive	4	

*Table 3 (continued)*

*Contaminant Source Inventory and Risk Ranking for  
Matanuska Heights Dutchess  
Sources of Nitrates/Nitrites*

*PWSID 227547.001*

<i>Contaminant Source Type</i>	<i>Contaminant Source ID</i>	<i>CS ID tag</i>	<i>Zone</i>	<i>Risk Ranking for Analysis</i>	<i>Location</i>	<i>Map Number</i>	<i>Comments</i>
Injection wells (Class V) Industrial Process Water & Water Disposal Wells	D40	D40-01	D	High	Green Forest Drive	4	
Airports	X14	X14-01	D	Low	Four Corners Runway	4	

Table 4

*Contaminant Source Inventory and Risk Ranking for  
Matanuska Heights Dutchess  
Sources of Volatile Organic Chemicals*

PWSID 227547.001

<i>Contaminant Source Type</i>	<i>Contaminant Source ID</i>	<i>CS ID tag</i>	<i>Zone</i>	<i>Risk Ranking for Analysis</i>	<i>Location</i>	<i>Map Number</i>	<i>Comments</i>
Highways and roads, paved (cement or asphalt)	X20	X20-01	A	Low	Duchess Drive	2	
Highways and roads, paved (cement or asphalt)	X20	X20-03	A	Low	Cotrell Campus Drive	2	
Tanks, gasoline (underground)	T12	T12-01	B	High	Off College Drive and Trunk Road	3	
Highways and roads, paved (cement or asphalt)	X20	X20-02	B	Low	Cottrell Campus Drive	2	
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-01	A	Low	Near Duchess Drive	3	
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-02	A	Low	Near Trunk Drive	3	
Residential Areas	R01	R01-01	A	Low	Residential Area in Zone A	2	6 acres
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-01	A	Low	Near Trunk Road	3	
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-02	A	Low	Near Trunk Road	3	
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-03	A	Low	Near Cottrell Campus Road	3	
Residential Areas	R01	R01-02	B	Low	Residential Area in Zone B	2	17 acres
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-04	B	Low	Near Cottrell Campus Road	3	
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-05	B	Low	Near Cottrell Campus Road	3	
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-06	B	Low	Near Cottrell Campus Road	3	
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-07	B	Low	Near Trunk Road	3	
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-08	B	Low	Near Timber Way	3	
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-09	B	Low	Near Warmwood Way	3	
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-10	B	Low	Near Warmwood Way	3	
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-11	B	Low	Near Warmwood Way	3	
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-12	B	Low	Near Warmwood Way	3	
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-13	B	Low	Near Warmwood Way	3	
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-14	B	Low	Near Warmview Way	3	
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-15	B	Low	Near Warmwood Way	3	



Table 4 (continued)

*Contaminant Source Inventory and Risk Ranking for  
Matanuska Heights Dutchess  
Sources of Volatile Organic Chemicals*

PWSID 227547.001

<i>Contaminant Source Type</i>	<i>Contaminant Source ID</i>	<i>CS ID tag</i>	<i>Zone</i>	<i>Risk Ranking for Analysis</i>	<i>Location</i>	<i>Map Number</i>	<i>Comments</i>
Highways and roads, paved (cement or asphalt)	X20	X20-04	B	Low	Trunk Road	2	
Highways and roads, paved (cement or asphalt)	X20	X20-05	B	Low	College Drive	2	
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-03	C	Low	Near Trunk Drive	3	
Residential Areas	R01	R01-03	C	Low	Residential Area in Zone C	2	37 acres
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-16-27	C	Low	Residential Septics in Zone C	4	
Highways and roads, paved (cement or asphalt)	X20	X20-06	C	Low	Marcell Loop	2	
Highways and roads, paved (cement or asphalt)	X20	X20-07	C	Low	Kbard Lane	2	
Highways and roads, paved (cement or asphalt)	X20	X20-08	C	Low	Ronile Lane	2	
Highways and roads, paved (cement or asphalt)	X20	X20-09	C	Low	Little Brook Lane	2	
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-04	D	Low	Winding Brook Loop	4	
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-05	D	Low	Winding Brook Loop	4	
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-06	D	Low	Winding Brook Loop	4	
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-07	D	Low	Winding Brook Loop	4	
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-08	D	Low	Palmer Wasilla Highway	4	
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-09	D	Low	Palmer Wasilla Highway	4	
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-10	D	Low	Palmer Wasilla Highway	4	
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-11	D	Low	Palmer Wasilla Highway	4	
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-12	D	Low	Palmer Wasilla Highway	4	
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-13	D	Low	Trunk Road	4	

**Table 4 (continued)**

*Contaminant Source Inventory and Risk Ranking for  
Matanuska Heights Dutchess  
Sources of Volatile Organic Chemicals*

**PWSID 227547.001**

<b>Contaminant Source Type</b>	<b>Contaminant Source ID</b>	<b>CS ID tag</b>	<b>Zone</b>	<b>Risk Ranking for Analysis</b>	<b>Location</b>	<b>Map Number</b>	<b>Comments</b>
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-14	D	Low	Green Forest Drive	4	
Injection wells (Class V) Industrial Process Water & Water Disposal Wells	D40	D40-01	D	High	Green Forest Drive	4	
Injection wells (Class V) Motor Vehicle Waste Disposal Well	D42	D42-01	D	High	Palmer Wasilla Highway	4	
Airports	X14	X14-01	D	High	Four Corners Runway	4	

Table 5

*Contaminant Source Inventory and Risk Ranking for  
Matanuska Heights Dutchess  
Sources of Heavy Metals, Cyanide and Other Inorganic Chemicals*

PWSID 227547.001

<i>Contaminant Source Type</i>	<i>Contaminant Source ID</i>	<i>CS ID tag</i>	<i>Zone</i>	<i>Risk Ranking for Analysis</i>	<i>Location</i>	<i>Map Number</i>	<i>Comments</i>
Highways and roads, paved (cement or asphalt)	X20	X20-01	A	Low	Duchess Drive	2	
Highways and roads, paved (cement or asphalt)	X20	X20-03	A	Low	Cotrell Campus Drive	2	
Tanks, gasoline (underground)	T12	T12-01	B	Medium	Off College Drive and Trunk Road	3	
Highways and roads, paved (cement or asphalt)	X20	X20-02	B	Low	Cottrell Campus Drive	2	
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-01	A	Low	Near Duchess Drive	3	
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-02	A	Low	Near Trunk Drive	3	
Residential Areas	R01	R01-01	A	Low	Residential Area in Zone A	2	6 acres
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-01	A	Low	Near Trunk Road	3	
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-02	A	Low	Near Trunk Road	3	
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-03	A	Low	Near Cottrell Campus Road	3	
Residential Areas	R01	R01-02	B	Low	Residential Area in Zone B	2	17 acres
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-04	B	Low	Near Cottrell Campus Road	3	
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-05	B	Low	Near Cottrell Campus Road	3	
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-06	B	Low	Near Cottrell Campus Road	3	
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-07	B	Low	Near Trunk Road	3	
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-08	B	Low	Near Timber Way	3	
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-09	B	Low	Near Warmwood Way	3	
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-10	B	Low	Near Warmwood Way	3	
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-11	B	Low	Near Warmwood Way	3	
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-12	B	Low	Near Warmwood Way	3	
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-13	B	Low	Near Warmwood Way	3	
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-14	B	Low	Near Warmview Way	3	
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-15	B	Low	Near Warmwood Way	3	

Table 5 (continued)

*Contaminant Source Inventory and Risk Ranking for  
Matanuska Heights Dutchess  
Sources of Heavy Metals, Cyanide and Other Inorganic Chemicals*

PWSID 227547.001

<i>Contaminant Source Type</i>	<i>Contaminant Source ID</i>	<i>CS ID tag</i>	<i>Zone</i>	<i>Risk Ranking for Analysis</i>	<i>Location</i>	<i>Map Number</i>	<i>Comments</i>
Highways and roads, paved (cement or asphalt)	X20	X20-04	B	Low	Trunk Road	2	
Highways and roads, paved (cement or asphalt)	X20	X20-05	B	Low	College Drive	2	
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-03	C	Low	Near Trunk Drive	3	
Residential Areas	R01	R01-03	C	Low	Residential Area in Zone C	2	37 acres
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-16-27	C	Low	Residential Septics in Zone C	4	
Highways and roads, paved (cement or asphalt)	X20	X20-06	C	Low	Marcell Loop	2	
Highways and roads, paved (cement or asphalt)	X20	X20-07	C	Low	Kbard Lane	2	
Highways and roads, paved (cement or asphalt)	X20	X20-08	C	Low	Ronile Lane	2	
Highways and roads, paved (cement or asphalt)	X20	X20-09	C	Low	Little Brook Lane	2	
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-04	D	Low	Winding Brook Loop	4	
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-05	D	Low	Winding Brook Loop	4	
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-06	D	Low	Winding Brook Loop	4	
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-07	D	Low	Winding Brook Loop	4	
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-08	D	Low	Palmer Wasilla Highway	4	
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-09	D	Low	Palmer Wasilla Highway	4	
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-10	D	Low	Palmer Wasilla Highway	4	
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-11	D	Low	Palmer Wasilla Highway	4	
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-12	D	Low	Palmer Wasilla Highway	4	
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-13	D	Low	Trunk Road	4	

Table 5 (continued)

Contaminant Source Inventory and Risk Ranking for  
Matanuska Heights Dutchess

PWSID 227547.001

Sources of Heavy Metals, Cyanide and Other Inorganic Chemicals

<i>Contaminant Source Type</i>	<i>Contaminant Source ID</i>	<i>CS ID tag</i>	<i>Zone</i>	<i>Risk Ranking for Analysis</i>	<i>Location</i>	<i>Map Number</i>	<i>Comments</i>
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-14	D	Low	Green Forest Drive	4	
Injection wells (Class V) Industrial Process Water & Water Disposal Wells	D40	D40-01	D	High	Green Forest Drive	4	
Injection wells (Class V) Motor Vehicle Waste Disposal Well	D42	D42-01	D	High	Palmer Wasilla Highway	4	
Airports	X14	X14-01	D	Low	Four Corners Runway	4	

Table 6

*Contaminant Source Inventory and Risk Ranking for  
Matanuska Heights Dutchess  
Sources of Synthetic Organic Chemicals*

PWSID 227547.001

<i>Contaminant Source Type</i>	<i>Contaminant Source ID</i>	<i>CS ID tag</i>	<i>Zone</i>	<i>Risk Ranking for Analysis</i>	<i>Location</i>	<i>Map Number</i>	<i>Comments</i>
Residential Areas	R01	R01-01	A	Low	Residential Area in Zone A	2	6 acres
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-01	A	Low	Near Duchess Drive	3	
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-02	A	Low	Near Trunk Drive	3	
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-01	A	Low	Near Trunk Road	3	
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-02	A	Low	Near Trunk Road	3	
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-03	A	Low	Near Cottrell Campus Road	3	
Residential Areas	R01	R01-02	B	Low	Residential Area in Zone B	2	17 acres
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-04	B	Low	Near Cottrell Campus Road	3	
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-05	B	Low	Near Cottrell Campus Road	3	
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-06	B	Low	Near Cottrell Campus Road	3	
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-07	B	Low	Near Trunk Road	3	
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-08	B	Low	Near Timber Way	3	
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-09	B	Low	Near Warmwood Way	3	
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-10	B	Low	Near Warmwood Way	3	
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-11	B	Low	Near Warmwood Way	3	
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-12	B	Low	Near Warmwood Way	3	
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-13	B	Low	Near Warmwood Way	3	
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-14	B	Low	Near Warmview Way	3	
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-15	B	Low	Near Warmwood Way	3	
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-03	C	Low	Near Trunk Drive	3	
Residential Areas	R01	R01-03	C	Low	Residential Area in Zone C	2	37 acres
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-16-27	C	Low	Residential Septics in Zone C	4	

Table 6 (continued)

*Contaminant Source Inventory and Risk Ranking for  
Matanuska Heights Dutchess  
Sources of Synthetic Organic Chemicals*

PWSID 227547.001

<i>Contaminant Source Type</i>	<i>Contaminant Source ID</i>	<i>CS ID tag</i>	<i>Zone</i>	<i>Risk Ranking for Analysis</i>	<i>Location</i>	<i>Map Number</i>	<i>Comments</i>
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-04	D	Low	Winding Brook Loop	4	
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-05	D	Low	Winding Brook Loop	4	
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-06	D	Low	Winding Brook Loop	4	
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-07	D	Low	Winding Brook Loop	4	
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-08	D	Low	Palmer Wasilla Highway	4	
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-09	D	Low	Palmer Wasilla Highway	4	
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-10	D	Low	Palmer Wasilla Highway	4	
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-11	D	Low	Palmer Wasilla Highway	4	
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-12	D	Low	Palmer Wasilla Highway	4	
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-13	D	Low	Trunk Road	4	
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-14	D	Low	Green Forest Drive	4	
Injection wells (Class V) Motor Vehicle Waste Disposal Well	D42	D42-01	D	Low	Palmer Wasilla Highway	4	
Airports	X14	X14-01	D	Medium	Four Corners Runway	4	

Table 7

*Contaminant Source Inventory and Risk Ranking for  
Matanuska Heights Dutchess  
Sources of Other Organic Chemicals*

PWSID 227547.001

<i>Contaminant Source Type</i>	<i>Contaminant Source ID</i>	<i>CS ID tag</i>	<i>Zone</i>	<i>Risk Ranking for Analysis</i>	<i>Location</i>	<i>Map Number</i>	<i>Comments</i>
Highways and roads, paved (cement or asphalt)	X20	X20-01	A	Low	Duchess Drive	2	
Highways and roads, paved (cement or asphalt)	X20	X20-03	A	Low	Cottrell Campus Drive	2	
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-01	A	Low	Near Duchess Drive	3	
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-02	A	Low	Near Trunk Drive	3	
Residential Areas	R01	R01-01	A	Low	Residential Area in Zone A	2	6 acres
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-01	A	Low	Near Trunk Road	3	
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-02	A	Low	Near Trunk Road	3	
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-03	A	Low	Near Cottrell Campus Road	3	
Residential Areas	R01	R01-02	B	Low	Residential Area in Zone B	2	17 acres
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-04	B	Low	Near Cottrell Campus Road	3	
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-05	B	Low	Near Cottrell Campus Road	3	
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-06	B	Low	Near Cottrell Campus Road	3	
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-07	B	Low	Near Trunk Road	3	
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-08	B	Low	Near Timber Way	3	
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-09	B	Low	Near Warmwood Way	3	
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-10	B	Low	Near Warmwood Way	3	
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-11	B	Low	Near Warmwood Way	3	
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-12	B	Low	Near Warmwood Way	3	
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-13	B	Low	Near Warmwood Way	3	
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-14	B	Low	Near Warmview Way	3	
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-15	B	Low	Near Warmwood Way	3	
Highways and roads, paved (cement or asphalt)	X20	X20-02	B	Low	Cottrell Campus Drive	2	
Highways and roads, paved (cement or asphalt)	X20	X20-04	B	Low	Trunk Road	2	



Table 7 (continued)

*Contaminant Source Inventory and Risk Ranking for  
Matanuska Heights Dutchess  
Sources of Other Organic Chemicals*

PWSID 227547.001

<i>Contaminant Source Type</i>	<i>Contaminant Source ID</i>	<i>CS ID tag</i>	<i>Zone</i>	<i>Risk Ranking for Analysis</i>	<i>Location</i>	<i>Map Number</i>	<i>Comments</i>
Highways and roads, paved (cement or asphalt)	X20	X20-05	B	Low	College Drive	2	
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-03	C	Low	Near Trunk Drive	3	
Residential Areas	R01	R01-03	C	Low	Residential Area in Zone C	2	37 acres
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-16-27	C	Low	Residential Septics in Zone C	4	
Highways and roads, paved (cement or asphalt)	X20	X20-06	C	Low	Marcell Loop	2	
Highways and roads, paved (cement or asphalt)	X20	X20-07	C	Low	Kbard Lane	2	
Highways and roads, paved (cement or asphalt)	X20	X20-08	C	Low	Ronile Lane	2	
Highways and roads, paved (cement or asphalt)	X20	X20-09	C	Low	Little Brook Lane	2	
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-04	D	Low	Winding Brook Loop	4	
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-05	D	Low	Winding Brook Loop	4	
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-06	D	Low	Winding Brook Loop	4	
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-07	D	Low	Winding Brook Loop	4	
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-08	D	Low	Palmer Wasilla Highway	4	
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-09	D	Low	Palmer Wasilla Highway	4	
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-10	D	Low	Palmer Wasilla Highway	4	
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-11	D	Low	Palmer Wasilla Highway	4	
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-12	D	Low	Palmer Wasilla Highway	4	
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-13	D	Low	Trunk Road	4	
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-14	D	Low	Green Forest Drive	4	

**Table 7 (continued)**

*Contaminant Source Inventory and Risk Ranking for  
Matanuska Heights Dutchess  
Sources of Other Organic Chemicals*

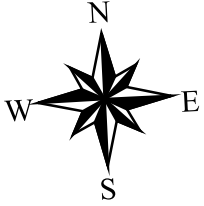
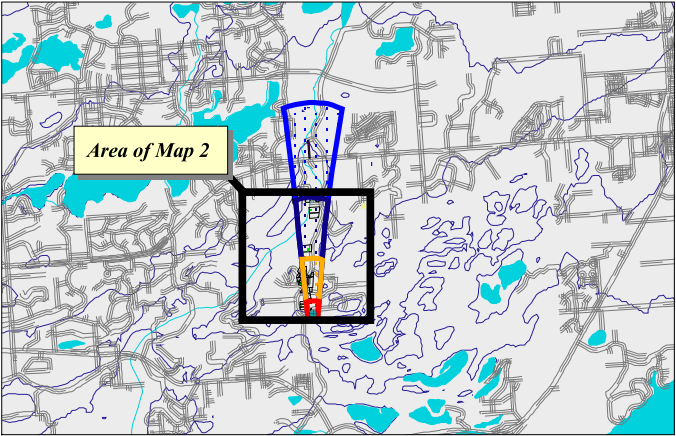
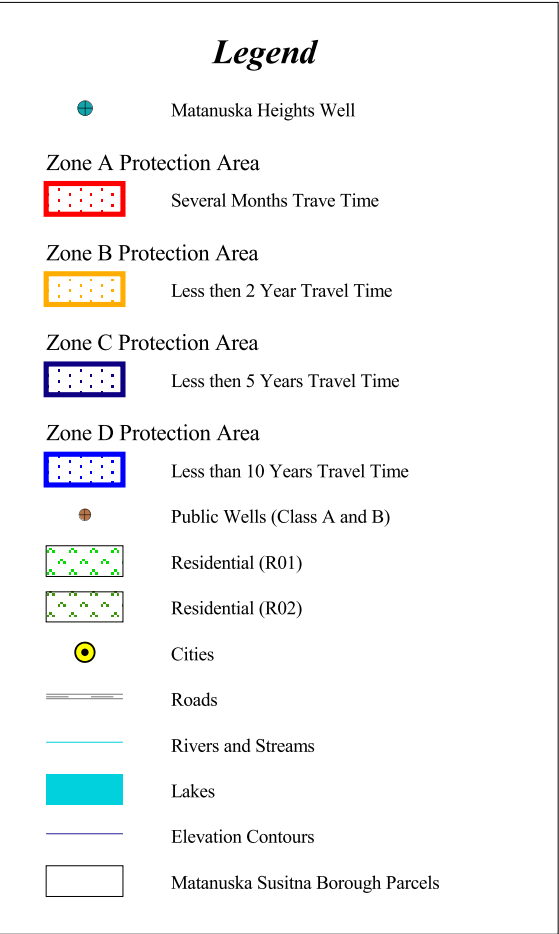
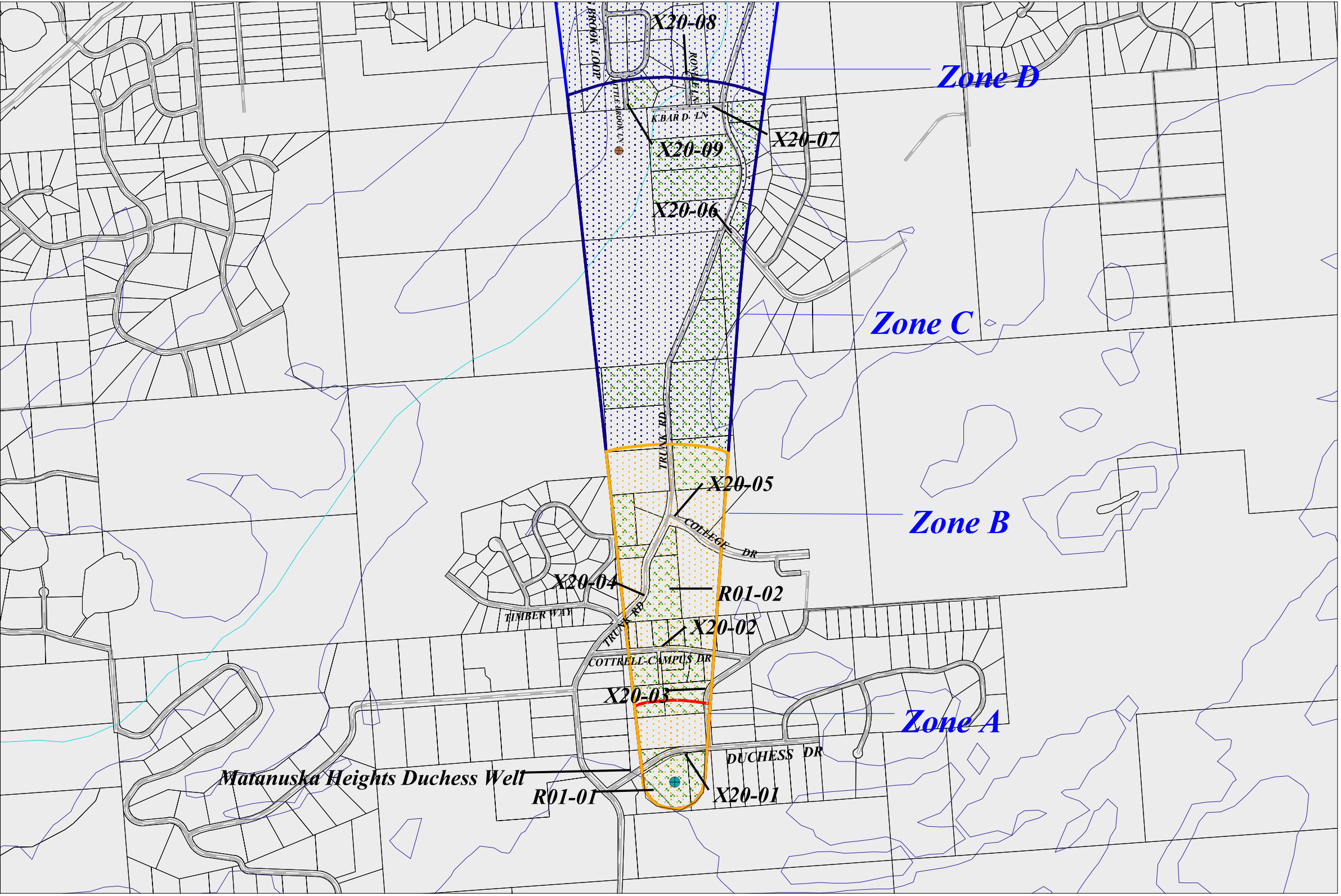
**PWSID 227547.001**

<b>Contaminant Source Type</b>	<b>Contaminant Source ID</b>	<b>CS ID tag</b>	<b>Zone</b>	<b>Risk Ranking for Analysis</b>	<b>Location</b>	<b>Map Number</b>	<b>Comments</b>
Injection wells (Class V) Industrial Process Water & Water Disposal Wells	D40	D40-01	D	High	Green Forest Drive	4	
Injection wells (Class V) Motor Vehicle Waste Disposal Well	D42	D42-01	D	Medium	Palmer Wasilla Highway	4	
Airports	X14	X14-01	D	Medium	Four Corners Runway	4	

## **APPENDIX C**

### **Matanuska Heights Dutchess Drinking Water Protection Area And Potential & Existing Contaminant Sources**

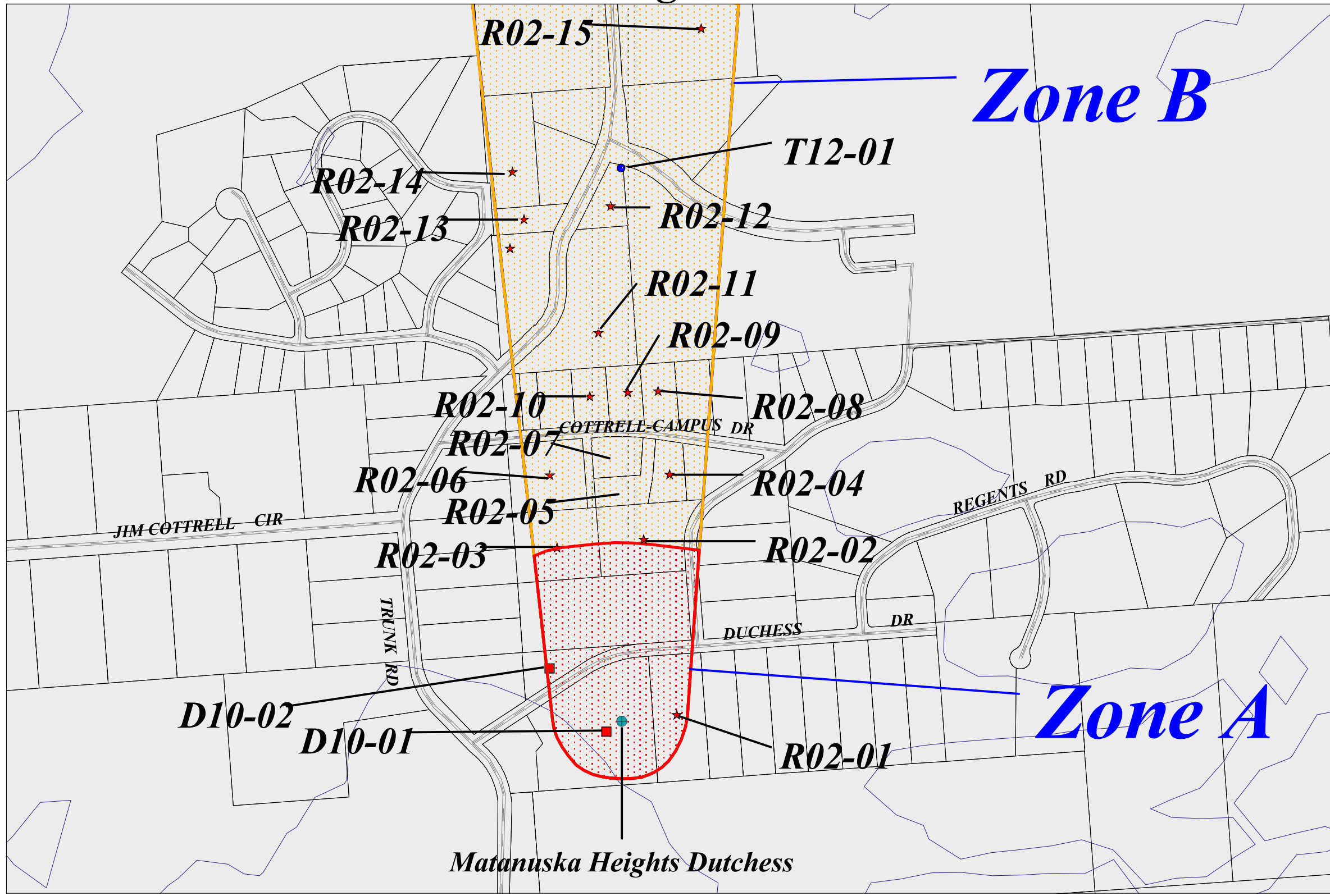
# Drinking Water Protection Area for Matanuska Heights Dutchess and Potential and Existing Sources of Contamination



PWSID 227547.001

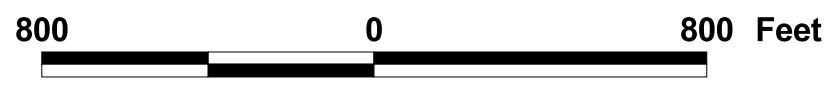
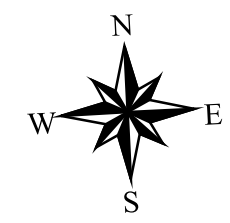
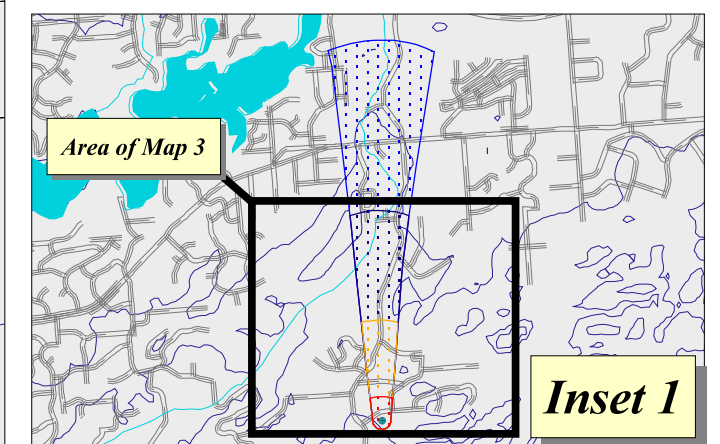
*Map 2*

# Drinking Water Protection Area for Matanuska Heights Dutchess and Potential and Existing Sources of Contamination



**Legend**

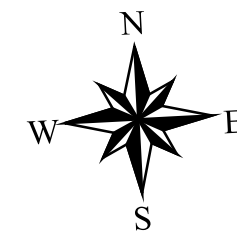
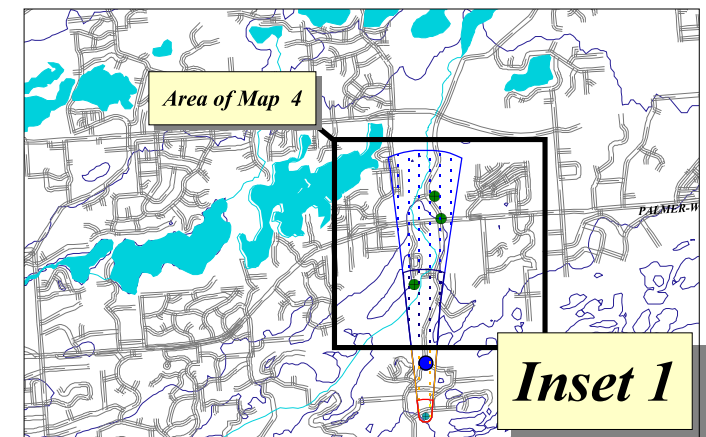
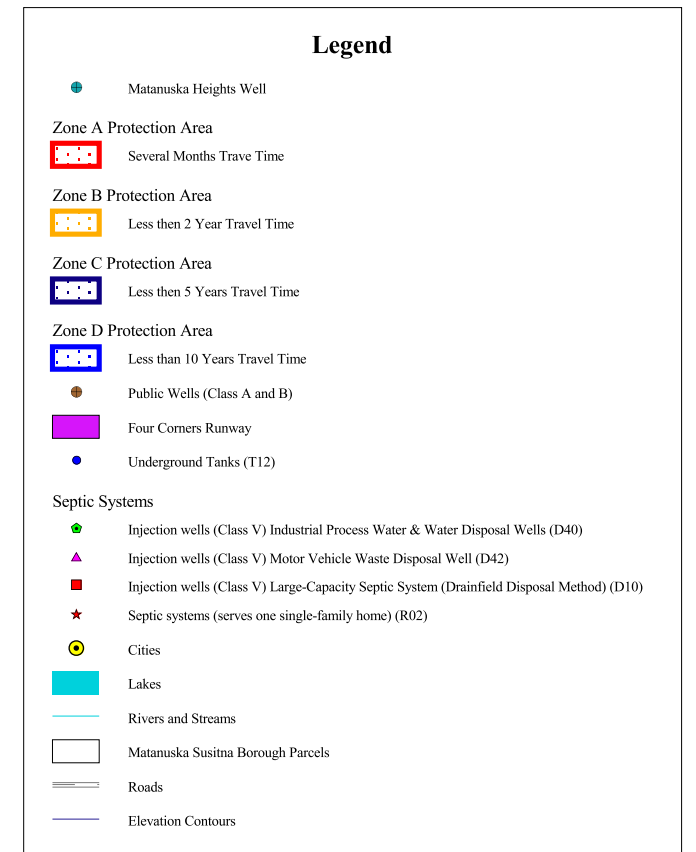
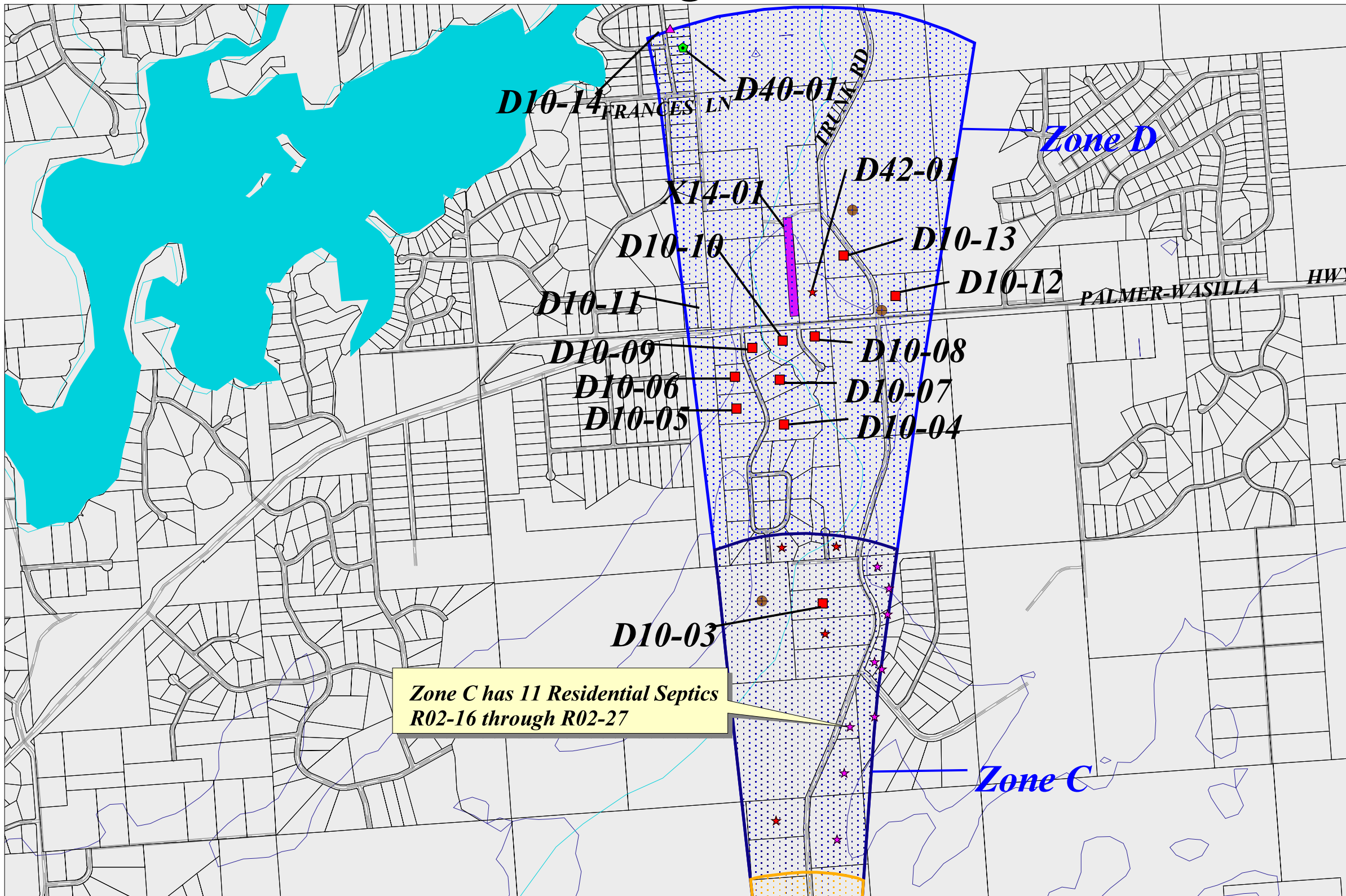
- Matanuska Heights Well
- Zone A Protection Area: Several Months Travel Time
- Zone B Protection Area: Less than 2 Year Travel Time
- Zone C Protection Area: Less than 5 Years Travel Time
- Zone D Protection Area: Less than 10 Years Travel Time
- Public Wells (Class A and B)
- Four Corners Runway
- Underground Tanks (T12)
- Septic Systems:
  - Injection wells (Class V) Industrial Process Water & Water Disposal Wells (D40)
  - Injection wells (Class V) Motor Vehicle Waste Disposal Well (D42)
  - Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method) (D10)
  - Septic systems (serves one single-family home) (R02)
- Cities
- Lakes
- Rivers and Streams
- Matanuska Susitna Borough Parcels
- Roads
- Elevation Contours



PWSID 227547.001

# Map 3

# Drinking Water Protection Area for Matanuska Heights Dutchess and Potential and Existing Sources of Contamination



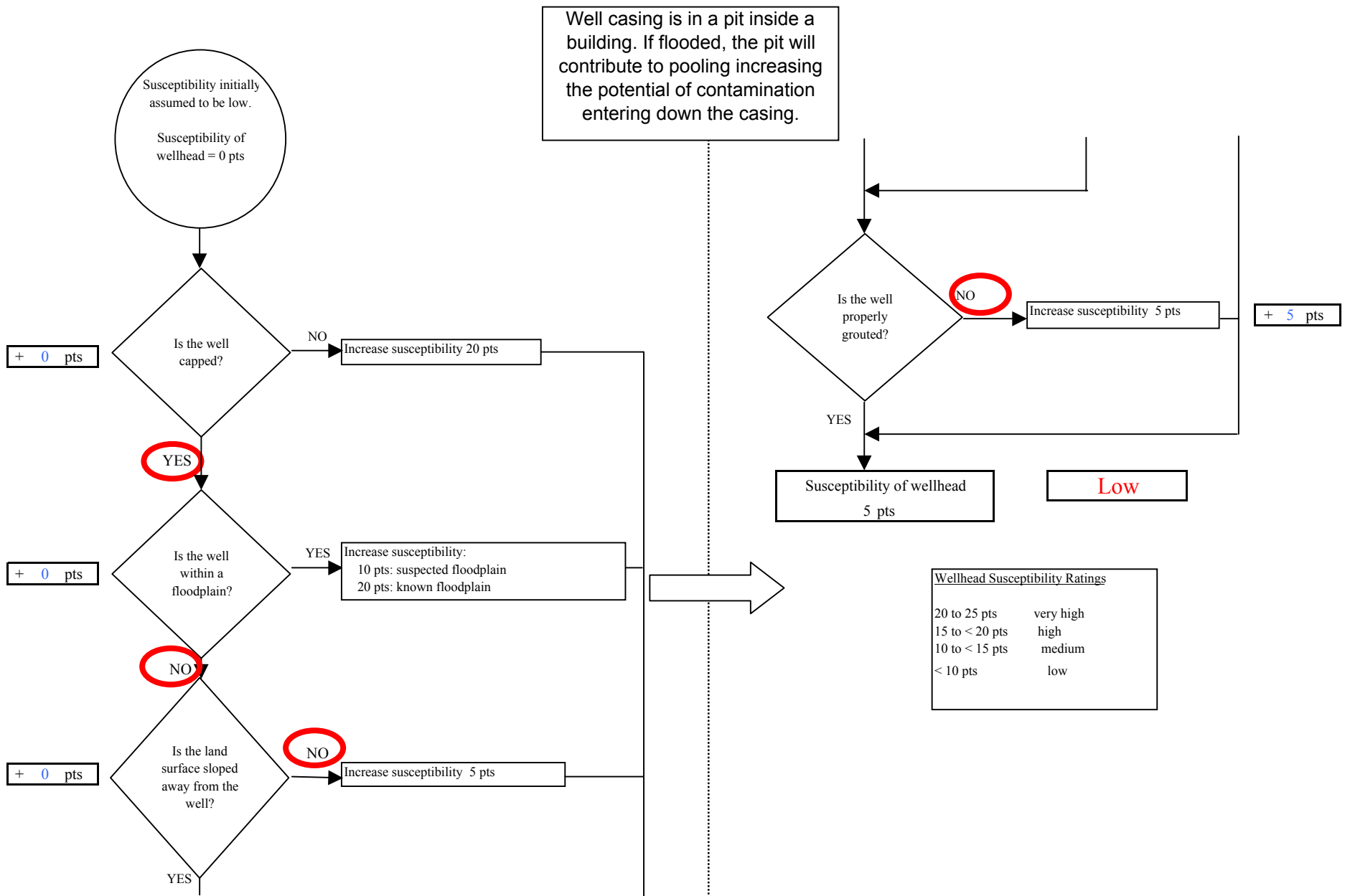
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**Map 4**

## **APPENDIX D**

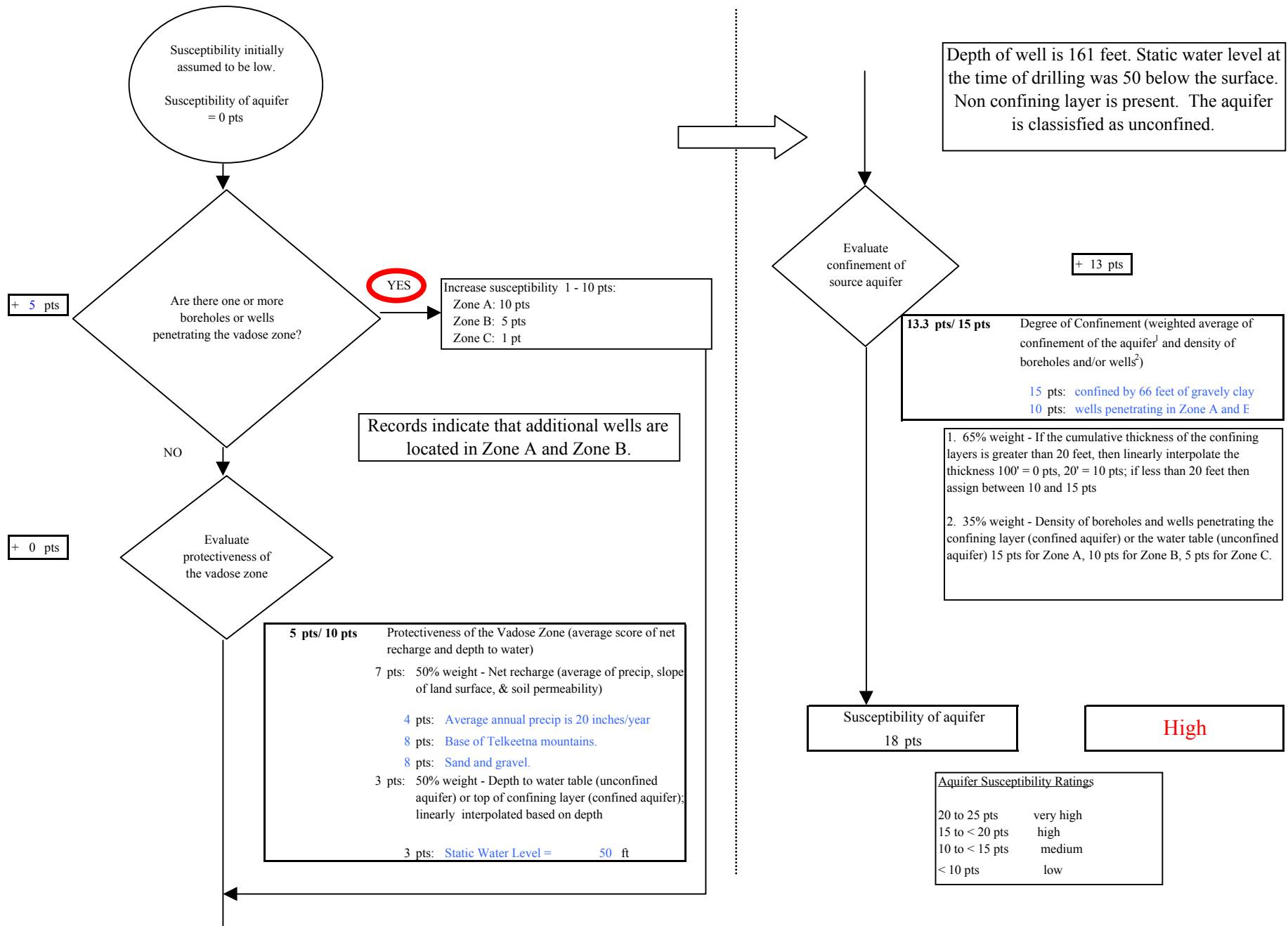
### **Vulnerability Analysis for Matanuska Heights Dutchess Public Drinking Water Source**

**Chart 1. Susceptibility of the wellhead - Matanuska Heights Dutchess**

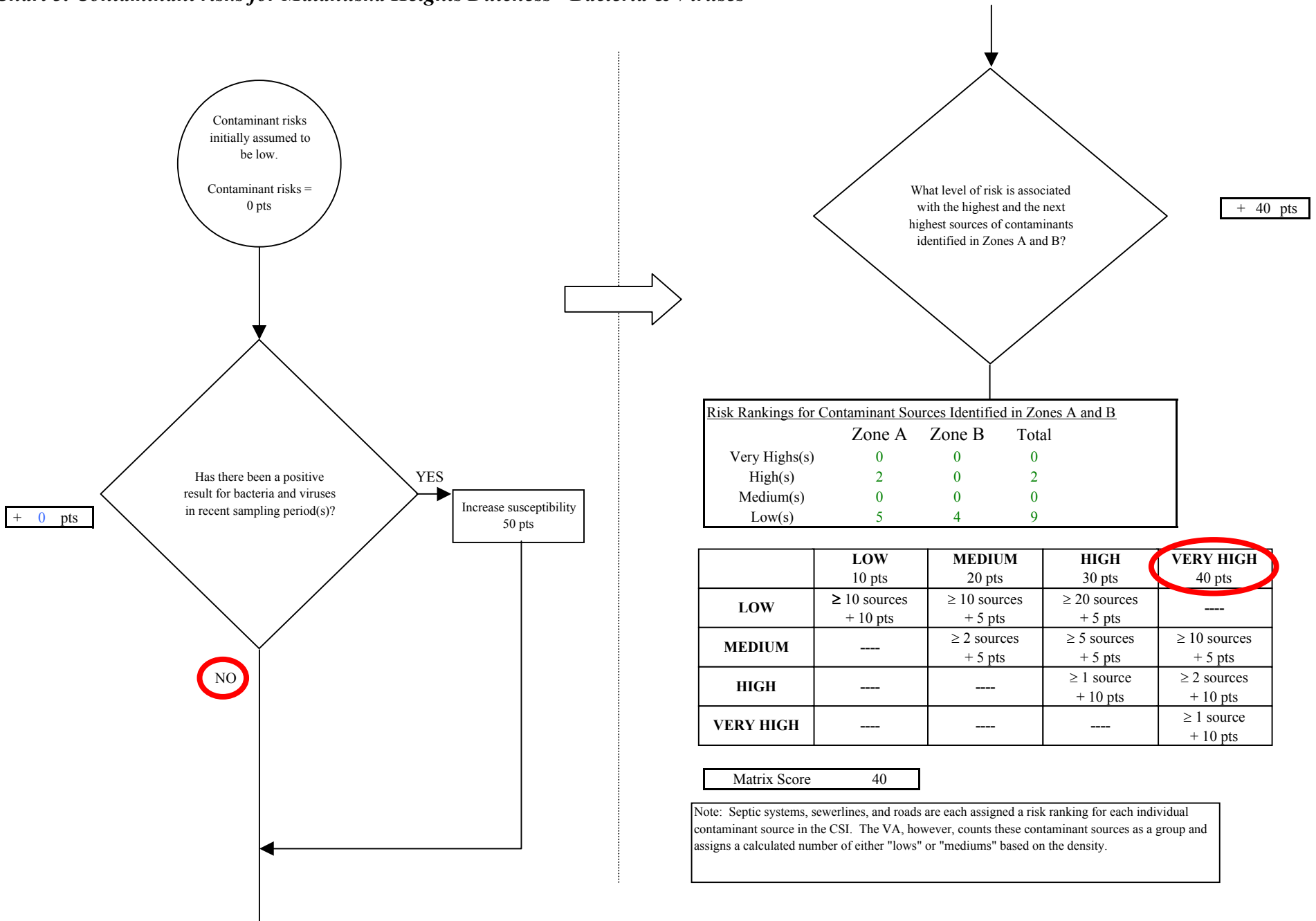




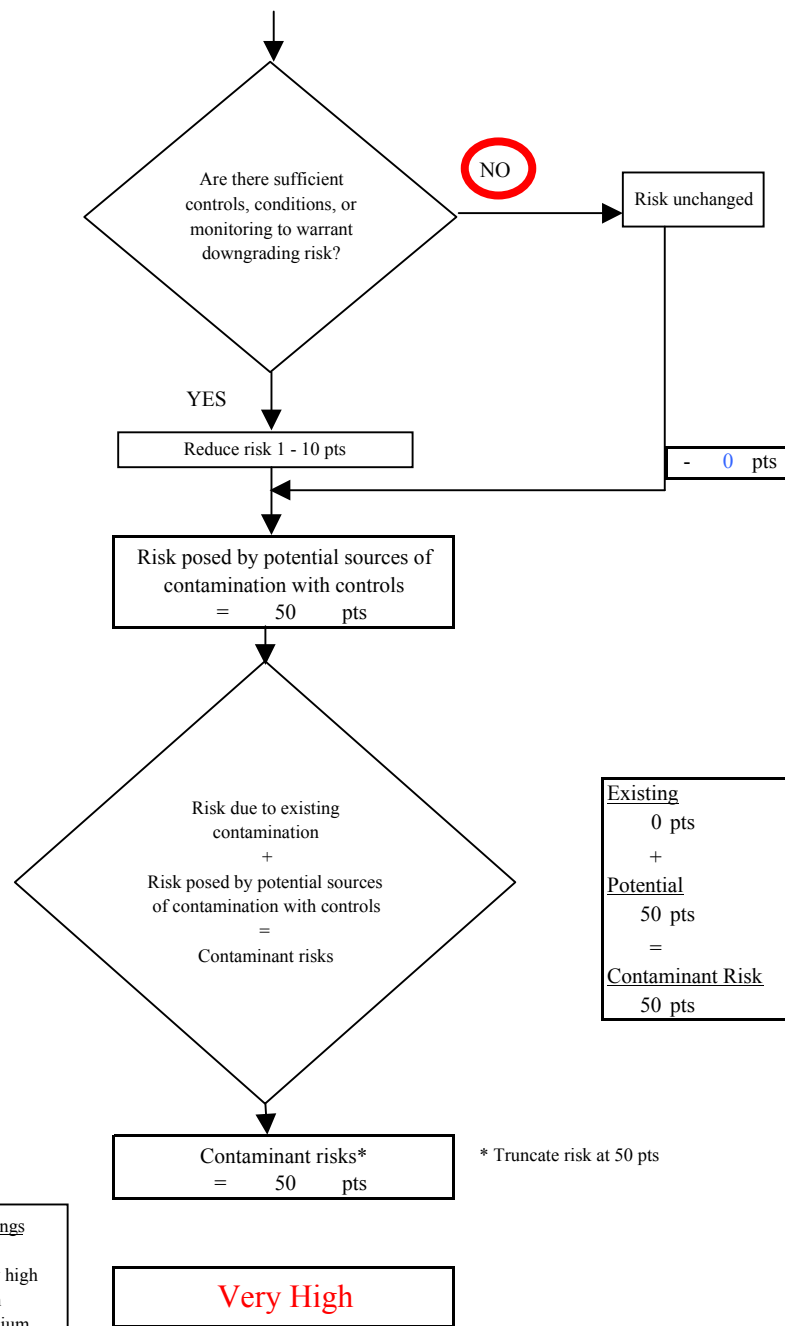
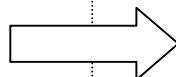
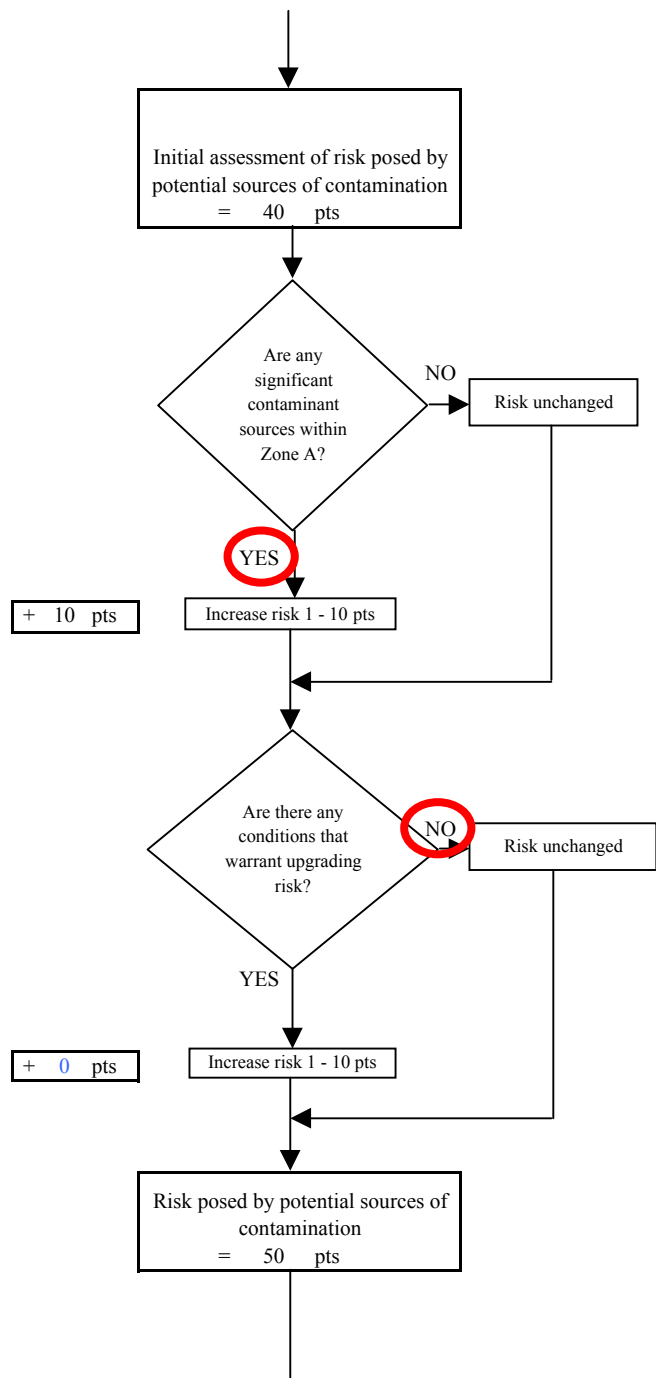
**Chart 2. Susceptibility of the aquifer - Matanuska Heights Dutchess**



**Chart 3. Contaminant risks for Matanuska Heights Dutchess - Bacteria & Viruses**



**Chart 3. Contaminant risks for Matanuska Heights Dutchess - Bacteria & Viruses**



<u>Existing</u>
0 pts
+
<u>Potential</u>
50 pts
=
<u>Contaminant Risk</u>
50 pts

Contaminant Risk Ratings	
40 to 50 pts	very high
30 to < 40 pts	high
20 to < 30 pts	medium
< 20 pts	low

\* Truncate risk at 50 pts

**Chart 4. Vulnerability analysis for Matanuska Heights Dutchess - Bacteria & Viruses**

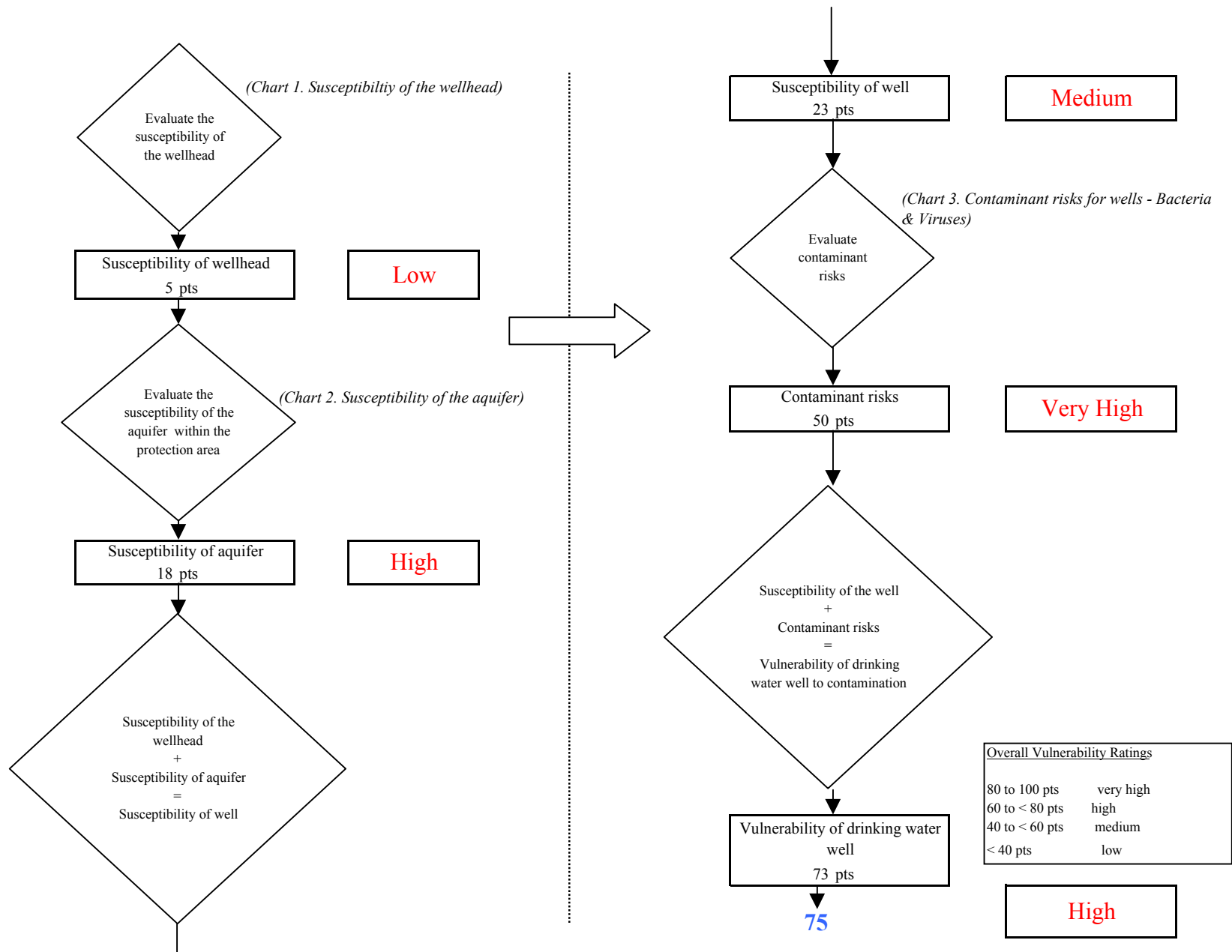


Chart 5. Contaminant risks for Matanuska Heights Dutchess - Nitrates and Nitrites

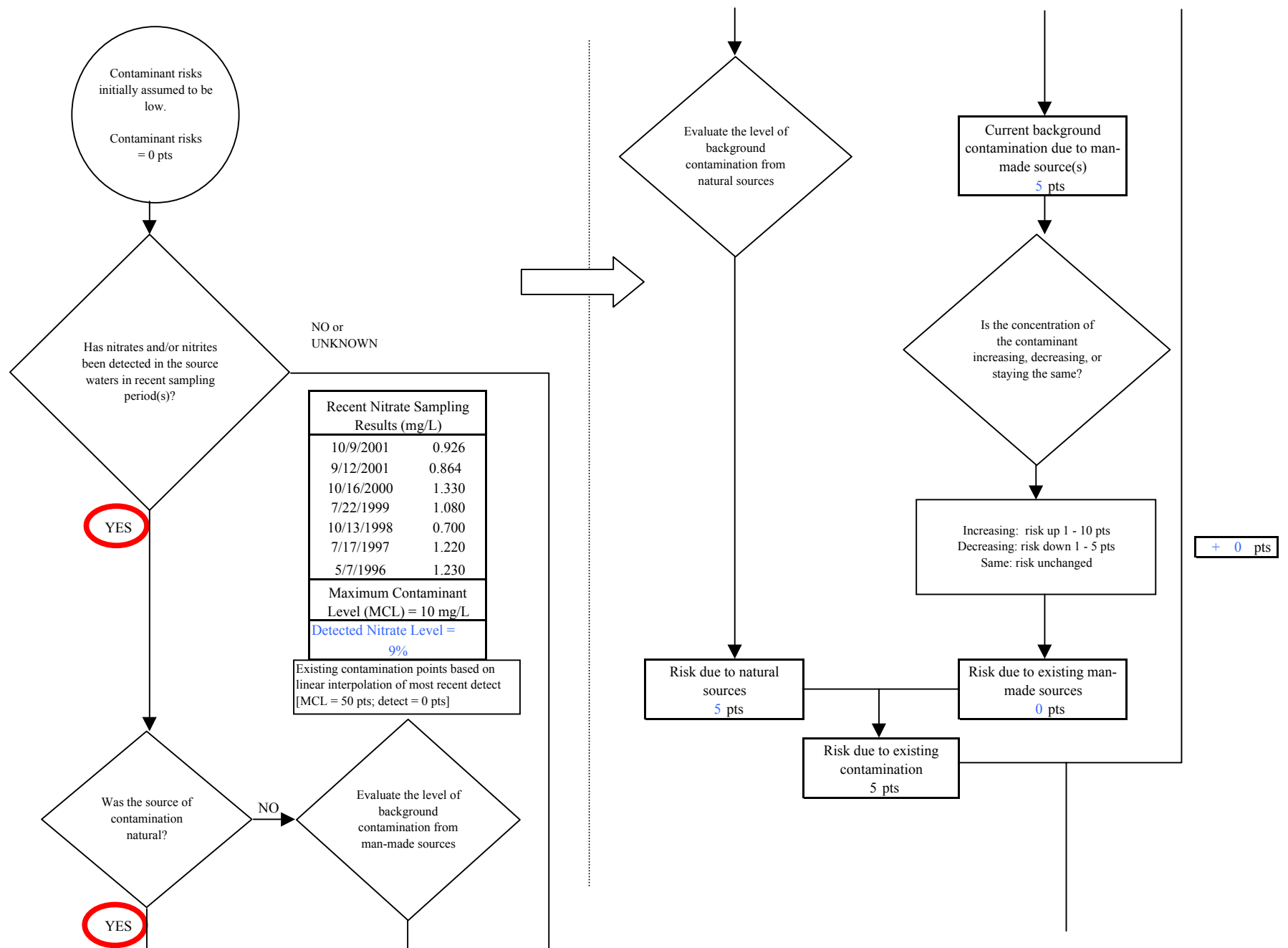


Chart 5. Contaminant risks for Matanuska Heights Dutchess - Nitrates and Nitrites

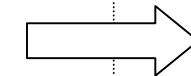
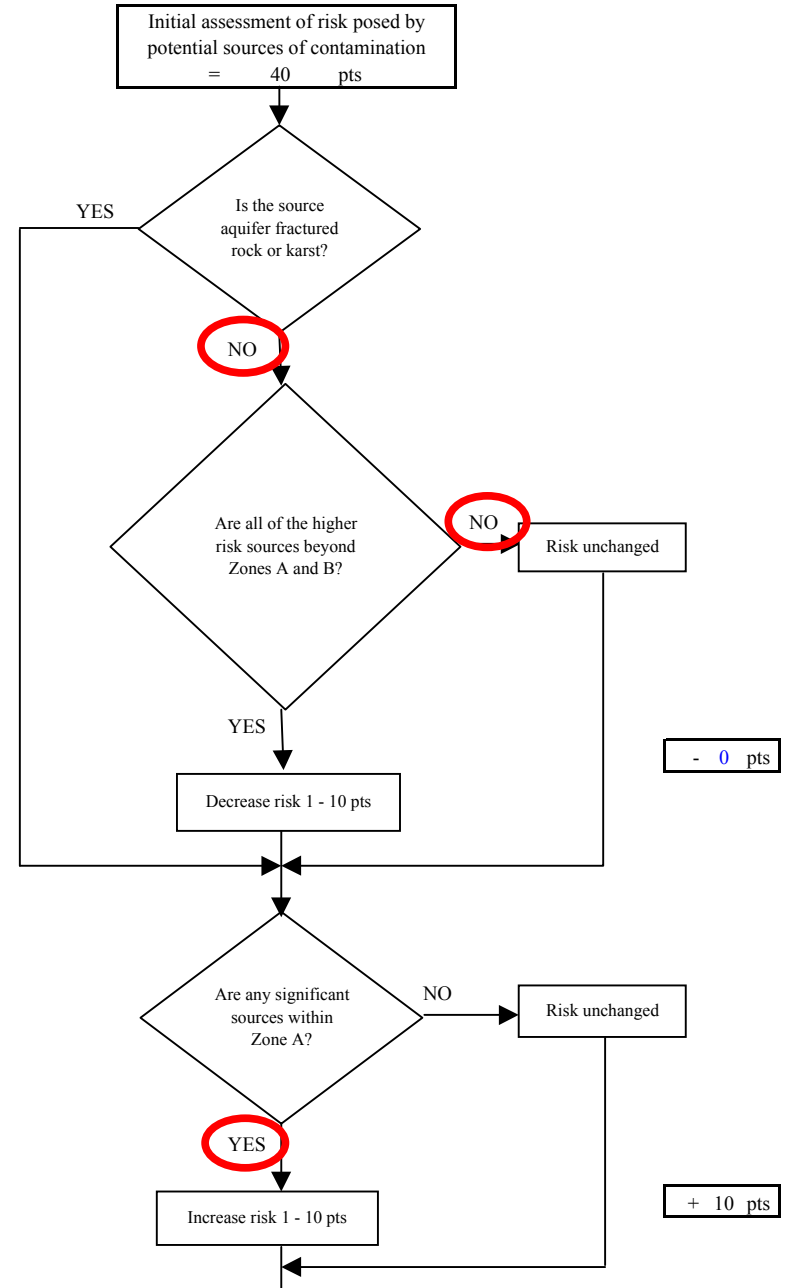
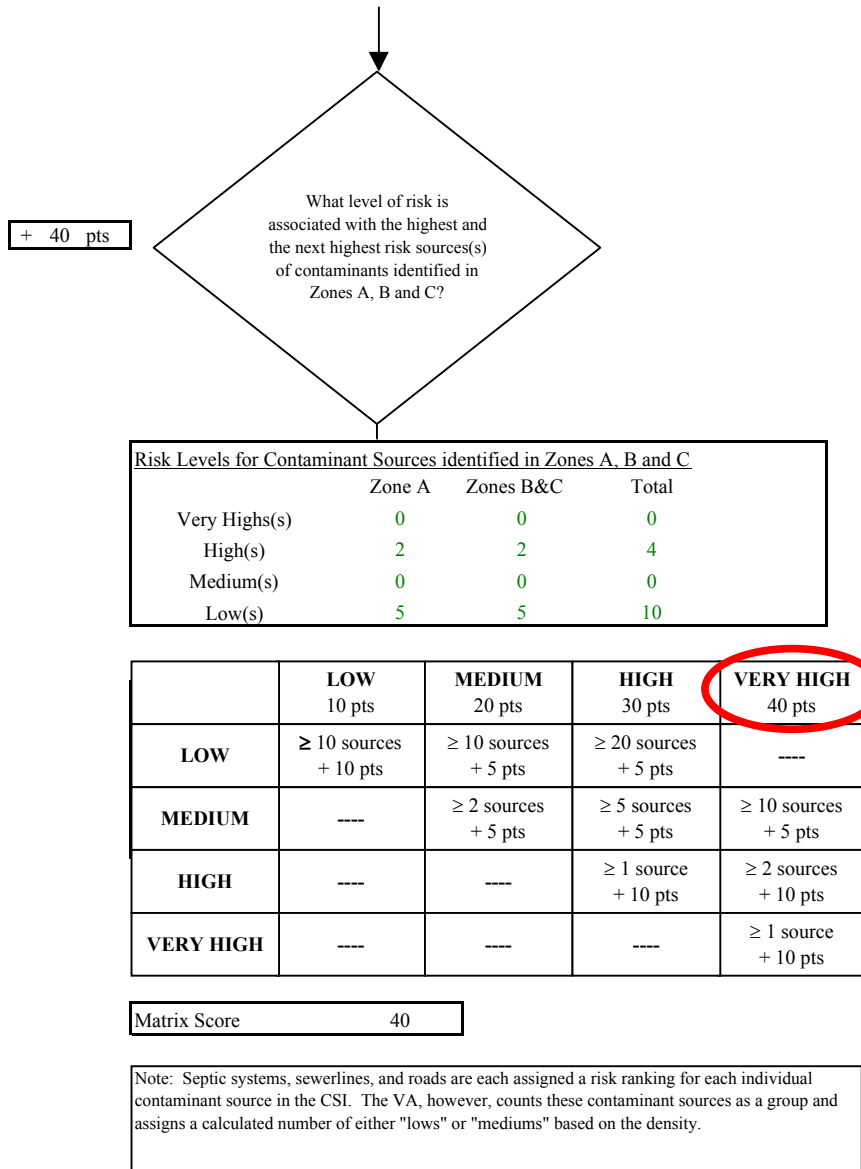
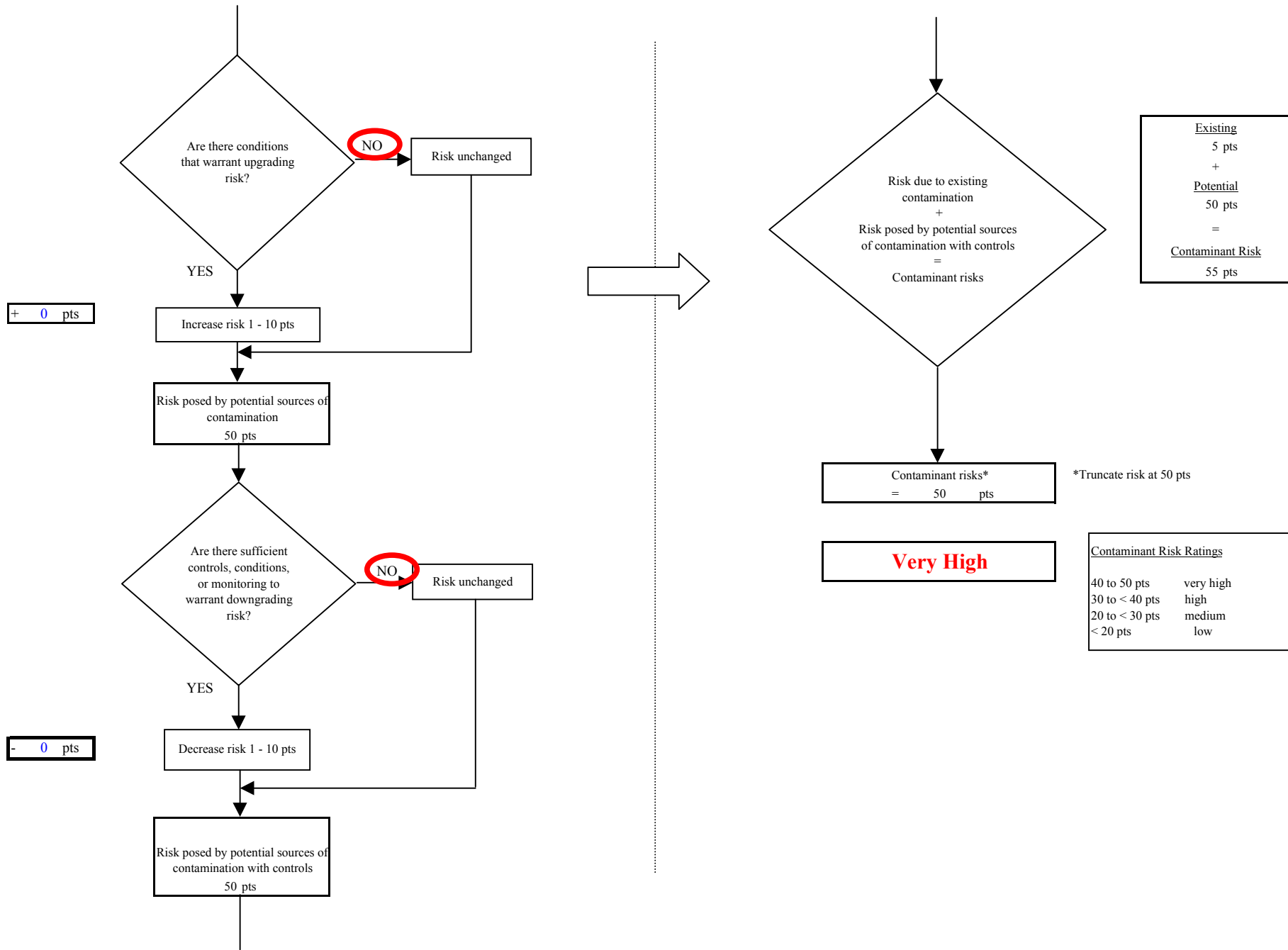


Chart 5. Contaminant risks for Matanuska Heights Dutchess - Nitrates and Nitrites



**Chart 6. Vulnerability analysis for Matanuska Heights Dutchess - Nitrates and Nitrites**

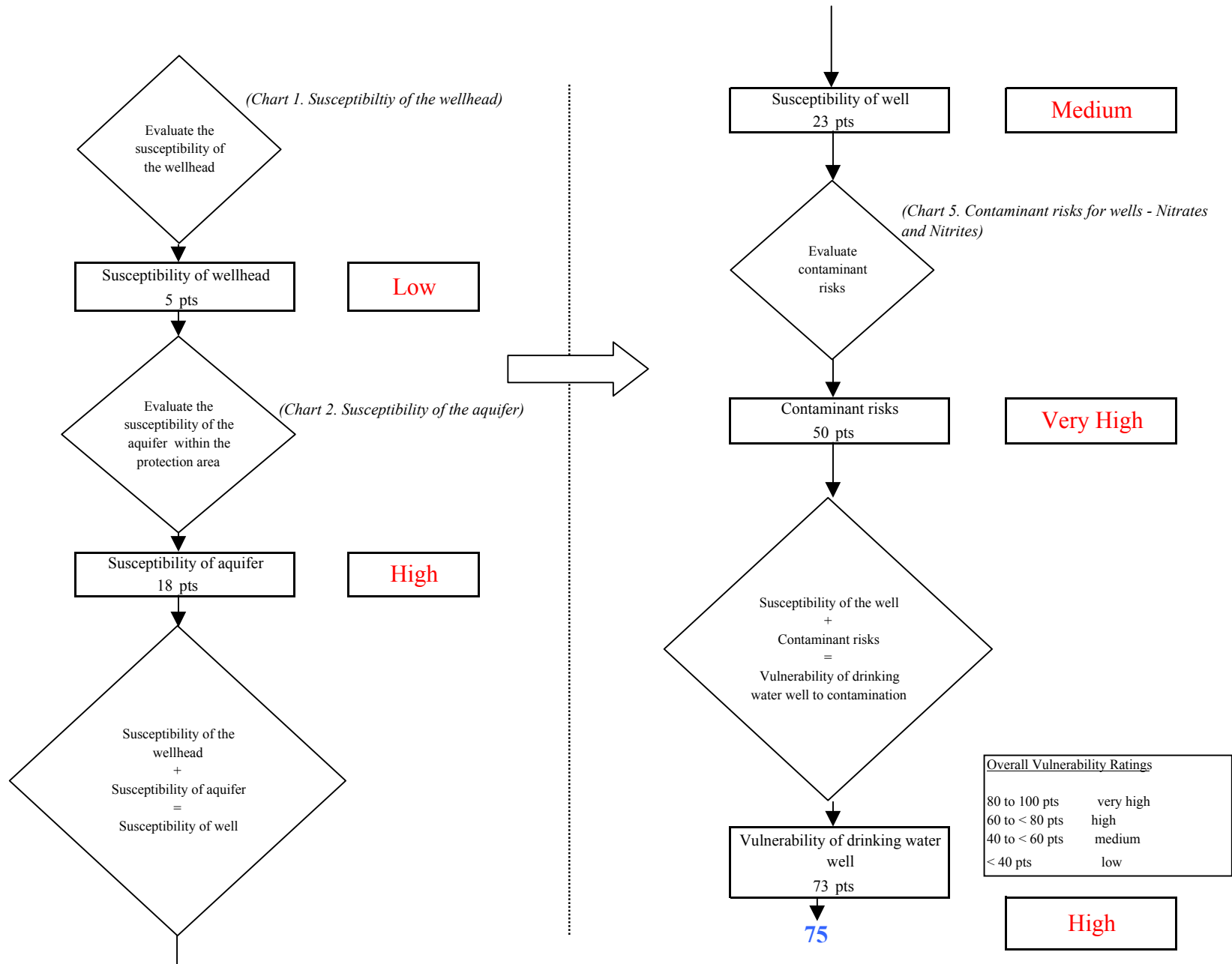
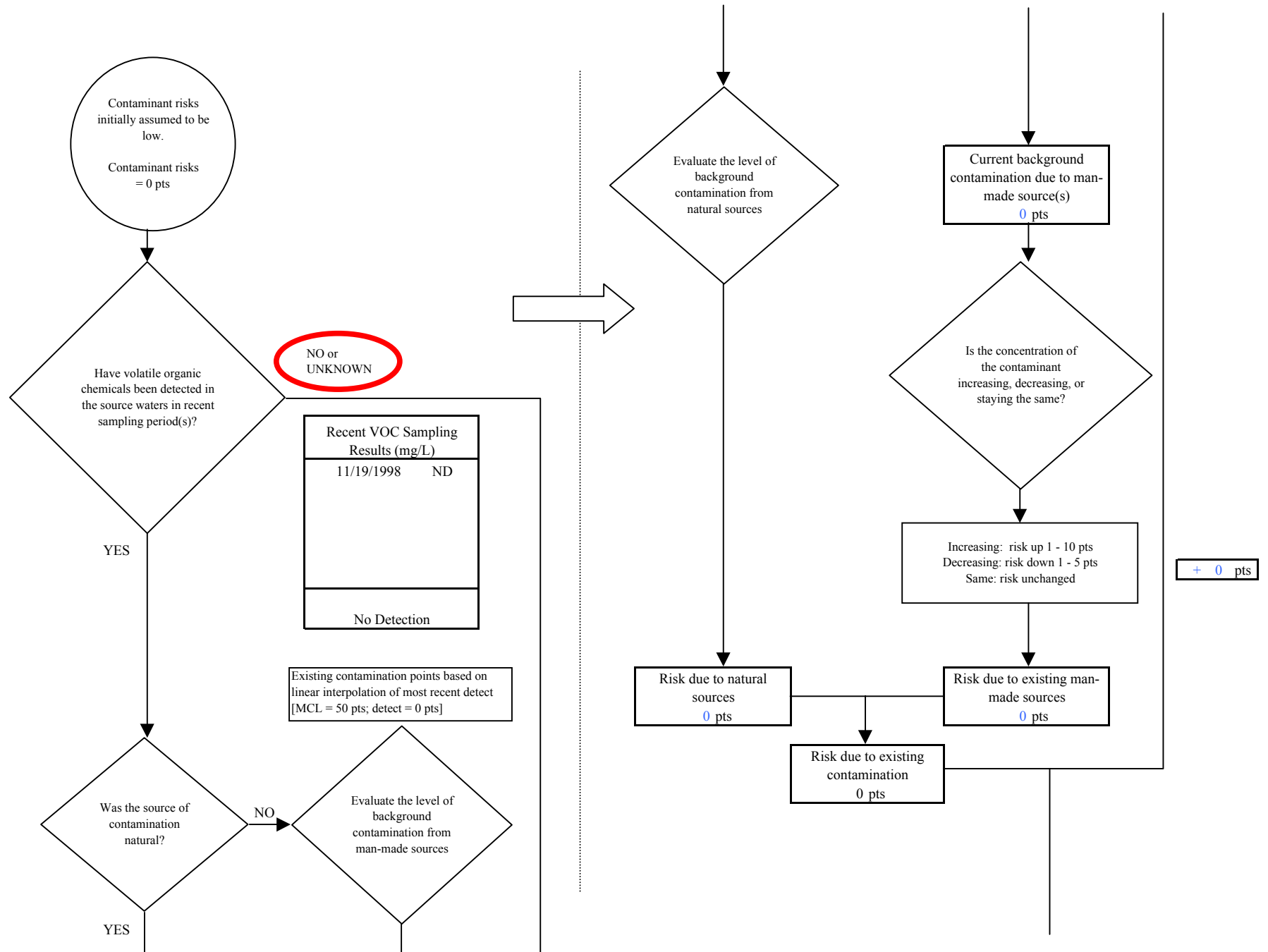
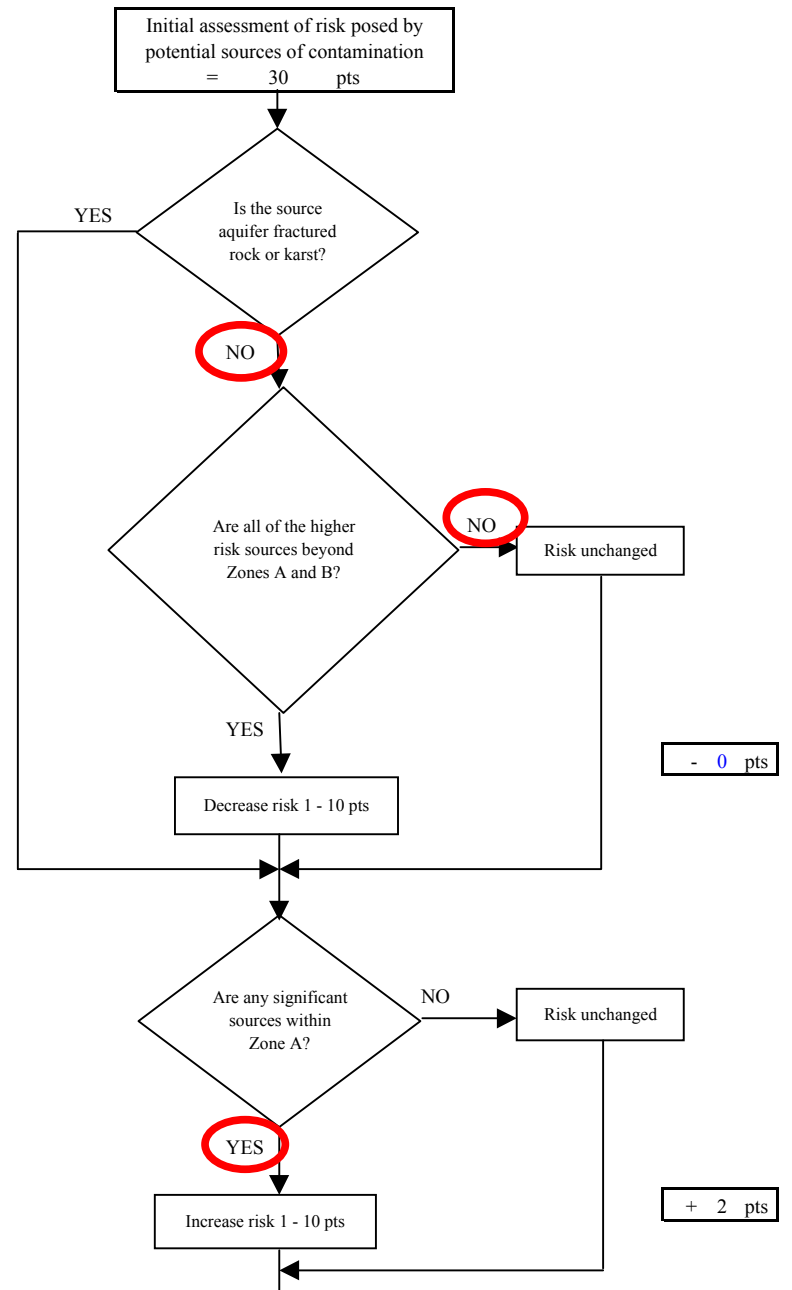
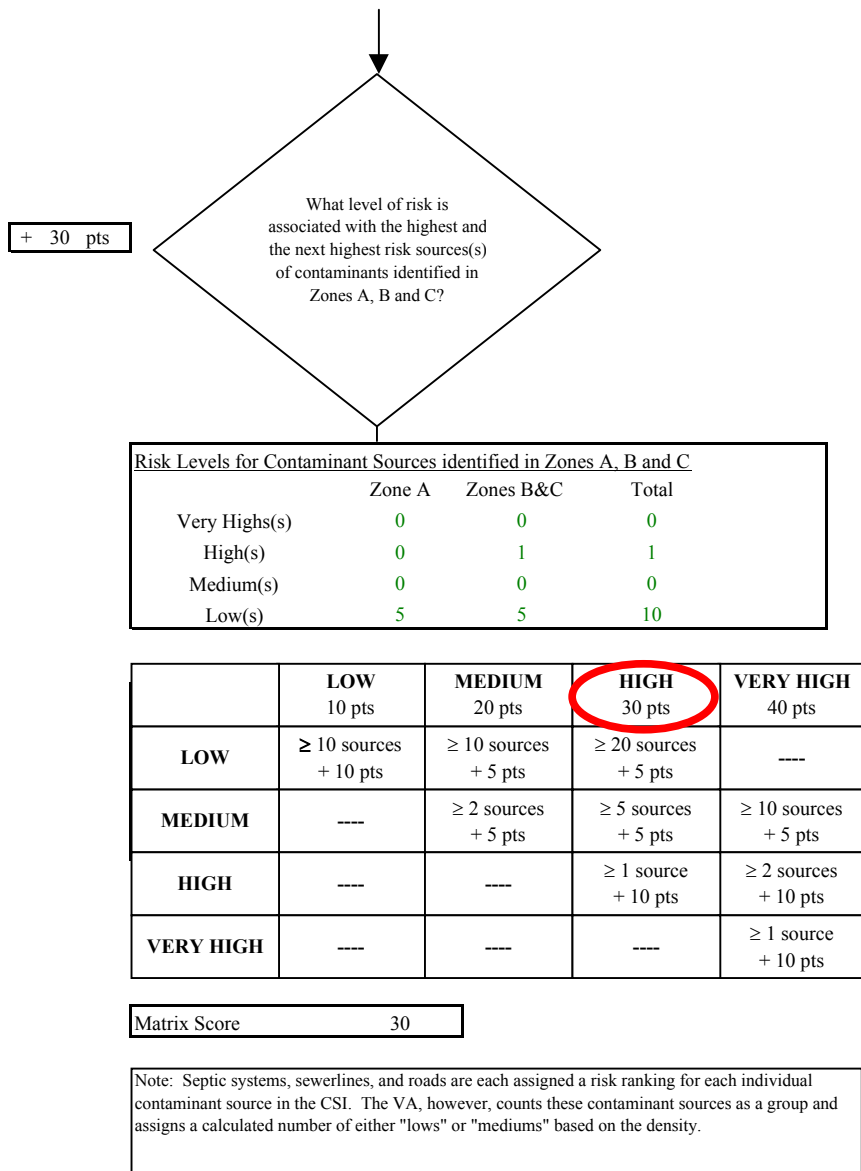




Chart 7. Contaminant risks for Matanuska Heights Dutchess - Volatile Organic Chemicals



**Chart 7. Contaminant risks for Matanuska Heights Dutchess - Volatile Organic Chemicals**



NO

Are all of the higher risk sources beyond Zones A and B?

NO

Risk unchanged

- 0 pts

Decrease risk 1 - 10 pts

NO

Are any significant sources within Zone A?

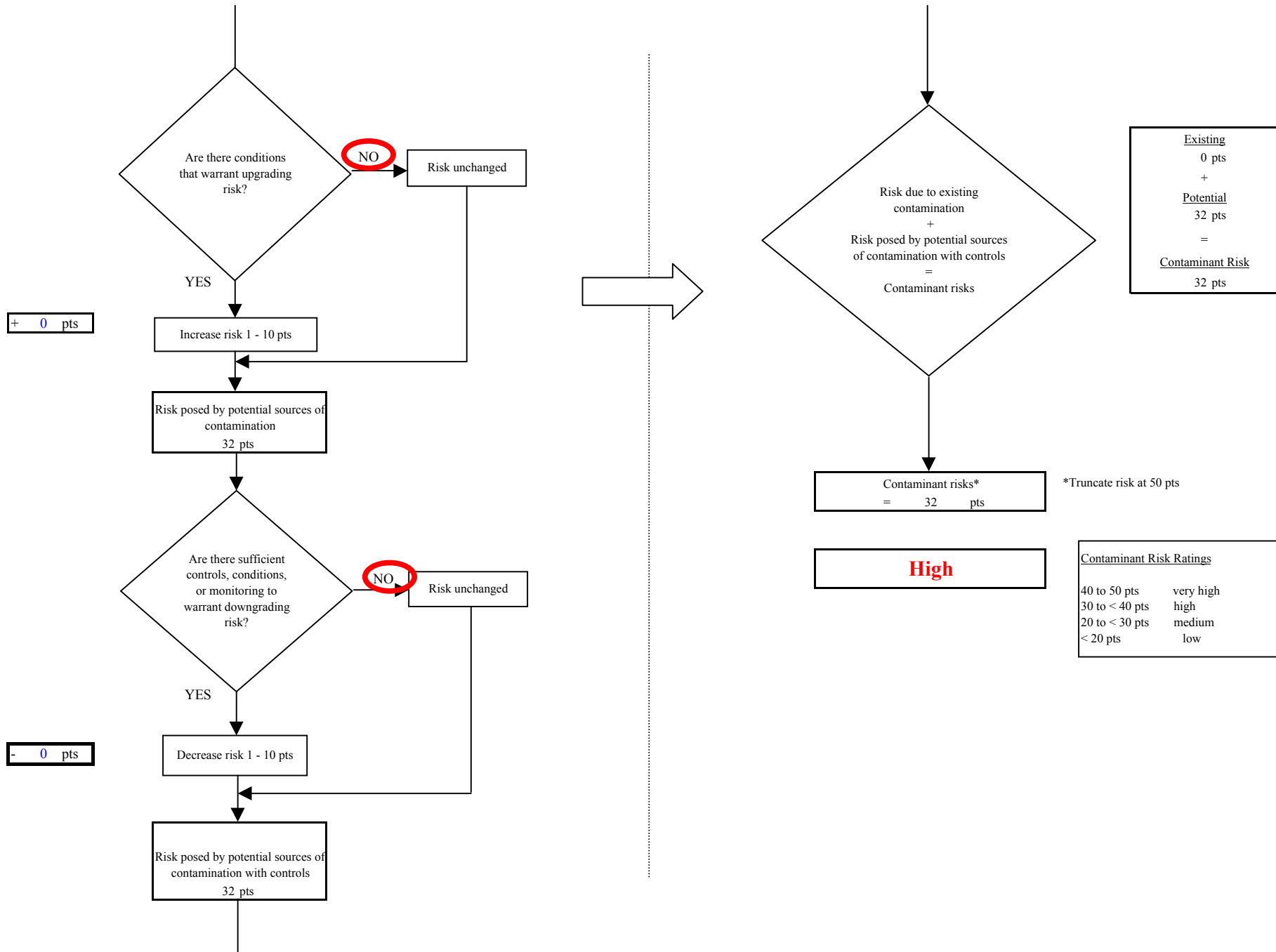
YES

Risk unchanged

+ 2 pts

Increase risk 1 - 10 pts

Chart 7. Contaminant risks for Matanuska Heights Dutchess - Volatile Organic Chemicals



**Chart 8. Vulnerability analysis for Matanuska Heights Dutchess - Volatile Organic Chemicals**

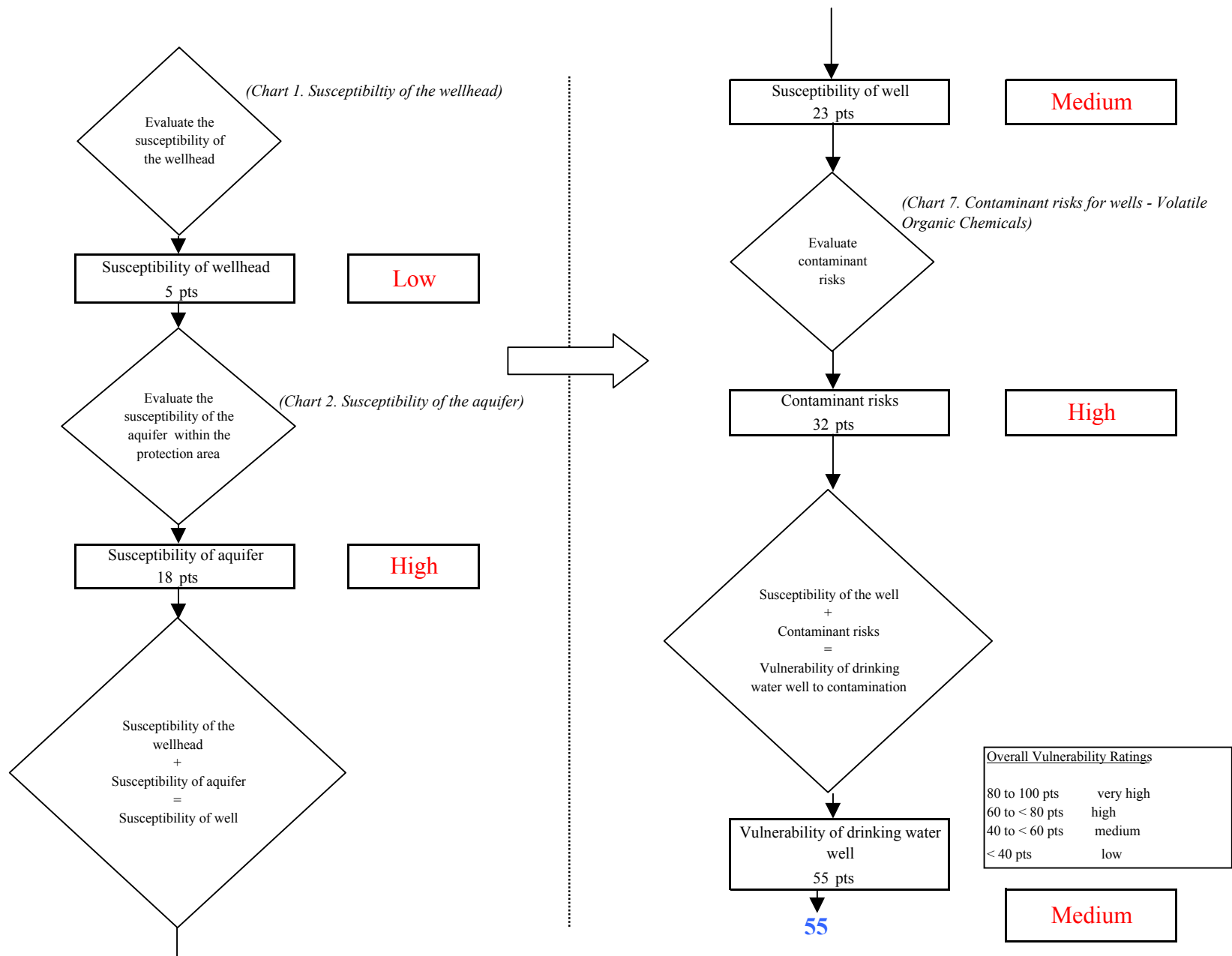


Chart 9. Contaminant risks for Matanuska Heights Dutchess - Heavy Metals, Cyanide and Other Inorganic Chemicals

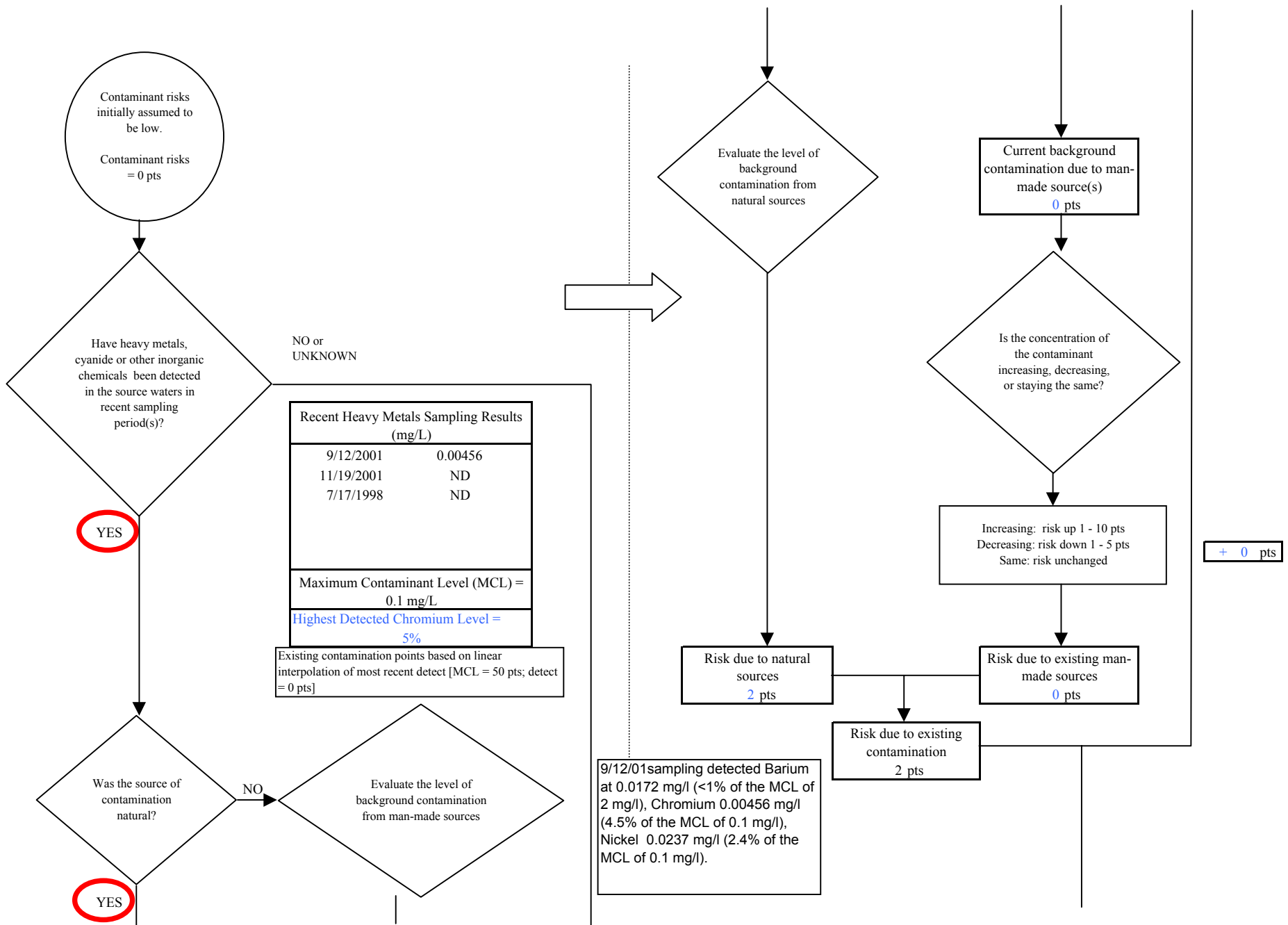
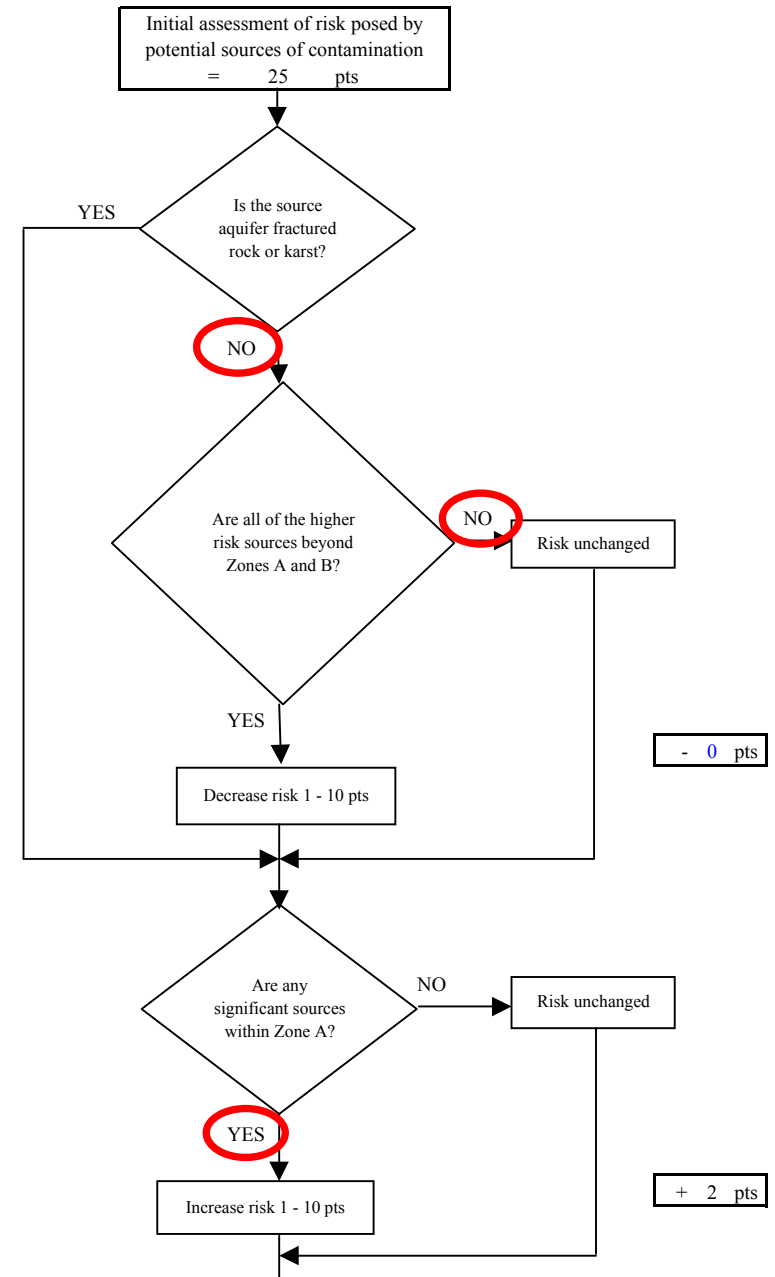
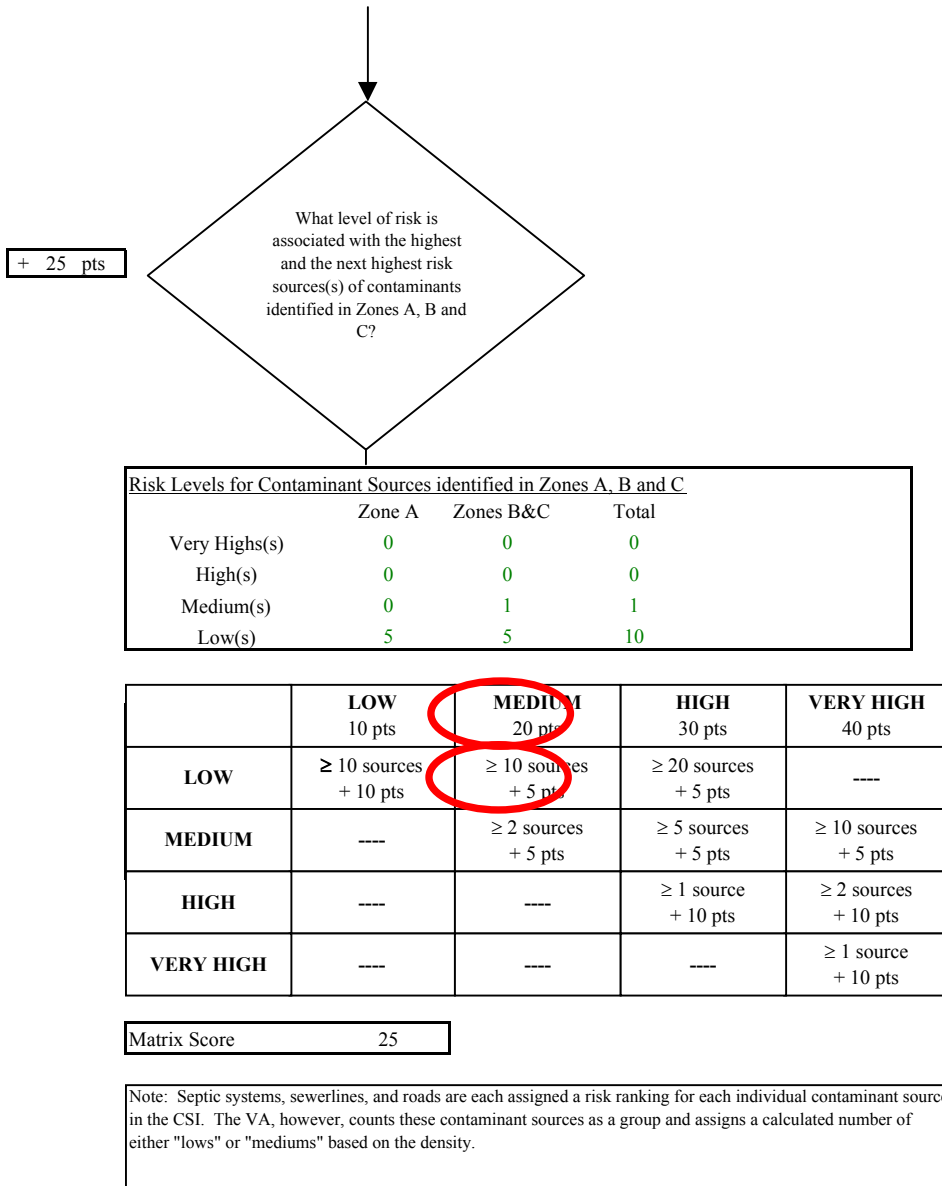
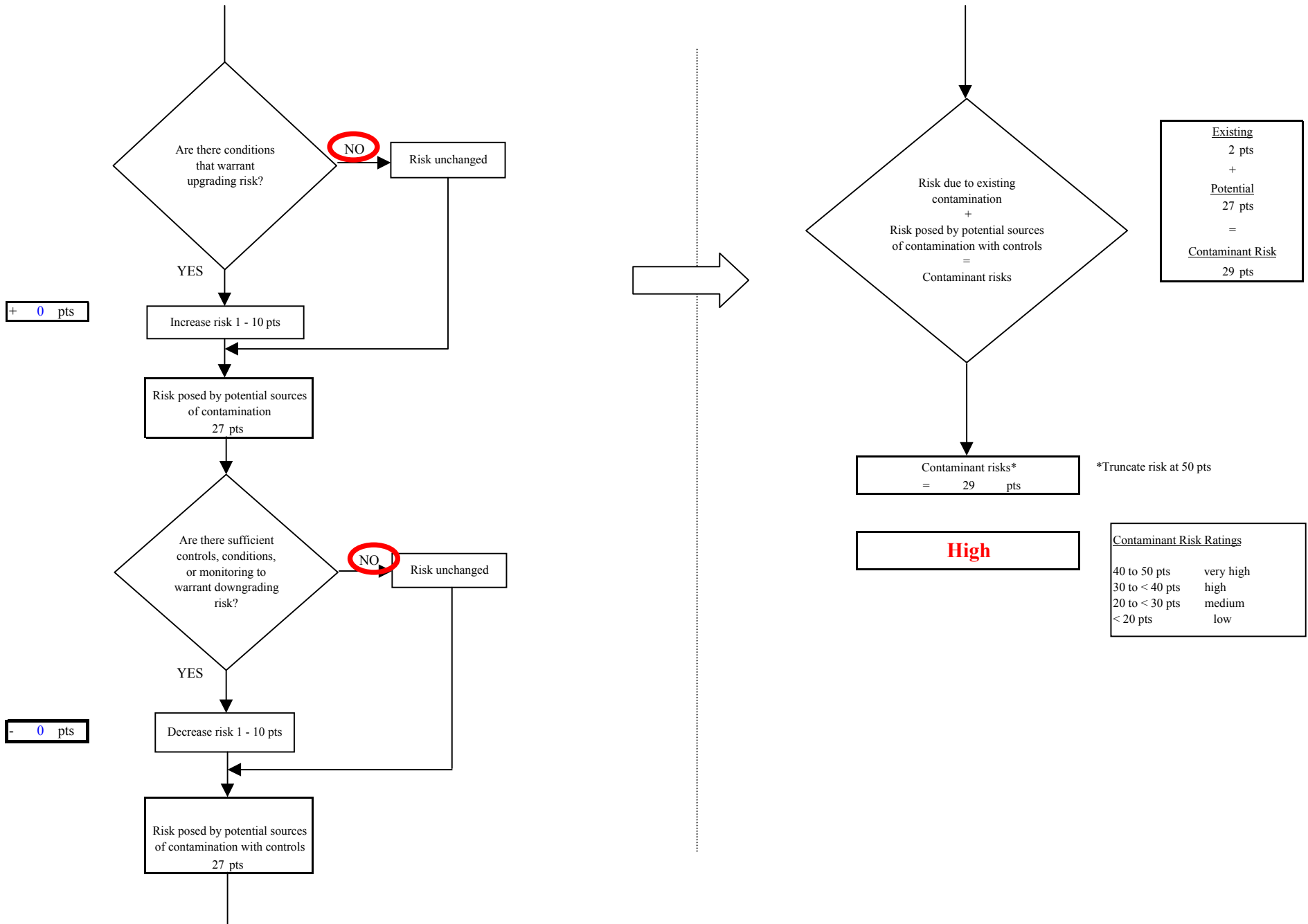


Chart 9. Contaminant risks for Matanuska Heights Dutchess - Heavy Metals, Cyanide and Other Inorganic Chemicals



**Chart 9. Contaminant risks for Matanuska Heights Dutchess - Heavy Metals, Cyanide and Other Inorganic Chemicals**



**Chart 10. Vulnerability analysis for Matanuska Heights Dutchess - Heavy Metals, Cyanide and Other Inorganic Chemicals**

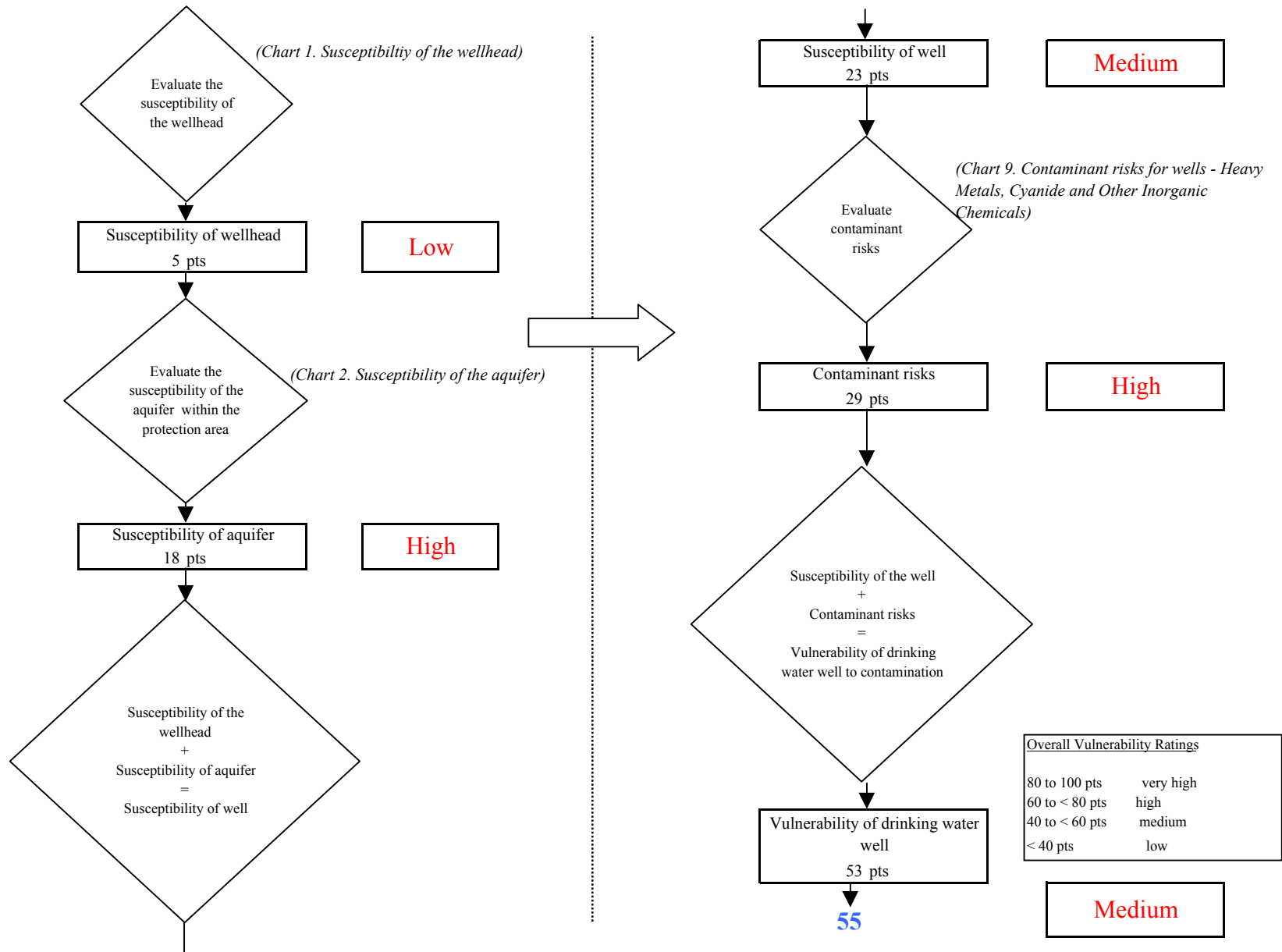




Chart 11. Contaminant risks for Matanuska Heights Dutchess - Synthetic Organic Chemicals

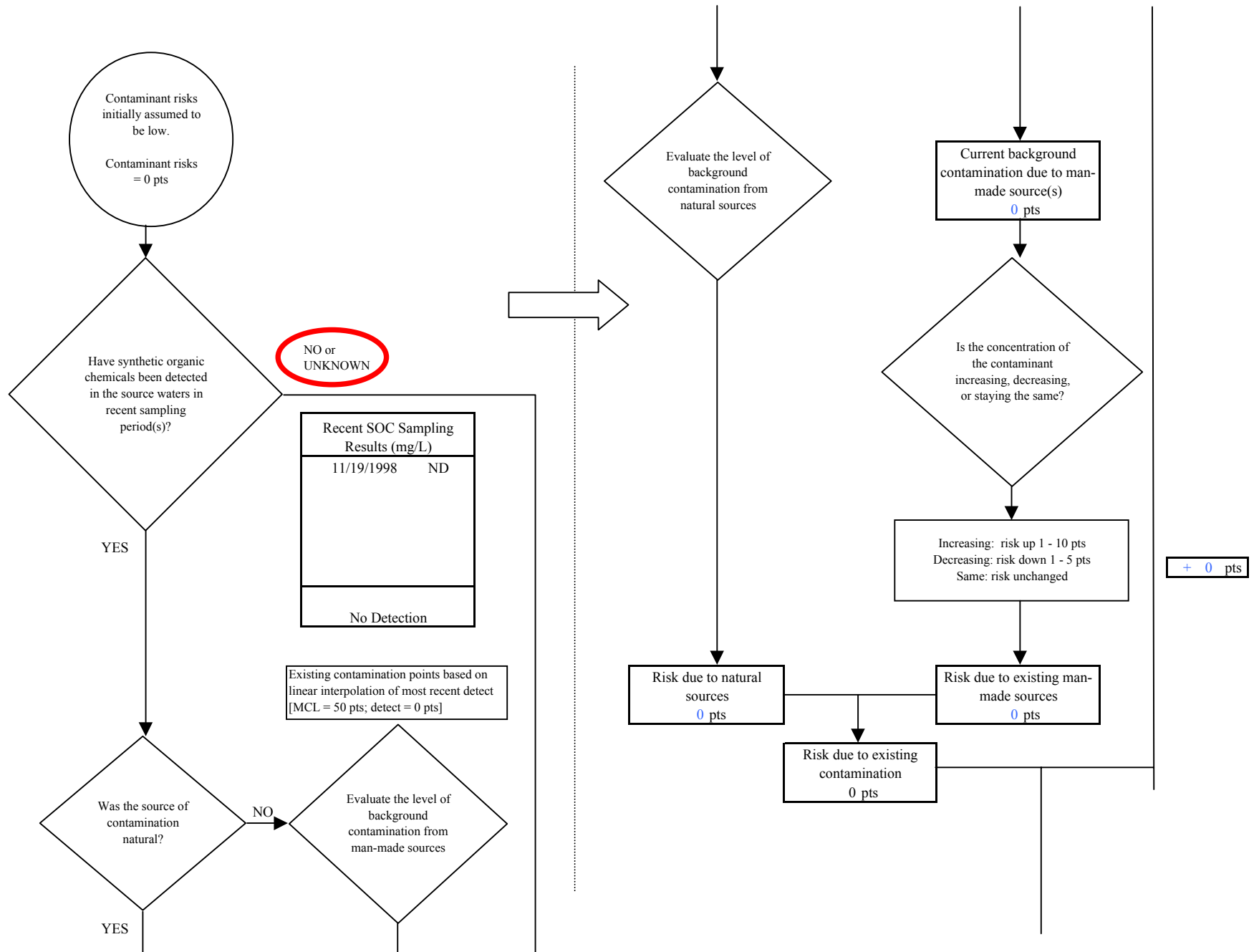


Chart 11. Contaminant risks for Matanuska Heights Dutchess - Synthetic Organic Chemicals

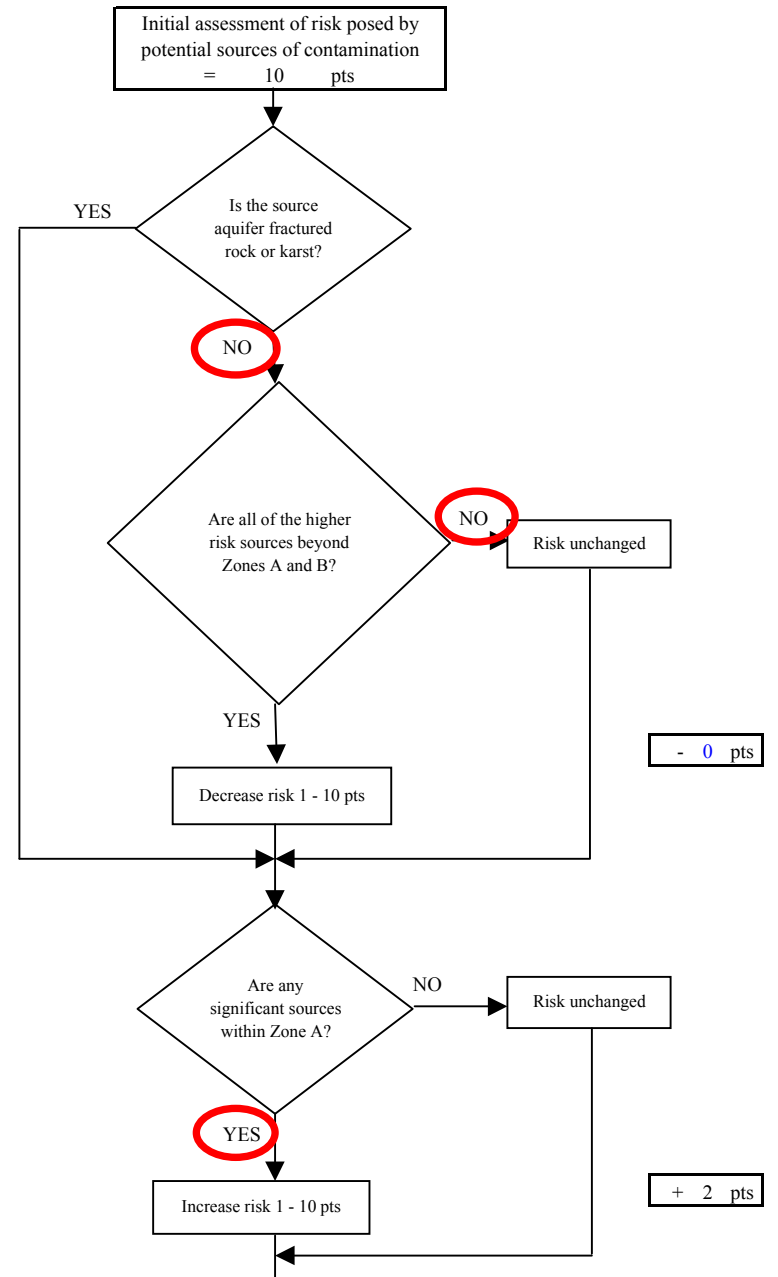
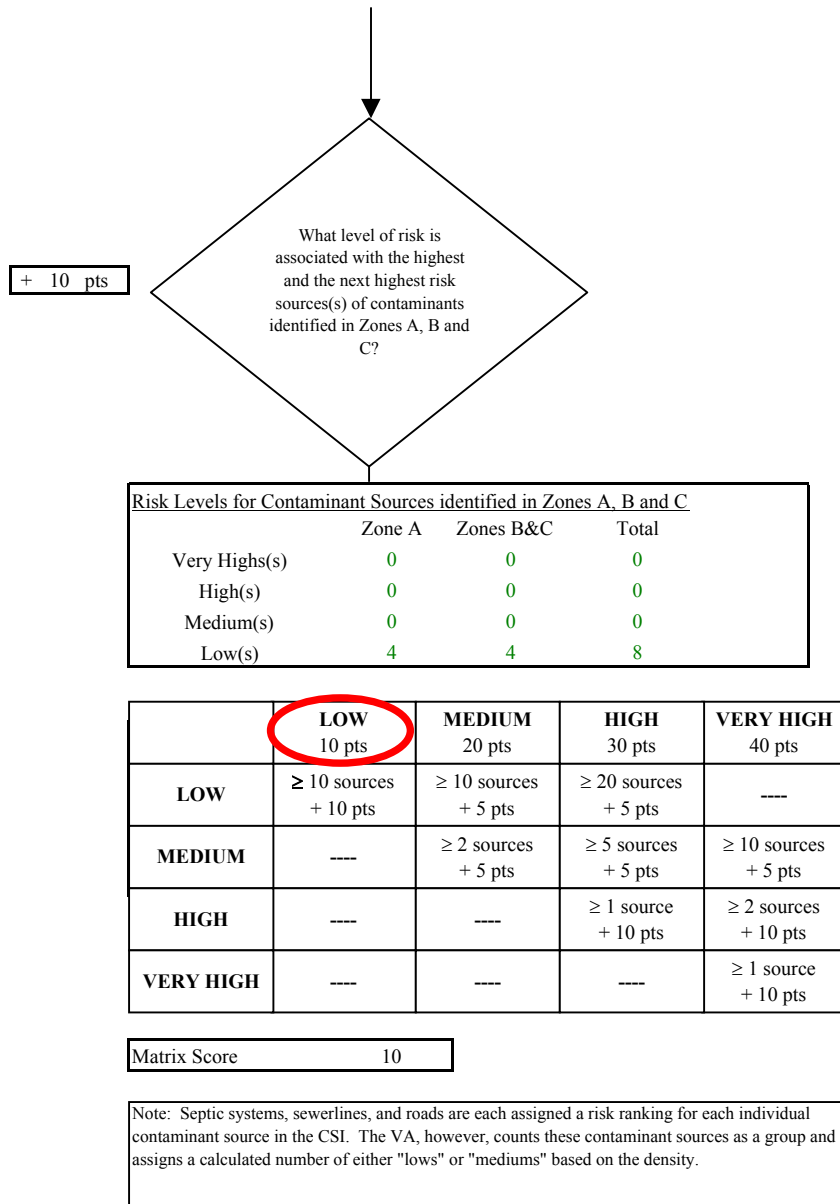
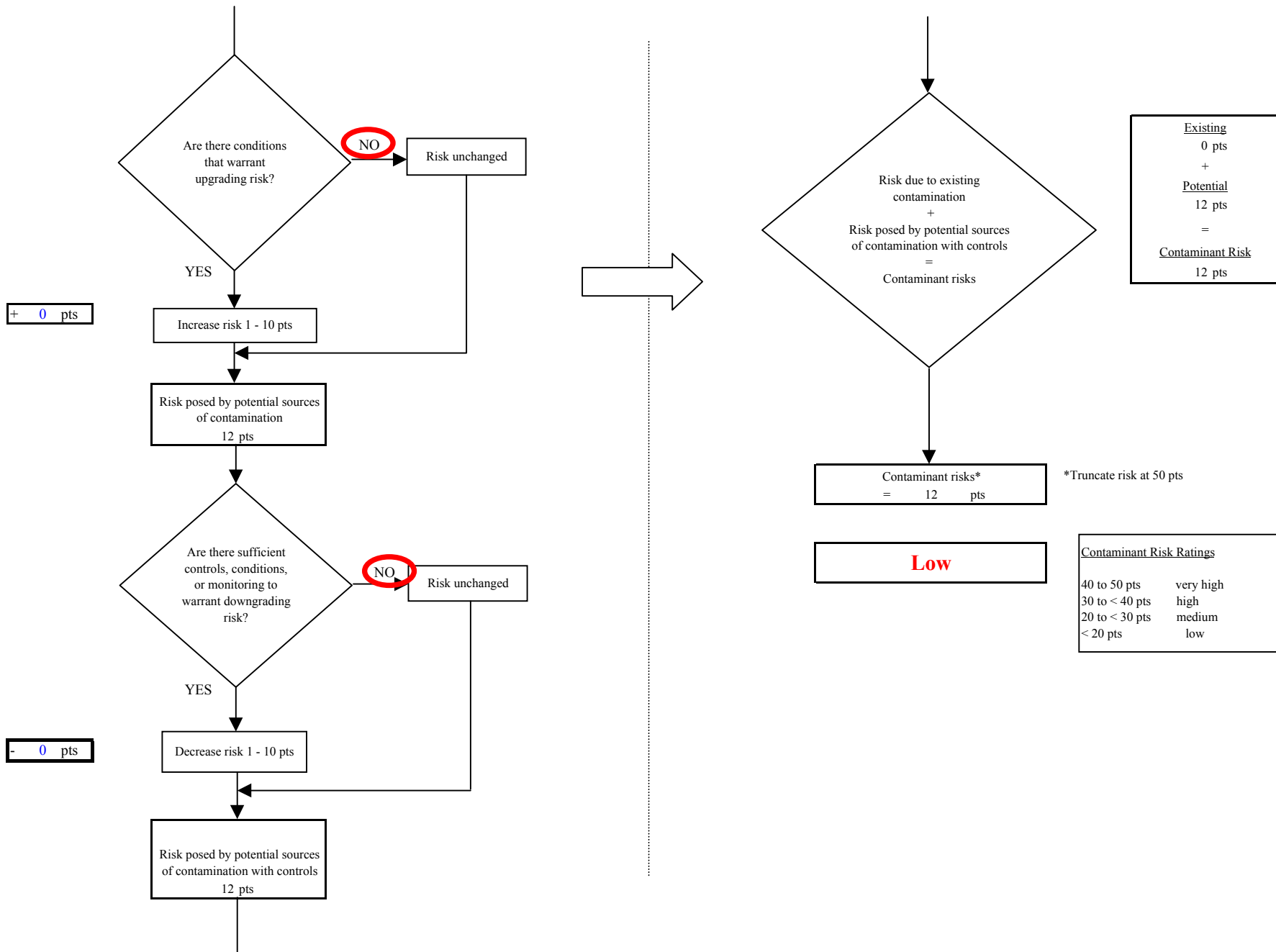


Chart 11. Contaminant risks for Matanuska Heights Dutchess - Synthetic Organic Chemicals



**Chart 12. Vulnerability analysis for Matanuska Heights Dutchess - Synthetic Organic Chemicals**

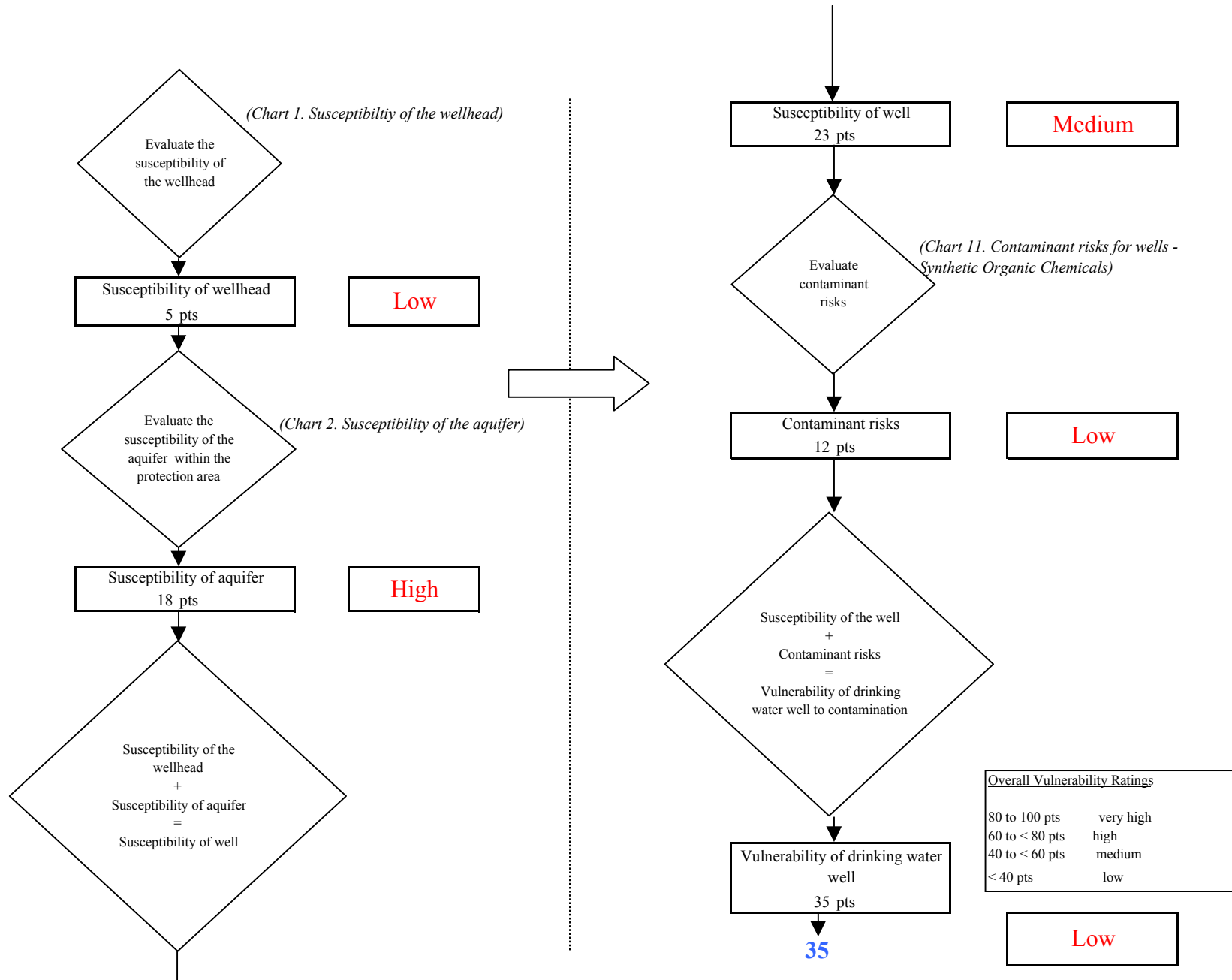


Chart 13. Contaminant risks for Matanuska Heights Dutchess - Other Organic Chemicals

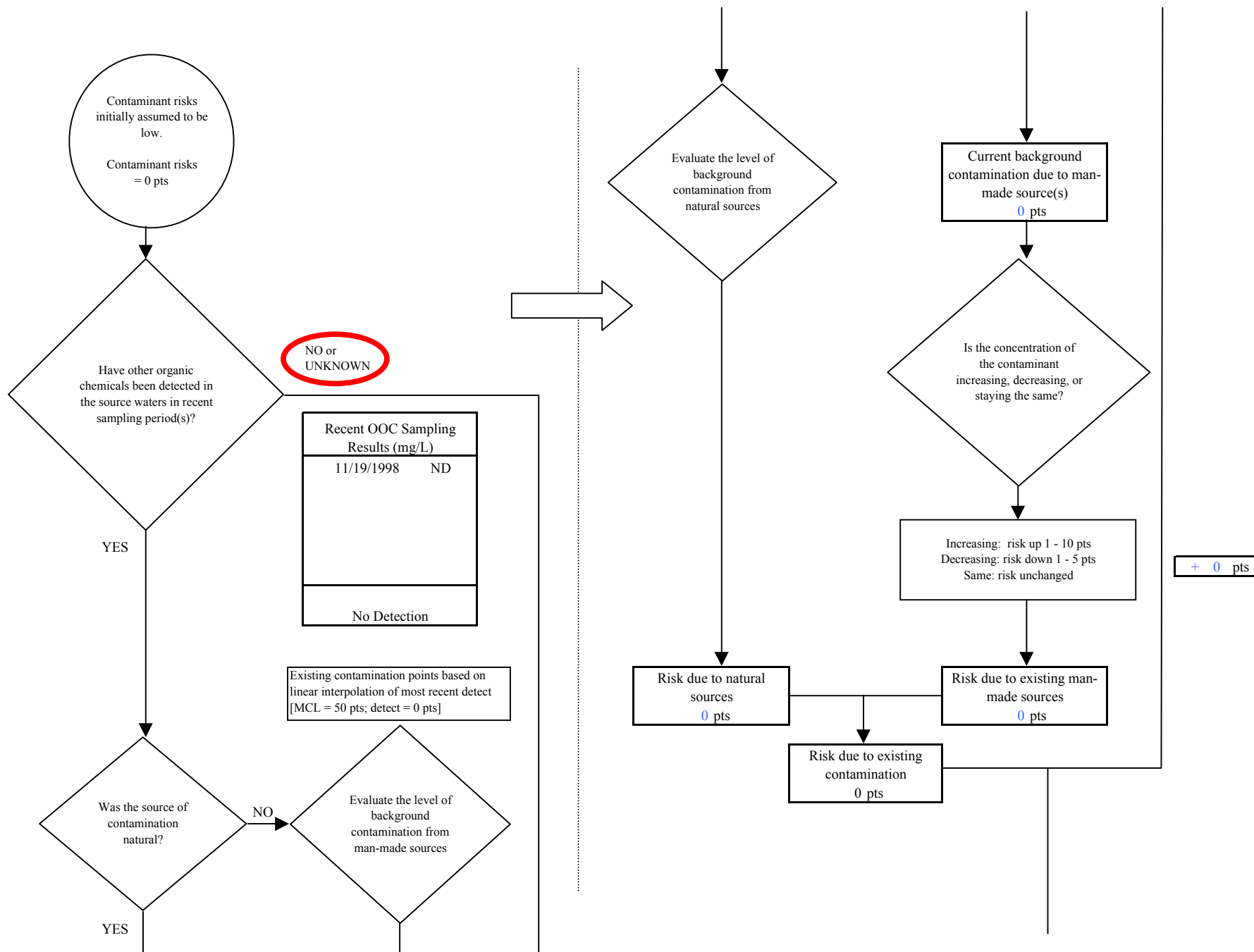


Chart 13. Contaminant risks for Matanuska Heights Dutchess - Other Organic Chemicals

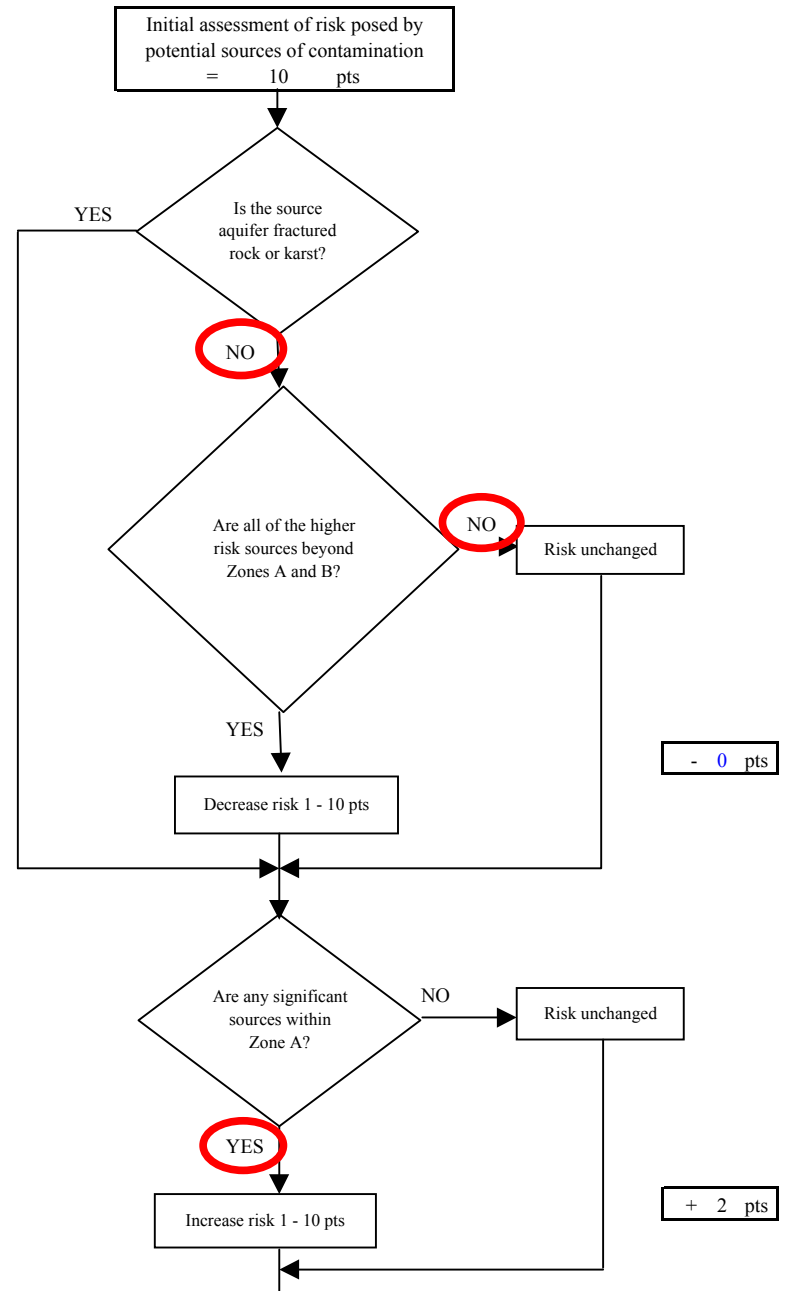
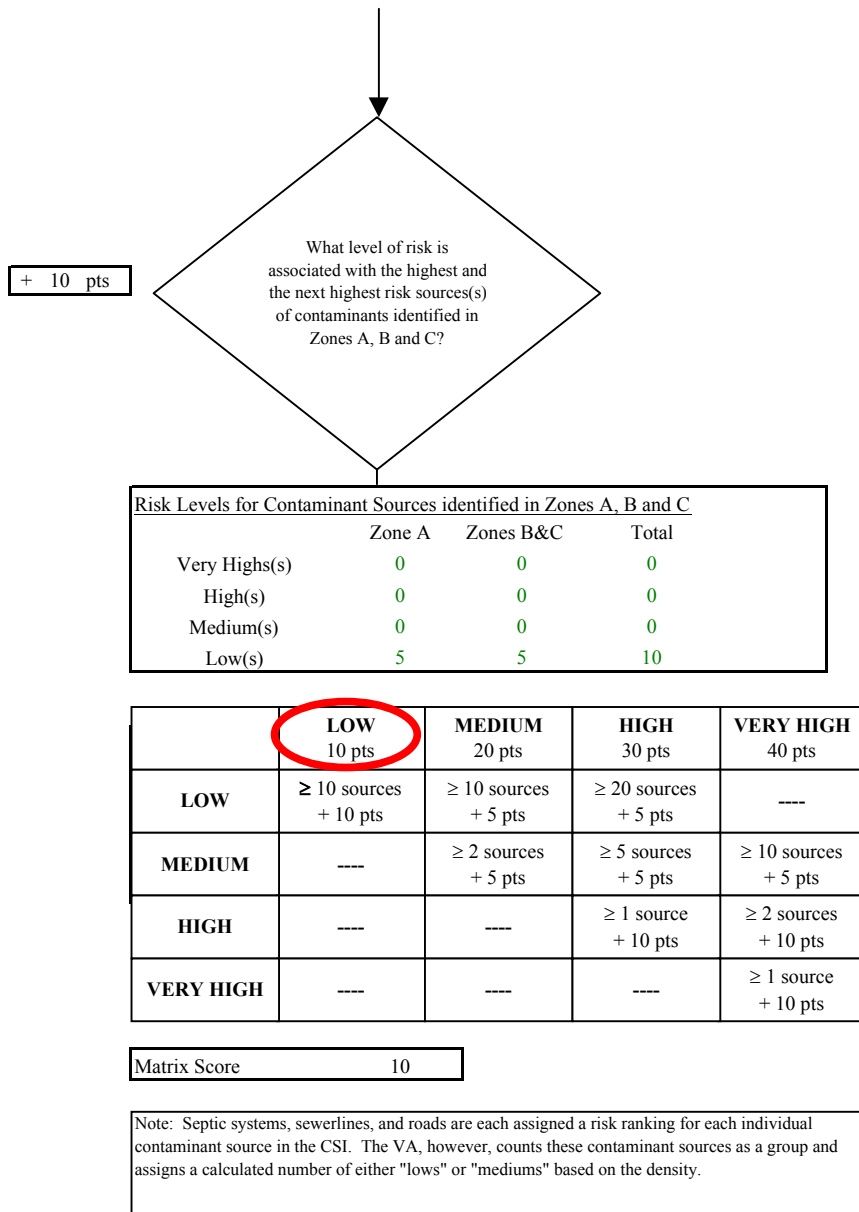
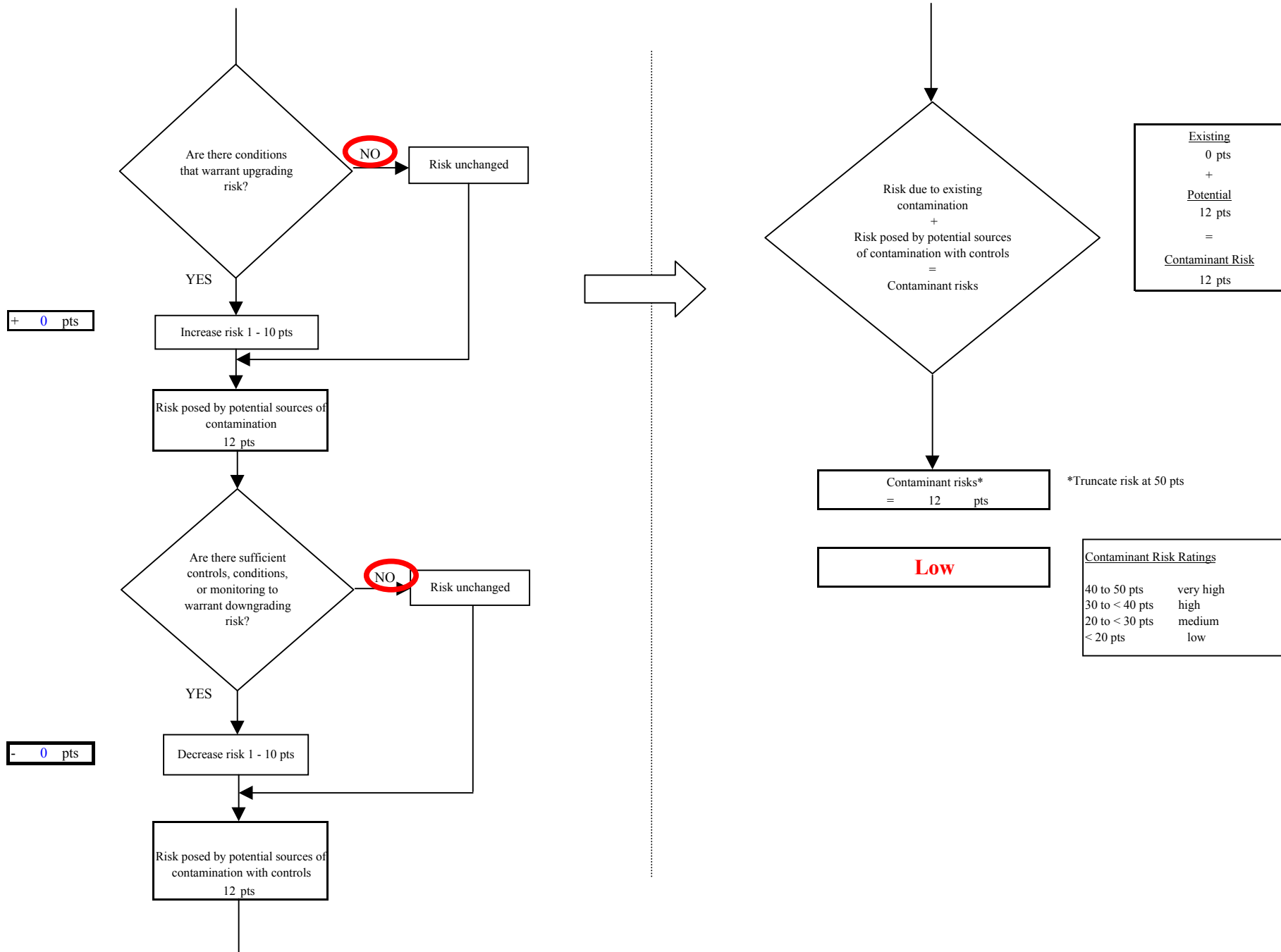


Chart 13. Contaminant risks for Matanuska Heights Dutchess - Other Organic Chemicals



**Chart 14. Vulnerability analysis for Matanuska Heights Dutchess - Other Organic Chemicals**

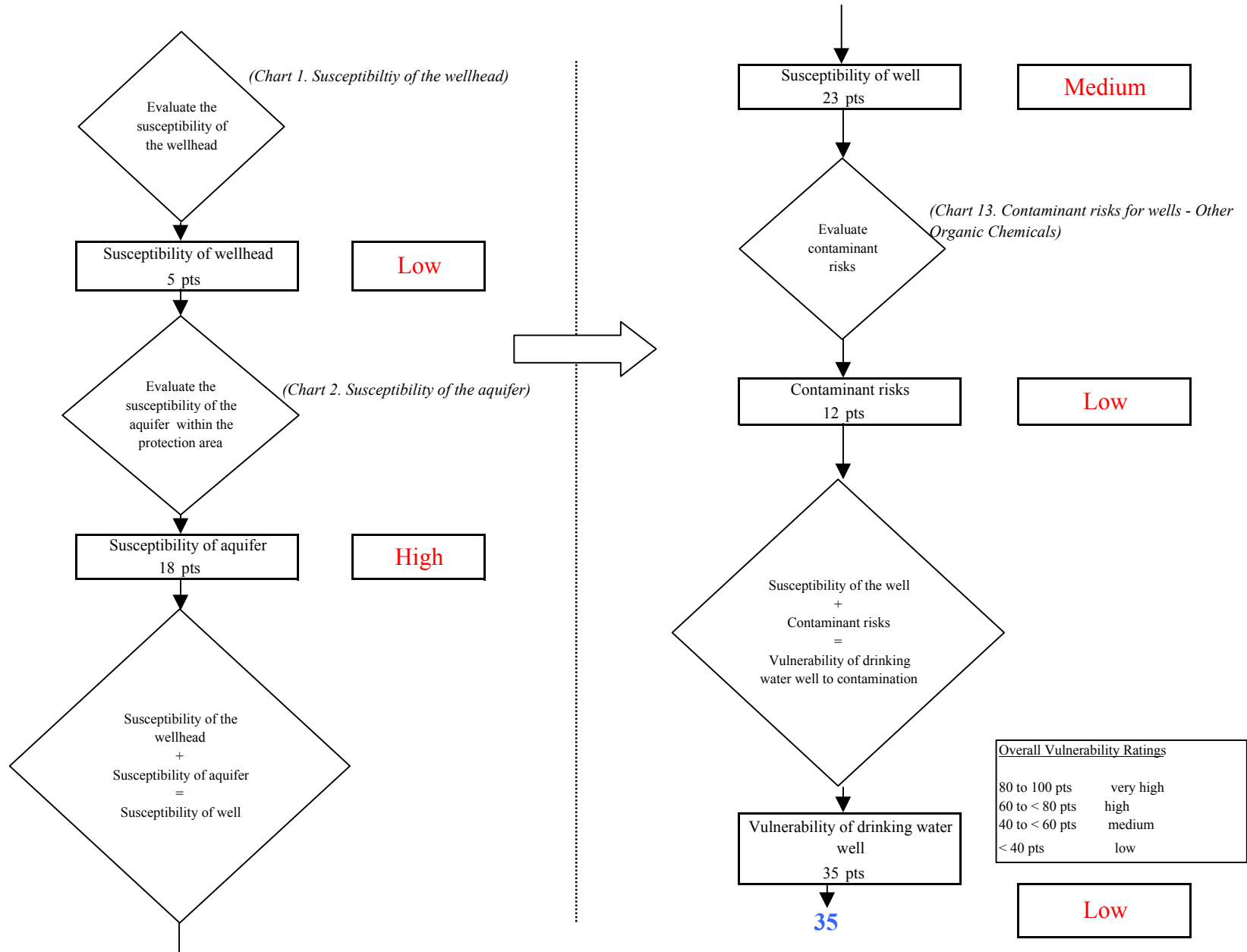




Chart 5. Contaminant risks for Best View RV and Trailer Park - Nitrates and Nitrites

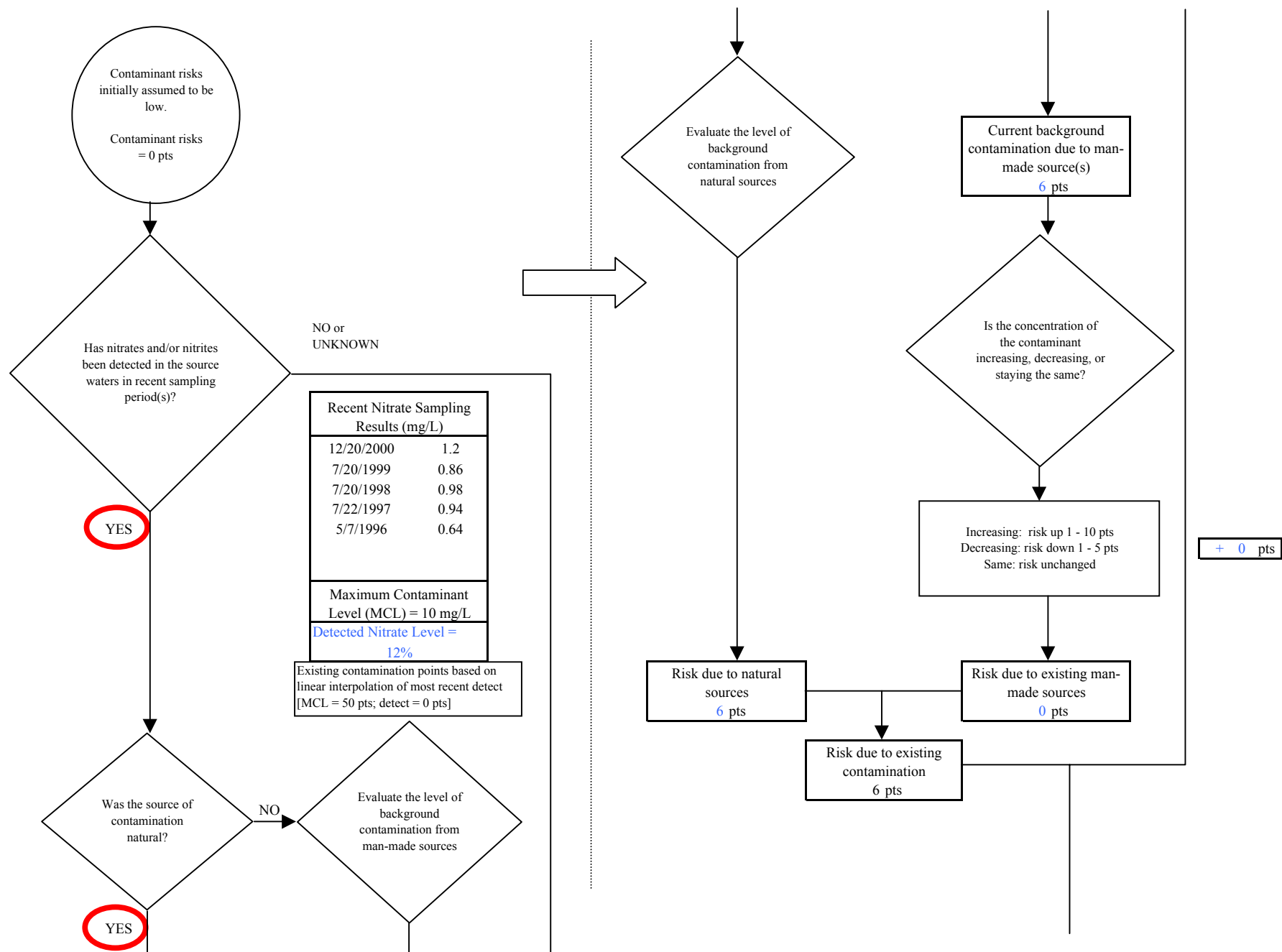
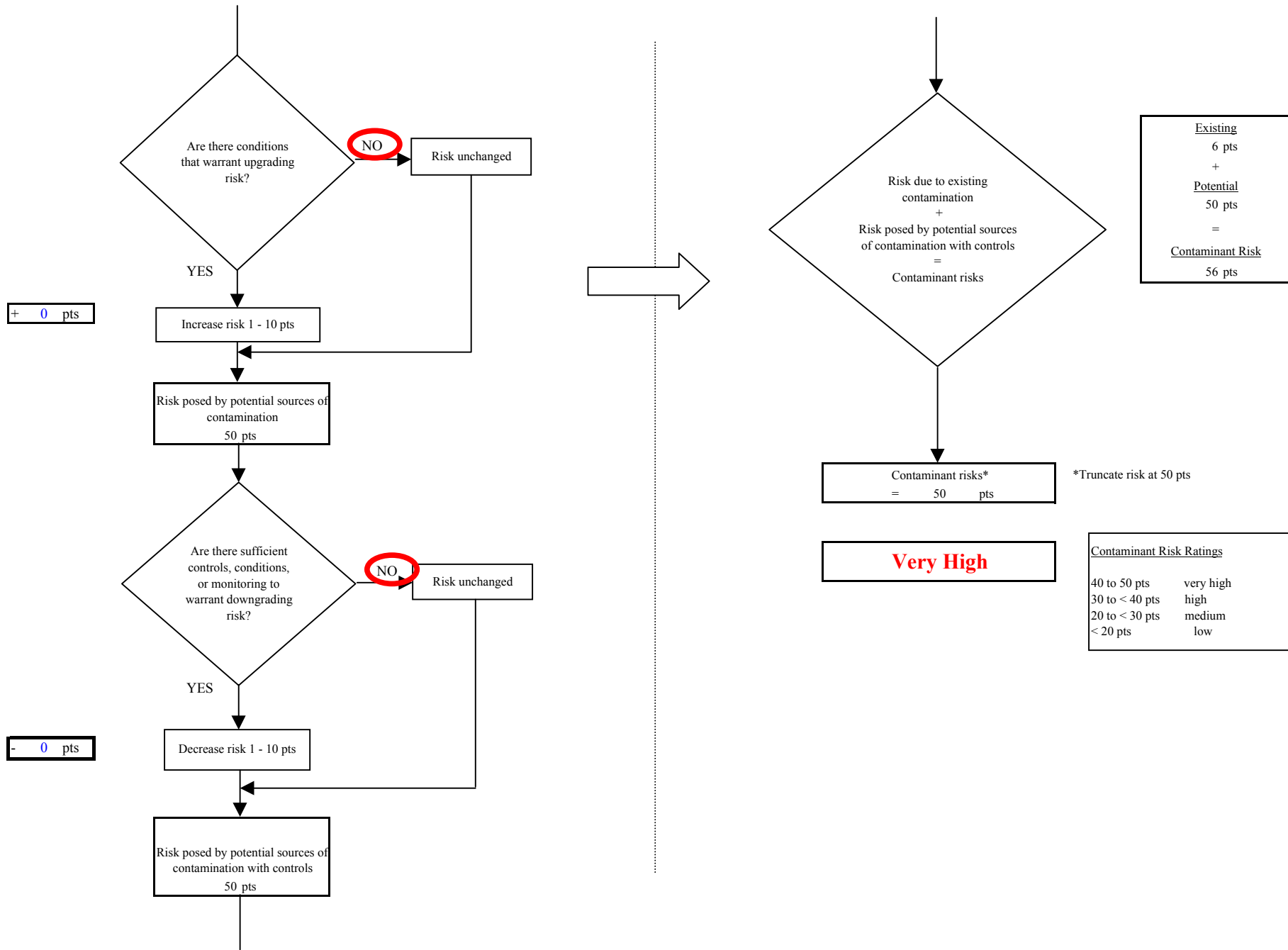


Chart 5. Contaminant risks for Best View RV and Trailer Park - Nitrates and Nitrites



**Chart 6. Vulnerability analysis for Best View RV and Trailer Park - Nitrates and Nitrites**

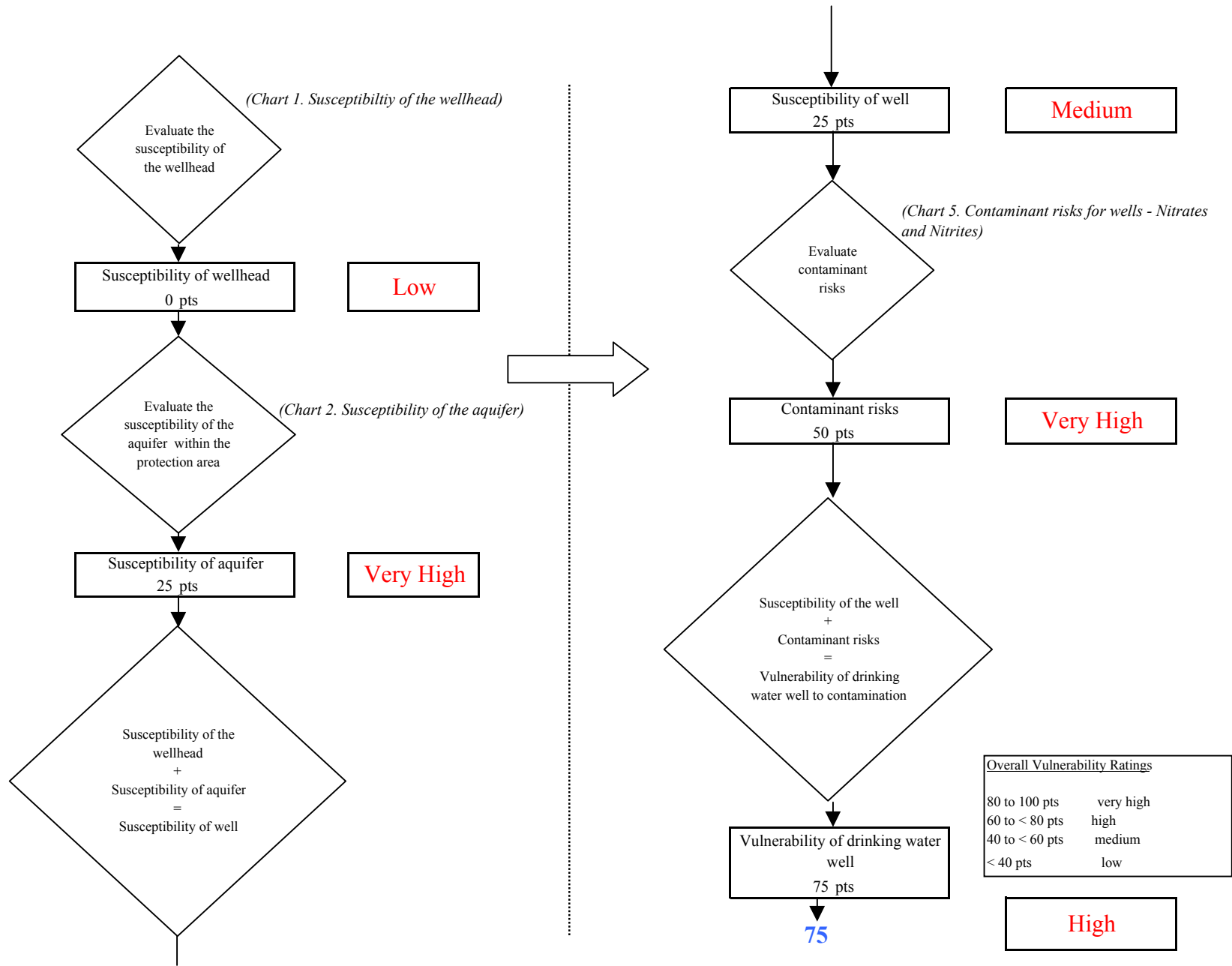
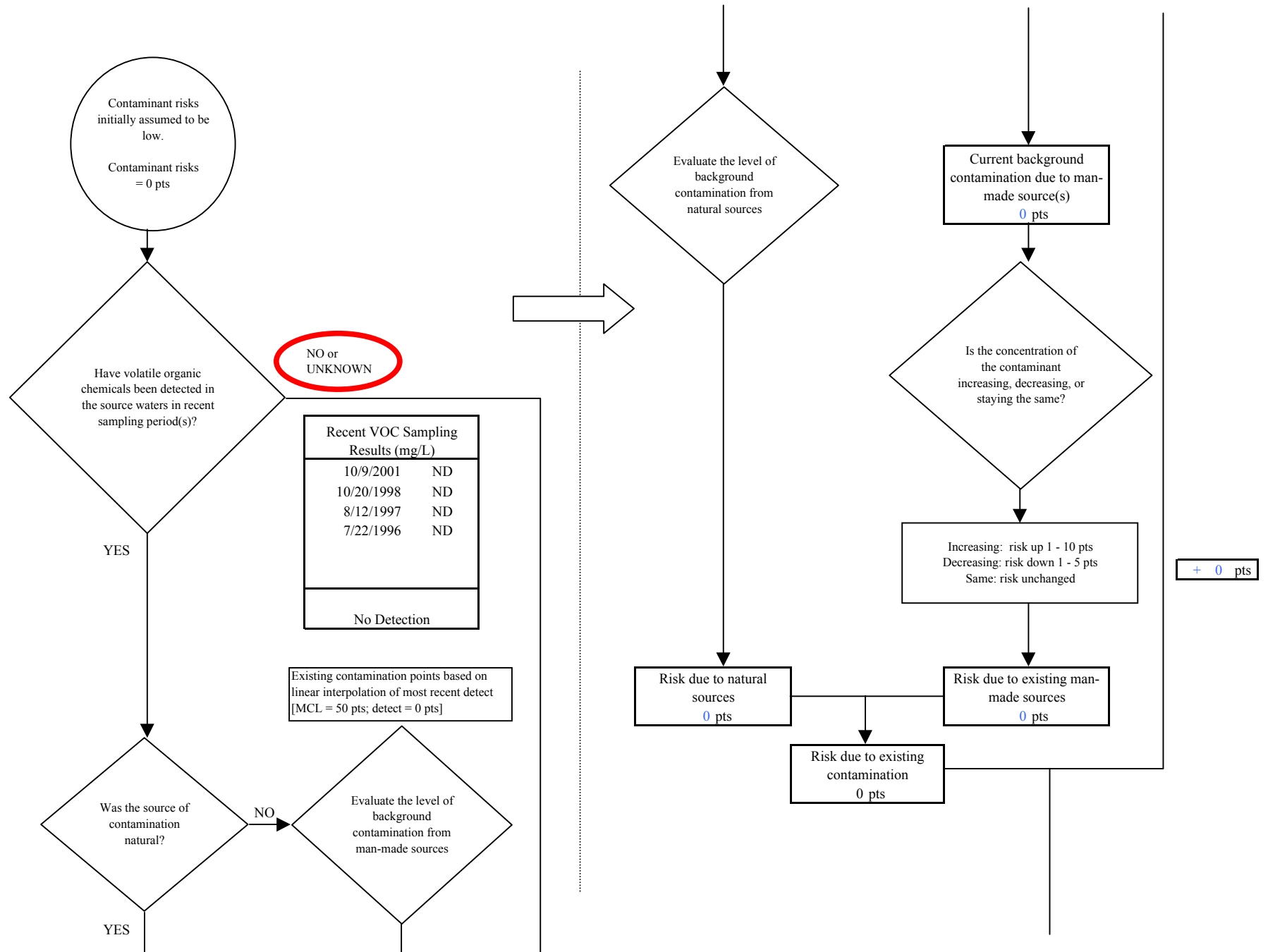
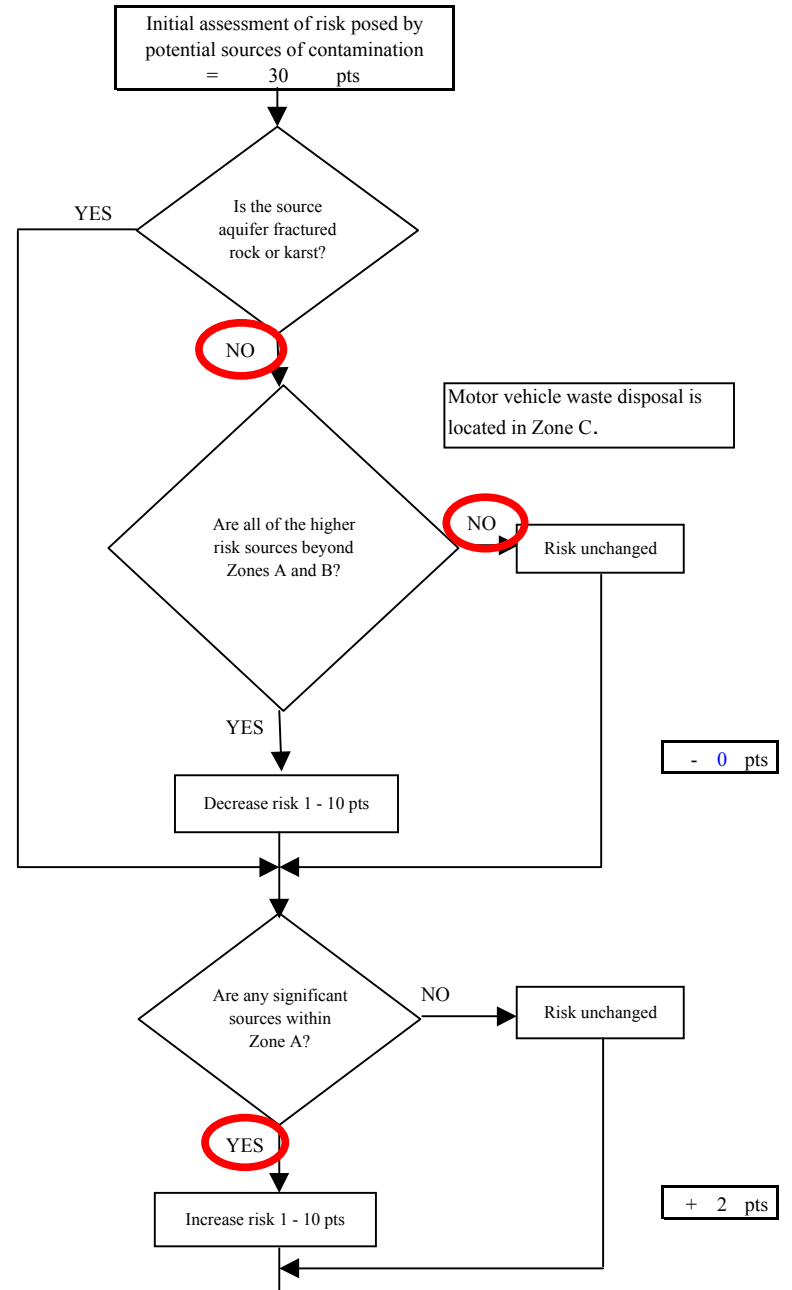
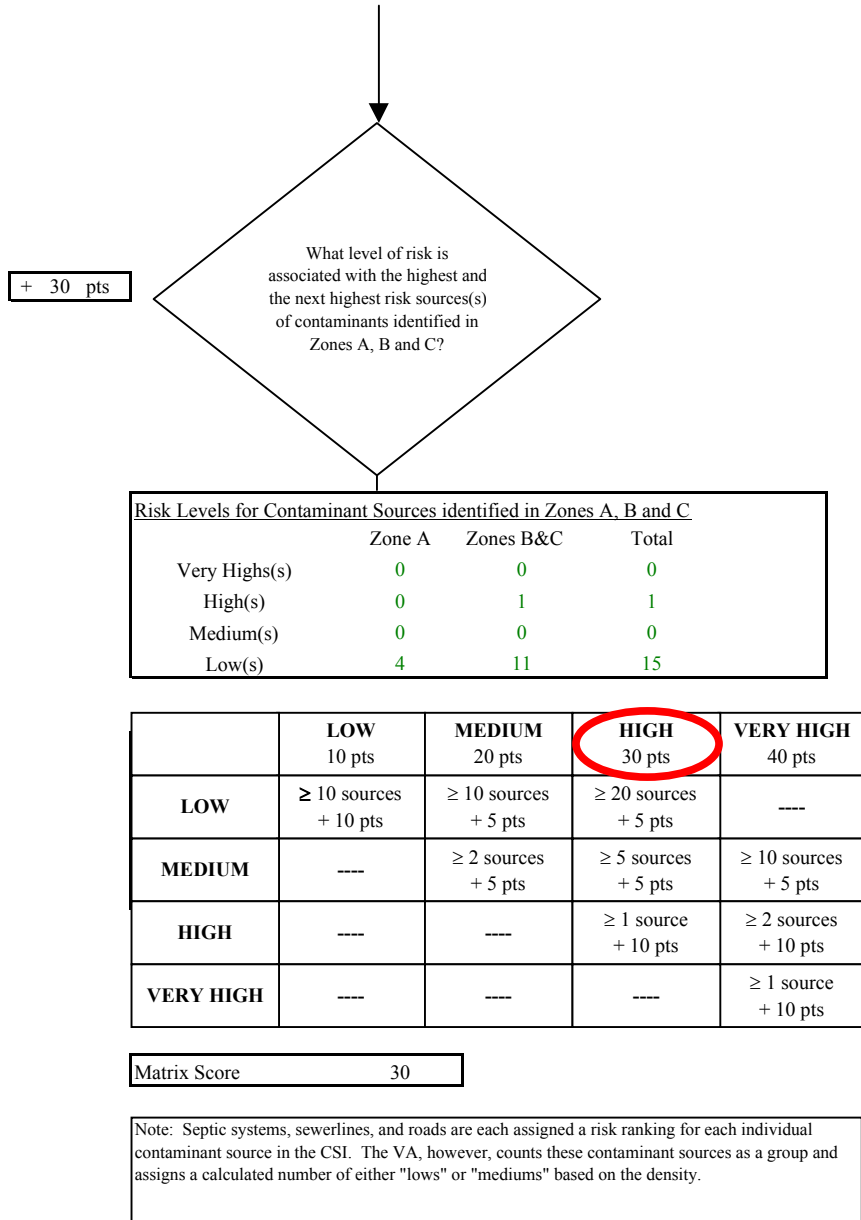


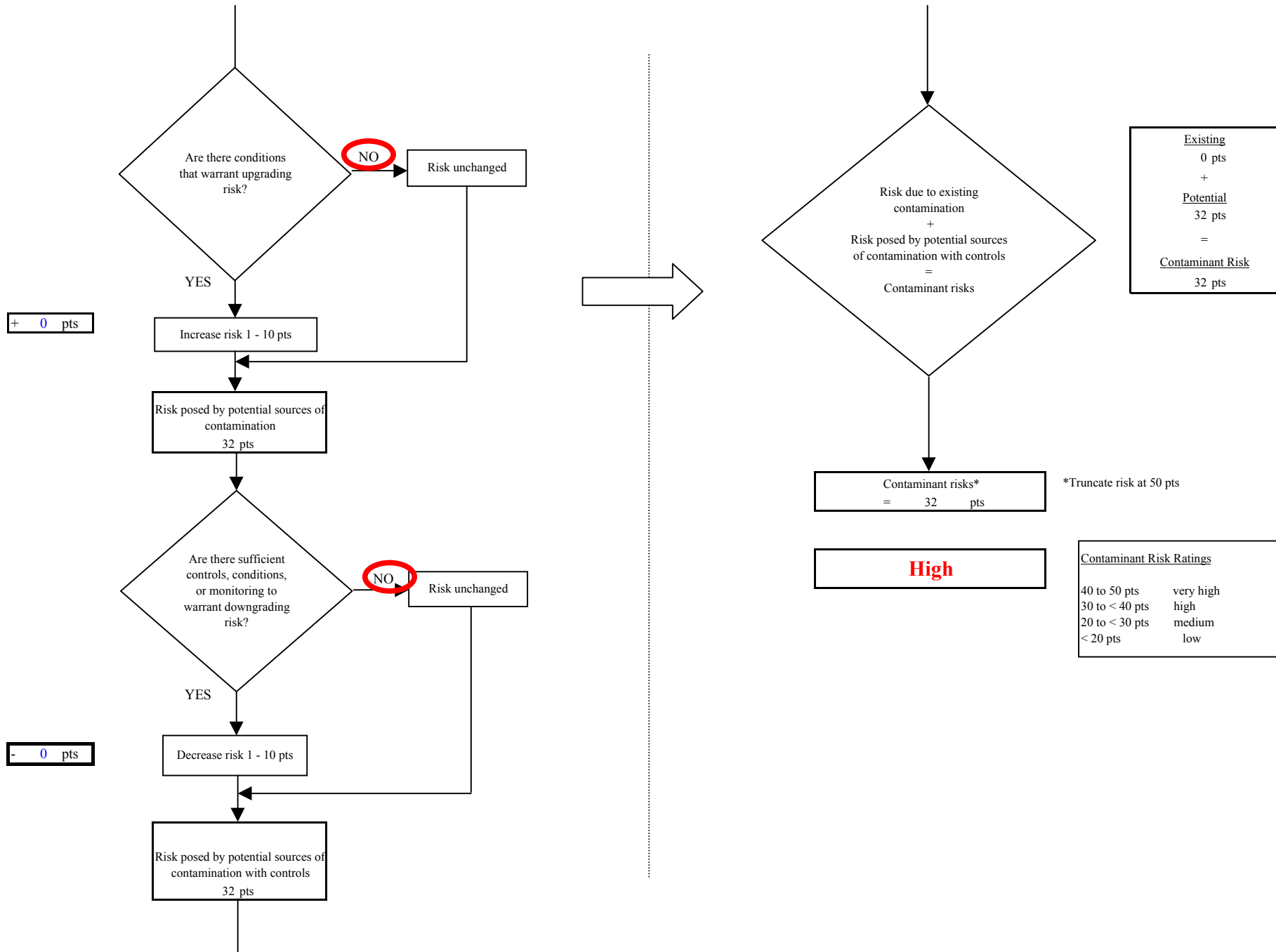
Chart 7. Contaminant risks for Best View RV and Trailer Park - Volatile Organic Chemicals



**Chart 7. Contaminant risks for Best View RV and Trailer Park - Volatile Organic Chemicals**



**Chart 7. Contaminant risks for Best View RV and Trailer Park - Volatile Organic Chemicals**



**Chart 8. Vulnerability analysis for Best View RV and Trailer Park - Volatile Organic Chemicals**

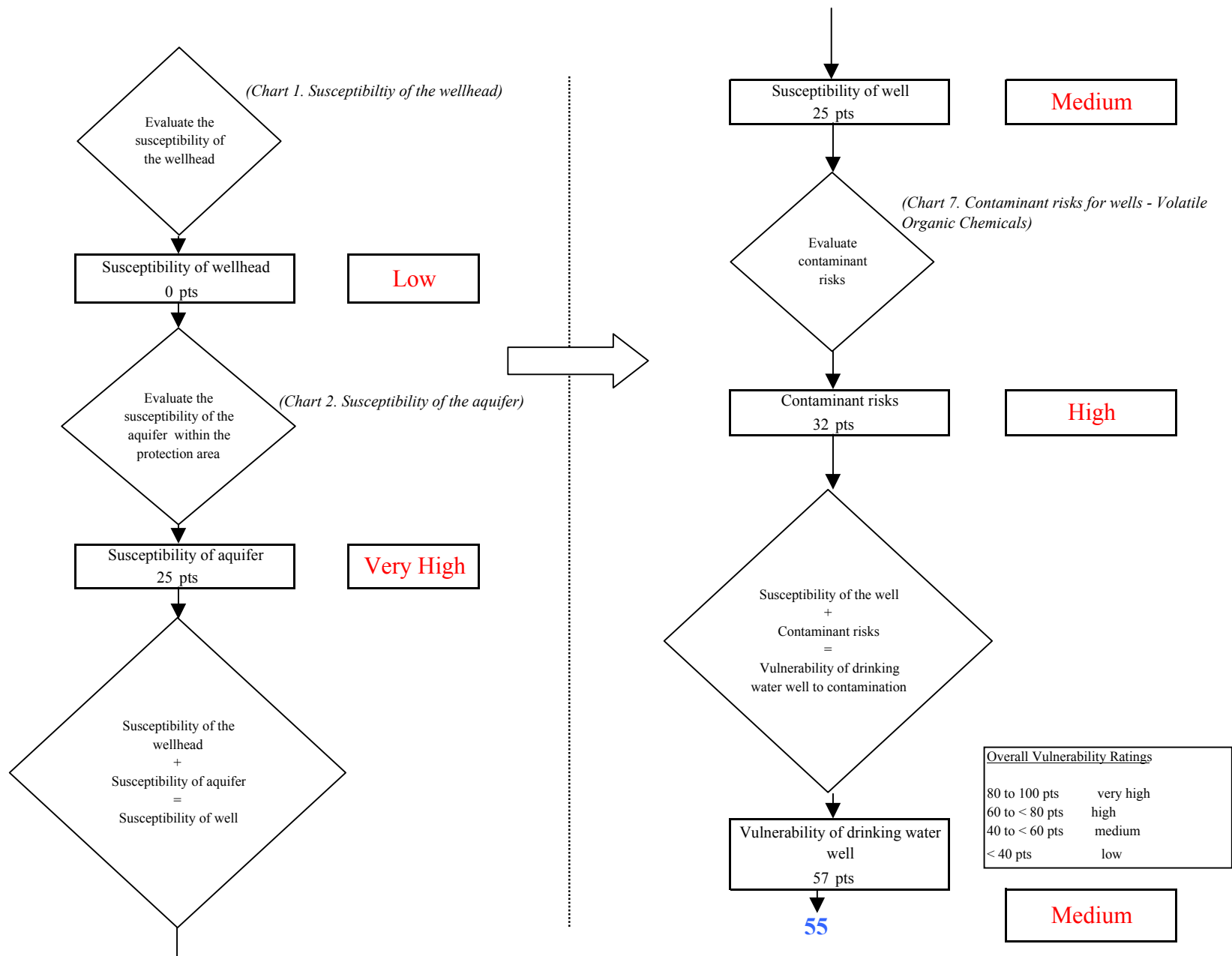
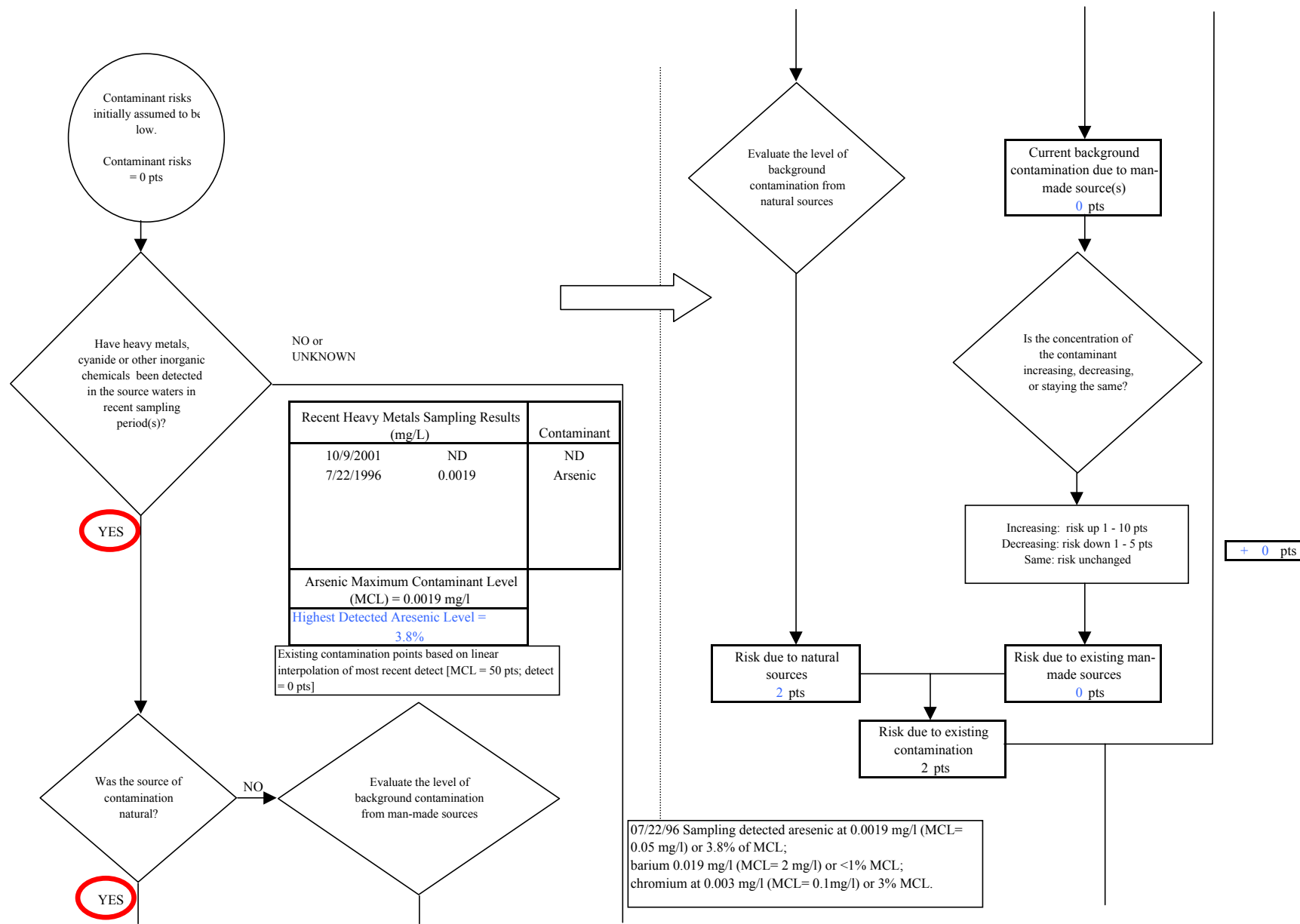


Chart 9. Contaminant risks for Best View RV and Trailer Park - Heavy Metals, Cyanide and Other Inorganic Chemicals





**Chart 10. Vulnerability analysis for Best View RV and Trailer Park - Heavy Metals, Cyanide and Other Inorganic Chemicals**

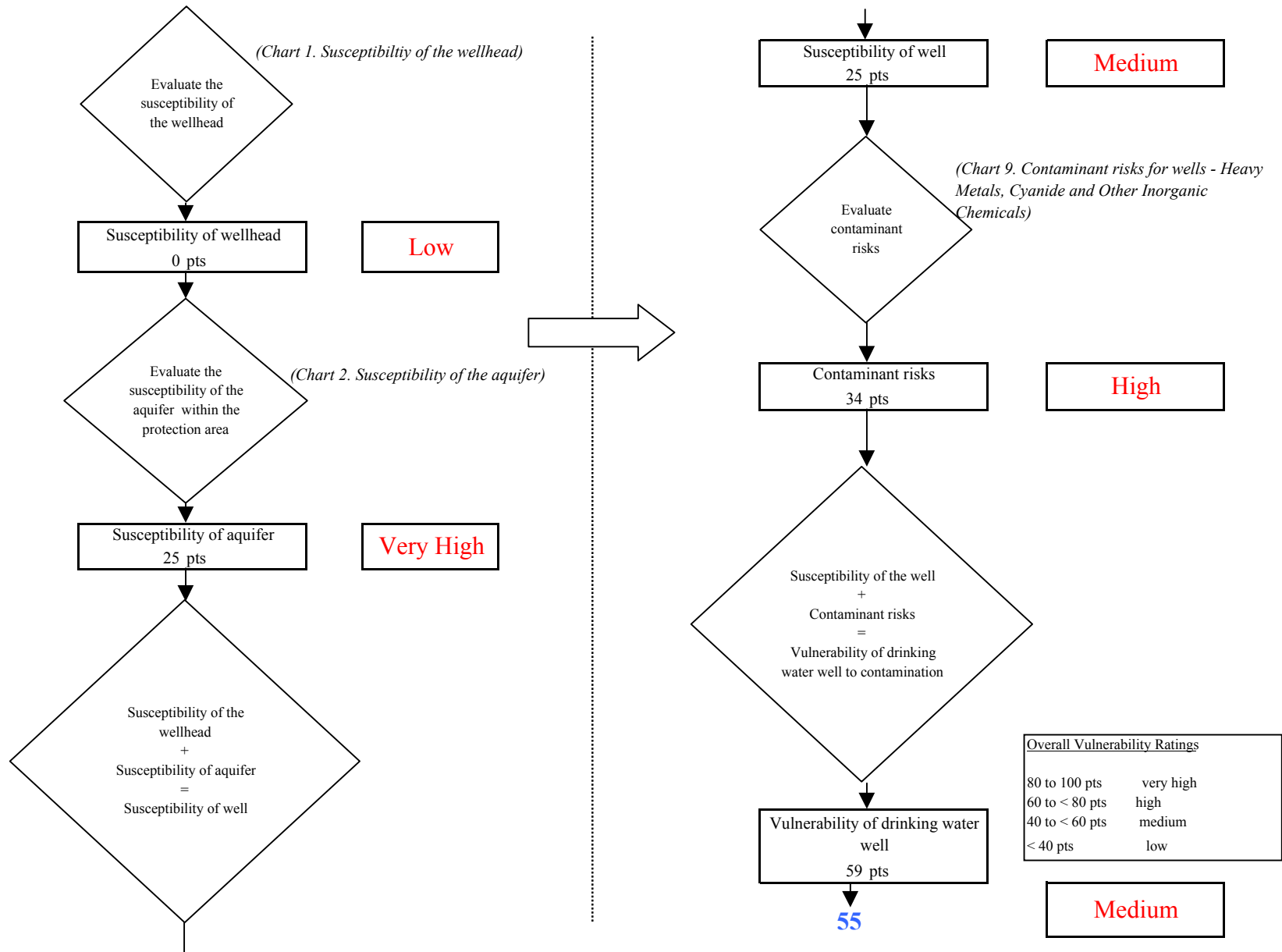


Chart 11. Contaminant risks for Best View RV and Trailer Park - Synthetic Organic Chemicals

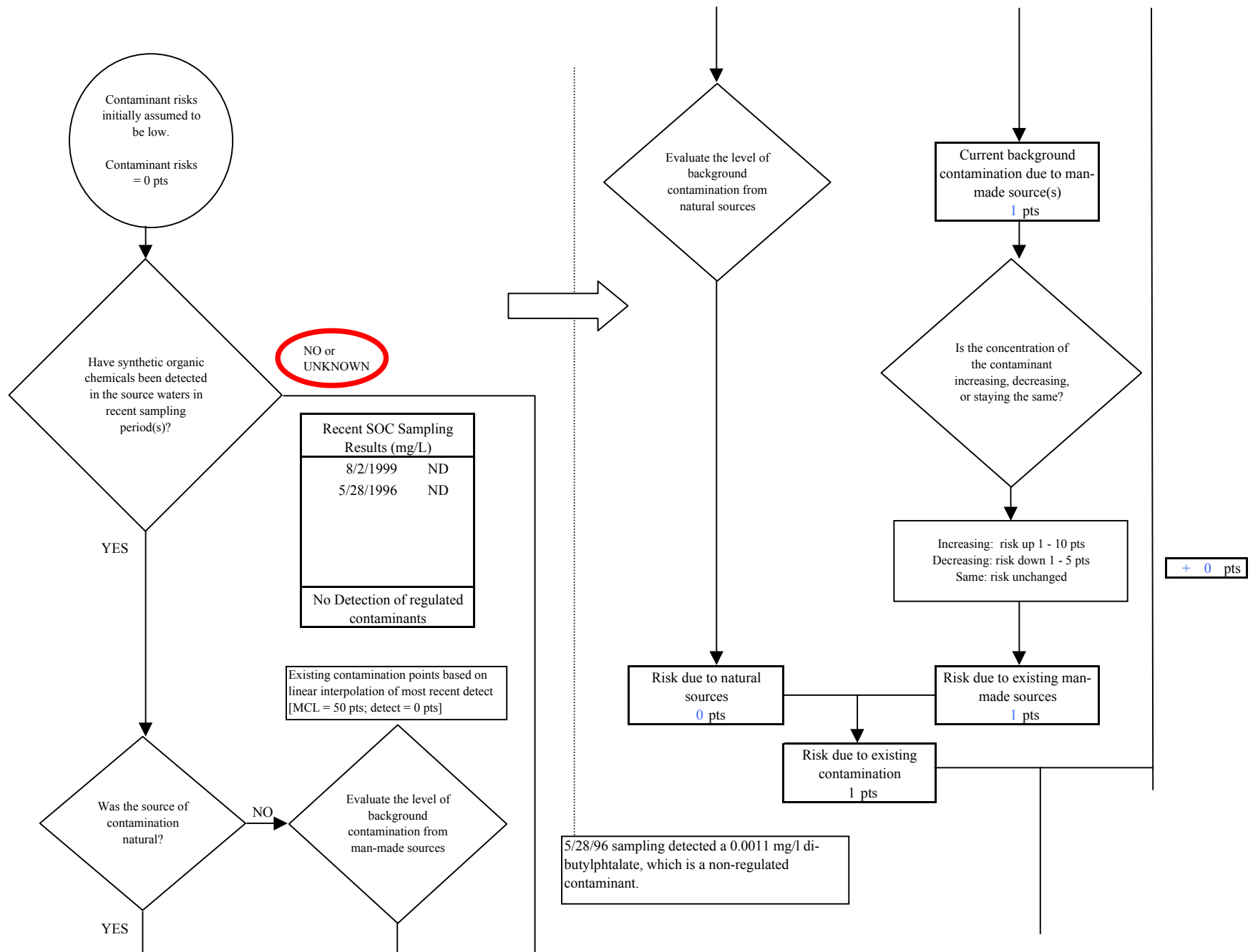


Chart 11. Contaminant risks for Best View RV and Trailer Park - Synthetic Organic Chemicals

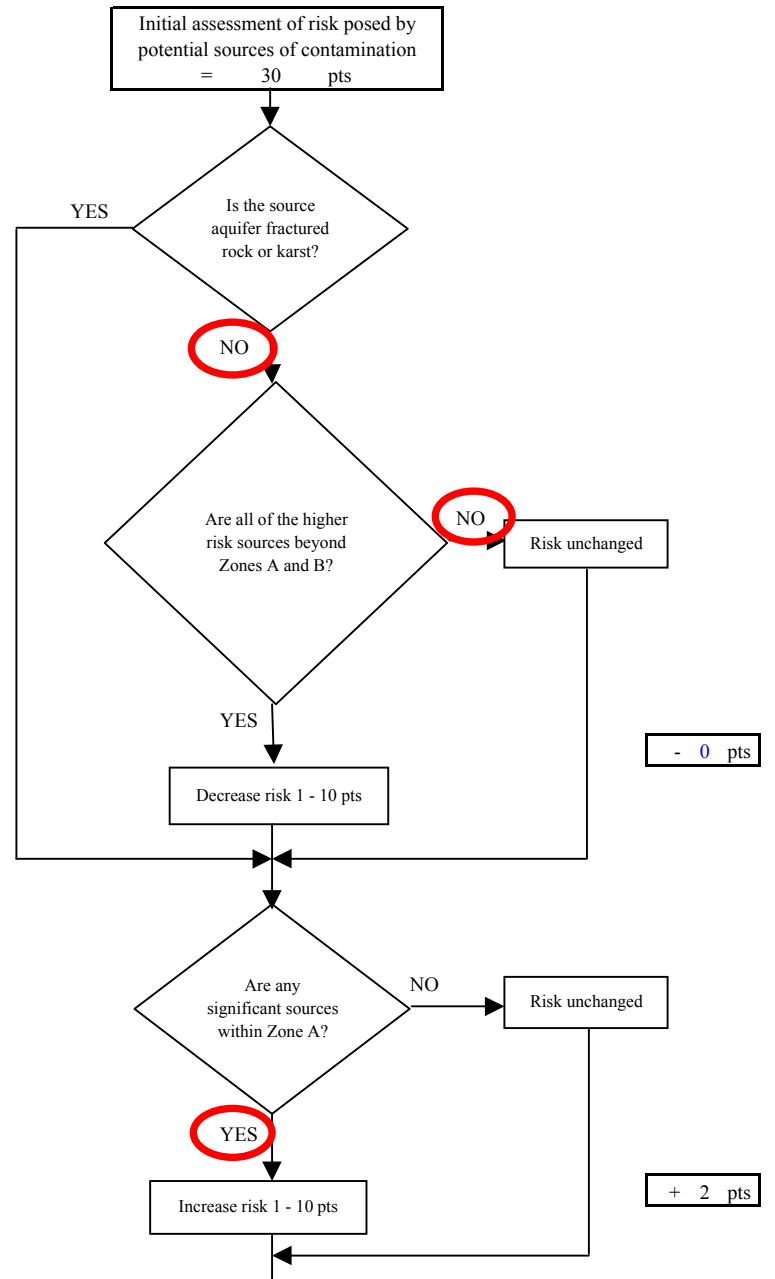
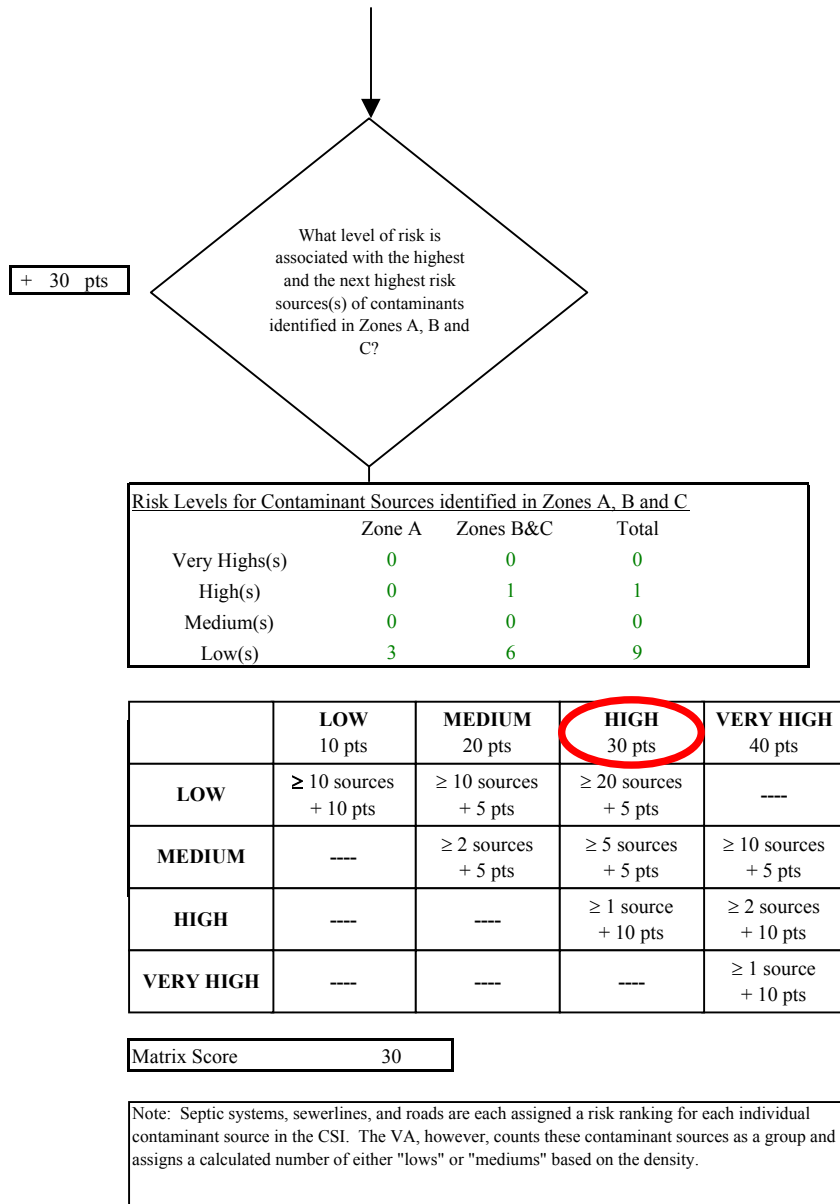
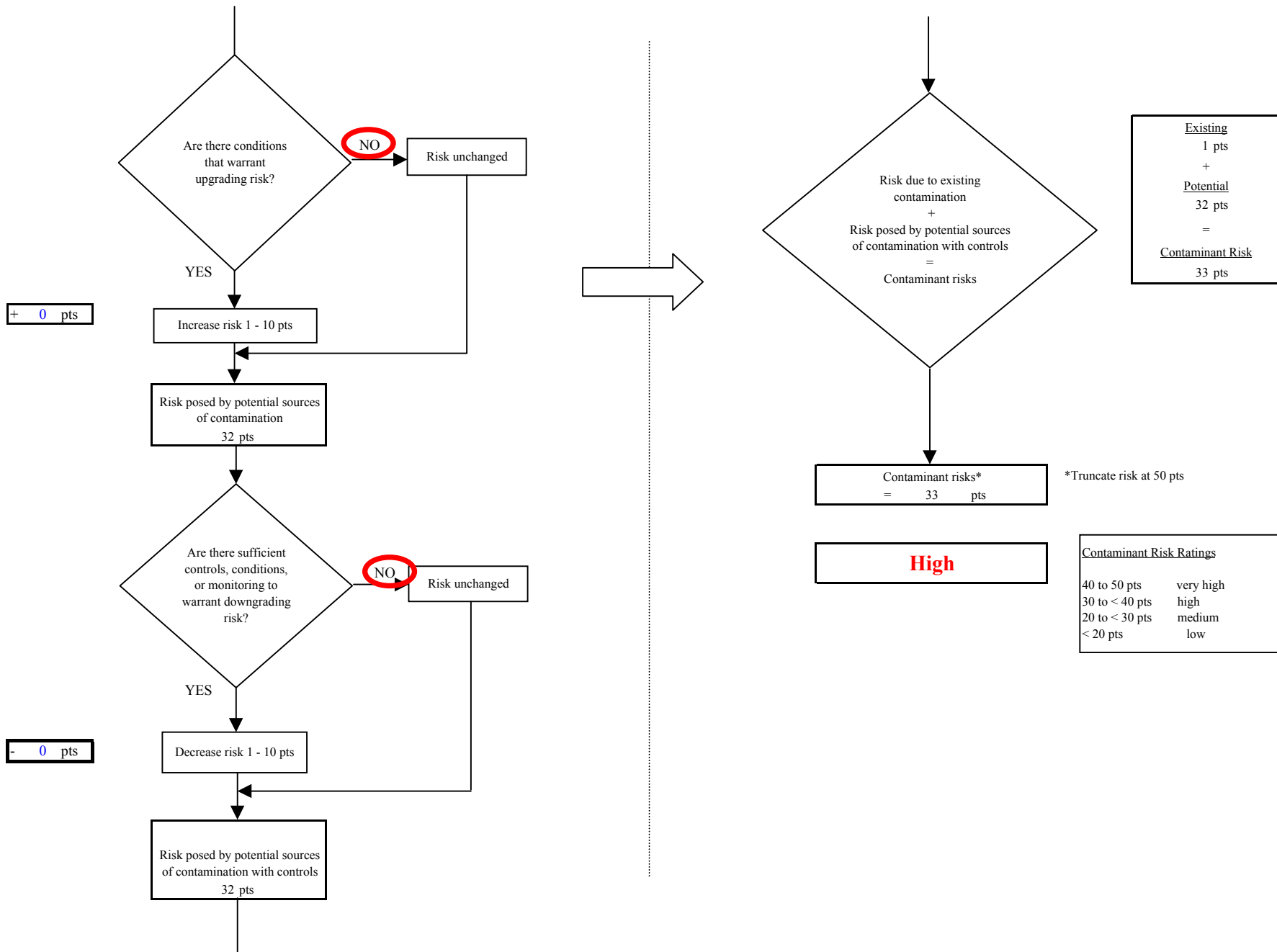


Chart 11. Contaminant risks for Best View RV and Trailer Park - Synthetic Organic Chemicals



**Chart 12. Vulnerability analysis for Best View RV and Trailer Park - Synthetic Organic Chemicals**

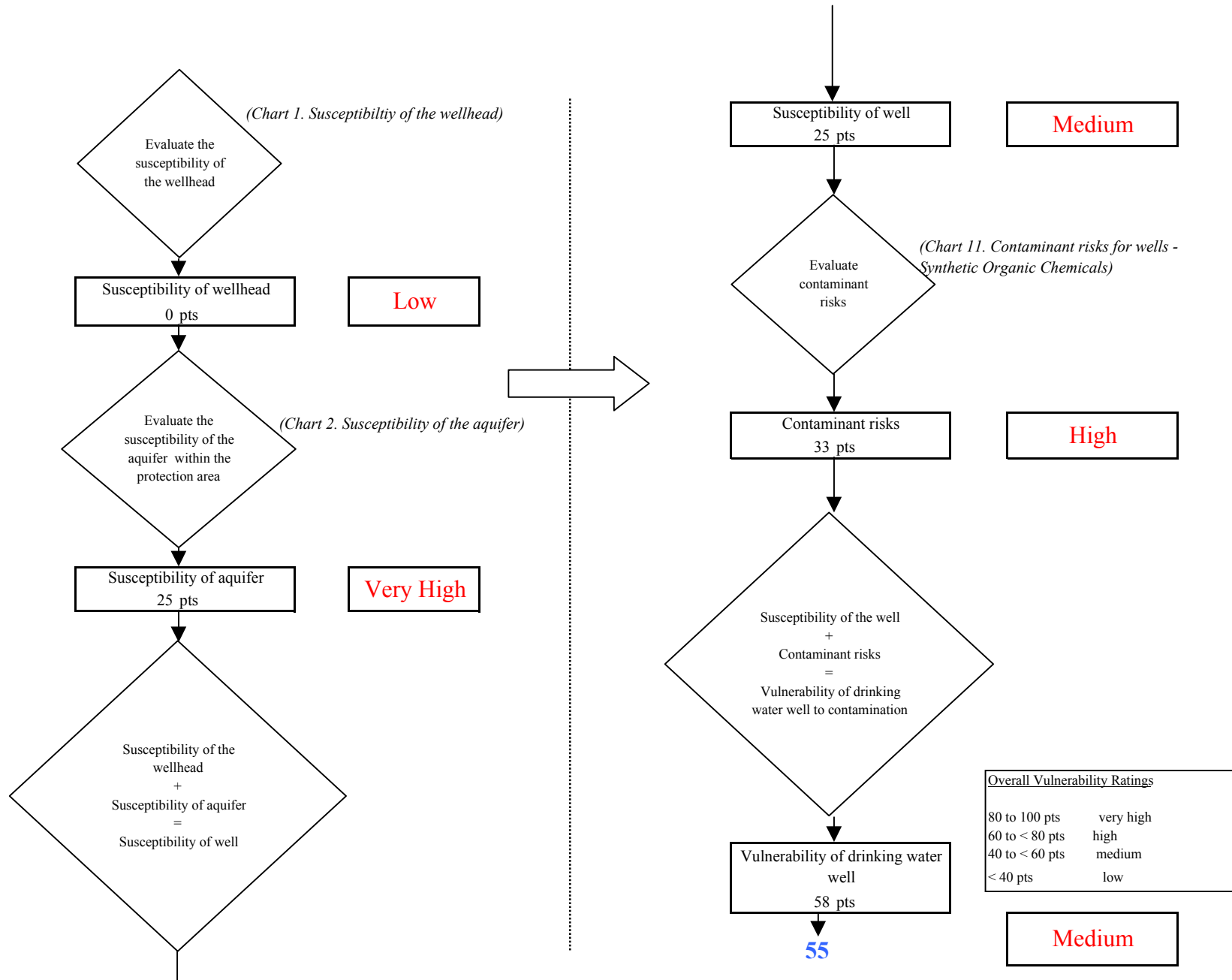


Chart 13. Contaminant risks for Best View RV and Trailer Park - Other Organic Chemicals

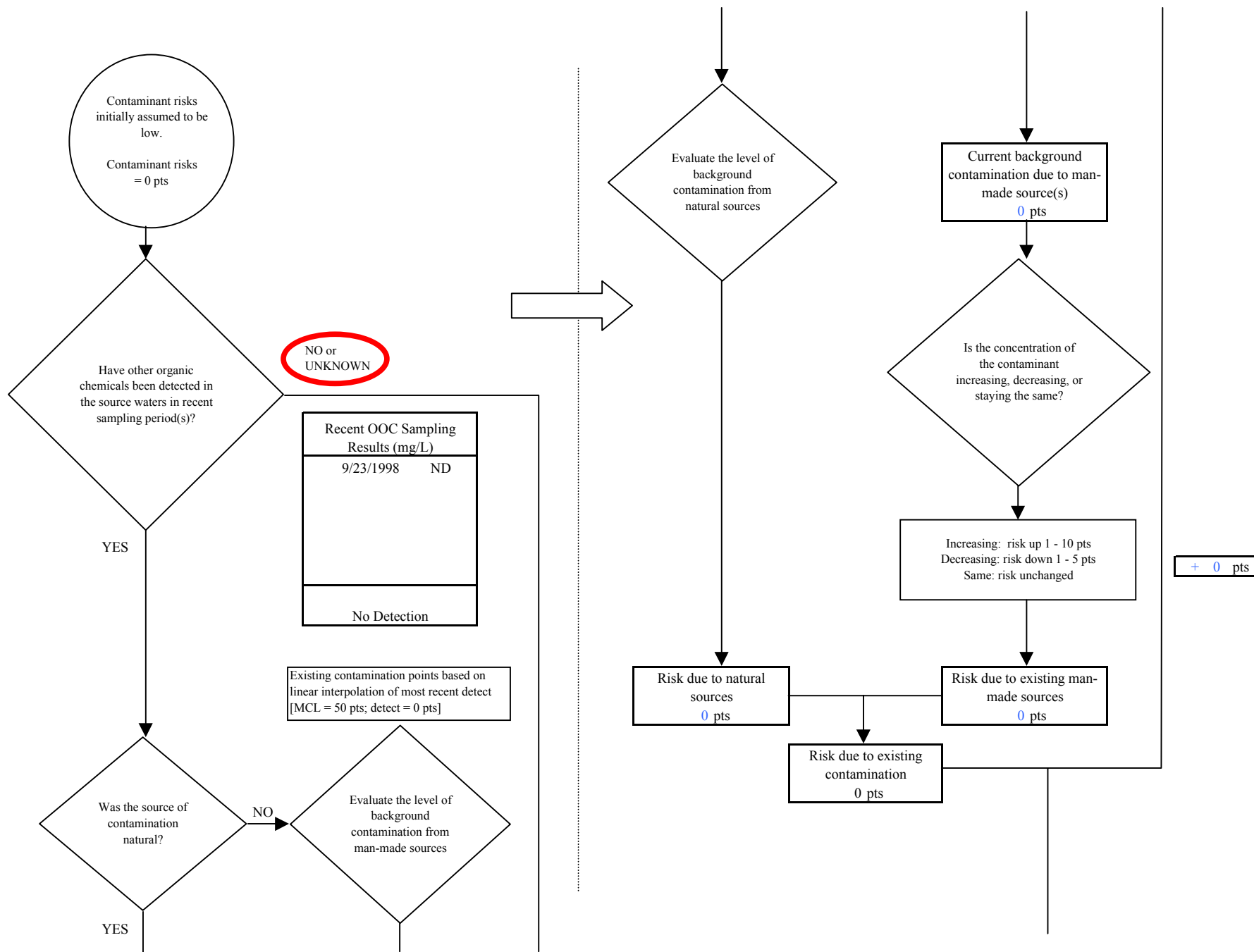


Chart 13. Contaminant risks for Best View RV and Trailer Park - Other Organic Chemicals

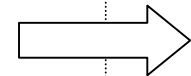
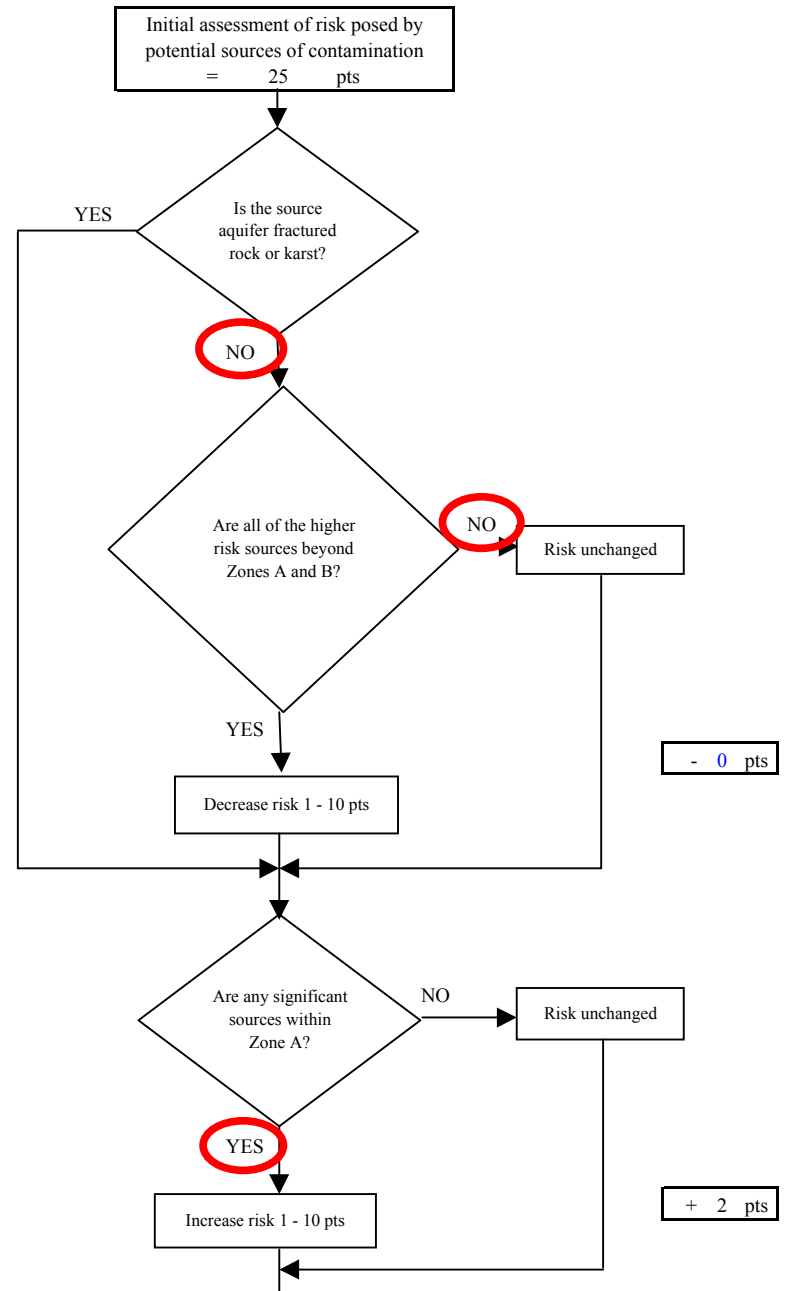
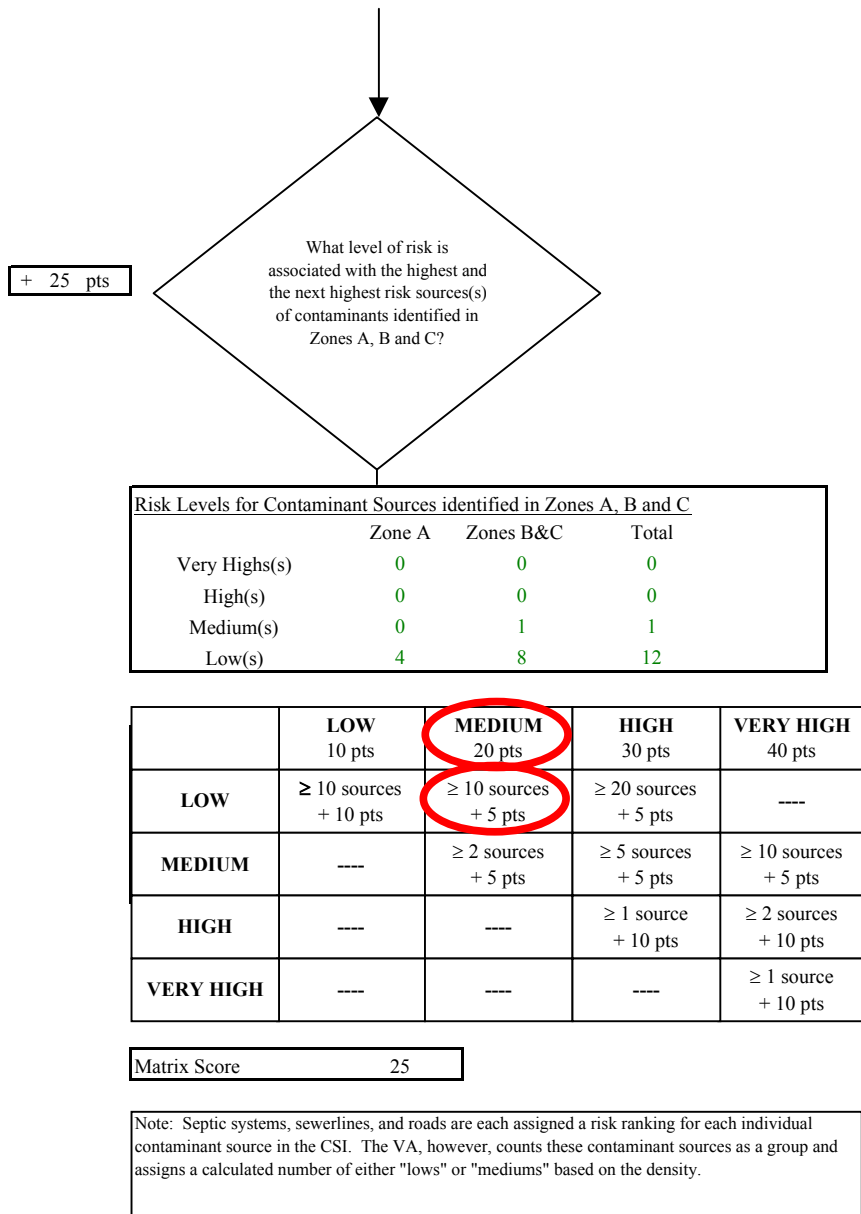
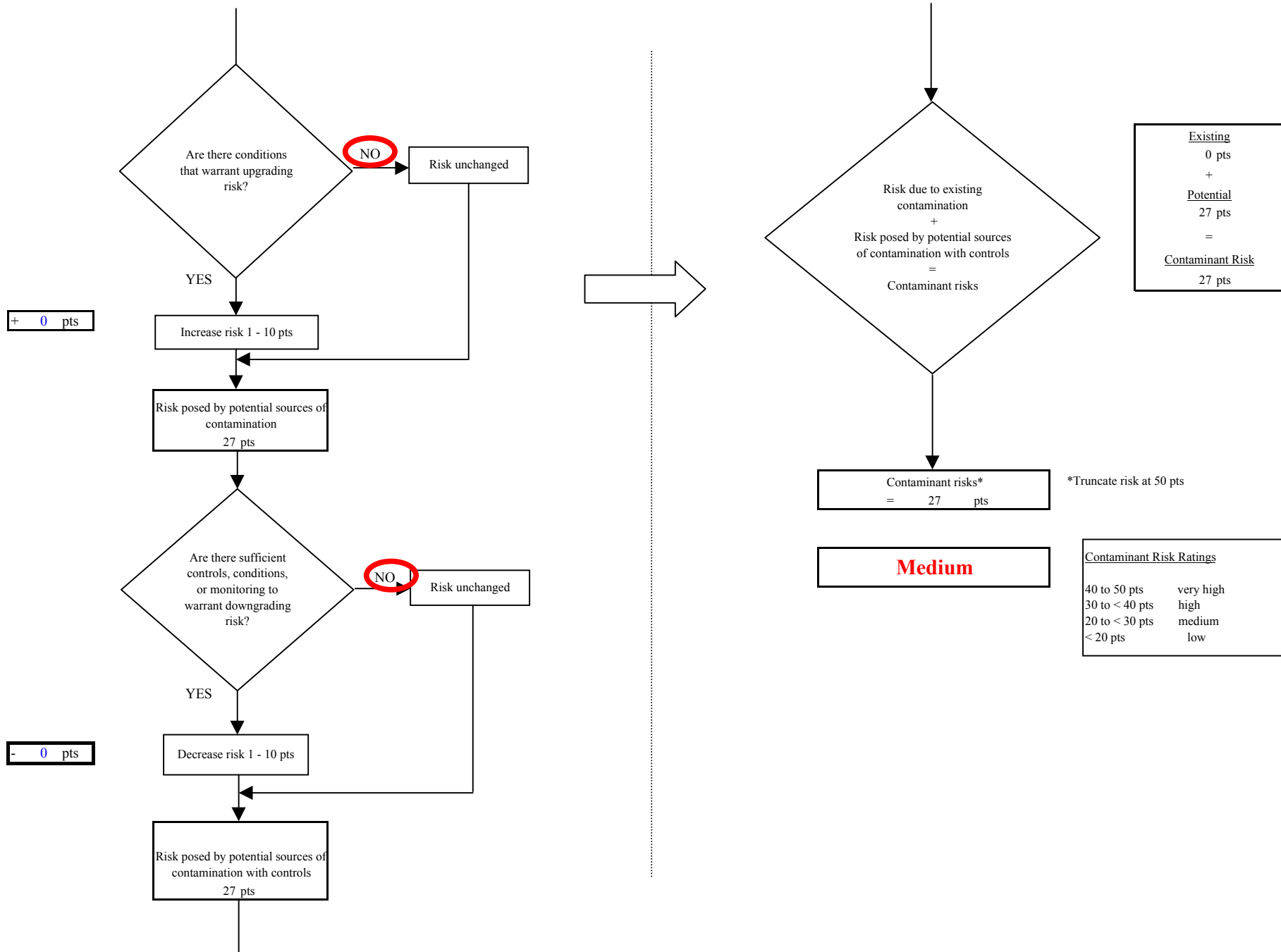


Chart 13. Contaminant risks for Best View RV and Trailer Park - Other Organic Chemicals





**Chart 14. Vulnerability analysis for Best View RV and Trailer Park - Other Organic Chemicals**

