



Source Water Assessment

A Hydrogeologic Susceptibility and Vulnerability Assessment for Bear Paw Coffee Shop and Deli Drinking Water System, Nikiski, Alaska Bear Paw Coffee Shop and Deli PWSID # 248739.001

June 19, 2003

DRINKING WATER PROTECTION PROGRAM REPORT 563
Alaska Department of Environmental Conservation

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The Drinking Water Protection Program (DWPP) is producing Source Water Assessments in compliance with the Safe Drinking Water Act Amendments of 1996. Each assessment includes a delineation of the source water area, an inventory of potential and existing contaminant sources that may impact the water, a risk ranking for each of these contaminants, and an evaluation of the potential vulnerability of these drinking water sources.

These assessments are intended to provide public water systems owners/operators, communities, and local governments with the best available information that may be used to protect the quality of their drinking water. The assessments combine information obtained from various sources, including the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Alaska Department of Environmental Conservation (ADEC), public water system owners/operators, and other public information sources. The results of this assessment are subject to change if additional data becomes available. It is anticipated this assessment will be updated every five years to reflect any changes in the vulnerability and/or susceptibility of public drinking water source. If you have any additional information that may affect the results of this assessment, please contact the Program Coordinator of DWPP, (907) 269-7521.

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Source Water Assessment for Bear Paw Coffee Shop and Deli Source of Public Drinking Water, Nikiski, Alaska

Drinking Water Protection Program Alaska Department of Environmental Conservation

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

The public water system for the Bear Paw Coffee Shop and Deli is a Class B (transient/noncommunity) water system consisting of one well. The Bear Paw Coffee Shop and Deli is located at Mile 26.1 of the Kenai Spur Highway on Lots 4 and 11, Block 2, Nikishka Subdivision No. 5, Nikiski Alaska. The wellhead received a susceptibility rating of **Low** and the aquifer received a susceptibility rating of Very High. Combining these two ratings produces a **Medium** rating for the natural susceptibility of the well. Identified potential and current sources of contaminants for the Bear Paw Coffee Shop and Deli public drinking water source include: large capacity septic systems, residential septic systems, a motor vehicle waste disposal well, heavy equipment rental/storage, seafood processing, ADEC recognized contaminated sites, and highways and roads. These identified potential and existing sources of contamination are considered as sources of bacteria and viruses, nitrates and/or nitrites, and volatile organic chemicals. Overall, the public water source for the Bear Paw Coffee Shop and Deli received a vulnerability rating of **High** for the bacteria and viruses, nitrates and nitrites, and volatile organic chemicals contaminant categories.

BEAR PAW COFFEE SHOP AND DELI PUBLIC DRINKING WATER SYSTEM

The Bear Paw Coffee Shop and Deli public water system (PWS) is a Class B (transient/non-community) water system. The system consists of one well located well located at Mile 26.1 of the Kenai Spur Highway, Nikiski, Alaska (T07N, R12W, Section 01) (See Map 1 of Appendix A). Nikiski is part of the Kenai Peninsula Borough, which is located directly south of the city of Anchorage (Please see the inset of Map 1 in Appendix A for location). The borough encompasses 25,600 square miles, of which only 15,700 square miles is land.

The Kenai Peninsula is broken into two distinct geographic areas; the Kenai Mountains and the Kenai Lowlands. Nikiski and its surrounding communities are located in the Kenai Lowlands. Communities located within the Kenai Lowlands include Sterling, Soldotna, Kenai, Nikiski, Clam Gulch, Ninilchik, and Homer.

The Kenai Peninsula area topography varies from about 3,000 feet to 5,000 feet above sea level in the Kenai Mountains, the highest point being about 6,400 feet above sea level. The Kenai Peninsula is dotted with many lakes and small streams, including three large lakes (Kenai Lake, Skilak Lake, and Tustemena Lake) and two substantial rivers (Kenai River, and Kasilof River) (USGS 1915).

The Bear Paw Coffee Shop and Deli water system is located within the Kenai Lowlands, which is a subprovince of the Cook Inlet-Susitna Lowland physiographic region. The Kenai Lowland is a glaciated coastal shelf situated west of the northeast-trending Kenai Mountains. Approximately 100 miles long, the coastal shelf is bordered on the west by Cook Inlet, on the east by Kenai Mountains, on the north by Turnagain Arm, and on the south by the Caribou Hills and Kachemak Bay. The following summary of regional geology and hydrogeology is based on studies by Bailey and Hogan (1995); Freethey and Scully (1980); Glass (1996); Hartman, et al. (1972); and Karlstrom (1964).

The Kenai Lowland is underlain by bedrock. Tertiary sedimentary bedrock is more than 500 feet below the city of Kenai airport, but is exposed along beach cliffs and road cuts near the southwest end of the lowland. Unconsolidated surficial deposits of Quaternary age include coastal deposits, glaciolacustrine deposits, glaciofluvial deposits, glacial moraine deposits, and periglacial wind deposits. Unconsolidated Quaternary cover on the lowlands generally thickens from south to North being thin or absent in the Homer area, and over 750 feet thick near Nikiski.

The most significant groundwater resources of the Kenai Lowlands are contained in Quarternary coarse-grained sands and gravels. Flood plain, river terrace and other alluvial deposits are common aquifer

materials in the area, and are characterized by high rates of recharge, and large saturated thicknesses. Other favorable materials include proglacial lake and associated river deposits and glacial outwash deposits consisting of meltwater sorted sand and gravel material. Unsorted glacial moraine and drift deposits generally have poor groundwater yields, as do discontinuous layers of confining clays and silt that are common throughout the unconsolidated materials. The relatively thicker sequence of unconsolidated sediments in the northern portions of the Kenai Lowlands locally hosts thicker, more extensive clay aquitards and multiple aquifers.

The Kenai Peninsula area has a central water system, however, many homes and businesses in the area rely on individual wells for their water supply. Most of these wells are deep with depths between 50 and 200 feet. Static water levels in many of these wells are between 10 and 30 feet below the surface. Although groundwater quality can vary significantly in short distance, groundwater supplies are abundant in the area.

Although groundwater quality can vary significantly in short distance, groundwater supplies are abundant in the area. The Kenai River watershed covers over 2,200 square miles and runs over 80 miles in length. This watershed includes the towns of Cooper Landing, Sterling, Soldotna, and Kenai. The Kenai River Center, GW Scientific, and Restoration Science and Engineering are currently investigating the interactions that occur between the Kenai River Watershed and groundwater in the Lower Kenai area (Soldotna) (http://www.kenai-watershed.org/spawning/kenai-river/kenai-river.htm 1, 2002).

According to the well log for the Bear Paw Coffee Shop and Deli PWS, the depth of the well is 134 feet below ground surface (bgs), and is screened in a confined aquifer based on available well construction details. The thickness of the confining layer (red clay) is approximately 4 feet. The well is screened in glacial outwash primarily composed of gravel and sand, and the static water level is approximately 104 feet bgs. The well is not located in a floodplain.

The Sanitary Survey (11/7/01) for the water system indicated that the land is sloped away from the well providing adequate surface water drainage. The well is grouted according to ADEC regulations. Proper grouting provides added protection against contaminants traveling down the annulus along the well casing and into source waters.

This system operates year round and serves up to 200 non-residents through one service connection.

BEAR PAW COFFEE SHOP AND DELI DRINKING WATER PROTECTION AREA

In order to evaluate whether a drinking water source is at risk, we must first evaluate what are the most likely pathways for surface contamination to reach the groundwater. These areas are determined by looking at the characteristics of the soil, groundwater, aquifer, and well.

The most probable area for contamination to reach the drinking water well is the area that contributes water to the well, the groundwater recharge area. This area is designated as the drinking water protection area. Because releases of contaminants within the protection area are most likely to impact the drinking water well, this area will serve as the focus for voluntary protection efforts.

An outline of the immediate watershed was used to determine the size and shape of the protection area for the Bear Paw Coffee Shop and Deli. Available geology was also considered to take into account any uncertainties in groundwater flow and aquifer characteristics to arrive at a meaningful protection area (Please refer to the Guidance Manual for Class B Public Water Systems for additional information).

The protection areas established for wells by the ADEC are usually separated into four zones, limited by the watershed. These zones correspond to differences in the time-of-travel (TOT) of the water moving through the aquifer to the well. An analytical calculation was used to determine the size and shape of the protection area. The input parameters describing the attributes of the aquifer in this calculation were adopted from Groundwater (*Freeze and Cherry 1979*). Available geology and groundwater contours were also considered to take into account any uncertainties in groundwater flow and aquifer characteristics to arrive at a meaningful protection area.

The protection areas established for wells by the ADEC are usually separated into four zones, limited by the watershed. These zones correspond to differences in the time-of-travel (TOT) of the water moving through the aquifer to the well (Please refer to the Guidance Manual for Class B Public Water Systems for additional information).

The time of travel for contaminants within the water varies and is dependent on the physical and chemical characteristics of each contaminant. The following is a summary of the four protection area zones for wells and the calculated time -of-travel for each:

Table 1. Definition of Zones

Zone	Definition
A	¹ / ₄ the distance for the 2-yr. time -of-travel
В	Less than the 2 year time-of-travel
C	Less Than the 5 year time -of-travel
D	Less than the 10 year time-of-travel

The DWPA for the Bear Paw Coffee Shop and Deli is limited by its immediate watershed and includes Zone A, B, C, and D (See Map 1 of Appendix A).

INVENTORY OF POTENTIAL AND EXISTING CONTAMINANT SOURCES

The Drinking Water Protection Program has completed an inventory of potential and existing sources of contamination within the Bear Paw Coffee Shop and Deli DWPA. This inventory was completed through a search of agency records and other publicly available information. Potential sources of contamination to the drinking water aquifer include a wide range of categories and types. Potential drinking water contaminants are found within agricultural, residential, commercial, and industrial areas, but can also occur within areas that have little or no development.

For the basis of all Class B public water system assessments, three categories of drinking water contaminants were inventoried. They include:

- Bacteria and viruses:
- Nitrates and/or nitrites:
- Volatile organic chemicals

The sources are displayed on Map 1 of Appendix C and summarized in Table 1 of Appendix B.

RANKING OF CONTAMINANT RISKS

Once the potential and existing sources of contamination have been identified, they are assigned a ranking according to what type and level of risk they represent. Ranking of contaminant risks for a "potential" or "existing" source of contamination is a function of toxicity and volumes of specific contaminants associated with that source. Rankings include:

- Low:
- Medium:
- High; and
- Very High.

The time-of-travel for contaminants within the water varies and is dependent on the physical and chemical characteristics of each contaminant. Bacteria and Viruses are only inventoried in Zones A and B because of their short life span. Only "Very High" and "High" rankings are inventoried within the outer Zone D due to the probability of contaminant dilution by the time the contaminants get to the well.

Tables 2 through 4 in Appendix B contain the ranking of potential and existing sources of contamination with respect to bacteria and viruses, nitrates and/or nitrites, and volatile organic chemicals.

VULNERABILITY OF BEAR PAW COFFEE SHOP AND DELI DRINKING WATER SYSTEM

Vulnerability of a drinking water source to contamination is a combination of two factors:

- Natural susceptibility; and
- Contaminant risks.

Appendix D contains eight charts, which together form the 'Vulnerability Analysis' for a source water assessment for a public drinking water source. Chart 1 analyzes the 'Susceptibility of the Wellhead' to contamination by looking at the construction of the well and its surrounding area. Chart 2 analyzes the 'Susceptibility of the Aquifer' to contamination by looking at the naturally occurring attributes of the water source and influences on the groundwater system that might lead to contamination. Chart 3 analyzes 'Contaminant Risks' for the drinking water source with respect to bacteria and viruses. The 'Contaminant Risks' portion of the analysis considers potential sources of contaminants as well as a review of contamination that has or may have occurred, but has not arrived or been detected at the well. Lastly, Chart 4 contains the 'Vulnerability Analysis for Bacteria and Viruses'. Charts 5 through 8 contain the Contaminant Risks and Vulnerability Analyses for nitrates and nitrites and volatile organic chemicals, respectively.

A score for the Natural Susceptibility is reached by considering the properties of the well and the aquifer.

Susceptibility of the Wellhead (0 – 25 Points) (Chart 1 of Appendix D)

+

Susceptibility of the Aquifer (0 – 25 Points) (Chart 2 of Appendix D)

=

Natural Susceptibility (Susceptibility of the Well) (0 – 50 Points)

A ranking is assigned for the Natural Susceptibility according to the point score:

Natural Susceptibility Ratings						
40 to 50 pts	Very High					
30 to < 40 pts	High					
20 to < 30 pts	Medium					
< 20 pts	Low					

The well for Bear Paw Coffee Shop and Deli is completed in a confined aquifer. Confined aquifers are less susceptible to potential groundwater quality impacts posed by the migration of surface water contaminants downward from the surface. Table 2 shows the Susceptibility scores and ratings for Bear Paw Coffee Shop and Deli.

Table 2. Susceptibility

	Score	Rating
Susceptibility of the	0	Low
Wellhead		
Susceptibility of the	23	Very High
Aquifer		
Natural Susceptibility	23	Medium

Contaminant risks to a drinking water source depend on the type, number or density, and distribution of contaminant sources. This score has been derived from an examination of existing and historical contamination that has been detected at the drinking water source through routine sampling. It also evaluates potential sources of contamination. Flow charts are used to assign a point score, and ratings are assigned in the same way as for the natural susceptibility:

Contaminant Risk Ratings						
40 to 50 pts	Very High					
30 to < 40 pts	High					
20 to < 30 pts	Medium					
< 20 pts	Low					

Table 3 summarizes the Contaminant Risks for each category of drinking water contaminants.

Table 3. Contaminant Risks

Category	Score	Rating
Bacteria and Viruses	50	Very High
Nitrates and/or Nitrites	50	Very High
Volatile Organic Chemica	ls 50	Very High

Finally, an overall vulnerability score is assigned for each water system by combining each of the contaminant risk scores with the natural susceptibility score:

Natural Susceptibility (0 – 50 points)

Contaminant Risks (0 – 50 points)

=

Vulnerability of the Drinking Water Source to Contamination (0 – 100).

Again, rankings are assigned according to a point score:

Overall Vulnerability Ratings							
80 to 100 pts	Very High						
60 to < 80 pts	High						
40 to < 60 pts	Medium						
< 40 pts	Low						

Table 4 contains the overall vulnerability scores (0 – 100) and ratings for each of the three categories of drinking water contaminants. Note: scores are rounded off to the nearest five.

Table 4. Overall Vulnerability

Category	Score	Rating
Bacteria and Viruses	70	High
Nitrates and Nitrites	70	High
Volatile Organic Chemicals	70	High

Bacteria and Viruses

The contaminant risk for bacteria and viruses is Very High. The risk is primarily attributed to the presence of three large-capacity septic systems located in Zone A, representing the risk to the drinking water well (See Chart 3 – Contaminant Risks for Bacteria and Viruses in Appendix D).

Only a small amount of bacteria and viruses are required to endanger public health. Bacteria and viruses have not been detected during recent water sampling of the system at Bear Paw Coffee Shop and Deli. After combining the contaminant risk for bacteria and viruses with the natural susceptibility of the well, the overall vulnerability of the well to contamination is **High**.

Nitrates and Nitrites

The contaminant risk for nitrates and nitrites is Very High. The high risk to this source of public drinking water based is primarily attributed to the presence of several large-capacity septic systems located in Zones A and C, three industrial process water and water disposal wells in Zone C, and reported nitrate concentrations from recent sampling events (See Chart 5 - Contaminant Risks for Nitrates and/or Nitrites in Appendix D). Nitrates are very mobile, moving at approximately the same rate as water.

Sampling history for the Bear Paw Coffee Shop and Deli well indicates an increasing trend in nitrate concentrations from 1.5 milligrams per liter (mg/L) in 1996 to 2.8 mg/L in 2001. The increasing trend and reported nitrate concentrations suggest that the reported nitrate concentrations are attributed to manmade sources. Nitrate concentrations in uncontaminated groundwater are typically less than 2 mg/L, therefore, nitrate concentrations above 2 mg/L may be indicative of man-made sources. The nitrate concentration from the most recent sampling event is 28% (2.8 mg/L) of the Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL) of 10 mg/L. The MCL is the maximum level of contaminant that is allowed to exist in drinking water and still be consumed by humans without harmful health effects. Though existing nitrate contamination was detected at the site, recent data indicates that nitrate concentrations are safe with respect to human health.

Nitrate levels are often derived from the decomposition of organic matter in soils. Although the nitrate source is unknown, and recent sampling data indicates that no bacteria are present, such occurrences may be attributed to septic systems or other sources. After combining the contaminant risk for nitrates and nitrites with the natural susceptibility of the well, the overall vulnerability of the well to nitrate and nitritecontamination remains **Very High**.

Volatile Organic Chemicals

The contaminant risk for volatile organic chemicals is Very High. The risk is primarily attributed to the presence of one motor vehicle waste disposal well located in Zone A, a total of five ADEC recgonized contaminated sites in Zones B and C, and three industrial process water and water disposal wells in Zone C (See Chart 7 – Contaminant Risks for Volatile Organic Chemicals in Appendix D).

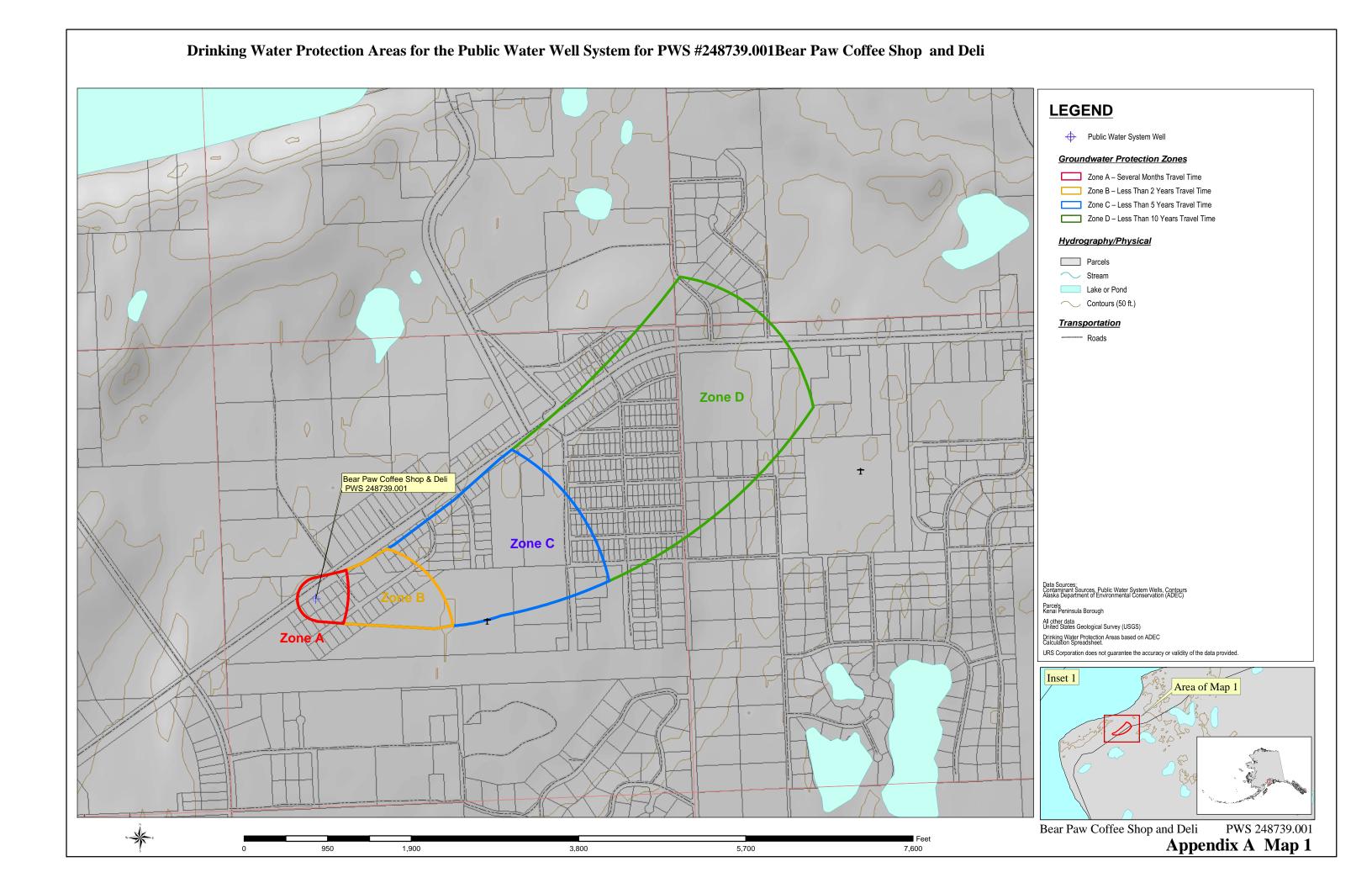
The drinking water at Bear Paw Coffee Shop and Deli has not been sampled for volatile organic chemicals. After combining the contaminant risk for volatile organic chemicals with the natural susceptibility of the well, the overall vulnerability of the well to contamination is **High**.

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APPENDIX A

Bear Paw Coffee Shop and Deli Drinking Water Protection Area Location Map (Map 1)



APPENDIX B

Contaminant Source Inventory and Risk Ranking for Bear Paw Coffee Shop and Deli (Tables 1-4)

Table 1

Contaminant Source Inventory for Bear Paw Coffee Shop & Deli

Contaminant Source Type	Contaminant Source ID	CS ID tag	Zone	Map Number	Comments
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-01	A	1	
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-02	A	1	
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-03	A	1	
Injection wells (Class V) Motor Vehicle Waste Disposal Well	D42	D42-01	A	1	
Highways and roads, paved (cement or asphalt)	X20	X20-01	A	1	2 highways and roads in Zone A
Heavy equipment rental/storage	C18	C18-01	В	1	Peak Oilfield Services
Injection wells (Class V) Motor Vehicle Waste Disposal Well	D42	D42-02	В	1	Equipment shed
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-01	В	1	4 single family septic systems in Zone B
Contaminated sites, DEC recognized, non-Superfund, non-RCRA	U04	U04-01	В	1	Hallco Building - Closed No File #. ADEC RECKEY:1989230124902 http://www.dec.state.ak.us/spar/cs/cs_search.htm
Highways and roads, paved (cement or asphalt)	X20	X20-02	В	1	1 highway/road in Zone B
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-04	С	1	
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-05	С	1	
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-06	С	1	
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-07	С	1	
Injection wells (Class V) Industrial Process Water & Water Disposal Wells	D40	D40-01	С	1	
Injection wells (Class V) Industrial Process Water & Water Disposal Wells	D40	D40-02	С	1	
Injection wells (Class V) Industrial Process Water & Water Disposal Wells	D40	D40-03	С	1	
Seafood processing	N10	N10-01	С	1	
Seafood processing	N10	N10-02	С	1	

Contaminant Source Type	Contaminant Source ID	CS ID tag	Zone	Map Number	Comments
Seafood processing	N10	N10-03	C	1	
Residential Areas	R01	R01-01	C	1	2.06 Residential Acres in Zone C
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-02	C	1	7 single family septic systems in Zone C
Contaminated sites, DEC recognized, non-Superfund, non-RCRA	U04	U04-02	С	1	McGahan Utilities - Inactive No File #. ADEC RECKEY: 1988230935501http://www.dec.state.ak.us/spar/cs/cs_search.htm
Contaminated sites, DEC recognized, non-Superfund, non-RCRA	U04	U04-03	С	1	Inlet Salmon - Inactive No File #. ADEC RECKEY: 1992230110602 http://www.dec.state.ak.us/spar/cs/cs_search.htm
Contaminated sites, DEC recognized, non-Superfund, non-RCRA	U04	U04-04	С	1	Cook Inlet Processing - Nikiski 1 - Inactive No File#: ADEC RECKEY:1992230127602 http://www.dec.state.ak.us/spar/cs/cs_search.htm
Contaminated sites, DEC recognized, non-Superfund, non-RCRA	U04	U04-05	С		Cook Inlet Processing - Nikiski 2 - Active No File #. ADEC RECKEY:2002230115801 http://www.dec.state.ak.us/spar/cs/cs_search.htm
Highways and roads, paved (cement or asphalt)	X20	X20-03	C	1	6 highways and roads in Zone C
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-08	D	1	
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-09	D	1	
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-10	D	1	
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-11	D	1	
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-12	D	1	
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-13	D	1	
Injection wells (Class V) Motor Vehicle Waste Disposal Well	D42	D42-03	D	1	
Injection wells (Class V) Motor Vehicle Waste Disposal Well	D42	D42-04	D	1	
Injection wells (Class V) Motor Vehicle Waste Disposal Well	D42	D42-05	D	1	
Injection wells (Class V) Motor Vehicle Waste Disposal Well	D42	D42-06	D	1	
Injection wells (Class V) Motor Vehicle Waste Disposal Well	D42	D42-07	D	1	

Contaminant Source Type	Contaminant Source ID	CS ID tag	Zone	Map Number	Comments
Residential Areas	R01	R01-02	D	1	22 residential acres in Zone D
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-03	D	1	52 single family septic systems in Zone D
Highways and roads, paved (cement or asphalt)	X20	X20-04	D	1	13 highways and roads in Zone D

Table 2

Contaminant Source Inventory and Risk Ranking for Bear Paw Coffee Shop & Deli Sources of Bacteria and Viruses

Contaminant Source Type	Contaminant Source ID	CS ID tag	Zone	Risk Ranking for Analysis	Map Number	Comments
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-01	A	High	1	
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-02	A	High	1	
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-03	A	High	1	
Injection wells (Class V) Motor Vehicle Waste Disposal Well	D42	D42-01	A	Low	1	
Highways and roads, paved (cement or asphalt)	X20	X20-01	A	Low	1	2 highways and roads in Zone A
Injection wells (Class V) Motor Vehicle Waste Disposal Well	D42	D42-02	В	Low	1	Equipment shed
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-01	В	Low	1	4 single family septic systems in Zone B
Highways and roads, paved (cement or asphalt)	X20	X20-02	В	Low	1	1 highway/road in Zone B
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-04	С	High	1	
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-05	С	High	1	
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-06	С	High	1	
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-07	С	High	1	
Injection wells (Class V) Industrial Process Water & Water Disposal Wells	D40	D40-01	С	High	1	
Injection wells (Class V) Industrial Process Water & Water Disposal Wells	D40	D40-02	С	High	1	
Injection wells (Class V) Industrial Process Water & Water Disposal Wells	D40	D40-03	С	High	1	
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-08	D	High	1	
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-09	D	High	1	
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-10	D	High	1	

Table 2 (continued)

Contaminant Source Inventory and Risk Ranking for Bear Paw Coffee Shop & Deli Sources of Bacteria and Viruses

Contaminant Source Type	Contaminant Source ID	CS ID tag	Zone	Risk Ranking for Analysis	Map Number	Comments
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-11	D	High	1	
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-12	D	High	1	
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-13	D	High	1	

Table 3

Contaminant Source Inventory and Risk Ranking for Bear Paw Coffee Shop & Deli Sources of Nitrates/Nitrites

Contaminant Source Type	Contaminant Source ID	CS ID tag	Zone	Risk Ranking for Analysis	Map Number	Comments
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-01	A	High	1	
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-02	A	High	1	
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-03	A	High	1	
Highways and roads, paved (cement or asphalt)	X20	X20-01	A	Low	1	2 highways and roads in Zone A
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-01	В	Low	1	4 single family septic systems in Zone B
Highways and roads, paved (cement or asphalt)	X20	X20-02	В	Low	1	1 highway/road in Zone B
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-04	С	High	1	
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-05	С	High	1	
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-06	C	High	1	
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-07	C	High	1	
Injection wells (Class V) Industrial Process Water & Water Disposal Wells	D40	D40-01	С	High	1	
Injection wells (Class V) Industrial Process Water & Water Disposal Wells	D40	D40-02	С	High	1	
Injection wells (Class V) Industrial Process Water & Water Disposal Wells	D40	D40-03	С	High	1	
Seafood processing	N10	N10-01	С	Low	1	
Seafood processing	N10	N10-02	С	Low	1	
Seafood processing	N10	N10-03	С	Low	1	
Residential Areas	R01	R01-01	С	Low	1	2.06 Residential Acres in Zone C
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-02	С	Low	1	7 single family septic systems in Zone C
Highways and roads, paved (cement or asphalt)	X20	X20-03	C	Low	1	6 highways and roads in Zone C

Table 3 (continued)

Contaminant Source Inventory and Risk Ranking for Bear Paw Coffee Shop & Deli Sources of Nitrates/Nitrites

Contaminant Source Type	Contaminant Source ID	CS ID tag	Zone	Risk Ranking for Analysis	Map Number	Comments
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-08	D	High	1	
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-09	D	High	1	
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-10	D	High	1	
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-11	D	High	1	
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-12	D	High	1	
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-13	D	High	1	

Table 4

Contaminant Source Inventory and Risk Ranking for Bear Paw Coffee Shop & Deli Sources of Volatile Organic Chemicals

Contaminant Source Type	Contaminant Source ID	CS ID tag	Zone	Risk Ranking for Analysis	Map Number	Comments
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-01	A	Low	1	
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-02	A	Low	1	
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-03	A	Low	1	
Injection wells (Class V) Motor Vehicle Waste Disposal Well	D42	D42-01	A	High	1	
Highways and roads, paved (cement or asphalt)	X20	X20-01	A	Low	1	2 highways and roads in Zone A
Heavy equipment rental/storage	C18	C18-01	В	Medium	1	Peak Oilfield Services
Injection wells (Class V) Motor Vehicle Waste Disposal Well	D42	D42-02	В	High	1	Equipment shed
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-01	В	Low	1	4 single family septic systems in Zone B
Contaminated sites, DEC recognized, non-Superfund, non-RCRA	U04	U04-01	В	High	1	Hallco Building - Closed No File #. ADEC RECKEY:1989230124902 http://www.dec.state.ak.us/spar/cs/cs_search.htm
Highways and roads, paved (cement or asphalt)	X20	X20-02	В	Low	1	1 highway/road in Zone B
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-04	С	Low	1	
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-05	С	Low	1	
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-06	С	Low	1	
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-07	С	Low	1	
Injection wells (Class V) Industrial Process Water & Water Disposal Wells	D40	D40-01	С	High	1	
Injection wells (Class V) Industrial Process Water & Water Disposal Wells	D40	D40-02	С	High	1	
Injection wells (Class V) Industrial Process Water & Water Disposal Wells	D40	D40-03	С	High	1	
Residential Areas	R01	R01-01	C	Low	1	2.06 Residential Acres in Zone C

Table 4 (continued)

Contaminant Source Inventory and Risk Ranking for Bear Paw Coffee Shop & Deli Sources of Volatile Organic Chemicals

Contaminant Source Type	Contaminant Source ID	CS ID tag	Zone	Risk Ranking for Analysis	Map Number	Comments
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-02	С	Low	1	7 single family septic systems in Zone C
Contaminated sites, DEC recognized, non-Superfund, non-RCRA	U04	U04-02	С	High	1	McGahan Utilities - Inactive No File #. ADEC RECKEY: 1988230935501http://www.dec.state.ak.us/spar/cs/cs_search.htm
Contaminated sites, DEC recognized, non-Superfund, non-RCRA	U04	U04-03	С	High	1	Inlet Salmon - Inactive No File #. ADEC RECKEY: 1992230110602 http://www.dec.state.ak.us/spar/cs/cs_search.htm
Contaminated sites, DEC recognized, non-Superfund, non-RCRA	U04	U04-04	С	High	1	Cook Inlet Processing - Nikiski 1 - Inactive No File#: ADEC RECKEY:1992230127602 http://www.dec.state.ak.us/spar/cs/cs_search.htm
Contaminated sites, DEC recognized, non-Superfund, non-RCRA	U04	U04-05	С	High		Cook Inlet Processing - Nikiski 2 - Active No File #. ADEC RECKEY:2002230115801 http://www.dec.state.ak.us/spar/cs/cs_search.htm
Highways and roads, paved (cement or asphalt)	X20	X20-03	C	Low	1	6 highways and roads in Zone C
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-08	D	Low	1	
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-09	D	Low	1	
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-10	D	Low	1	
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-11	D	Low	1	
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-12	D	Low	1	
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-13	D	Low	1	
Injection wells (Class V) Motor Vehicle Waste Disposal Well	D42	D42-03	D	High	1	
Injection wells (Class V) Motor Vehicle Waste Disposal Well	D42	D42-04	D	High	1	
Injection wells (Class V) Motor Vehicle Waste Disposal Well	D42	D42-05	D	High	1	
Injection wells (Class V) Motor Vehicle Waste Disposal Well	D42	D42-06	D	High	1	

Table 4 (continued)

Contaminant Source Inventory and Risk Ranking for Bear Paw Coffee Shop & Deli Sources of Volatile Organic Chemicals

PWSID 248739.001

Contaminant Source Type	Contaminant Source ID	CS ID tag	Zone	Risk Ranking for Analysis	Map Number Com	nments
Injection wells (Class V) Motor Vehicle Waste Disposal Well	D42	D42-07	D	High	1	

APPENDIX C

Bear Paw Coffee Shop and Deli Drinking Water Protection Area and Potential and Existing Contaminant Sources (Map 1)

Drinking Water Protection Areas for the Public Water Well System for PWS #248739.001Bear Paw Coffee Shop and Deli **Showing Potential and Existing Sources of Contamination LEGEND** + Public Water System Well **Groundwater Protection Zones** Zone A – Several Months Travel Time Zone B – Less Than 2 Years Travel Time Zone C – Less Than 5 Years Travel Time Zone D – Less Than 10 Years Travel Time **Contaminant Sources |** Injection Wells (Class V) Large Capacity Septic System (D10) Injection Wells (Class V) Industrial Process Water & Water D42-03 Disposal Wells (D40) Injection wells (Class V) Motor Vehicle Waste Disposal Well (D42) Septic Systems (serves one or more single family homes) (R2) Heavy equipment rental/storage (C18) Seafood Processing (N10) D42-07 Contaminated Sites, DEC Recognized, non-Superfund, non-RCRA (U04) D42-06 Highways and roads, paved (X20) Residential Areas (R1) D10-10 **Zone D** D10-09 D10-07 U4-03 D10-04 N10-04 D10-08 U4-02 D10-05 N10-01 D40-01 D10-06 Data Sources: Contaminant Sources, Public Water System Wells, Contours Alaska Department of Environmental Conservation (ADEC) N10-02 D40-02 Parcels Kenai Peninsula Borough All other data United States Geological Survey (USGS) D10-03 Drinking Water Protection Areas based on ADEC Calculation Spreadsheet. D42-01 D10-02 URS Corporation does not guarantee the accuracy or validity of the data provided. **Zone C** D42-02 Inset 1 Area of Map 1 U4-01 D10-01 Bear Paw Coffee Shop & Deli PWS 248739.001 Bear Paw Coffee Shop and Deli PWS 248739.001 **Appendix C Map 1** 1,100 2,200 3,300

APPENDIX D

Vulnerability Analysis for Bear Paw Coffee Shop and Deli Public Drinking Water Source (Charts 1-8)

Susceptibility initially assumed to be low. Susceptibility of wellhead = 0 ptsIs the well NO Increase susceptibility 5 pts + 0 pts properly NO Increase susceptibility 20 pts grouted? Is the well + 0 pts capped? YES YES Susceptibility of wellhead Low 0 pts YES Increase susceptibility: + 0 pts 10 pts: suspected floodplain Wellhead Susceptibility Ratings 20 pts: known floodplain floodplain? 20 to 25 pts very high 15 to < 20 pts high 10 to < 15 pts medium NO < 10 pts low Is the land surface sloped Increase susceptibility 5 pts + 0 pts away from the

Chart 1. Susceptibility of the wellhead - Bear Paw Coffee Shop and Deli (248739.001)

Chart 2. Susceptibility of the aquifer - Bear Paw Coffee Shop and Deli (248739.001)

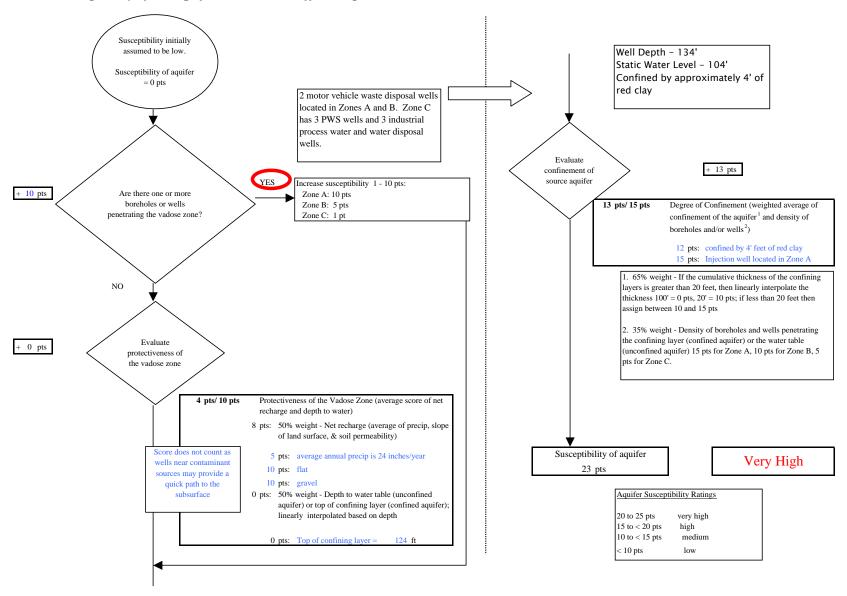
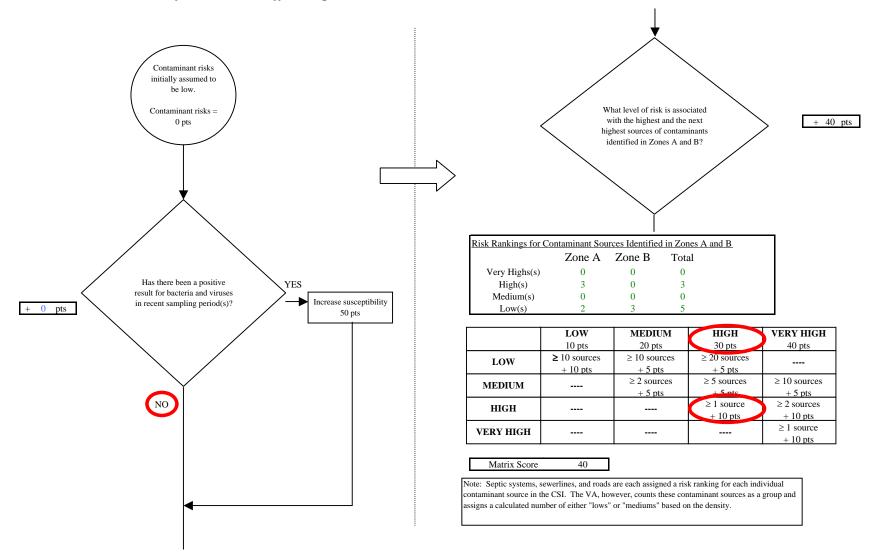
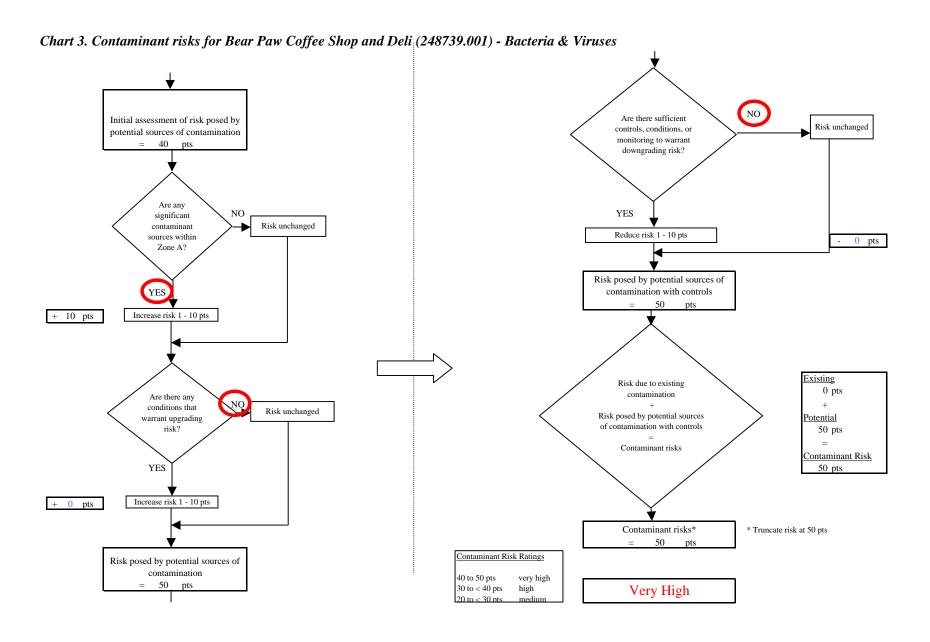


Chart 3. Contaminant risks for Bear Paw Coffee Shop and Deli (248739.001) - Bacteria & Viruses





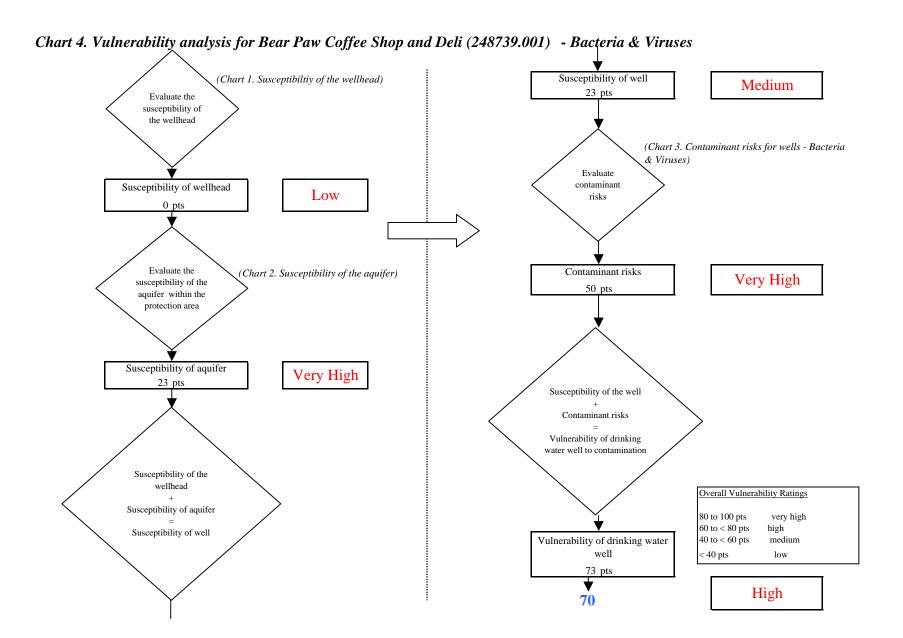
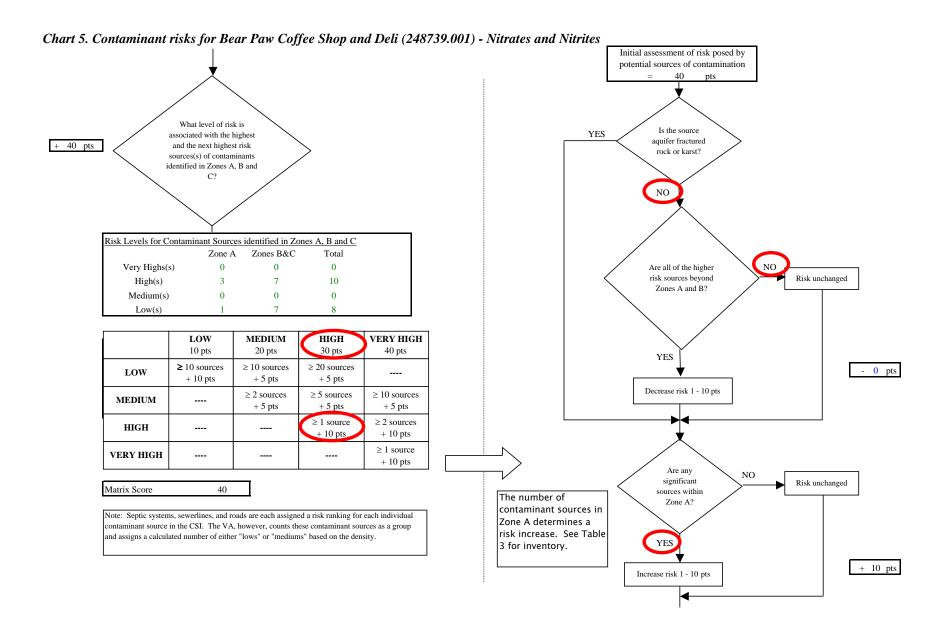
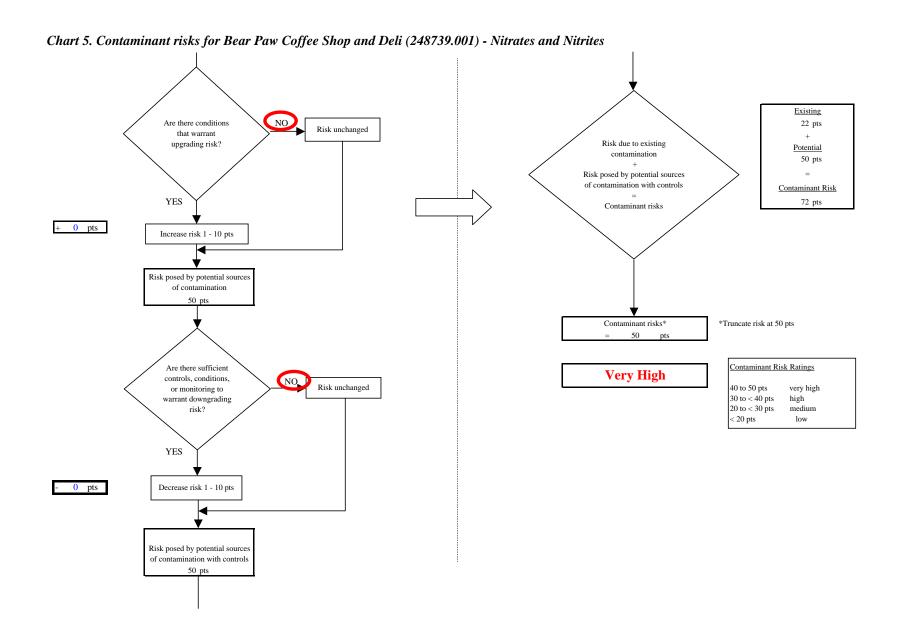


Chart 5. Contaminant risks for Bear Paw Coffee Shop and Deli (248739.001) - Nitrates and Nitrites Contaminant risks initially assumed to be low. Current level of Evaluate the level of Contaminant risks contamination due to manbackground = 0 ptscontamination from made source(s) natural sources 14 pts NO or Is the concentration of Has nitrates and/or UNKNOWN the contaminant nitrites been detected in increasing, decreasing, the source waters in or staying the same? recent sampling period(s)? Recent Nitrate Sampling Results (mg/L) 6/5/2001 2.8 9/15/2000 1.7 11/30/1999 1.8 1.7 9/30/1998 Increasing: risk up 1 - 10 pts YES 6/11/1997 1.5 Decreasing: risk down 1 - 5 pts 8/19/1996 1.5 + 8 pts Same: risk unchanged Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL) = 10 mg/LDetected Nitrate Level = Existing contamination points based on Risk due to existing man-Risk due to natural linear interpolation of most recent detect made sources sources [MCL = 50 pts; detect = 0 pts]0 pts 22 pts Risk due to existing contamination 22 pts Was the source of Evaluate the level of contamination contamination from natural? man-made sources YES

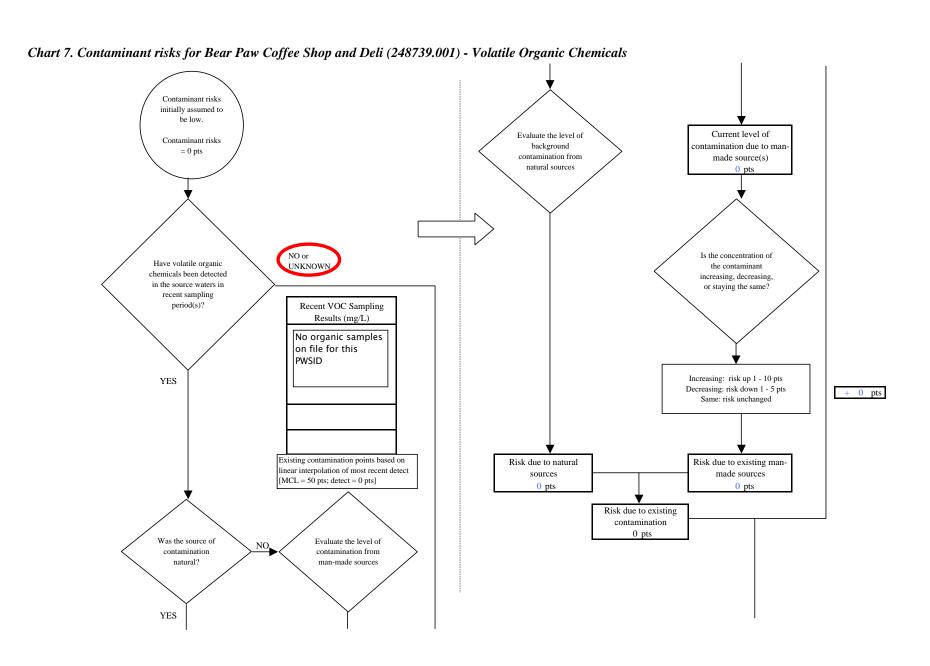




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Susceptibility of well (Chart 1. Susceptibiltiy of the wellhead) Medium 23 pts Evaluate the susceptibility of the wellhead (Chart 5. Contaminant risks for wells - Nitrates and Nitrites) Evaluate contaminant Susceptibility of wellhead Low risks 0 pts Evaluate the Contaminant risks (Chart 2. Susceptibility of the aquifer) Very High susceptibility of the 50 pts aquifer within the protection area Susceptibility of aquifer Very High Susceptibility of the well Contaminant risks Vulnerability of drinking water well to contamination Susceptibility of the wellhead Overall Vulnerability Ratings Susceptibility of aquifer 80 to 100 pts very high 60 to < 80 pts high Susceptibility of well Vulnerability of drinking water 40 to < 60 pts medium well < 40 pts 73 pts High **70**

Chart 6. Vulnerability analysis for Bear Paw Coffee Shop and Deli (248739.001) - Nitrates and Nitrites



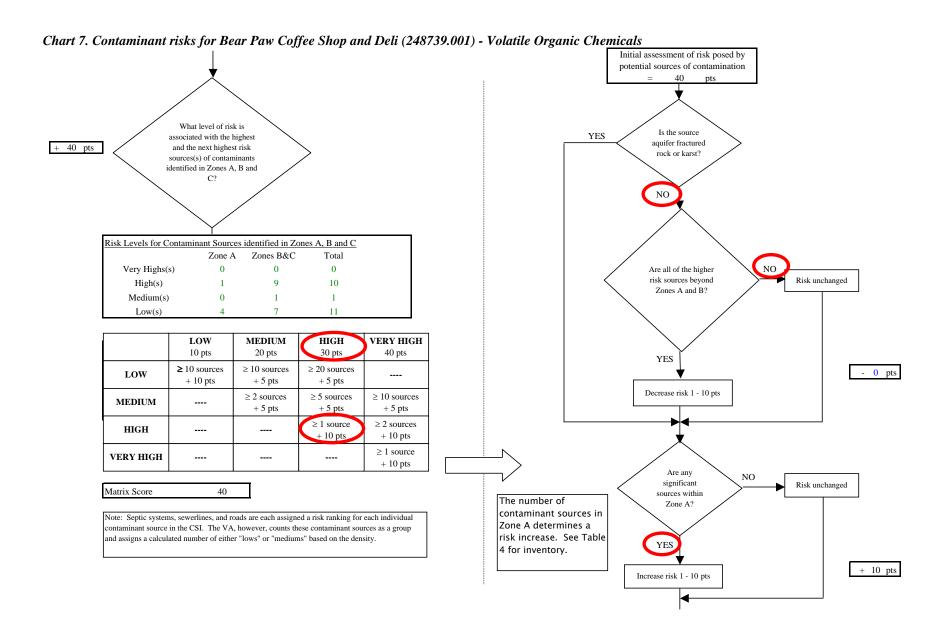


Chart 7. Contaminant risks for Bear Paw Coffee Shop and Deli (248739.001) - Volatile Organic Chemicals Existing Are there conditions NO 0 pts Risk unchanged that warrant upgrading risk? Risk due to existing Potential contamination 52 pts Five high risk Risk posed by potential sources of contamination with controls sources located in Contaminant Risk Zone D. YES 52 pts Contaminant risks 2 pts Increase risk 1 - 10 pts Risk posed by potential sources of contamination Contaminant risks* *Truncate risk at 50 pts 50 Contaminant Risk Ratings Are there sufficient **Very High** controls, conditions, NO. Risk unchanged 40 to 50 pts very high or monitoring to 30 to < 40 pts high warrant downgrading risk? 20 to < 30 pts medium < 20 pts YES 0 pts Decrease risk 1 - 10 pts Risk posed by potential sources of contamination with controls 52 pts

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Chart 8. Vulnerability analysis for Bear Paw Coffee Shop and Deli (248739.001) - Volatile Organic Chemicals Susceptibility of well (Chart 1. Susceptibiltiy of the wellhead) Medium 23 pts Evaluate the susceptibility of the wellhead (Chart 7. Contaminant risks for wells - Volatile Organic Chemicals) Evaluate contaminant Susceptibility of wellhead Low risks 0 pts Evaluate the Contaminant risks (Chart 2. Susceptibility of the aquifer) Very High susceptibility of the 50 pts aquifer within the protection area Susceptibility of aquifer Very High Susceptibility of the well Contaminant risks Vulnerability of drinking water well to contamination Susceptibility of the wellhead Overall Vulnerability Ratings Susceptibility of aquifer 80 to 100 pts very high 60 to < 80 pts high Susceptibility of well Vulnerability of drinking water 40 to < 60 pts medium well < 40 pts 73 pts High **70**

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