



# **Source Water Assessment**

A Hydrogeologic Susceptibility and Vulnerability Assessment for Kenai Peninsula College Drinking Water System, Kenai area, Alaska PWSID 240943.001

April 2004

DRINKING WATER PROTECTION PROGRAM REPORT 1507 Alaska Department of Environmental Conservation

# Source Water Assessment for Kenai Peninsula College Drinking Water System Kenai area, Alaska

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The Drinking Water Protection Program (DWPP) is producing Source Water Assessments in compliance with the Safe Drinking Water Act Amendments of 1996. Each assessment includes a delineation of the source water area, an inventory of potential and existing contaminant sources that may impact the water, a risk ranking for each of these contaminants, and an evaluation of the potential vulnerability of these drinking water sources.

These assessments are intended to provide public water systems owners/operators, communities, and local governments with the best available information that may be used to protect the quality of their drinking water. The assessments combine information obtained from various sources, including the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Alaska Department of Environmental Conservation (ADEC), public water system owners/operators, and other public information sources. The results of this assessment are subject to change if additional data becomes available. It is anticipated this assessment will be updated every five years to reflect any changes in the vulnerability and/or susceptibility of public drinking water source. If you have any additional information that may affect the results of this assessment, please contact the Program Coordinator of DWPP, (907) 269-7521.

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#### Source Water Assessment for Kenai Peninsula College Source of Public Drinking Water, Kenai area, Alaska

# **Drinking Water Protection Program Alaska Department of Environmental Conservation**

#### EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

The public water system for Kenai Peninsula College is a Class A (Non-Transient/Non-Community) water system currently consisting one well. The well is located near 3/4 mile east of Kalifornsky Beach Road. The well received a susceptibility rating of **Medium** and the aguifer received a susceptibility rating of Low. Combining these two ratings produces a **Low** rating for the natural susceptibility of the well. Identified potential and current sources of contaminants for the Kenai Peninsula College include: large capacity septic systems, residential areas, residential septic systems, highways and roads, motor vehicle waste disposal, medical facilities, auto body shops, hardware stores, motor vehicle supply stores, aircraft maintenance shops, airports, abandoned mine spoils, and recognized contaminated sites. These identified potential and existing sources of contamination are considered as sources of bacteria and viruses, nitrates and/or nitrites, and volatile organic chemicals, inorganic chemicals, synthetic organic chemicals and other organic chemicals. Overall, the Kenai Peninsula College received a vulnerability rating of **High** for inorganic chemicals, Medium for bacteria/ viruses, nitrates/nitrites, volatile organic chemicals and other organic chemicals and Low for other synthetic organic chemicals

# KENAI PENINSULA COLLEGE- PUBLIC DRINKING WATER SYSTEM

The Kenai Peninsula College public water system (PWS) is a Class A (Non-Transient/Non-Community) water system. The system currently consists of one well. The well is located approximately ¾ mile east of Kalifornsky Beach Road. (See Map 1 of Appendix A).

The Kenai Peninsula College is located in the Kenai Peninsula Borough, which is located directly south of the city of Anchorage (Please see the inset of Map 1 in Appendix A for location). The borough encompasses 25,600 square miles, of which only 15,700 square miles is land.

The Kenai Peninsula is broken into two distinct geographic areas; the Kenai Mountains and the Kenai Lowlands. Kenai and its surrounding communities are located in the Kenai Lowlands. Communities located within the Kenai Lowlands include Sterling, Soldotna, Kenai, Kenai, Clam Gulch, Ninilchik, and Homer.

The Kenai Peninsula area topography varies from about 3,000 feet to 5,000 feet above sea level in the Kenai Mountains, the highest point being about 6,400 feet above sea level. The Kenai Peninsula is dotted with many lakes and small streams, including three large lakes (Kenai Lake, Skilak Lake, and Tustemena Lake) and two substantial rivers (Kenai River, and Kasilof River) (USGS 1915).

The Kenai Peninsula College water system is located within the Kenai Lowlands, which is a sub-province of the Cook Inlet-Susitna Lowland physiographic region. The Kenai Lowland is a glaciated coastal shelf situated west of the northeast-trending Kenai Mountains. Approximately 100 miles long, the coastal shelf is bordered on the west by Cook Inlet, on the east by Kenai Mountains, on the north by Turnagain Arm, and on the south by the Caribou Hills and Kachemak Bay. The following summary of regional geology and hydrogeology is based on studies by Bailey and Hogan (1995); Freethey and Scully (1980); Glass (1996); Hartman, et al. (1972); and Karlstrom (1964).

The Kenai Lowland is underlain by bedrock. Tertiary sedimentary bedrock is more than 500 feet below the city of Kenai airport, but is exposed along beach cliffs and road cuts near the southwest end of the lowland. Unconsolidated surficial deposits of Quaternary age include coastal deposits, glaciolacustrine deposits, glaciofluvial deposits, glacial moraine deposits, and periglacial wind deposits. Unconsolidated Quaternary cover on the lowlands generally thickens from south to North being thin or absent in the Homer area, and over 750 feet thick near Kenai.

The most significant groundwater resources of the Kenai Lowlands are contained in Quarternary coarse-grained sands and gravels. Flood plain, river terrace and other alluvial deposits are common aquifer materials in the area, and are characterized by high rates of recharge, and large saturated thicknesses. Other favorable materials include proglacial lake and associated river deposits and glacial outwash deposits consisting of meltwater sorted sand and gravel material.

Unsorted glacial moraine and drift deposits generally have poor groundwater yields, as do discontinuous layers of confining clays and silt that are common throughout the unconsolidated materials. The relatively thicker sequence of unconsolidated sediments in the northern portions of the Kenai Lowlands locally hosts thicker, more extensive clay aquitards and multiple aquifers.

The Kenai Peninsula area has a central water system; however, many homes and businesses in the area rely on individual wells for their water supply. Most of these wells are deep with depths between 50 and 200 feet. Static water levels in many of these wells are between 10 and 30 feet below the surface. Although groundwater quality can vary significantly in short distance, groundwater supplies are abundant in the area.

The Sanitary Survey (1999) indicates that the wellhead is protected with a sanitary seal. A properly installed sanitary seal may provide protection against contaminant from entering the source waters at the casing. The well is not located in a floodplain. The land surface is not sloped away from the casing, leading to water pooling near the casing. Since the wells were drilled prior to grouting regulations, it is assumed that they are not grouted. Proper grouting provides added protection against contaminants traveling along the well casing and into source waters.

This system operates year round and serves up to 1300 non-residents through 1 service connection.

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# KENAI PENINSULA COLLEGE WATER DRINKING WATER PROTECTION AREA

In order to evaluate whether a drinking water source is at risk, we must first evaluate what are the most likely pathways for surface contamination to reach the groundwater. These areas are determined by looking at the characteristics of the soil, groundwater, aquifer, and well.

The most probable area for contamination to reach the drinking water well is the area that contributes water to the well, the groundwater recharge area. This area is designated as the drinking water protection area (DWPA). Because releases of contaminants within the protection area are most likely to impact the drinking water well, this area will serve as the focus for voluntary protection efforts.

An analytical calculation was used to determine the size and shape of the DWPA for Kenai Peninsula College. The input parameters describing the attributes of the aquifer in this calculation were adopted from Groundwater (*Freeze and Cherry 1979*). Available

geology and groundwater contours were also considered to take into account any uncertainties in groundwater flow and aquifer characteristics to arrive at a meaningful protection area.

The protection areas established for wells by the ADEC are usually separated into four zones, limited by the watershed. These zones correspond to differences in the time-of-travel (TOT) of the water moving through the aquifer to the well (Please refer to the Guidance Manual for Class A Public Water Systems for additional information).

The time of travel for contaminants within the water varies and is dependent on the physical and chemical characteristics of each contaminant. The following is a summary of the four protection area zones for wells and the calculated time-of-travel for each:

**Table 1. Definition of Zones** 

Zone	Definition
A	<sup>1</sup> / <sub>4</sub> the distance for the 2-yr. time-of-travel
В	Less than 2 years time-of-travel
C	Less than 5 years time-of-travel
D	Less than 10 years time-of-travel

The DWPA for the Kenai Peninsula College was determined using an analytical calculation and includes Zone A, B, C, and D (See Map 1 of Appendix A).

# INVENTORY OF POTENTIAL AND EXISTING CONTAMINANT SOURCES

The Drinking Water Protection Program has completed an inventory of potential and existing sources of contamination within the Kenai Peninsula College DWPA. This inventory was completed through a search of agency records and other publicly available information. Potential sources of contamination to the drinking water aquifer include a wide range of categories and types. Potential drinking water contaminants are found within agricultural, residential, commercial, and industrial areas, but can also occur within areas that have little or no development. For the basis of all Class A public water system assessments, six categories of drinking water contaminants were inventoried. They include:

- Bacteria and viruses;
- Nitrates and/or nitrites;
- Volatile organic chemicals;
- Heavy metals, cyanide, and other inorganic chemicals;
- Synthetic organic chemicals; and
- Other organic chemicals.

The sources are displayed on Map 1 of Appendix C and summarized in Table 1 of Appendix B.

#### RANKING OF CONTAMINANT RISKS

Once the potential and existing sources of contamination have been identified, they are assigned a ranking according to what type and level of risk they represent. Ranking of contaminant risks for a "potential" or "existing" source of contamination is a function of toxicity and volumes of specific contaminants associated with that source. Rankings include:

- Low;Medium;
- High; and
- Very High.

The time-of-travel for contaminants within the water varies and is dependent on the physical and chemical characteristics of each contaminant. Bacteria and Viruses are only inventoried in Zones A and B because of their short life span. Only "Very High" and "High" rankings are inventoried within the outer Zone D due to the probability of contaminant dilution by the time the contaminants get to the well.

Tables 2 through 4 in Appendix B contain the ranking of potential and existing sources of contamination with respect to bacteria and viruses, nitrates and/or nitrites, volatile organic chemicals, inorganic chemicals, synthetic organic chemicals and other organic chemicals.

#### VULNERABILITY OF KENAI AREAKENAI PENINSULA COLLEGE DRINKING WATER SYSTEM

Vulnerability of a drinking water source to contamination is a combination of two factors:

- Natural susceptibility; and
- Contaminant risks.

Appendix D contains eight charts, which together form the 'Vulnerability Analysis' for a source water assessment for a public drinking water source. Chart 1 analyzes the 'Susceptibility of the Wellhead' to contamination by looking at the construction of the well and its surrounding area. Chart 2 analyzes the 'Susceptibility of the Aquifer' to contamination by looking at the naturally occurring attributes of the water source and influences on the groundwater system that might lead to contamination. Chart 3 analyzes 'Contaminant Risks' for the drinking water source with respect to bacteria and viruses. The 'Contaminant Risks' portion of the analysis considers potential sources of contaminants as well as a review of contamination that has or may have occurred, but has

not arrived or been detected at the well. Lastly, Chart 4 contains the 'Vulnerability Analysis for Bacteria and Viruses'. Charts 5 through 14 contain the Contaminant Risks and Vulnerability Analyses for nitrates and nitrites, volatile organic chemicals, heavy metals, cyanide, and other inorganic chemicals, synthetic organic chemicals, and other organic chemicals, respectively.

A score for the Natural Susceptibility is reached by considering the properties of the well and the aquifer.

Susceptibility of the Wellhead (0 – 25 Points) (Chart 1 of Appendix D)

+

Susceptibility of the Aquifer (0-25 Points)(Chart 2 of Appendix D)

=

Natural Susceptibility (Susceptibility of the Well) (0-50 Points)

A ranking is assigned for the Natural Susceptibility according to the point score:

Natural Susceptibility Ratings						
40 to 50 pts	Very High					
30 to < 40 pts	High					
20 to < 30 pts	Medium					
< 20 pts	Low					

The well log is unavailable. The depth of the well is estimated to be 306 feet below ground surface (bgs). The well is completed in a confined aquifer. Well logs from the area indicate multiple confining layers greater than 100 feet are present. The confining layers provide a protection from the movement of contaminants in the subsurface. However, wells penetrating the confining layers upgradient from the well may provide a path for contaminants to enter the confined aquifer.

Table 2 shows the Susceptibility scores and ratings for the Kenai Peninsula College.

Table 2. Susceptibility

	Score	Rating
Susceptibility of the	10	Medium
Wellhead		
Susceptibility of the	5	Low
Aquifer		
Natural Susceptibility	15	Low

Contaminant Risk Ratings						
40 to 50 pts	Very High					
30 to < 40 pts	High					
20 to < 30 pts	Medium					
< 20 pts	Low					

Contaminant risks to a drinking water source depend on the type, number or density, and distribution of contaminant sources. This score has been derived from an examination of existing and historical contamination that has been detected at the drinking water source through routine sampling. It also evaluates potential sources of contamination. Flow charts are used to assign a point score, and ratings are assigned in the same way as for the natural susceptibility:

Table 3 summarizes the Contaminant Risks for each category of drinking water contaminants..

Table 3. Contaminant Risks

Category	Score	Rating
Bacteria and Viruses	40	Very High
Nitrates and/or Nitrites	44	Very High
Volatile Organic Chemicals	40	Very High
Heavy Metals, Cyanide, and		
Other Inorganic Chemicals	50	Very High
Synthetic Organic Chemicals	22	Medium
Other Organic Chemicals	27	Medium

Finally, an overall vulnerability score is assigned for each water system by combining each of the contaminant risk scores with the natural susceptibility score:

Natural Susceptibility 
$$(0 - 50 \text{ points})$$

+

Contaminant Risks (0 - 50 points)

=

Vulnerability of the Drinking Water Source to Contamination (0 - 100).

Again, rankings are assigned according to a point score:

Table 4 contains the overall vulnerability scores (0 - 100) and ratings for each of the three categories of

drinking water contaminants. Note: scores are rounded off to the nearest five.

Overall Vulnerability Ratings							
80 to 100 pts	Very High						
60 to < 80 pts	High						
40 to < 60 pts	Medium						
< 40 pts	Low						

Table 4. Overall Vulnerability

Category	Score	Rating
Bacteria and Viruses	55	Medium
Nitrates and Nitrites	55	Medium
Volatile Organic Chemicals	55	Medium
Heavy Metals, Cyanide, and		
Other Inorganic Chemicals	65	High
Synthetic Organic Chemicals	35	Low
Other Organic Chemicals	40	Medium

#### **Bacteria and Viruses**

Roads, large capacity septic systems, medical facilities, residential area and residential septic systems represent the greatest risk for bacteria and viruses to this drinking water well.

Only a small amount of bacteria and viruses are required to endanger public health. Coli forms are found naturally in the environment and although they aren't necessarily a health threat, it is an indicator of other potentially harmful bacteria in the water, more specifically, fecal coliforms and E. coli which only come from human and animal fecal waste (EPA, 2002). Harmful bacteria can cause diarrhea, cramps, nausea, headaches, or other symptoms (EPA, 2002). Sampling has not detected bacteria or viruses within source waters.

After combining the contaminant risk for bacteria and viruses with the natural susceptibility of the well, the overall vulnerability of the well to contamination is medium.

#### **Nitrates and Nitrites**

Roads, large capacity septic systems, residential area and residential septic systems represent the greatest risk to nitrates and nitrites for this source of public drinking water.

Nitrates are very mobile, moving at approximately the same rate as water. The sampling history for the Kenai

Peninsula College well indicates that nitrate concentrations have ranged from 0.0 mg/l to 0.737 mg/l. The reported nitrate concentrations suggest that the nitrate concentrations are attributed to natural sources. Nitrate concentrations in uncontaminated groundwater are typically less than 2 mg/l therefore, nitrate concentrations above 2 mg/L may be indicative of man-made sources. The most recent nitrate level detected was 7% (0.737 mg/L) of the Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL) of 10 mg/L. The MCL is the maximum level of contaminant that is allowed to exist in drinking water and still be consumed by humans without harmful health effects. Though existing nitrate contamination was detected at the site, recent data indicates that nitrate concentrations are safe with respect to human health.

After combining the contaminant risk for nitrates and nitrites with the natural susceptibility of the well, the overall vulnerability of the well to nitrate and nitrite contamination is medium.

#### **Volatile Organic Chemicals**

Large capacity septic tanks, residential areas, roads, motor vehicle waste disposal wells, ADEC recognized contaminated sites and airports represent the greatest identified risk for volatile organic chemical contamination to the well.

Approximately 20% residents in the area typically heat their homes with various types of on-site fuel sources, including propane and heating oil stored in aboveground or underground storage tanks. Although this report does not address heating oil tanks (unless their location is known), they can pose a risk of volatile organic chemical contamination to drinking water sources. The most common causes of fuel leaks of these heating oil systems are overfilling the tank, ruptured fuel lines, leaking storage tanks, damaged or faulty valves and vandalism. Secondary containment around the tank and regular system maintenance can help prevent many of these harmful fuel leaks and help protect the drinking water supply.

Volatile Organic Chemicals have not been detected within source waters. After combining the contaminant risk for volatile organic chemicals with the natural susceptibility of the well, the overall vulnerability of the well to contamination is medium.

# Heavy Metals, Cyanide, and Other Inorganic Chemicals

Large capacity septic systems, residential areas, motor vehicle waste disposal wells, auto body shops, airports, and existing contamination represent the greatest risk for inorganic chemicals to the well.

Samplings of inorganic chemicals have detected arsenic at levels exceeding the current maximum contaminant levels (MCLs). The MCL is the maximum level of contaminant that is allowed to exist in drinking water and still be consumed by humans without harmful health effects. The most recent detection of arsenic detected 0.0225 mg/l exceeds the current MCL of 0.01mg/l. Prolonged exposure to levels exceeding the MCL can cause skin damage, problems with circulatory systems, and may create an increased risk of developing cancer (EPA, 2002).

After combining the contaminant risk for heavy metals, cyanide and other inorganic chemicals with the natural susceptibility of the well, the overall vulnerability of the well to contamination is high.

#### **Synthetic Organic Chemicals**

Large capacity septic systems, residential area, residential septic systems, motor vehicle waste disposal wells and airports represent the greatest risk for inorganic chemicals to the well.

Sampling for synthetic organic chemicals has not occurred. The system currently has an SOC waiver and is not required to sample.

After combining the contaminant risk for snythetic organic chemicals with the natural susceptibility of the well, the overall vulnerability of the well to contamination is low.

#### **Other Organic Chemicals**

Large capacity septic systems, residential areas, motor vehicle waste disposal wells and airports represent the greatest risk for other organic chemicals to the well.

Sampling for other organic chemicals has not occurred. The system currently has an OOC waiver and is not required to sample.

After combining the contaminant risk for snythetic organic chemicals with the natural susceptibility of the well, the overall vulnerability of the well to contamination is medium.

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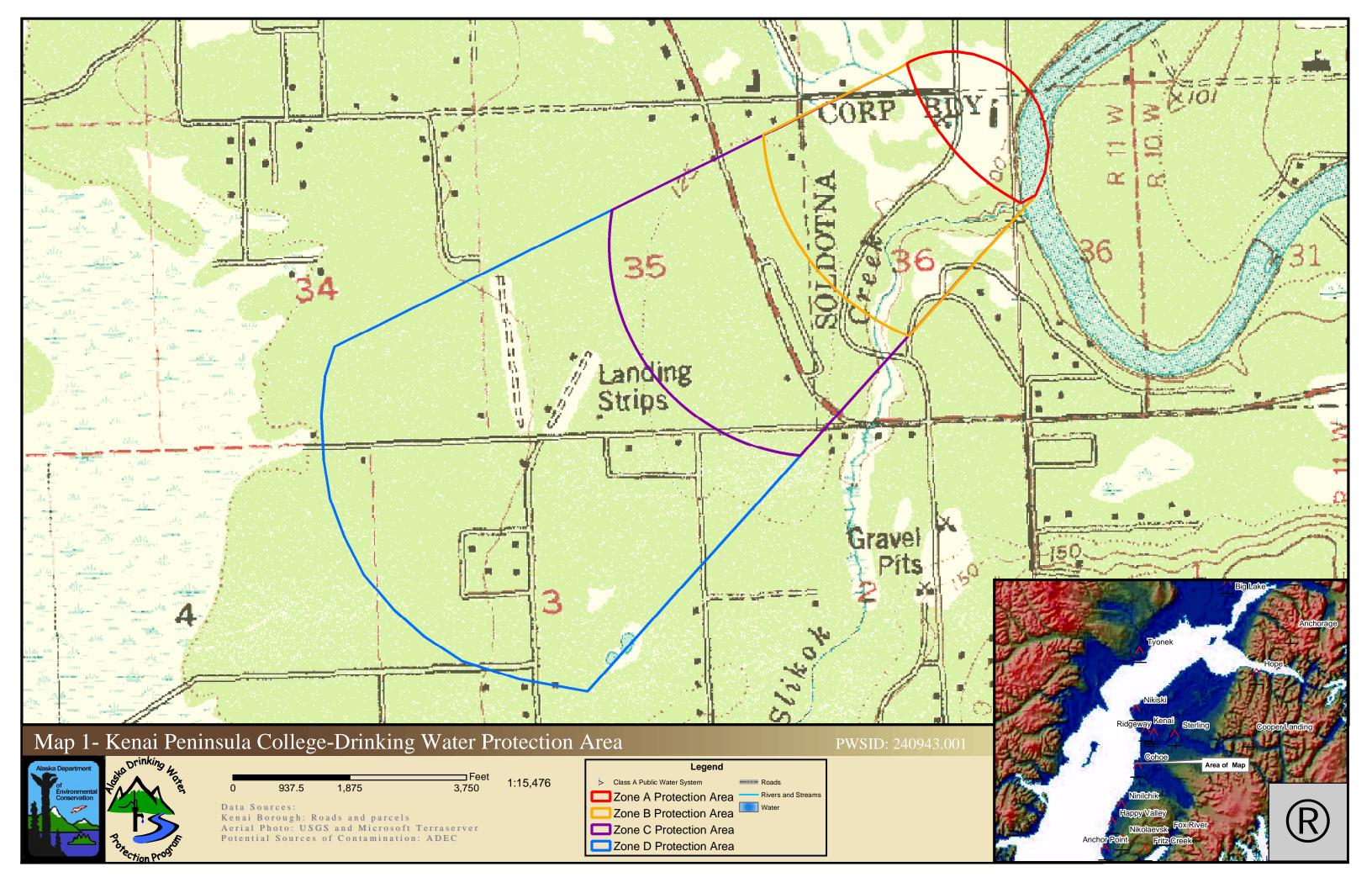
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#### **ACKNOWLEDGMENT**

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### **APPENDIX A**

Kenai Peninsula College Drinking Water Protection Area Location Map (Map 1)



### **APPENDIX B**

## Contaminant Source Inventory and Risk Ranking for Kenai Peninsula College (Tables 1-7)

### Contaminant Source Inventory for Kenai Peninsula College

Contaminant Source Type	Contaminant Source ID	CS ID tag	Zone	Map Number	Comments
Quarries (Inactive)	E10	E10-1	A	2	
Residential Areas	R01	R01-1	A	2	Zone A has 4 residential acres identified.
Contaminated sites, DEC recognized, non-Superfund, non-RCRA	U04	U04-1	A	2	U04-1 CS 2333.38.024-Poppy Lane Gravel Pit: 1965-1978, uncontrolled disposal site Unknown amounts of solid wastes, mostly oil drillings. On-site groundwater contaminated by gas condensate and BTEX compounds. Status: No Further Remedial Action
Highways and roads, paved (cement or asphalt)	X20	X20-1-3	A	2	Zone A has 3 roads identified
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-1-5	В	2	Zone B has 5 large capacity septic systems identified.
Residential Areas	R01	R01-1	В	2	Zone B has 20 residential acres identified
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-1-18	В	2	Zone B has 18 residential septic systems identified.
Highways and roads, paved (cement or asphalt)	X20	X20-4-9	В	2	Zone B has 6 roads identified.
Medical/veterinary facilities (doctor or dentist offices, hospitals, nursing homes)	X40	X40-1	В	2	47055 PRINCETON AVE
Body shops (automotive)	C05	C05-1	C	2	34140 FRONTAGE RD
Construction trade areas and materials	C09	C09-1	C	2	47160 HARVARD AVE
Hardware stores	C17	C17-1	C	2	44067 Kalifornsky Beach Road
Heavy equipment rental/storage	C18	C18-2	C	2	48230 Gaswell Road
Motor vehicle dealerships - cars, trucks, motor cycles, ATV's, snow machines, boats (with service department)	C27	C27-1	С	2	44170 KALIFORNSKY BEACH RD
Motor/motor vehicle supplies stores	C28	C28-1	C	2	34410 BUSINESS PARK FRONTAGE
Motor/motor vehicle supplies stores	C28	C28-2	C	2	34276 BUSINESS PARK F # 2
Motor/motor vehicle supplies stores	C28	C28-3	С	2	44800 KALIFORNSKY BEACH RD
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-6-30	С	2	Zone C has 30 large capacity septic systems identified.
Injection wells (Class V) Motor Vehicle Waste Disposal Well	D42	D42-1-7	C	2	Zone C has 7 motor vehicle waste disposal wells identified.
Residential Areas	R01	R01-3	C	2	Zone C has 36 residential acres identified.
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-19-64	C	2	Zone C has 46 residential septic systems identified.

Contaminant Source Type	Contaminant Source ID	CS ID tag	Zone	Map Number	Comments
Contaminated sites, DEC recognized, non-Superfund, non-RCRA	U04	U04-2	С	2	U04-2 UAA Fire Training Site-Residual unleaded gasoline and diesel fuels have infiltrated surface soils during fire training exercises. Plan approved to remediate soils. Status: Inactive
Contaminated sites, DEC recognized, non-Superfund, non-RCRA	U04	U04-3	С	2	U04-3 48230 Gaswell Road- Former Caston Residence. Numerou acid filled batteries were buried at this site in a 20' deep hole. Batteries were removed and soil remediated. Status: Closed
Contaminated sites, DEC recognized, non-Superfund, non-RCRA	U04	U04-4	С	2	U04-4. 47765 Gaswell Road-CS 2333.38.017. In 1988, a large area with old vehicles, 200-plus 55-gallon drums of unknown contents was identified. Status: Inactive
Contaminated sites, DEC recognized, non-Superfund, non-RCRA	U04	U04-5	С	2	U04-5 CS 2333.38.019 -Jones Stub Road. A number of drums with unknown contents identified on site. Abandoned vehicles are also located near a gravel pit at the site. Extent of contamination and health impact unknown. Staus: Closed
Highways and roads, paved (cement or asphalt)	X20	X20-10-15	C	2	Zone C has 6 roads identified.
Motor vehicle/general storage yards/facilities	X27	X27-1	C	2	44196 Kalifornsky Beach Road
Motor vehicle/general storage yards/facilities	X27	X27-1	С	2	44196 Kalifornsky Beach Road
Medical/veterinary facilities (doctor or dentist offices, hospitals, nursing homes)	X40	X40-2	С	2	44066 KALIFORNSKY BEACH RD
Aircraft maintenance shops	C01	C01-1	D	2	48520 JONES RD
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-31-32	D	2	Zone D has 2 large capacity septic systems identified.
Abandoned mine spoils or mine tailings piles/ ponds	U01	U01-1	D	2	Unocal Mud Pits - Poppy Lane. Processed Mine Tailings/Muds
Airports	X14	X14-01	D	2	GAEDE LANDING STRIP
Airports	X14	X14-2	D	2	GAEDE LANDING STRIP

### Contaminant Source Inventory and Risk Ranking for Kenai Peninsula College Sources of Bacteria and Viruses

Contaminant Source Type	Contaminant Source ID	CS ID tag	Zone	Risk Ranking for Analysis	Map Number	Comments
Residential Areas	R01	R01-1	A	Low	2	Zone A has 4 residential acres identified.
Highways and roads, paved (cement or asphalt)	X20	X20-1-3	A	Low	2	Zone A has 3 roads identified
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-1-5	В	High	2	Zone B has 5 large capacity septic systems identified.
Residential Areas	R01	R01-1	В	Low	2	Zone B has 20 residential acres identified
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-1-18	В	Low	2	Zone B has 18 residential septic systems identified.
Highways and roads, paved (cement or asphalt)	X20	X20-4-9	В	Low	2	Zone B has 6 roads identified.
Medical/veterinary facilities (doctor or dentist offices, hospitals, nursing homes)	X40	X40-1	В	Medium	2	47055 PRINCETON AVE
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-6-30	C	High	2	Zone C has 30 large capacity septic systems identified.
Injection wells (Class V) Motor Vehicle Waste Disposal Well	D42	D42-1-7	C	Low	2	Zone C has 7 motor vehicle waste disposal wells identified.
Residential Areas	R01	R01-3	C	Low	2	Zone C has 36 residential acres identified.
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-19-64	С	Low	2	Zone C has 46 residential septic systems identified.
Highways and roads, paved (cement or asphalt)	X20	X20-10-15	С	Low	2	Zone C has 6 roads identified.
Medical/veterinary facilities (doctor or dentist offices, hospitals, nursing homes)	X40	X40-2	С	Medium	2	44066 KALIFORNSKY BEACH RD

### Contaminant Source Inventory and Risk Ranking for Kenai Peninsula College Sources of Nitrates/Nitrites

Contaminant Source Type	Contaminant Source ID	CS ID tag	Zone	Risk Ranking for Analysis	Map Number	Comments
Residential Areas	R01	R01-1	A	Low	2	Zone A has 4 residential acres identified.
Highways and roads, paved (cement or asphalt)	X20	X20-1-3	A	Low	2	Zone A has 3 roads identified
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-1-5	В	High	2	Zone B has 5 large capacity septic systems identified.
Residential Areas	R01	R01-1	В	Low	2	Zone B has 20 residential acres identified
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-1-18	В	Low	2	Zone B has 18 residential septic systems identified.
Highways and roads, paved (cement or asphalt)	X20	X20-4-9	В	Low	2	Zone B has 6 roads identified.
Medical/veterinary facilities (doctor or dentist offices, hospitals, nursing homes)	X40	X40-1	В	Low	2	47055 PRINCETON AVE
Hardware stores	C17	C17-1	C	Low	2	44067 Kalifornsky Beach Road
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-6-30	С	High	2	Zone C has 30 large capacity septic systems identified.
Residential Areas	R01	R01-3	C	Low	2	Zone C has 36 residential acres identified.
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-19-64	C	Low	2	Zone C has 46 residential septic systems identified.
Highways and roads, paved (cement or asphalt)	X20	X20-10-15	C	Low	2	Zone C has 6 roads identified.
Medical/veterinary facilities (doctor or dentist offices, hospitals, nursing homes)	X40	X40-2	С	Low	2	44066 KALIFORNSKY BEACH RD
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-31-32	D	High	2	Zone D has 2 large capacity septic systems identified.
Airports	X14	X14-01	D	Low	2	GAEDE LANDING STRIP
Airports	X14	X14-2	D	Low	2	GAEDE LANDING STRIP

### Contaminant Source Inventory and Risk Ranking for Kenai Peninsula College Sources of Volatile Organic Chemicals

Contaminant Source Type	Contaminant Source ID	CS ID tag	Zone	Risk Ranking for Analysis	Map Number	Comments	
Residential Areas	R01	R01-1	A	Low	2	Zone A has 4 residential acres identified.	
Contaminated sites, DEC recognized, non-Superfund, non-RCRA	U04	U04-1	A	High	2	U04-1 CS 2333.38.024-Poppy Lane Gravel Pit: 1965-1978, uncontrolled disposal site Unknown amounts of solid wastes, mostly oil drillings. On-site groundwater contaminated by gas condensate and BTEX compounds. Status: No Further Remedial Action	
Highways and roads, paved (cement or asphalt)	X20	X20-1-3	A	Low	2	Zone A has 3 roads identified	
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-1-5	В	Low	2	Zone B has 5 large capacity septic systems identified.	
Residential Areas	R01	R01-1	В	Low	2	Zone B has 20 residential acres identified	
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-1-18	В	Low	2	Zone B has 18 residential septic systems identified.	
Highways and roads, paved (cement or asphalt)	X20	X20-4-9	В	Low	2	Zone B has 6 roads identified.	
Medical/veterinary facilities (doctor or dentist offices, hospitals, nursing homes)	X40	X40-1	В	Low	2	47055 PRINCETON AVE	
Body shops (automotive)	C05	C05-1	С	Medium	2	34140 FRONTAGE RD	
Construction trade areas and materials	C09	C09-1	C	Low	2	47160 HARVARD AVE	
Hardware stores	C17	C17-1	C	Low	2	44067 Kalifornsky Beach Road	
Heavy equipment rental/storage	C18	C18-2	C	Medium	2	48230 Gaswell Road	
Motor vehicle dealerships - cars, trucks, motor cycles, ATV's, snow machines, boats (with service department)	C27	C27-1	С	Medium	2	44170 KALIFORNSKY BEACH RD	
Motor/motor vehicle supplies stores	C28	C28-1	C	Low	2	34410 BUSINESS PARK FRONTAGE	
Motor/motor vehicle supplies stores	C28	C28-2	C	Low	2	34276 BUSINESS PARK F # 2	
Motor/motor vehicle supplies stores	C28	C28-3	С	Low	2	44800 KALIFORNSKY BEACH RD	
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-6-30	С	Low	2	Zone C has 30 large capacity septic systems identified.	

#### Table 4 (continued)

### Contaminant Source Inventory and Risk Ranking for Kenai Peninsula College Sources of Volatile Organic Chemicals

Contaminant Source Type	Contaminant Source ID	CS ID tag	Zone	Risk Ranking for Analysis	Map Number	Comments	
Injection wells (Class V) Motor Vehicle Waste Disposal Well	D42	D42-1-7	С	High	2	Zone C has 7 motor vehicle waste disposal wells identified.	
Residential Areas	R01	R01-3	C	Low	2	Zone C has 36 residential acres identified.	
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-19-64	C	Low	2	Zone C has 46 residential septic systems identified.	
Contaminated sites, DEC recognized, non-Superfund, non-RCRA	U04	U04-2	С	High	2	U04-2 UAA Fire Training Site-Residual unleaded gasoline and diesel fuels have infiltrated surface soils during fire training exercises. Plan approved to remediate soils. Status: Inactive	
Contaminated sites, DEC recognized, non-Superfund, non-RCRA	U04	U04-4	С	Medium	2	U04-4. 47765 Gaswell Road-CS 2333.38.017. In 1988, a large area with old vehicles, 200-plus 55-gallon drums of unknown contents was identified. Status: Inactive	
Contaminated sites, DEC recognized, non-Superfund, non-RCRA	U04	U04-5	С	Low	2	U04-5 CS 2333.38.019 -Jones Stub Road. A number of drums with unknown contents identified on site. Abandoned vehicles are also located near a gravel pit at the site. Extent of contamination and health impact unknown. Staus: Closed	
Highways and roads, paved (cement or asphalt)	X20	X20-10-15	C	Low	2	Zone C has 6 roads identified.	
Motor vehicle/general storage yards/facilities	X27	X27-1	С	Low	2	44196 Kalifornsky Beach Road	
Motor vehicle/general storage yards/facilities	X27	X27-1	С	Low	2	44196 Kalifornsky Beach Road	
Medical/veterinary facilities (doctor or dentist offices, hospitals, nursing homes)	X40	X40-2	С	Low	2	44066 KALIFORNSKY BEACH RD	
Aircraft maintenance shops	C01	C01-1	D	Low	2	48520 JONES RD	
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-31-32	D	Low	2	Zone D has 2 large capacity septic systems identified.	
Airports	X14	X14-01	D	High	2	GAEDE LANDING STRIP	
Airports	X14	X14-2	D	High	2	GAEDE LANDING STRIP	

### Contaminant Source Inventory and Risk Ranking for Kenai Peninsula College

### Sources of Heavy Metals, Cyanide and Other Inorganic Chemicals

Contaminant Source Type	Contaminant Source ID	CS ID tag	Zone	Risk Ranking for Analysis	Map Number	Comments	
Residential Areas	R01	R01-1	A	Low	2	Zone A has 4 residential acres identified.	
Highways and roads, paved (cement or asphalt)	X20	X20-1-3	A	Low	2	Zone A has 3 roads identified	
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-1-5	В	Low	2	Zone B has 5 large capacity septic systems identified.	
Residential Areas	R01	R01-1	В	Low	2	Zone B has 20 residential acres identified	
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-1-18	В	Low	2	Zone B has 18 residential septic systems identified.	
Highways and roads, paved (cement or asphalt)	X20	X20-4-9	В	Low	2	Zone B has 6 roads identified.	
Medical/veterinary facilities (doctor or dentist offices, hospitals, nursing homes)	X40	X40-1	В	Low	2	47055 PRINCETON AVE	
Body shops (automotive)	C05	C05-1	C	Medium	2	34140 FRONTAGE RD	
Construction trade areas and materials	C09	C09-1	C	Low	2	47160 HARVARD AVE	
Hardware stores	C17	C17-1	С	Low	2	44067 Kalifornsky Beach Road	
Heavy equipment rental/storage	C18	C18-2	C	Low	2	48230 Gaswell Road	
Motor vehicle dealerships - cars, trucks, motor cycles, ATV's, snow machines, boats (with service department)	C27	C27-1	С	Low	2	44170 KALIFORNSKY BEACH RD	
Motor/motor vehicle supplies stores	C28	C28-1	С	Low	2	34410 BUSINESS PARK FRONTAGE	
Motor/motor vehicle supplies stores	C28	C28-2	С	Low	2	34276 BUSINESS PARK F # 2	
Motor/motor vehicle supplies stores	C28	C28-3	C	Low	2	44800 KALIFORNSKY BEACH RD	
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-6-30	С	Low	2	Zone C has 30 large capacity septic systems identified.	
Injection wells (Class V) Motor Vehicle Waste Disposal Well	D42	D42-1-7	С	High	2	Zone C has 7 motor vehicle waste disposal wells identified.	
Residential Areas	R01	R01-3	C	Low	2	Zone C has 36 residential acres identified.	

### Contaminant Source Inventory and Risk Ranking for Kenai Peninsula College

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### Sources of Heavy Metals, Cyanide and Other Inorganic Chemicals

Contaminant Source Type	Contaminant Source ID	CS ID tag	Zone	Risk Ranking for Analysis	Map Number	Comments	
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-19-64	C	Low	2	Zone C has 46 residential septic systems identified.	
Contaminated sites, DEC recognized, non-Superfund, non-RCRA	U04	U04-3	С	Low	2	U04-3 48230 Gaswell Road- Former Caston Residence. Numerou acid filled batteries were buried at this site in a 20' deep hole. Batteries were removed a soil remediated. Status: Closed	
Highways and roads, paved (cement or asphalt)	X20	X20-10-15	C	Low	2	Zone C has 6 roads identified.	
Medical/veterinary facilities (doctor or dentist offices, hospitals, nursing homes)	X40	X40-2	С	Low	2	44066 KALIFORNSKY BEACH RD	
Aircraft maintenance shops	C01	C01-1	D	Low	2	48520 JONES RD	
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-31-32	D	Low	2	Zone D has 2 large capacity septic systems identified.	
Abandoned mine spoils or mine tailings piles/ ponds	U01	U01-1	D	Very High	2	Unocal Mud Pits - Poppy Lane. Processed Mine Tailings/Muds	
Airports	X14	X14-01	D	Low	2	GAEDE LANDING STRIP	
Airports	X14	X14-2	D	Low	2	GAEDE LANDING STRIP	

### Contaminant Source Inventory and Risk Ranking for Kenai Peninsula College Sources of Synthetic Organic Chemicals

Contaminant Source Type	Contaminant Source ID	CS ID tag	Zone	Risk Ranking for Analysis	Map Number	Comments
Residential Areas	R01	R01-1	A	Low	2	Zone A has 4 residential acres identified.
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-1-5	В	Low	2	Zone B has 5 large capacity septic systems identified.
Residential Areas	R01	R01-1	В	Low	2	Zone B has 20 residential acres identified
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-1-18	В	Low	2	Zone B has 18 residential septic systems identified.
Medical/veterinary facilities (doctor or dentist offices, hospitals, nursing homes)	X40	X40-1	В	Low	2	47055 PRINCETON AVE
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-6-30	С	Low	2	Zone C has 30 large capacity septic systems identified.
Injection wells (Class V) Motor Vehicle Waste Disposal Well	D42	D42-1-7	С	Low	2	Zone C has 7 motor vehicle waste disposal wells identified.
Residential Areas	R01	R01-3	C	Low	2	Zone C has 36 residential acres identified.
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-19-64	C	Low	2	Zone C has 46 residential septic systems identified.
Medical/veterinary facilities (doctor or dentist offices, hospitals, nursing homes)	X40	X40-2	C	Low	2	44066 KALIFORNSKY BEACH RD
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-31-32	D	Low	2	Zone D has 2 large capacity septic systems identified.
Airports	X14	X14-01	D	Medium	2	GAEDE LANDING STRIP
Airports	X14	X14-2	D	Medium	2	GAEDE LANDING STRIP

### Contaminant Source Inventory and Risk Ranking for Kenai Peninsula College Sources of Other Organic Chemicals

Contaminant Source Type	Contaminant Source ID	CS ID tag	Zone	Risk Ranking for Analysis	Map Number	Comments
Residential Areas	R01	R01-1	A	Low	2	Zone A has 4 residential acres identified.
Highways and roads, paved (cement or asphalt)	X20	X20-1-3	A	Low	2	Zone A has 3 roads identified
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-1-5	В	Low	2	Zone B has 5 large capacity septic systems identified.
Residential Areas	R01	R01-1	В	Low	2	Zone B has 20 residential acres identified
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-1-18	В	Low	2	Zone B has 18 residential septic systems identified.
Highways and roads, paved (cement or asphalt)	X20	X20-4-9	В	Low	2	Zone B has 6 roads identified.
Body shops (automotive)	C05	C05-1	C	Medium	2	34140 FRONTAGE RD
Construction trade areas and materials	C09	C09-1	C	Low	2	47160 HARVARD AVE
Hardware stores	C17	C17-1	C	Low	2	44067 Kalifornsky Beach Road
Heavy equipment rental/storage	C18	C18-2	C	Medium	2	48230 Gaswell Road
Motor vehicle dealerships - cars, trucks, motor cycles, ATV's, snow machines, boats (with service department)	C27	C27-1	С	Medium	2	44170 KALIFORNSKY BEACH RD
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-6-30	С	Low	2	Zone C has 30 large capacity septic systems identified.
Injection wells (Class V) Motor Vehicle Waste Disposal Well	D42	D42-1-7	С	Medium	2	Zone C has 7 motor vehicle waste disposal wells identified.
Residential Areas	R01	R01-3	C	Low	2	Zone C has 36 residential acres identified.
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-19-64	С	Low	2	Zone C has 46 residential septic systems identified.
Highways and roads, paved (cement or asphalt)	X20	X20-10-15	С	Low	2	Zone C has 6 roads identified.
Motor vehicle/general storage yards/facilities	X27	X27-1	С	Low	2	44196 Kalifornsky Beach Road
Motor vehicle/general storage yards/facilities	X27	X27-1	С	Low	2	44196 Kalifornsky Beach Road

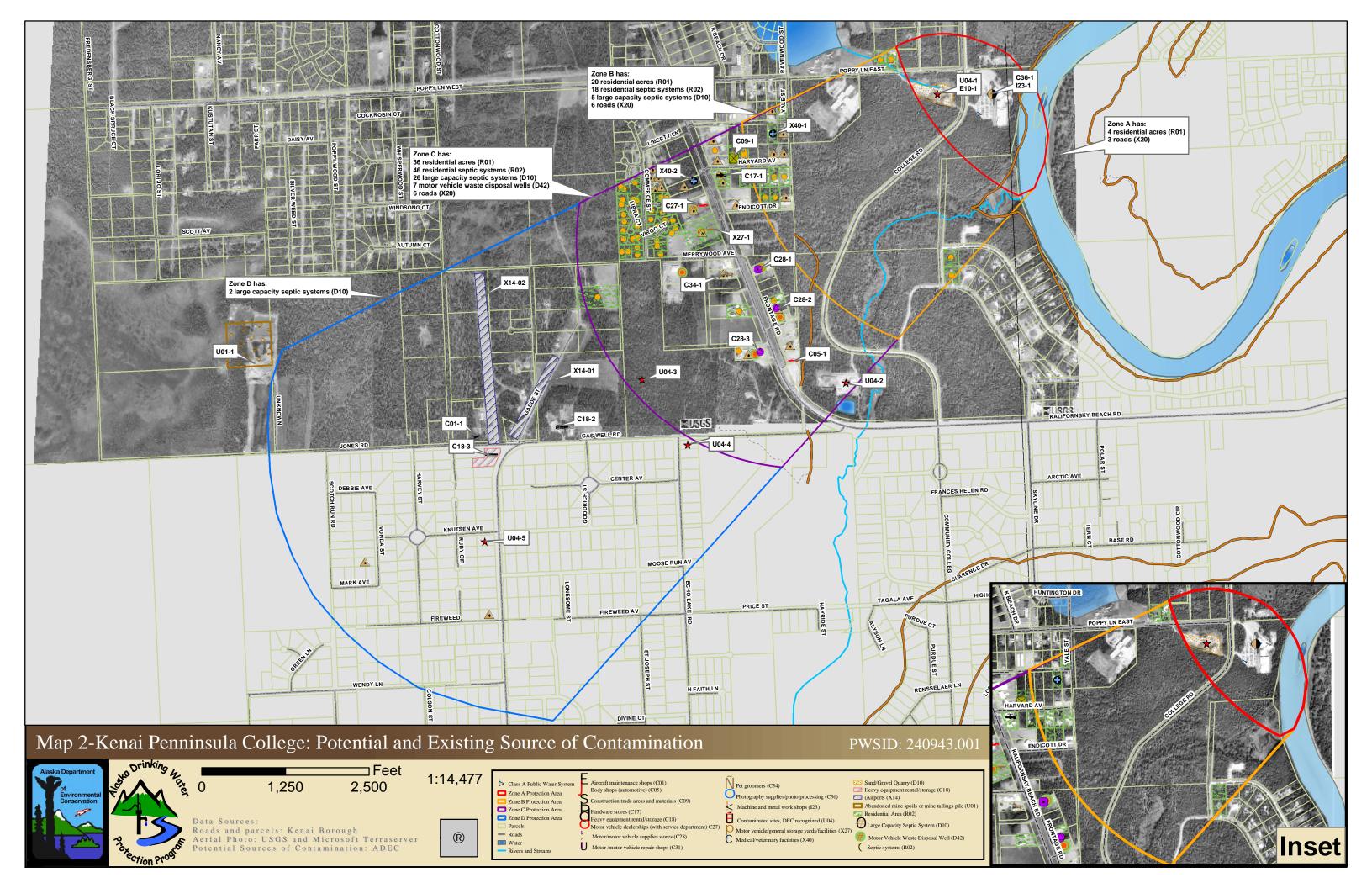
### Contaminant Source Inventory and Risk Ranking for Kenai Peninsula College Sources of Other Organic Chemicals

#### PWSID 240943.001

Contaminant Source Type	Contaminant Source ID	CS ID tag	Zone	Risk Ranking for Analysis	Map Number	Comments
Aircraft maintenance shops	C01	C01-1	D	Low	2	48520 JONES RD
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-31-32	D	Low	2	Zone D has 2 large capacity septic systems identified.
Airports	X14	X14-01	D	Medium	2	GAEDE LANDING STRIP
Airports	X14	X14-2	D	Medium	2	GAEDE LANDING STRIP

### **APPENDIX C**

Kenai Peninsula College
Drinking Water Protection Area
and Potential and Existing Contaminant Sources
(Map 2)



### APPENDIX D

# Vulnerability Analysis for Kenai Peninsula College Public Drinking Water Source (Charts 1-14)

Chart 1. Susceptibility of the wellhead - Kenai Peninusla College PWSID 240943.001

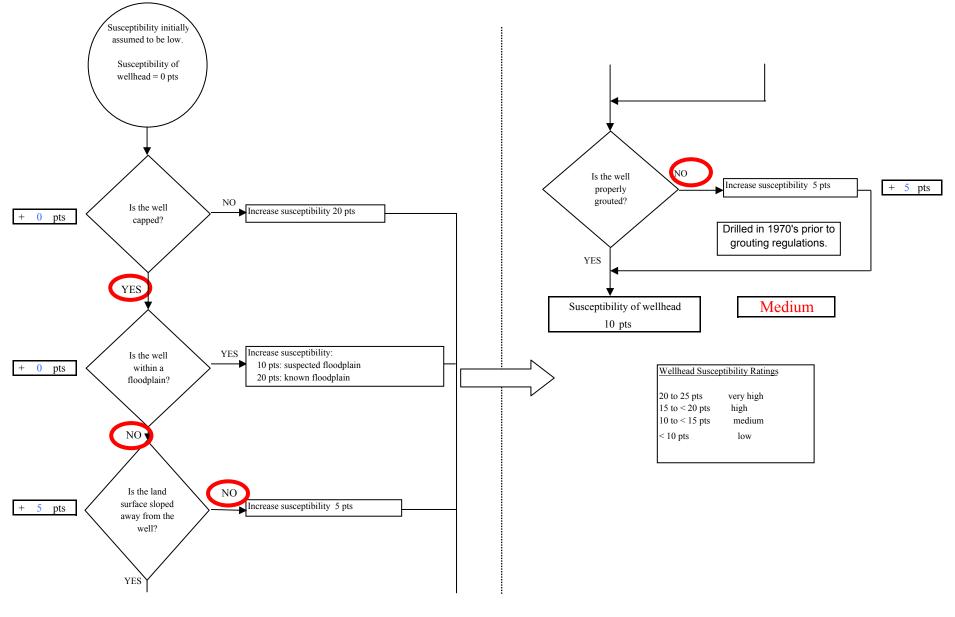


Chart 2. Susceptibility of the aquifer - Kenai Peninusla College PWSID 240943.001

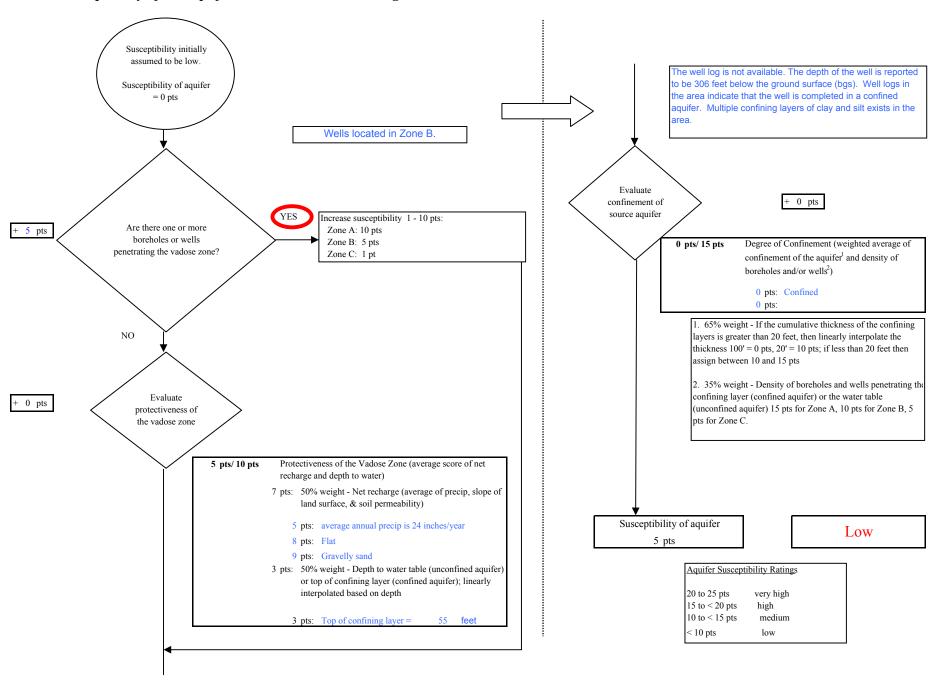
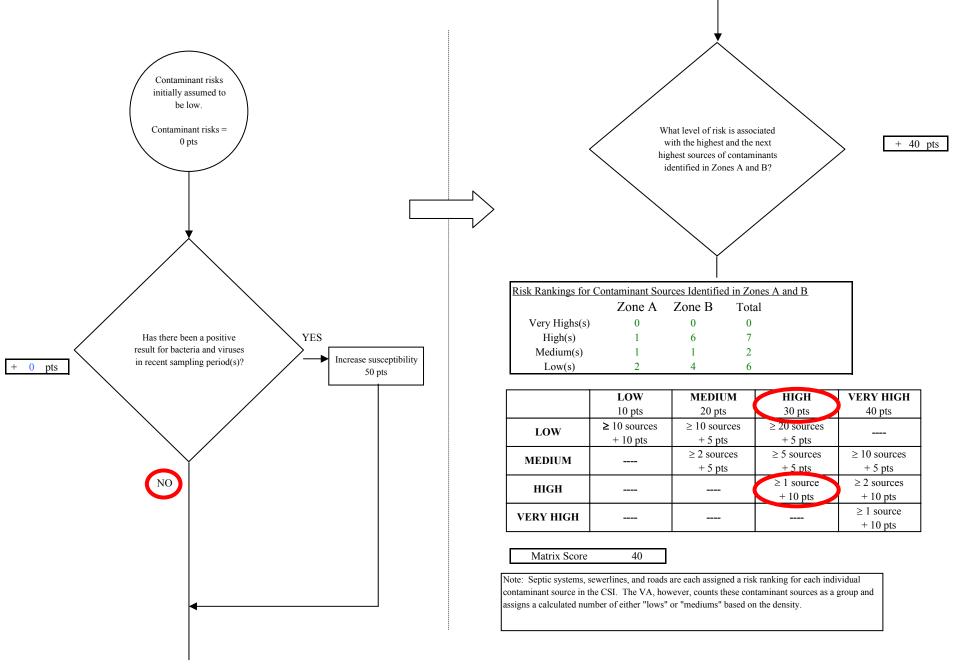
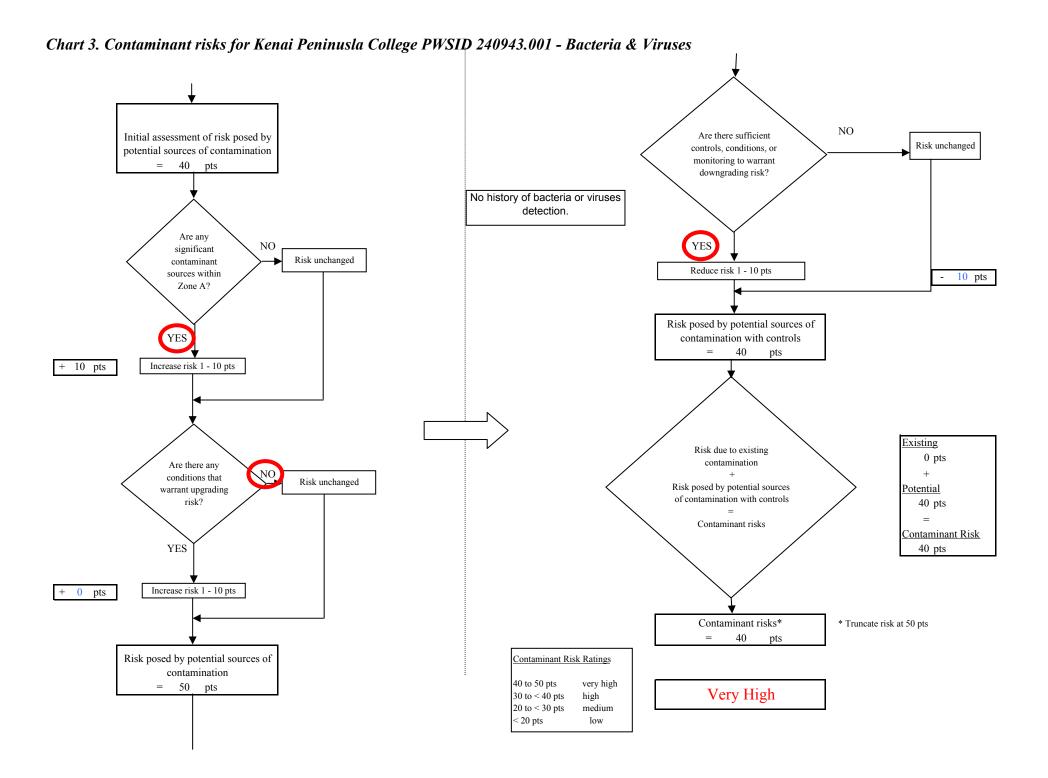
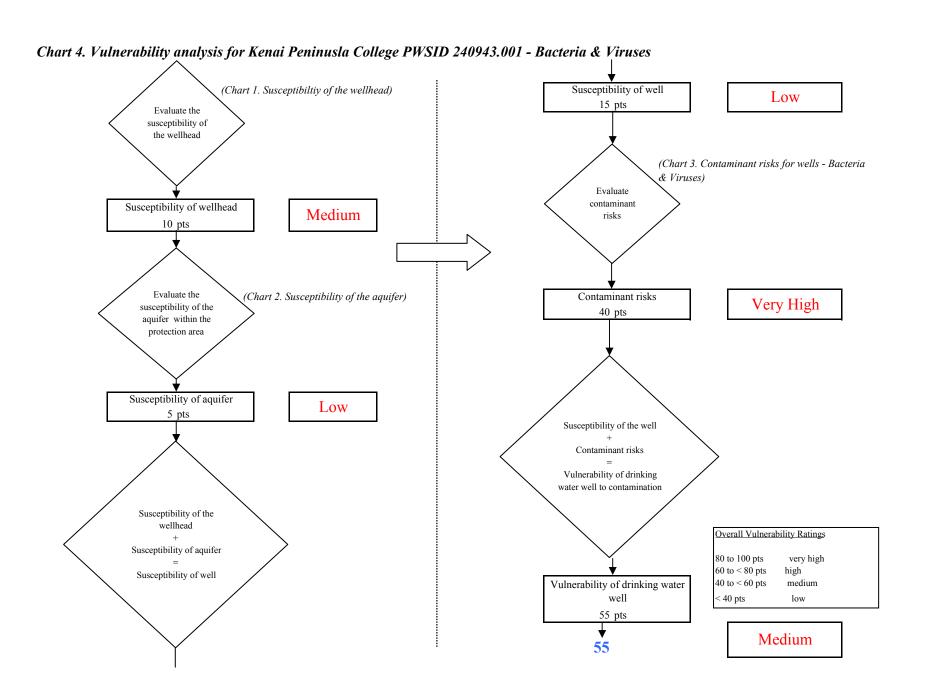


Chart 3. Contaminant risks for Kenai Peninusla College PWSID 240943.001 - Bacteria & Viruses





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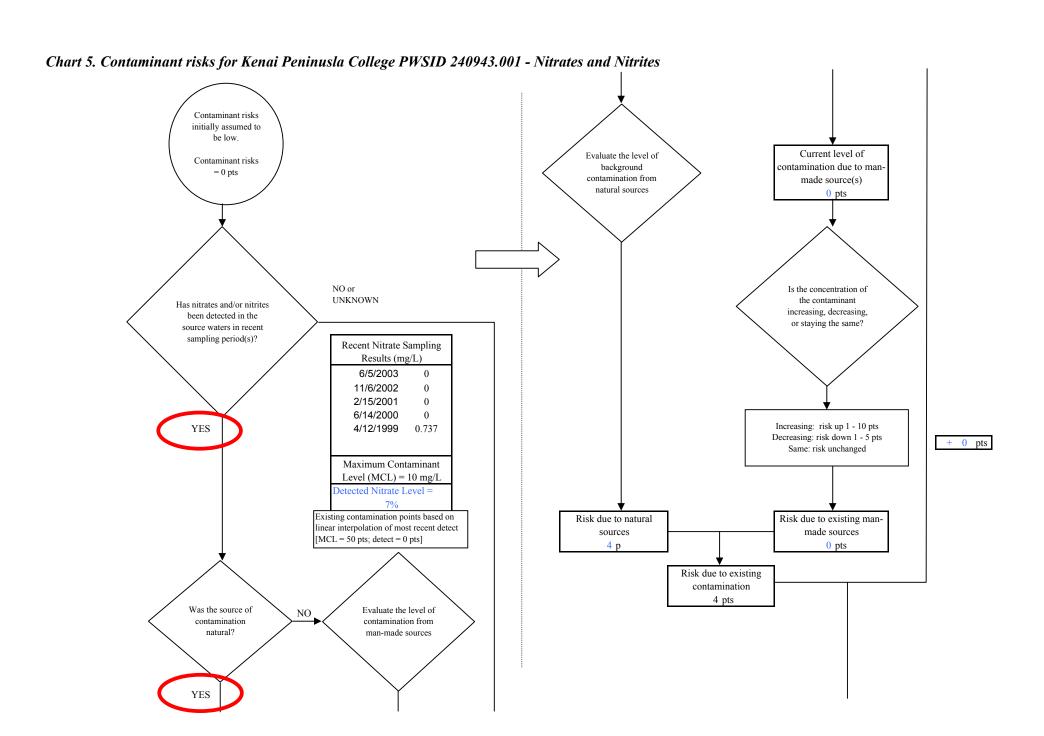
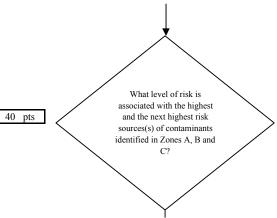


Chart 5. Contaminant risks for Kenai Peninusla College PWSID 240943.001 - Nitrates and Nitrites

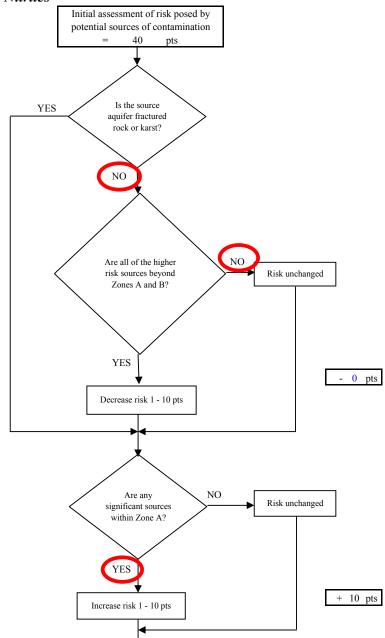


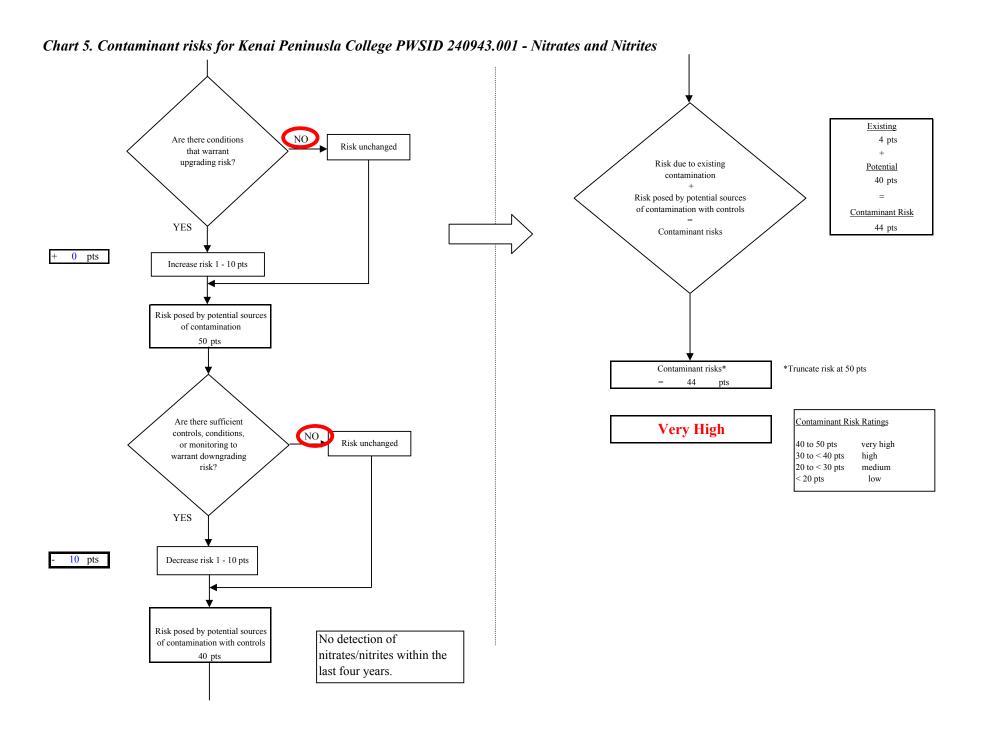
Risk Levels for Contaminant Sources identified in Zones A, B and C								
	Zone A	Zones B&C	Total					
Very Highs(s)	0	0	0					
High(s)	1	37	38					
Medium(s)	1	0	1					
Low(s)	2	12	14					

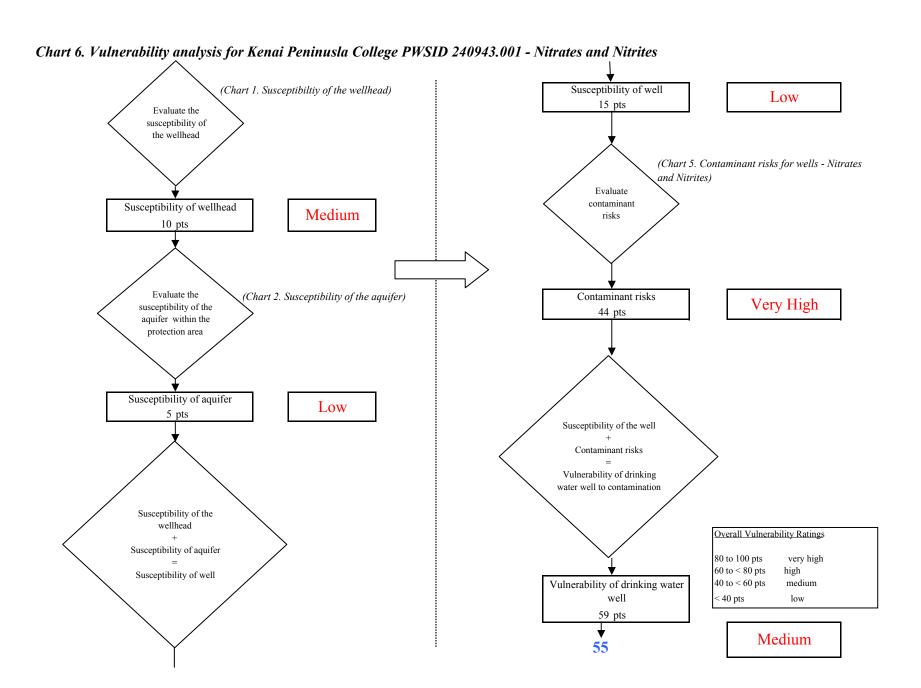
	LOW 10 pts	MEDIUM 20 pts	HIGH 30 pts	VERY HIGH 40 pts
LOW	≥ 10 sources + 10 pts	≥ 10 sources + 5 pts	≥ 20 sources + 5 pts	
MEDIUM		≥ 2 sources + 5 pts	≥ 5 sources + 5 pts	≥ 10 sources + 5 pts
HIGH			≥ 1 source + 10 pts	≥ 2 sources + 10 pts
VERY HIGH				≥ 1 source + 10 pts

Matrix Score 40

Note: Septic systems, sewerlines, and roads are each assigned a risk ranking for each individual contaminant source in the CSI. The VA, however, counts these contaminant sources as a group and assigns a calculated number of either "lows" or "mediums" based on the density.







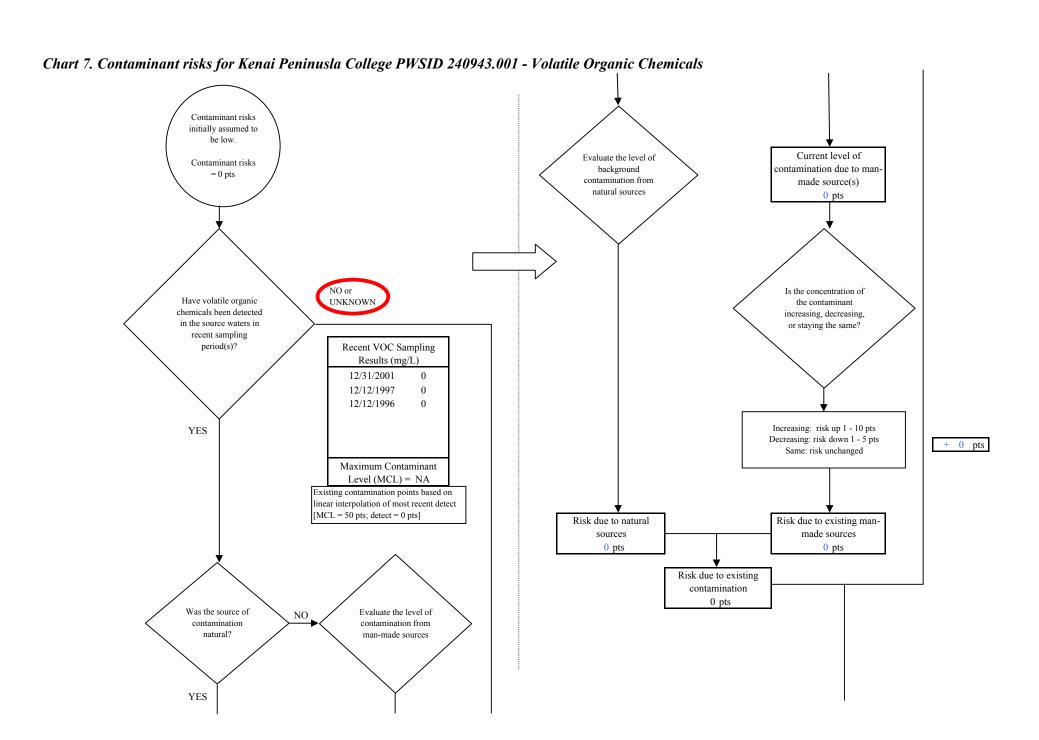
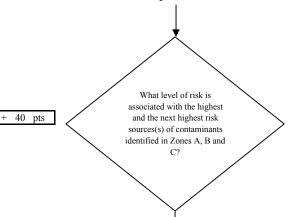


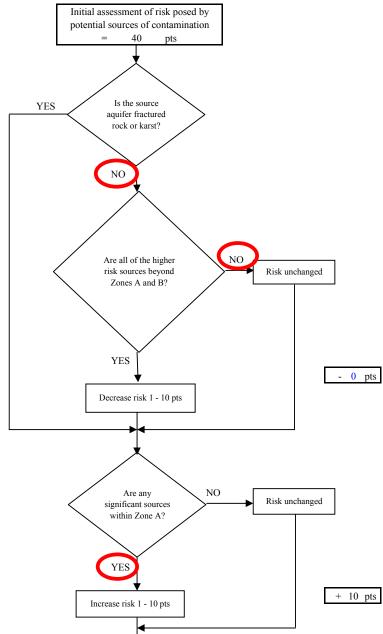
Chart 7. Contaminant risks for Kenai Peninusla College PWSID 240943.001 - Volatile Organic Chemicals

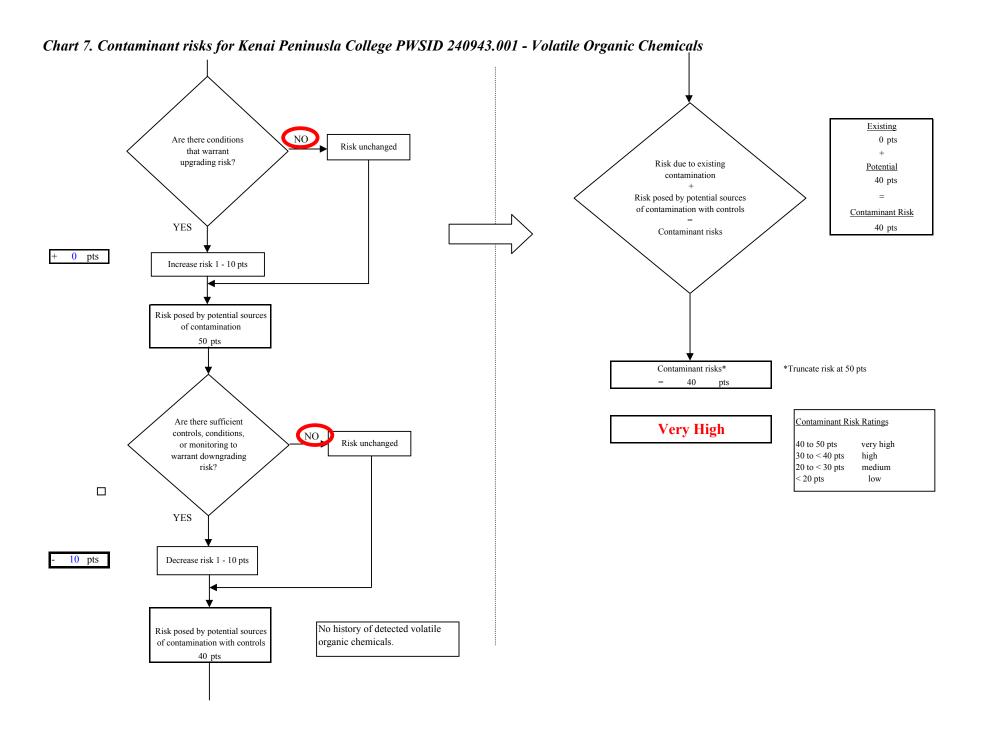


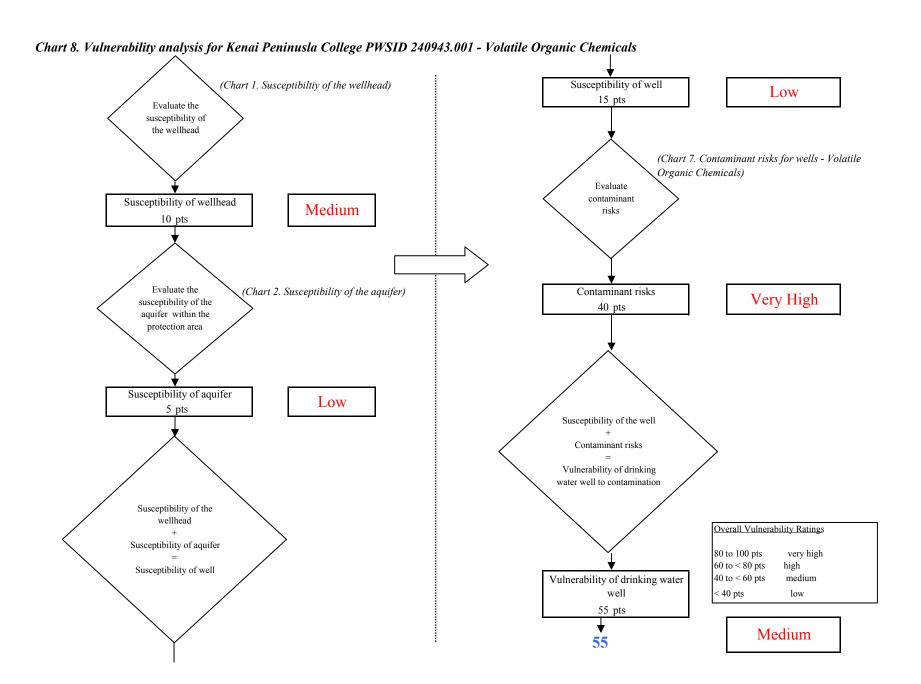
isk Levels for Contaminant Sources identified in Zones A, B and C				
	Zone A	Zones B&C	Total	
Very Highs(s)	0	0	0	
High(s)	1	19	20	
Medium(s)	0	4	4	
Low(s)	4	50	54	

	LOW 10 pts	MEDIUM 20 pts	HIGH 30 pts	VERY HIGH 40 pts
LOW	≥ 10 sources + 10 pts	≥ 10 sources + 5 pts	≥ 20 sources + 5 pts	
MEDIUM		≥ 2 sources + 5 pts	≥ 5 sources + 5 pts	≥ 10 sources + 5 pts
HIGH			≥ 1 source + 10 pts	≥ 2 sources + 10 pts
VERY HIGH				≥ 1 source + 10 pts

Matrix Score 40







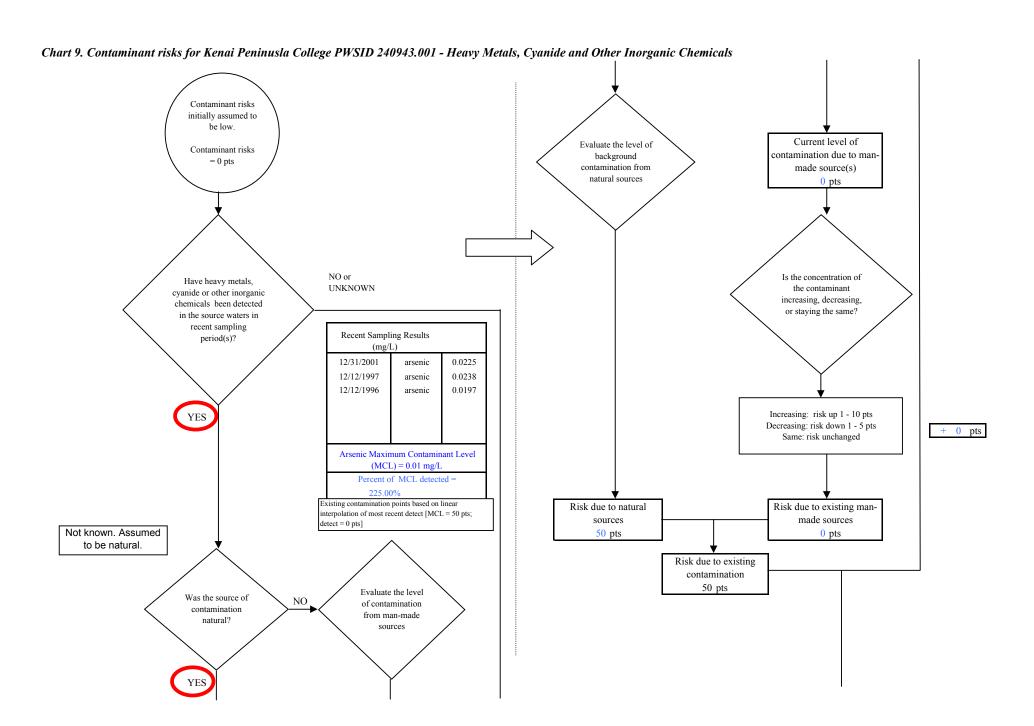
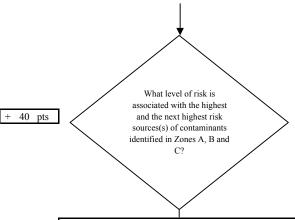


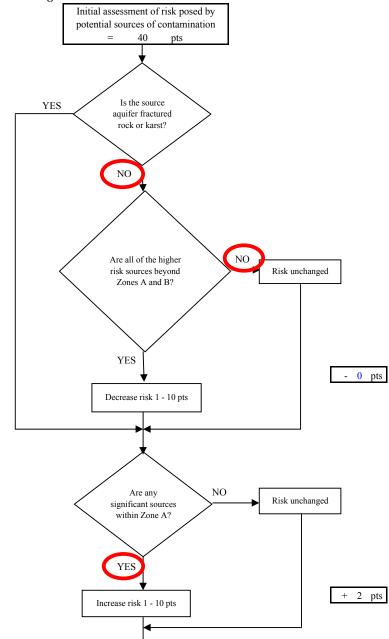
Chart 9. Contaminant risks for Kenai Peninusla College PWSID 240943.001 - Heavy Metals, Cyanide and Other Inorganic Chemicals

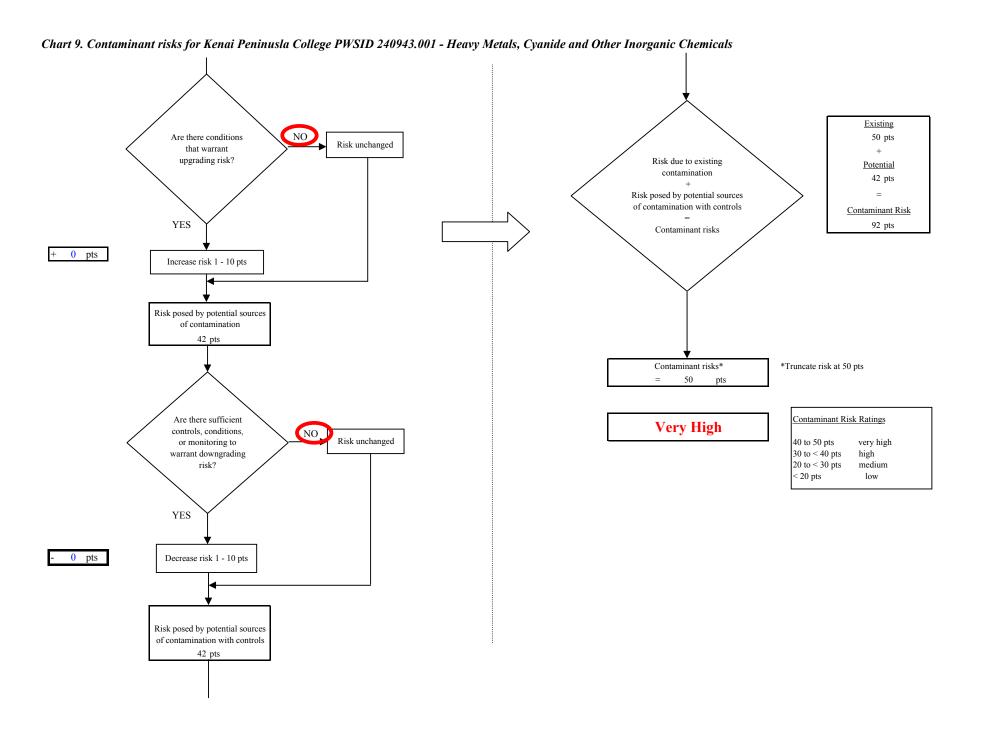


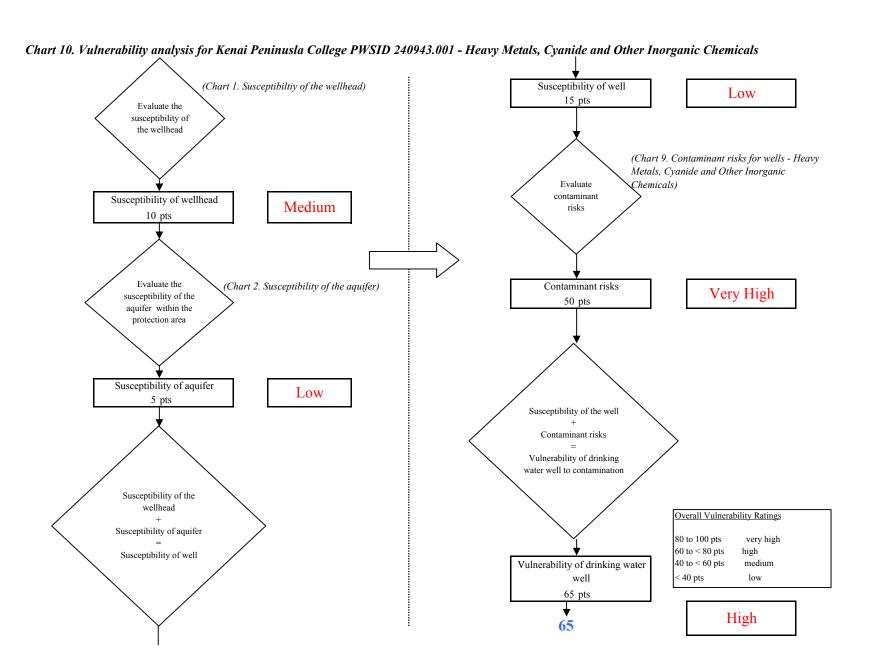
Risk Levels for Contaminant Sources identified in Zones A, B and C					
	Zone A	Zones B&C	Total		
Very Highs(s)	0	0	0		
High(s)	0	18	18		
Medium(s)	0	1	1		
Low(s)	4	50	54		

	LOW 10 pts	MEDIUM 20 pts	HIGH 30 pts	VERY HIGH 40 pts
LOW	≥ 10 sources + 10 pts	≥ 10 sources + 5 pts	≥ 20 sources + 5 pts	
MEDIUM		≥ 2 sources + 5 pts	≥ 5 sources + 5 pts	≥ 10 sources + 5 pts
HIGH			≥ 1 source + 10 pts	≥ 2 sources + 10 pts
VERY HIGH				≥ 1 source + 10 pts

Matrix Score 40







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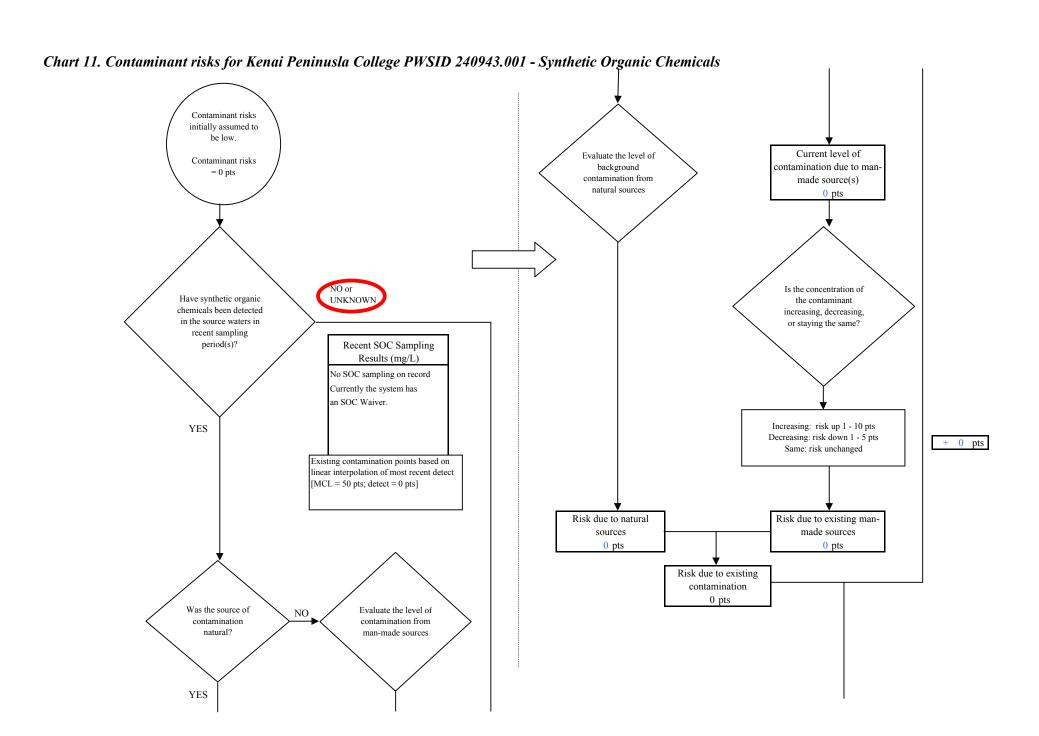
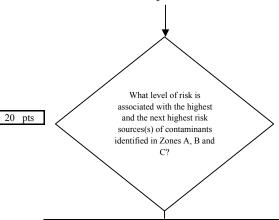
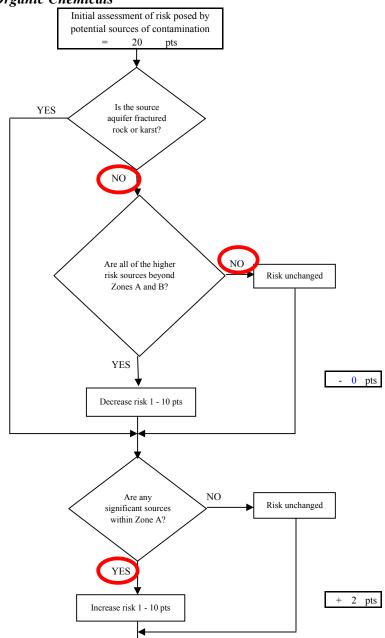


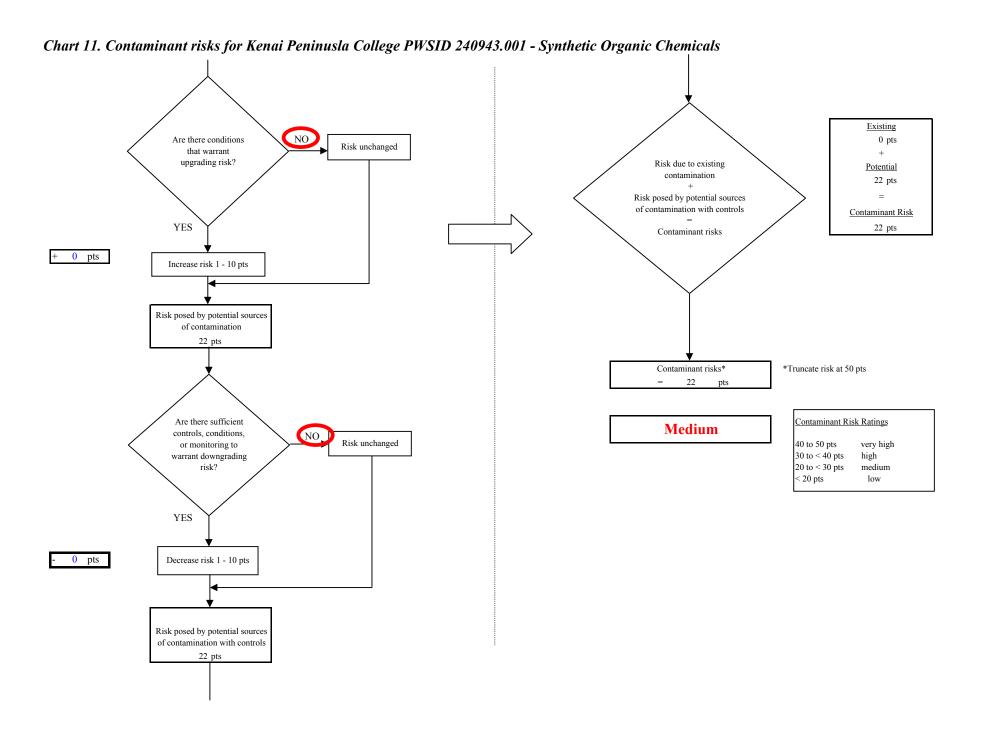
Chart 11. Contaminant risks for Kenai Peninusla College PWSID 240943.001 - Synthetic Organic Chemicals

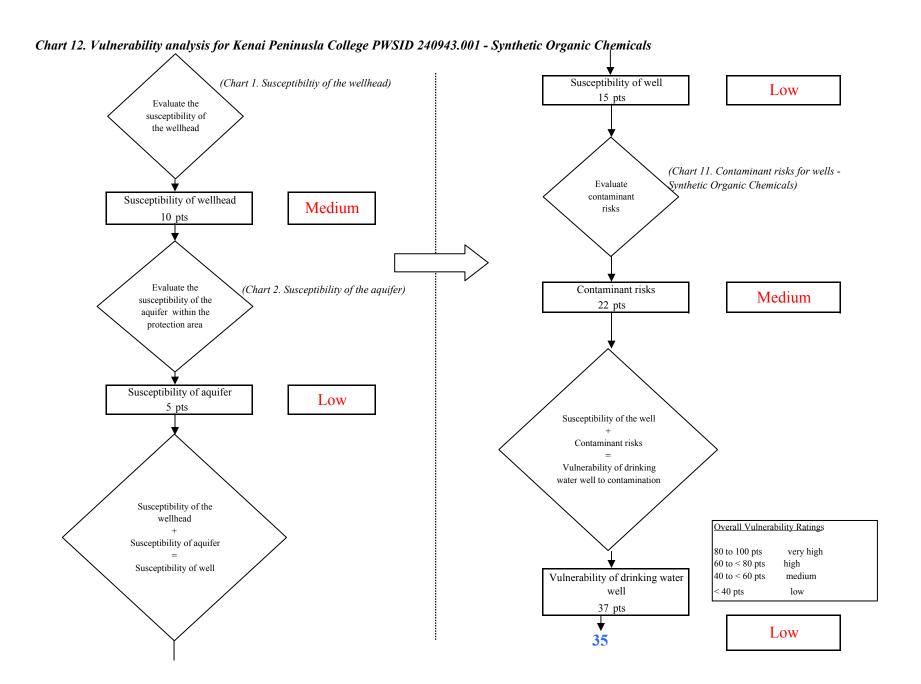


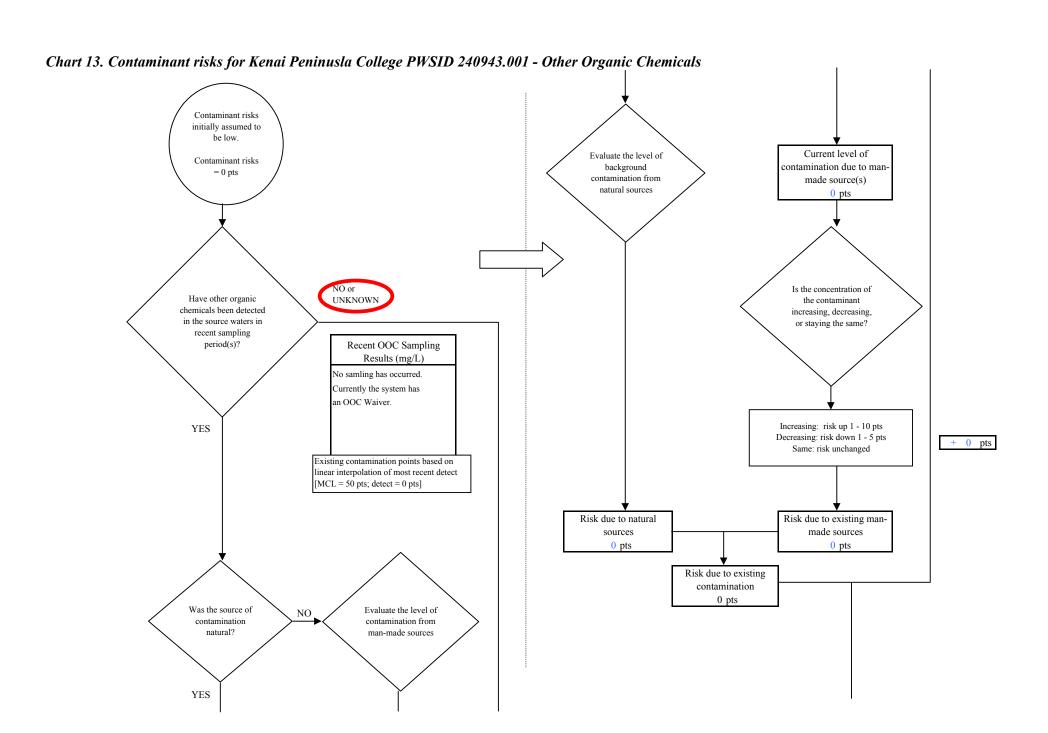
Risk Levels for Contam	isk Levels for Contaminant Sources identified in Zones A, B and C					
	Zone A	Zones B&C	Total			
Very Highs(s)	0	0	0			
High(s)	0	0	0			
Medium(s)	0	0	0			
Low(s)	3	59	62			

	LOW 10 pts	MEDIUM 20 pts	HIGH 30 pts	VERY HIGH 40 pts
LOW	≥ 10 sources + 10 pts	≥ 10 sources + 5 pts	≥ 20 sources + 5 pts	
MEDIUM		≥ 2 sources + 5 pts	≥ 5 sources + 5 pts	≥ 10 sources + 5 pts
HIGH			≥ 1 source + 10 pts	≥ 2 sources + 10 pts
VERY HIGH				≥ 1 source + 10 pts

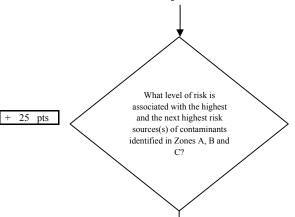








## Chart 13. Contaminant risks for Kenai Peninusla College PWSID 240943.001 - Other Organic Chemicals



k Levels for Contaminant Sources identified in Zones A, B and C				
	Zone A	Zones B&C	Total	
Very Highs(s)	0	0	0	
High(s)	0	0	0	
Medium(s)	0	21	21	
Low(s)	4	44	48	

	LOW 10 pts	MEDIUM 20 pts	HIGH 30 pts	VERY HIGH 40 pts
LOW	≥ 10 sources + 10 pts	≥ 10 sources + 5 pts	≥ 20 sources + 5 pts	
MEDIUM		≥ 2 sources + 5 pts	≥ 5 sources + 5 pts	≥ 10 sources + 5 pts
HIGH			≥ 1 source + 10 pts	≥ 2 sources + 10 pts
VERY HIGH				≥ 1 source + 10 pts

Matrix Score 25

