Source Water Assessment for
Aleutain Estates
Hatcher Pass Area, Alaska

A Hydrogeologic Susceptibility and Vulnerability Assessment

DRINKING WATER PROTECTION PROGRAM REPORT 193
PWSID 224159

February 2002

Source Water Assessment for Aleutain Estates Hatcher Pass Area, Alaska

By SARAH A BENDEWALD

DRINKING WATER PROTECTION PROGRAM REPORT 193

ALASKA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL CONSERVATION: 2002

CONTENTS

TABLES

ILLUSTRATIONS

APPENDICES

Source Water Assessment for Aleutain Estates Source of Public Drinking Water, Hatcher Pass Area, Alaska

By Sarah A. Bendewald

Drinking Water Protection Program
Alaska Department of Environmental Conservation

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

The Public Water System for Aleutain Estates is a Class A (non-transient/non-community) water system consisting of one well north of Wasilla and Palmer, Alaska. Identified potential and current sources of contaminants for Aleutain Estates public drinking water source include: large capacity and residential septic systems, roads and highways, residential areas, and two Leaking Underground Storage Tank (LUST) sites. These identified potential and existing sources of contamination are considered sources of bacteria and viruses, nitrates and/or nitrites, volatile organic chemicals, heavy metals, synthetic organic chemicals, and other organic chemicals. Overall, the public water sources for Aleutain Estates received a vulnerability rating of **Medium** for nitrates and nitrites, and **Low** for bacteria and viruses, volatile organic chemicals, heavy metals, synthetic organic chemicals, and other organic chemicals.

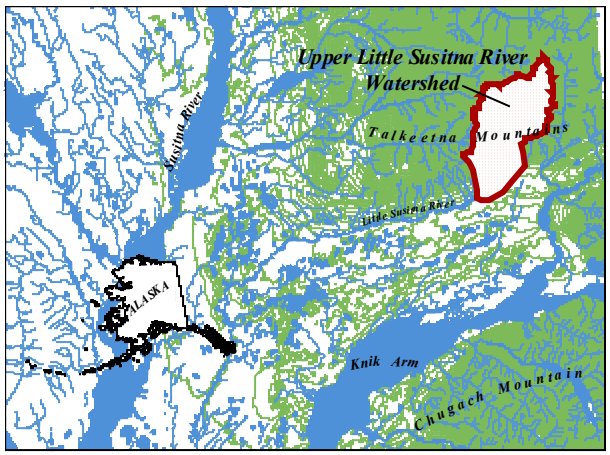


Figure 1. Index map showing Matanuska-Susitna Valley and the Upper Little Susitna River Watershed.

INTRODUCTION

The purpose of this environmental assessment is to provide public water system owners and/or operators, communities, and local governments with information they can use to preserve the quality of Alaska's public drinking water supplies. This assessment was completed for the source of public drinking water serving Aleutain Estates. This water system consists of one well in the town of Big Lake, Alaska near the intersection of South Big Lake Road and Hollywood Road. This assessment, known under the Alaska Drinking Water Protection Program as the *Source Water Assessment*, has combined a review of the natural hydrogeologic sensitivity with potential and existing contaminant risks to arrive at an overall vulnerability of the drinking water source to contamination. This assessment has been completed as a basis for local voluntary protection efforts and to assist agencies in their efforts to reduce risk to this public drinking water supply.

DESCRIPTION OF THE UPPER LITTLE SUSITNA WATERSHED, ALASKA

Location

The Upper Little Susitna River watershed is located within the Matanuska-Susitna Borough in southcentral Alaska. The Borough encompasses a total of 24,694 square miles supporting a population of approximately 60,000. It is contained within the watersheds of the Matanuska and Susitna Rivers which flow from the glacier melt waters in the Alaska Range, Talkeetna Mountains, and the Chugach Mountains to tidewater in the Knik Arm of Upper Cook Inlet *(Jokela, Munter and Evans, 1991)*. This area between the Matanuska and Susitna Valleys is commonly referred to as the Mat-Su Valley. The Little Susitna River originates in the Talkeetna Mountains north of Palmer and Wasilla and flows into Cook Inlet between Knik Arm and the outlet for Susitna River (see Figure 1). The Upper Little Susitna River watershed extends from the headwaters of the Little Susitna River down through the foothills of the Talkeetna Mountains.

Climate

The climate in the Mat-Su Valley is considered transitional between the extreme temperature fluctuations of Interior Alaska and the wet conditions of the coastal areas.

The Upper Little Susitna River watershed is less than 15 miles from Knik Arm and less than 75 miles from Prince William Sound. Summer temperatures are more moderate than those in the Interior due to the proximity to the coast. The Chugach and Talkeetna Mountains and the Alaska Range also protect the area from the frigid cold of the Interior Alaska winter and act to break up strong storm fronts *(Brabets, 1997), (Western Regional Climate Center, 2000)*.

The Mat-Su Valley area averages about 18 inches of precipitation per year, including about 59 inches of snowfall. Winter thaws can decrease snow cover to a few inches. Mean monthly high temperatures range from about 22 degrees Farenheight in December and January to 69 degrees in July. The frost-free period in spring and summer averages 115 days, with the first frost usually arriving by September 1.

The record low for Wasilla was –50 degrees in January 1947. The highest recorded temperature was 90 degrees in 1969 *(Wickersham Alaska Corporation, 1986)*.

Physiography and Groundwater Conditions

Glacial forces during the end of the last ice age shaped the Mat-Su Valley. Several glacial advances and retreats left a complex system of hills, ridges, lakes, and lowlands that define the topography of today. Surface elevations in the Mat-Su Valley range from sea level where the Knik and Matanuska Rivers enter the Cook Inlet to well over 6,000 feet in the peaks that bound the area. Landforms in the area consist of undulating ridges of glacial till and flat benches of sand and gravel outwash *(Matanuska-Susitna Borough)*. The Upper Little Susitna River watershed lies in the foothills of the Talkeetna Mountains.

The regional geology and ground water conditions of the Mat-Su Valley vary greatly by location. Glacial advances and retreats also formed a fluctuating subsurface system of unconsolidated layers comprised of fine- to coarse-grained particles (clay to boulders) and consolidated confining layers. The majority of wells in the Mat-Su Valley are located in unconsolidated layers consisting of relatively well-sorted sands and gravels. These unconsolidated layers vary substantially in size and distribution throughout the Valley. In general, the unconsolidated layers increase in thickness moving towards Cook Inlet *(Jokela, Munter and Evans, 1991)*. The numerous confining layers in the area, ranging in thickness from

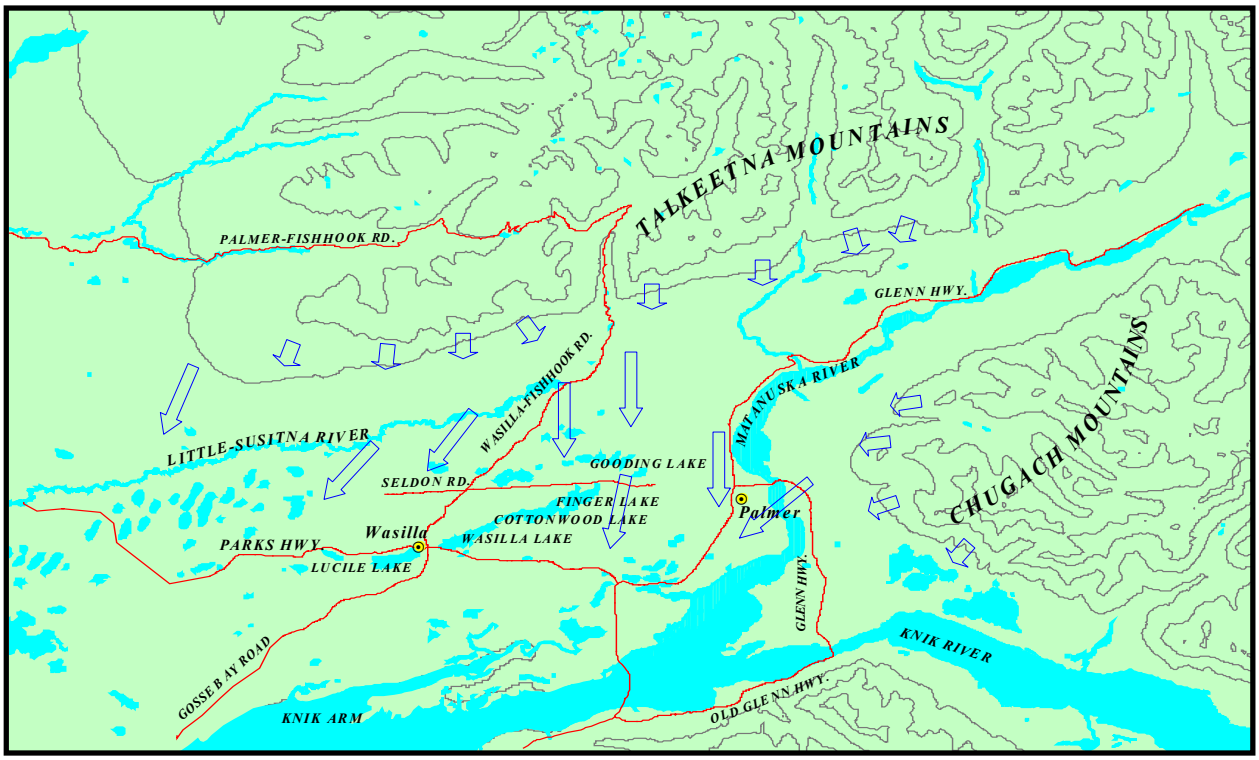


Figure 2. Map showing groundwater flow in the Matanuska-Susitna Valley (Jokela, Munter and Evans, 1991).

less than 1 foot to 60 feet, divide the unconsolidated layers.

Groundwater flow in the deeper confined aquifers of the Mat-Su Valley is generally north to south in the central region of the valley flowing toward the Matanuska River and gradually becoming more northeast to southwest in the western region. The direction of groundwater flow in the upper unconfined aquifers are more variable due to the influence from surficial topography as well as its close connection with surface water bodies *(Jokela, Munter and Evans, 1991)* (Figure 2). The groundwater flow direction of the Upper Little Susitna River watershed was generally found to be north to south in both the unconfined and confined aquifers.

In the Mat-Su Valley, groundwater is primarily recharged by snowmelt and precipitation infiltrating both directly and also from the infiltration into the foothill slopes of the Talkeetna and Chugach Mountains.

ALEUTAIN ESTATES PUBLIC DRINKING WATER SYSTEM

Aleutain Estates public water system is a Class A (non-transient/non-community) water system. The system consists of one well along Wasilla-Fishhook Road approximately 2 ½ miles south of its intersection with Palmer-Fishhook Road (T17N, R1E, Section 9). This area is at an elevation of approximately 625 feet above sea level.

According to the well log completed for the water system, installation of the well occurred on April 20, 1984 to a total depth of approximately 47 feet below ground surface and was completed in 6-inch well casing. The most recent Sanitary Survey (12/11/96) indicates the well was installed with a cap providing a sanitary seal. A properly installed sanitary seal may provide protection against contaminants from entering the source waters at the well casing. The land surface is also appropriately sloped away from the well providing adequate surface water drainage. The well was not grouted according to ADEC regulations. Proper grouting provides added protection against contaminants travelling along the well casing and into source waters.

This system operates year-round and serves approximately 36 residents through 12 service connections.

ASSESSMENT AND PROTECTION AREA FOR ALEUTAIN ESTATES DRINKING WATER SOURCE

The Drinking Water Protection and Assessment Area that has been established for Aleutain Estates source of drinking water is the area that is most sensitive to contamination. This area has served as a basis for assessing the risk of the drinking water source to contamination. The zones around the drinking water source outline the most critical area for the preservation of the quality of the drinking water for this system. For simplicity, this area will be known as your Drinking Water Protection Area and will serve as the focus for voluntary protection efforts.

Conceptually, groundwater enters the aquifer systems through infiltration of direct precipitation within the area and also from the infiltration into the foothill slopes of the Talkeetna Mountains. An analytical calculation was used to determine the size and shape of the area that contributes water to the well. The input parameters describing the attributes of the aquifer in this calculation were adopted from the U.S. Geological Survey (*Patrick, Brabets, and Glass, 1989*). This analytical calculation was used as a guide as the first step in establishing the protection area for each public drinking water source in Anchorage. Additional methods were further employed to take into account any uncertainties in groundwater flow and aquifer characteristics to arrive at meaningful and conservative protection areas with respect to public health (Please refer to the Guidance Manual for Class A Public Water Systems for additional information).

The Drinking Water Protection Areas established for wells by the Alaska Department of Environmental Conservation are separated into zones. These zones correspond to a time-of-travel. Time-of-travel is the time required for water to move in the saturated zone of the ground from a specific point to the well. The Drinking Water Protection Area for Aleutain Estates contains four zones, Zone A through Zone D (See Map 1 in Appendix A). Zone A corresponds to the area between the well and the distance equal to ¼ of the distance of the 2-year time-of-travel. Depending on where a contaminant source is located within Zone A, travel time for a contaminant to the wells may be on the order of several days to several hours. Zone A also extends downgradient from the wells to take into account the area of the aquifer that is influenced by pumping of the wells.

Zone B corresponds to a time-of-travel of less than two years. Zones C and D correspond to those areas between 5 years and 10 years time-of-travel,

respectively.

INVENTORY OF POTENTIAL AND EXISTING CONTAMINANT SOURCES

The Drinking Water Protection Program has completed an inventory of potential and existing sources of contamination within the Drinking Water Protection Area for Aleutain Estates. This survey was completed through a search of agency records and other publicly available information. Potential sources of contamination to drinking water supplies cover a wide range of categories and types. Potential drinking water contaminants are found within agricultural, residential, commercial, and industrial areas, but can also occur within areas that have little or no development.

For the basis of this assessment and all Class A public water system assessments, six categories of drinking water contaminants were inventoried. They include:

- Bacteria and viruses
- Nitrates and/or nitrites
- Volatile organic chemicals
- Heavy metals, cyanide, and other inorganic chemicals
- Synthetic organic chemicals
- Other organic chemicals

Maps 2 and 3 in Appendix C depicts the Contaminant Source Inventory for Aleutain Estates. Table 1 in Appendix B lists the inventoried potential sources of contamination within Zones A through D. Below is a summary of the contaminant sources inventoried within the Drinking Water Protection Area for Aleutain Estates:

- Large capacity and residential septic systems;
- highways and roads;
- 52 acres of residential areas; and
- Leaking Underground Storage Tanks (LUST)sites.

These potential and existing contaminant sources present risk for all six categories of drinking water contaminants for Aleutain Estates source of public drinking water.

RANKING OF CONTAMINANT RISKS

Potential and existing sources of contamination have been identified, sorted, and ranked according to what type and level of risk they represent. Ranking of contaminant risks for a "potential" or "existing" source of contamination is a function of toxicity and volumes of specific contaminants associated with that source. Contaminant risks are further a function of the number and density of those types of contaminant sources as well as the proximity of those sources to the public drinking water wells.

VULNERABILITY OF ALEUTAIN ESTATES DRINKING WATER SOURCE

Vulnerability of a drinking water source to contamination is a combination of two factors:

- natural susceptibility; and
- contaminant risks.

Each of the six categories of drinking water contaminants have been analyzed and an overall vulnerability score of 0 to 100 ultimately assigned:

Natural Susceptibility (0 – 50 points)

+

Contaminant Risks (0 – 50 points)

=

Vulnerability of the
Drinking Water Source to Contamination (0 – 100).

A score for the Natural Susceptibility is achieved by analyzing the properties of the well and the aquifer.

Susceptibility of the Wellhead (0 – 25 Points)
+
Susceptibility of the Aquifer (0 – 25 Points)

= Natural Susceptibility (Susceptibility of the Well)
(0 – 50 Points)

The well serving Aleutain Estates was completed in an unconfined aquifer. The depth to the water table is approximately 8 feet below land surface. The saturated thickness of the aquifer in which the well is screened in is approximately 39 feet and composed of sand and gravel. The absence of a confining layer allows contaminants that enter the subsurface within the vicinity of the well and Drinking Water Protection Area to migrate to the screened portion of the well uninhibited.

Combining the susceptibility of the wellhead and the aquifer to contamination leads to a score (0 – 50 points) and rating of overall Susceptibility of the well to contamination (See Appendix D). Table 1 depicts the overall Susceptibility score and rating for the sources of public drinking water serving Aleutain Estates.

Table 1. Natural Susceptibility - Susceptibility of the Wellheads and Aquifer to Contamination

	Score	Rating
Susceptibility of the Wellheads	5	Low
Susceptibility of the Aquifer	13	Medium
Natural Susceptibility	18	Low

Contaminant risks to a drinking water source depend on the type, number or density, and distribution of contaminant sources. A score (0 – 50 points) and rating of Contaminant Risks (See Appendix D) is assigned based on the findings of the Contaminant Source Inventory (See Appendix B - Table 1 – Table 7). This portion of the analysis examines recent existing or historical contamination that has been detected at the drinking water sources through routine sampling. It also reviews contamination that has or may have occurred but has not arrived or been detected at the either well. Table 2 summarizes the Contaminant Risks for each category of drinking water contaminants.

Table 2. Contaminant Risks of Aleutain Estates Public Drinking Water Source to Contamination by Category

Contaminant Risks	Score	Rating
Bacteria and Viruses	12	Low
Nitrates and/or Nitrites	20	Medium
Volatile Organic Chemicals	10	Low
Heavy Metals, Cyanide, And Other Inorganic Chemicals	10	Low
Synthetic Organic Chemicals	10	Low
Other Organic Chemicals	10	Low

Appendix D contains fourteen charts, which together form the 'Vulnerability Analysis' for a Class A public drinking water system. Chart 1 analyzes the 'Susceptibility of the Wellhead' to contamination by looking at the construction of the well and its surrounding area. Chart 2 analyzes the 'Susceptibility of the Aquifer' to contamination by looking at the naturally occurring attributes of the water source and influences on the groundwater system that might lead to contamination. Chart 3 analyzes 'Contaminant Risks' for the drinking water source with respect to bacteria and viruses. The 'Contaminant Risks' portion of the analysis considers potential sources of contaminants as well as a review of contamination that has or may have occurred but has not arrived or been detected at the well. Lastly, Chart 4 contains the 'Vulnerability Analysis for Bacteria and Viruses'. Charts 5 through 14 contain the Contaminant Risks and Vulnerability Analysis for nitrates and nitrites, volatile organic chemicals, heavy metals, synthetic organic chemicals, and other organic chemicals, respectively.

Vulnerability of drinking water sources to contamination is the combination of susceptibility of the aquifer and the well with contaminant risks. Table 3 contains the overall vulnerability scores (0 – 100) and ratings for each of the six categories of drinking water contaminants (See Appendix D). Note: scores are rounded off to the nearest five.

Table 3. Overall Vulnerability of Aleutain Estates Public Drinking Water Source to Contamination by Category

Category	Score	Rating
Bacteria and Viruses	30	Low
Nitrates and Nitrites	40	Medium
Volatile Organic Chemicals	30	Low
Heavy Metals, Cyanide, and Other Inorganic Chemicals	30	Low
Synthetic Organic Chemicals	30	Low
Other Organic Chemicals	30	Low

Tables 2 through 7 in Appendix B contain the ranking of potential and existing sources of contamination with respect to bacteria and viruses, nitrates and/or nitrites, heavy metals, synthetic organic chemicals, and other organic chemicals, respectively.

The residential septic systems in Zones A, B, and C create the largest increase in risk for all six contaminant categories. Septic systems are designed to leach domestic wastewater in the subsurface. If engineered and operating properly, leach fields for septic systems should filter and stop the migration of microorganisms in the subsurface. However, failure of a septic system can result in the migration of contaminants away from the leach field, sometimes to great distances, especially in highly transmissive soils.

The six large capacity septic systems located in Zone D increase the risk for nitrates and nitrites. Large capacity septic systems are classified by the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) as a type of Class V Injection well, and differ from residential septic systems in that they serve multiple dwellings, businesses, or communities. This classification does not include

single family residential and other non-residential system serving less than 20 people.
Only a small amount of bacteria and viruses are required to endanger public health. Bacteria and viruses have not been detected during recent water sampling of the system at Aleutain Estates.

Nitrates and/or nitrites are found in natural background concentration at this site, as elsewhere throughout Alaska. Nitrate concentrations in uncontaminated groundwater are typically less than 2 milligrams per liter (mg/L) and are derived primarily from the decomposition of organic matter in soils [Wang, Strelakos, Jokela, 2000].

Sampling history for Aleutain Estates well indicates that low concentrations of nitrate have been detected (See Chart 5 - Contaminant Risks for Nitrates and/or Nitrites in Appendix D). Existing nitrate concentration is approximately 1.6 mg/L or 16% of the Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL) of 10mg/L. The MCL is the maximum level of contaminant that is allowed to exist in drinking water and still be consumed by humans without harmful health effects. Due to the high solubility and weak retention by soil, nitrates are very mobile, moving at approximately the same rate as water. Though existing nitrate contamination was detected at the site, concentrations remain at very safe levels with respect to human health.

Two Leaking Underground Storage Tank (LUST) sites are located in Zone D. Both sites are have been closed (no further investigative or cleanup effort needed) and represent very little risk to Aleutain Estates public water system. Contaminated soils were encountered on 9/27/91 during excavation of a 500-gallon underground gasoline storage tank and a 500-gallon underground diesel storage tank at the Fishhook Public Safety Building (RecKey 91220027001). Site cleanup was completed and the site closed on 12/2/92. Gasoline contaminated soils were also encountered on 12/15/93 during the replacement of piping and dispensers at an underground gasoline storage tank at Hatcher Pass Gateway Center (RecKey 93220034901). Site cleanup was completed and the site closed on 11/8/94.

SUMMARY

A *Source Water Assessment* has been completed for the sources of public drinking water serving Aleutain Estates. The overall vulnerability of this source to contamination is **Medium** for nitrates and nitrites, and **Low** for bacteria and viruses, volatile organic chemicals, heavy metals, synthetic organic chemicals and other organic chemicals. This assessment of contaminant risks can be used as a foundation for local voluntary protection efforts as well as a basis for the continuous efforts on the part of Aleutain Estates to protect public health. It is anticipated that *Source Water Assessments* will be updated every five years to reflect any changes in the vulnerability and/or susceptibility of Aleutain Estates public drinking water source.

REFERENCES CITED

Alaska Department of Community and Economic Development, 2001 [WWW document]. URL http://www.dced.state.ak.us/mra/CF_BLOCK.cfm.

Alaska Department of Labor, State of Alaska 2001 [WWW document]. URL http://146.63.75.45/census2000/.

Brabets, T., 1997, Precipitation map of Alaska, Web extension to the U.S. Geological Survey Water Resources for Alaska GIS datasets. <URL:http://agdc.usgs.gov/data/usgs/water> .

Jokela, J.B., Munter, J.A., and Evans, J.G., 1991, Ground-water resources of the Plamer-Big Lake area, Alaska: a conceptual model. Division of Geological &Geophysical Surveys Reports of Investigations 90-4, State of Alaska Department of Natural Resources, Fairbanks, AK.

Matanuska-Susitna Borough, 1985, Knik-Matanuska-Sisitna: A Visual History of the Valleys, Wasilla, AK.

Patrick, L.D., Brabets, T.P., and Glass, R.L., 1989, Simulation of ground-water flow at Anchorage, Alaska: US Geological Survey Water-Resources Investigations Report 88-4139, 41p.

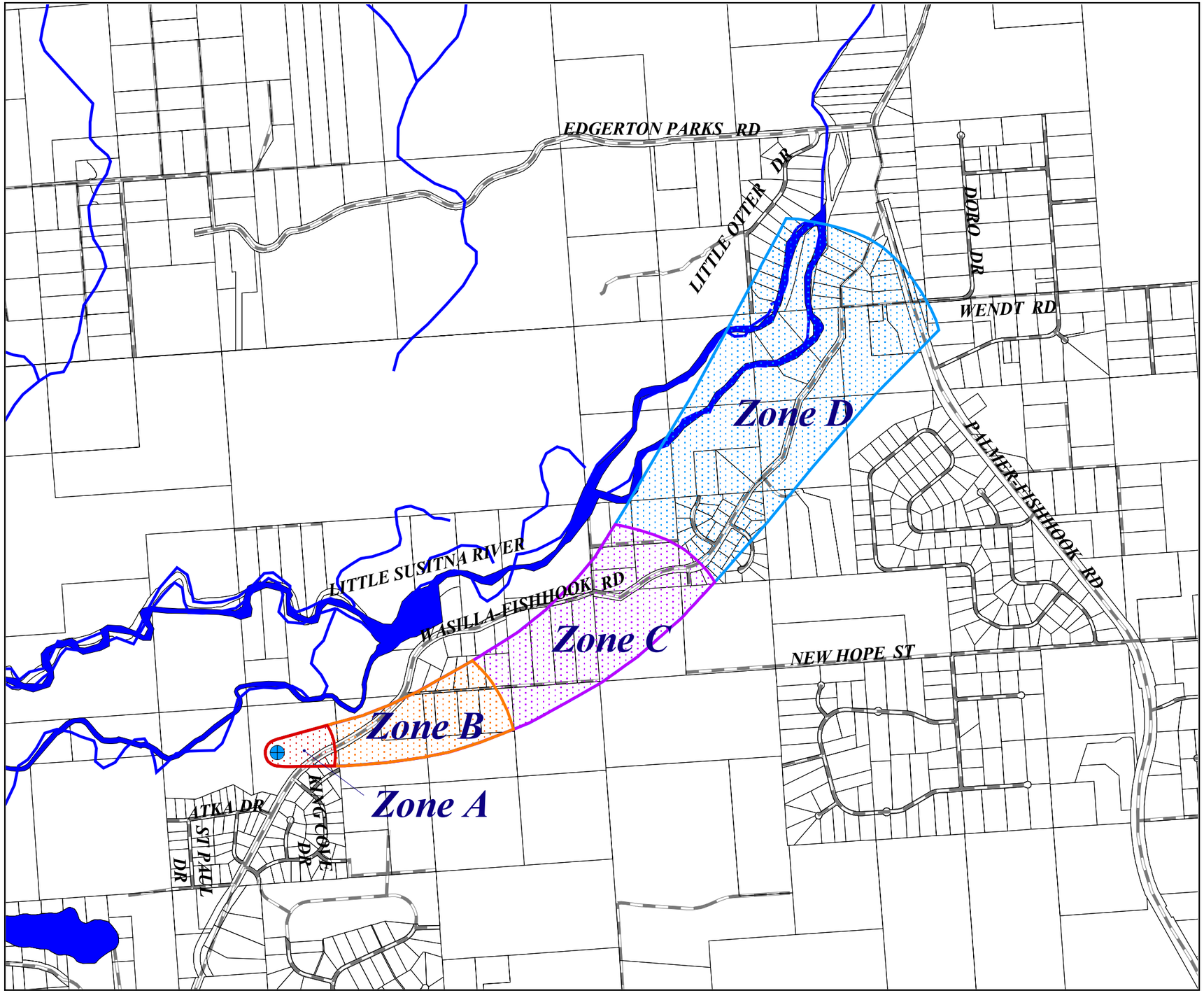
Western Regional Climate Center, 2000, August 24, Web extension to the *Western Regional Climate Center* [WWW document]. URL http://www.wrcc.dri.edu/cgi-bin/cliMAIN.pl?akmatv

Wickersham Alaska Corporation, 1986, Wasilla Comprehensive Plan, Anchorage, AK.

APPENDIX A

Aleutain Estates
Drinking Water Protection Area

Aleutian Estates Drinking Water Protection Area

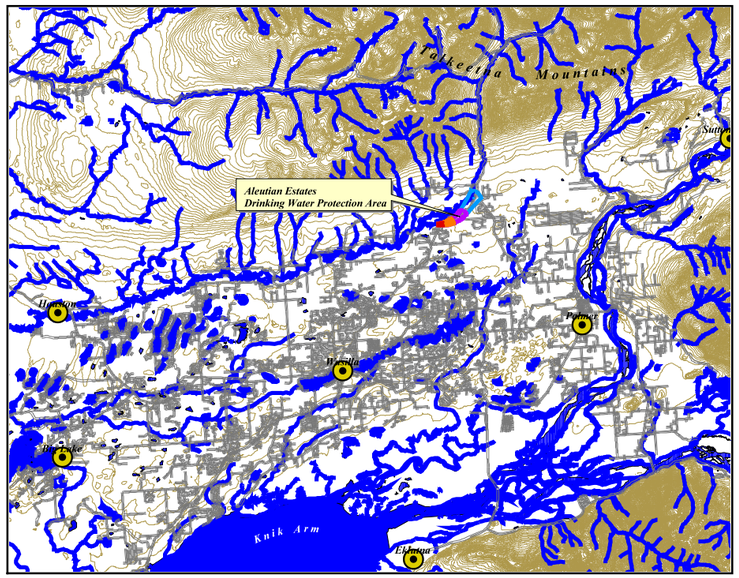


1 0 1 Miles

PWSID 224159.001

Legend

- Aleutian Estates Well
- Zone A Protection Area
  - Several Months Travel Time
- Zone B Protection Area
  - Less Than 2 Years Travel Time
- Zone C Protection Area
  - Less Than 5 Years Travel Time
- Zone D Protection Area
  - Less Than 10 Years Travel Time
- Rivers and Streams
- Lakes
- Towns
- Parcels
- Roads



N W E S

Map 1

APPENDIX B

Contaminant Source Inventory and Risk Ranking for Aleutain Estates

Table 1

Contaminant Source Inventory for ***Aleutian Estates #1***

PWSID 224159.001

Contaminant Source Type	*Contaminant Source ID*	*CS ID tag*	*Zone*	*Location*	*Map Number*	*Comments*
Residential Areas	R01	R01-1	A	Wasilla-Fishhook Rd	2	1 acres of residential area in Zone A
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-01	A	Wasilla-Fishhook Rd	3	
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-02	A	King Cove Dr	3	
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-03	A	King Cove Dr	3	
Highways and roads, paved (cement or asphalt)	X20	X20-1	A	Wasilla-Fishhook Rd	2	
Residential Areas	R01	R01-2	B	Independence Ave	2	40 acres of residential area in Zone B
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-04	B	Wasilla-Fishhook Rd	3	
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-05	B	Independence Ave	3	
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-06	B	Independence Ave	3	
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-07	B	Independence Ave	3	
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-08	B	Independence Ave	3	
Highways and roads, dirt/gravel	X24	X24-1	B	Independence Ave	2	
Residential Areas	R01	R01-3	C	Gylan Circle	2	11 acres of residential area in Zone C
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-09	C	Independence Ave	3	
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-10	C	Independence Ave	3	
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-11	C	Gylans Circle	3	
Highways and roads, dirt/gravel	X24	X24-2	C	Vinceland Circle	2	
Highways and roads, dirt/gravel	X24	X24-3	C	Gylan Circle	2	
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-1	D	McCasey Dr	3	
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-2	D	Wasilla-Fishhook Rd	3	
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-3	D	Timb Circle	3	
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-4	D	Wendt Rd	3	

Contaminant Source Type	*Contaminant Source ID*	*CS ID tag*	*Zone*	*Location*	*Map Number*	*Comments*
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-5	D	Wendt Rd	3	
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-6	D	Wendt Rd	3	

Table 2

Contaminant Source Inventory and Risk Ranking for Aleutian Estates #1 Sources of Bacteria and Viruses

PWSID 224159.001

Contaminant Source Type	*Contaminant Source ID*	*CS ID tag*	*Zone*	*Risk Ranking for Analysis*	*Overall Rank after Analysis*	*Location*	*Map Number*	*Comments*
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-01	A	Low	1	Wasilla-Fishhook Rd	3	
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-02	A	Low	2	King Cove Dr	3	
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-03	A	Low	3	King Cove Dr	3	
Highways and roads, paved (cement or asphalt)	X20	X20-1	A	Low	4	Wasilla-Fishhook Rd	2	
Residential Areas	R01	R01-1	A	Low	5	Wasilla-Fishhook Rd	2	1 acres of residential area in Zone A
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-04	B	Low	6	Wasilla-Fishhook Rd	3	
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-05	B	Low	7	Independence Ave	3	
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-06	B	Low	8	Independence Ave	3	
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-07	B	Low	9	Independence Ave	3	
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-08	B	Low	10	Independence Ave	3	
Residential Areas	R01	R01-2	B	Low		Independence Ave	2	40 acres of residential area in Zone B
Highways and roads, dirt/gravel	X24	X24-1	B	Low		Independence Ave	2	

Table 3

Contaminant Source Inventory and Risk Ranking for Aleutian Estates #1
Sources of Nitrates/Nitrites

PWSID 224159.001

Contaminant Source Type	Contaminant Source ID	CS ID tag	Zone	Risk Ranking for Analysis	Overall Rank after Analysis	Location	Map Number	Comments
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-01	A	Low	1	Wasilla-Fishhook Rd	3	
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-02	A	Low	2	King Cove Dr	3	
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-03	A	Low	3	King Cove Dr	3	
Highways and roads, paved (cement or asphalt)	X20	X20-1	A	Low	4	Wasilla-Fishhook Rd	2	
Residential Areas	R01	R01-1	A	Low	5	Wasilla-Fishhook Rd	2	1 acres of residential area in Zone A
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-04	B	Low	6	Wasilla-Fishhook Rd	3	
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-05	B	Low	7	Independence Ave	3	
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-06	B	Low	8	Independence Ave	3	
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-07	B	Low	9	Independence Ave	3	
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-08	B	Low	10	Independence Ave	3	
Residential Areas	R01	R01-2	B	Low		Independence Ave	2	40 acres of residential area in Zone B
Highways and roads, dirt/gravel	X24	X24-1	B	Low		Independence Ave	2	
Residential Areas	R01	R01-3	C	Low		Gylan Circle	2	11 acres of residential area in Zone C
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-09	C	Low		Independence Ave	3	
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-10	C	Low		Independence Ave	3	
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-11	C	Low		Gylans Circle	3	
Highways and roads, dirt/gravel	X24	X24-2	C	Low		Vinceland Circle	2	
Highways and roads, dirt/gravel	X24	X24-3	C	Low		Gylan Circle	2	
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-1	D	High		McCasey Dr	3	
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-2	D	High		Wasilla-Fishhook Rd	3	
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-3	D	High		Timb Circle	3	
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-4	D	High		Wendt Rd	3	

Table 3 (continued)

Contaminant Source Inventory and Risk Ranking for Aleutian Estates #1 Sources of Nitrates/Nitrites

PWSID 224159.001

Contaminant Source Type	*Contaminant Source ID*	*CS ID tag*	*Zone*	*Risk Ranking for Analysis*	*Overall Rank after Analysis*	*Location*	*Map Number*	*Comments*
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-5	D	High		Wendt Rd	3	
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-6	D	High		Wendt Rd	3	

Table 4

Contaminant Source Inventory and Risk Ranking for Aleutian Estates #1 Sources of Volatile Organic Chemicals

PWSID 224159.001

Contaminant Source Type	*Contaminant Source ID*	*CS ID tag*	*Zone*	*Risk Ranking for Analysis*	*Overall Rank after Analysis*	*Location*	*Map Number*	*Comments*
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-01	A	Low	1	Wasilla-Fishhook Rd	3	
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-02	A	Low	2	King Cove Dr	3	
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-03	A	Low	3	King Cove Dr	3	
Highways and roads, paved (cement or asphalt)	X20	X20-1	A	Low	4	Wasilla-Fishhook Rd	2	
Residential Areas	R01	R01-1	A	Low	5	Wasilla-Fishhook Rd	2	1 acres of residential area in Zone A
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-04	B	Low	6	Wasilla-Fishhook Rd	3	
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-05	B	Low	7	Independence Ave	3	
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-06	B	Low	8	Independence Ave	3	
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-07	B	Low	9	Independence Ave	3	
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-08	B	Low	10	Independence Ave	3	
Residential Areas	R01	R01-2	B	Low		Independence Ave	2	40 acres of residential area in Zone B
Highways and roads, dirt/gravel	X24	X24-1	B	Low		Independence Ave	2	
Residential Areas	R01	R01-3	C	Low		Gylan Circle	2	11 acres of residential area in Zone C
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-09	C	Low		Independence Ave	3	
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-10	C	Low		Independence Ave	3	
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-11	C	Low		Gylans Circle	3	
Highways and roads, dirt/gravel	X24	X24-2	C	Low		Vinceland Circle	2	
Highways and roads, dirt/gravel	X24	X24-3	C	Low		Gylan Circle	2	

Table 5

Contaminant Source Inventory and Risk Ranking for Aleutian Estates #1

Sources of Heavy Metals, Cyanide and Other Inorganic Chemicals

PWSID 224159.001

Contaminant Source Type	*Contaminant Source ID*	*CS ID tag*	*Zone*	*Risk Ranking for Analysis*	*Overall Rank after Analysis*	*Location*	*Map Number*	*Comments*
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-01	A	Low	1	Wasilla-Fishhook Rd	3	
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-02	A	Low	2	King Cove Dr	3	
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-03	A	Low	3	King Cove Dr	3	
Highways and roads, paved (cement or asphalt)	X20	X20-1	A	Low	4	Wasilla-Fishhook Rd	2	
Residential Areas	R01	R01-1	A	Low	5	Wasilla-Fishhook Rd	2	1 acres of residential area in Zone A
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-04	B	Low	6	Wasilla-Fishhook Rd	3	
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-05	B	Low	7	Independence Ave	3	
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-06	B	Low	8	Independence Ave	3	
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-07	B	Low	9	Independence Ave	3	
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-08	B	Low	10	Independence Ave	3	
Residential Areas	R01	R01-2	B	Low		Independence Ave	2	40 acres of residential area in Zone B
Highways and roads, dirt/gravel	X24	X24-1	B	Low		Independence Ave	2	
Residential Areas	R01	R01-3	C	Low		Gylan Circle	2	11 acres of residential area in Zone C
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-09	C	Low		Independence Ave	3	
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-10	C	Low		Independence Ave	3	
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-11	C	Low		Gylans Circle	3	
Highways and roads, dirt/gravel	X24	X24-2	C	Low		Vinceland Circle	2	
Highways and roads, dirt/gravel	X24	X24-3	C	Low		Gylan Circle	2	

Table 6

Contaminant Source Inventory and Risk Ranking for Aleutian Estates #1
Sources of Synthetic Organic Chemicals

PWSID 224159.001

Contaminant Source Type	*Contaminant Source ID*	*CS ID tag*	*Zone*	*Risk Ranking for Analysis*	*Overall Rank after Analysis*	*Location*	*Map Number*	*Comments*
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-01	A	Low	1	Wasilla-Fishhook Rd	3	
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-02	A	Low	2	King Cove Dr	3	
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-03	A	Low	3	King Cove Dr	3	
Residential Areas	R01	R01-1	A	Low	4	Wasilla-Fishhook Rd	2	1 acres of residential area in Zone A
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-04	B	Low	5	Wasilla-Fishhook Rd	3	
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-05	B	Low	6	Independence Ave	3	
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-06	B	Low	7	Independence Ave	3	
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-07	B	Low	8	Independence Ave	3	
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-08	B	Low	9	Independence Ave	3	
Residential Areas	R01	R01-2	B	Low	10	Independence Ave	2	40 acres of residential area in Zone B
Residential Areas	R01	R01-3	C	Low		Gylan Circle	2	11 acres of residential area in Zone C
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-09	C	Low		Independence Ave	3	
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-10	C	Low		Independence Ave	3	
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-11	C	Low		Gylans Circle	3	

Table 7

Contaminant Source Inventory and Risk Ranking for Aleutian Estates #1
Sources of Other Organic Chemicals

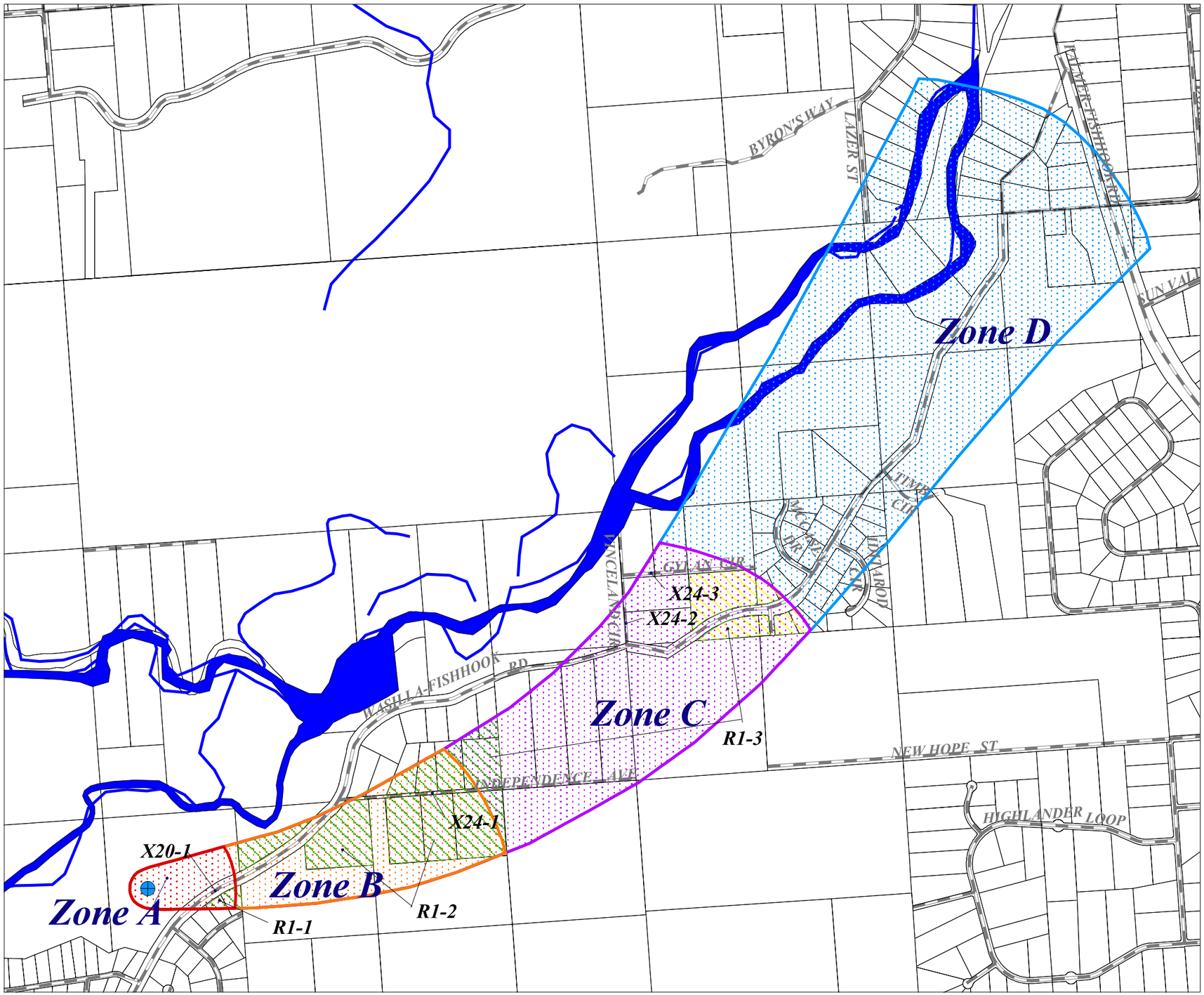
PWSID 224159.001

Contaminant Source Type	*Contaminant Source ID*	*CS ID tag*	*Zone*	*Risk Ranking for Analysis*	*Overall Rank after Analysis*	*Location*	*Map Number*	*Comments*
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-01	A	Low	1	Wasilla-Fishhook Rd	3	
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-02	A	Low	2	King Cove Dr	3	
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-03	A	Low	3	King Cove Dr	3	
Highways and roads, paved (cement or asphalt)	X20	X20-1	A	Low	4	Wasilla-Fishhook Rd	2	
Residential Areas	R01	R01-1	A	Low	5	Wasilla-Fishhook Rd	2	1 acres of residential area in Zone A
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-04	B	Low	6	Wasilla-Fishhook Rd	3	
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-05	B	Low	7	Independence Ave	3	
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-06	B	Low	8	Independence Ave	3	
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-07	B	Low	9	Independence Ave	3	
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-08	B	Low	10	Independence Ave	3	
Residential Areas	R01	R01-2	B	Low		Independence Ave	2	40 acres of residential area in Zone B
Highways and roads, dirt/gravel	X24	X24-1	B	Low		Independence Ave	2	
Residential Areas	R01	R01-3	C	Low		Gylan Circle	2	11 acres of residential area in Zone C
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-09	C	Low		Independence Ave	3	
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-10	C	Low		Independence Ave	3	
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-11	C	Low		Gylans Circle	3	
Highways and roads, dirt/gravel	X24	X24-2	C	Low		Vinceland Circle	2	
Highways and roads, dirt/gravel	X24	X24-3	C	Low		Gylan Circle	2	

APPENDIX C

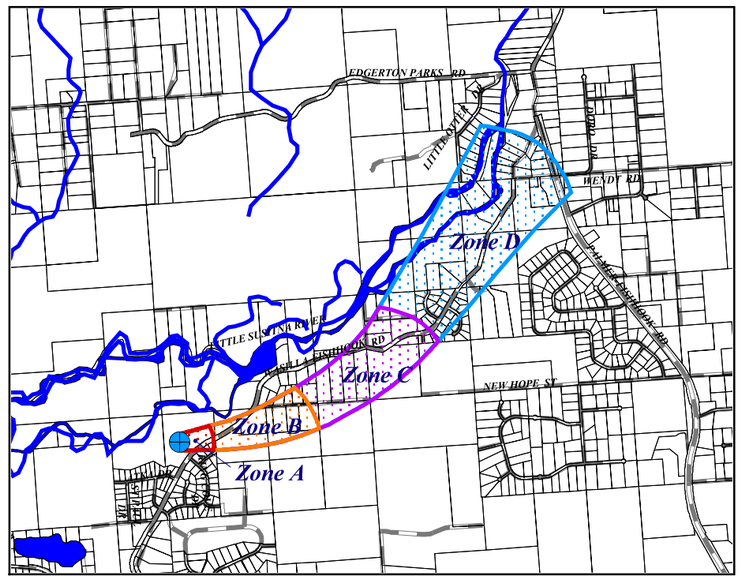
Aleutain Estates
Drinking Water Protection Area
and Potential and Existing Contaminant Sources

Aleutian Estates Drinking Water Protection Area with Potential & Existing Contaminant Sources



Legend

- Aleutian Estates Well
- Zone A Protection Area
  - Several Months Travel Time
- Zone B Protection Area
  - Less Than 2 Years Travel Time
- Zone C Protection Area
  - Less Than 5 Years Travel Time
- Zone D Protection Area
  - Less Than 10 Years Travel Time
- Residential Areas (R1)
- Rivers and Streams
- Lakes
- Parcels
- Roads (X20 or X24)



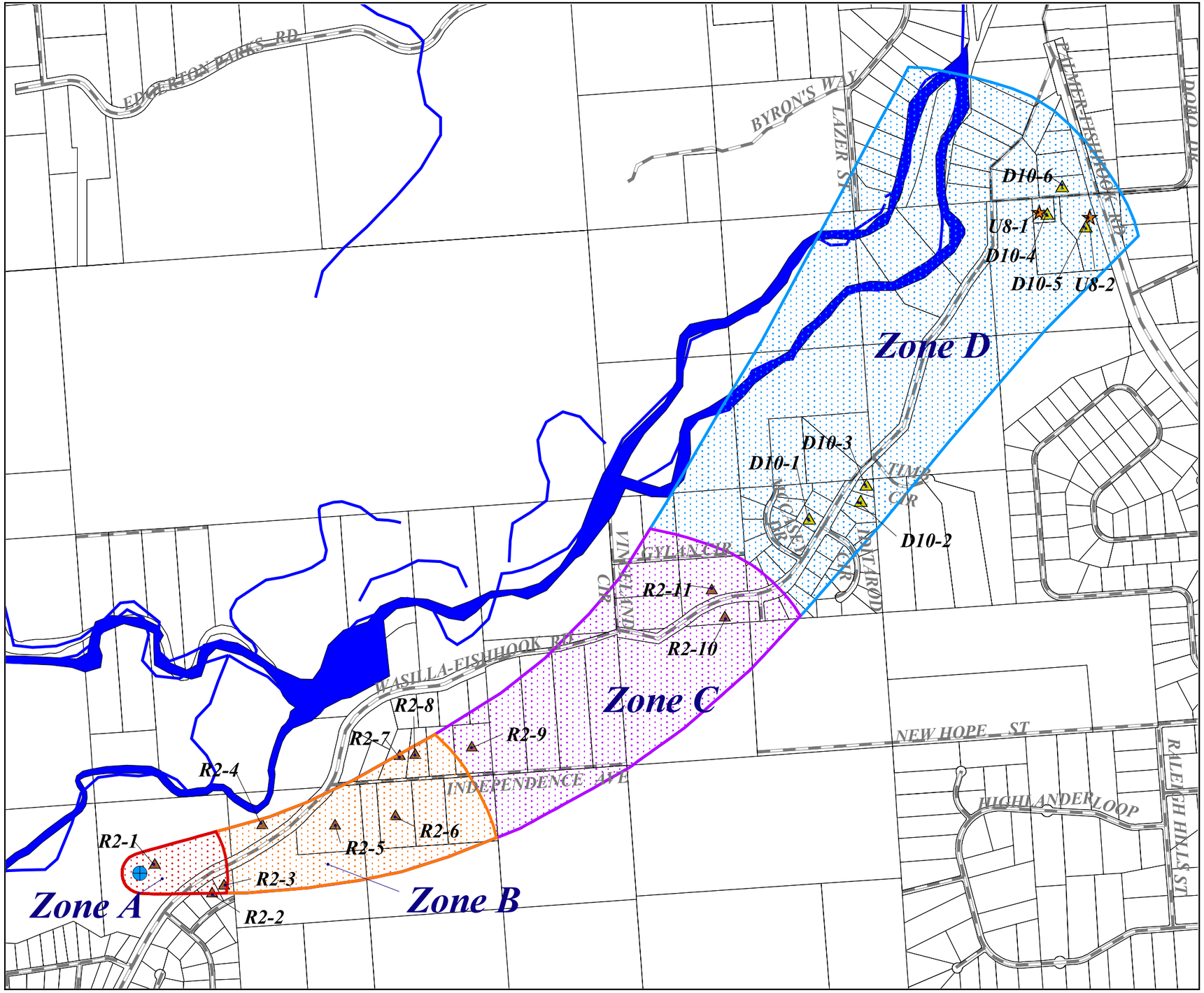
0.5 0 0.5 1 Miles

PWSID 224159.001

N W E S

Map 2

Auetian Estates Drinking Water Protection Area with Potential & Existing Contaminant Sources



Legend

- Aleutian Estates Well

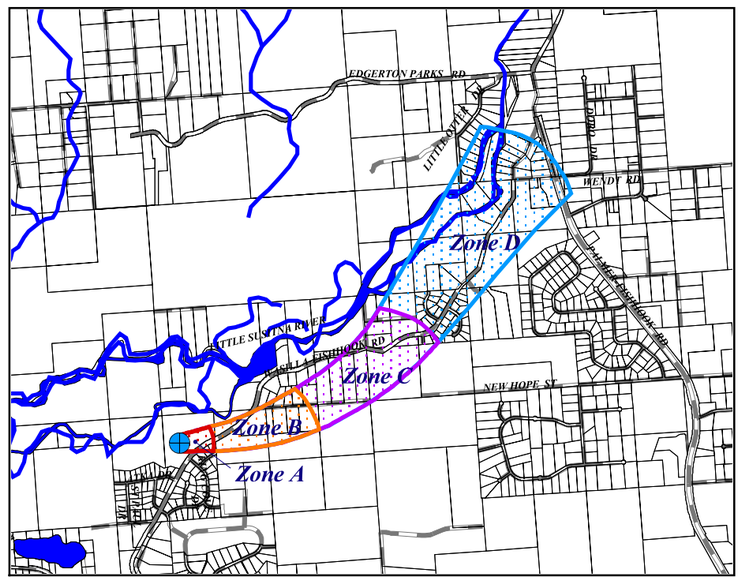
Zone A Protection Area
- Several Months Travel Time

Zone B Protection Area
- Less Than 2 Years Travel Time

Zone C Protection Area
- Less Than 5 Years Travel Time

Zone D Protection Area
- Less Than 10 Years Travel Time

Septic Systems
- Large Capacity Septic Systems (D10)
- Single Family Septic System (R2)
- Closed LUST Sites (U8)
- Rivers and Streams
- Lakes
- Parcels
- Roads



N
W E
S

PWSID 224159.001

Map 3

APPENDIX D

Vulnerability Analysis for Aleutain Estates Public Drinking Water Source

Chart 1. Susceptibility of the wellhead - Aleutian Estates

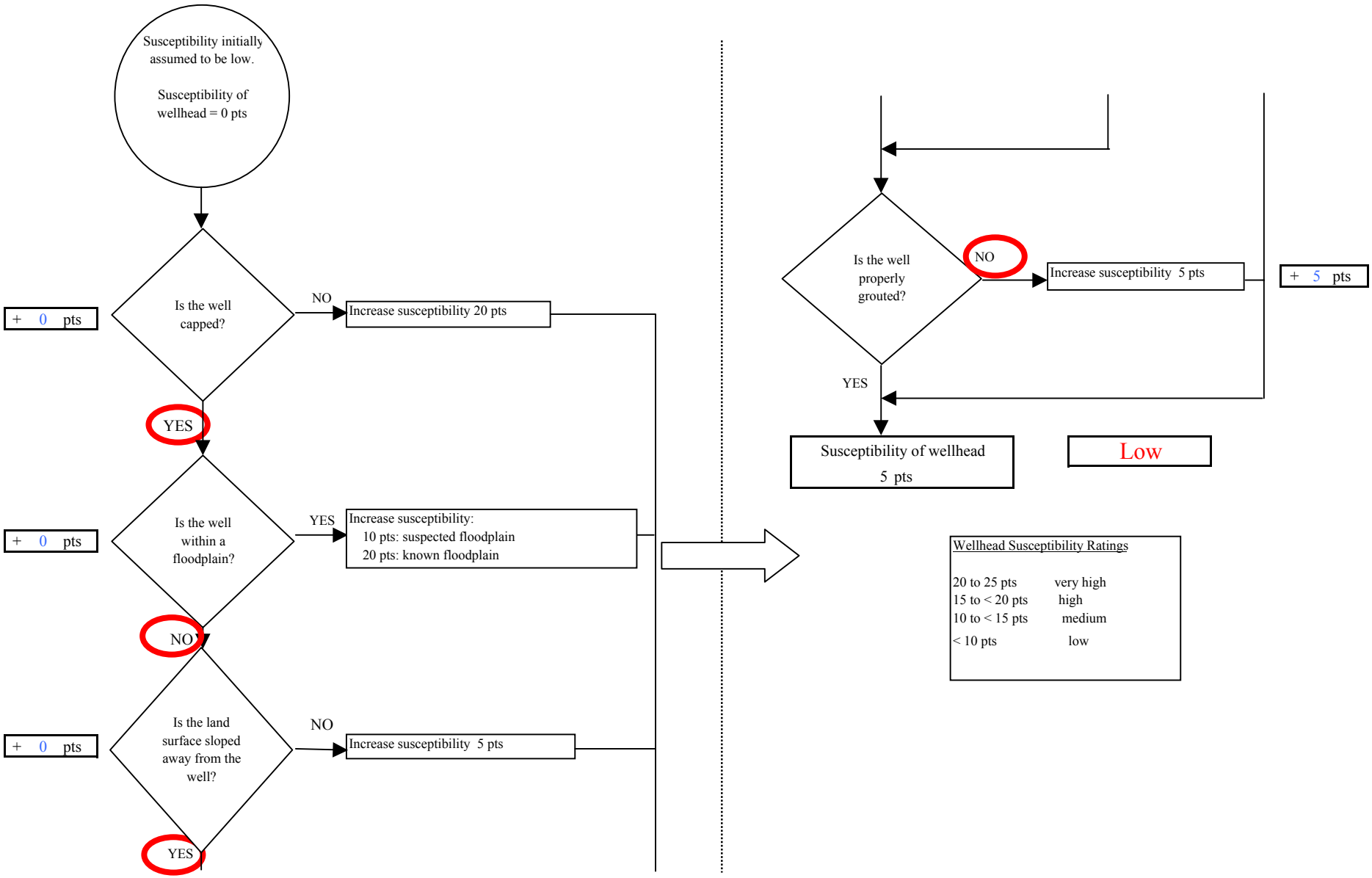


Chart 2. Susceptibility of the aquifer - Aleutian Estates

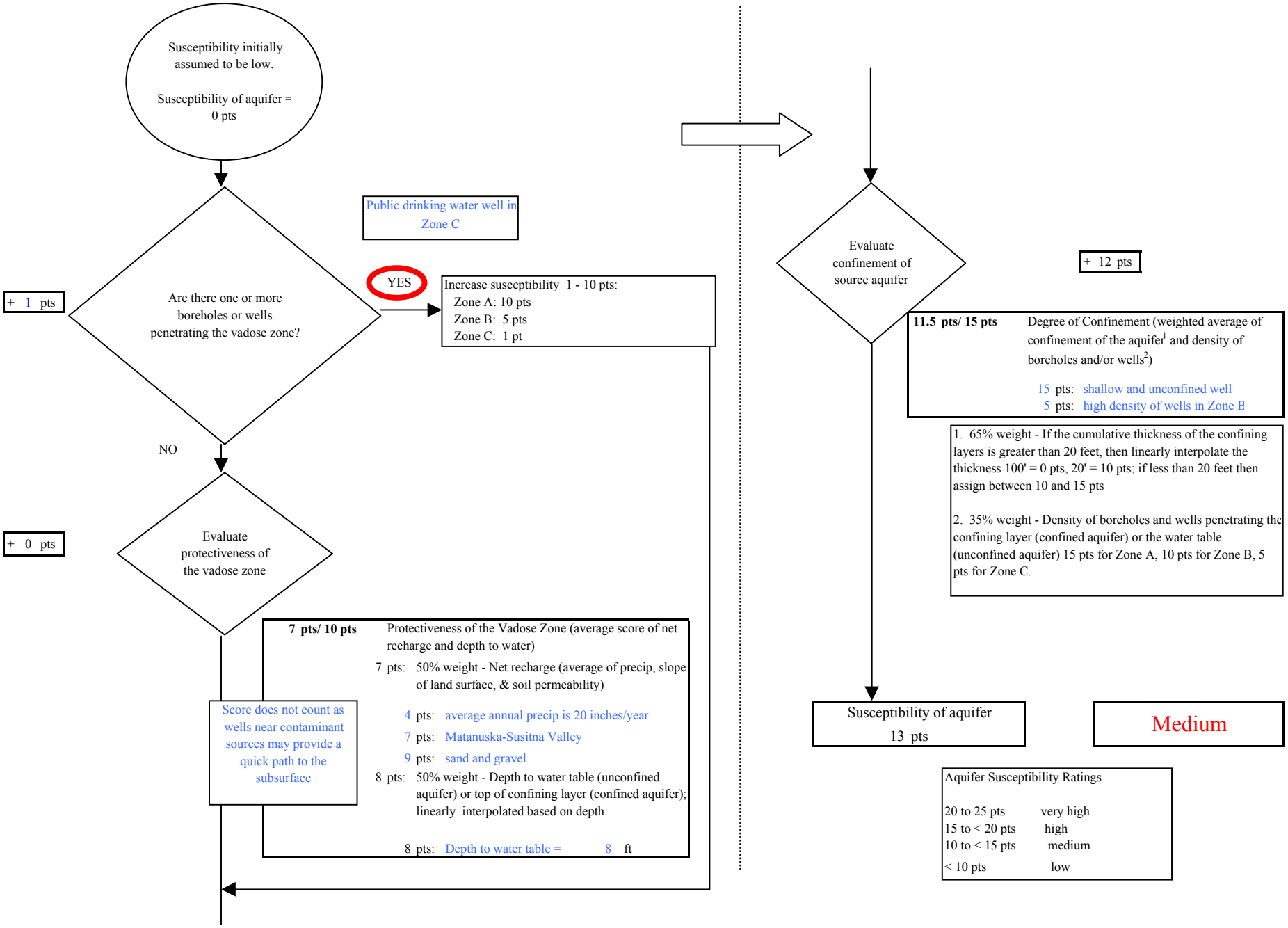
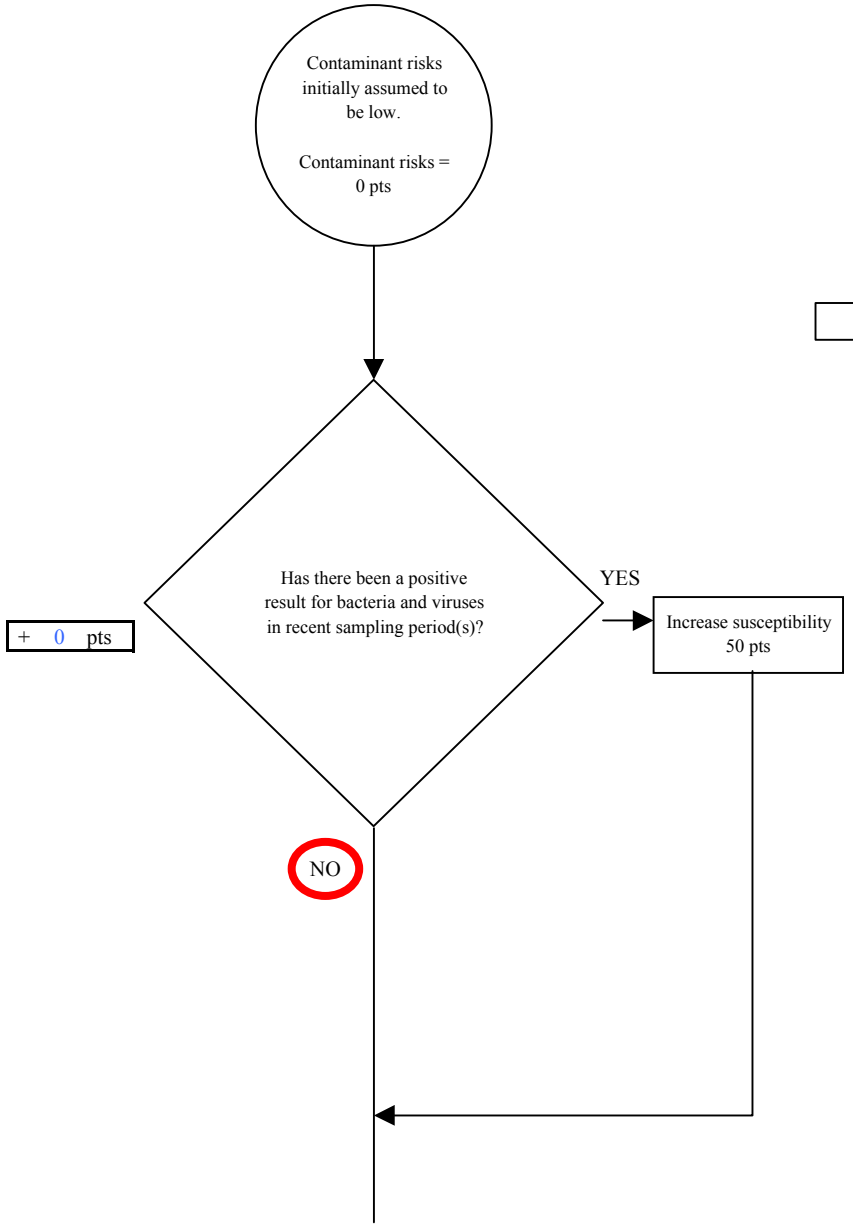
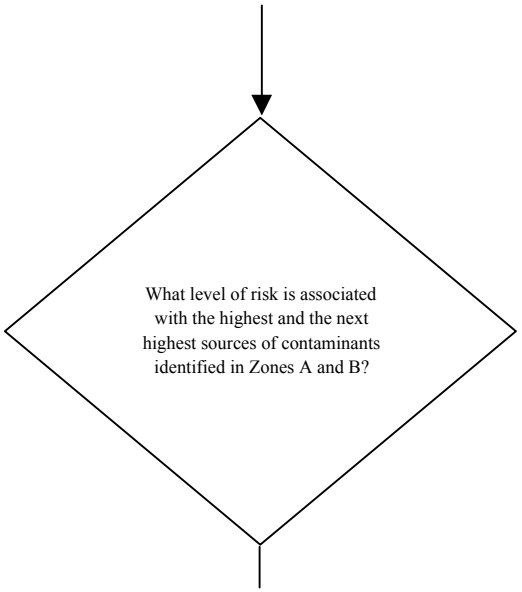


Chart 3. Contaminant risks for Aleutian Estates - Bacteria & Viruses





+ 10 pts

Risk Rankings for Contaminant Sources Identified in Zones A and B

	Zone A	Zone B	Total
Very Highs(s)	0	0	0
High(s)	0	0	0
Medium(s)	0	0	0
Low(s)	5	3	8

	LOW 10 pts	**MEDIUM** 20 pts	**HIGH** 30 pts	**VERY HIGH** 40 pts
LOW	≥ 10 sources + 10 pts	≥ 10 sources + 5 pts	≥ 20 sources + 5 pts	----
MEDIUM	----	≥ 2 sources + 5 pts	≥ 5 sources + 5 pts	≥ 10 sources + 5 pts
HIGH	----	----	≥ 1 source + 10 pts	≥ 2 sources + 10 pts
VERY HIGH	----	----	----	≥ 1 source + 10 pts

Matrix Score 10

Note: Septic systems, sewerlines, and roads are each assigned a risk ranking for each individual contaminant source in the CSI. The VA, however, counts these contaminant sources as a group and assigns a calculated number of either "lows" or "mediums" based on the density.

Chart 3. Contaminant risks for Aleutian Estates - Bacteria & Viruses

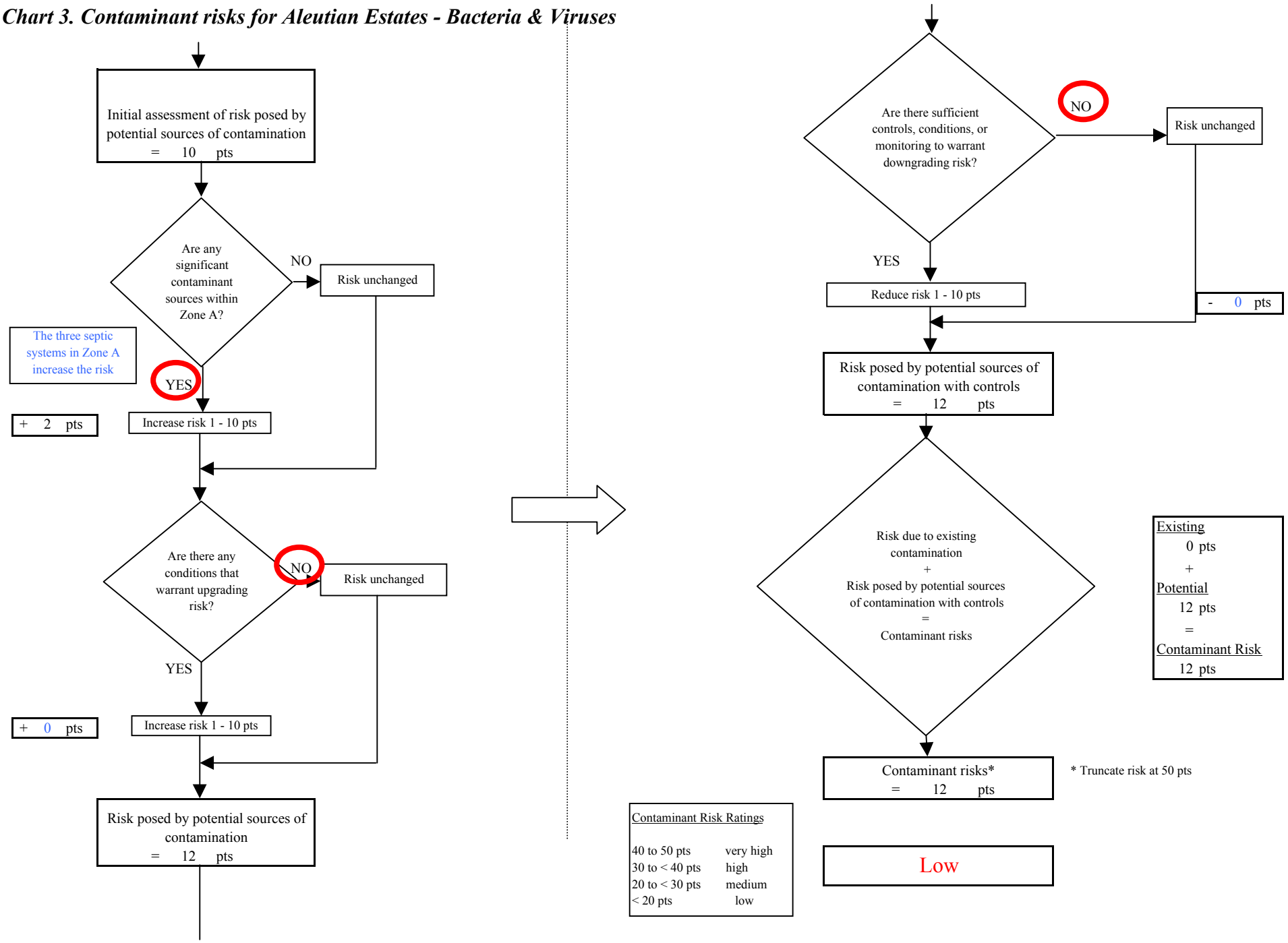


Chart 4. Vulnerability analysis for Aleutian Estates - Bacteria & Viruses

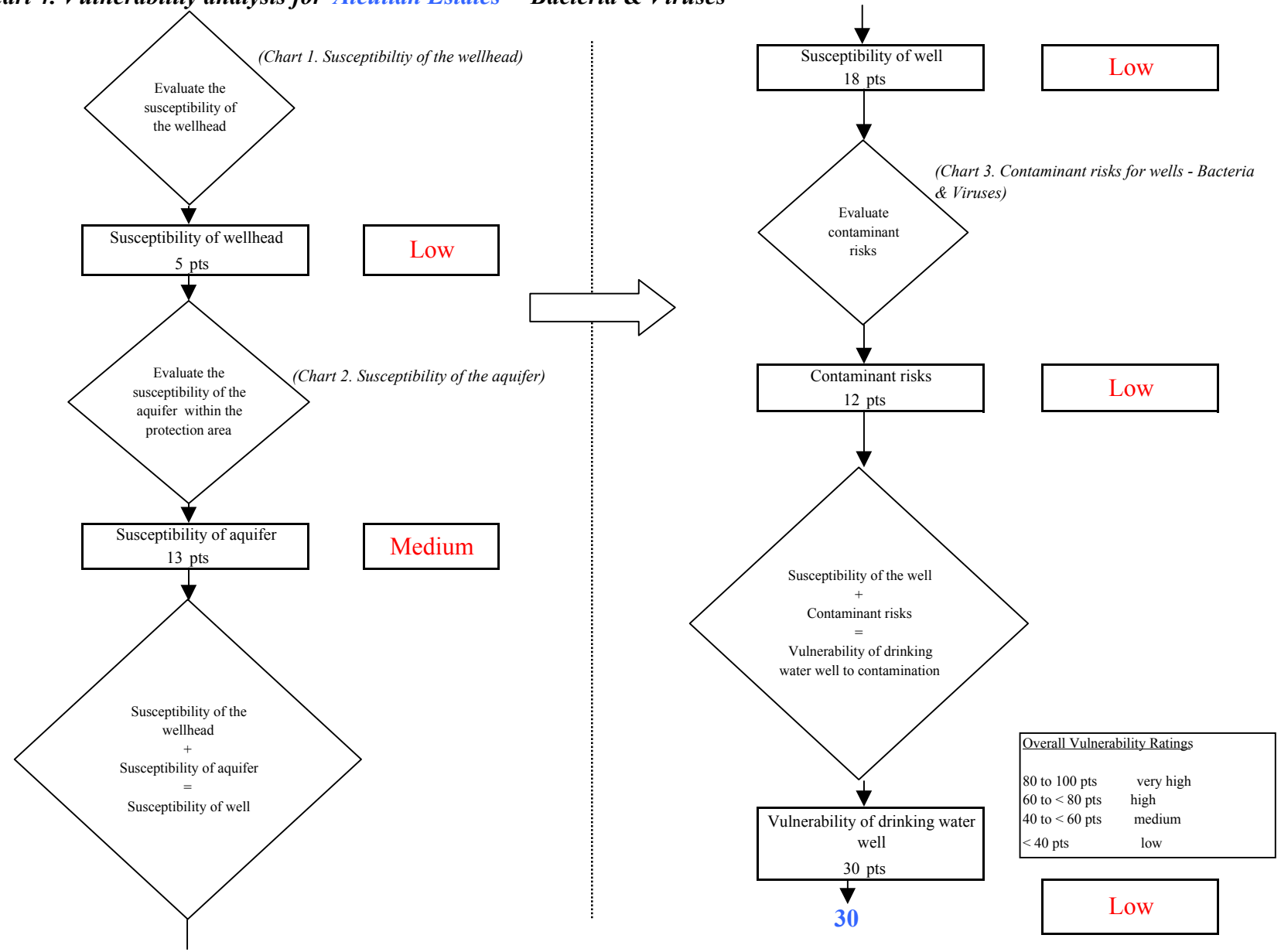


Chart 5. Contaminant risks for Aleutian Estates - Nitrates and Nitrites

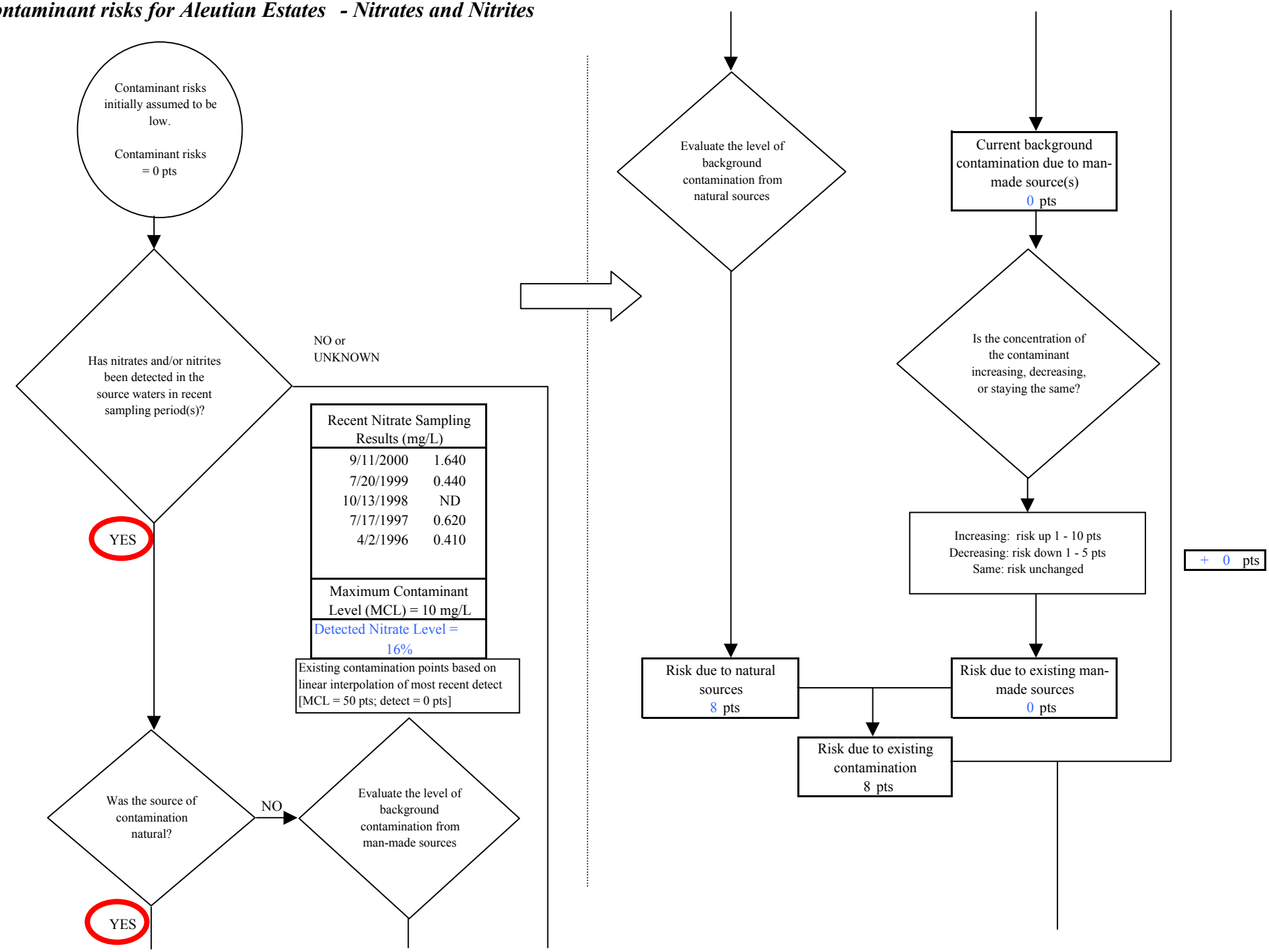


Chart 5. Contaminant risks for Aleutian Estates - Nitrates and Nitrites

+ 10 pts

What level of risk is associated with the highest and the next highest risk sources(s) of contaminants identified in Zones A, B and C?

Risk Levels for Contaminant Sources identified in Zones A, B and C

	Zone A	Zones B&C	Total
Very Highs(s)	0	0	0
High(s)	0	0	0
Medium(s)	0	0	0
Low(s)	5	4	9

	LOW 10 pts	**MEDIUM** 20 pts	**HIGH** 30 pts	**VERY HIGH** 40 pts
LOW	≥ 10 sources + 10 pts	≥ 10 sources + 5 pts	≥ 20 sources + 5 pts	----
MEDIUM	----	≥ 2 sources + 5 pts	≥ 5 sources + 5 pts	≥ 10 sources + 5 pts
HIGH	----	----	≥ 1 source + 10 pts	≥ 2 sources + 10 pts
VERY HIGH	----	----	----	≥ 1 source + 10 pts

Matrix Score 10

Note: Septic systems, sewerlines, and roads are each assigned a risk ranking for each individual contaminant source in the CSI. The VA, however, counts these contaminant sources as a group and assigns a calculated number of either "lows" or "mediums" based on the density.

Initial assessment of risk posed by potential sources of contamination = 10 pts

Is the source aquifer fractured rock or karst?

YES

NO

Are all of the higher risk sources beyond Zones A and B?

NO

Risk unchanged

YES

Decrease risk 1 - 10 pts

- 0 pts

Are any significant sources within Zone A?

NO

Risk unchanged

The three septic systems in Zone A increase the risk

YES

Increase risk 1 - 10 pts

+ 2 pts

Chart 5. Contaminant risks for Aleutian Estates - Nitrates and Nitrites

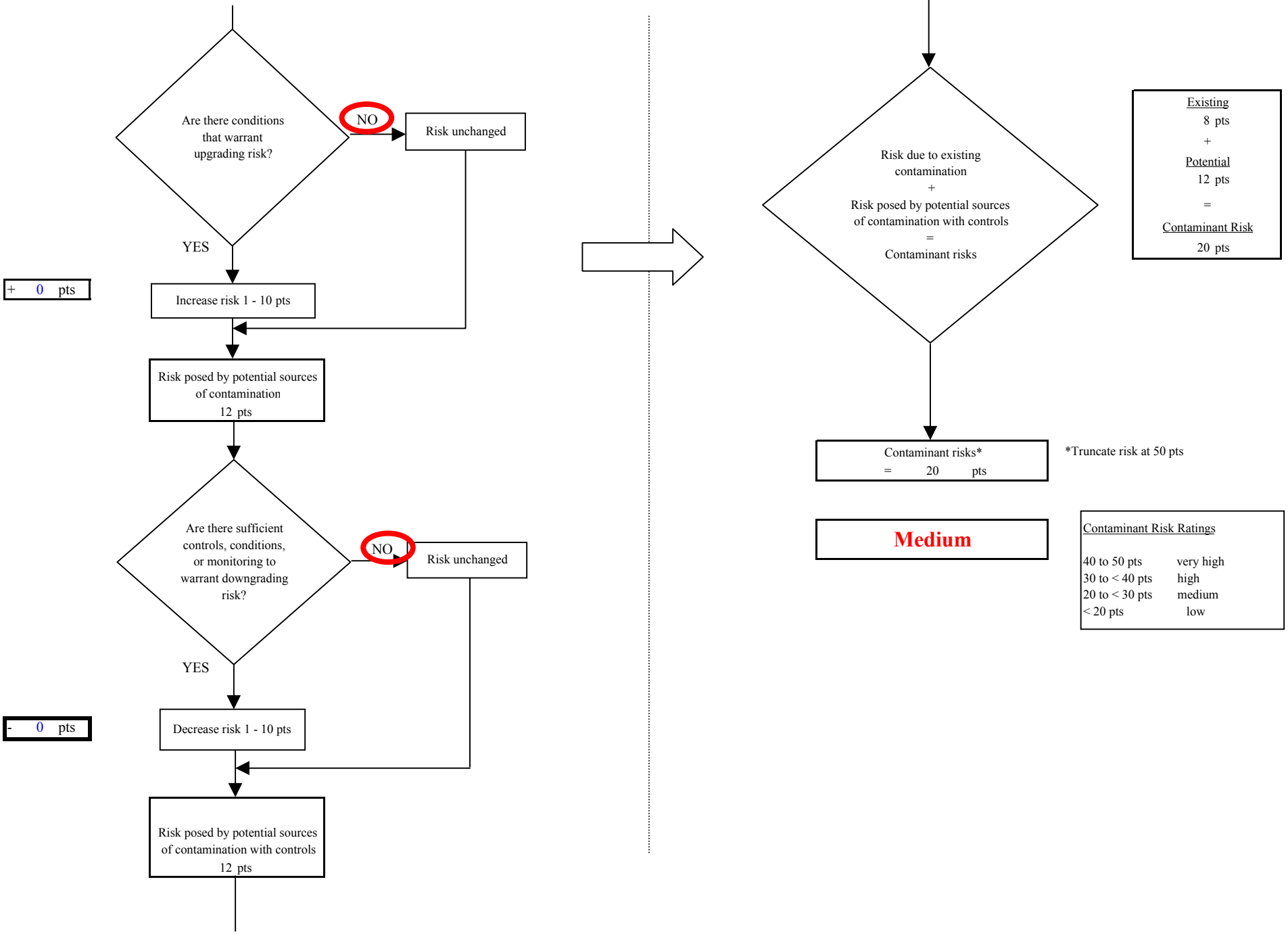


Chart 6. Vulnerability analysis for Aleutian Estates - Nitrates and Nitrites

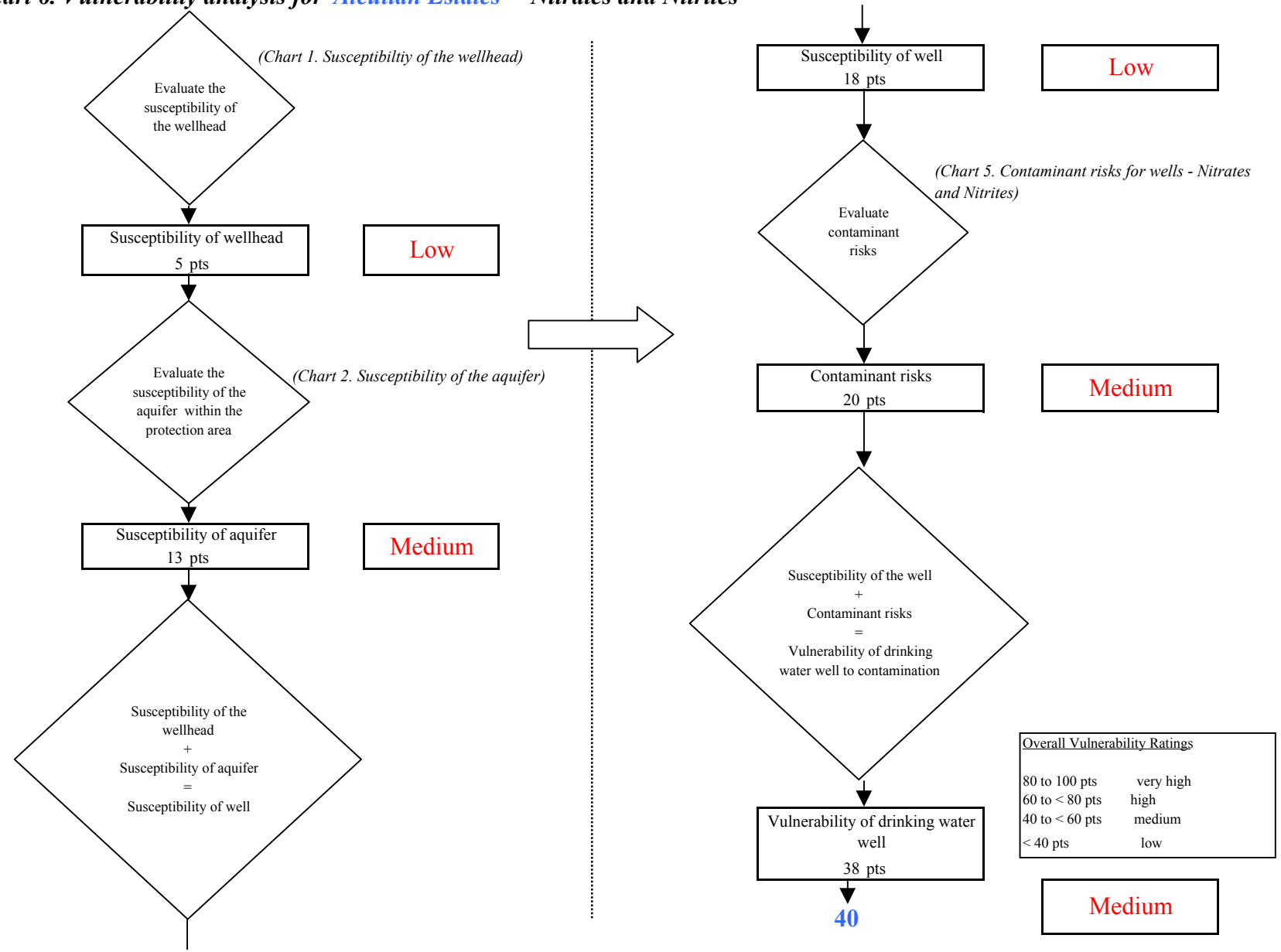


Chart 7. Contaminant risks for Aleutian Estates - Volatile Organic Chemicals

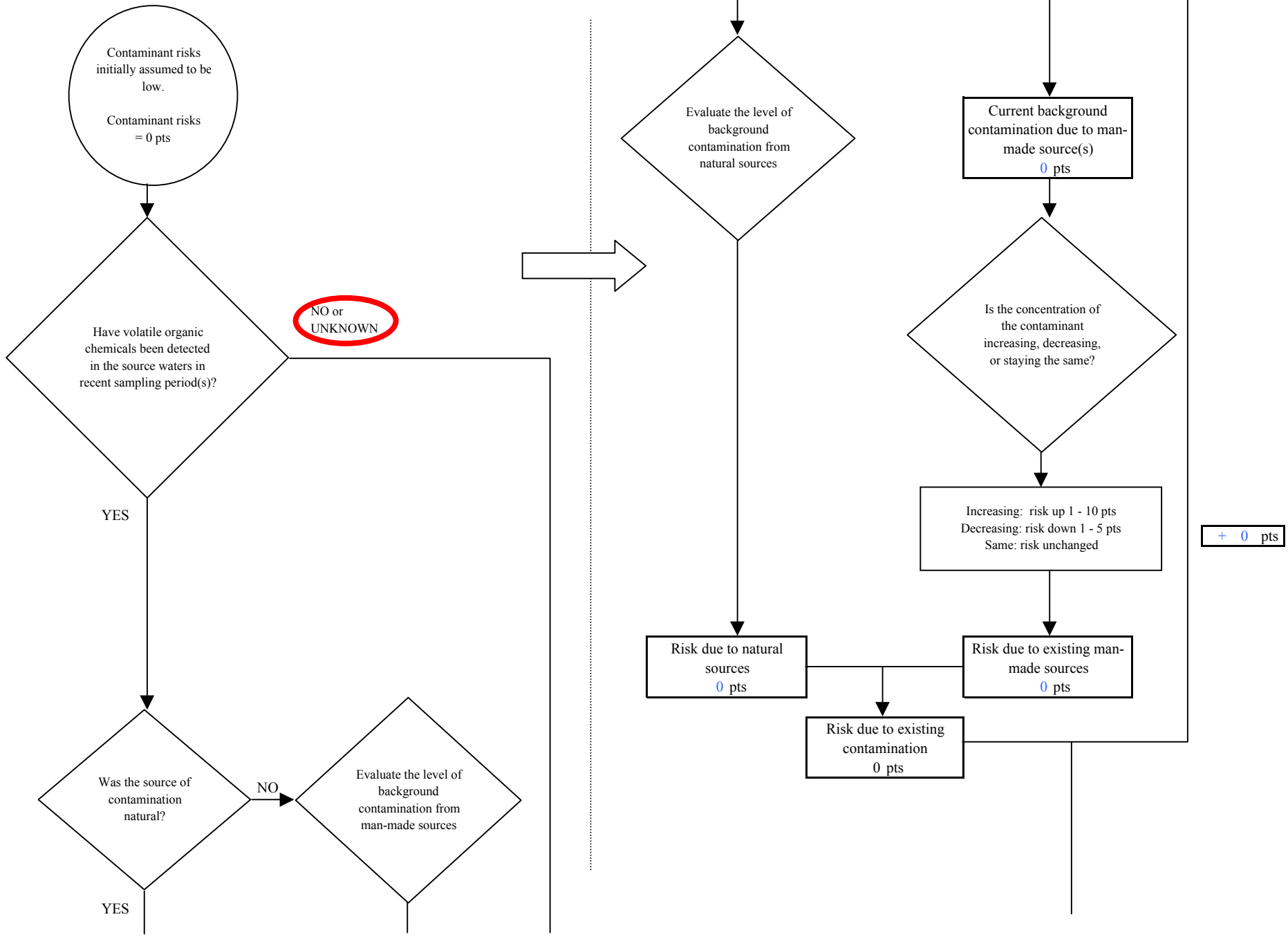


Chart 7. Contaminant risks for Aleutian Estates - Volatile Organic Chemicals

+ 10 pts

What level of risk is associated with the highest and the next highest risk sources(s) of contaminants identified in Zones A, B and C?

Risk Levels for Contaminant Sources identified in Zones A, B and C

	Zone A	Zones B&C	Total
Very Highs(s)	0	0	0
High(s)	0	0	0
Medium(s)	0	0	0
Low(s)	3	4	7

	LOW 10 pts	**MEDIUM** 20 pts	**HIGH** 30 pts	**VERY HIGH** 40 pts
LOW	≥ 10 sources + 10 pts	≥ 10 sources + 5 pts	≥ 20 sources + 5 pts	----
MEDIUM	----	≥ 2 sources + 5 pts	≥ 5 sources + 5 pts	≥ 10 sources + 5 pts
HIGH	----	----	≥ 1 source + 10 pts	≥ 2 sources + 10 pts
VERY HIGH	----	----	----	≥ 1 source + 10 pts

Matrix Score 10

Note: Septic systems, sewerlines, and roads are each assigned a risk ranking for each individual contaminant source in the CSI. The VA, however, counts these contaminant sources as a group and assigns a calculated number of either "lows" or "mediums" based on the density.

Initial assessment of risk posed by potential sources of contamination = 10 pts

Is the source aquifer fractured rock or karst?

YES

NO

Are all of the higher risk sources beyond Zones A and B?

NO

Risk unchanged

YES

Decrease risk 1 - 10 pts

- 0 pts

Are any significant sources within Zone A?

NO

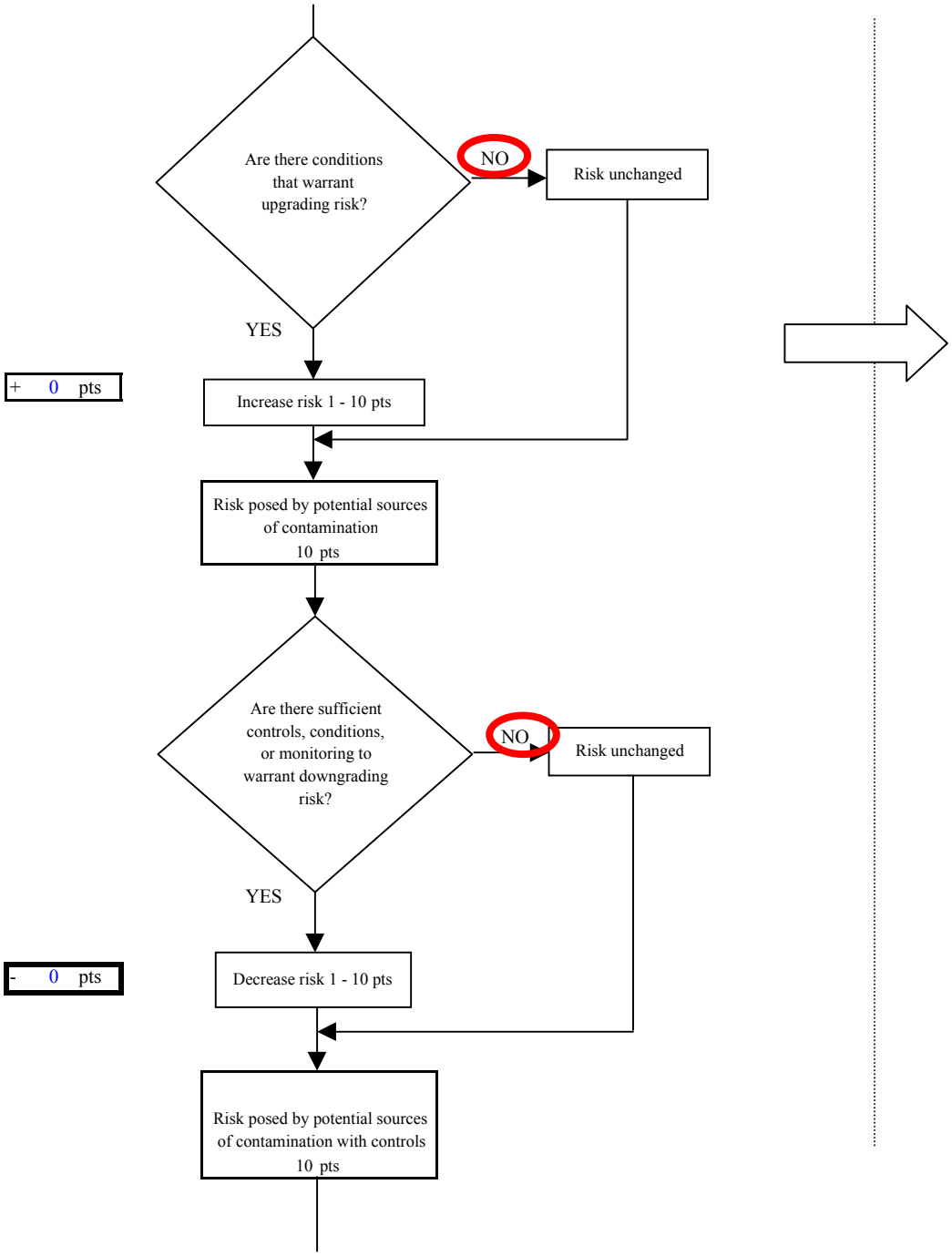
Risk unchanged

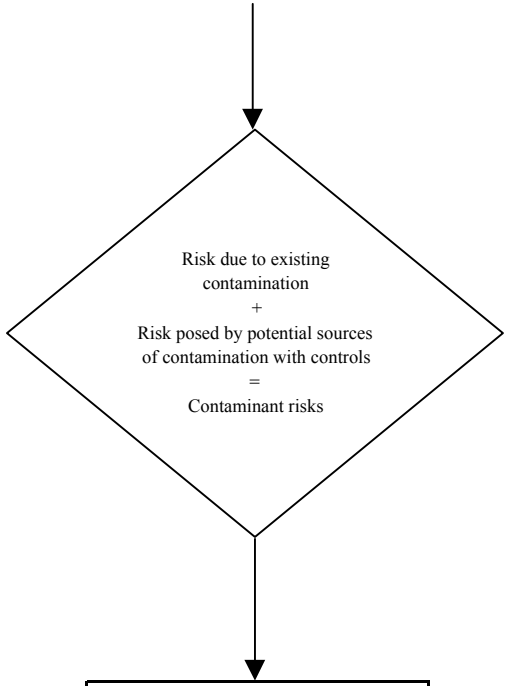
YES

Increase risk 1 - 10 pts

+ 0 pts

Chart 7. Contaminant risks for Aleutian Estates - Volatile Organic Chemicals





Existing
0 pts
+
Potential
10 pts
=
Contaminant Risk
10 pts

Contaminant risks*
= 10 pts

*Truncate risk at 50 pts

Low

Contaminant Risk Ratings

40 to 50 pts	very high
30 to < 40 pts	high
20 to < 30 pts	medium
< 20 pts	low

Chart 8. Vulnerability analysis for Aleutian Estates - Volatile Organic Chemicals

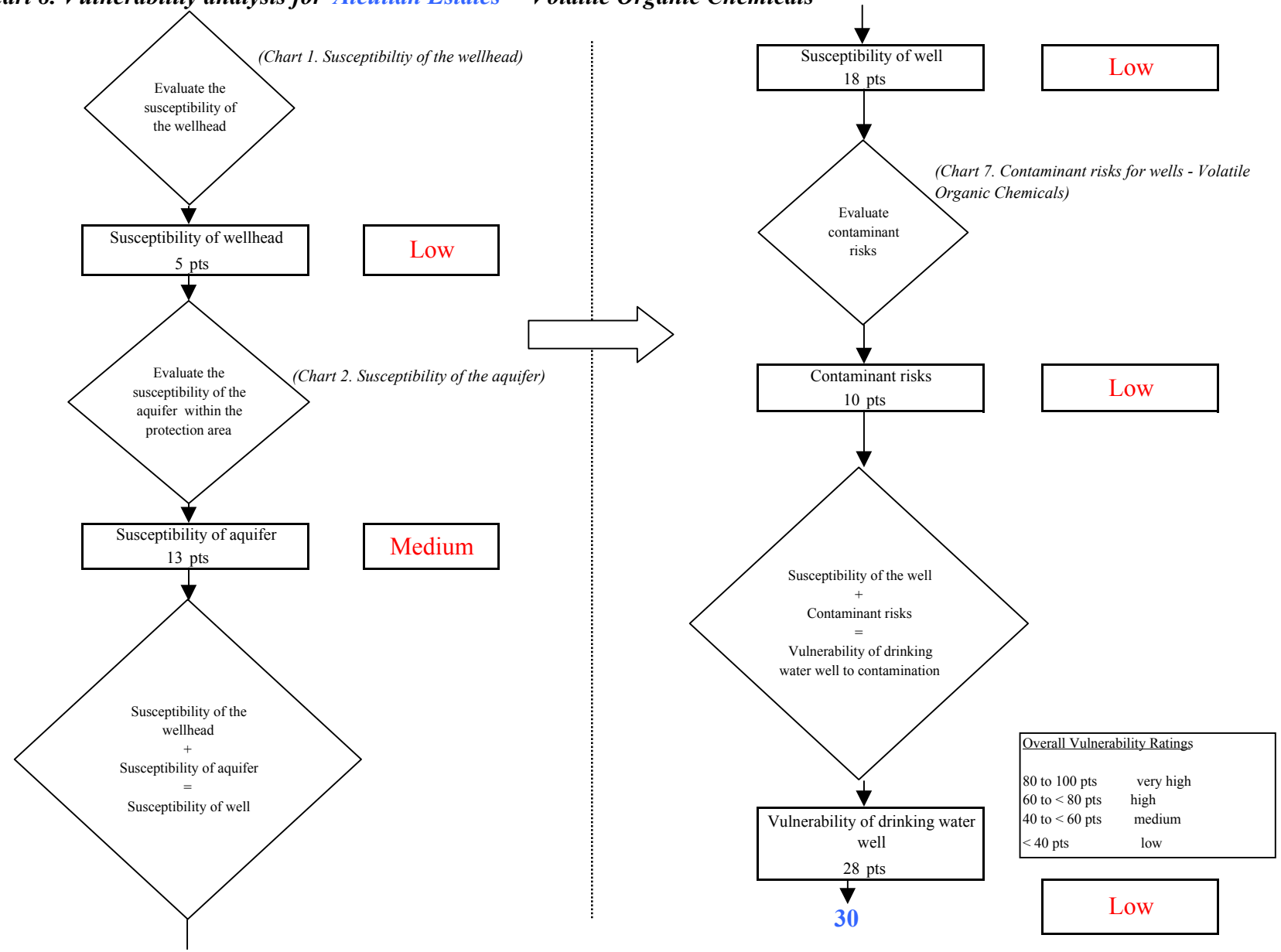


Chart 9. Contaminant risks for Aleutain Estates - Heavy Metals, Cyanide and Other Inorganic Chemicals

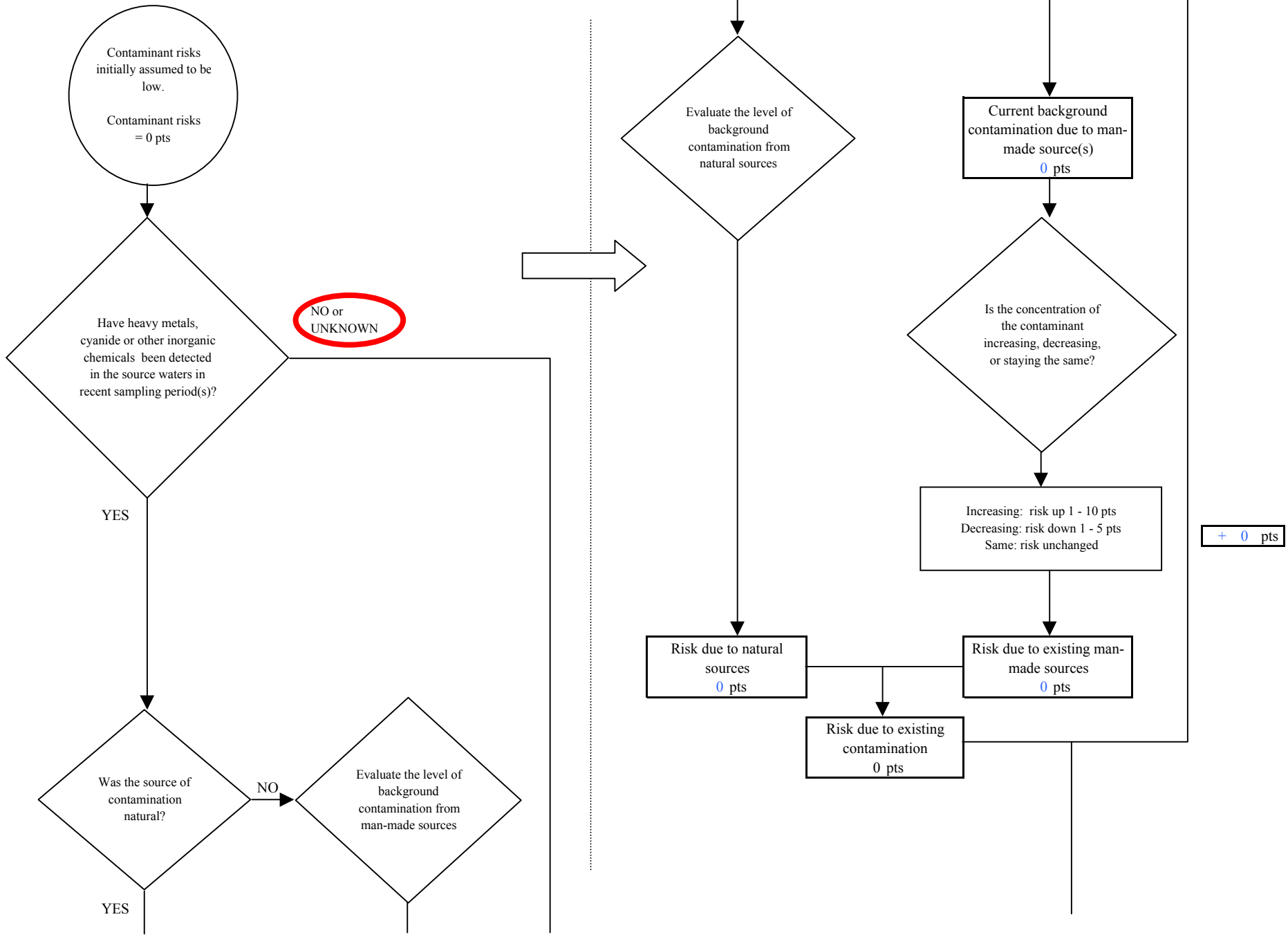


Chart 9. Contaminant risks for Aleutain Estates - Heavy Metals, Cyanide and Other Inorganic Chemicals

+ 10 pts

What level of risk is associated with the highest and the next highest risk sources(s) of contaminants identified in Zones A, B and C?

Risk Levels for Contaminant Sources identified in Zones A, B and C

	Zone A	Zones B&C	Total
Very Highs(s)	0	0	0
High(s)	0	0	0
Medium(s)	0	0	0
Low(s)	3	4	7

	LOW 10 pts	**MEDIUM** 20 pts	**HIGH** 30 pts	**VERY HIGH** 40 pts
LOW	≥ 10 sources + 10 pts	≥ 10 sources + 5 pts	≥ 20 sources + 5 pts	----
MEDIUM	----	≥ 2 sources + 5 pts	≥ 5 sources + 5 pts	≥ 10 sources + 5 pts
HIGH	----	----	≥ 1 source + 10 pts	≥ 2 sources + 10 pts
VERY HIGH	----	----	----	≥ 1 source + 10 pts

Matrix Score 10

Note: Septic systems, sewerlines, and roads are each assigned a risk ranking for each individual contaminant source in the CSI. The VA, however, counts these contaminant sources as a group and assigns a calculated number of either "lows" or "mediums" based on the density.

Initial assessment of risk posed by potential sources of contamination = 10 pts

Is the source aquifer fractured rock or karst?

YES

NO

Are all of the higher risk sources beyond Zones A and B?

NO

Risk unchanged

YES

Decrease risk 1 - 10 pts

- 0 pts

Are any significant sources within Zone A?

NO

Risk unchanged

YES

Increase risk 1 - 10 pts

+ 0 pts

Chart 9. Contaminant risks for Aleutain Estates - Heavy Metals, Cyanide and Other Inorganic Chemicals

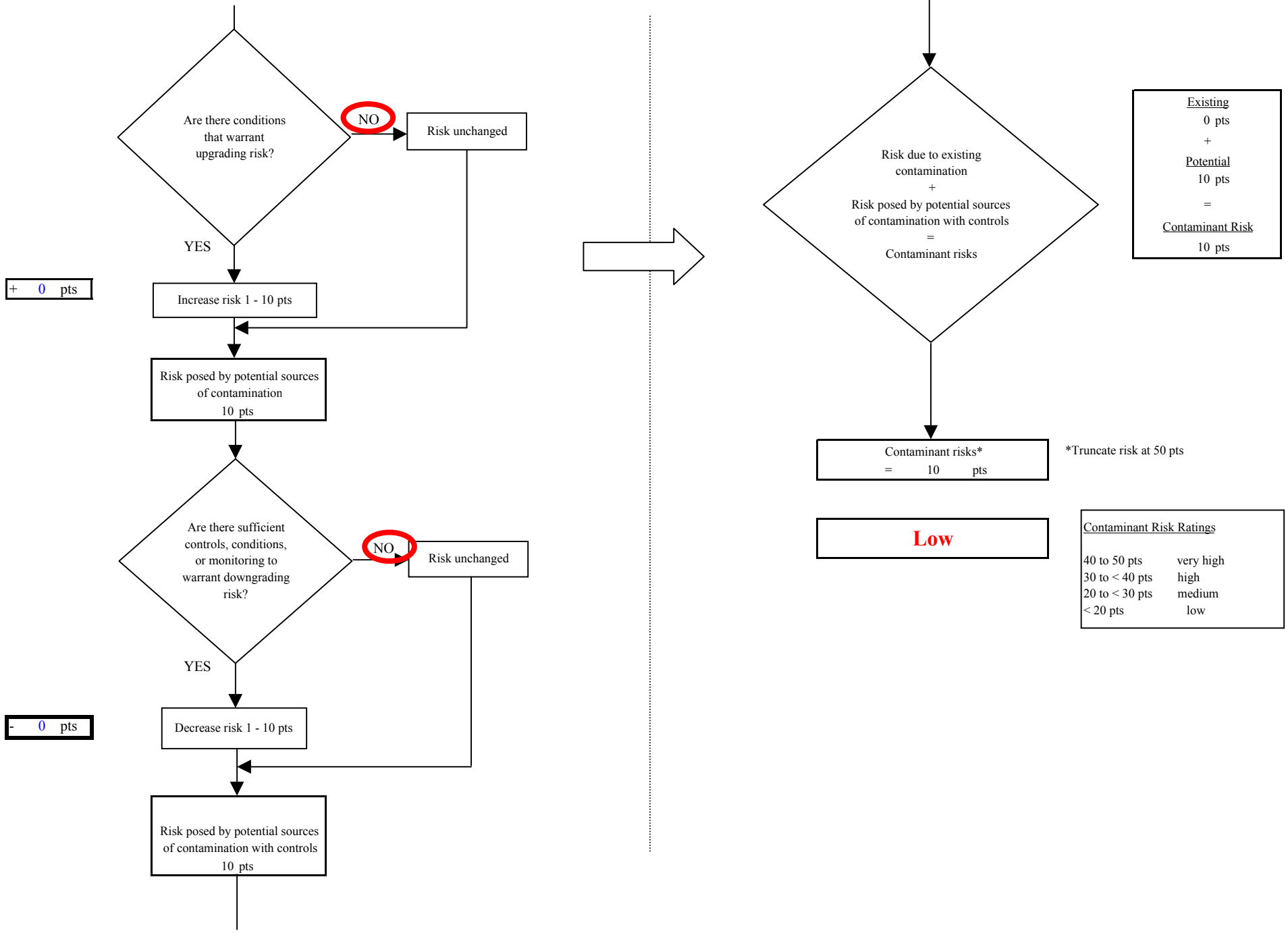


Chart 10. Vulnerability analysis for Aleutain Estates - Heavy Metals, Cyanide and Other Inorganic Chemicals

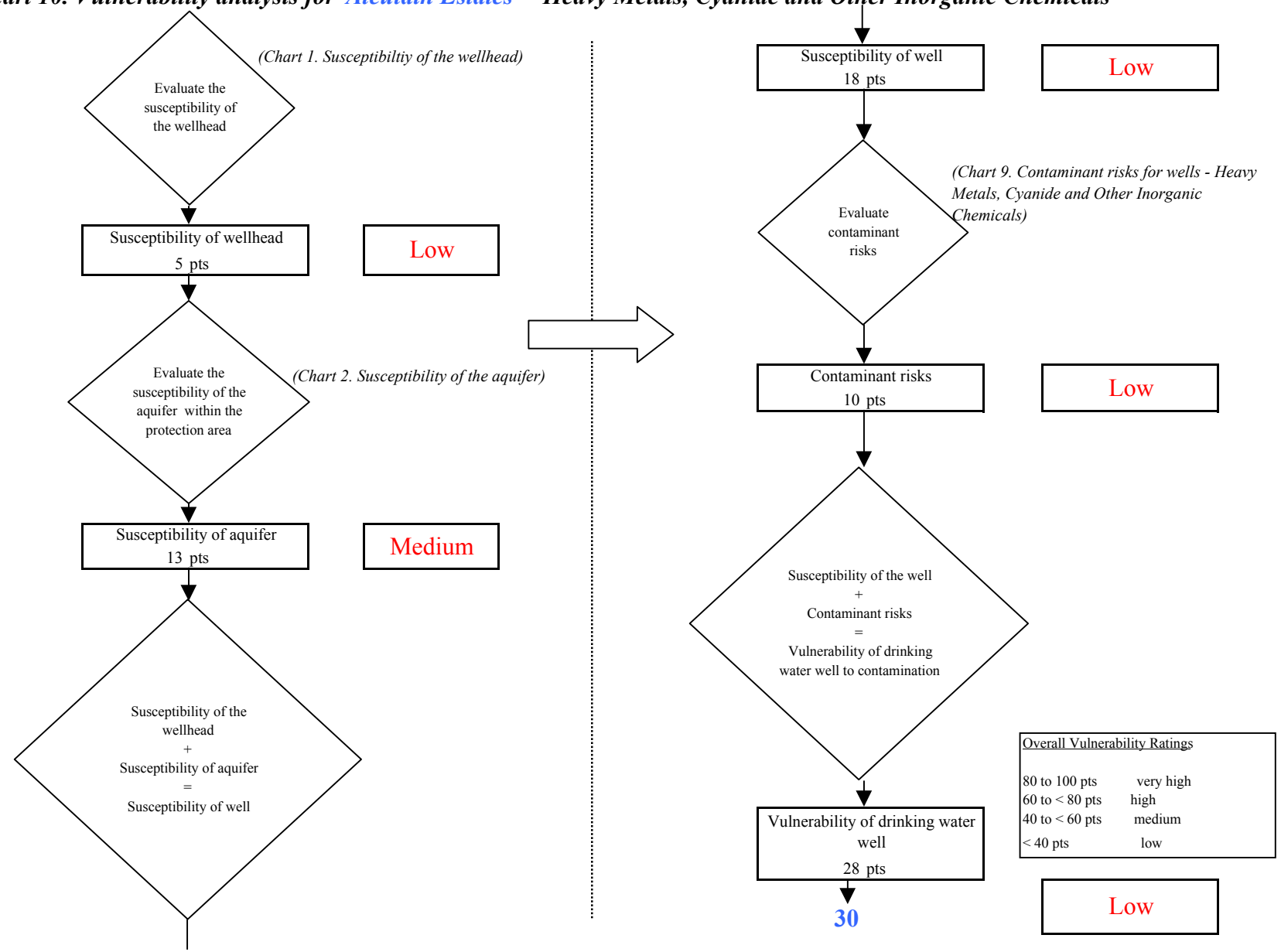


Chart 11. Contaminant risks for Aleutian Estates - Synthetic Organic Chemicals

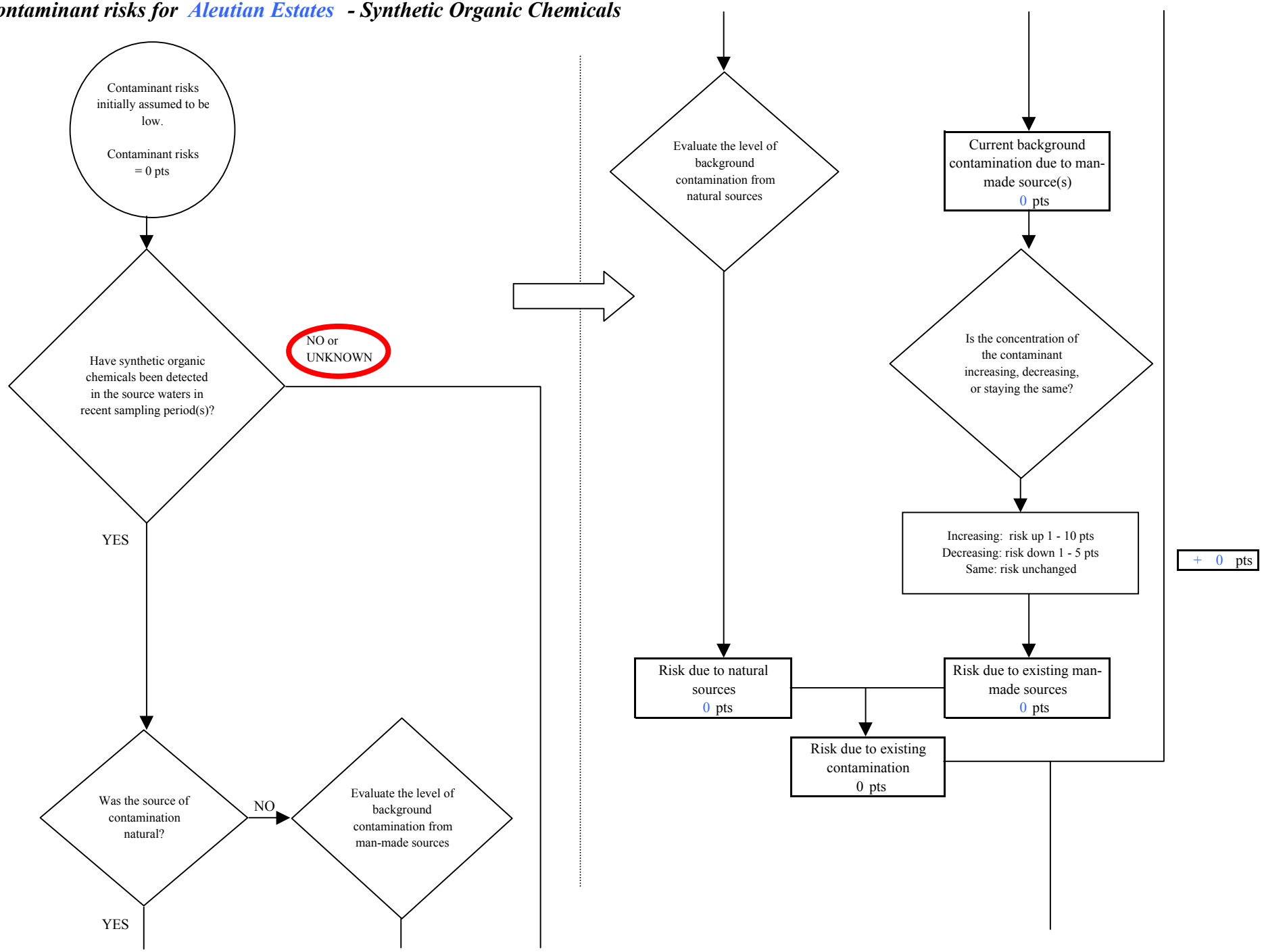
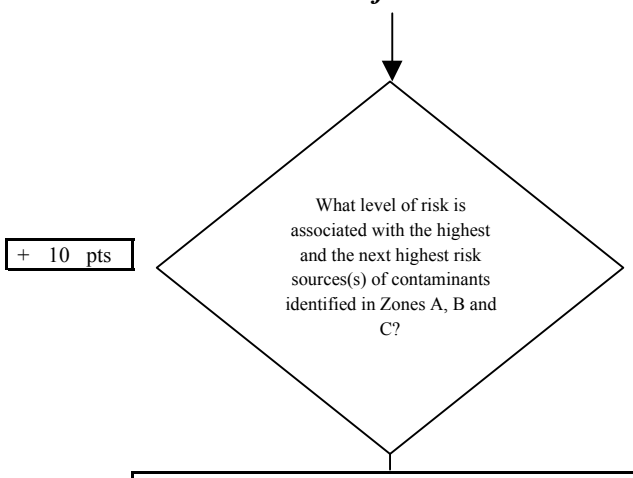


Chart 11. Contaminant risks for Aleutian Estates - Synthetic Organic Chemicals

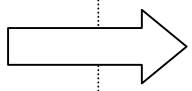


Risk Levels for Contaminant Sources identified in Zones A, B and C			
	Zone A	Zones B&C	Total
Very Highs(s)	0	0	0
High(s)	0	0	0
Medium(s)	0	0	0
Low(s)	2	3	5

	LOW 10 pts	**MEDIUM** 20 pts	**HIGH** 30 pts	**VERY HIGH** 40 pts
LOW	≥ 10 sources + 10 pts	≥ 10 sources + 5 pts	≥ 20 sources + 5 pts	----
MEDIUM	----	≥ 2 sources + 5 pts	≥ 5 sources + 5 pts	≥ 10 sources + 5 pts
HIGH	----	----	≥ 1 source + 10 pts	≥ 2 sources + 10 pts
VERY HIGH	----	----	----	≥ 1 source + 10 pts

Matrix Score 10

Note: Septic systems, sewerlines, and roads are each assigned a risk ranking for each individual contaminant source in the CSI. The VA, however, counts these contaminant sources as a group and assigns a calculated number of either "lows" or "mediums" based on the density.



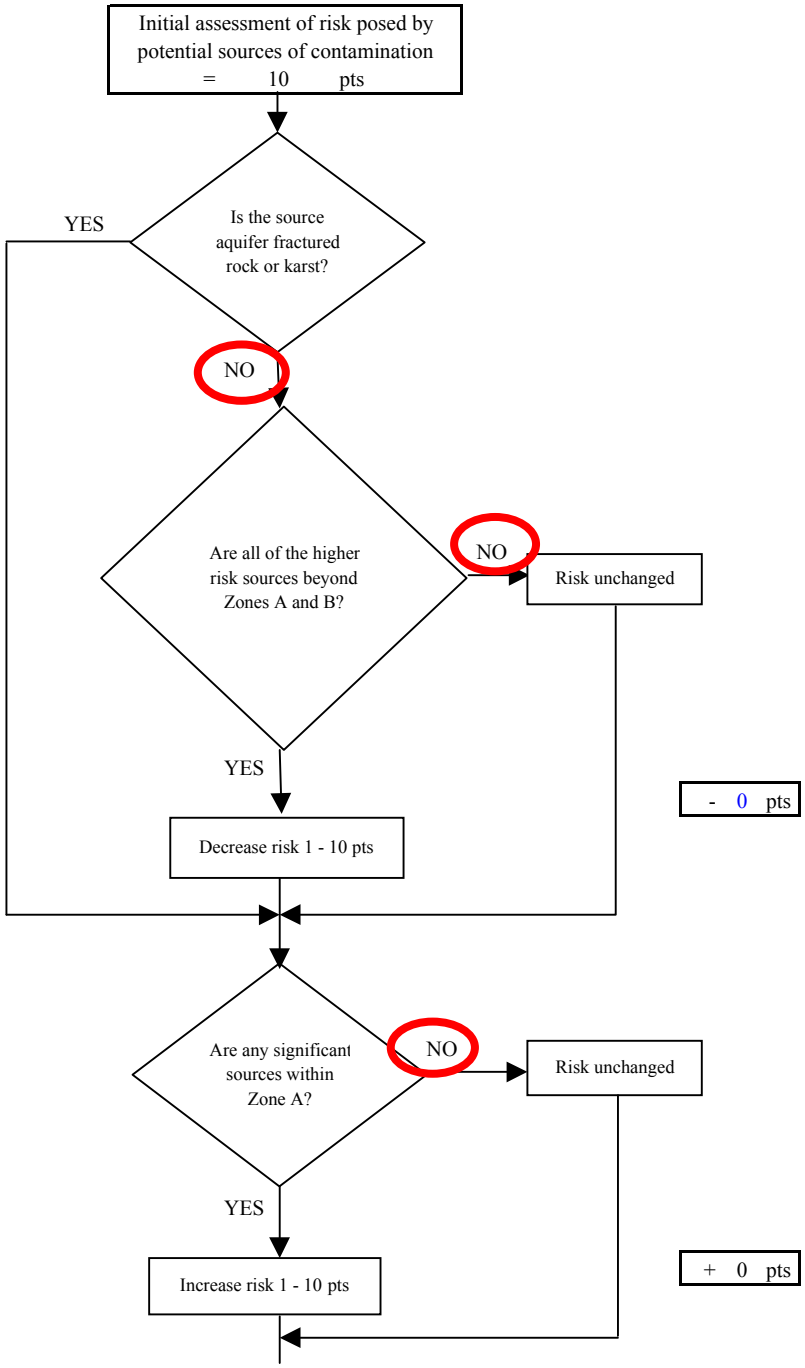
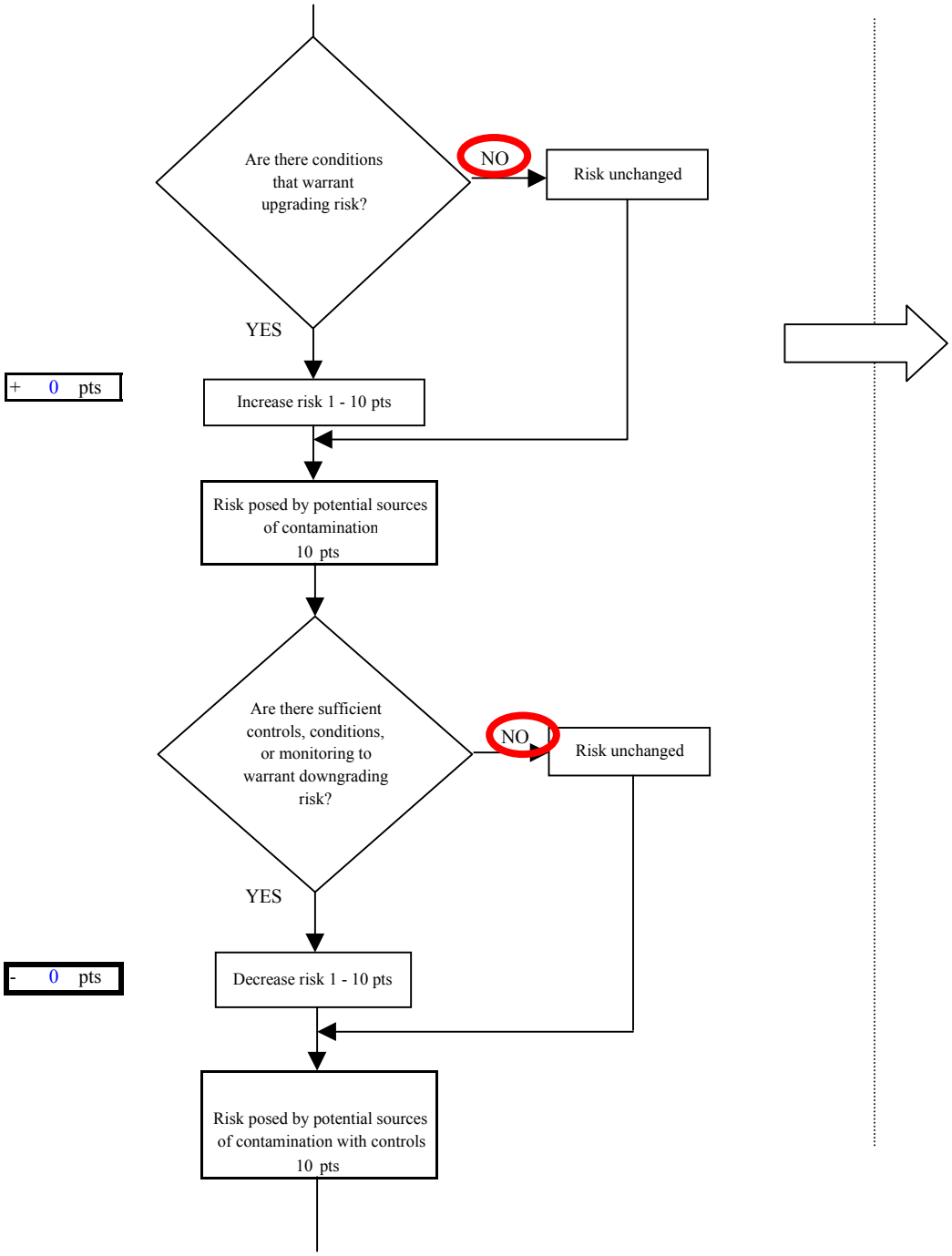
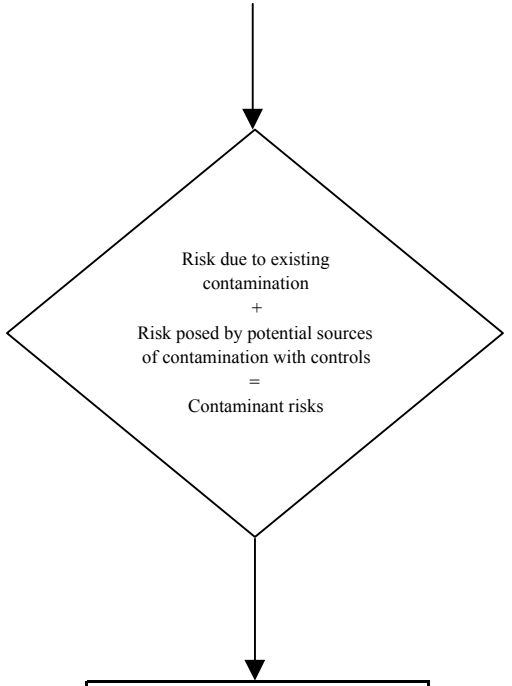


Chart 11. Contaminant risks for Aleutian Estates - Synthetic Organic Chemicals





Existing
0 pts
+
Potential
10 pts
=
Contaminant Risk
10 pts

Contaminant risks*
= 10 pts

*Truncate risk at 50 pts

Low

Contaminant Risk Ratings

40 to 50 pts	very high
30 to < 40 pts	high
20 to < 30 pts	medium
< 20 pts	low

Chart 12. Vulnerability analysis for Aleutian Estates - Synthetic Organic Chemicals

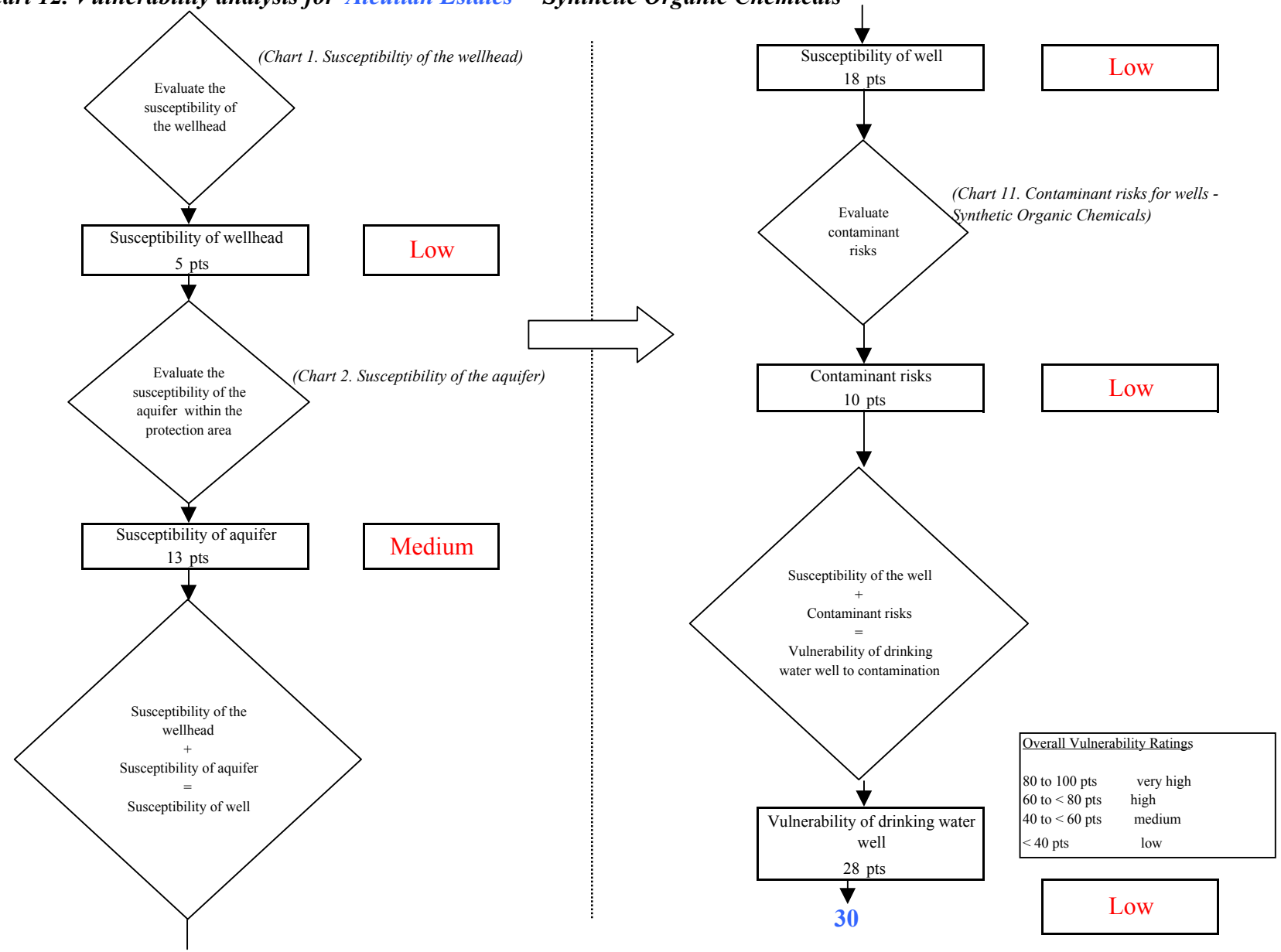


Chart 13. Contaminant risks for Aleutain Estates - Other Organic Chemicals

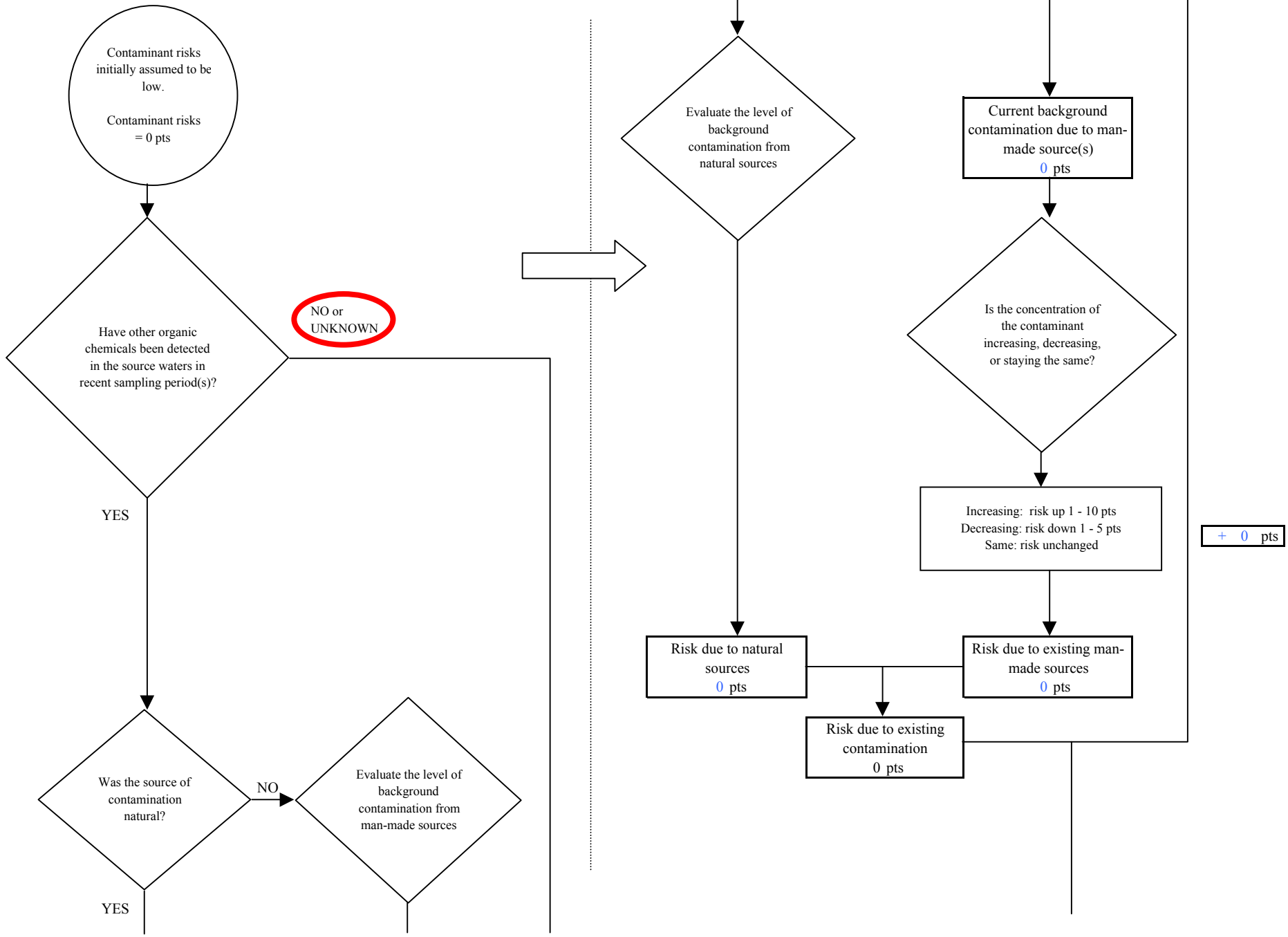


Chart 13. Contaminant risks for Aleutain Estates - Other Organic Chemicals

+ 10 pts

What level of risk is associated with the highest and the next highest risk sources(s) of contaminants identified in Zones A, B and C?

Risk Levels for Contaminant Sources identified in Zones A, B and C			
	Zone A	Zones B&C	Total
Very Highs(s)	0	0	0
High(s)	0	0	0
Medium(s)	0	0	0
Low(s)	3	4	7

	LOW 10 pts	**MEDIUM** 20 pts	**HIGH** 30 pts	**VERY HIGH** 40 pts
LOW	≥ 10 sources + 10 pts	≥ 10 sources + 5 pts	≥ 20 sources + 5 pts	----
MEDIUM	----	≥ 2 sources + 5 pts	≥ 5 sources + 5 pts	≥ 10 sources + 5 pts
HIGH	----	----	≥ 1 source + 10 pts	≥ 2 sources + 10 pts
VERY HIGH	----	----	----	≥ 1 source + 10 pts

Matrix Score 10

Note: Septic systems, sewerlines, and roads are each assigned a risk ranking for each individual contaminant source in the CSI. The VA, however, counts these contaminant sources as a group and assigns a calculated number of either "lows" or "mediums" based on the density.

Initial assessment of risk posed by potential sources of contamination = 10 pts

Is the source aquifer fractured rock or karst?

YES

NO

Are all of the higher risk sources beyond Zones A and B?

NO

Risk unchanged

YES

Decrease risk 1 - 10 pts

- 0 pts

Are any significant sources within Zone A?

NO

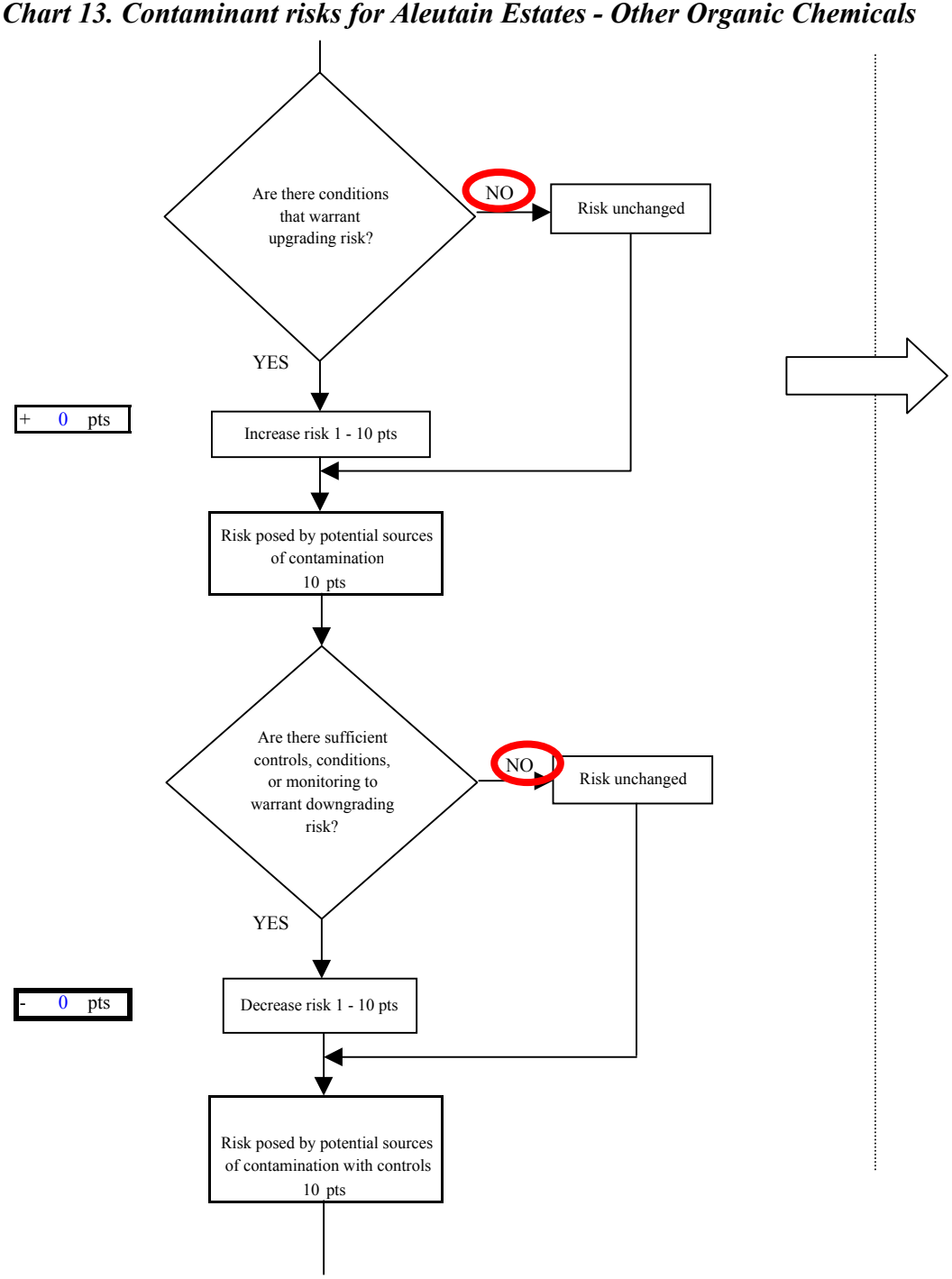
Risk unchanged

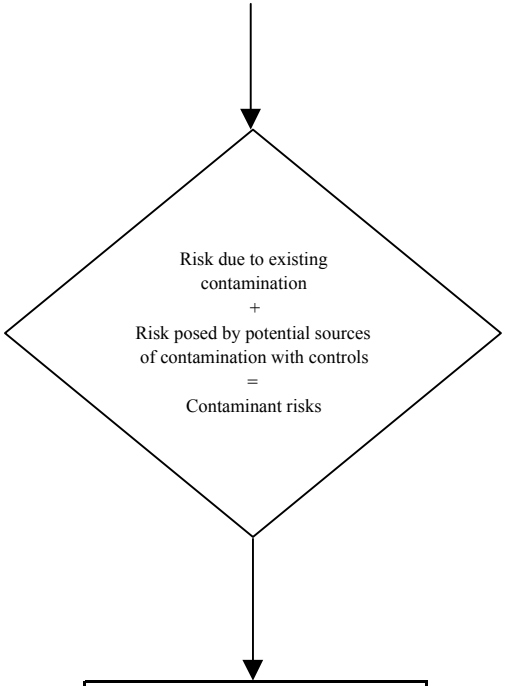
YES

Increase risk 1 - 10 pts

+ 0 pts

Chart 13. Contaminant risks for Aleutain Estates - Other Organic Chemicals





Existing
0 pts
+
Potential
10 pts
=
Contaminant Risk
10 pts

Contaminant risks*
= 10 pts

*Truncate risk at 50 pts

Low

Contaminant Risk Ratings

40 to 50 pts	very high
30 to < 40 pts	high
20 to < 30 pts	medium
< 20 pts	low

Chart 14. Vulnerability analysis for Aleutain Estates - Other Organic Chemicals