



# **Source Water Assessment**

A Hydrogeologic Susceptibility and
Vulnerability Assessment for
Glennallen Waterworks (formerly Hickok &
Sons)
Drinking Water System,

PWSID # 291499.001

Glennallen, Alaska

June 2004

DRINKING WATER PROTECTION PROGRAM REPORT 1359 Alaska Department of Environmental Conservation

# Source Water Assessment for Glennallen Waterworks (formerly Hickok & Sons)

Drinking Water System Glennallen, Alaska

PWSID # 291499.001

DRINKING WATER PROTECTION PROGRAM REPORT 1359

The Drinking Water Protection Program (DWPP) is producing Source Water Assessments in compliance with the Safe Drinking Water Act Amendments of 1996. Each assessment includes a delineation of the source water area, an inventory of potential and existing contaminant sources that may impact the water, a risk ranking for each of these contaminants, and an evaluation of the potential vulnerability of these drinking water sources.

These assessments are intended to provide public water systems owners/operators, communities, and local governments with the best available information that may be used to protect the quality of their drinking water. The assessments combine information obtained from various sources, including the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Alaska Department of Environmental Conservation (ADEC), public water system owners/operators, and other public information sources. The results of this assessment are subject to change if additional data becomes available. It is anticipated this assessment will be updated every five years to reflect any changes in the vulnerability and/or susceptibility of public drinking water source. If you have any additional information that may affect the results of this assessment, please contact the Program Coordinator of DWPP, (907) 269-7521.

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# Source Water Assessment for Glennallen Waterworks (formerly Hickok & Sons) Source of Public Drinking Water, Glennallen, Alaska

# **Drinking Water Protection Program Alaska Department of Environmental Conservation**

#### EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Glennallen Waterworks (formerly Hickok & Sons) has two Public Water System (PWS) wells. This report pertains exclusively to the first of the two wells (PWS No. 291499.001). It can be assumed that the well has been used as a drinking water source since it was drilled in July of 1976.

The well is a Class A (community and non-transient/non-community) water system located at mile 187.5 of the Glenn Highway, in Glennallen, Alaska. The 2002 sanitary survey indicates that there is a storage tank with a 5000-gallon capacity. Records also indicate that the drinking water source is untreated. It is assumed that this system operates year round. This system serves approximately 120 residents and 240 non-residents through 2 service connections. The wellhead received a susceptibility rating of **Low** and the aquifer received a susceptibility rating of **High**. Combining these two ratings produce a **Low** rating for the natural susceptibility of the well.

Identified potential and current sources of contaminants for the public drinking water source include: roads, a pipeline, gas stations, a Laundromat, motor/motor vehicle repair shops, underground gasoline tanks, nonresidential heating oil tanks, DEC recognized contaminated sites, closed leaking underground fuel storage tank (LUST) sites. monitoring wells, soil borings, petroleum product bulk station/terminals, and electric power generation. A detailed inventory of potential or existing contamination sources can be found in Appendix B, Table 1. These identified potential and existing sources of contamination are considered as sources of bacteria and viruses, nitrates and/or nitrites, volatile organic chemicals, heavy metals, cyanide and other inorganic chemicals, synthetic organic chemicals, and other organic chemicals contaminant categories.

Overall, the water well received a vulnerability rating of **High** for volatile organic chemicals, heavy metals, cyanide and other inorganic chemicals, and other organic chemicals; a vulnerability rating of **Medium** 

for nitrates and nitrites, and synthetic organic chemicals; and a vulnerability rating of **Low** for bacteria and viruses.

#### PUBLIC DRINKING WATER SYSTEM

The Glennallen Waterworks (formerly Hickok & Sons) well is a Class A (community/non-transient/non-community) public water system. The system is located at mile 187.5 of the Glenn Highway, in Glennallen, Alaska. (Sec. 23, T004N, R002W, Copper River Meridian; see Map A of Appendix A). Glennallen is located at the junction of the Glenn and Richardson Highways, approximately 189 miles east of Anchorage. The community has a population of 574 (ADCED, 2003). Average annual precipitation for Glennallen is 9 inches, including approximately 39 inches of snowfall. Temperatures typically range between –10 in January to 56°F in July.

Households in Glennallen have individual wells and septic systems. Almost all homes are fully plumbed, and refuse is collected by a private firm, Copper Valley Construction, and is transported to the landfill operated by a private operator, Copper Basin Sanitation (ADCED, 2003). Copper Valley Electric Association, a REA cooperative, provides electricity. Power-generating facilities are hydro powered with diesel backups (ADCED, 2003).

According to information supplied by ADEC for the Glennallen Waterworks (formerly Hickok & Sons) PWS, the depth of the primary water well is 103 feet below the ground surface. Based on available well construction details, it is unknown if the well is screened. The well is in a confined aquifer. The well is not located within a floodplain.

Information acquired from a December 2002 sanitary survey for the public water system indicated that the land surface was sloped away from the well. Generally, land surfaces that slope away from the wellhead promote surface water drainage, which reduces the potential of contaminant migration down the well casing annulus. The sanitary survey indicates that the well is grouted according to ADEC

regulations. Proper grouting provides added protection against contaminants traveling along the well casing annulus and into source waters.

The Glennallen area is in the southeastern portion of the Copper River basin, in southeastern Interior Alaska. The Copper River basin, ranging from 500 to over 4,000 feet above sea level, is an intermontane basin rimmed by peaks of the Chugach, Alaska, Talkeetna, and Wrangell mountains. The terrain of the basin can be divided into two physiographic subunits: the rolling, hummocky Copper River basin piedmont surface, and the Copper River basin trough. The Copper River basin trough is generally flat and lacks the hummocky, rolling character of the piedmont surface (Nichols 1956).

The terrain, geology of the unconsolidated deposits, and foundation materials of the Copper River basin are related to Pleistocene and recent events. Glaciers from the Chugach, Wrangell, Talkeetna, and Alaska Ranges repeatedly invaded the basin, perhaps at times filling it and flowing across the divides to the north, west, east, and south. Such extensive glaciation has resulted in the deposition of large thicknesses of coarse glacial boulder clays (till) and coarse outwash gravel and sand on the piedmont surface, with finer till and outwash interbedded with lake deposits in the basin trough (Nichols 1956).

The Glennallen area is within the discontinuous permafrost zone (Nichols 1956).

Surface soils in the area generally consist of silt and clay with pebbles underlain by boulder clay with till, underlain by glacial outwash sand and gravel, underlain by boulder clay or till (Nichols 1956).

#### DRINKING WATER PROTECTION AREA

In order to evaluate whether a drinking water source is at risk, we must first evaluate what the most likely pathways for surface contamination to reach the groundwater are. These areas are determined by looking at the characteristics of the soil, groundwater, aquifer, and well.

The most probable area for contamination to reach the drinking water well is the area that contributes water to the well, the groundwater recharge area. This area is designated as the drinking water protection area (DWPA). Because releases of contaminants within the protection area are most likely to impact the drinking water well, this area will serve as the focus for voluntary protection efforts.

An analytical calculation was used to determine the size and shape of the DWPA for the Glennallen Waterworks (formerly Hickok & Sons) PWS. The input parameters describing the attributes of the aquifer in this calculation were adopted from Groundwater (Freeze and Cherry, 1979). Available geology and groundwater contours were also considered to take into account any uncertainties in groundwater flow and aquifer characteristics to arrive at a meaningful protection area.

The protection areas established for wells by the ADEC are usually separated into four zones, limited by the watershed. These zones correspond to differences in the time-of-travel (TOT) of the water moving through the aquifer to the well (Please refer to the Guidance Manual for Class A Public Water Systems for additional information).

The time of travel for contaminants within the water varies and is dependent on the physical and chemical characteristics of each contaminant. The following is a summary of the four protection area zones for wells and the calculated time -of-travel for each:

**Table 1. Definition of Zones** 

el
e

The DWPA for the Glennallen Waterworks (formerly Hickok & Sons) PWS was determined using an analytical calculation and includes Zones A, B, C, and D (See Map A of Appendix A).

# INVENTORY OF POTENTIAL AND EXISTING CONTAMINANT SOURCES

The Drinking Water Protection Program has completed an inventory of potential and existing sources of contamination within the Glennallen Waterworks (formerly Hickok & Sons) DWPA. This inventory was completed through a search of agency records and other publicly available information. Potential sources of contamination to the drinking water aquifer include a wide range of categories and types. Potential drinking water contaminants are found within agricultural, residential, commercial, and industrial areas, but can also occur within areas that have little or no development.

For the basis of all Class A public water system assessments, six categories of drinking water contaminants were inventoried. They include:

- Bacteria and viruses.
- Nitrates and/or nitrites,
- Volatile organic chemicals,
- Heavy metals, cyanide and other inorganic chemicals,
- Synthetic organic chemicals,
- Other organic chemicals.

The sources are displayed on Map C of Appendix C and summarized in Table 1 of Appendix B.

### RANKING OF CONTAMINANT RISKS

Once the potential and existing sources of contamination have been identified, they are assigned a ranking according to what type and level of risk they represent. Ranking of contaminant risks for a "potential" or "existing" source of contamination is a function of toxicity and volumes of specific contaminants associated with that source. Rankings include:

- Low.
- Medium.
- High, and
- Very High.

The time-of-travel for contaminants within the water varies and is dependent on the physical and chemical characteristics of each contaminant. Bacteria and Viruses are only inventoried in Zones A and B because of their short life span. Only "Very High" and "High" rankings are inventoried within the outer Zone D due to the probability of contaminant dilution by the time the contaminants get to the well. Tables 2 through 4 in Appendix B contain the ranking of potential and existing sources of contamination with respect to bacteria and viruses, nitrates and/or nitrites, volatile organic chemicals, heavy metals, cyanide and other inorganic chemicals, synthetic organic chemicals, and other organic chemicals.

# VULNERABILITY OF THE DRINKING WATER SYSTEM

Vulnerability of a drinking water source to contamination is a combination of two factors:

- Natural susceptibility, and
- Contaminant risks.

Appendix D contains fourteen charts, which together form the 'Vulnerability Analysis' for a source water assessment for a public drinking water source. Chart 1 analyzes the 'Susceptibility of the Wellhead' to

contamination by looking at the construction of the well and its surrounding area. Chart 2 analyzes the 'Susceptibility of the Aquifer' to contamination by looking at the naturally occurring attributes of the water source and influences on the groundwater system that might lead to contamination. Chart 3 analyzes 'Contaminant Risks' for the drinking water source with respect to bacteria and viruses. The 'Contaminant Risks' portion of the analysis considers potential sources of contaminants as well as a review of contamination that has or may have occurred, but has not arrived or been detected at the well. Chart 4 contains the 'Vulnerability Analysis for Bacteria and Viruses'. Charts 5 through 14 contain the Contaminant Risks and Vulnerability Analyses for nitrates and nitrites, volatile organic chemicals, heavy metals, cyanide and other inorganic chemicals, synthetic organic chemicals, and other organic chemicals, respectively.

A score for the Natural Susceptibility is reached by considering the properties of the well and the aquifer.

Susceptibility of the Wellhead (0 – 25 Points) (Chart 1 of Appendix D)

+

Susceptibility of the Aquifer (0 – 25 Points) (Chart 2 of Appendix D)

=

Natural Susceptibility (Susceptibility of the Well) (0-50 Points)

A ranking is assigned for the Natural Susceptibility according to the point score:

Natural Susceptibility Ratings							
40 to 50 pts	Very High						
30 to < 40 pts	High						
20 to < 30 pts	Medium						
< 20 pts	Low						

The Glennallen Waterworks (formerly Hickok & Sons) water well is in a confined aquifer. Unconfined aquifers are more susceptible to potential groundwater quality impacts posed by the migration of surface water contaminants downward from the surface. Table 2 shows the susceptibility scores and ratings for this PWS.

**Table 2. Susceptibility** 

C clay (d	Score	Rating
Susceptibility of the	U	Low
Wellhead		
Susceptibility of the	17	High
Aquifer		
Natural Susceptibility	17	Low

Contaminant risks to a drinking water source depend on the type, number or density, and distribution of contaminant sources. This score has been derived from an examination of existing and historical contamination that has been detected at the drinking water source through routine sampling. It also evaluates potential sources of contamination. Flow charts are used to assign a point score, and ratings are assigned in the same way as for the natural susceptibility:

Contaminant Risk Ratings						
40 to 50 pts	Very High					
30 to < 40 pts	High					
20 to < 30 pts	Medium					
< 20 pts	Low					

Table 3 summarizes the Contaminant Risks for each category of drinking water contaminants.

Table 3. Contaminant Risks

Category	Score	Rating
Bacteria and Viruses	22	Medium
Nitrates and/or Nitrites	23	Medium
Volatile Organic Chemical	s 50	Very High
Heavy Metals, Cyanide an	d	
Other Inorganic Chemicals	50	Very High
Synthetic Organic Chemica	als 25	Medium
Other Organic Chemicals	50	Very High

Finally, an overall vulnerability score is assigned for each water system by combining each of the contaminant risk scores with the natural susceptibility score:

Natural Susceptibility (0 – 50 points)

+

Contaminant Risks (0 – 50 points)

=

Vulnerability of the Drinking Water Source to Contamination (0 – 100).

Again, rankings are assigned according to a point score:

Overall Vulnerability Ratings							
80 to 100 pts	Very High						
60 to < 80 pts	High						
40 to < 60 pts	Medium						
< 40 pts	Low						

Table 4 contains the overall vulnerability scores (0 – 100) and ratings for each of the six categories of drinking water contaminants. Note: scores are rounded off to the nearest five.

**Table 4. Overall Vulnerability** 

Category	Score	Rating
Bacteria and Viruses	35	Low
Nitrates and Nitrites	40	Medium
Volatile Organic Chemicals	65	High
Heavy Metals, Cyanide and		
Other Inorganic Chemicals	65	High
Synthetic Organic Chemicals	40	Medium
Other Organic Chemicals	65	High

### **Bacteria and Viruses**

The contaminant risk for bacteria and viruses is **Medium**. The risk is primarily attributed to the presence of soil borings in Zone B. Other potential contaminant sources are also found within the protection area (see Table 2 – Appendix B).

Coliform (a bacteria) are found naturally in the environment and although they aren't necessarily a health threat, they are an indicator of other potentially harmful bacteria in the water, more specifically, fecal coliform and E. coli, which only come from human and animal fecal waste. Harmful bacteria can cause diarrhea, cramps, nausea, headaches, or other symptoms (EPA, 2003).

No positive bacteria counts have been reported in recent (within five years) sampling events (See Chart 3 – Contaminant Risks for Bacteria and Viruses in Appendix D). Only a small amount of bacteria and viruses are required to endanger public health.

After combining the contaminant risk for bacteria and viruses with the natural susceptibility of the well, the overall vulnerability of the well to contamination is **Low**.

#### **Nitrates and Nitrites**

The contaminant risk for nitrates and nitrites is **Medium**. The risk to this source of public drinking water is primarily attributed to to the presence of a domestic wastewater collection systems and soil borings in Zone B. Other potential contaminant sources are also found within the protection area (see Table 3 – Appendix B).

Nitrates are very mobile, moving at approximately the same rate as water. The sampling history for this well indicates nitrates have been below the detection level in recent sampling events.

Nitrate concentrations in uncontaminated groundwater are typically less than 2 mg/L; therefore, nitrate concentrations above 2 mg/L may be indicative of man-made sources (See Chart 5 - Contaminant Risks for Nitrates and/or Nitrites in Appendix D).

After combining the contaminant risk for nitrates and nitrites with the natural susceptibility of the well, the overall vulnerability of the well to nitrate and nitrite contamination is **Medium**.

### **Volatile Organic Chemicals**

The contaminant risk for volatile organic chemicals is **Very High**. The risk is primarily attributed to the presence of petroleum product bulk station/terminals in Zone B. Many other potential contaminant sources are also found within the protection area (see Table 4 – Appendix B).

All recent sampling data for VOCs were below detection levels for Glennallen Waterworks (formerly Hickok & Sons) (See Chart 7 – Contaminant Risks for Volatile Organic Chemicals in Appendix D).

After combining the contaminant risk for volatile organic chemicals with the natural susceptibility of the well, the overall vulnerability of the well to contamination is **High**.

# Heavy Metals, Cyanide and Other Inorganic Chemicals

The contaminant risk for heavy metals, cyanide and other inorganic chemicals is **Very High**. The risk is primarily attributed to the presence of a motor vehicle repair shop, underground gasoline tanks, monitoring wells, soil borings, and electric power

generation located in Zone B. Other potential contaminant sources are also found within the protection area (see Table 5 – Appendix B).

Based on review of recent sampling records for this public water system, high levels of antimony have been detected in recent sampling history, and have exceeded the MCL (of 0.006 mg/l) (see Chart 9 – Contaminant Risks for Heavy Metals, Cyanide, and Other Inorganic Chemicals in Appendix D).

After combining the contaminant risk for heavy metals, cyanide and other inorganic chemicals with the natural susceptibility of the well, the overall vulnerability of the well to contamination is **High**.

### **Synthetic Organic Chemicals**

The contaminant risk for synthetic organic chemicals is **Medium**. The risk is primarily attributed to the presence of soil borings in Zone B. Other potential contaminant sources are also found within the protection area (see Table 6 – Appendix B).

No recent sampling data was available in ADEC records for Glennallen Waterworks (formerly Hickok & Sons) (See Chart 11 – Contaminant Risks for Synthetic Organic Chemicals in Appendix D).

After combining the contaminant risk for synthetic organic chemicals with the natural susceptibility of the well, the overall vulnerability of the well to contamination is **Medium**.

### **Other Organic Chemicals**

The contaminant risk for other organic chemicals is **Very High.** The risk is primarily attributed to the presence of a pipeline, petroleum product bulk terminals, and electric power generation in Zones A, B, and D. Other potential contaminant sources are also found within the protection area (see Table 7 – Appendix B).

No recent sampling data was available in ADEC records for Glennallen Waterworks (formerly Hickok & Sons) (See Chart 13 – Contaminant Risks for Other Organic Chemicals in Appendix D).

After combining the contaminant risk for other organic chemicals with the natural susceptibility of the well, the overall vulnerability of the well to contamination is **High.** 

### **Using the Source Water Assessment**

This assessment of contaminant risks can be used as a foundation for local voluntary protection efforts as

well as a basis for the continuous efforts on the part of Glennallen Waterworks (formerly Hickok & Sons) and the community of Glennallen to protect public health. It is anticipated that Source Water Assessments will be updated every five years to reflect any changes in the vulnerability and/or susceptibility of the drinking water source.

### **REFERENCES**

- Alaska Department of Community and Economic Development (ADCED), 2003 [WWW document]. URL: <a href="http://www.dced.state.ak.us/cbd/commdb/CF">http://www.dced.state.ak.us/cbd/commdb/CF</a> COMDB.htm
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- Nichols, Donald R. Permafrost and Groundwater Conditions in the Glennallen area, Alaska Open File Report 56-91, U.S. Geological Survey, dated January 1956.
- United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA), 2002 [WWW document]. URL <a href="http://www.epa.gov/safewater/mcl.html">http://www.epa.gov/safewater/mcl.html</a>.

# **APPENDIX A**

# Drinking Water Protection Area Location Map (Map A)

# **APPENDIX B**

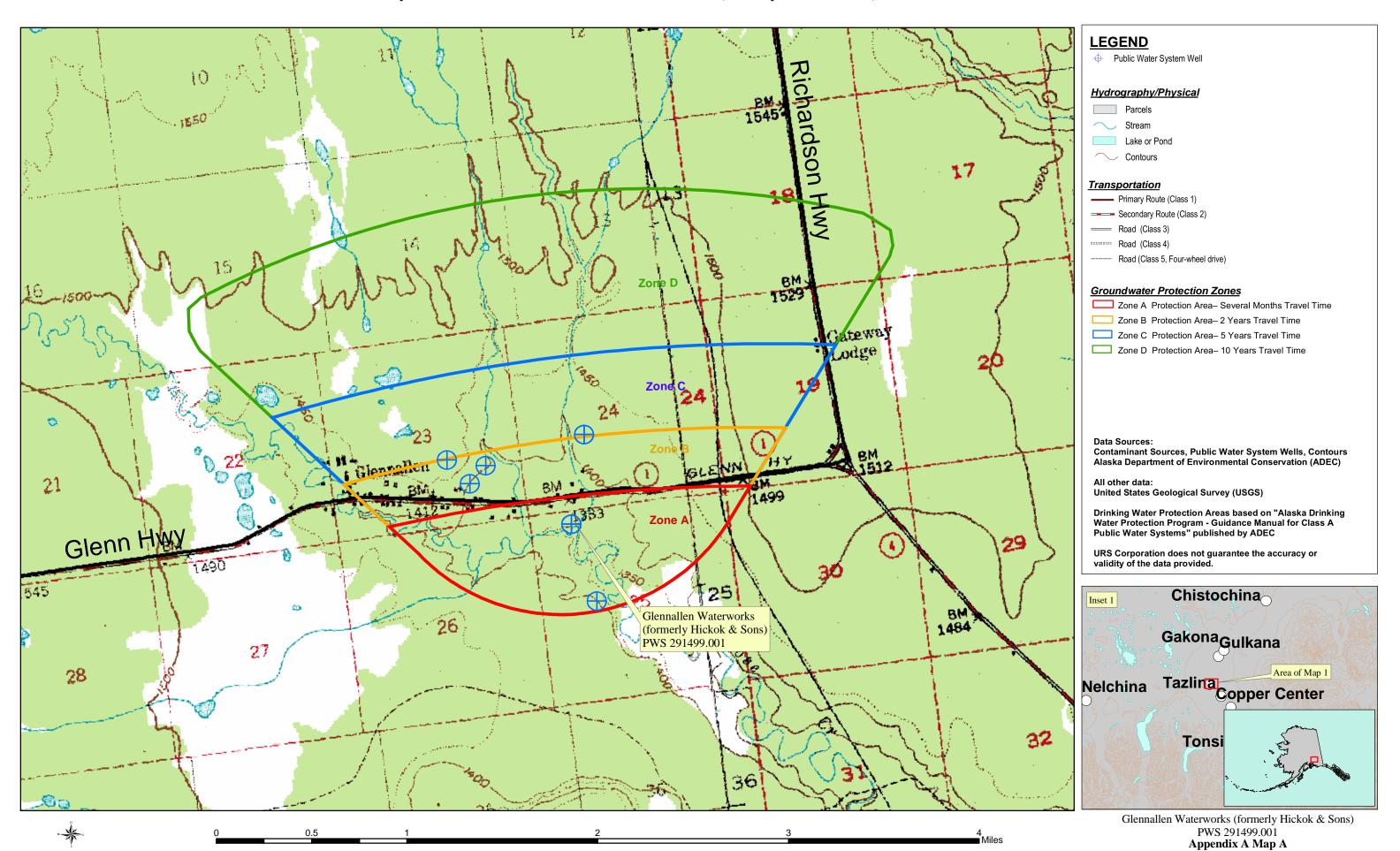
# Contaminant Source Inventory and Risk Ranking (Tables 1-7)

# **APPENDIX C**

# Drinking Water Protection Area and Potential and Existing Contaminant Sources (Map C)

# **APPENDIX D**

Vulnerability Analysis for Public Drinking Water Source (Charts 1-14)



# Contaminant Source Inventory for Glennallen Waterworks (formerly Hickok & Sons)

### PWSID 291499.001

Contaminant Source Type	Contaminant Source ID	CS ID tag	Zone	Map Number	Comments
Highways and roads, dirt/gravel	X24	X24-01	A	С	Assume 1-20 roads in Zone A
Pipelines (oil and gas)	X28	X28-01	A	С	Trans-Alaska Pipeline
Gasoline stations (with repair shop)	C16	C16-01	В	С	GLENNALLEN CHEVRON
Laundromats without dry cleaning	C22	C22-01	В	С	Washeteria
Motor /motor vehicle repair shops	C31	C31-01	В	С	SEND MAINTENANCE SHOP
Domestic wastewater collection systems (sewer lines or lift stations)	D01	D01-01	В	С	Alaska Bible College
Tanks, heating oil, residential (above ground)	R08	R08-01	В	С	
Tanks, gasoline (underground)	T12	T12-01	В	С	GLENNALLEN CHEVRON
Tanks, gasoline (underground)	T12	T12-02	В	С	GLENNALLEN CHEVRON
Tanks, gasoline (underground)	T12	T12-03	В	С	GLENNALLEN CHEVRON
Tanks, gasoline (underground)	T12	T12-04	В	С	SEND MAINTENANCE SHOP
Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground)	T14	T14-01	В	С	KCAM 790
Contaminated sites, DEC recognized, non-Superfund, non-RCRA	U04	U04-01	В	С	CVEA Glennallen Ethylene Glycol: Reckey# 1995240927901, Status: Closed, 500 gallon release of ethylene glycol from a subsurface concrete vault. GW contamination. The glycol followed the piping conduit until it reached the generator. High levels in soil.
Contaminated sites, DEC recognized, non-Superfund, non-RCRA	U04	U04-02	В	С	CVEA Glennallen Tank Liner: Reckey# 1994240126901, Status: Closed, Tank Farm EPH contamination exists in the shallow soil below the tank liner. Deeper contamination exists at location of soil borings AST-4 and AST-7. Similar to Reckey# 1981240130502
Contaminated sites, DEC recognized, non-Superfund, non-RCRA	U04	U04-03	В	С	CVEA Glennallen Plant Mgr Residence: Reckey# 1994240931801, Status: Closed, A release of approx. 200-300 gallons of antifreeze (ethylene glycol) occurred under the plant manager's house during the week of 11/7- 11/14/94. Release confined to shallow soil
Contaminated sites, DEC recognized, non-Superfund, non-RCRA	U04	U04-04	В	С	CVEA Glennallen Power Plant GW: Reckey# 1991240130502, Status: Active, During removal of 1,000-gallon gasoline UST, contaminated soil and groundwater were discovered and 500-600 cubic yards of soil was stockpiled at the site.

Contaminant Source Type	Contaminant Source ID	CS ID tag	Zone	Map Number	Comments
Contaminated sites, DEC recognized, non-Superfund, non-RCRA	U04	U04-05	В	С	CVEA Glennallen Tank Liner: Reckey# 1994240126901, Status: Closed, Tank Farm EPH contamination exists in the shallow soil below the tank liner. Deeper contamination exists at location of soil borings AST-4 and AST-7. Similar to Reckey# 1981240130502
Contaminated sites, DEC recognized, non-Superfund, non-RCRA	U04	U04-06	В	С	AT&T Alascom Glennallen Repeater: Reckey# 1997240114005, Status: Closed, 10 cubic yards of DRO contaminated soil near incinerator - site may have TCE as a co-contaminant. Site acreage is 2.5.
Closed Leaking Underground Fuel Storage Tank (LUST) Sites	U08	U08-01	В	С	COPPER VALLEY ELECTRIC ASSOC.: Reckey# 1991240030502, Priority: LOW, Contamination noted during underground storage tank removal. Gasoline contamination in soil upgradient from excavation. Extent of contamination is being investigated.
Closed Leaking Underground Fuel Storage Tank (LUST) Sites	U08	U08-02	В	С	GLENNALLEN REPEATER: Reckey# 1991240028402, Priority: NE 50 cubic yards of gasoline and diesel contamination.
Closed Leaking Underground Fuel Storage Tank (LUST) Sites	U08	U08-03	В	С	GLENNALLEN CHEVRON: Reckey# 1992240024801, Priority-Medium Vandal left hose running on ground from underground gasoline tank.
Monitoring wells	W06	W06-01	В	С	CVEA Glennallen Ethylene Glycol
Soil borings	W08	W08-01	В	С	CVEA Glennallen Tank Liner
Petroleum product bulk station/terminals	X11	X11-01	В	С	CVEA Glennallen Tank Liner
Petroleum product bulk station/terminals	X11	X11-02	В	С	
Highways and roads, dirt/gravel	X24	X24-02	В	С	Assume 1-20 roads in Zone B
Electric power generation (fossil fuels)	X36	X36-01	В	С	CVEA Glennallen Power Plant GW
Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground)	T14	T14-02	D	С	COPPER VALLEY ELEC GLENNALLEN DIESEL PL
Electric power generation (fossil fuels)	X36	X36-02	D	С	COPPER VALLEY ELEC GLENNALLEN DIESEL PL

### Table 2

### Contaminant Source Inventory and Risk Ranking for Glennallen Waterworks (formerly Hickok & Sons) Sources of Bacteria and Viruses

Contaminant Source Type	Contaminant Source ID	CS ID tag	Zone	Risk Ranking for Analysis	Map Number	Comments
Highways and roads, dirt/gravel	X24	X24-01	A	Low	С	Assume 1-20 roads in Zone A
Highways and roads, dirt/gravel	X24	X24-01	A	Low	C	Assume 1-20 roads in Zone A
Laundromats without dry cleaning	C22	C22-01	В	Low	C	Washeteria
Closed Leaking Underground Fuel Storage Tank (LUST) Sites	U08	U08-01	В	Low	С	COPPER VALLEY ELECTRIC ASSOC.: Reckey# 1991240030502, Priority: LOW, Contamination noted during underground storage tank removal. Gasoline contamination in soil upgradient from excavation. Extent of contamination is being investigated.
Closed Leaking Underground Fuel Storage Tank (LUST) Sites	U08	U08-02	В	Low	С	GLENNALLEN REPEATER: Reckey# 1991240028402, Priority: NE 50 cubic yards of gasoline and diesel contamination.
Closed Leaking Underground Fuel Storage Tank (LUST) Sites	U08	U08-03	В	Low	С	GLENNALLEN CHEVRON: Reckey# 1992240024801, Priority-Medium Vandal left hose running on ground from underground gasoline tank.
Soil borings	W08	W08-01	В	Medium	С	CVEA Glennallen Tank Liner
Highways and roads, dirt/gravel	X24	X24-02	В	Low	С	Assume 1-20 roads in Zone B
Highways and roads, dirt/gravel	X24	X24-02	В	Low	С	Assume 1-20 roads in Zone B

### Table 3

### Contaminant Source Inventory and Risk Ranking for Glennallen Waterworks (formerly Hickok & Sons) Sources of Nitrates/Nitrites

Contaminant Source Type	Contaminant Source ID	CS ID tag	Zone	Risk Ranking for Analysis	Map Number	Comments
Highways and roads, dirt/gravel	X24	X24-01	A	Low	C	Assume 1-20 roads in Zone A
Highways and roads, dirt/gravel	X24	X24-01	A	Low	С	Assume 1-20 roads in Zone A
Laundromats without dry cleaning	C22	C22-01	В	Low	С	Washeteria
Domestic wastewater collection systems (sewer lines or lift stations)	D01	D01-01	В	Medium	С	Alaska Bible College
Closed Leaking Underground Fuel Storage Tank (LUST) Sites	U08	U08-01	В	Low	С	COPPER VALLEY ELECTRIC ASSOC.: Reckey# 1991240030502, Priority: LOW, Contamination noted during underground storage tank removal. Gasoline contamination in soil upgradient from excavation. Extent of contamination is being investigated.
Closed Leaking Underground Fuel Storage Tank (LUST) Sites	U08	U08-02	В	Low	С	GLENNALLEN REPEATER: Reckey# 1991240028402, Priority: NE 50 cubic yards of gasoline and diesel contamination.
Closed Leaking Underground Fuel Storage Tank (LUST) Sites	U08	U08-03	В	Low	С	GLENNALLEN CHEVRON: Reckey# 1992240024801, Priority-Medium Vandal left hose running on ground from underground gasoline tank.
Soil borings	W08	W08-01	В	Medium	С	CVEA Glennallen Tank Liner
Highways and roads, dirt/gravel	X24	X24-02	В	Low	С	Assume 1-20 roads in Zone B
Highways and roads, dirt/gravel	X24	X24-02	В	Low	С	Assume 1-20 roads in Zone B

Table 4

# Contaminant Source Inventory and Risk Ranking for Glennallen Waterworks (formerly Hickok & Sons) Sources of Volatile Organic Chemicals

Contaminant Source Type	Contaminant Source ID	CS ID tag	Zone	Risk Ranking for Analysis	Map Number	Comments
Highways and roads, dirt/gravel	X24	X24-01	A	Low	С	Assume 1-20 roads in Zone A
Highways and roads, dirt/gravel	X24	X24-01	A	Low	С	Assume 1-20 roads in Zone A
Pipelines (oil and gas)	X28	X28-01	A	Medium	С	Trans-Alaska Pipeline
Gasoline stations (with repair shop)	C16	C16-01	В	High	С	GLENNALLEN CHEVRON
Laundromats without dry cleaning	C22	C22-01	В	Low	С	Washeteria
Motor /motor vehicle repair shops	C31	C31-01	В	Medium	С	SEND MAINTENANCE SHOP
Domestic wastewater collection systems (sewer lines or lift stations)	D01	D01-01	В	Low	С	Alaska Bible College
Tanks, heating oil, residential (above ground)	R08	R08-01	В	Medium	С	
Tanks, gasoline (underground)	T12	T12-01	В	High	С	GLENNALLEN CHEVRON
Tanks, gasoline (underground)	T12	T12-02	В	High	С	GLENNALLEN CHEVRON
Tanks, gasoline (underground)	T12	T12-03	В	High	С	GLENNALLEN CHEVRON
Tanks, gasoline (underground)	T12	T12-04	В	High	С	SEND MAINTENANCE SHOP
Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground)	T14	T14-01	В	Low	С	KCAM 790
Contaminated sites, DEC recognized, non-Superfund, non-RCRA	U04	U04-01	В	High	С	CVEA Glennallen Ethylene Glycol: Reckey# 1995240927901, Status: Closed, 500 gallon release of ethylene glycol from a subsurface concrete vault. GW contamination. The glycol followed the piping conduit until it reached the generator. High levels in soil.
Contaminated sites, DEC recognized, non-Superfund, non-RCRA	U04	U04-02	В	High	С	CVEA Glennallen Tank Liner: Reckey# 1994240126901, Status: Closed, Tank Farm EPH contamination exists in the shallow soil below the tank liner. Deeper contamination exists at location of soil borings AST-4 and AST-7. Similar to Reckey# 1981240130502
Contaminated sites, DEC recognized, non-Superfund, non-RCRA	U04	U04-03	В	High	С	CVEA Glennallen Plant Mgr Residence: Reckey# 1994240931801, Status: Closed, A release of approx. 200-300 gallons of antifreeze (ethylene glycol) occurred under the plant manager's house during the week of 11/7- 11/14/94. Release confined to shallow soil

### Table 4 (continued)

# Contaminant Source Inventory and Risk Ranking for Glennallen Waterworks (formerly Hickok & Sons) Sources of Volatile Organic Chemicals

Contaminant Source Type	Source ID	CS ID tag	Zone	Risk Ranking for Analysis	Map Number	Comments
Contaminated sites, DEC recognized, non-Superfund, non-RCRA	U04	U04-04	В	High	С	CVEA Glennallen Power Plant GW: Reckey# 1991240130502, Status: Active, During removal of 1,000-gallon gasoline UST, contaminated soil and groundwater were discovered and 500-600 cubic yards of soil was stockpiled at the site.
Contaminated sites, DEC recognized, non-Superfund, non-RCRA	U04	U04-05	В	High	С	CVEA Glennallen Tank Liner: Reckey# 1994240126901, Status: Closed, Tank Farm EPH contamination exists in the shallow soil below the tank liner. Deeper contamination exists at location of soil borings AST-4 and AST-7. Similar to Reckey# 1981240130502
Contaminated sites, DEC recognized, non-Superfund, non-RCRA	U04	U04-06	В	High	С	AT&T Alascom Glennallen Repeater: Reckey# 1997240114005, Status: Closed, 10 cubic yards of DRO contaminated soil near incinerator - site may have TCE as a co-contaminant. Site acreage is 2.5.
Closed Leaking Underground Fuel Storage Tank (LUST) Sites	U08	U08-01	В	High	С	COPPER VALLEY ELECTRIC ASSOC.: Reckey# 1991240030502, Priority: LOW, Contamination noted during underground storage tank removal. Gasoline contamination in soil upgradient from excavation. Extent of contamination is being investigated.
Closed Leaking Underground Fuel Storage Tank (LUST) Sites	U08	U08-02	В	High	С	GLENNALLEN REPEATER: Reckey# 1991240028402, Priority: NE 50 cubic yards of gasoline and diesel contamination.
Closed Leaking Underground Fuel Storage Tank (LUST) Sites	U08	U08-03	В	High	С	GLENNALLEN CHEVRON: Reckey# 1992240024801, Priority-Medium Vandal left hose running on ground from underground gasoline tank.
Soil borings	W08	W08-01	В	Medium	С	CVEA Glennallen Tank Liner
Petroleum product bulk station/terminals	X11	X11-01	В	Very High	С	CVEA Glennallen Tank Liner
Petroleum product bulk station/terminals	X11	X11-02	В	Very High	С	
Highways and roads, dirt/gravel	X24	X24-02	В	Low	С	Assume 1-20 roads in Zone B
Highways and roads, dirt/gravel	X24	X24-02	В	Low	С	Assume 1-20 roads in Zone B
Electric power generation (fossil fuels)	X36	X36-01	В	Medium	С	CVEA Glennallen Power Plant GW

### Table 5

# Contaminant Source Inventory and Risk Ranking for Glennallen Waterworks (formerly Hickok & Sons) Sources of Heavy Metals, Cyanide and Other Inorganic Chemicals

Contaminant Source Type	Contaminant Source ID	CS ID tag	Zone	Risk Ranking for Analysis	Map Number	Comments
Highways and roads, dirt/gravel	X24	X24-01	A	Low	С	Assume 1-20 roads in Zone A
Highways and roads, dirt/gravel	X24	X24-01	A	Low	С	Assume 1-20 roads in Zone A
Pipelines (oil and gas)	X28	X28-01	A	Low	С	Trans-Alaska Pipeline
Gasoline stations (with repair shop)	C16	C16-01	В	Low	С	GLENNALLEN CHEVRON
Motor /motor vehicle repair shops	C31	C31-01	В	Medium	С	SEND MAINTENANCE SHOP
Domestic wastewater collection systems (sewer lines or lift stations)	D01	D01-01	В	Low	С	Alaska Bible College
Tanks, gasoline (underground)	T12	T12-01	В	Medium	С	GLENNALLEN CHEVRON
Tanks, gasoline (underground)	T12	T12-02	В	Medium	С	GLENNALLEN CHEVRON
Tanks, gasoline (underground)	T12	T12-03	В	Medium	С	GLENNALLEN CHEVRON
Tanks, gasoline (underground)	T12	T12-04	В	Medium	С	SEND MAINTENANCE SHOP
Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground)	T14	T14-01	В	Low	С	KCAM 790
Contaminated sites, DEC recognized, non-Superfund, non-RCRA	U04	U04-01	В	Low	С	CVEA Glennallen Ethylene Glycol: Reckey# 1995240927901, Status: Closed, 500 gallon release of ethylene glycol from a subsurface concrete vault. GW contamination. The glycol followed the piping conduit until it reached the generator. High levels in soil.
Contaminated sites, DEC recognized, non-Superfund, non-RCRA	U04	U04-02	В	Low	С	CVEA Glennallen Tank Liner: Reckey# 1994240126901, Status: Closed, Tank Farm EPH contamination exists in the shallow soil below the tank liner. Deeper contamination exists at location of soil borings AST-4 and AST-7. Similar to Reckey# 1981240130502
Contaminated sites, DEC recognized, non-Superfund, non-RCRA	U04	U04-03	В	Low	С	CVEA Glennallen Plant Mgr Residence: Reckey# 1994240931801, Status: Closed, A release of approx. 200-300 gallons of antifreeze (ethylene glycol) occurred under the plant manager's house during the week of 11/7- 11/14/94. Release confined to shallow soil
Contaminated sites, DEC recognized, non-Superfund, non-RCRA	U04	U04-04	В	Low	С	CVEA Glennallen Power Plant GW: Reckey# 1991240130502, Status: Active, During removal of 1,000-gallon gasoline UST, contaminated soil and groundwater were discovered and 500-600 cubic yards of soil was stockpiled at the site.

### Table 5 (continued)

# Contaminant Source Inventory and Risk Ranking for Glennallen Waterworks (formerly Hickok & Sons) Sources of Heavy Metals, Cyanide and Other Inorganic Chemicals

Contaminant Source Type	Contaminant Source ID	CS ID tag	Zone	Risk Ranking for Analysis	Map Number	Comments
Contaminated sites, DEC recognized, non-Superfund, non-RCRA	U04	U04-05	В	Low	С	CVEA Glennallen Tank Liner: Reckey# 1994240126901, Status: Closed, Tank Farm EPH contamination exists in the shallow soil below the tank liner. Deeper contamination exists at location of soil borings AST-4 and AST-7. Similar to Reckey# 1981240130502
Contaminated sites, DEC recognized, non-Superfund, non-RCRA	U04	U04-06	В	Low	С	AT&T Alascom Glennallen Repeater: Reckey# 1997240114005, Status: Closed, 10 cubic yards of DRO contaminated soil near incinerator - site may have TCE as a co-contaminant. Site acreage is 2.5.
Closed Leaking Underground Fuel Storage Tank (LUST) Sites	U08	U08-01	В	Low	С	COPPER VALLEY ELECTRIC ASSOC.: Reckey# 1991240030502, Priority: LOW, Contamination noted during underground storage tank removal. Gasoline contamination in soil upgradient from excavation. Extent of contamination is being investigated.
Closed Leaking Underground Fuel Storage Tank (LUST) Sites	U08	U08-02	В	Low	С	GLENNALLEN REPEATER: Reckey# 1991240028402, Priority: NE 50 cubic yards of gasoline and diesel contamination.
Closed Leaking Underground Fuel Storage Tank (LUST) Sites	U08	U08-03	В	Low	С	GLENNALLEN CHEVRON: Reckey# 1992240024801, Priority-Medium Vandal left hose running on ground from underground gasoline tank.
Monitoring wells	W06	W06-01	В	Medium	С	CVEA Glennallen Ethylene Glycol
Soil borings	W08	W08-01	В	Medium	С	CVEA Glennallen Tank Liner
Petroleum product bulk station/terminals	X11	X11-01	В	Low	С	CVEA Glennallen Tank Liner
Petroleum product bulk station/terminals	X11	X11-02	В	Low	С	
Highways and roads, dirt/gravel	X24	X24-02	В	Low	С	Assume 1-20 roads in Zone B
Highways and roads, dirt/gravel	X24	X24-02	В	Low	С	Assume 1-20 roads in Zone B
Electric power generation (fossil fuels)	X36	X36-01	В	Medium	С	CVEA Glennallen Power Plant GW

### Table 6

# Contaminant Source Inventory and Risk Ranking for Glennallen Waterworks (formerly Hickok & Sons) Sources of Synthetic Organic Chemicals

Contaminant Source Type	Contaminant Source ID	CS ID tag	Zone	Risk Ranking for Analysis	Map Number	Comments
Domestic wastewater collection systems (sewer lines or lift stations)	D01	D01-01	В	Low	С	Alaska Bible College
Contaminated sites, DEC recognized, non-Superfund, non-RCRA	U04	U04-01	В	Low	С	CVEA Glennallen Ethylene Glycol: Reckey# 1995240927901, Status: Closed, 500 gallon release of ethylene glycol from a subsurface concrete vault. GW contamination. The glycol followed the piping conduit until it reached the generator. High levels in soil.
Contaminated sites, DEC recognized, non-Superfund, non-RCRA	U04	U04-02	В	Low	С	CVEA Glennallen Tank Liner: Reckey# 1994240126901, Status: Closed, Tank Farm EPH contamination exists in the shallow soil below the tank liner. Deeper contamination exists at location of soil borings AST-4 and AST-7. Similar to Reckey# 1981240130502
Contaminated sites, DEC recognized, non-Superfund, non-RCRA	U04	U04-03	В	Low	С	CVEA Glennallen Plant Mgr Residence: Reckey# 1994240931801, Status: Closed, A release of approx. 200-300 gallons of antifreeze (ethylene glycol) occurred under the plant manager's house during the week of 11/7- 11/14/94. Release confined to shallow soil
Contaminated sites, DEC recognized, non-Superfund, non-RCRA	U04	U04-04	В	Low	С	CVEA Glennallen Power Plant GW: Reckey# 1991240130502, Status: Active, During removal of 1,000-gallon gasoline UST, contaminated soil and groundwater were discovered and 500-600 cubic yards of soil was stockpiled at the site.
Contaminated sites, DEC recognized, non-Superfund, non-RCRA	U04	U04-05	В	Low	С	CVEA Glennallen Tank Liner: Reckey# 1994240126901, Status: Closed, Tank Farm EPH contamination exists in the shallow soil below the tank liner. Deeper contamination exists at location of soil borings AST-4 and AST-7. Similar to Reckey# 1981240130502
Contaminated sites, DEC recognized, non-Superfund, non-RCRA	U04	U04-06	В	Low	С	AT&T Alascom Glennallen Repeater: Reckey# 1997240114005, Status: Closed, 10 cubic yards of DRO contaminated soil near incinerator - site may have TCE as a co-contaminant. Site acreage is 2.5.
Closed Leaking Underground Fuel Storage Tank (LUST) Sites	U08	U08-01	В	Low	С	COPPER VALLEY ELECTRIC ASSOC.: Reckey# 1991240030502, Priority: LOW, Contamination noted during underground storage tank removal. Gasoline contamination in soil upgradient from excavation. Extent of contamination is being investigated.
Closed Leaking Underground Fuel Storage Tank (LUST) Sites	U08	U08-02	В	Low	С	GLENNALLEN REPEATER: Reckey# 1991240028402, Priority: NE 50 cubic yards of gasoline and diesel contamination.
Closed Leaking Underground Fuel Storage Tank (LUST) Sites	U08	U08-03	В	Low	С	GLENNALLEN CHEVRON: Reckey# 1992240024801, Priority-Medium Vandal left hose running on ground from underground gasoline tank.
Soil borings	W08	W08-01	В	Medium	С	CVEA Glennallen Tank Liner

### PWSID 291499.001

### Table 6 (continued)

# Contaminant Source Inventory and Risk Ranking for Glennallen Waterworks (formerly Hickok & Sons) Sources of Synthetic Organic Chemicals

Contaminant Source Type	Contaminant Source ID	CS ID tag	Zone	Risk Ranking for Analysis	Map Number	Comments
Petroleum product bulk station/terminals	X11	X11-01	В	Low	С	CVEA Glennallen Tank Liner
Petroleum product bulk station/terminals	X11	X11-02	В	Low	С	

### Table 7

# Contaminant Source Inventory and Risk Ranking for Glennallen Waterworks (formerly Hickok & Sons) Sources of Other Organic Chemicals

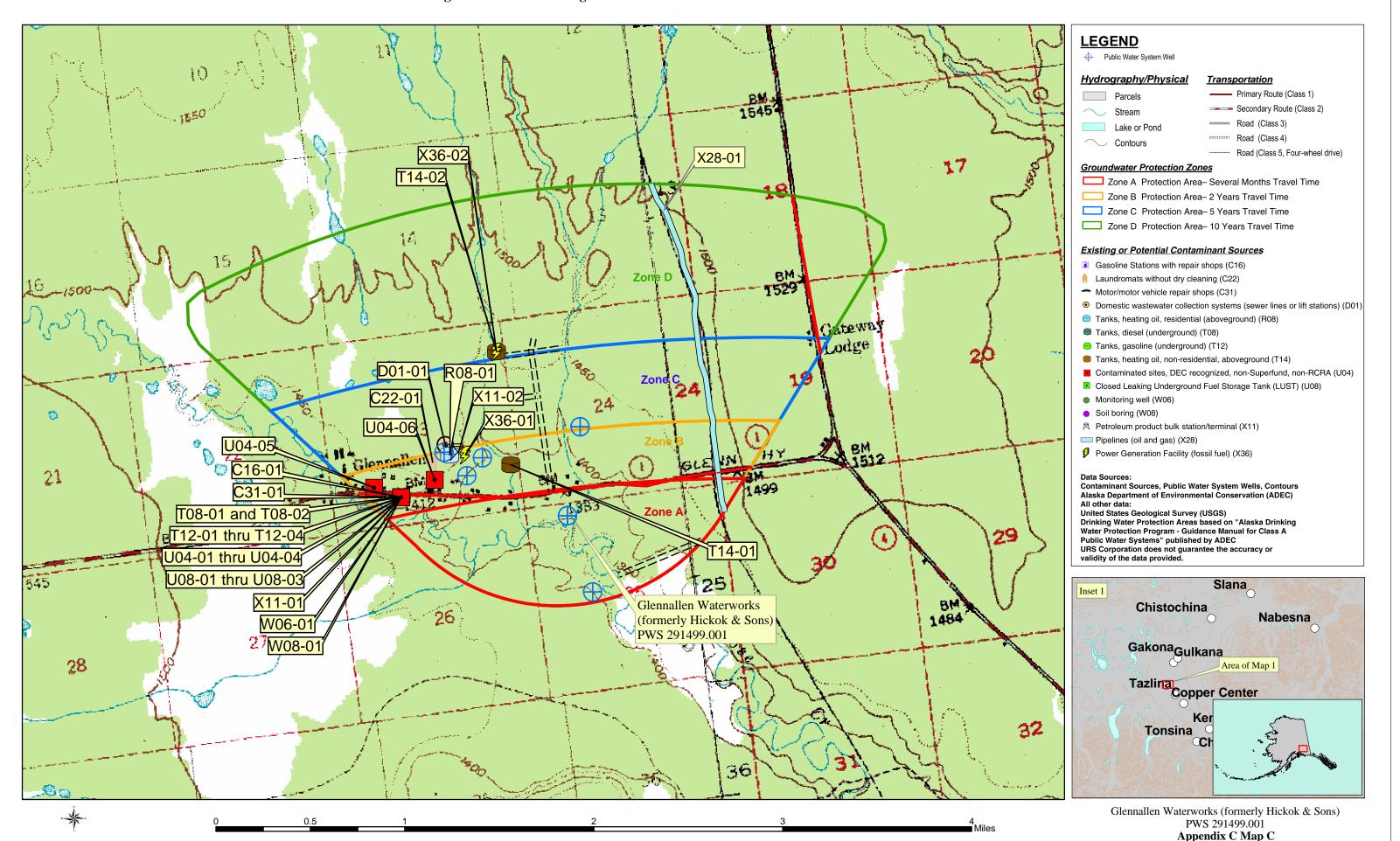
Contaminant Source Type	Contaminant Source ID	CS ID tag	Zone	Risk Ranking for Analysis	Map Number	Comments
Highways and roads, dirt/gravel	X24	X24-01	A	Low	С	Assume 1-20 roads in Zone A
Highways and roads, dirt/gravel	X24	X24-01	A	Low	С	Assume 1-20 roads in Zone A
Pipelines (oil and gas)	X28	X28-01	Α	High	С	Trans-Alaska Pipeline
Gasoline stations (with repair shop)	C16	C16-01	В	Medium	C	GLENNALLEN CHEVRON
Motor /motor vehicle repair shops	C31	C31-01	В	Medium	С	SEND MAINTENANCE SHOP
Domestic wastewater collection systems (sewer lines or lift stations)	D01	D01-01	В	Low	С	Alaska Bible College
Contaminated sites, DEC recognized, non-Superfund, non-RCRA	U04	U04-01	В	Low	С	CVEA Glennallen Ethylene Glycol: Reckey# 1995240927901, Status: Closed, 500 gallon release of ethylene glycol from a subsurface concrete vault. GW contamination. The glycol followed the piping conduit until it reached the generator. High levels in soil.
Contaminated sites, DEC recognized, non-Superfund, non-RCRA	U04	U04-02	В	Low	С	CVEA Glennallen Tank Liner: Reckey# 1994240126901, Status: Closed, Tank Farm EPH contamination exists in the shallow soil below the tank liner. Deeper contamination exists at location of soil borings AST-4 and AST-7. Similar to Reckey# 1981240130502
Contaminated sites, DEC recognized, non-Superfund, non-RCRA	U04	U04-03	В	Low	С	CVEA Glennallen Plant Mgr Residence: Reckey# 1994240931801, Status: Closed, A release of approx. 200-300 gallons of antifreeze (ethylene glycol) occurred under the plant manager's house during the week of 11/7- 11/14/94. Release confined to shallow soil
Contaminated sites, DEC recognized, non-Superfund, non-RCRA	U04	U04-04	В	Low	С	CVEA Glennallen Power Plant GW: Reckey# 1991240130502, Status: Active, During removal of 1,000-gallon gasoline UST, contaminated soil and groundwater were discovered and 500-600 cubic yards of soil was stockpiled at the site.
Contaminated sites, DEC recognized, non-Superfund, non-RCRA	U04	U04-05	В	Low	С	CVEA Glennallen Tank Liner: Reckey# 1994240126901, Status: Closed, Tank Farm EPH contamination exists in the shallow soil below the tank liner. Deeper contamination exists at location of soil borings AST-4 and AST-7. Similar to Reckey# 1981240130502
Contaminated sites, DEC recognized, non-Superfund, non-RCRA	U04	U04-06	В	Low	С	AT&T Alascom Glennallen Repeater: Reckey# 1997240114005, Status: Closed, 10 cubic yards of DRO contaminated soil near incinerator - site may have TCE as a co-contaminant. Site acreage is 2.5.

### Table 7 (continued)

# Contaminant Source Inventory and Risk Ranking for Glennallen Waterworks (formerly Hickok & Sons) Sources of Other Organic Chemicals

Contaminant Source Type	Contaminant Source ID	CS ID tag	Zone	Risk Ranking for Analysis	Map Number	Comments
Closed Leaking Underground Fuel Storage Tank (LUST) Sites	U08	U08-01	В	Low	С	COPPER VALLEY ELECTRIC ASSOC.: Reckey# 1991240030502, Priority: LOW, Contamination noted during underground storage tank removal. Gasoline contamination in soil upgradient from excavation. Extent of contamination is being investigated.
Closed Leaking Underground Fuel Storage Tank (LUST) Sites	U08	U08-02	В	Low	С	GLENNALLEN REPEATER: Reckey# 1991240028402, Priority: NE 50 cubic yards of gasoline and diesel contamination.
Closed Leaking Underground Fuel Storage Tank (LUST) Sites	U08	U08-03	В	Low	С	GLENNALLEN CHEVRON: Reckey# 1992240024801, Priority-Medium Vandal left hose running on ground from underground gasoline tank.
Soil borings	W08	W08-01	В	Medium	С	CVEA Glennallen Tank Liner
Petroleum product bulk station/terminals	X11	X11-01	В	High	С	CVEA Glennallen Tank Liner
Petroleum product bulk station/terminals	X11	X11-02	В	High	С	
Highways and roads, dirt/gravel	X24	X24-02	В	Low	С	Assume 1-20 roads in Zone B
Highways and roads, dirt/gravel	X24	X24-02	В	Low	С	Assume 1-20 roads in Zone B
Electric power generation (fossil fuels)	X36	X36-01	В	High	С	CVEA Glennallen Power Plant GW
Electric power generation (fossil fuels)	X36	X36-02	D	High	С	COPPER VALLEY ELEC GLENNALLEN DIESEL PL

# Public Water Well System for PWS #291499.001 Glennallen Waterworks (formerly Hickok & Sons) Showing Potential and Existing Sources of Contamination



Susceptibility initially assumed to be low. Susceptibility of wellhead = 0 ptsIs the well Increase susceptibility 5 pts + 0 pts properly grouted? Is the well Increase susceptibility 20 pts + 0 pts capped? YES YES Susceptibility of wellhead Low 0 pts Increase susceptibility: YES Is the well 10 pts: suspected floodplain 0 pts within a Wellhead Susceptibility Ratings 20 pts: known floodplain floodplain? 20 to 25 pts very high 15 to < 20 pts high 10 to < 15 pts medium NO < 10 pts Is the land surface sloped Increase susceptibility 5 pts 0 pts away from the well?

Chart 1. Susceptibility of the wellhead - Glennallen Waterworks (formerly Hickok & Sons) Water System (PWS No. 291499.001)

Chart 2. Susceptibility of the aquifer Glennallen Waterworks (formerly Hickok & Sons) Water System (PWS No. 291499.001)

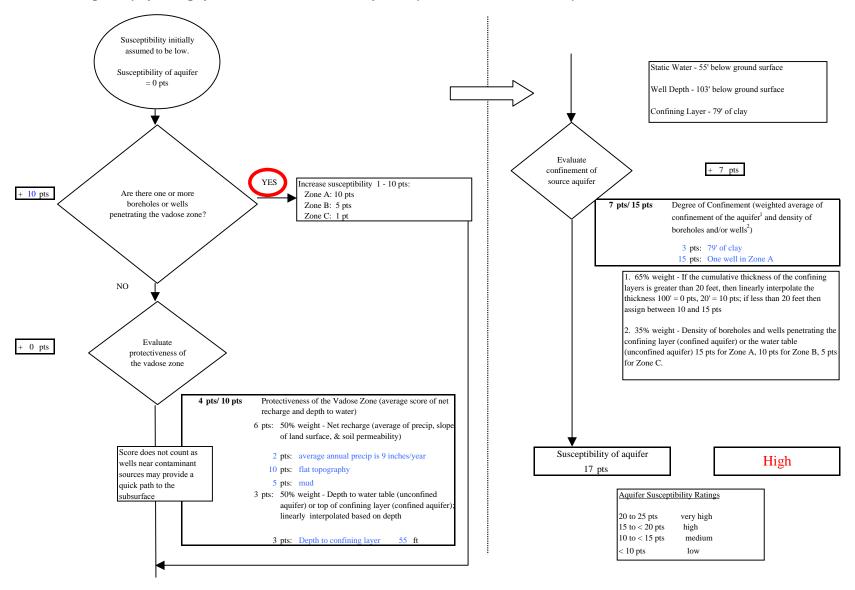


Chart 3. Contaminant risks for Glennallen Waterworks (formerly Hickok & Sons) Water System (PWS No. 291499.001) - Bacteria & Viruses

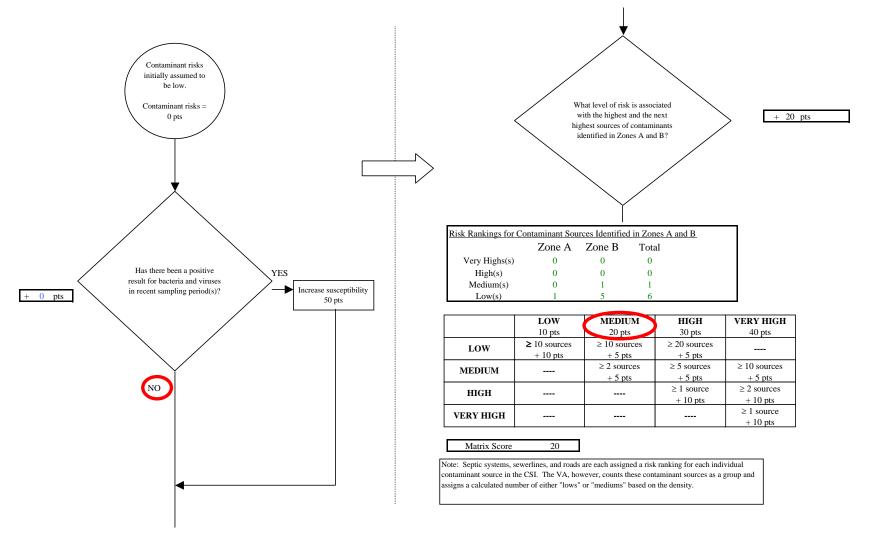


Chart 3. Contaminant risks for Glennallen Waterworks (formerly Hickok & Sons) Water System (PWS No. 291499.001) - Bacteria & Viruses NO Are there sufficient Initial assessment of risk posed by Risk unchanged controls, conditions, or potential sources of contamination monitoring to warrant downgrading risk? YES significant Risk unchanged contaminant Reduce risk 1 - 10 pts sources within 0 pts Zone A? The number and magnitude of Risk posed by potential sources of contaminant sources in YES contamination with controls Zone A determines a risk increase. See Table 2 for + 2 pts Increase risk 1 - 10 pts inventory. Existing Risk due to existing 0 pts Are there any conditions that Risk unchanged Risk posed by potential sources Potential warrant upgrading of contamination with controls risk? 22 pts Contaminant risks Contaminant Risk YES 22 pts Increase risk 1 - 10 pts + 0 pts \* Truncate risk at 50 pts 22 Contaminant Risk Ratings Risk posed by potential sources of contamination 40 to 50 pts 30 to < 40 ptshigh Medium 20 to < 30 pts

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Chart 4. Vulnerability analysis for Glennallen Waterworks (formerly Hickok & Sons) Water System (PWS No. 291499.001) - Bacteria & Viruses Susceptibility of well (Chart 1. Susceptibiltiy of the wellhead) Low 17 pts Evaluate the susceptibility of the wellhead (Chart 3. Contaminant risks for wells - Bacteria & Viruses) Evaluate contaminant Susceptibility of wellhead Low risks Evaluate the (Chart 2. Susceptibility of the aquifer) Contaminant risks Medium susceptibility of the 22 pts aquifer within the protection area Susceptibility of aquifer High 17 pts Susceptibility of the well Contaminant risks Vulnerability of drinking water well to contamination Susceptibility of the wellhead Overall Vulnerability Ratings Susceptibility of aquifer 80 to 100 pts very high 60 to < 80 pts Susceptibility of well 40 to < 60 pts medium Vulnerability of drinking water well < 40 pts low 39 pts Low 35

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Chart 5. Contaminant risks for Glennallen Waterworks (formerly Hickok & Sons) Water System (PWS No. 291499.001) - Nitrates and Nitrites Contaminant risks initially assumed to be low. Current level of Evaluate the level of Contaminant risks contamination due to manbackground = 0 ptscontamination from made source(s) natural sources 0 pts Is the concentration of Has nitrates and/or NO the contaminant nitrites been detected in increasing, decreasing, the source waters in or staying the same? recent sampling period(s)? Recent Nitrate Sampling Results (mg/L) 12/27/2002 12/31/2001 0 The nitrate concentration is 12/4/2000 0 assumed to be natural if less 3/1/1999 0.286 than 2 mg/L (20%), or YES Increasing: risk up 1 - 10 pts attributed to man made Decreasing: risk down 1 - 5 pts sources if greater than 2 + 0 pts Same: risk unchanged mg/L. Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL) = 10 mg/LDetected Nitrate Level = Existing contamination points based on Risk due to existing man-Risk due to natural linear interpolation of most recent detect made sources sources [MCL = 50 pts; detect = 0 pts]1 pts 0 pts Risk due to existing contamination 1 pts Was the source of Evaluate the level of NO. contamination contamination from natural? man-made sources YES

Chart 5. Contaminant risks for Glennallen Waterworks (formerly Hickok & Sons) Water System (PWS No. 291499.001) - Nitrates and Nitrites Initial assessment of risk posed by potential sources of contamination 20 What level of risk is Is the source YES associated with the highest aquifer fractured + 20 pts and the next highest risk rock or karst? sources(s) of contaminants identified in Zones A, B and C? NO Risk Levels for Contaminant Sources identified in Zones A, B and C Zone A Zones B&C Total Very Highs(s) 0 0 0 Are all of the higher NO risk sources beyond Risk unchanged High(s) 0 Zones A and B? 2 Medium(s) Low(s) 6 MEDIUM LOW HIGH VERY HIGH 10 pts 30 pts 20 pts 40 pts YES ≥ 10 sources ≥ 10 sources  $\geq 20 \ sources$ LOW - 0 pts  $+\ 10\ pts$ + 5 pts + 5 pts Decrease risk 1 - 10 pts ≥ 5 sources ≥ 2 sources ≥ 10 sources MEDIUM + 5 pts + 5 pts + 5 pts ≥ 1 source ≥ 2 sources HIGH + 10 pts + 10 pts ≥ 1 source VERY HIGH --------+ 10 pts Are any NO significant Risk unchanged Matrix Score 20 sources within Zone A? The number and Note: Septic systems, sewerlines, and roads are each assigned a risk ranking for each individual magnitude of contaminant source in the CSI. The VA, however, counts these contaminant sources as a group contaminant sources in and assigns a calculated number of either "lows" or "mediums" based on the density. Zone A determines a risk YES increase. See Table 3 for inventory. + 2 pts Increase risk 1 - 10 pts

Chart 5. Contaminant risks for Glennallen Waterworks (formerly Hickok & Sons) Water System (PWS No. 291499.001) - Nitrates and Nitrites Existing NO Are there conditions 1 pts Risk unchanged that warrant upgrading risk? Risk due to existing Potential contamination 22 pts The number and magnitude of Risk posed by potential sources contaminant sources in of contamination with controls Contaminant Risk Zone D determines a risk YES 23 pts increase. See Table 3 for Contaminant risks inventory. 0 pts Increase risk 1 - 10 pts Risk posed by potential sources of contamination Contaminant risks\* \*Truncate risk at 50 pts 23 Contaminant Risk Ratings Are there sufficient **Medium** controls, conditions, NO. Risk unchanged 40 to 50 pts very high or monitoring to 30 to < 40 pts high warrant downgrading risk? 20 to < 30 pts medium < 20 pts low YES 0 pts Decrease risk 1 - 10 pts Risk posed by potential sources of contamination with controls 22 pts

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Chart 6. Vulnerability analysis for Glennallen Waterworks (formerly Hickok & Sons) Water System (PWS No. 291499.001) - Nitrates and Nitrites Susceptibility of well (Chart 1. Susceptibiltiy of the wellhead) Low 17 pts Evaluate the susceptibility of the wellhead (Chart 5. Contaminant risks for wells - Nitrates and Nitrites) Evaluate contaminant Susceptibility of wellhead Low risks 0 pts Evaluate the (Chart 2. Susceptibility of the aquifer) Contaminant risks Medium susceptibility of the 23 pts aquifer within the protection area Susceptibility of aquifer High Susceptibility of the well Contaminant risks Vulnerability of drinking water well to contamination

Susceptibility of the wellhead

Susceptibility of aquifer

Susceptibility of well

Overall Vulnerability Ratings

very high

medium

low

high

Medium

80 to 100 pts

60 to < 80 pts

40 to < 60 pts

< 40 pts

Vulnerability of drinking water

well

40 pts

40

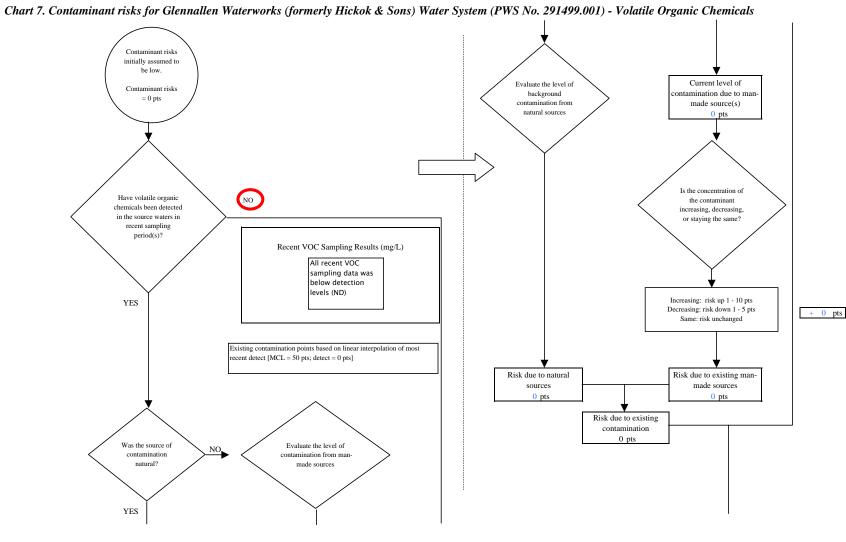
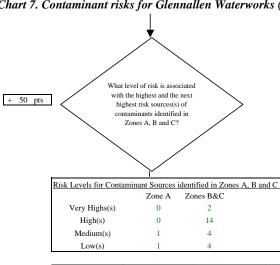


Chart 7. Contaminant risks for Glennallen Waterworks (formerly Hickok & Sons) Water System (PWS No. 291499.001) - Volatile Organic Chemicals



	LOW 10 pts	MEDIUM 20 pts	HIGH 30 pts	VERY HIGH 40 pts
LOW	≥ 10 sources + 10 pts	≥ 10 sources + 5 pts	≥ 20 sources + 5 pts	
MEDIUM		≥ 2 sources + 5 pts	≥ 5 sources + 5 pts	≥ 10 sources + 5 pts
HIGH			≥ 1 source + 10 pts	≥ 2 sources + 10 pts
VERY HIGH				≥ 1 source + 10 pts

Total

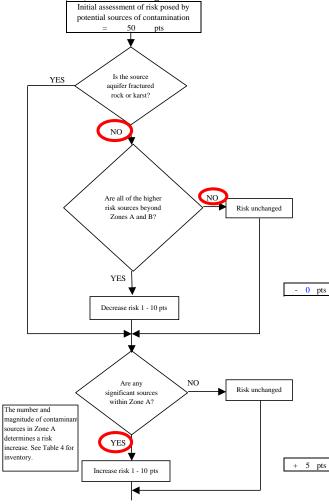
2

14

5

Matrix Score 50

Note: Septic systems, sewerlines, and roads are each assigned a risk ranking for each individual contaminant source in the CSI. The VA, however, counts these contaminant sources as a group and assigns a calculated number of either "lows" or "mediums" based on the density.



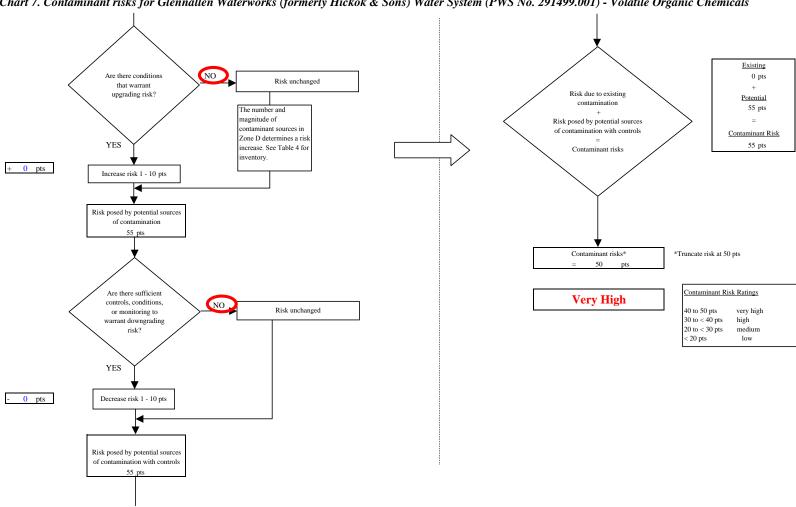


Chart 7. Contaminant risks for Glennallen Waterworks (formerly Hickok & Sons) Water System (PWS No. 291499.001) - Volatile Organic Chemicals

Chart 8. Vulnerability analysis for Glennallen Waterworks (formerly Hickok & Sons) Water System (PWS No. 291499.001) - Volatile Organic Chemicals (Chart 1. Susceptibiltiy of the wellhead) Susceptibility of well Low 17 pts Evaluate the susceptibility of the wellhead (Chart 7. Contaminant risks for wells - Volatile Evaluate contaminant Susceptibility of wellhead Low risks 0 pts Evaluate the (Chart 2. Susceptibility of the aquifer) Contaminant risks Very High susceptibility of the 50 pts aquifer within the protection area Susceptibility of aquifer High 17 pts Susceptibility of the well Contaminant risks Vulnerability of drinking water well to contamination Susceptibility of the wellhead Overall Vulnerability Ratings Susceptibility of aquifer 80 to 100 pts very high 60 to < 80 pts high Susceptibility of well Vulnerability of drinking water 40 to < 60 pts medium

well

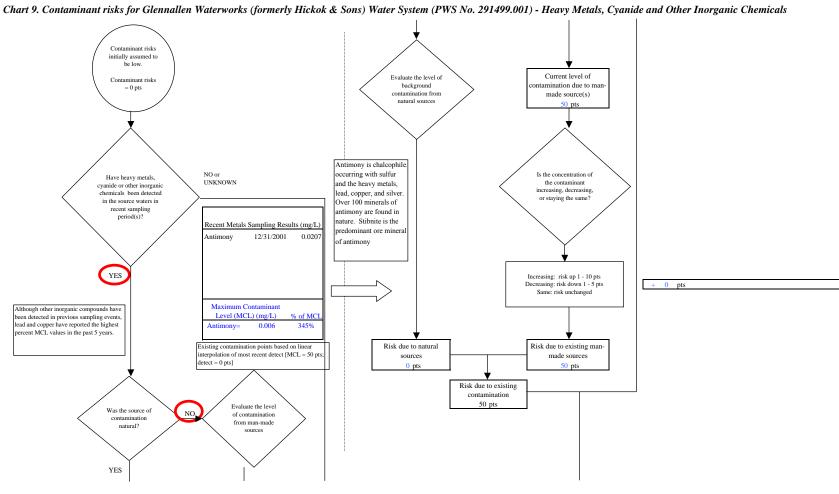
67 pts

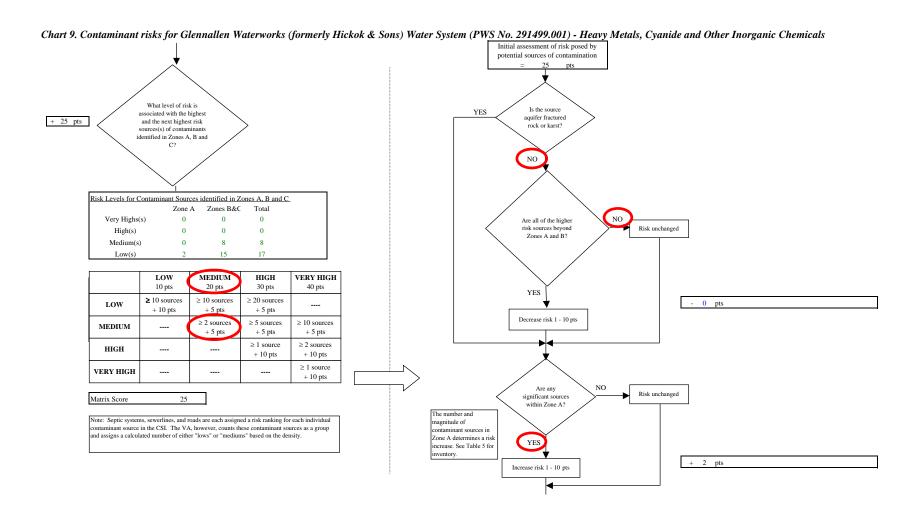
**65** 

< 40 pts

low

High



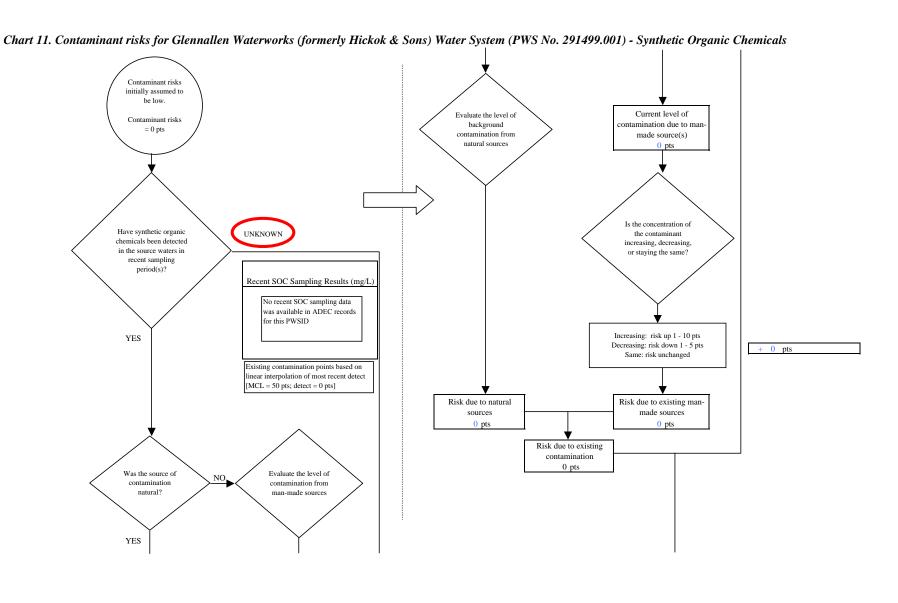


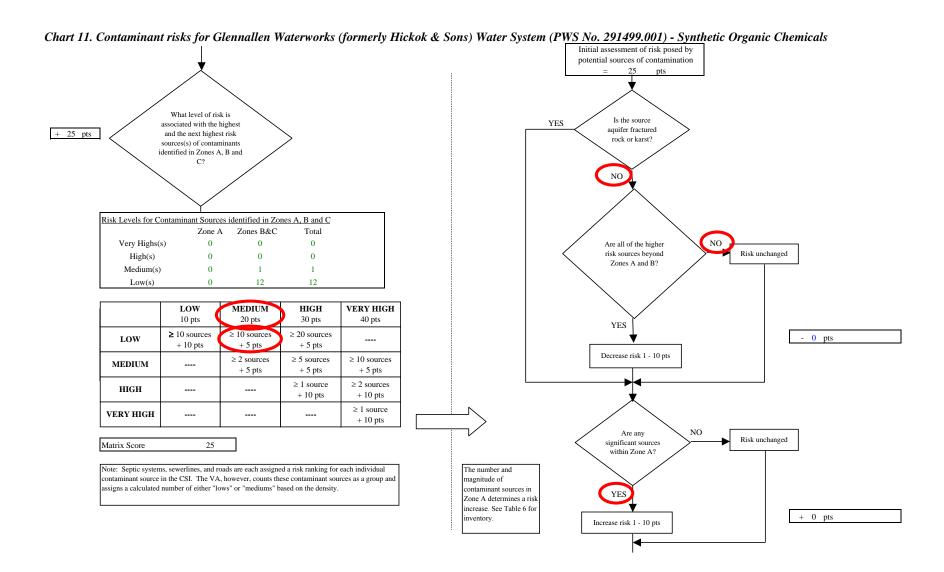
Existing NO Risk unchanged Are there conditions 50 pts that warrant Risk due to existing upgrading risk? Potential contamination 27 pts The number and magnitude of Risk posed by potential sources ontaminant sources in of contamination with controls Contaminant Risk Zone D determines a YES risk increase. See 77 pts Contaminant risks Table 5 for inventory. + 0 pts Increase risk 1 - 10 pts Risk posed by potential sources of contamination Contaminant risks\* \*Truncate risk at 50 pts ontaminant Risk Ratings Are there sufficient NO Risk unchanged Very High controls, conditions, 40 to 50 pts 30 to < 40 pts or monitoring to very high warrant downgrading high 20 to < 30 pts medium risk? 20 pts YES - 0 pts Decrease risk 1 - 10 pts Risk posed by potential sources of contamination with controls

Chart 9. Contaminant risks for Glennallen Waterworks (formerly Hickok & Sons) Water System (PWS No. 291499.001) - Heavy Metals, Cyanide and Other Inorganic Chemicals

(Chart 1. Susceptibiltiy of the wellhead) Susceptibility of well Low 17 pts Evaluate the susceptibility of the wellhead (Chart 9. Contaminant risks for wells - Heavy Metals, Cyanide and Other Inorganic Evaluate Chemicals) contaminant Susceptibility of wellhead Low risks Evaluate the (Chart 2. Susceptibility of the aquifer) Contaminant risks Very High susceptibility of the aquifer within the protection area Susceptibility of aquifer High 17 pts Susceptibility of the well Contaminant risks Vulnerability of drinking water well to contamination Susceptibility of the Overall Vulnerability Ratings Susceptibility of aquifer 80 to 100 pts very high 60 to < 80 pts Susceptibility of well Vulnerability of drinking water 40 to < 60 pts medium 40 pts well High

Chart 10. Vulnerability analysis for Glennallen Waterworks (formerly Hickok & Sons) Water System (PWS No. 291499.001) - Heavy Metals, Cyanide and Other Inorganic Chemicals



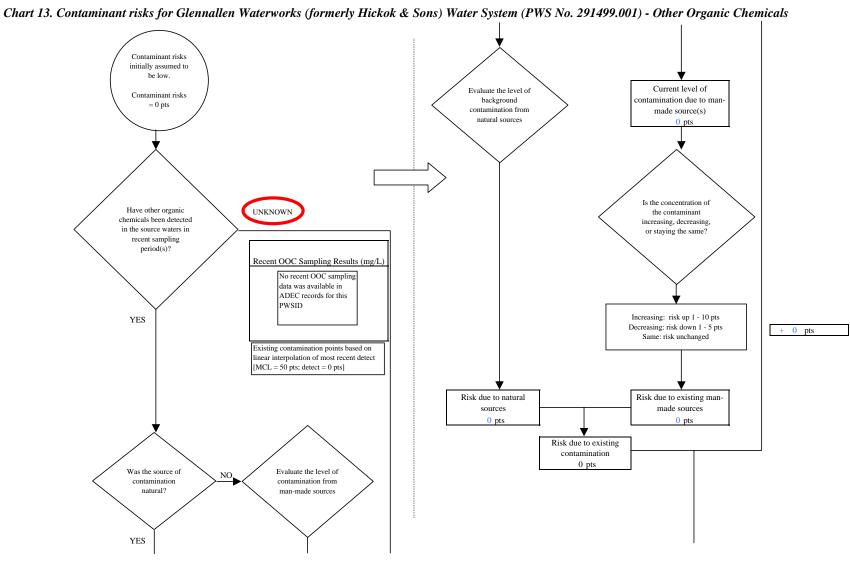


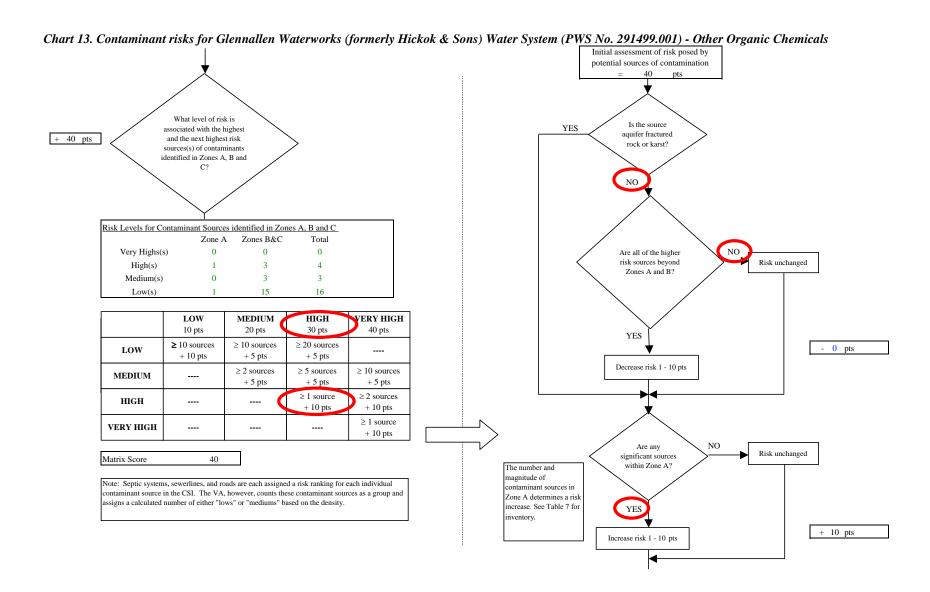
Existing NO 0 pts Are there conditions Risk unchanged that warrant upgrading risk? Risk due to existing Potential contamination 25 pts The number and magnitude of Risk posed by potential sources contaminant sources in of contamination with controls Contaminant Risk Zone D determines a risk YES 25 pts increase. See Table 6 for Contaminant risks + 0 pts Increase risk 1 - 10 pts Risk posed by potential sources of contamination Contaminant risks\* \*Truncate risk at 50 pts 25 Contaminant Risk Ratings Are there sufficient Medium controls, conditions, NO Risk unchanged 40 to 50 pts very high or monitoring to warrant downgrading 30 to < 40 pts high 20 to < 30 pts medium risk? < 20 pts low YES 0 pts Decrease risk 1 - 10 pts Risk posed by potential sources of contamination with controls 25 pts

Chart 11. Contaminant risks for Glennallen Waterworks (formerly Hickok & Sons) Water System (PWS No. 291499.001) - Synthetic Organic Chemicals

Chart 12. Vulnerability analysis for Glennallen Waterworks (formerly Hickok & Sons) Water System (PWS No. 291499.001) - Synthesis (PWS No. 291499.001) - Synthesis (PWS No. 291499.001) (Chart 1. Susceptibiltiy of the wellhead) Susceptibility of well Low 17 pts Evaluate the susceptibility of the wellhead (Chart 11. Contaminant risks for wells -Evaluate Synthetic Organic Chemicals) Susceptibility of wellhead contaminant Low risks Evaluate the Contaminant risks (Chart 2. Susceptibility of the aquifer) Medium susceptibility of the 25 pts aquifer within the protection area Susceptibility of aquifer High 17 pts Susceptibility of the well Contaminant risks Vulnerability of drinking water well to contamination Susceptibility of the wellhead Overall Vulnerability Ratings Susceptibility of aquifer 80 to 100 pts very high 60 to < 80 pts high Susceptibility of well Vulnerability of drinking water 40 to < 60 pts medium well < 40 pts low 42 pts Medium **40** 

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Existing Are there conditions 0 pts Risk unchanged that warrant upgrading risk? Risk due to existing Potential contamination 52 pts The number and magnitude of Risk posed by potential sources contaminant sources in of contamination with controls Contaminant Risk Zone D determines a risk YES increase. See Table 7 for Contaminant risks inventory. + 2 pts Increase risk 1 - 10 pts Risk posed by potential sources of contamination \*Truncate risk at 50 pts Contaminant Risk Ratings Are there sufficient Very High controls, conditions, Risk unchanged 40 to 50 pts or monitoring to very high 30 to < 40 pts high warrant downgrading risk? 20 to < 30 pts medium < 20 pts low YES 0 pts Decrease risk 1 - 10 pts Risk posed by potential sources of contamination with controls

Chart 13. Contaminant risks for Glennallen Waterworks (formerly Hickok & Sons) Water System (PWS No. 291499.001) - Other Organic Chemicals

