

Source Water Assessment

A Hydrogeologic Susceptibility and
Vulnerability Assessment for
AK Division of Parks Olnes Pond
Campground Drinking Water System,
Fairbanks area, Alaska

PWSID # 312978

September 2002

DRINKING WATER PROTECTION PROGRAM REPORT Report 696
Alaska Department of Environmental Conservation

Source Water Assessment for AK Division
of Parks Olnes Pond Campground
Drinking Water System
Fairbanks area, Alaska
PWSID# 312978

September 2002

DRINKING WATER PROTECTION PROGRAM REPORT Report 696

The Drinking Water Protection Program (DWPP) is producing Source Water Assessments in compliance with the Safe Drinking Water Act Amendments of 1996. Each assessment includes a delineation of the source water area, an inventory of potential and existing contaminant sources that may impact the water, a risk ranking for each of these contaminants, and an evaluation of the potential vulnerability of these drinking water sources.

These assessments are intended to provide public water systems owners/operators, communities, and local governments with the best available information that may be used to protect the quality of their drinking water. The assessments combine information obtained from various sources, including the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Alaska Department of Environmental Conservation (ADEC), public water system owners/operators, and other public information sources. The results of this assessment are subject to change if additional data becomes available. It is anticipated this assessment will be updated every five years to reflect any changes in the vulnerability and/or susceptibility of public drinking water source. If you have any additional information that may affect the results of this assessment, please contact the Program Coordinator of DWPP, (907) 269-7521.

CONTENTS

| | Page | | Page |
|---|------|---|------|
| Executive Summary | 1 | Inventory of Potential and Existing Contaminant Sources | 2 |
| AK Division of Parks Olnes Pond Campground Public Drinking Water System | 1 | Ranking of Contaminant Risks | 2 |
| AK Division of Parks Olnes Pond Campground Protection Area | 1 | Vulnerability of AK Division of Parks Olnes Pond Campground Drinking Water System | 3 |
| | | References | 5 |

TABLES

| | | |
|-------|--------------------------|---|
| TABLE | 1. Definition of Zones | 2 |
| | 2. Susceptibility | 3 |
| | 3. Contaminant Risks | 4 |
| | 3. Overall Vulnerability | 4 |

APPENDICES

| | |
|----------|--|
| APPENDIX | A. AK Division of Parks Olnes Pond Campground Drinking Water Protection Area (Map 1) |
| | B. Contaminant Source Inventory for AK Division of Parks Olnes Pond Campground (Table 1) Contaminant Source Inventory and Risk Ranking for AK Division of Parks Olnes Pond Campground – Bacteria and Viruses (Table 2) Contaminant Source Inventory and Risk Ranking for AK Division of Parks Olnes Pond Campground – Nitrates/Nitrites (Table 3) Contaminant Source Inventory and Risk Ranking for AK Division of Parks Olnes Pond Campground – Volatile Organic Chemicals (Table 4) |
| | C. AK Division of Parks Olnes Pond Campground Drinking Water Protection Area and Potential and Existing Contaminant Sources (Map 2) |
| | D. Vulnerability Analysis for Contaminant Source Inventory and Risk Ranking for AK Division of Parks Olnes Pond Campground Public Drinking Water Source (Charts 1 – 8) |

Source Water Assessment for AK Division of Parks Olnes Pond Campground Source of Public Drinking Water, Fairbanks Area, Alaska

Drinking Water Protection Program Alaska Department of Environmental Conservation

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

The public water system for AK Division of Parks Olnes Pond Campground is a Class B water system (transient/non-community) consisting of one well on the Steese Highway approximately 20 miles north of Fairbanks, Alaska. The wellhead received a susceptibility rating of **Very High** and the aquifer received a susceptibility rating of **Medium**. Combining these two ratings produces a **High** rating for the natural susceptibility of the well. Identified potential and current sources of contaminants for AK Division of Parks Olnes Pond Campground public drinking water source include: underground and placer mines, highways and roads, the campground, residential septic systems, fuel storage tanks, and residential area. These identified potential and existing sources of contamination are considered as sources of bacteria and viruses, nitrates and/or nitrites, and volatile organic chemicals. Combining the natural susceptibility of the well with the contaminant risk, the public water sources for AK Division of Parks Olnes Pond Campground received a vulnerability rating of **Medium** for all three contaminant categories.

AK DIVISION OF PARKS OLNES POND CAMPGROUND PUBLIC DRINKING WATER SYSTEM

AK Division of Parks Olnes Pond Campground public water system is a Class B (transient/non-community) water system. The system consists of one well on the Elliot Highway at its junction with the Chatanika River approximately 20 miles north of Fairbanks, Alaska (T3N, R1W, Section 22) (See Map 1 of Appendix A). Fairbanks and its surrounding communities are located in the Fairbanks North Star Borough which is near the center of Alaska (Please see the inset of Map 1 in Appendix A for location). The Borough's current population is 82,840 making it the second-largest population center in the state (ADCED, 2002). Communities located within the Borough include : College, Eielson Air Force Base, Ester, Fairbanks, Fox, Harding Lake, Moose Creek, North Pole, Pleasant Valley, Salcha, and Two Rivers.

The majority of residents the area surrounding Fairbanks have individual wells or use water delivery and septic systems (ADCED, 2002). Heating oil (stored in both above and below ground 275 to 500-gallon tanks) is used for heating homes and buildings. Refuse is transported to the Fairbanks North Star Borough landfill.

The Fairbanks area includes two distinct topographic areas: the floodplain of the Tanana River and the Chena River, and the uplands north of this floodplain. This water system is located in the uplands at an elevation of approximately 550 feet above sea level.

According to the well log for this water system, the depth of the well is 42 feet below the ground surface, and is screened in gravel and sand beneath a layer of blue clay. The well for the Olnes Pond Campground is located in the floodplain for the Chatanika River and probably draws its water from a historic river channel.

Groundwater in the uplands is recharged by local precipitation. Outflow of ground water in the uplands primarily occurs two ways. In areas under artesian pressure (pressure caused by overlying permafrost), water can flow to the surface through thawed conduits within the permafrost. Otherwise groundwater will flow under the permafrost (if present) and out to the groundwater beneath the adjacent flood plain or creek valley (Nelson, 1978).

The Sanitary Survey (8/27/99) for the water system indicates that although this type of hand pump well does not allow for a sanitary seal, the seal between the well casing and the cement pad is missing. This seal provides protection against contaminants travelling along the well casing and into source waters. The Sanitary Survey also indicates the land surface is appropriately sloped away from the well providing adequate surface water drainage. The well is grouted according to ADEC regulations. Proper grouting also provides added protection against contaminants travelling along the well casing and into source waters.

This system operates seasonally from May to September and serves approximately 25 non-residents through one service connection.

**AK DIVISION OF PARKS OLNES POND
CAMPGROUND DRINKING WATER
PROTECTION AREA**

In order to evaluate whether a drinking water source is at risk, we must first evaluate what are the most likely pathways for surface contamination to reach the groundwater. These areas are determined by looking at the characteristics of the soil, groundwater, aquifer, and well.

The most probable area for contamination to reach the drinking water well is the area that contributes water to the well, the groundwater recharge area. This area is designated as the drinking water protection area. Because releases of contaminants within the protection area are most likely to impact the drinking water well, this area will serve as the focus for voluntary protection efforts.

An outline of the immediate watershed was used to determine the size and shape of the protection area for AK Division of Parks Olnes Pond Campground. Available geology was also considered to take into account any uncertainties in groundwater flow and aquifer characteristics to arrive at a meaningful protection area (Please refer to the Guidance Manual for Class B Public Water Systems for additional information).

The protection areas established for wells by the ADEC are usually separated into four zones, limited by the watershed. These zones correspond to differences in the time-of-travel (TOT) of the water moving through the aquifer to the well. An analytical calculation was used to determine the size and shape of the protection area. The input parameters describing the attributes of the aquifer in this calculation were adopted from the U.S. Geological Survey (*Patrick, Brabets, and Glass, 1989*), and State of Alaska Department of Water Resources (*Jokela et. al., 1991*).

The time of travel for contaminants within the water varies and is dependent on the physical and chemical characteristics of each contaminant. The following is a summary of the four protection area zones for wells and the calculated time-of-travel for each:

Table 1. Definition of Zones

| Zone | Definition |
|-------------|---|
| A | ¼ the distance for the 2-yr. time-of-travel |
| B | Less than the 2 year time-of-travel |
| C | Less Than the 5 year time-of-travel |
| D | Less than the 10 year time-of-travel |

The DWPA for AK Division of Parks Olnes Pond Campground is limited by its immediate watershed and includes only Zones A, B, and C (See Map 1 of Appendix A).

**INVENTORY OF POTENTIAL AND EXISTING
CONTAMINANT SOURCES**

The Drinking Water Protection Program has completed an inventory of potential and existing sources of contamination within the AK Division of Parks Olnes Pond Campground DWPA. This inventory was completed through a search of agency records and other publicly available information. Potential sources of contamination to the drinking water aquifer include a wide range of categories and types. Potential drinking water contaminants are found within agricultural, residential, commercial, and industrial areas, but can also occur within areas that have little or no development.

For the basis of all Class B public water system assessments, three categories of drinking water contaminants were inventoried. They include:

- Bacteria and viruses;
- Nitrates and/or nitrites;
- Volatile organic chemicals

The sources are displayed on Map 2 of Appendix C and summarized in Table 1 of Appendix B.

RANKING OF CONTAMINANT RISKS

Once the potential and existing sources of contamination have been identified, they are assigned a ranking according to what type and level of risk they represent. Ranking of contaminant risks for a “potential” or “existing” source of contamination is a function of toxicity and volumes of specific contaminants associated with that source. Rankings include:

- Low;
- Medium;
- High; and
- Very High.

The time-of-travel for contaminants within the water varies and is dependent on the physical and chemical characteristics of each contaminant. Bacteria and Viruses are only inventoried in Zones A and B because of their short life span. Only “Very High” and “High” rankings are inventoried within the outer Zone D due to the probability of contaminant dilution by the time the contaminants get to the well.

Tables 2 through 4 in Appendix B contain the ranking of potential and existing sources of contamination with

respect to bacteria and viruses, nitrates and/or nitrites, and volatile organic chemicals.

VULNERABILITY OF AK DIVISION OF PARKS OLNES POND CAMPGROUND DRINKING WATER SYSTEM

Vulnerability of a drinking water source to contamination is a combination of two factors:

- Natural susceptibility; and
- Contaminant risks.

Appendix D contains eight charts, which together form the ‘Vulnerability Analysis’ for a source water assessment for a public drinking water source. Chart 1 analyzes the ‘Susceptibility of the Wellhead’ to contamination by looking at the construction of the well and its surrounding area. Chart 2 analyzes the ‘Susceptibility of the Aquifer’ to contamination by looking at the naturally occurring attributes of the water source and influences on the groundwater system that might lead to contamination. Chart 3 analyzes ‘Contaminant Risks’ for the drinking water source with respect to bacteria and viruses. The ‘Contaminant Risks’ portion of the analysis considers potential sources of contaminants as well as a review of contamination that has or may have occurred, but has not arrived or been detected at the well. Lastly, Chart 4 contains the ‘Vulnerability Analysis for Bacteria and Viruses’. Charts 5 through 8 contain the Contaminant Risks and Vulnerability Analyses for nitrates and nitrites and volatile organic chemicals, respectively.

A score for the Natural Susceptibility is reached by considering the properties of the well and the aquifer.

$$\begin{aligned}
 &\text{Susceptibility of the Wellhead (0 – 25 Points)} \\
 &\quad \text{(Chart 1 of Appendix D)} \\
 &\quad + \\
 &\text{Susceptibility of the Aquifer (0 – 25 Points)} \\
 &\quad \text{(Chart 2 of Appendix D)} \\
 &\quad = \\
 &\text{Natural Susceptibility (Susceptibility of the Well)} \\
 &\quad \text{(0 – 50 Points)}
 \end{aligned}$$

A ranking is assigned for the Natural Susceptibility according to the point score:

| Natural Susceptibility Ratings | |
|--------------------------------|-----------|
| 40 to 50 pts | Very High |
| 30 to < 40 pts | High |
| 20 to < 30 pts | Medium |
| < 20 pts | Low |

The well for the AK Division of Parks Olnes Pond Campground is completed in an unconfined aquifer. Because unconfined aquifers are recharged by surface water and precipitation that migrates downward from the surface, contaminants at the surface have the potential to adversely impact this aquifer. Table 2 shows the Susceptibility scores and ratings for AK Division of Parks Olnes Pond Campground.

Table 2. Susceptibility

| | Score | Rating |
|--------------------------------|-------|-----------|
| Susceptibility of the Wellhead | 20 | Very High |
| Susceptibility of the Aquifer | 14 | Medium |
| Natural Susceptibility | 34 | High |

Contaminant risks to a drinking water source depend on the type, number or density, and distribution of contaminant sources. This score has been derived from an examination of existing and historical contamination that has been detected at the drinking water source through routine sampling. It also evaluates potential sources of contamination. Flow charts are used to assign a point score, and ratings are assigned in the same way as for the natural susceptibility:

| Contaminant Risk Ratings | |
|--------------------------|-----------|
| 40 to 50 pts | Very High |
| 30 to < 40 pts | High |
| 20 to < 30 pts | Medium |
| < 20 pts | Low |

Table 3 summarizes the Contaminant Risks for each category of drinking water contaminants.

Table 3. Contaminant Risks

| Category | Score | Rating |
|----------------------------|-------|--------|
| Bacteria and Viruses | 10 | Low |
| Nitrates and/or Nitrites | 11 | Low |
| Volatile Organic Chemicals | 17 | Low |

Finally, an overall vulnerability score is assigned for each water system by combining each of the contaminant risk scores with the natural susceptibility score:

$$\begin{array}{r}
 \text{Natural Susceptibility (0 – 50 points)} \\
 + \\
 \text{Contaminant Risks (0 – 50 points)} \\
 = \\
 \text{Vulnerability of the} \\
 \text{Drinking Water Source to Contamination (0 – 100).}
 \end{array}$$

Again, rankings are assigned according to a point score:

| Overall Vulnerability Ratings | |
|-------------------------------|-----------|
| 80 to 100 pts | Very High |
| 60 to < 80 pts | High |
| 40 to < 60 pts | Medium |
| < 40 pts | Low |

Table 4 contains the overall vulnerability scores (0 – 100) and ratings for each of the three categories of drinking water contaminants. Note: scores are rounded off to the nearest five.

Table 4. Overall Vulnerability

| Category | Score | Rating |
|----------------------------|-------|--------|
| Bacteria and Viruses | 45 | Medium |
| Nitrates and Nitrites | 45 | Medium |
| Volatile Organic Chemicals | 50 | Medium |

Bacteria and Viruses

The contaminant risk for bacteria and viruses is low with the campground representing the most significant risk to the drinking water well (See Chart 3 – Contaminant Risks for Bacteria and Viruses in Appendix D).

Only a small amount of bacteria and viruses are required to endanger public health. Bacteria and viruses have not been detected during recent sampling of this water system. After combining the contaminant

risk for bacteria and viruses with the natural susceptibility of the well, the overall vulnerability of the well to contamination is medium.

Nitrates and Nitrites

The contaminant risk for nitrates and nitrites is low with the campground and the density of residential septic systems representing the greatest risk to this source of public drinking water (See Chart 5 - Contaminant Risks for Nitrates and/or Nitrites in Appendix D).

Nitrates are very mobile, moving at approximately the same rate as water. Existing nitrate concentration is 0.170 mg/L or 2% of the Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL) of 10mg/L. The MCL is the maximum level of contaminant that is allowed to exist in drinking water. Recent concentrations have ranged from 0.110 to 0.220 mg/L. After combining the contaminant risk for nitrates and nitrites with the natural susceptibility of the well, the overall vulnerability of the well to contamination is medium.

Volatile Organic Chemicals

The contaminant risk for volatile organic chemicals is low with the residential fuel storage tanks and the underground mine creating the greatest risk for volatile organic chemicals (See Chart 7 – Contaminant Risks for Volatile Organic Chemicals in Appendix D).

Both underground and above ground heating oil storage tanks are the standard way of heating homes and businesses in the area surrounding Fairbanks. The most common causes of fuel leaks of these heating oil systems are overfilling the tank, ruptured fuel lines, leaking storage tanks, damaged or faulty valves and vandalism. Regular system maintenance can help prevent many of these harmful fuel leaks.

Volatile Organic Chemicals have not been sampled for in recent history. After combining the contaminant risk for volatile organic chemicals with the natural susceptibility of the well, the overall vulnerability of the well to contamination is medium.

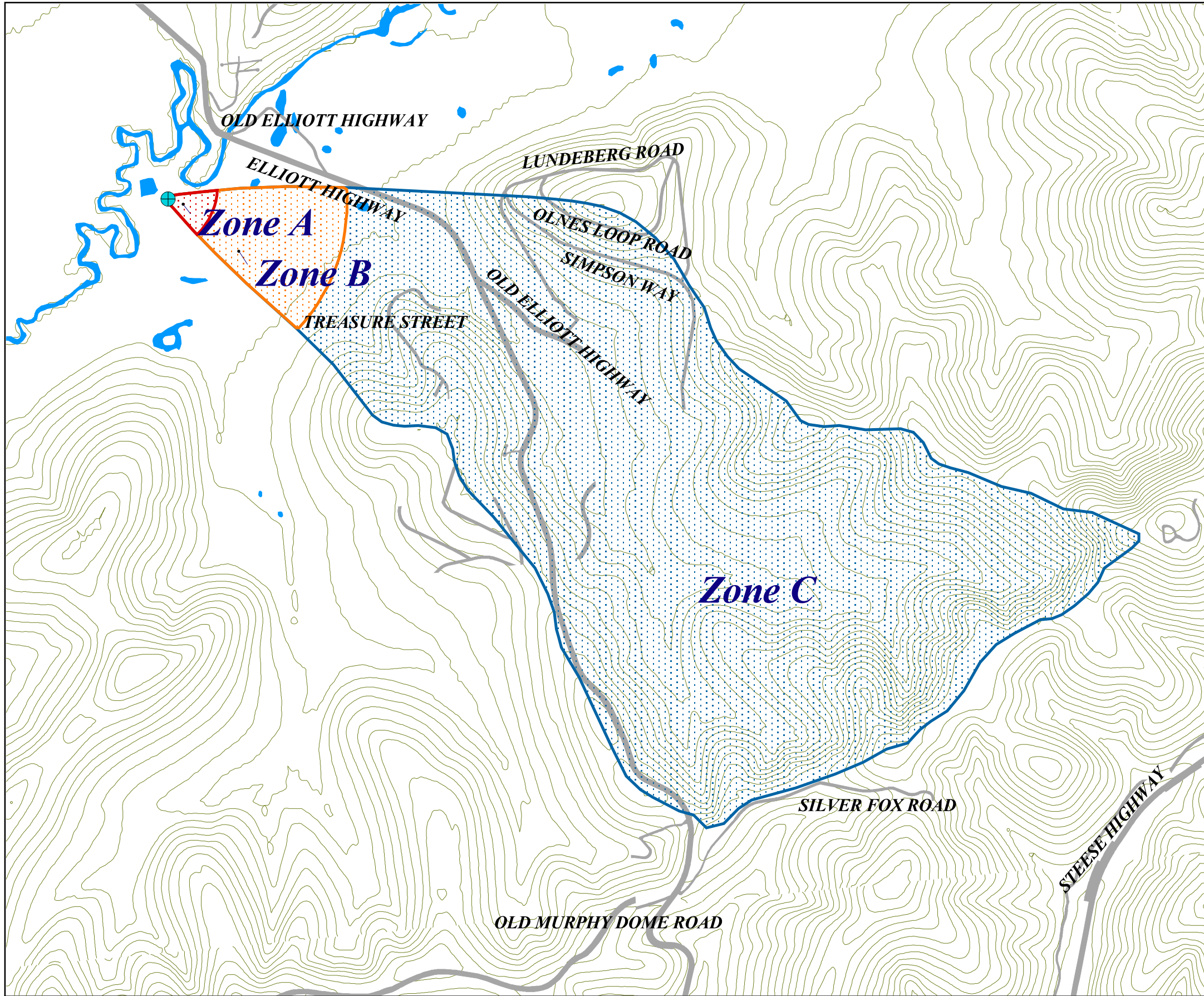
REFERENCES

- Alaska Department of Community and Economic Development (ADCED), 2002 [WWW document]. URL http://www.dced.state.ak.us/mra/CF_BLOCK.cfm.
- Forbes, R.B. and Weber, F.R., 1981. Bedrock Geologic Map of the Fairbanks Mining District, Alaska. Funded by the State of Alaska, US Geological Survey, and The National Science Foundation.
- Freeze, R.A. and Cherry, J.A., 1979. Groundwater. Prentice-Hall, Englewood Cliffs, NJ.
- Jokela, J.B., Munter, J.A., and Evans, J.G., 1991, Ground-water resources of the Palmer-Big Lake area, Alaska: a conceptual model. Division of Geological & Geophysical Surveys Reports of Investigations 90-4, State of Alaska Department of Natural Resources, Fairbanks, AK.
- King, P.B., compiler, 1969, Tectonic map of North America: US Geological Survey Map, (scale 1:5,000,000) 2 sheets.
- Nelson, Gordon L., 1978, Hydrologic Information for Land-Use Planning, Fairbanks Vicinity, Alaska. US Department of the Interior Geological Survey Open File Report 78-959, 47p.
- Patrick, L.D., Brabets, T.P., and Glass, R.L., 1989, Simulation of ground-water flow at Anchorage, Alaska: US Geological Survey Water-Resources Investigations Report 88-4139, 41p.
- United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA), 2002 [WWW document]. URL <http://www.epa.gov/safewater/mcl.html>.

APPENDIX A

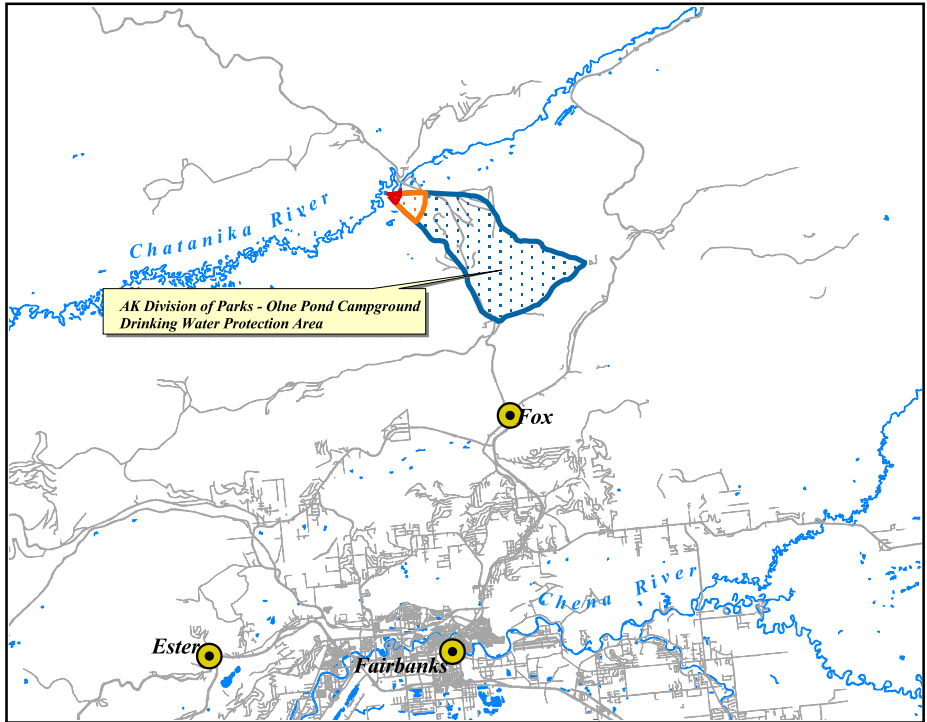
AK Division of Parks Olnes Pond Campground Drinking Water Protection Area Location Map (Map 1)

AK Division of Parks - Olne Pond Campground Drinking Water Protection Area

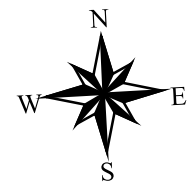


Legend

- AK Division of Parks - Olne Pond Well
- Zone A Protection Area**
- Several Months Travel Time
- Zone B Protection Area**
- Less Than 2 Years Travel Time
- Zone C Protection Area**
- Less Than 5 Years Travel Time
- Roads
- Rivers, Streams, and Lakes
- Elevation Contours (20 meters)



PWSID 312978.001



Map 1

APPENDIX B

Contaminant Source Inventory and Risk Ranking for AK Division of Parks Olnes Pond Campground (Tables 1-4)

Table 1**Contaminant Source Inventory for
AK Div Parks - Olnes Pond****PWSID 312978.001**

| Contaminant Source Type | Contaminant Source ID | CS ID tag | Zone | Map Number | Comments |
|--|------------------------------|------------------|-------------|-------------------|---|
| Campgrounds and RV Parks | X35 | X35-1 | A | 2 inset | Olnes Pond Campground |
| Tanks, heating oil, residential (above ground) | R08 | | C | 2 | Number approximated based on number of tax parcels designated as residential. |
| Septic systems (serves one single-family home) | R02 | | C | 2 | Number approximated based on number of tax parcels designated as residential. |
| Highways and roads, paved (cement or asphalt) | X20 | | C | 2 | 5 roads located within Zone C |
| Metals mining, placer (inactive) | E04 | E04-1 | C | 2 | Dome Creek Mine |
| Metals mining, underground (inactive) | E05 | E05-1 | C | 2 | Olnes Mineral Co. 1,2 |
| Metals mining, underground (inactive) | E05 | E05-2 | C | 2 | Skippy Prospect |
| Metals mining, underground (inactive) | E05 | E05-3 | C | 2 | Thrift Mine |
| Metals mining, underground (inactive) | E05 | E05-4 | C | 2 | Motherlode Prospect |
| Metals mining, underground (inactive) | E05 | E05-5 | C | 2 | Stibnite No. 1 Propect |
| Metals mining, underground (inactive) | E05 | E05-6 | C | 2 | Old Glory Prospect |
| Metals mining, underground (inactive) | E05 | E05-7 | C | 2 | Soo Mine |
| Metals mining, underground (inactive) | E05 | E05-8 | C | 2 | Seattle Creek Prospect |
| Residential Areas | R01 | R01-1 | C | 2 | Approximately 250 acres of residential area located within Zone C |

Table 2

*Contaminant Source Inventory and Risk Ranking for
AK Div Parks - Olne Pond
Sources of Bacteria and Viruses*

PWSID 312978.001

| <i>Contaminant Source Type</i> | <i>Contaminant Source ID</i> | <i>CS ID tag</i> | <i>Zone</i> | <i>Risk Ranking for Analysis</i> | <i>Map Number</i> | <i>Comments</i> |
|--|------------------------------|------------------|-------------|----------------------------------|-------------------|---|
| Campgrounds and RV Parks | X35 | X35-1 | A | Low | 2 inset | Olne Pond Campground |
| Septic systems (serves one single-family home) | R02 | | C | Low | 2 | Number approximated based on number of tax parcels designated as residential. |
| Highways and roads, paved (cement or asphalt) | X20 | | C | Low | 2 | 5 roads located within Zone C |
| Residential Areas | R01 | R01-1 | C | Low | 2 | Approximately 250 acres of residential area located within Zone C |

Table 3

*Contaminant Source Inventory and Risk Ranking for
AK Div Parks - Olne Pond
Sources of Nitrates/Nitrites*

PWSID 312978.001

| <i>Contaminant Source Type</i> | <i>Contaminant Source ID</i> | <i>CS ID tag</i> | <i>Zone</i> | <i>Risk Ranking for Analysis</i> | <i>Map Number</i> | <i>Comments</i> |
|--|------------------------------|------------------|-------------|----------------------------------|-------------------|---|
| Campgrounds and RV Parks | X35 | X35-1 | A | Low | 2 inset | Olne Pond Campground |
| Septic systems (serves one single-family home) | R02 | | C | Low | 2 | Number approximated based on number of tax parcels designated as residential. |
| Highways and roads, paved (cement or asphalt) | X20 | | C | Low | 2 | 5 roads located within Zone C |
| Residential Areas | R01 | R01-1 | C | Low | 2 | Approximately 250 acres of residential area located within Zone C |

Table 4

*Contaminant Source Inventory and Risk Ranking for
AK Div Parks - Olnes Pond
Sources of Volatile Organic Chemicals*

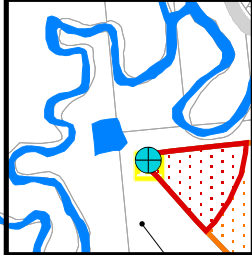
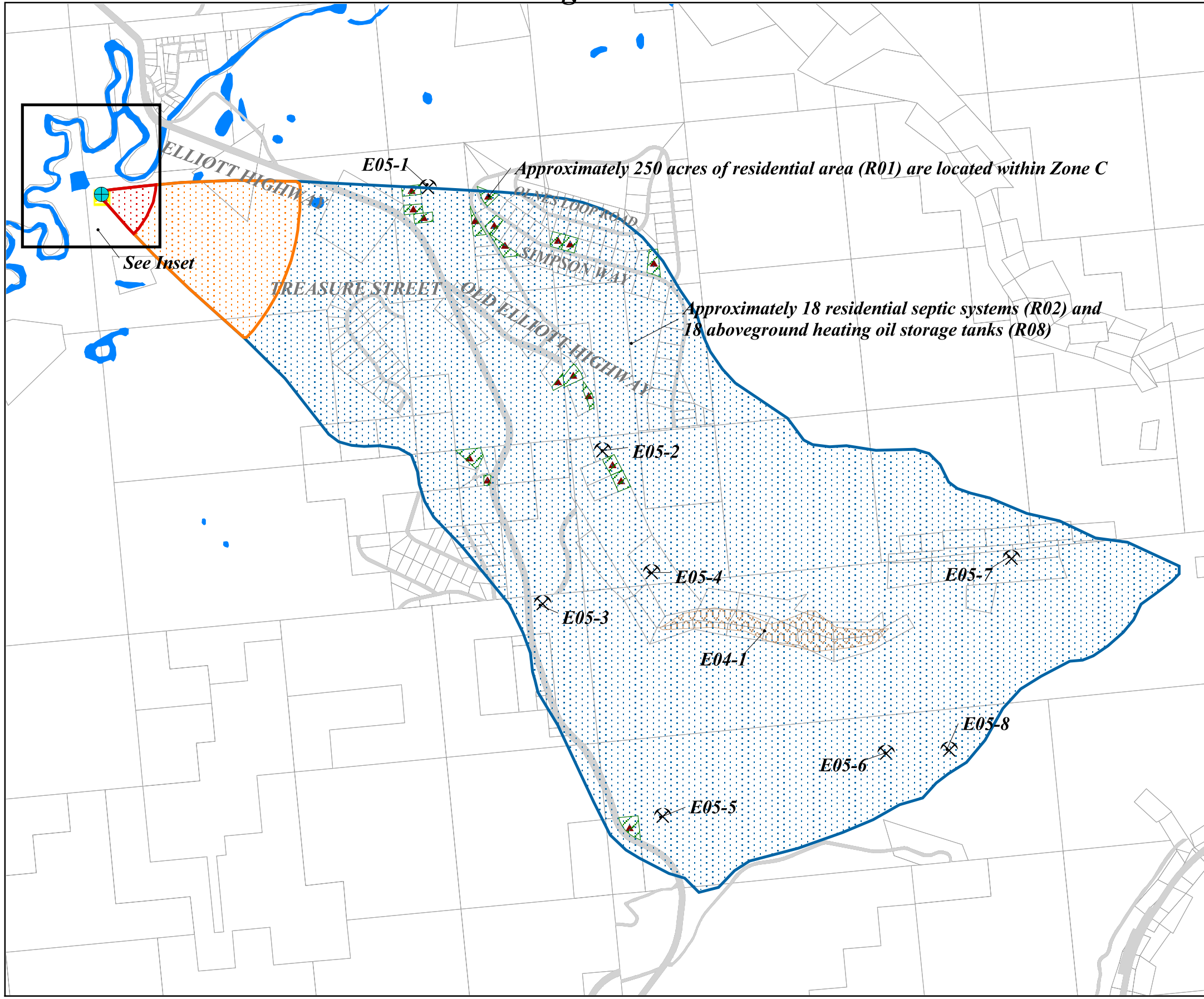
PWSID 312978.001

| <i>Contaminant Source Type</i> | <i>Contaminant Source ID</i> | <i>CS ID tag</i> | <i>Zone</i> | <i>Risk Ranking for Analysis</i> | <i>Map Number</i> | <i>Comments</i> |
|--|------------------------------|------------------|-------------|----------------------------------|-------------------|---|
| Campgrounds and RV Parks | X35 | X35-1 | A | Low | 2 inset | Olne Pond Campground |
| Tanks, heating oil, residential (above ground) | R08 | | C | Medium | 2 | Number approximated based on number of tax parcels designated as residential. |
| Septic systems (serves one single-family home) | R02 | | C | Low | 2 | Number approximated based on number of tax parcels designated as residential. |
| Highways and roads, paved (cement or asphalt) | X20 | | C | Low | 2 | 5 roads located within Zone C |
| Metals mining, underground (inactive) | E05 | E05-1 | C | Medium | 2 | Olnes Mineral Co. 1,2 |
| Metals mining, underground (inactive) | E05 | E05-2 | C | Medium | 2 | Skippy Prospect |
| Metals mining, underground (inactive) | E05 | E05-3 | C | Medium | 2 | Thrift Mine |
| Metals mining, underground (inactive) | E05 | E05-4 | C | Medium | 2 | Motherlode Prospect |
| Metals mining, underground (inactive) | E05 | E05-5 | C | Medium | 2 | Stibnite No. 1 Propect |
| Metals mining, underground (inactive) | E05 | E05-6 | C | Medium | 2 | Old Glory Prospect |
| Metals mining, underground (inactive) | E05 | E05-7 | C | Medium | 2 | Soo Mine |
| Metals mining, underground (inactive) | E05 | E05-8 | C | Medium | 2 | Seattle Creek Prospect |
| Residential Areas | R01 | R01-1 | C | Low | 2 | Approximately 250 acres of residential area located within Zone C |

APPENDIX C

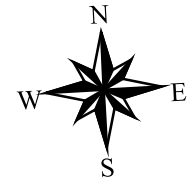
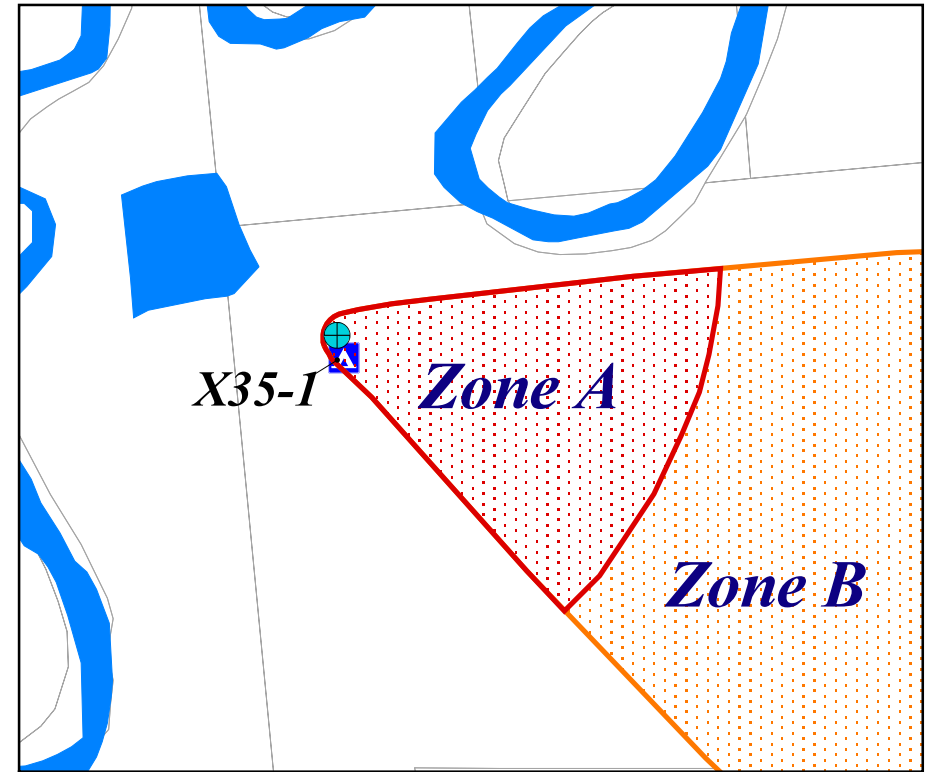
AK Division of Parks Olnes Pond Campground Drinking Water Protection Area and Potential and Existing Contaminant Sources (Map 2)

AK Division of Parks - Olne Pond Campground Drinking Water Protection Area with Potential & Existing Contaminant Sources



Legend

- AK Division of Parks - Olne Pond Well
- Zone A Protection Area**
- Several Months Travel Time
- Zone B Protection Area**
- Less Than 2 Years Travel Time
- Zone C Protection Area**
- Less Than 5 Years Travel Time
- Campground (X35)
- Residential Area (R01)
- Underground Mines (E05)
- Placer Mines (E04)
- Residential septic systems (R02) and above ground heating oil storage tanks (R08)
- Roads (X20)
- Rivers, Streams, and Lakes
- Parcels



Map 2

APPENDIX D

Vulnerability Analysis for AK Division of Parks Olnes Pond Campground Public Drinking Water Source (Charts 1-8)

Chart 1. Susceptibility of the wellhead - AK Division of Parks Olne Pond Campground

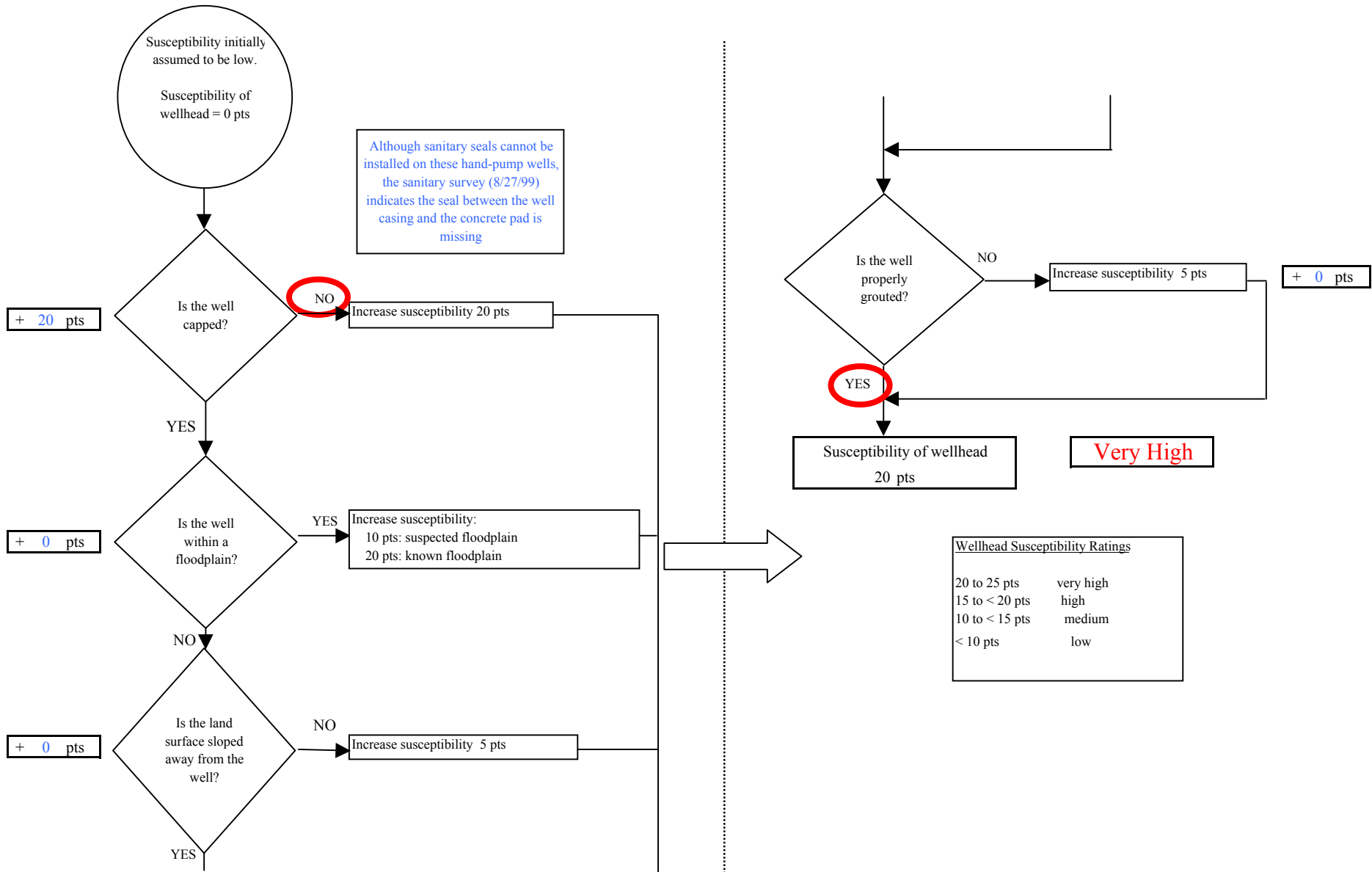


Chart 2. Susceptibility of the aquifer - AK Division of Parks Olné Pond

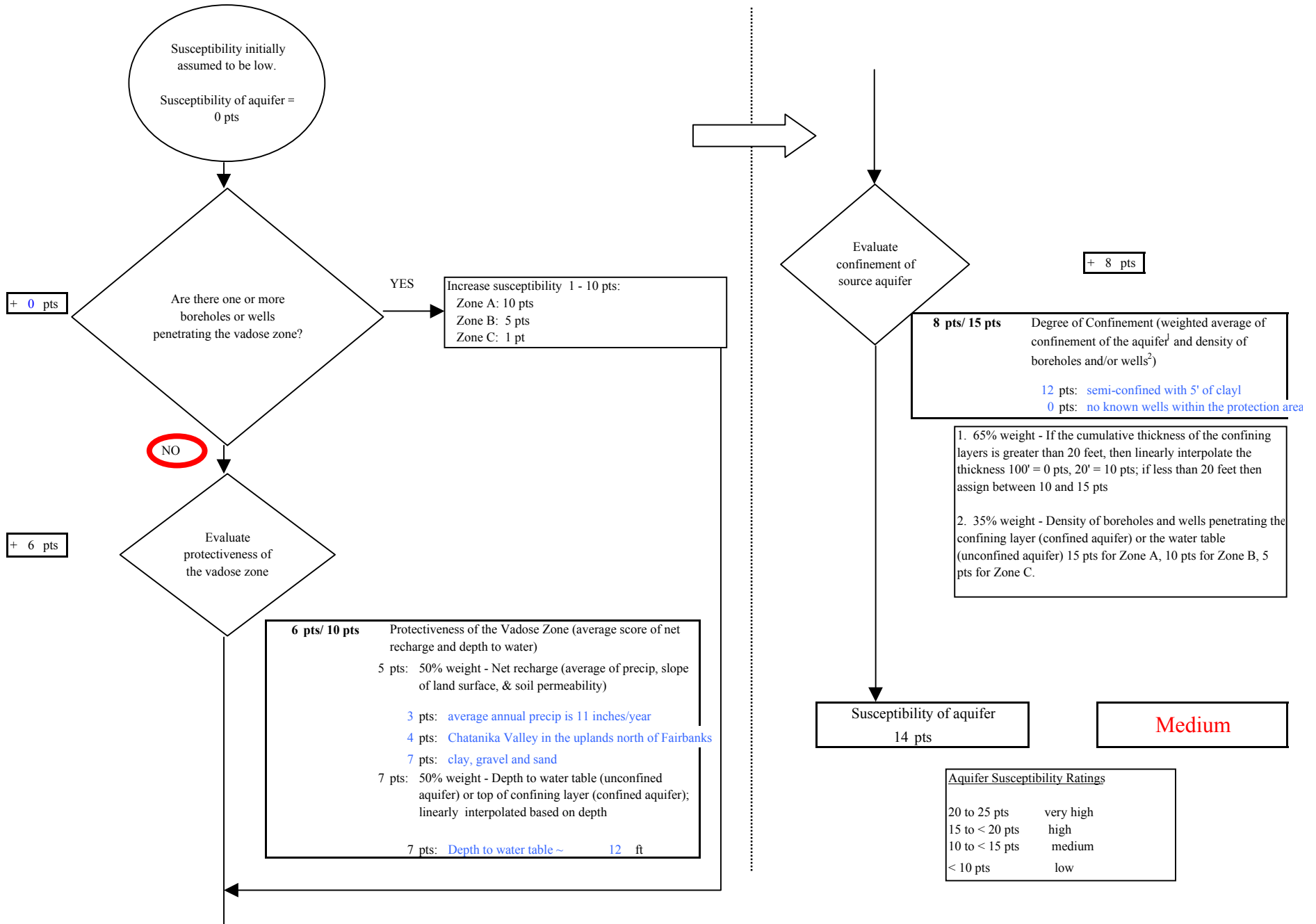
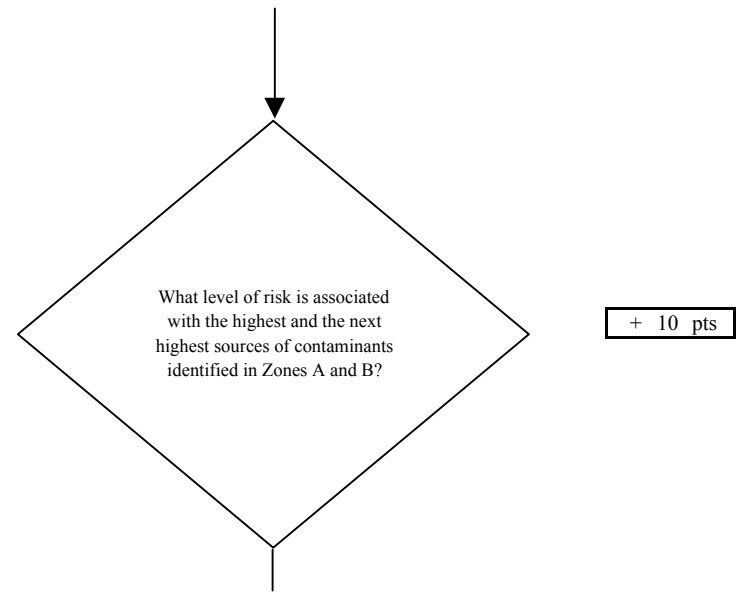
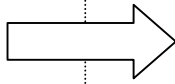
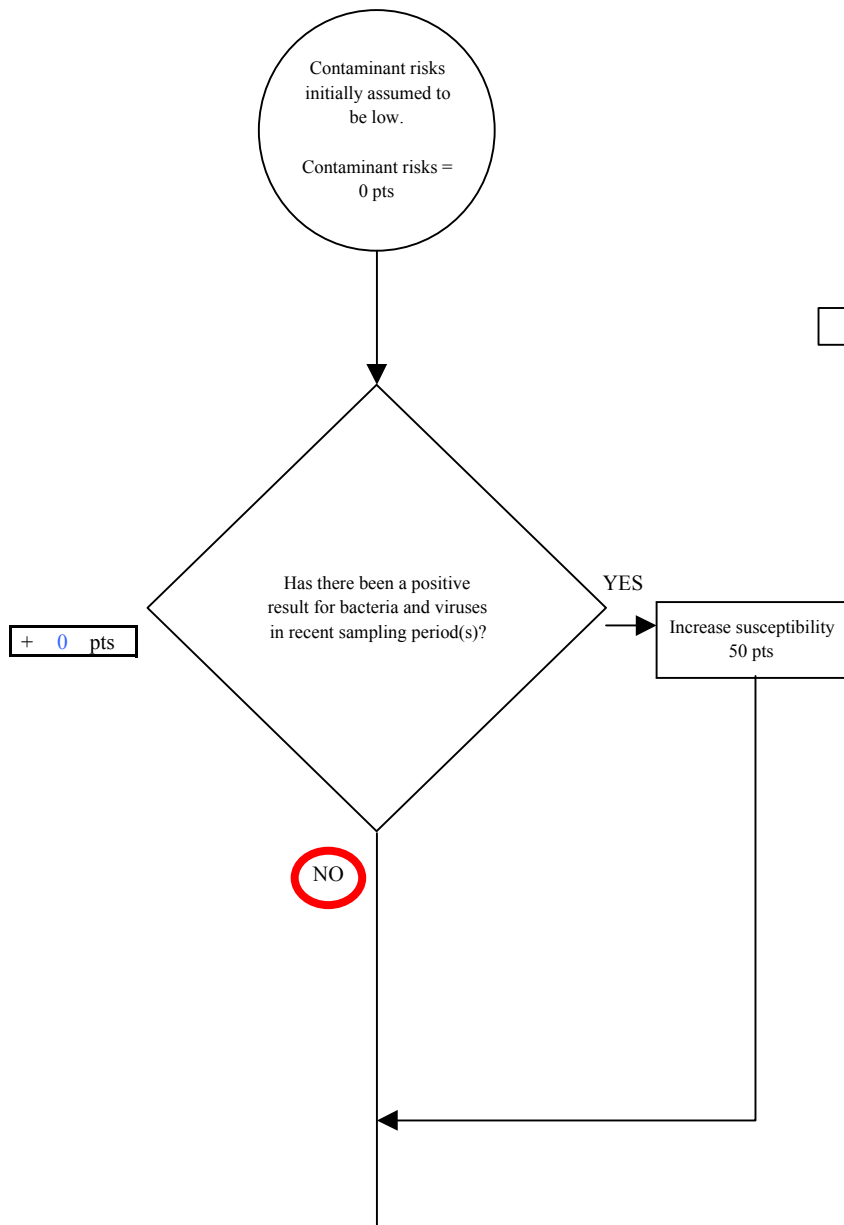


Chart 3. Contaminant risks for AK Division of Parks Oln Pond - Bacteria & Viruses



Risk Rankings for Contaminant Sources Identified in Zones A and B

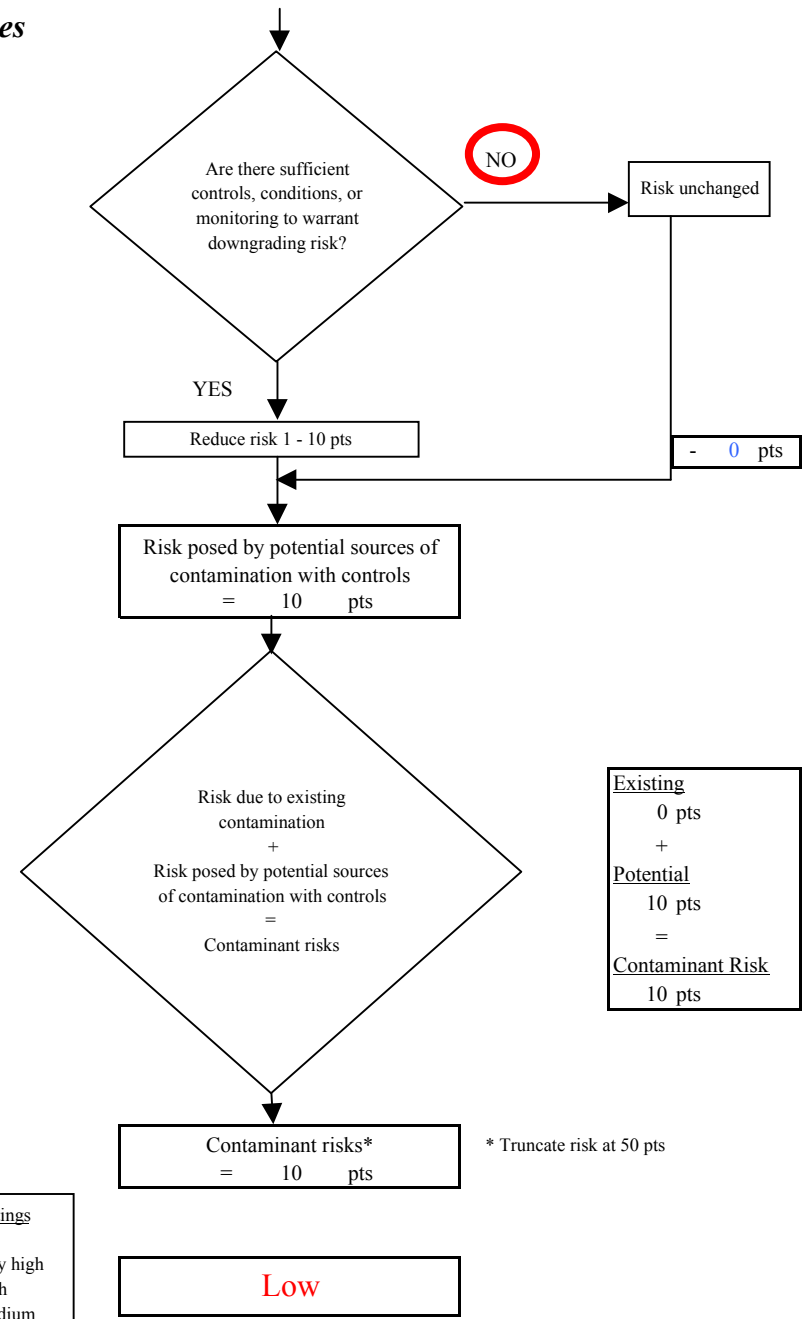
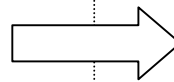
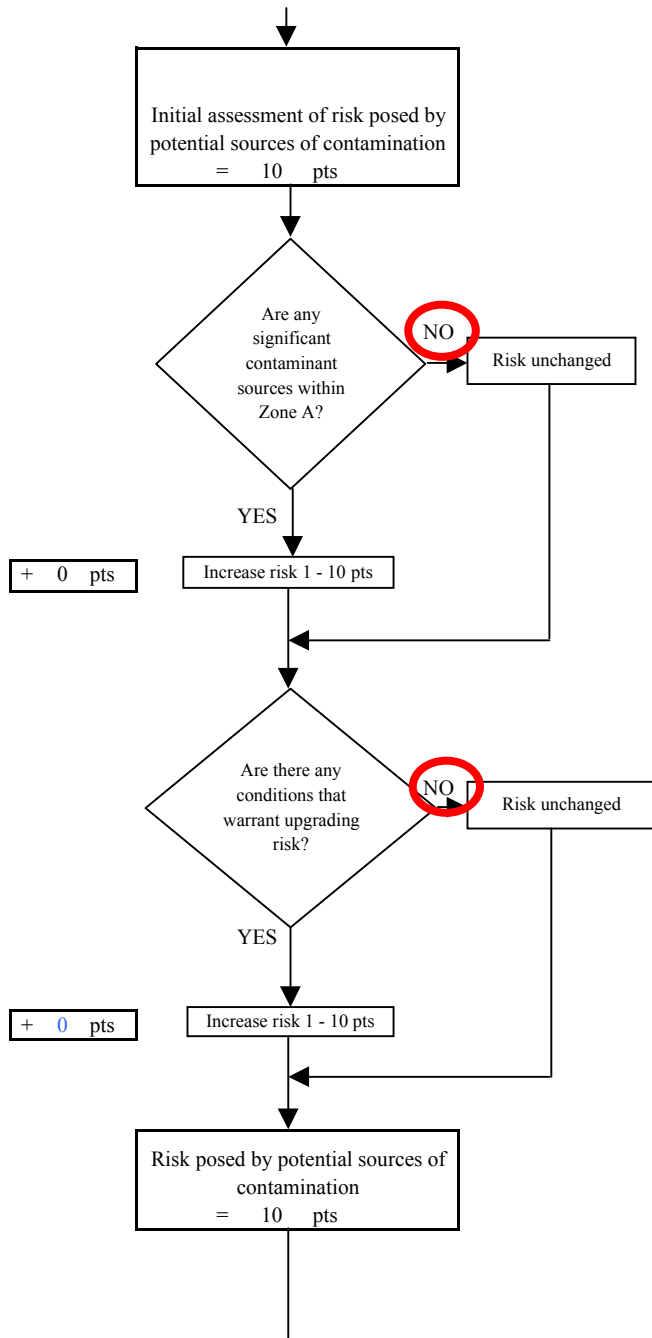
| | Zone A | Zone B | Total |
|--------------|--------|--------|-------|
| Very High(s) | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| High(s) | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Medium(s) | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Low(s) | 1 | 0 | 1 |

| | LOW 10 pts | MEDIUM 20 pts | HIGH 30 pts | VERY HIGH 40 pts |
|------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------------|
| LOW | ≥ 10 sources + 10 pts | ≥ 10 sources + 5 pts | ≥ 20 sources + 5 pts | ---- |
| MEDIUM | ---- | ≥ 2 sources + 5 pts | ≥ 5 sources + 5 pts | ≥ 10 sources + 5 pts |
| HIGH | ---- | ---- | ≥ 1 source + 10 pts | ≥ 2 sources + 10 pts |
| VERY HIGH | ---- | ---- | ---- | ≥ 1 source + 10 pts |

Matrix Score 10

Note: Septic systems, sewerlines, and roads are each assigned a risk ranking for each individual contaminant source in the CSI. The VA, however, counts these contaminant sources as a group and assigns a calculated number of either "lows" or "mediums" based on the density.

Chart 3. Contaminant risks for AK Division of Parks Olne Pond - Bacteria & Viruses



| Contaminant Risk Ratings | |
|--------------------------|-----------|
| 40 to 50 pts | very high |
| 30 to < 40 pts | high |
| 20 to < 30 pts | medium |
| < 20 pts | low |

| | |
|------------------|--------|
| Existing | 0 pts |
| + | |
| Potential | 10 pts |
| = | |
| Contaminant Risk | 10 pts |

Chart 4. Vulnerability analysis for AK Division of Parks Olne Pond Campground - Bacteria & Viruses

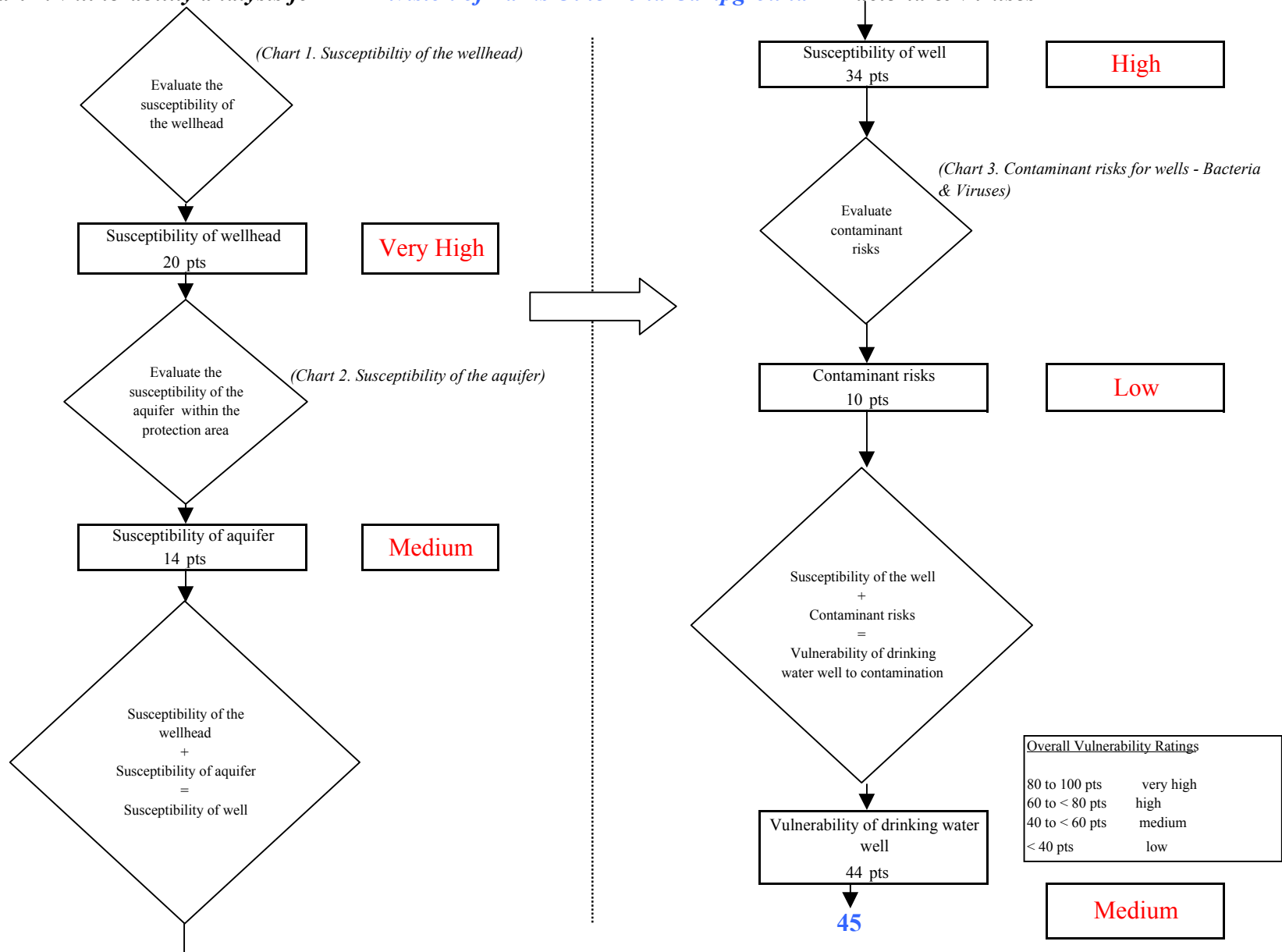


Chart 5. Contaminant risks for AK Division of Parks Olne Pond Campground - Nitrates and Nitrites

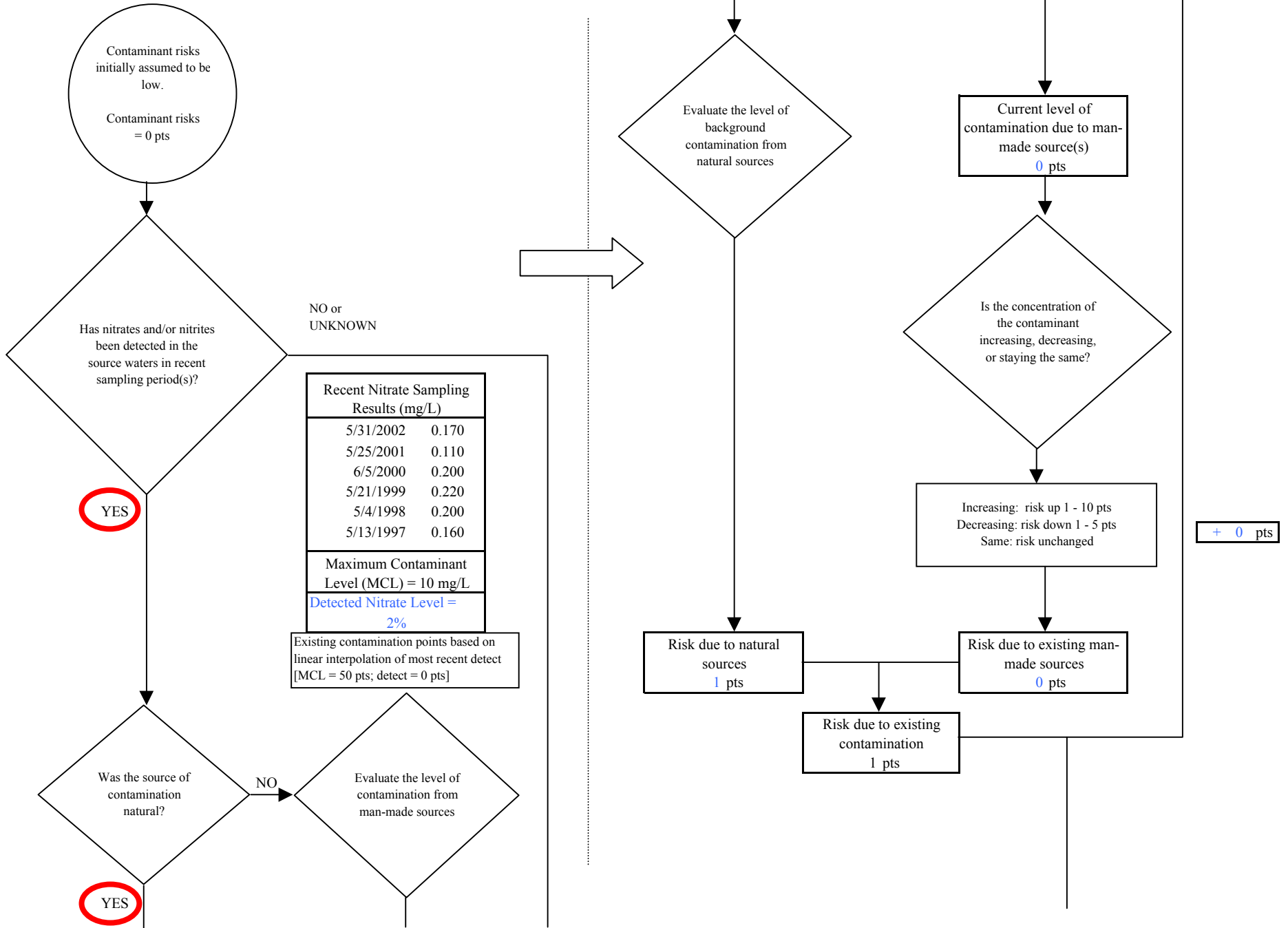
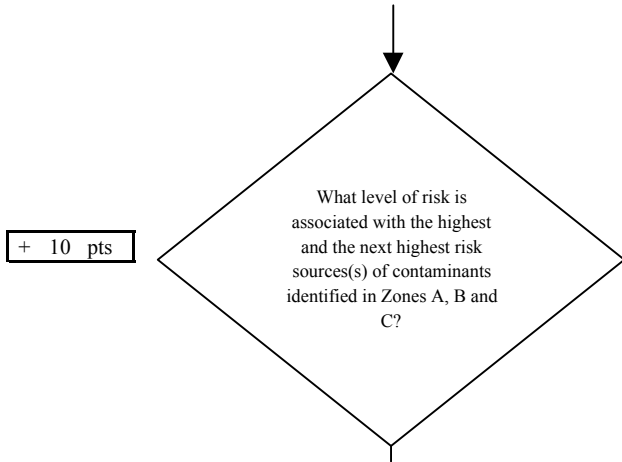


Chart 5. Contaminant risks for AK Division of Parks Olne Pond Campground - Nitrates and Nitrites



+ 10 pts

| Risk Levels for Contaminant Sources identified in Zones A, B and C | | | |
|--|--------|-----------|-------|
| | Zone A | Zones B&C | Total |
| Very Highs(s) | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| High(s) | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Medium(s) | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Low(s) | 1 | 6 | 7 |

| | LOW 10 pts | MEDIUM 20 pts | HIGH 30 pts | VERY HIGH 40 pts |
|------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------------|
| LOW | ≥ 10 sources + 10 pts | ≥ 10 sources + 5 pts | ≥ 20 sources + 5 pts | ---- |
| MEDIUM | ---- | ≥ 2 sources + 5 pts | ≥ 5 sources + 5 pts | ≥ 10 sources + 5 pts |
| HIGH | ---- | ---- | ≥ 1 source + 10 pts | ≥ 2 sources + 10 pts |
| VERY HIGH | ---- | ---- | ---- | ≥ 1 source + 10 pts |

Matrix Score 10

Note: Septic systems, sewerlines, and roads are each assigned a risk ranking for each individual contaminant source in the CSI. The VA, however, counts these contaminant sources as a group and assigns a calculated number of either "lows" or "mediums" based on the density.

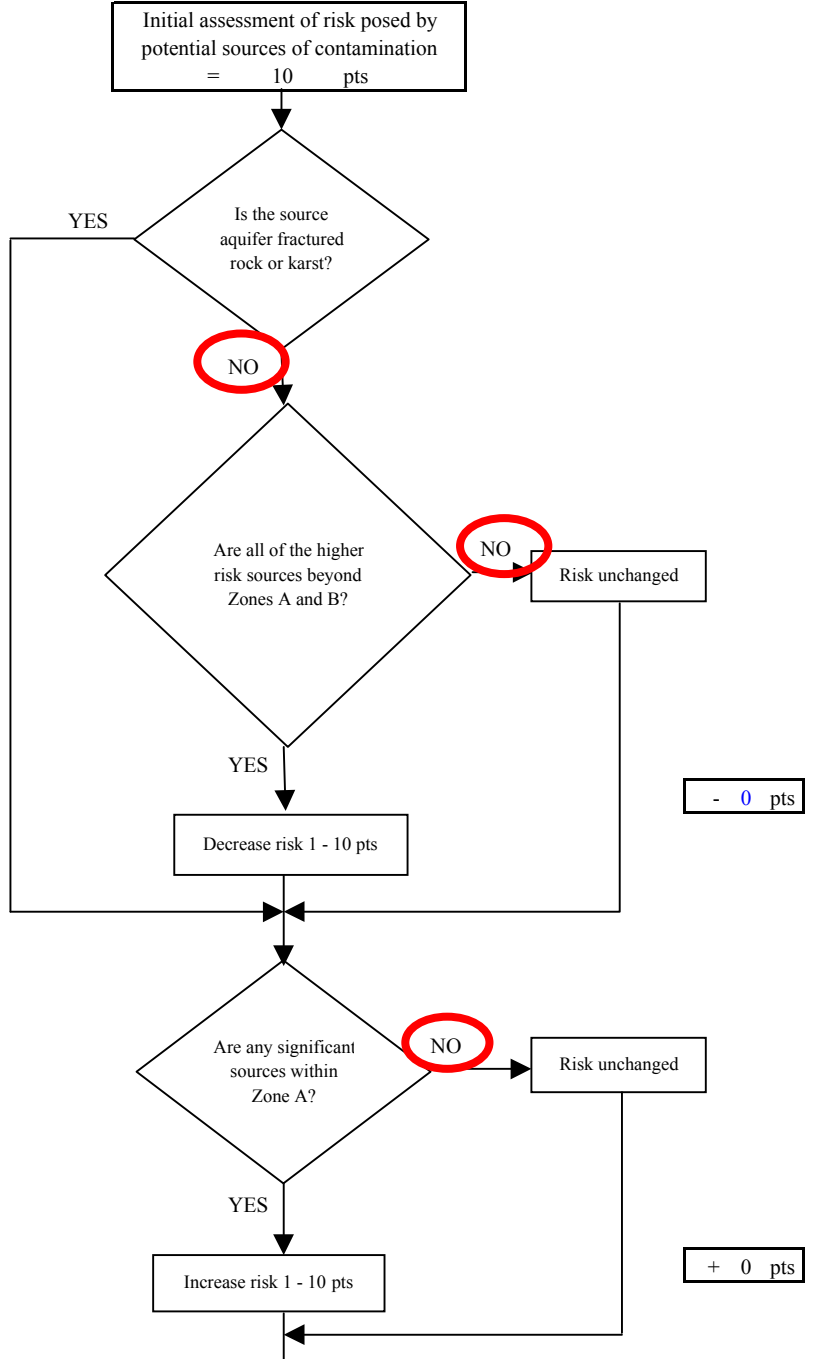
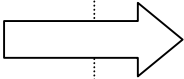


Chart 5. Contaminant risks for AK Division of Parks Olné Pond Campground - Nitrates and Nitrites

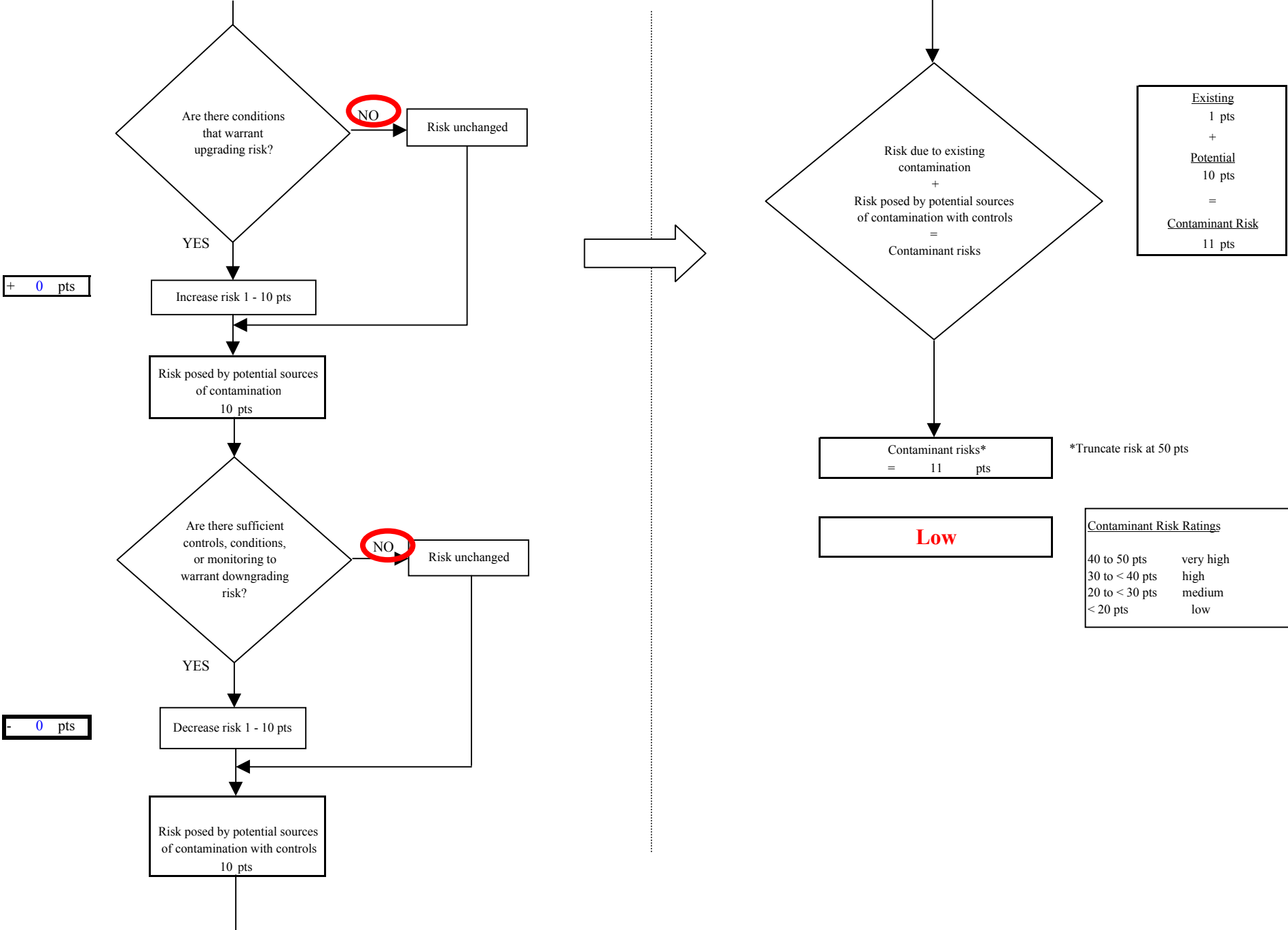


Chart 6. Vulnerability analysis for AK Division of Parks Olne Pond Campground - Nitrates and Nitrites

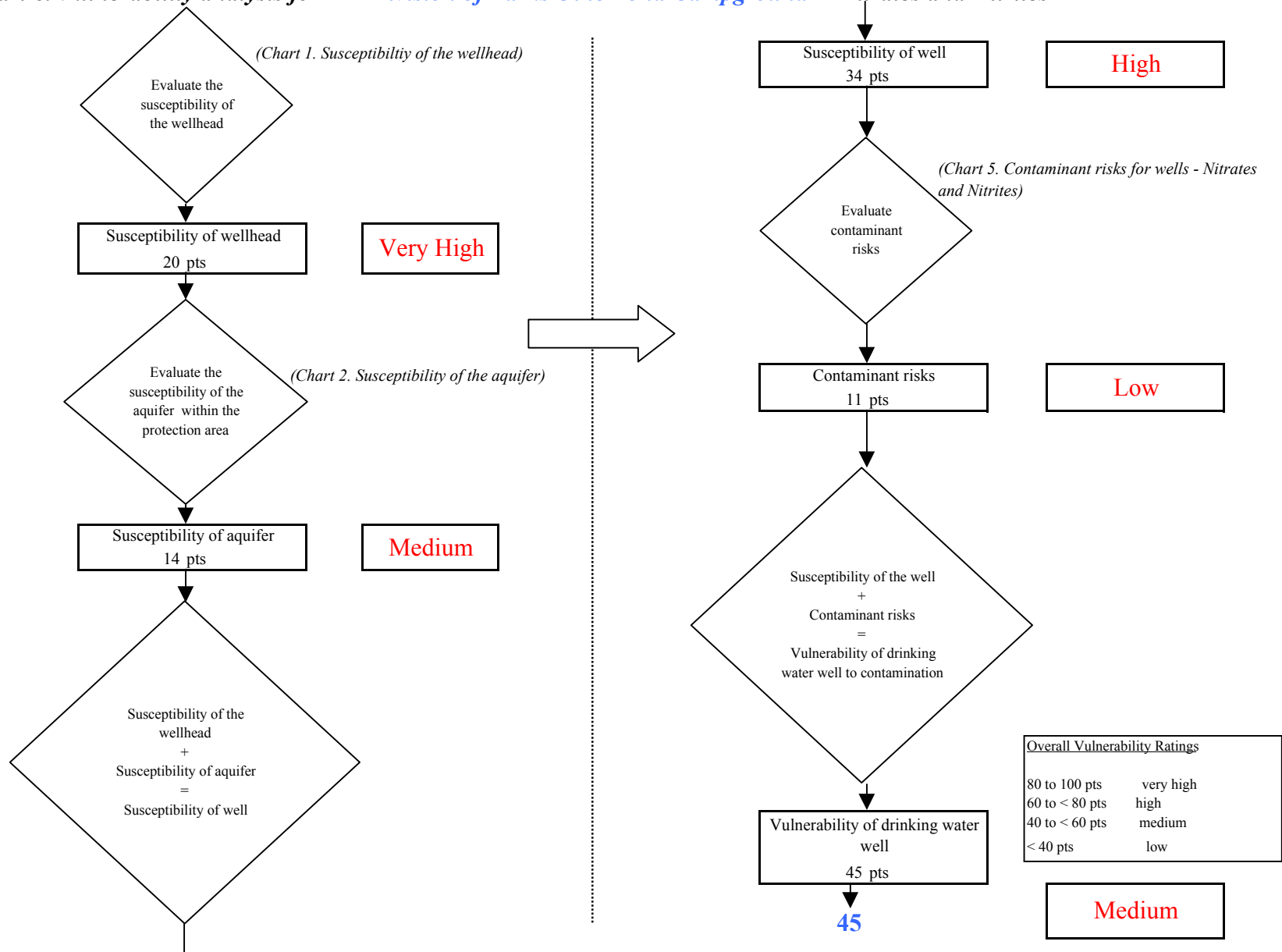


Chart 7. Contaminant risks for AK Division of Parks Olne Pond Campground - Volatile Organic Chemicals

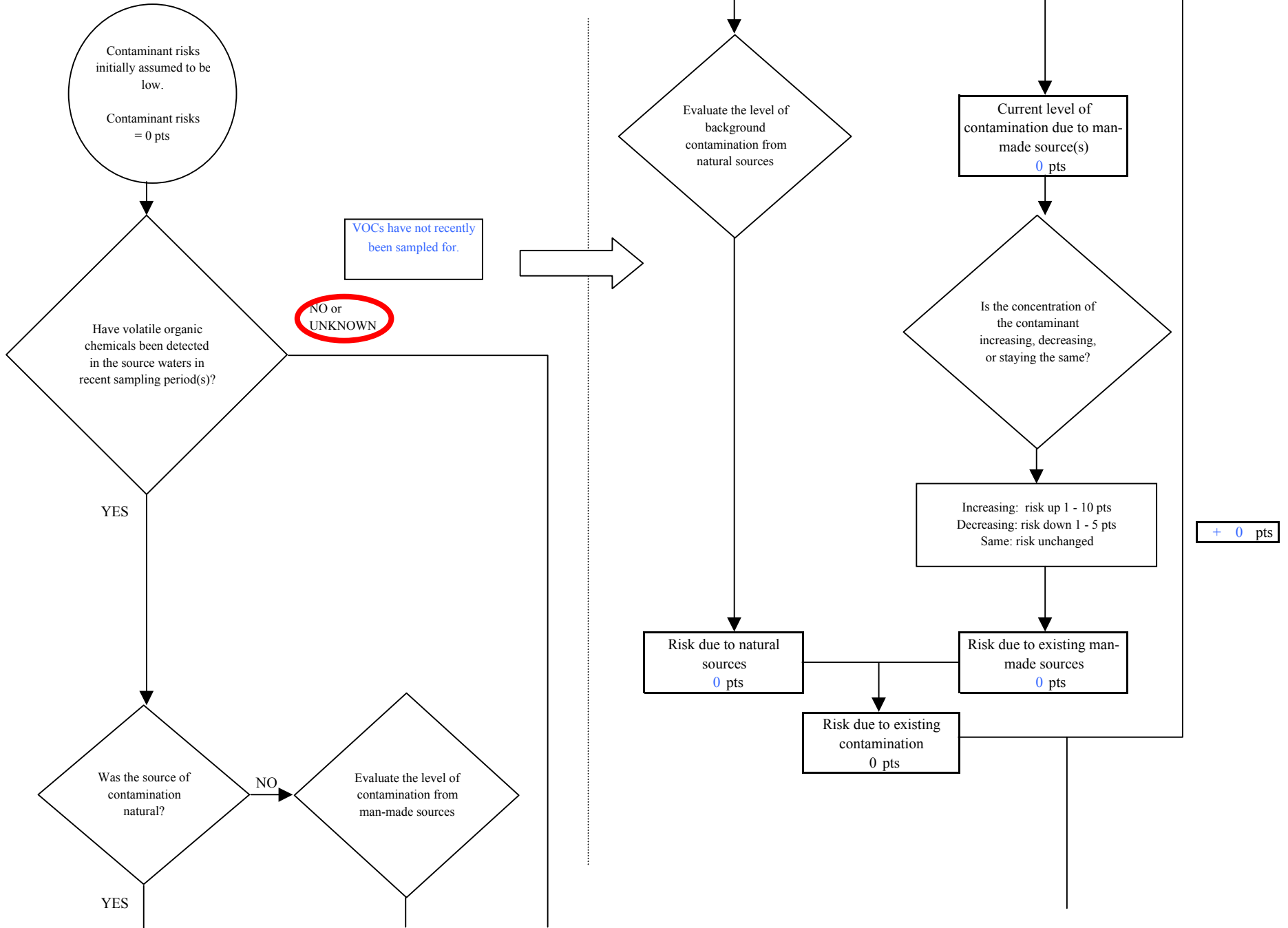
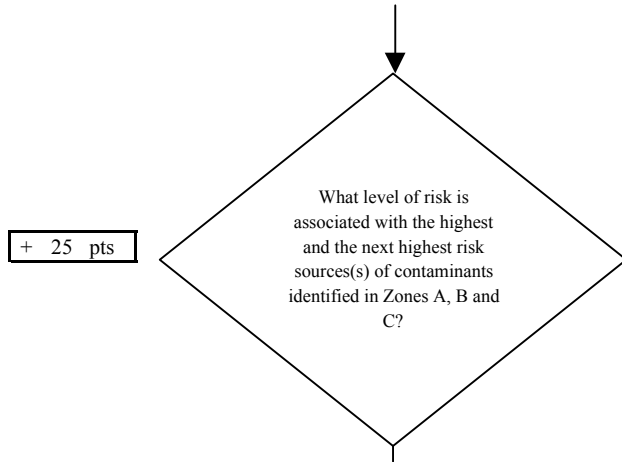


Chart 7. Contaminant risks for AK Division of Parks Olne Pond Campground - Volatile Organic Chemicals



+ 25 pts

| Risk Levels for Contaminant Sources identified in Zones A, B and C | | | |
|--|--------|-----------|-------|
| | Zone A | Zones B&C | Total |
| Very Highs(s) | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| High(s) | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Medium(s) | 0 | 27 | 27 |
| Low(s) | 1 | 5 | 6 |

| | LOW 10 pts | MEDIUM 20 pts | HIGH 30 pts | VERY HIGH 40 pts |
|-----------|--------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| LOW | ≥ 10 sources + 10 pts | ≥ 10 sources + 5 pts | ≥ 20 sources + 5 pts | ---- |
| MEDIUM | ---- | ≥ 2 sources + 5 pts | ≥ 5 sources + 5 pts | ≥ 10 sources + 5 pts |
| HIGH | ---- | ---- | ≥ 1 source + 10 pts | ≥ 2 sources + 10 pts |
| VERY HIGH | ---- | ---- | ---- | ≥ 1 source + 10 pts |

Matrix Score 25

Note: Septic systems, sewerlines, and roads are each assigned a risk ranking for each individual contaminant source in the CSI. The VA, however, counts these contaminant sources as a group and assigns a calculated number of either "lows" or "mediums" based on the density.

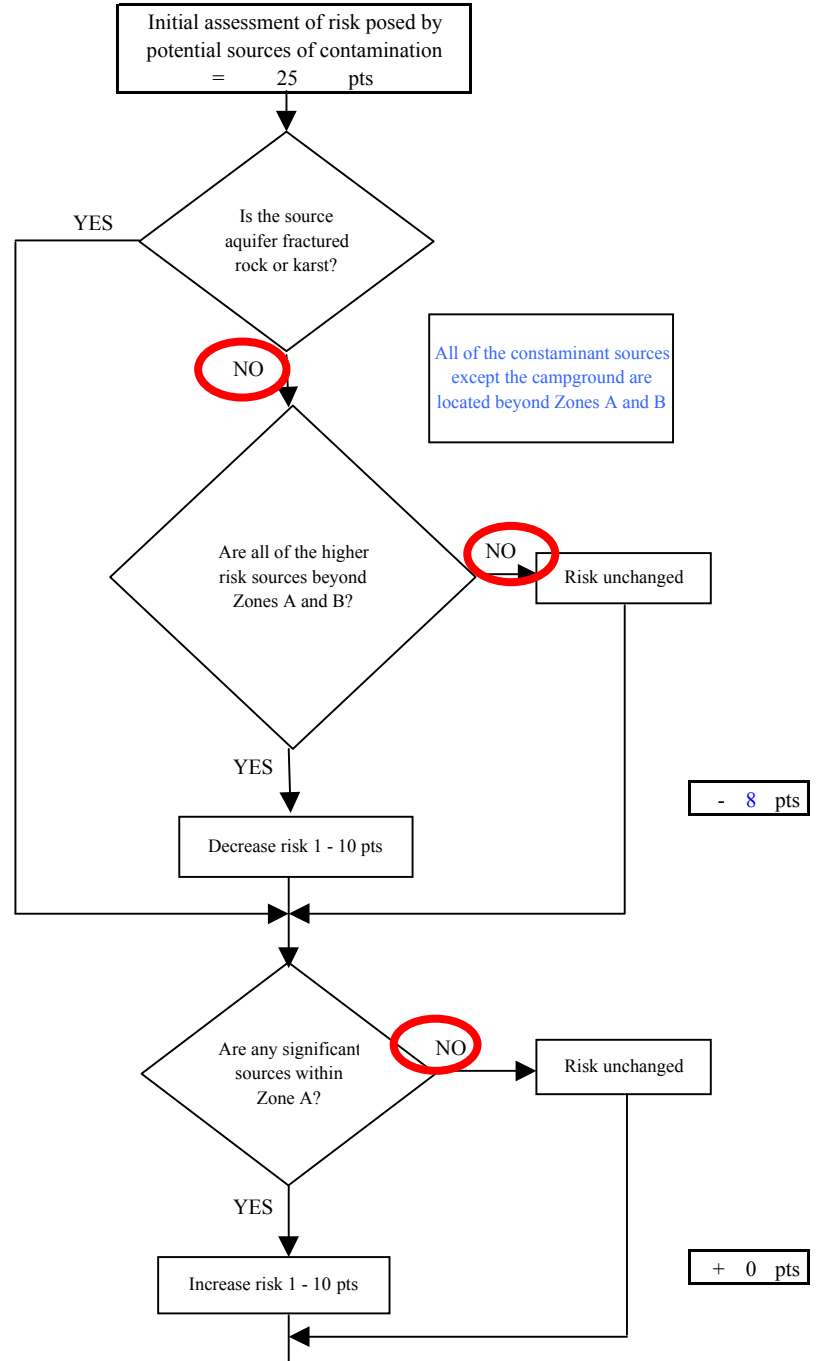
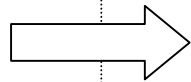


Chart 7. Contaminant risks for AK Division of Parks Olne Pond Campground - Volatile Organic Chemicals

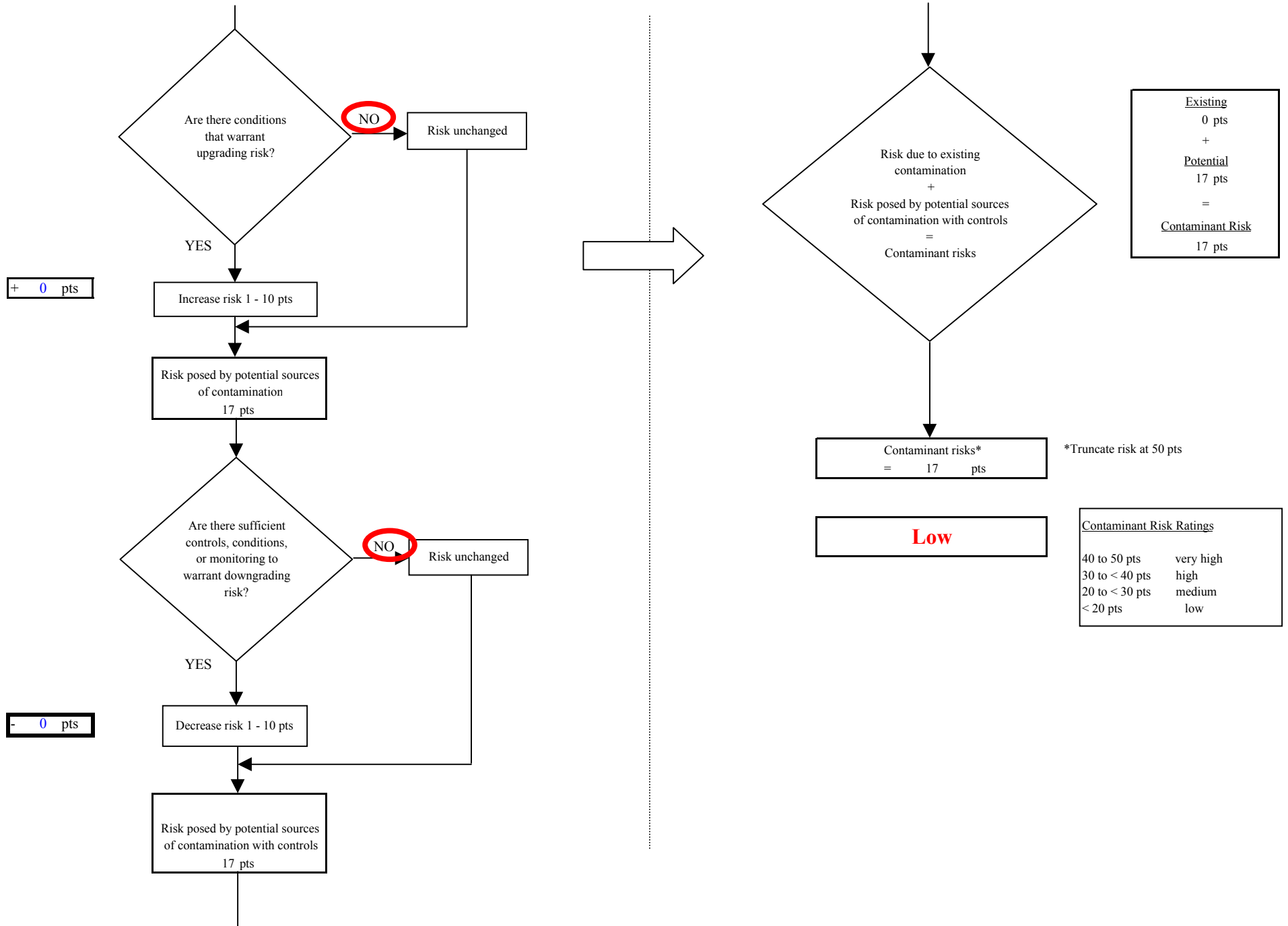


Chart 8. Vulnerability analysis for AK Division of Parks Olne Pond Campground - Volatile Organic Chemicals

