



Source Water Assessment

A Hydrogeologic Susceptibility and
Vulnerability Assessment for
Huffman Mobile Home Park Drinking
Water System,
Fairbanks area, Alaska
PWSID 310811

July 2003

DRINKING WATER PROTECTION PROGRAM REPORT Report 1024
Alaska Department of Environmental Conservation

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The Drinking Water Protection Program (DWPP) is producing Source Water Assessments in compliance with the Safe Drinking Water Act Amendments of 1996. Each assessment includes a delineation of the source water area, an inventory of potential and existing contaminant sources that may impact the water, a risk ranking for each of these contaminants, and an evaluation of the potential vulnerability of these drinking water sources.

These assessments are intended to provide public water systems owners/operators, communities, and local governments with the best available information that may be used to protect the quality of their drinking water. The assessments combine information obtained from various sources, including the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Alaska Department of Environmental Conservation (ADEC), public water system owners/operators, and other public information sources. The results of this assessment are subject to change if additional data becomes available. It is anticipated this assessment will be updated every five years to reflect any changes in the vulnerability and/or susceptibility of public drinking water source. If you have any additional information that may affect the results of this assessment, please contact the Program Coordinator of DWPP, (907) 269-7521.

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Source Water Assessment for Huffman Mobile Home Park Source of Public Drinking Water, Fairbanks Area, Alaska

Drinking Water Protection Program Alaska Department of Environmental Conservation

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

This source water assessment provides an evaluation of the vulnerability of the public water system serving the Huffman Mobile Home Park to potential contamination. This Class A (non-community) water system consists of one well near the intersection of Badger Road and Mary Drive approximately 6 miles northwest of North Pole, Alaska. The well received a natural susceptibility rating of **Medium**. This rating is a combination of a susceptibility rating of **Low** for the actual wellhead and a **Very High** rating for the aquifer in which the well is drawing water from. Identified potential and current sources of contamination for the Huffman Mobile Home Park public water system include: residential heating oil storage tanks, residential septic systems, roads, and residential area. These are considered as sources of bacteria and viruses, nitrates and/or nitrites, volatile organic chemicals (VOCs), heavy metals, cyanide, and other inorganic chemicals, synthetic organic chemicals (SOCs), and other organic chemicals (OOCs). Combining the natural susceptibility of the well with the contaminant risk, the public water system for Huffman Mobile Home Park received an overall vulnerability rating of **Medium** for VOCs; and a **Low** for bacteria and viruses, nitrates and/or nitrites, heavy metals, cyanide, SOCs, and OOCs..

HUFFMAN MOBILE HOME PARK PUBLIC DRINKING WATER SYSTEM

Huffman Mobile Home Park public water system is a Class A (community) water system. The system consists of one well near the intersection of Badger Road and Mary Drive approximately 6 miles northwest of North Pole, Alaska (T1S, R1E, Section 13) (See Map 1 of Appendix A). North Pole is located southeast of Fairbanks in the Fairbanks North Star Borough which is near the center of Alaska (Please see the inset of Map 1 in Appendix A for location). The Borough's current population is 82,840 making it the second-largest population center in the state (ADCED, 2002). Communities located within the Borough include : College, Eielson Air Force Base, Ester, Fairbanks, Fox, Harding Lake, Moose Creek, North Pole, Pleasant Valley, Salcha, and Two Rivers.

The majority of residents located in the area surrounding the city of Fairbanks use individual water wells or hauled water, and septic systems (ADCED, 2002). Heating oil (typically stored in both above and below ground 275 to 500-gallon tanks) is used for heating homes and buildings. Refuse is transported to the Fairbanks North Star Borough landfill.

The Fairbanks area includes two distinct topographic areas: the alluvial plain between the Tanana River and the Chena River, and the uplands north of this alluvial plain. The Huffman Mobile Home Park water system is located in the alluvial plain at an elevation of approximately 425 feet above sea level.

According to the most recent sanitary survey (9/12/01) for this water system, the depth of the well is 100 feet below the ground surface. Other wells in this area are screened in a combination of sand and gravel and it is assumed that this one is also. The alluvial plain consists of alternating layers of sand and gravel up to over 500 feet thick, in some locations overlain by 1 to 10 feet of silt or sandy silt or a few feet of peat (Glass and others, 1996).

Primarily the Tanana River, but also the Chena River contribute water to this alluvial aquifer. The Chena River typically only contributes water when its stage is high and the Tanana is low (Nelson, 1978). The Tanana River gets approximately 85% of its water from snowmelt of the Alaska Range and 15% from the Yukon-Tanana uplands (Anderson, 1970).

The Huffman Mobile Home Park public water system serves 30 residents through 26 service connections.

HUFFMAN MOBILE HOME PARK DRINKING WATER PROTECTION AREA

The pathways most likely for surface contamination to reach the groundwater are identified as the first step in determining a drinking water system's risk. These areas are determined by looking at the characteristics of the soil, groundwater, aquifer, and well.

The most probable area for contamination to reach the drinking water well is the area that contributes water to the well, the groundwater capture zone. The groundwater capture zone is located in the area circling the well (the area influenced by pumping) and also the

area of the water table upgradient of the well, usually forming a parabola shape.

The shape of the capture zone is calculated using a combination of two simple groundwater flow equations, the Thiem and uniform flow equations. The orientation of the capture zone is drawn using a water table elevation map of the area.

The parameters used to calculate the shape of the capture zone were obtained from various United State Geological Survey (USGS) reports, well logs in the area, and the Groundwater textbook by Freeze and Cherry (Freeze and Cherry, 1979).

The water table in the area of the Huffman Mobile Home Park, the area between the Tanana and the Chena Rivers, is primarily influenced by the level of water flow in each river. The capture zones were drawn based on three separate configurations of the water table during various stages of the rivers: a period of high stage in the Chena River (October 14-17, 1986), high stage in the Tanana River (July 16-17, 1987), and low stages in both rivers (March 30-April 3, 1988) (Glass and others, 1996). High water levels in the Chena usually occur in the spring due to runoff from the uplands and in late summer due to rainstorms (Nelson, 1978). The Tanana usually experiences high flow during the hot, dry periods of mid-summer when maximum snowmelt from the Alaska Range occurs (Nelson, 1978). Groundwater in this area generally flows toward the northwest, from the Tanana River to the Chena River, however flow is reversed very near the Chena River during its high stage periods (Glass and others, 1996).

Because of uncertainties and changing site conditions, a factor of safety is added to the groundwater capture zone to form the drinking water protection area for the well.

The protection areas established for wells are usually separated into four zones, limited by the watershed. These zones correspond to times-of-travel (TOT) of the water moving through the aquifer to the well (plus the factor of safety).

The following is a summary of the four zones for wells and the calculated time-of-travel for each:

Table 1. Definition of Zones

Zone	Definition
A	¼ the distance for the 2-yr. time-of-travel
B	Less than 2 years time-of-travel
C	Less than 5 years time-of-travel
D	Less than 10 years time-of-travel

The time of travel for contaminants within the water varies with their unique physical and chemical characteristics.

The drinking water protection area outlined for the Huffman Mobile Home Park on Map 1 of Appendix A will serve as the focus for voluntary protection efforts.

INVENTORY OF POTENTIAL AND EXISTING CONTAMINANT SOURCES

The Drinking Water Protection Program (DWPP) has completed an inventory of potential and existing sources of contamination within the Huffman Mobile Home Park protection area. This inventory was completed through a search of agency records and other publicly available information. Potential drinking water contaminants are found within agricultural, residential, commercial, and industrial areas, but can also occur within areas that have little or no development.

For the basis of all Class A public water system assessments, six categories of drinking water contaminants were inventoried. They include:

- Bacteria and viruses;
- Nitrates and/or nitrites;
- Volatile organic chemicals;
- Heavy metals, cyanide, and other inorganic chemicals;
- Synthetic organic chemicals; and
- Other organic chemicals.

The sources are displayed on Map 2 of Appendix C and summarized in Table 1 of Appendix B.

RANKING OF CONTAMINANT RISKS

Once the potential and existing sources of contamination have been identified, they are each assigned a ranking according to what type and level of risk they represent. Ranking of contaminant risks for a “potential” or “existing” source of contamination is a combination of toxicity and volume associated with that source. Rankings include:

- Low;
- Medium;
- High; and
- Very High.

Bacteria and Viruses are only inventoried in Zones A and B because of their short life span. Only “Very High” and “High” rankings are inventoried within the outer Zone D due to the probability of contaminant dilution by the time the contaminants get to the well.

Tables 2 through 7 in Appendix B contain the ranking of inventoried potential and existing sources of

contamination with respect to bacteria and viruses, nitrates and/or nitrites, volatile organic chemicals.

VULNERABILITY OF HUFFMAN MOBILE HOME PARK DRINKING WATER SYSTEM

Vulnerability of a drinking water source to contamination is a combination of two factors:

- Natural susceptibility; and
- Contaminant risks.

Appendix D contains fourteen charts, which together form the ‘Vulnerability Analysis’ for a source water assessment for a public drinking water source. Chart 1 analyzes the ‘Susceptibility of the Wellhead’ to contamination by looking at the construction of the well and its surrounding area. Chart 2 analyzes the ‘Susceptibility of the Aquifer’ to contamination by looking at the properties of the aquifer and the presence of other wells or boreholes in the area. Chart 3 analyzes ‘Contaminant Risks’ for the drinking water source with respect to Bacteria and Viruses. The ‘Contaminant Risks’ portion of the analysis considers potential sources of contaminants as well as a review of the water system’s contaminant sample results. Lastly, Chart 4 combines the results of the first three charts to produce the ‘Vulnerability Analysis for Bacteria and Viruses’. Charts 5 through 14 contain the Contaminant Risks and Vulnerability Analyses for nitrates and nitrites, volatile organic chemicals, heavy metals, cyanide, and other inorganic chemicals, synthetic organic chemicals, and other organic chemicals, respectively.

A score for the Natural Susceptibility is reached by considering the properties of the well and the aquifer.

$$\begin{array}{r}
 \text{Susceptibility of the Wellhead (0 – 25 Points)} \\
 \text{(Chart 1 of Appendix D)} \\
 + \\
 \text{Susceptibility of the Aquifer (0 – 25 Points)} \\
 \text{(Chart 2 of Appendix D)} \\
 = \\
 \text{Natural Susceptibility (Susceptibility of the Well)} \\
 \text{(0 – 50 Points)}
 \end{array}$$

A ranking is assigned for the Natural Susceptibility according to the point score:

Natural Susceptibility Ratings	
40 to 50 pts	Very High
30 to < 40 pts	High
20 to < 30 pts	Medium
< 20 pts	Low

The wellhead for the Huffman Mobile Home Park received a Low Susceptibility rating. The most recent sanitary survey (9/12/01) indicates the well is capped with a sanitary seal, the land surface is sloped away from the well, and the well is grouted. A sanitary seal prevents potential contaminant from entering the well while sloping of the land surface and grouting help to prevent potential contaminants from traveling down the outside of the well casing.

The aquifer the Huffman Mobile Home Park well is completed in received a Very High Susceptibility rating. The highly transmissive aquifer material and the high water table in the area allow contaminants to travel downward from the surface with the precipitation and surface water runoff. Table 2 summarizes the Susceptibility scores and ratings for Huffman Mobile Home Park.

Table 2. Susceptibility

	Score	Rating
Susceptibility of the Wellhead	0	Low
Susceptibility of the Aquifer	20	Very High
Natural Susceptibility	20	Medium

The Contaminant Risk has been derived from an evaluation of the routine sampling results of the water system and the presence of potential sources of contamination. Contaminant risks to a drinking water source depend on the type and distribution of contaminant sources. Flow charts are used to assign a point score, and ratings are assigned in the same way as for the natural susceptibility:

Contaminant Risk Ratings	
40 to 50 pts	Very High
30 to < 40 pts	High
20 to < 30 pts	Medium
< 20 pts	Low

Table 3 summarizes the Contaminant Risks for each category of drinking water contaminants.

Table 3. Contaminant Risks

Category	Score	Rating
Bacteria and Viruses	10	Low
Nitrates and/or Nitrites	10	Low
Volatile Organic Chemicals	30	High
Heavy Metals, Cyanide, and Other Inorganic Chemicals	15	Low
Synthetic Organic Chemicals	10	Low
Other Organic Chemicals	10	Low

Finally, an overall vulnerability score is assigned for each water system by combining each of the contaminant risk scores with the natural susceptibility score:

$$\begin{array}{r}
 \text{Natural Susceptibility (0 – 50 points)} \\
 + \\
 \text{Contaminant Risks (0 – 50 points)} \\
 = \\
 \text{Vulnerability of the} \\
 \text{Drinking Water Source to Contamination (0 – 100).}
 \end{array}$$

Again, rankings are assigned according to a point score:

Overall Vulnerability Ratings	
80 to 100 pts	Very High
60 to < 80 pts	High
40 to < 60 pts	Medium
< 40 pts	Low

Table 4 contains the overall vulnerability scores (0 – 100) and ratings for each of the six categories of drinking water contaminants. Note: scores are rounded off to the nearest five.

Table 4. Overall Vulnerability

Category	Score	Rating
Bacteria and Viruses	30	Low
Nitrates and Nitrites	30	Low
Volatile Organic Chemicals	50	Medium
Heavy Metals, Cyanide, and Other Inorganic Chemicals	35	Low
Synthetic Organic Chemicals	30	Low
Other Organic Chemicals	30	Low

Bacteria and Viruses

The residential septic systems in the protection area represent the greatest risk for bacteria and viruses to the drinking water well.

Only a small amount of bacteria and viruses are required to endanger public health. Coli forms are found naturally in the environment and although they aren't necessarily a health threat, it is an indicator of other potentially harmful bacteria in the water, more specifically, fecal coli forms and E. coli which only come from human and animal fecal waste (EPA, 2002). Harmful bacteria can cause diarrhea, cramps, nausea, headaches, or other symptoms (EPA, 2002). Coli forms have not been detected in this water system.

After combining the contaminant risk for bacteria and viruses with the natural susceptibility of the well, the overall vulnerability of the well to contamination is low.

Nitrates and Nitrites

The residential septic systems in the protection area also represent the greatest risk to nitrates and nitrites for this source of public drinking water.

Nitrates are very mobile, moving at approximately the same rate as water. Nitrates have not been detected in recent sampling history for the Huffman Mobile Home Park well.

After combining the contaminant risk for nitrates and nitrites with the natural susceptibility of the well, the overall vulnerability of the well to contamination is low.

Volatile Organic Chemicals

The residential heating oil tanks represent the greatest risk for volatile organic chemical contamination to the well.

Both underground and above ground heating oil storage tanks are the standard way of heating homes and businesses in the area surrounding Fairbanks. The most common causes of fuel leaks of these heating oil systems are overfilling the tank, ruptured fuel lines, leaking storage tanks, damaged or faulty valves and vandalism. Regular system maintenance can help prevent many of these harmful fuel leaks.

Volatile Organic Chemicals were sampled on 12/6/99 and 9/23/96 in the Huffman Mobile Home Park public water system. None were detected on either sampling event. After combining the contaminant risk for volatile organic chemicals with the natural susceptibility of the well, the overall vulnerability of the well to contamination is medium.

Heavy Metals, Cyanide, and Other Inorganic Chemicals

The residential septic systems represent the greatest risk for inorganic chemicals to the well.

Inorganic chemicals were sampled on 4/16/00 and 10/4/99. Barium and fluoride were detected well below their respective maximum contaminant levels (MCLs) during the 4/16/00 sampling event. Barium was detected at a higher concentration with respect to its MCL (0.174 mg/L or 9%). In greater quantities, barium is thought to cause gastrointestinal disturbances and muscular weakness. Barium has also been shown to increase blood pressure after long term exposure to concentrations greater than the MCL (EPA, 2002).

After combining the contaminant risk for heavy metals, cyanide and other inorganic chemicals with the natural susceptibility of the well, the overall vulnerability of the well to contamination is low.

Synthetic Organic Chemicals

The residential septic systems represent the greatest risk for synthetic organic chemicals to the well.

Synthetic organic chemicals have not been sampled for in this water system.

After combining the contaminant risk for synthetic organic chemicals with the natural susceptibility of the well, the overall vulnerability of the well to contamination is low.

Other Organic Chemicals

The residential septic systems represent the greatest risk for other organic chemicals to the well.

Other organic chemicals have not been sampled for in this water system.

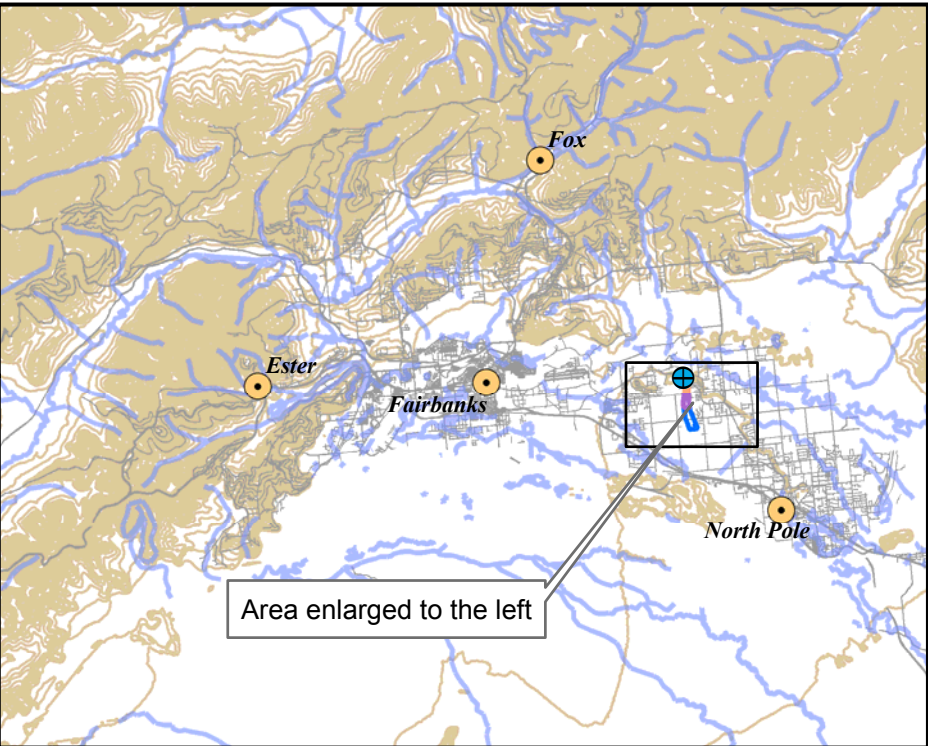
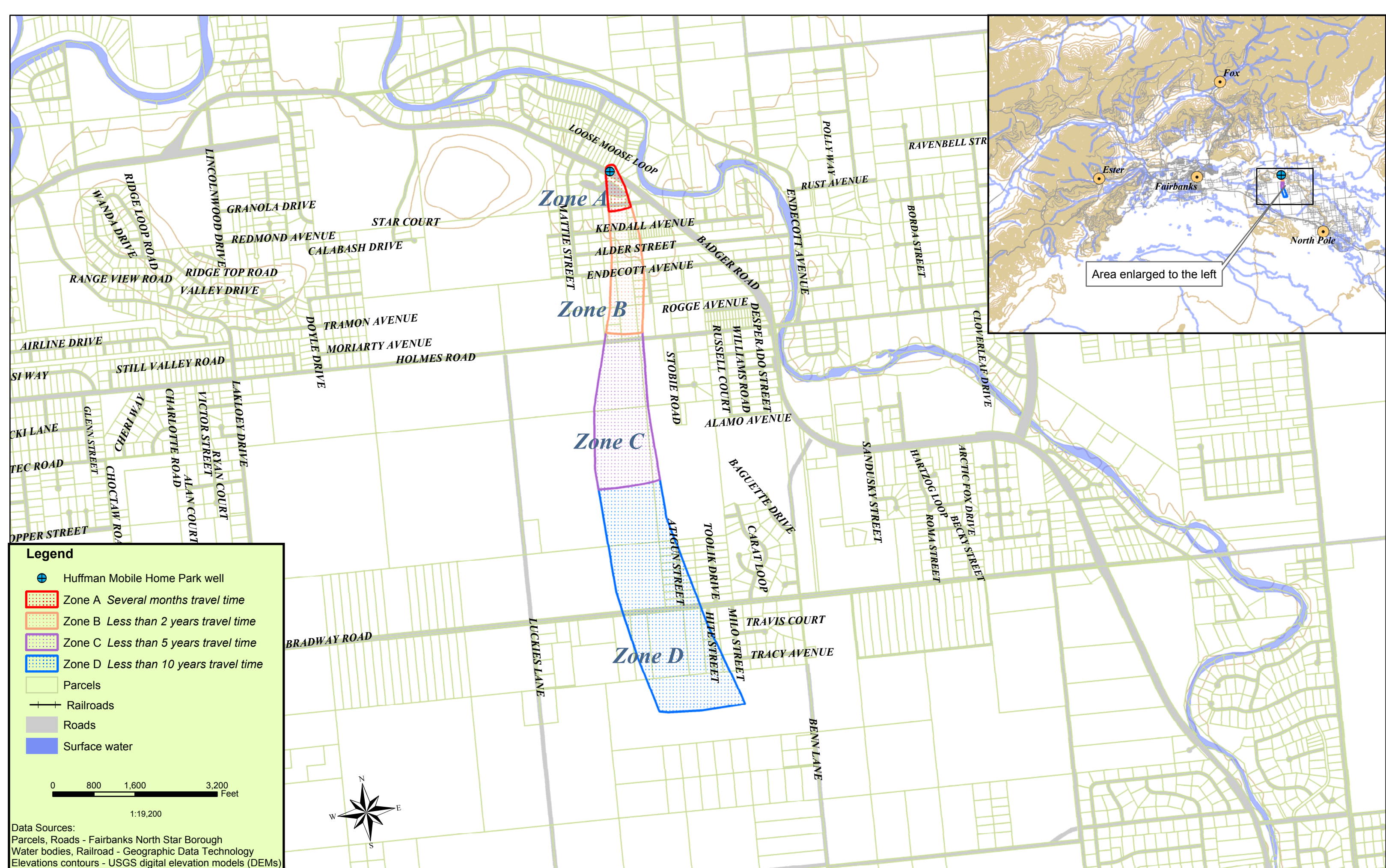
After combining the contaminant risk for synthetic organic chemicals with the natural susceptibility of the well, the overall vulnerability of the well to contamination is low.

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APPENDIX A

Huffman Mobile Home Park Drinking Water Protection Area Location Map (Map 1)



APPENDIX B

Contaminant Source Inventory and Risk Ranking for Huffman Mobile Home Park (Tables 1-7)

Table 1

**Contaminant Source Inventory for
Huffman Mobile Home Park**

PWSID 310811.001

Contaminant Source Type	Contaminant Source ID	CS ID tag	Zone	Map Number	Comments
Residential Areas	R01	R01-1	A	2	Approximately 1 acre of residential area located in Zone A
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02		A	2	2 septics based on tax parcels designated as residential
Tanks, heating oil, residential (above ground)	R08		A	2	2 tanks based on tax parcels designated as residential
Highways and roads, paved (cement or asphalt)	X20		A	2	2 roads: Badger Road and Bobanna Lane
Residential Areas	R01	R01-2	B	2	Approximately 7 acres of residential area in Zone B
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02		B	2	6 septics based on tax parcels designated as residential
Tanks, heating oil, residential (above ground)	R08		B	2	6 tanks based on tax parcels designated as residential
Highways and roads, paved (cement or asphalt)	X20		B	2	3 roads: Kendall Avenue, Alder Street, Endecott Avenue
Cropland	A02	A03-1	D	2 inset	1480 Milo Street

Table 2

*Contaminant Source Inventory and Risk Ranking for
Huffman Mobile Home Park
Sources of Bacteria and Viruses*

PWSID 310811.001

<i>Contaminant Source Type</i>	<i>Contaminant Source ID</i>	<i>CS ID tag</i>	<i>Zone</i>	<i>Risk Ranking for Analysis</i>	<i>Map Number</i>	<i>Comments</i>
Highways and roads, paved (cement or asphalt)	X20		A	Low	2	2 roads: Badger Road and Bobanna Lane
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02		A	Low	2	2 septic systems based on tax parcels designated as residential
Residential Areas	R01	R01-1	A	Low	2	Approximately 1 acre of residential area located in Zone A
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02		B	Low	2	6 septic systems based on tax parcels designated as residential
Highways and roads, paved (cement or asphalt)	X20		B	Low	2	3 roads: Kendall Avenue, Alder Street, Endecott Avenue
Residential Areas	R01	R01-2	B	Low	2	Approximately 7 acres of residential area in Zone B

Table 3

*Contaminant Source Inventory and Risk Ranking for
Huffman Mobile Home Park
Sources of Nitrates/Nitrites*

PWSID 310811.001

<i>Contaminant Source Type</i>	<i>Contaminant Source ID</i>	<i>CS ID tag</i>	<i>Zone</i>	<i>Risk Ranking for Analysis</i>	<i>Map Number</i>	<i>Comments</i>
Highways and roads, paved (cement or asphalt)	X20		A	Low	2	2 roads: Badger Road and Bobanna Lane
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02		A	Low	2	2 septic systems based on tax parcels designated as residential
Residential Areas	R01	R01-1	A	Low	2	Approximately 1 acre of residential area located in Zone A
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02		B	Low	2	6 septic systems based on tax parcels designated as residential
Highways and roads, paved (cement or asphalt)	X20		B	Low	2	3 roads: Kendall Avenue, Alder Street, Endecott Avenue
Residential Areas	R01	R01-2	B	Low	2	Approximately 7 acres of residential area in Zone B
Cropland	A02	A03-1	D	High	2 inset	1480 Milo Street

Table 4

*Contaminant Source Inventory and Risk Ranking for
Huffman Mobile Home Park
Sources of Volatile Organic Chemicals*

PWSID 310811.001

<i>Contaminant Source Type</i>	<i>Contaminant Source ID</i>	<i>CS ID tag</i>	<i>Zone</i>	<i>Risk Ranking for Analysis</i>	<i>Map Number</i>	<i>Comments</i>
Highways and roads, paved (cement or asphalt)	X20		A	Low	2	2 roads: Badger Road and Bobanna Lane
Tanks, heating oil, residential (above ground)	R08		A	Medium	2	2 tanks based on tax parcels designated as residential
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02		A	Low	2	2 septic systems based on tax parcels designated as residential
Residential Areas	R01	R01-1	A	Low	2	Approximately 1 acre of residential area located in Zone A
Highways and roads, paved (cement or asphalt)	X20		B	Low	2	3 roads: Kendall Avenue, Alder Street, Endecott Avenue
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02		B	Low	2	6 septic systems based on tax parcels designated as residential
Tanks, heating oil, residential (above ground)	R08		B	Medium	2	6 tanks based on tax parcels designated as residential
Residential Areas	R01	R01-2	B	Low	2	Approximately 7 acres of residential area in Zone B

Table 5

*Contaminant Source Inventory and Risk Ranking for
Huffman Mobile Home Park
Sources of Heavy Metals, Cyanide and Other Inorganic Chemicals*

PWSID 310811.001

<i>Contaminant Source Type</i>	<i>Contaminant Source ID</i>	<i>CS ID tag</i>	<i>Zone</i>	<i>Risk Ranking for Analysis</i>	<i>Map Number</i>	<i>Comments</i>
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02		A	Low	2	2 septic systems based on tax parcels designated as residential
Highways and roads, paved (cement or asphalt)	X20		A	Low	2	2 roads: Badger Road and Bobanna Lane
Residential Areas	R01	R01-1	A	Low	2	Approximately 1 acre of residential area located in Zone A
Highways and roads, paved (cement or asphalt)	X20		B	Low	2	3 roads: Kendall Avenue, Alder Street, Endecott Avenue
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02		B	Low	2	6 septic systems based on tax parcels designated as residential
Residential Areas	R01	R01-2	B	Low	2	Approximately 7 acres of residential area in Zone B

Table 6

*Contaminant Source Inventory and Risk Ranking for
Huffman Mobile Home Park
Sources of Synthetic Organic Chemicals*

PWSID 310811.001

<i>Contaminant Source Type</i>	<i>Contaminant Source ID</i>	<i>CS ID tag</i>	<i>Zone</i>	<i>Risk Ranking for Analysis</i>	<i>Map Number</i>	<i>Comments</i>
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02		A	Low	2	2 septic based on tax parcels designated as residential
Residential Areas	R01	R01-1	A	Low	2	Approximately 1 acre of residential area located in Zone A
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02		B	Low	2	6 septic based on tax parcels designated as residential
Residential Areas	R01	R01-2	B	Low	2	Approximately 7 acres of residential area in Zone B
Cropland	A02	A03-1	D	High	2 inset	1480 Milo Street

Table 7

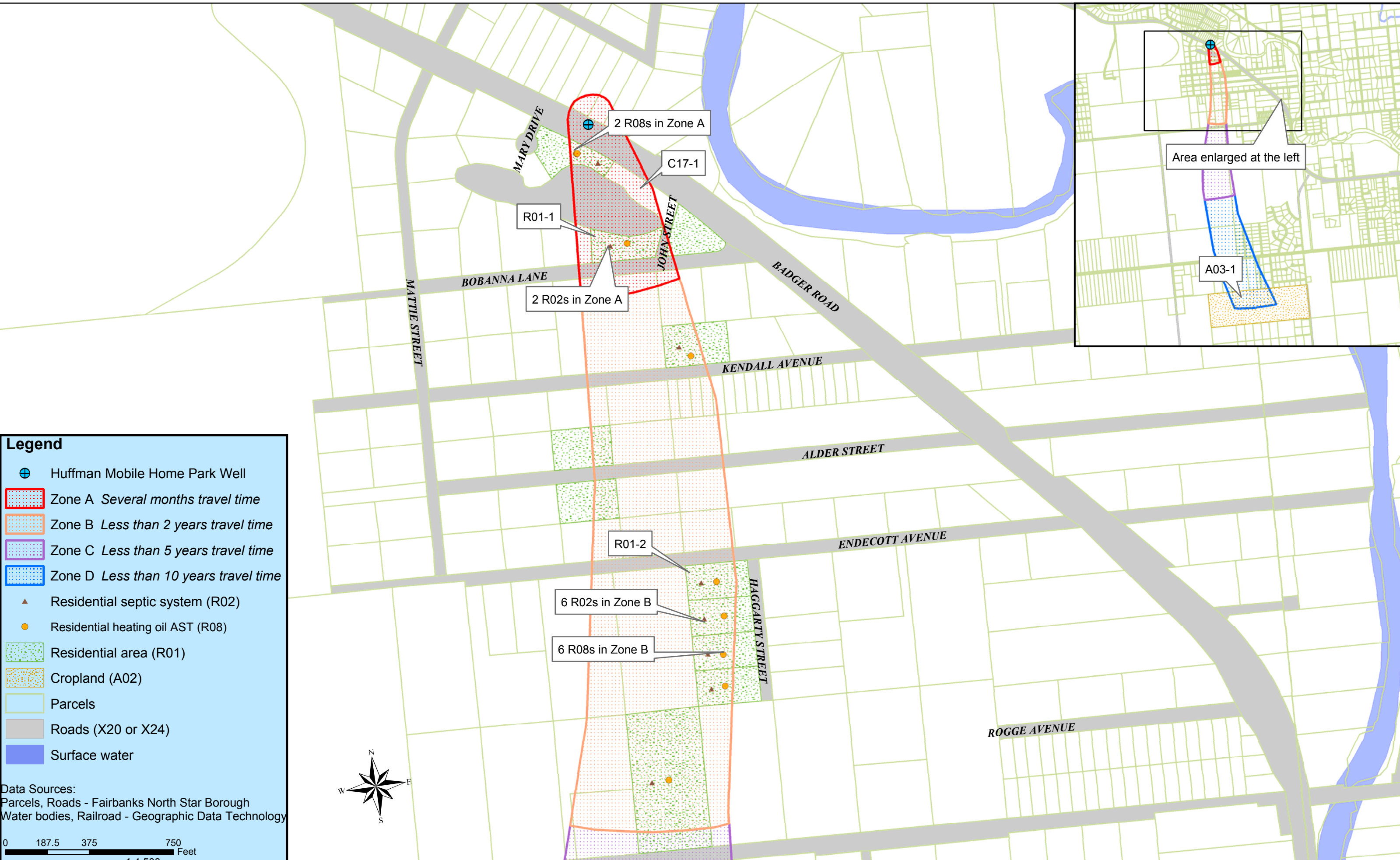
*Contaminant Source Inventory and Risk Ranking for
Huffman Mobile Home Park
Sources of Other Organic Chemicals*

PWSID 310811.001

<i>Contaminant Source Type</i>	<i>Contaminant Source ID</i>	<i>CS ID tag</i>	<i>Zone</i>	<i>Risk Ranking for Analysis</i>	<i>Map Number</i>	<i>Comments</i>
Highways and roads, paved (cement or asphalt)	X20		A	Low	2	2 roads: Badger Road and Bobanna Lane
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02		A	Low	2	2 septic systems based on tax parcels designated as residential
Residential Areas	R01	R01-1	A	Low	2	Approximately 1 acre of residential area located in Zone A
Highways and roads, paved (cement or asphalt)	X20		B	Low	2	3 roads: Kendall Avenue, Alder Street, Endecott Avenue
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02		B	Low	2	6 septic systems based on tax parcels designated as residential
Residential Areas	R01	R01-2	B	Low	2	Approximately 7 acres of residential area in Zone B

APPENDIX C

Huffman Mobile Home Park Drinking Water Protection Area and Potential and Existing Contaminant Sources (Map 2)

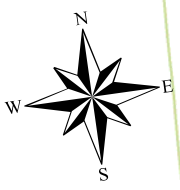


Legend

- Huffman Mobile Home Park Well
- Zone A *Several months travel time*
- Zone B *Less than 2 years travel time*
- Zone C *Less than 5 years travel time*
- Zone D *Less than 10 years travel time*
- Residential septic system (R02)
- Residential heating oil AST (R08)
- Residential area (R01)
- Cropland (A02)
- Parcels
- Roads (X20 or X24)
- Surface water

Data Sources:
 Parcels, Roads - Fairbanks North Star Borough
 Water bodies, Railroad - Geographic Data Technology

0 187.5 375 750 Feet
 1:4,500



APPENDIX D

Vulnerability Analysis for Huffman Mobile Home Park Public Drinking Water Source (Charts 1-14)

Chart 1. Susceptibility of the wellhead - Huffman Mobile Home Park

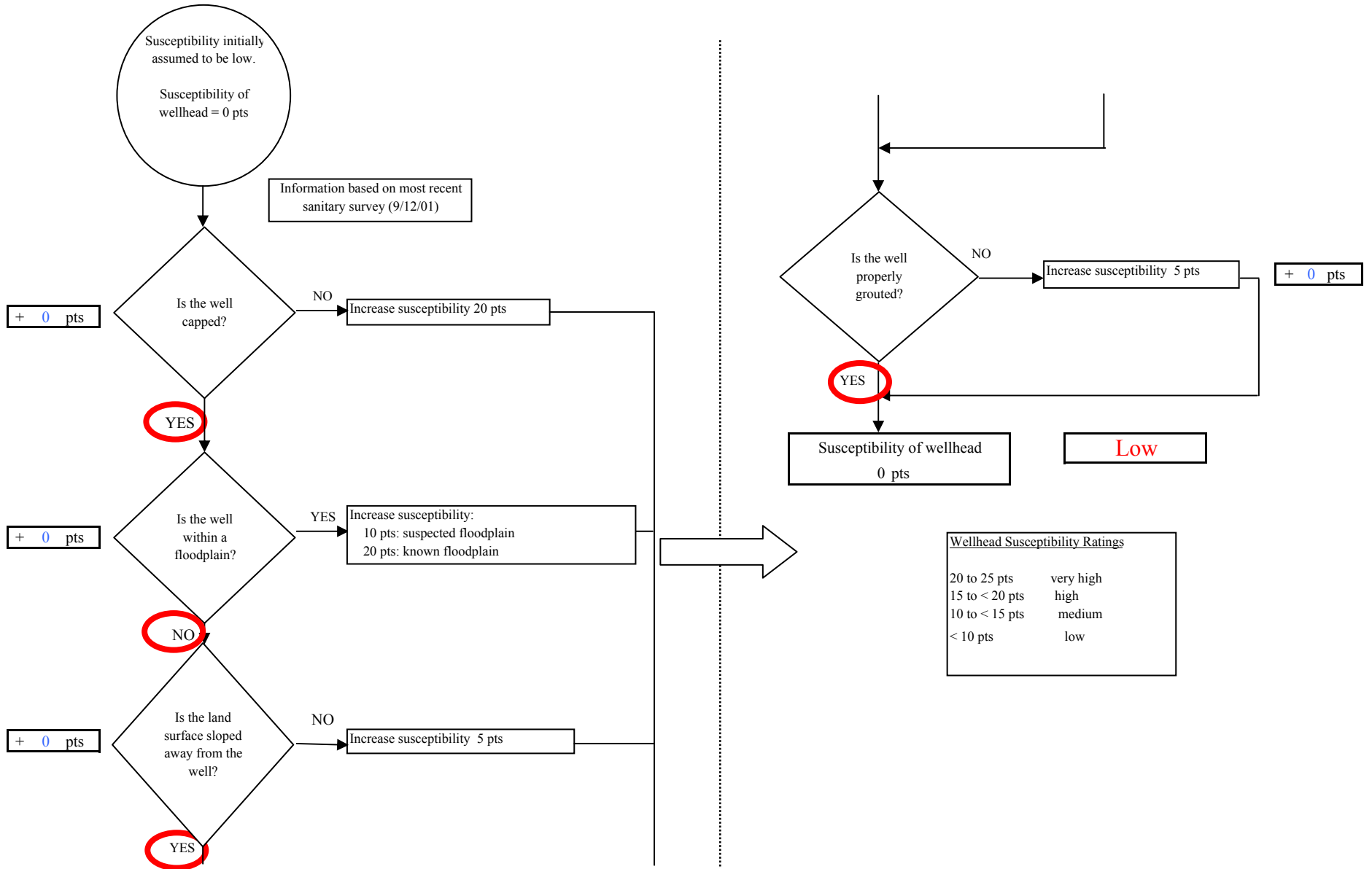


Chart 2. Susceptibility of the aquifer - Huffman Mobile Home Park

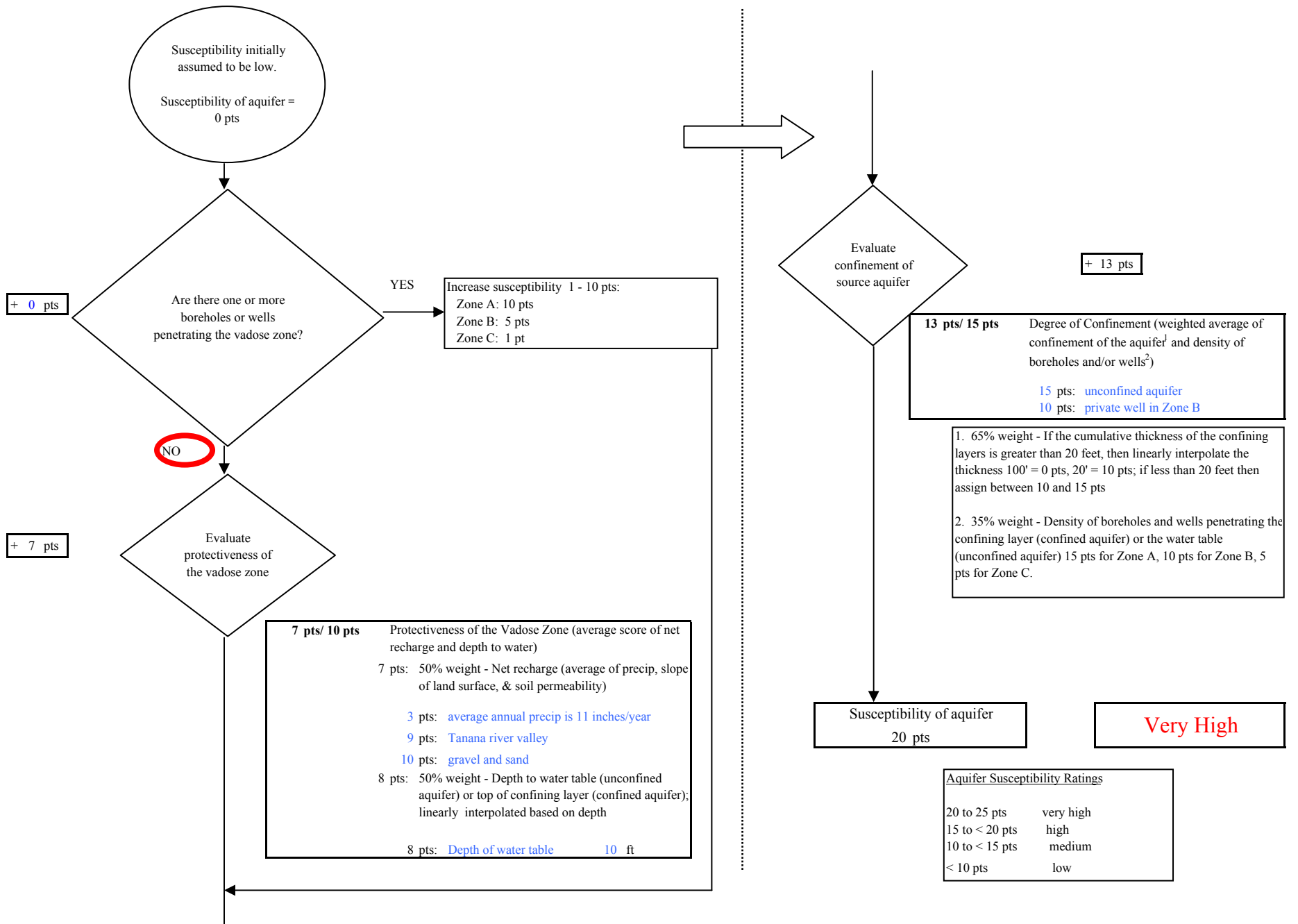
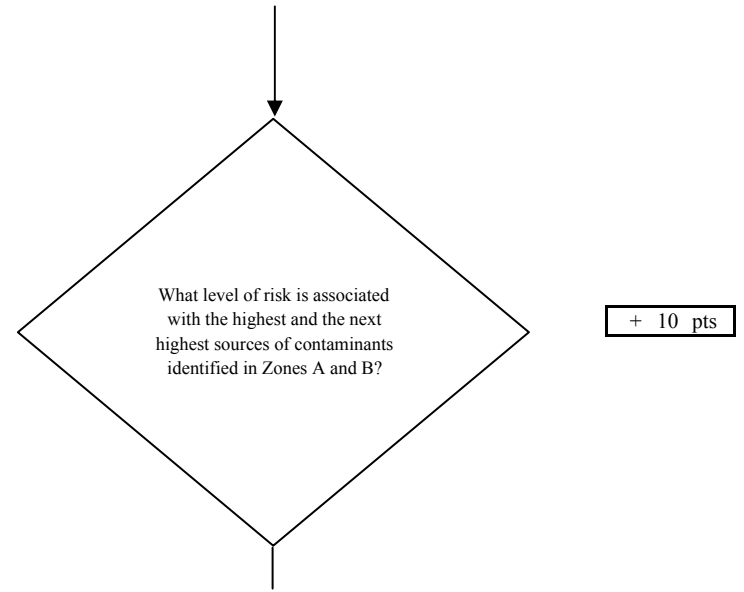
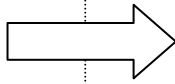
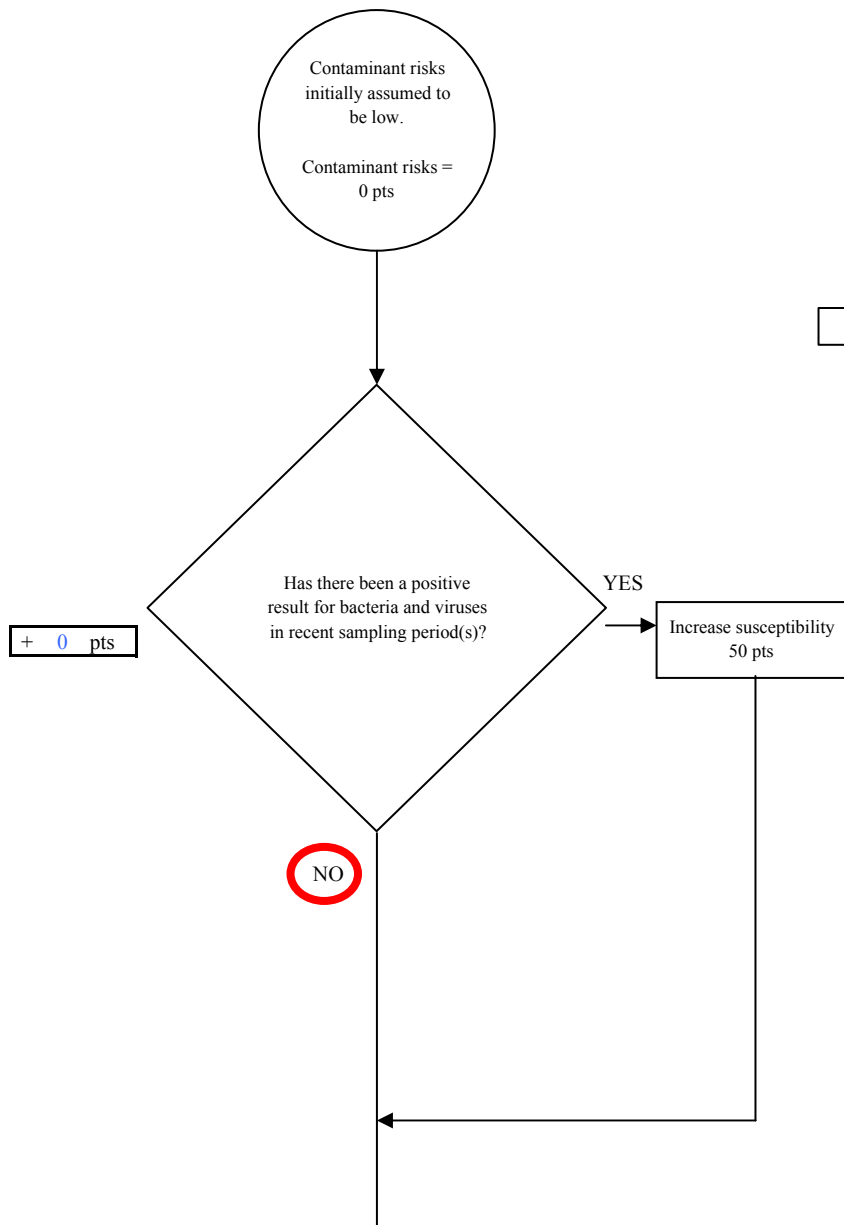


Chart 3. Contaminant risks for Huffman Mobile Home Park - Bacteria & Viruses



Risk Rankings for Contaminant Sources Identified in Zones A and B

	Zone A	Zone B	Total
Very High(s)	0	0	0
High(s)	0	0	0
Medium(s)	0	0	0
Low(s)	4	3	7

	LOW 10 pts	MEDIUM 20 pts	HIGH 30 pts	VERY HIGH 40 pts
LOW	≥ 10 sources + 10 pts	≥ 10 sources + 5 pts	≥ 20 sources + 5 pts	----
MEDIUM	----	≥ 2 sources + 5 pts	≥ 5 sources + 5 pts	≥ 10 sources + 5 pts
HIGH	----	----	≥ 1 source + 10 pts	≥ 2 sources + 10 pts
VERY HIGH	----	----	----	≥ 1 source + 10 pts

Matrix Score 10

Note: Septic systems, sewerlines, and roads are each assigned a risk ranking for each individual contaminant source in the CSI. The VA, however, counts these contaminant sources as a group and assigns a calculated number of either "lows" or "mediums" based on the density.

Chart 3. Contaminant risks for Huffman Mobile Home Park - Bacteria & Viruses

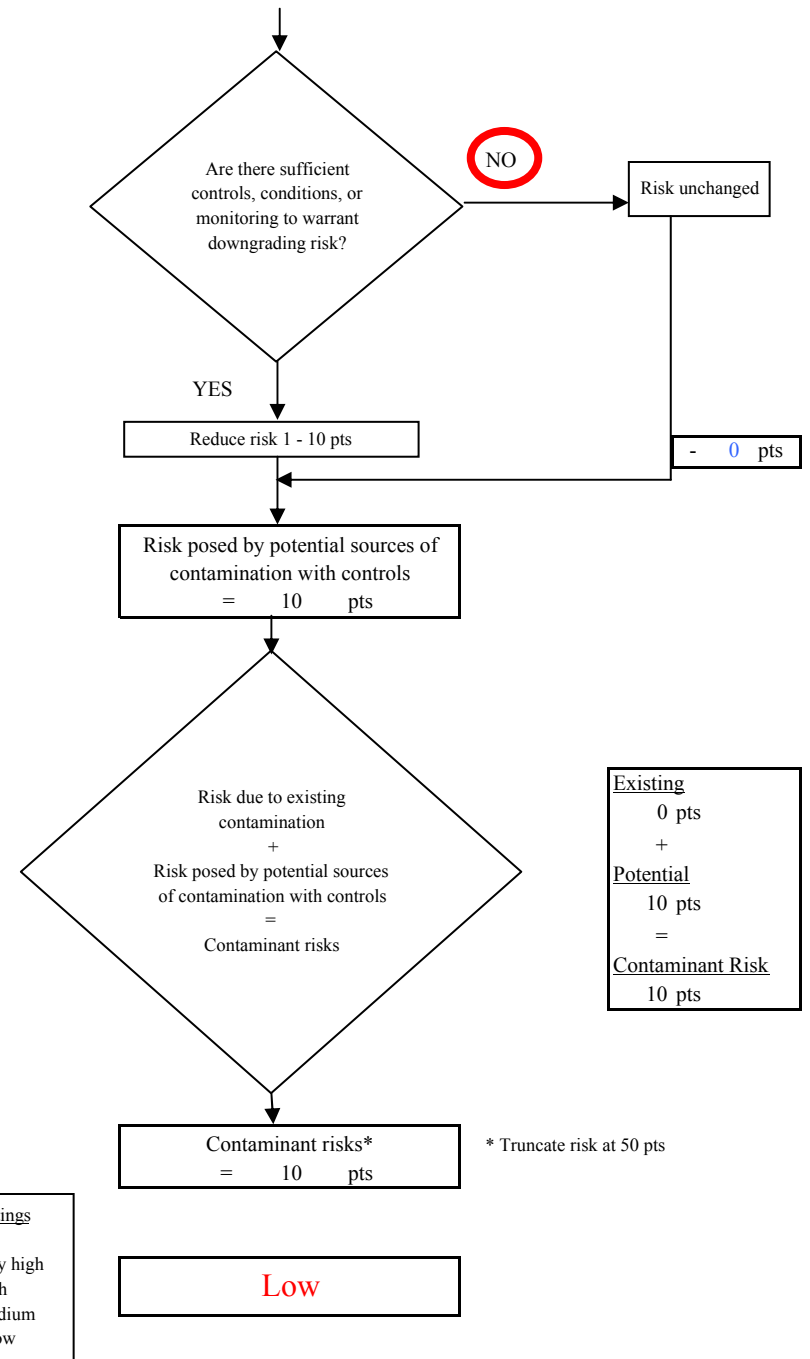
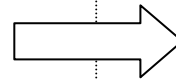
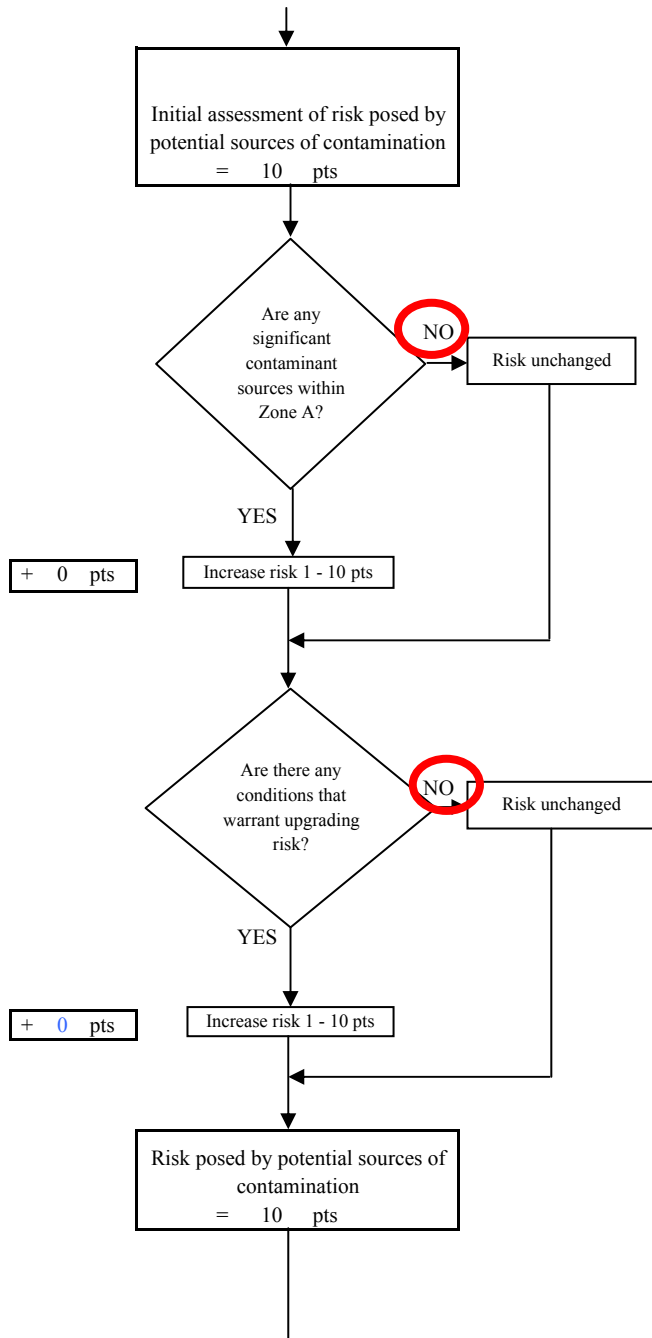


Chart 4. Vulnerability analysis for Huffman Mobile Home Park - Bacteria & Viruses

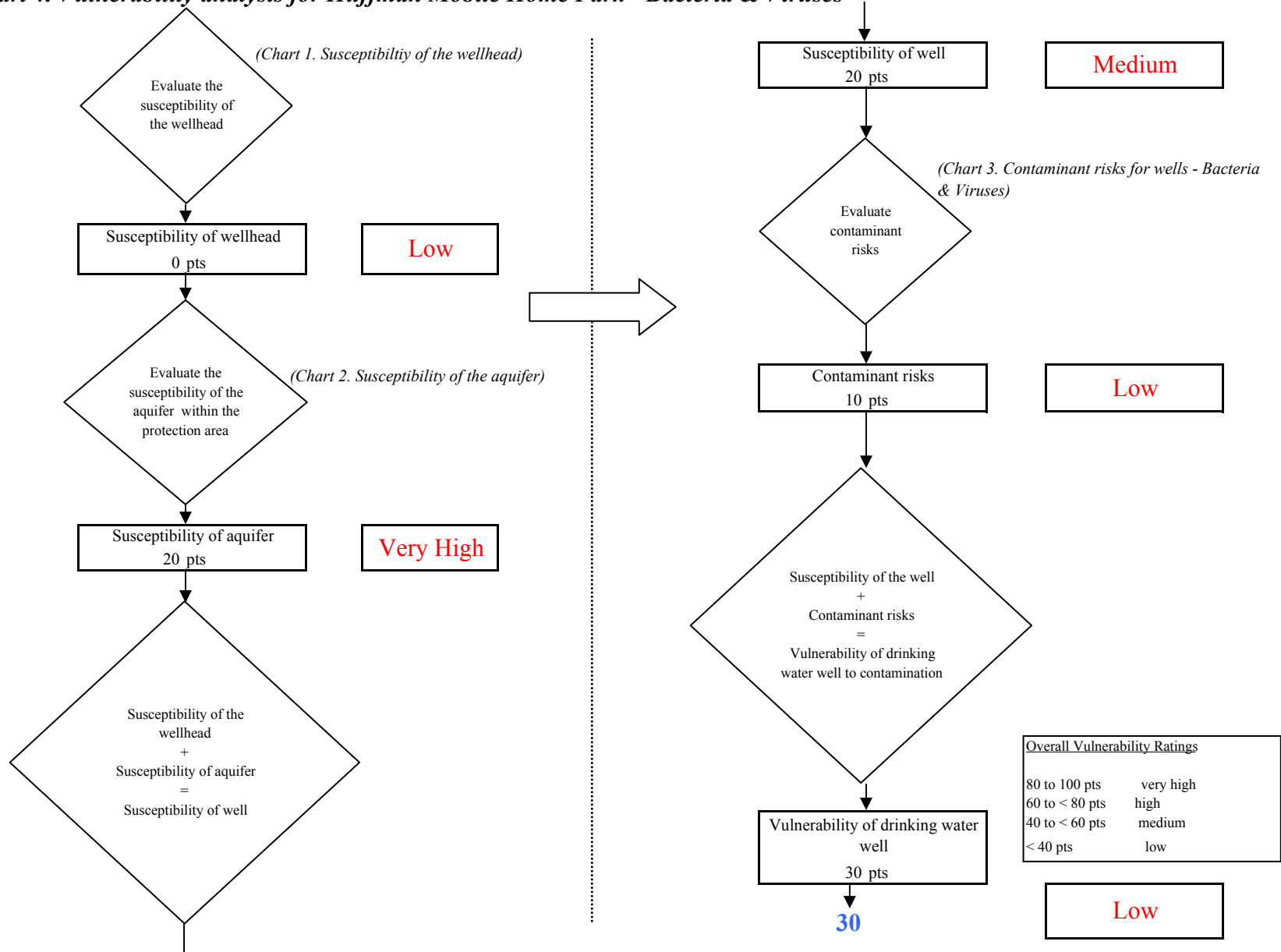


Chart 5. Contaminant risks for Huffman Mobile Home Park - Nitrates and Nitrites

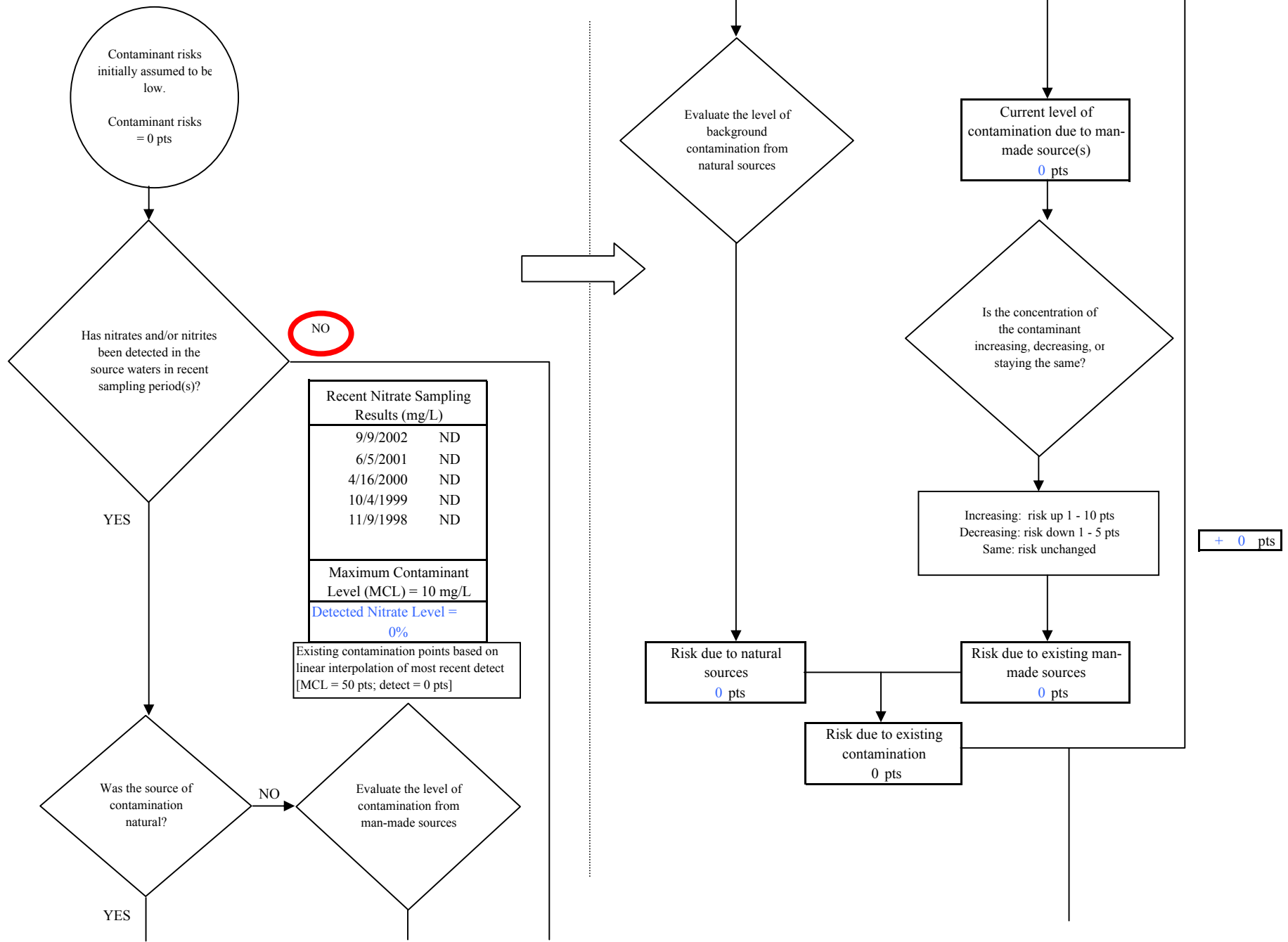


Chart 5. Contaminant risks for Huffman Mobile Home Park - Nitrates and Nitrites

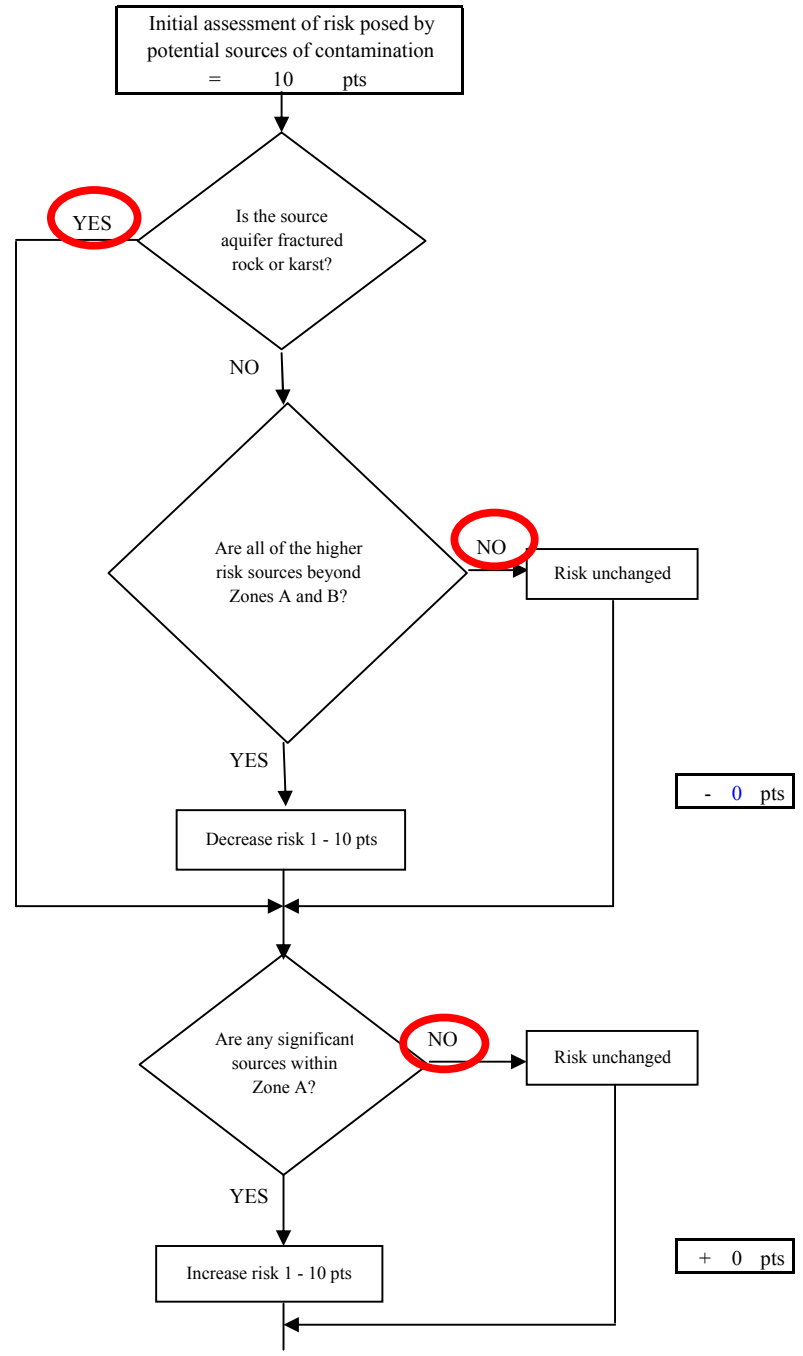
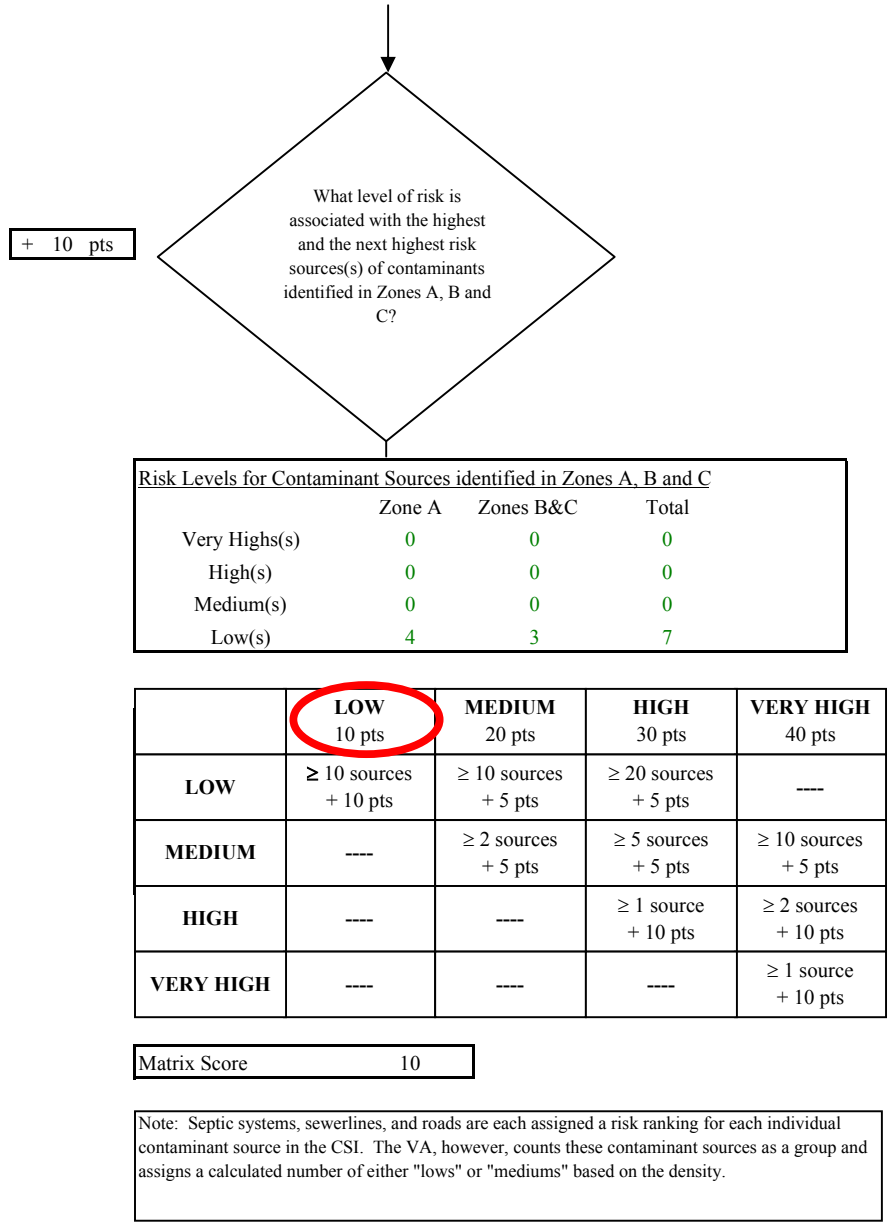


Chart 5. Contaminant risks for Huffman Mobile Home Park - Nitrates and Nitrites

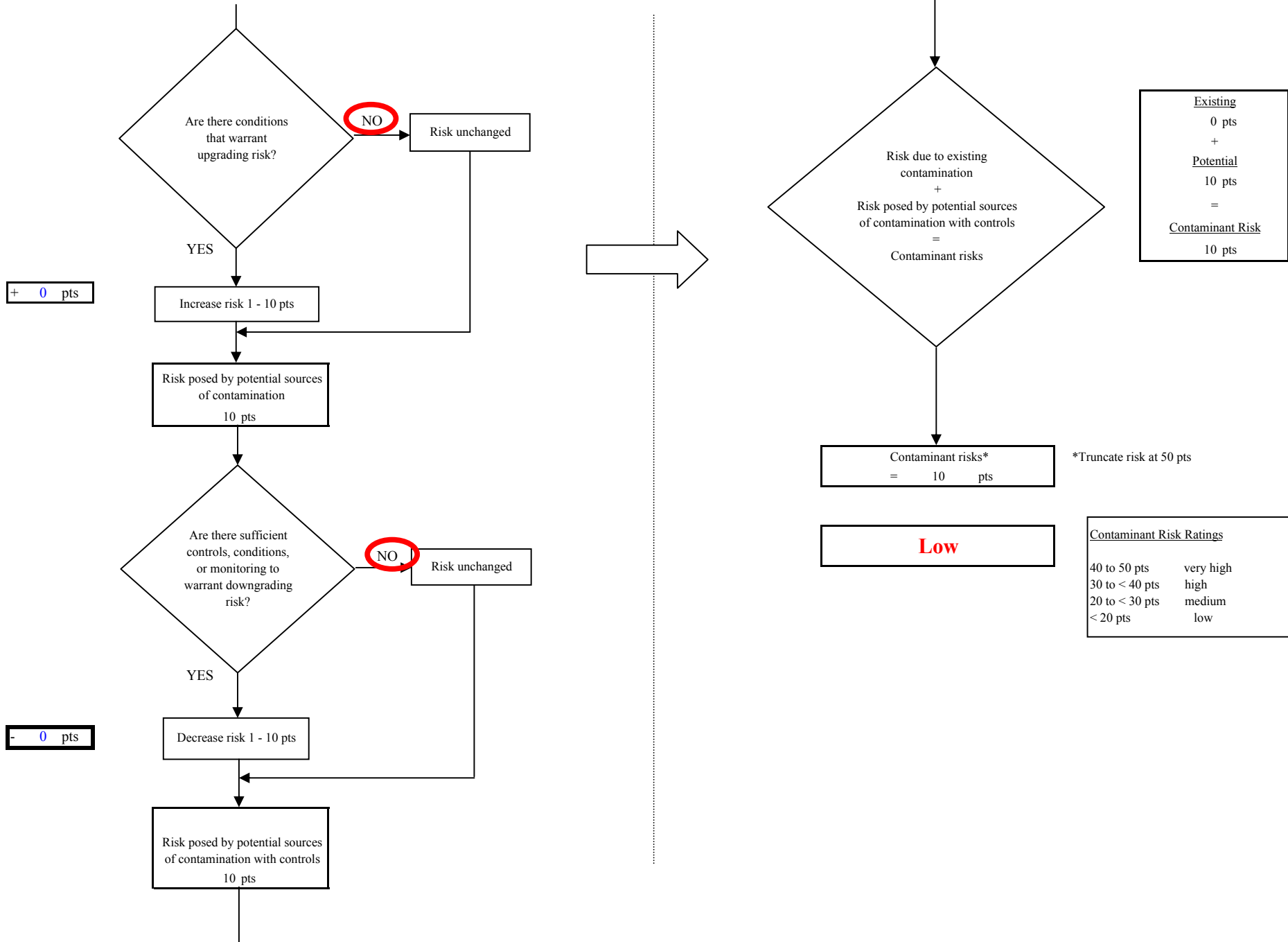


Chart 6. Vulnerability analysis for Huffman Mobile Home Park - Nitrates and Nitrites

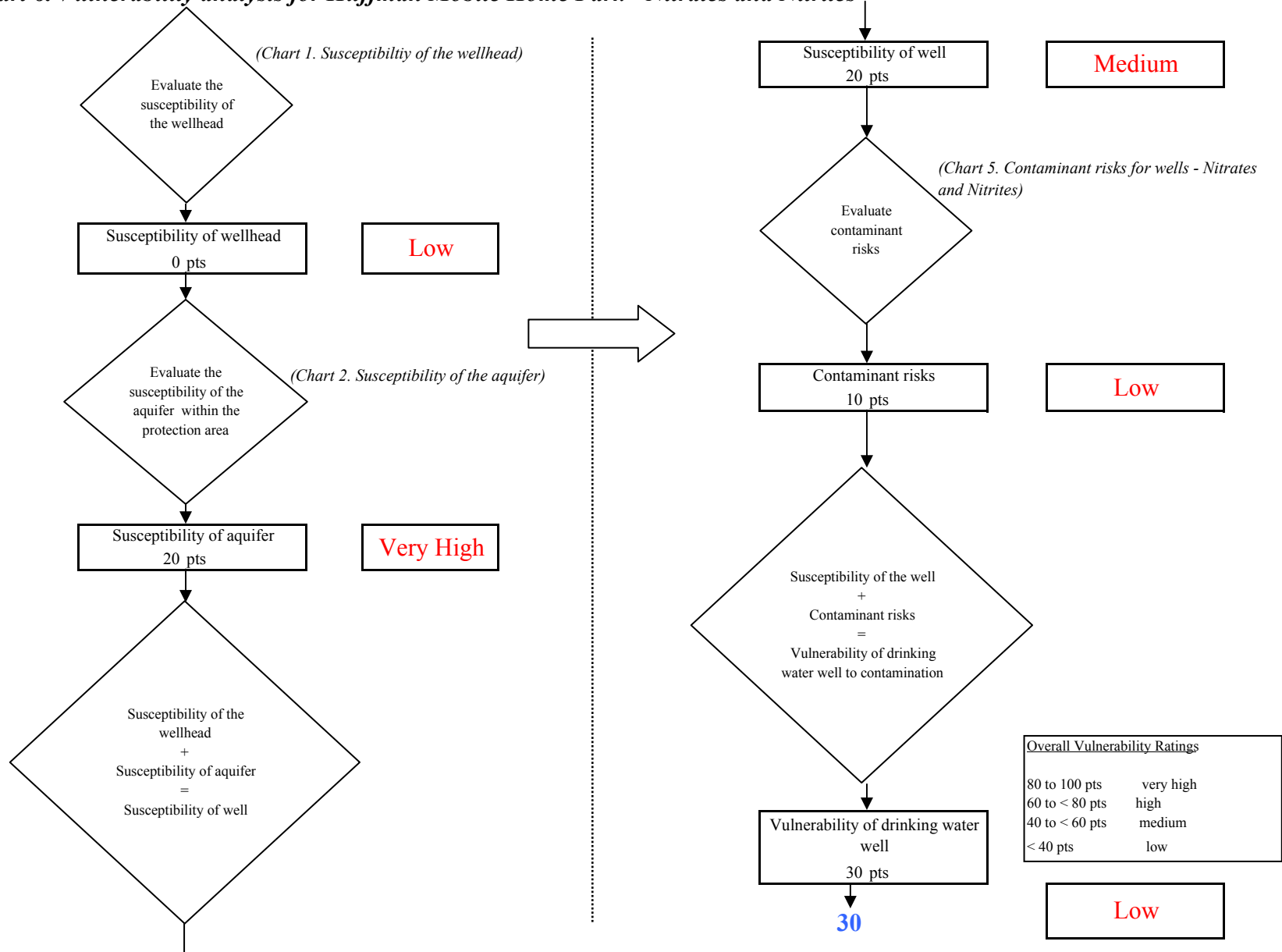


Chart 7. Contaminant risks for Huffman Mobile Home Park - Volatile Organic Chemicals

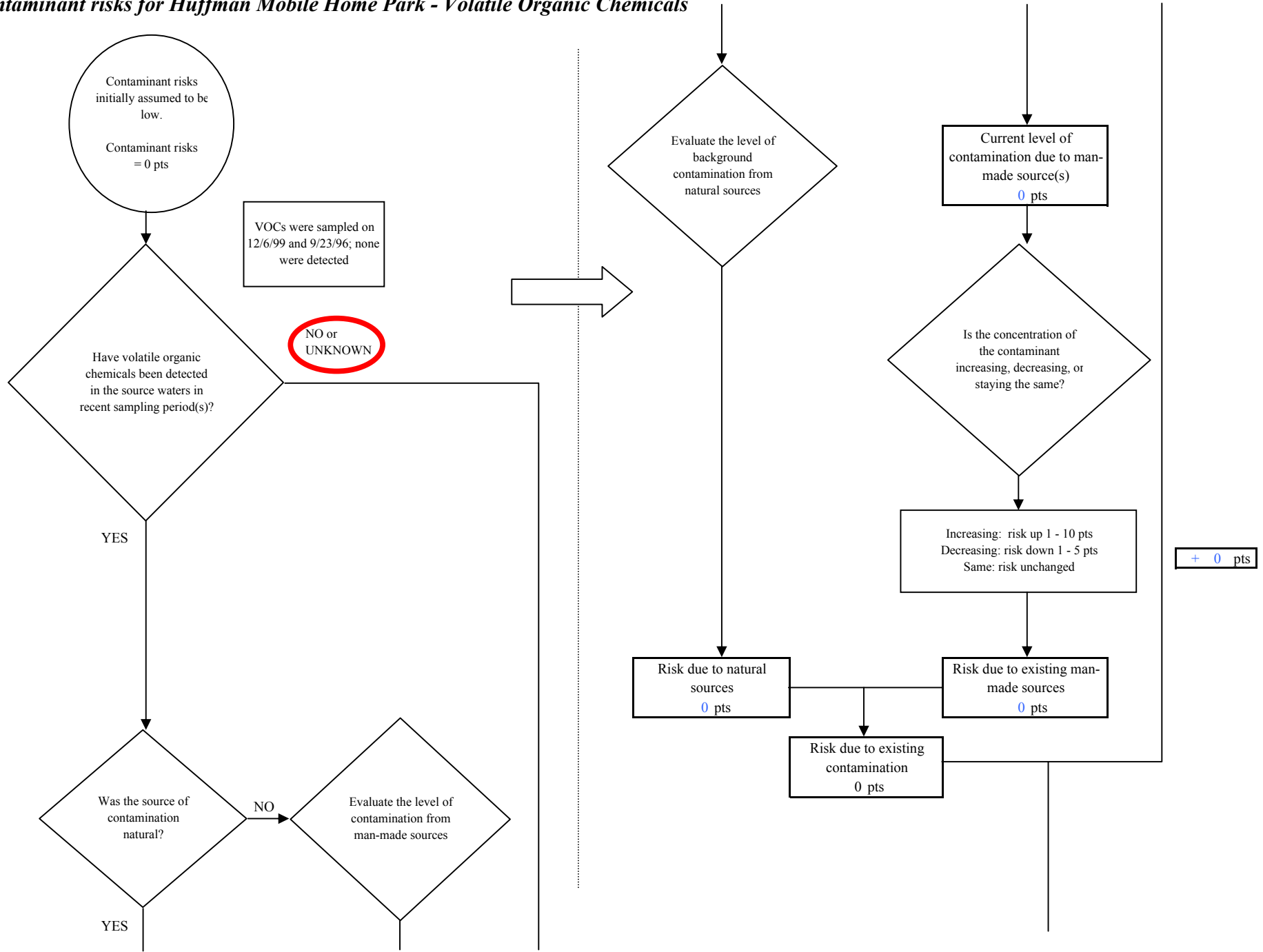
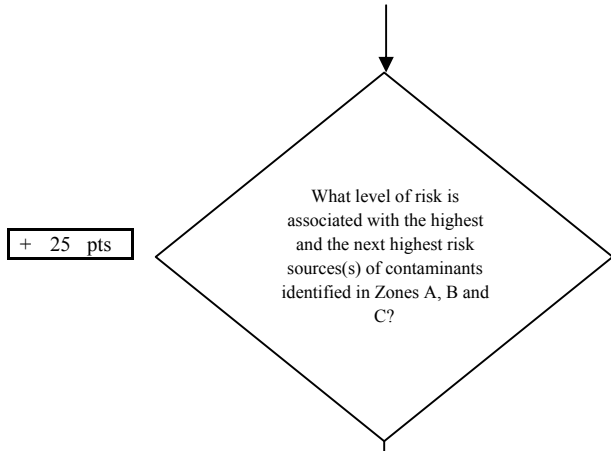


Chart 7. Contaminant risks for Huffman Mobile Home Park - Volatile Organic Chemicals



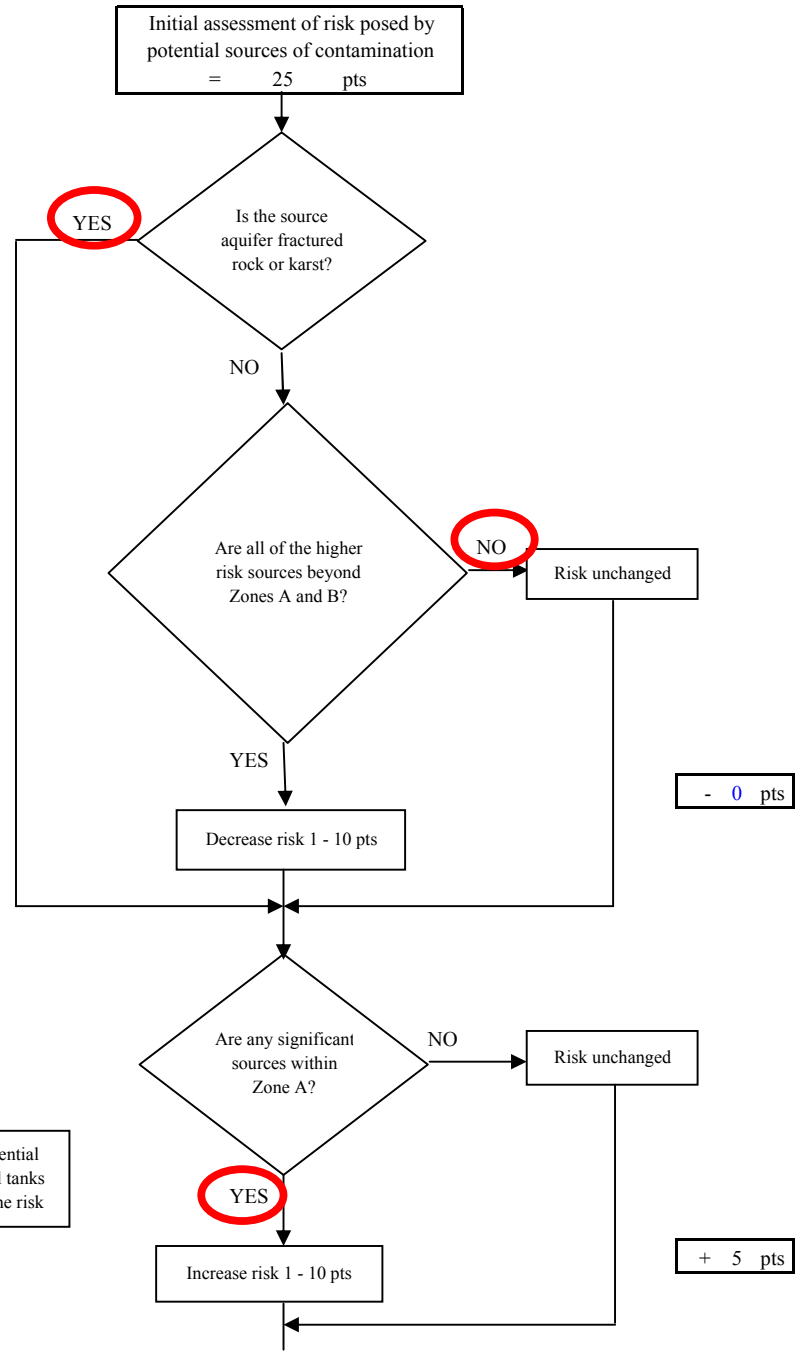
+ 25 pts

Risk Levels for Contaminant Sources identified in Zones A, B and C			
	Zone A	Zones B&C	Total
Very High(s)	0	0	0
High(s)	0	0	0
Medium(s)	3	7	10
Low(s)	3	3	6

	LOW 10 pts	MEDIUM 20 pts	HIGH 30 pts	VERY HIGH 40 pts
LOW	≥ 10 sources + 10 pts	≥ 10 sources + 5 pts	≥ 20 sources + 5 pts	----
MEDIUM	----	≥ 2 sources + 5 pts	≥ 5 sources + 5 pts	≥ 10 sources + 5 pts
HIGH	----	----	≥ 1 source + 10 pts	≥ 2 sources + 10 pts
VERY HIGH	----	----	----	≥ 1 source + 10 pts

Matrix Score 25

Note: Septic systems, sewerlines, and roads are each assigned a risk ranking for each individual contaminant source in the CSI. The VA, however, counts these contaminant sources as a group and assigns a calculated number of either "lows" or "mediums" based on the density.



- 0 pts

+ 5 pts

Chart 7. Contaminant risks for Huffman Mobile Home Park - Volatile Organic Chemicals

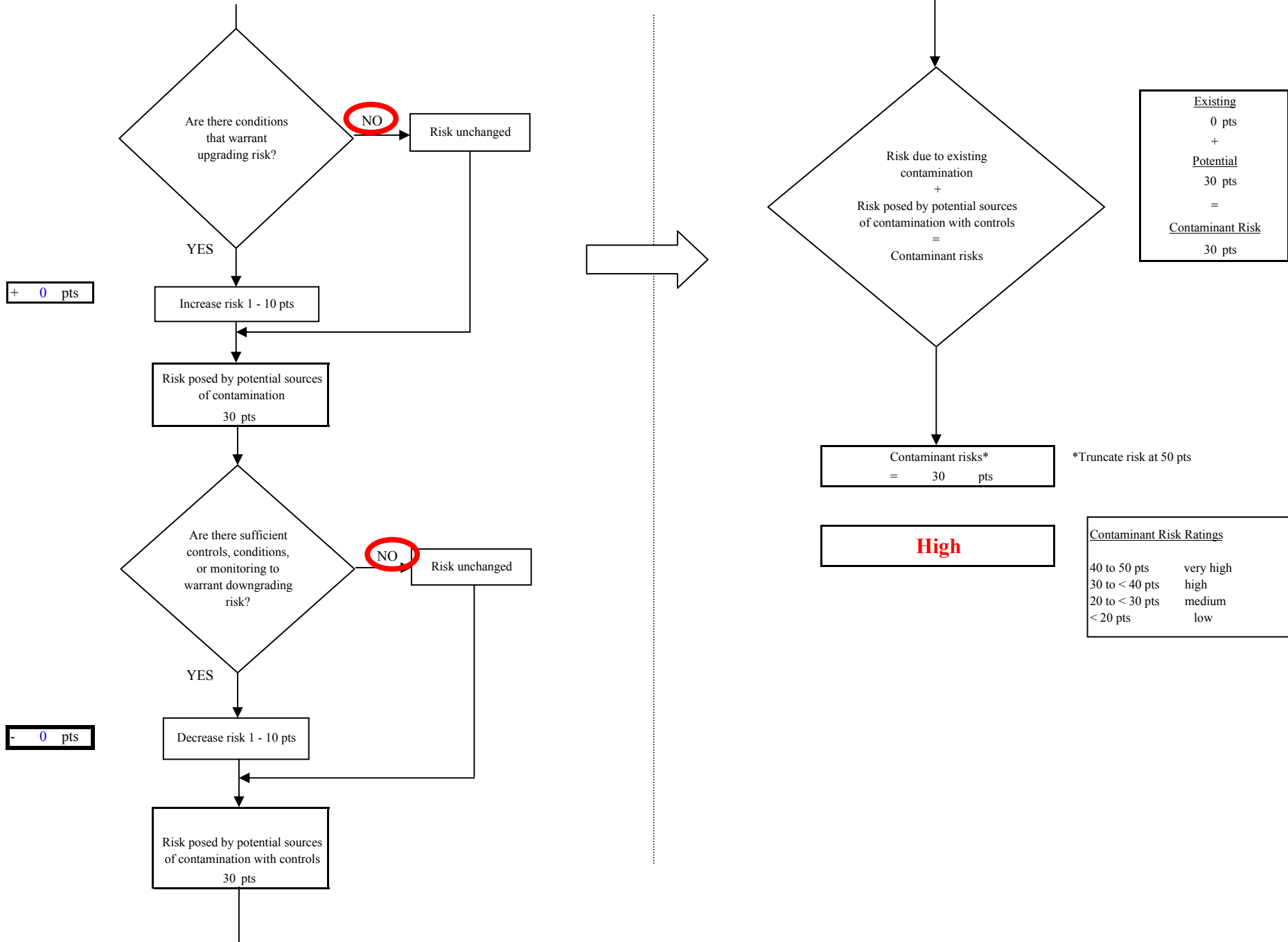


Chart 8. Vulnerability analysis for Huffman Mobile Home Park - Volatile Organic Chemicals

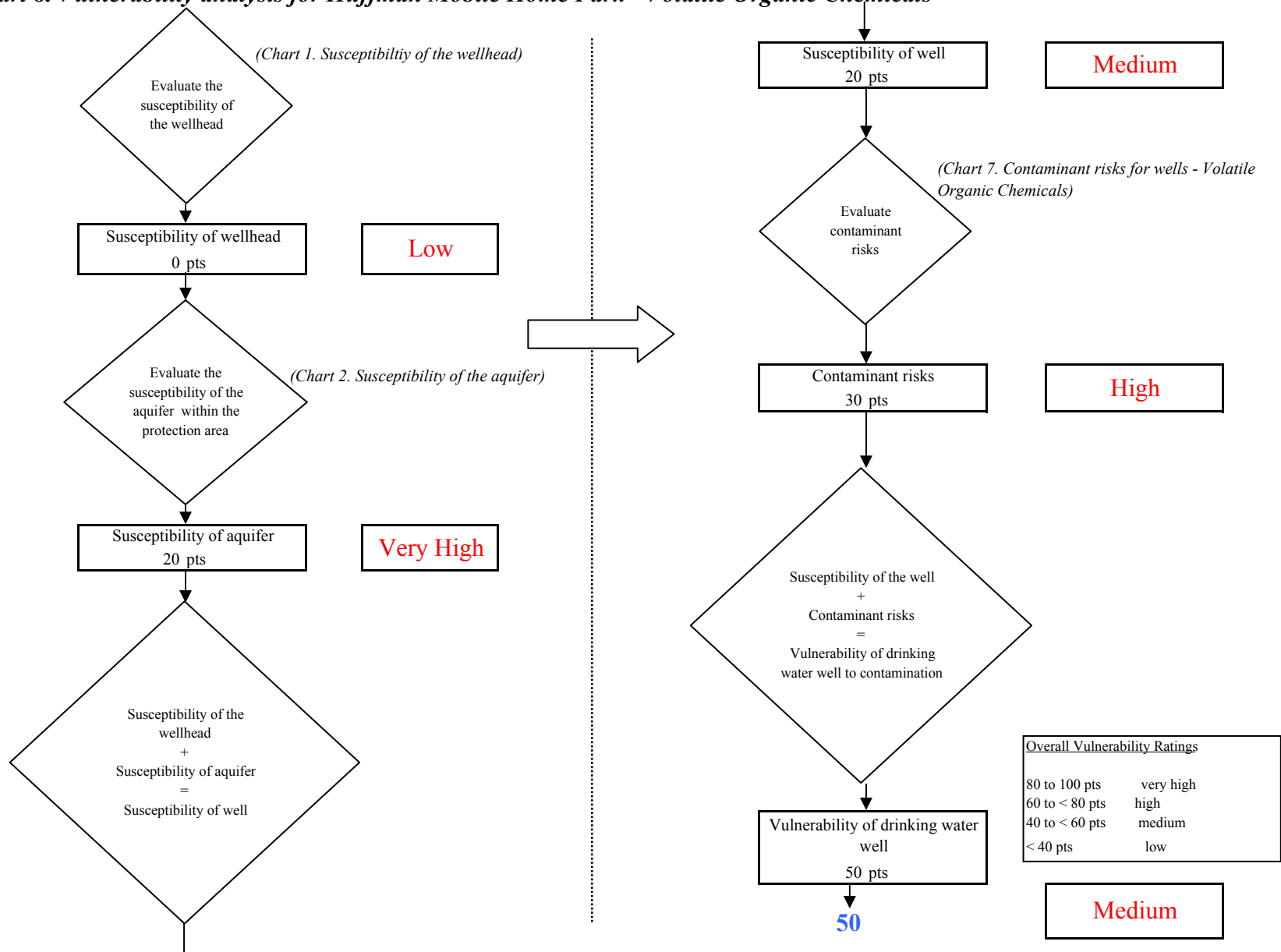


Chart 9. Contaminant risks for Huffman Mobile Home Park - Heavy Metals, Cyanide and Other Inorganic Chemicals

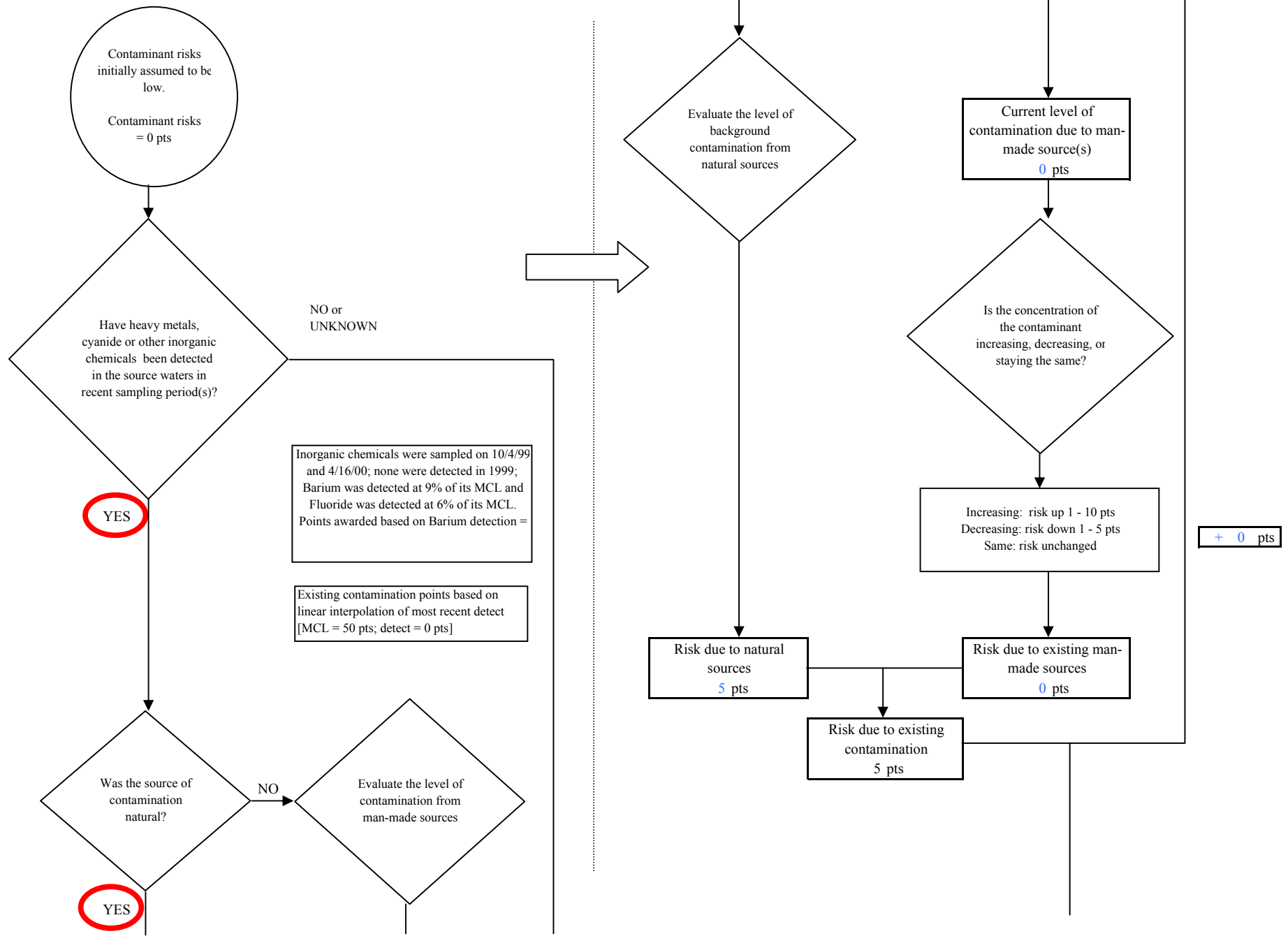
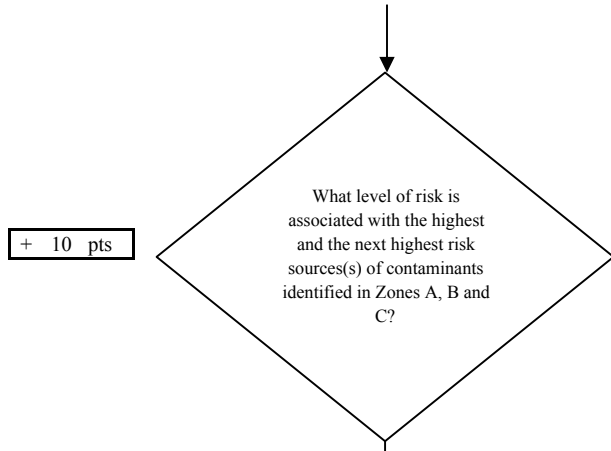


Chart 9. Contaminant risks for Huffman Mobile Home Park - Heavy Metals, Cyanide and Other Inorganic Chemicals



Risk Levels for Contaminant Sources identified in Zones A, B and C			
	Zone A	Zones B&C	Total
Very High(s)	0	0	0
High(s)	0	0	0
Medium(s)	0	0	0
Low(s)	3	3	6

	LOW 10 pts	MEDIUM 20 pts	HIGH 30 pts	VERY HIGH 40 pts
LOW	≥ 10 sources + 10 pts	≥ 10 sources + 5 pts	≥ 20 sources + 5 pts	----
MEDIUM	----	≥ 2 sources + 5 pts	≥ 5 sources + 5 pts	≥ 10 sources + 5 pts
HIGH	----	----	≥ 1 source + 10 pts	≥ 2 sources + 10 pts
VERY HIGH	----	----	----	≥ 1 source + 10 pts

Matrix Score 10

Note: Septic systems, sewerlines, and roads are each assigned a risk ranking for each individual contaminant source in the CSI. The VA, however, counts these contaminant sources as a group and assigns a calculated number of either "lows" or "mediums" based on the density.

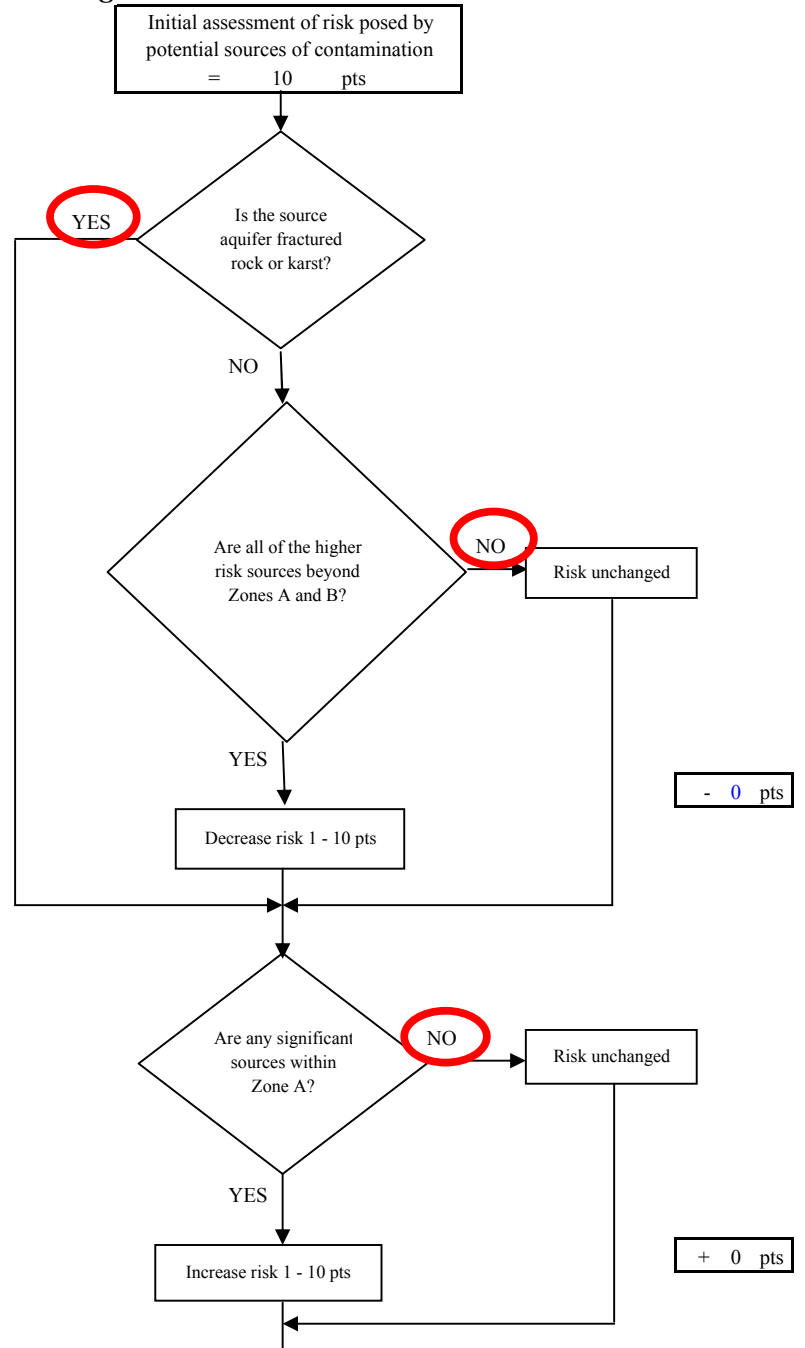


Chart 9. Contaminant risks for Huffman Mobile Home Park - Heavy Metals, Cyanide and Other Inorganic Chemicals

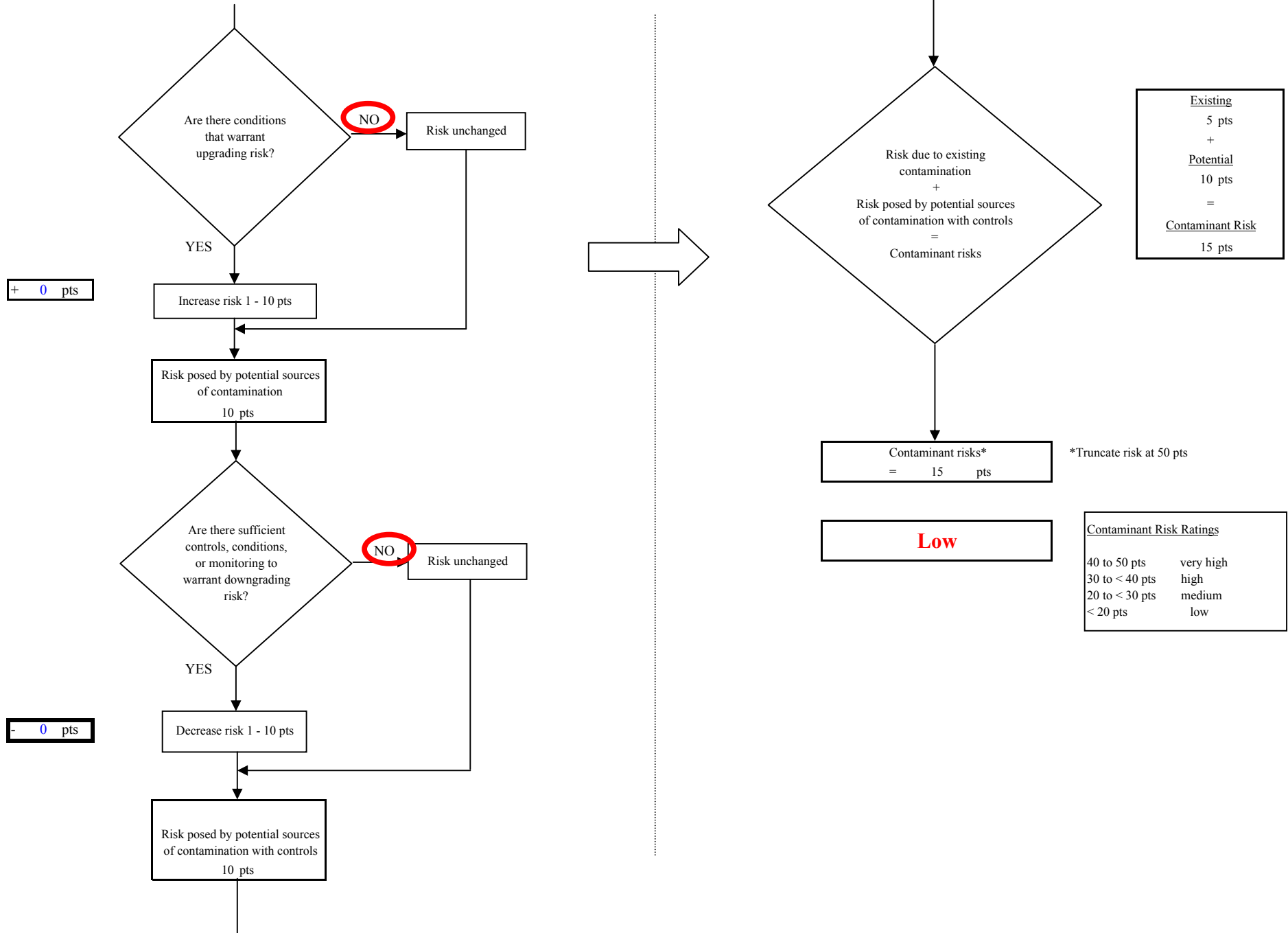


Chart 10. Vulnerability analysis for Huffman Mobile Home Park - Heavy Metals, Cyanide and Other Inorganic Chemicals

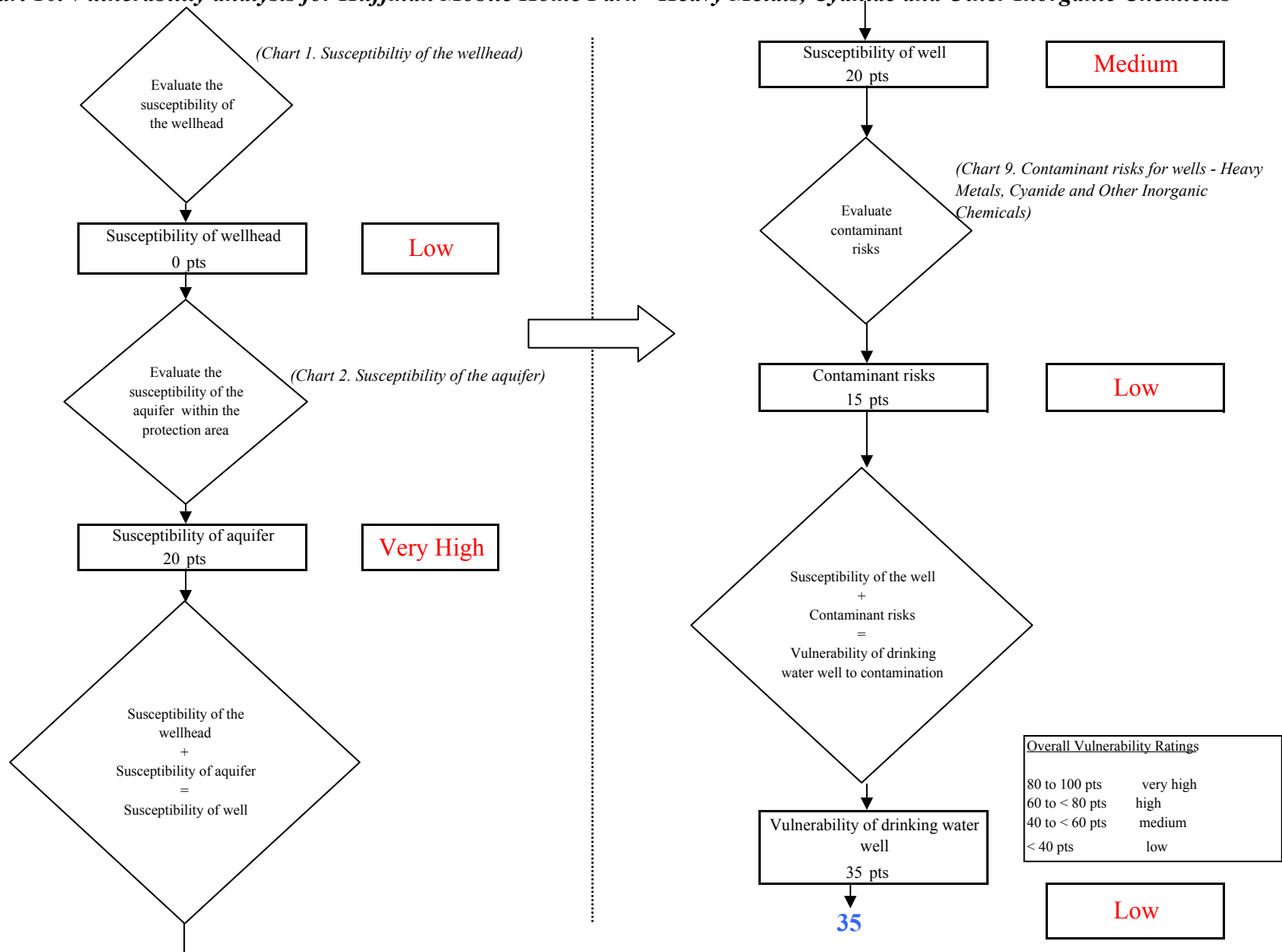


Chart 11. Contaminant risks for Huffman Mobile Home Park - Synthetic Organic Chemicals

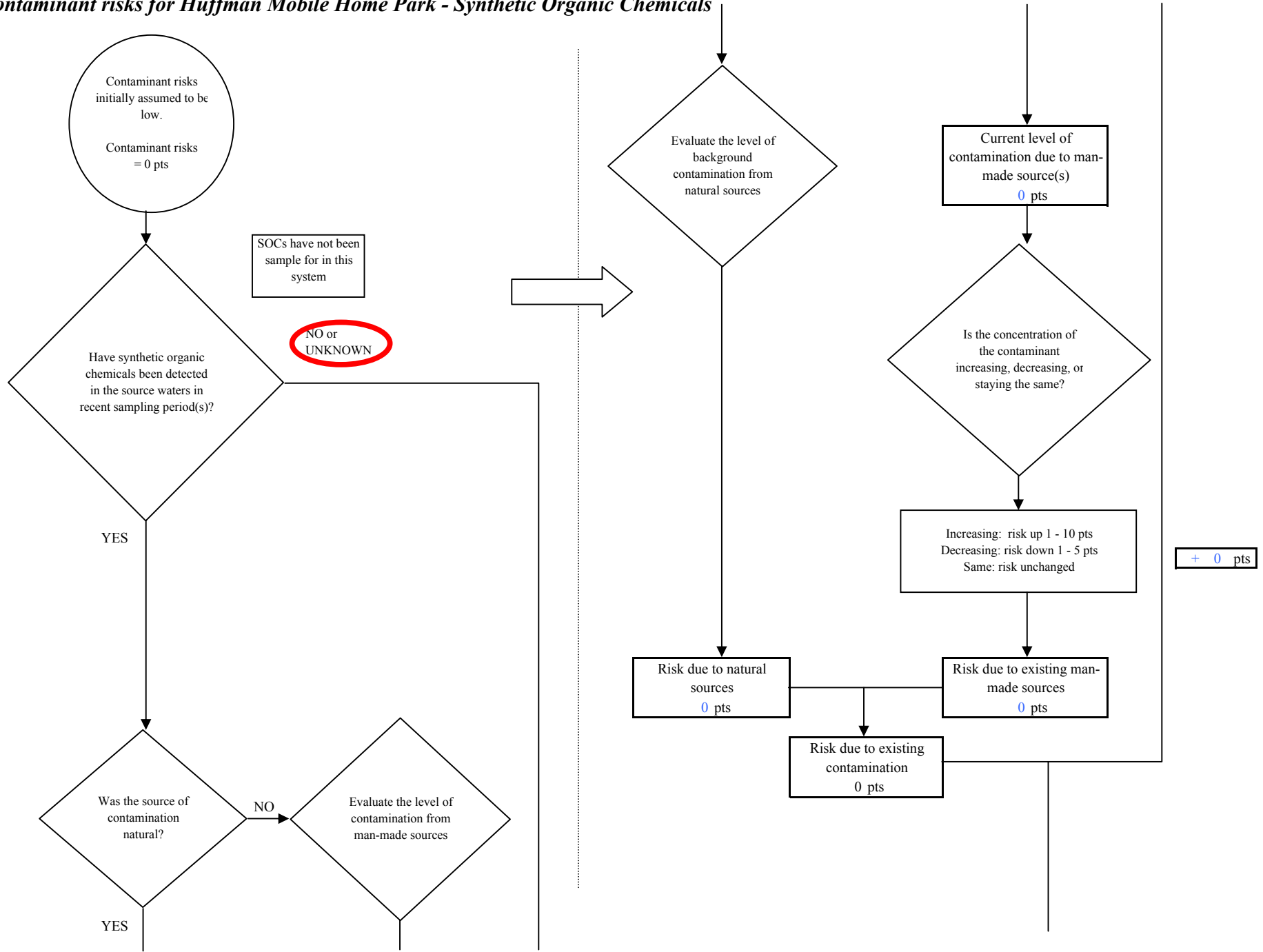
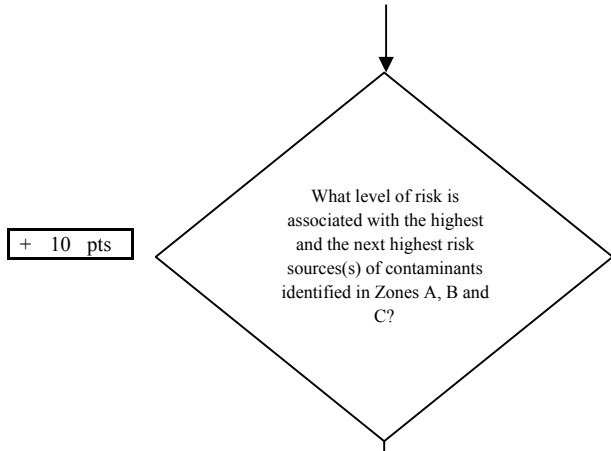


Chart 11. Contaminant risks for Huffman Mobile Home Park - Synthetic Organic Chemicals



Risk Levels for Contaminant Sources identified in Zones A, B and C			
	Zone A	Zones B&C	Total
Very High(s)	0	0	0
High(s)	0	0	0
Medium(s)	0	0	0
Low(s)	2	2	4

	LOW 10 pts	MEDIUM 20 pts	HIGH 30 pts	VERY HIGH 40 pts
LOW	≥ 10 sources + 10 pts	≥ 10 sources + 5 pts	≥ 20 sources + 5 pts	----
MEDIUM	----	≥ 2 sources + 5 pts	≥ 5 sources + 5 pts	≥ 10 sources + 5 pts
HIGH	----	----	≥ 1 source + 10 pts	≥ 2 sources + 10 pts
VERY HIGH	----	----	----	≥ 1 source + 10 pts

Matrix Score 10

Note: Septic systems, sewerlines, and roads are each assigned a risk ranking for each individual contaminant source in the CSI. The VA, however, counts these contaminant sources as a group and assigns a calculated number of either "lows" or "mediums" based on the density.

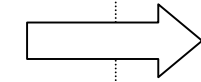
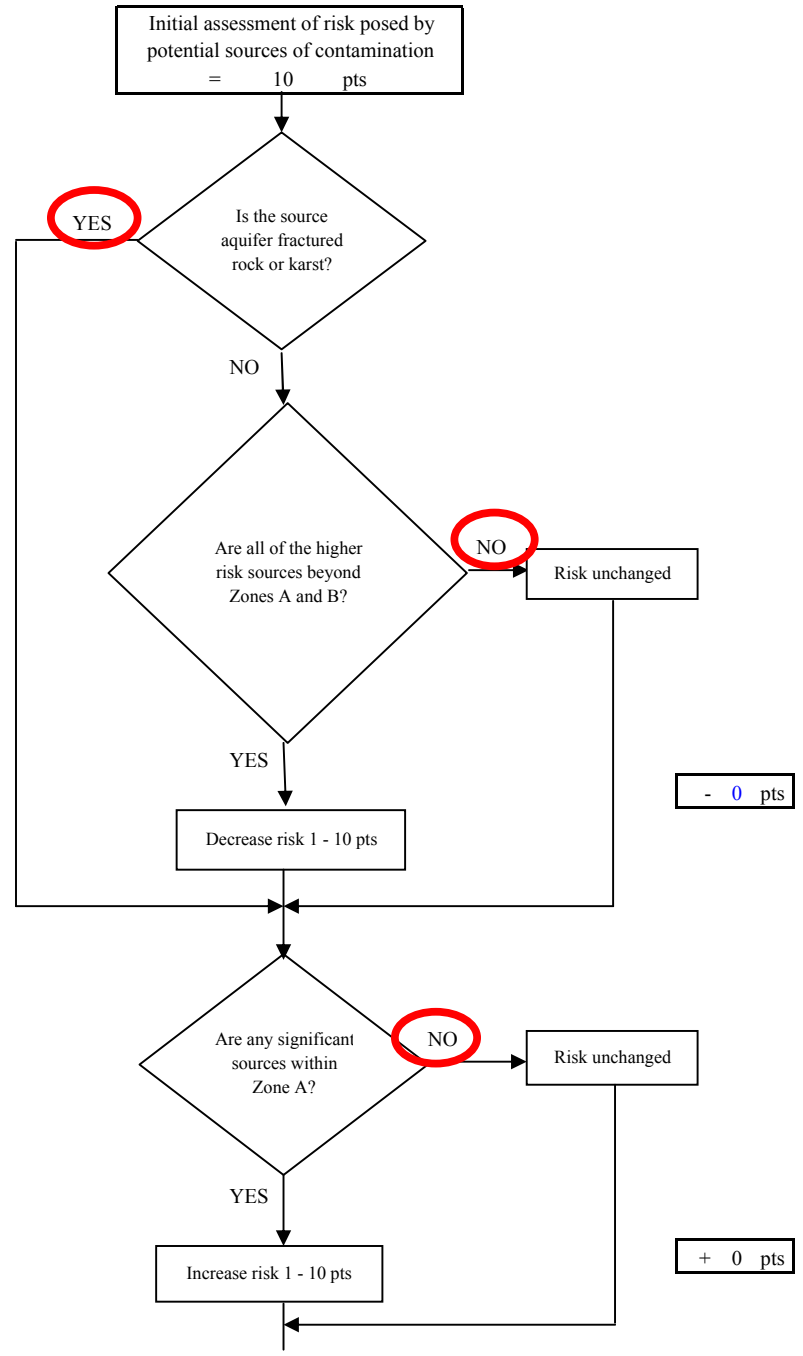


Chart 11. Contaminant risks for Huffman Mobile Home Park - Synthetic Organic Chemicals

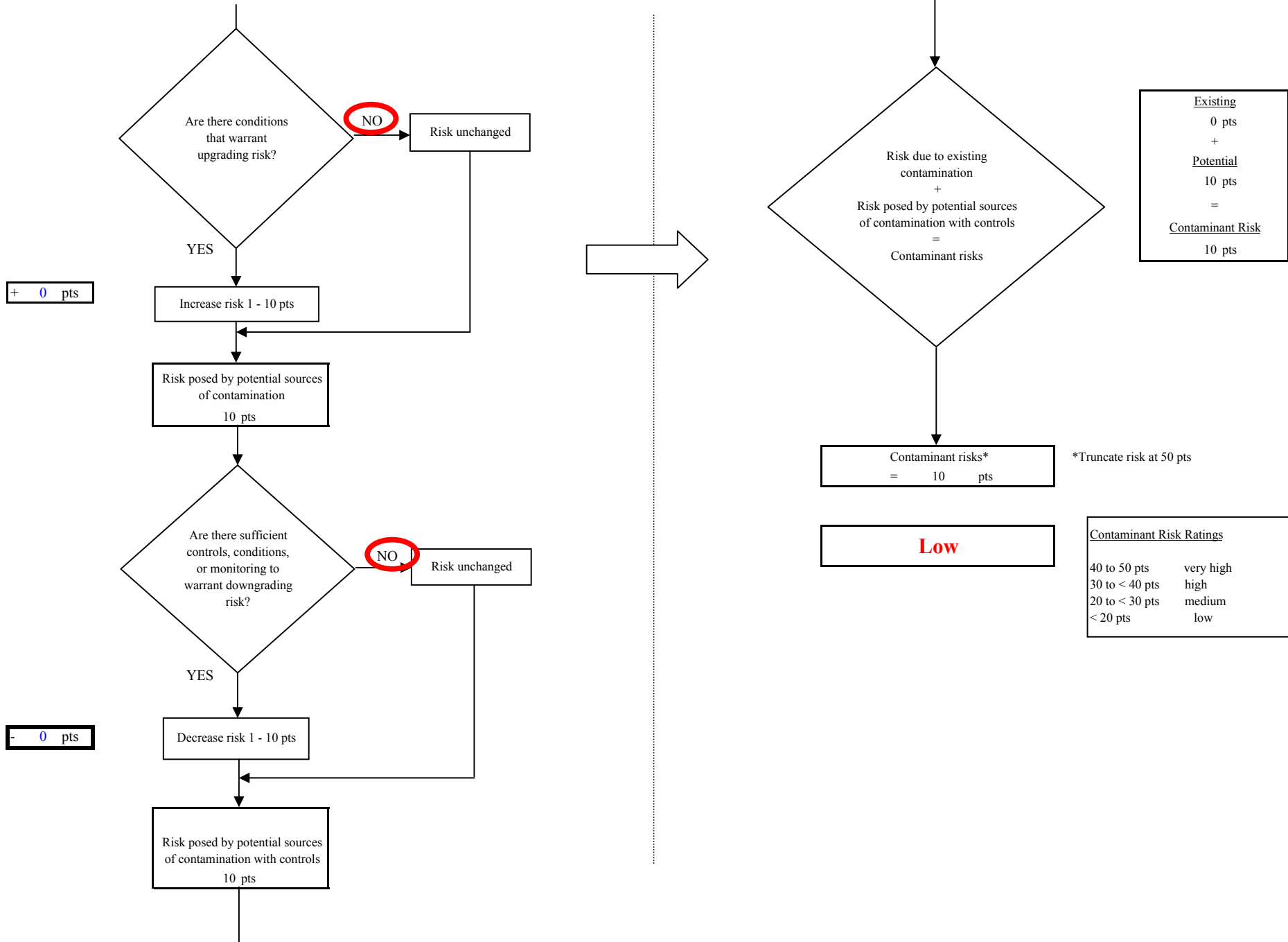


Chart 12. Vulnerability analysis for Huffman Mobile Home Park - Synthetic Organic Chemicals

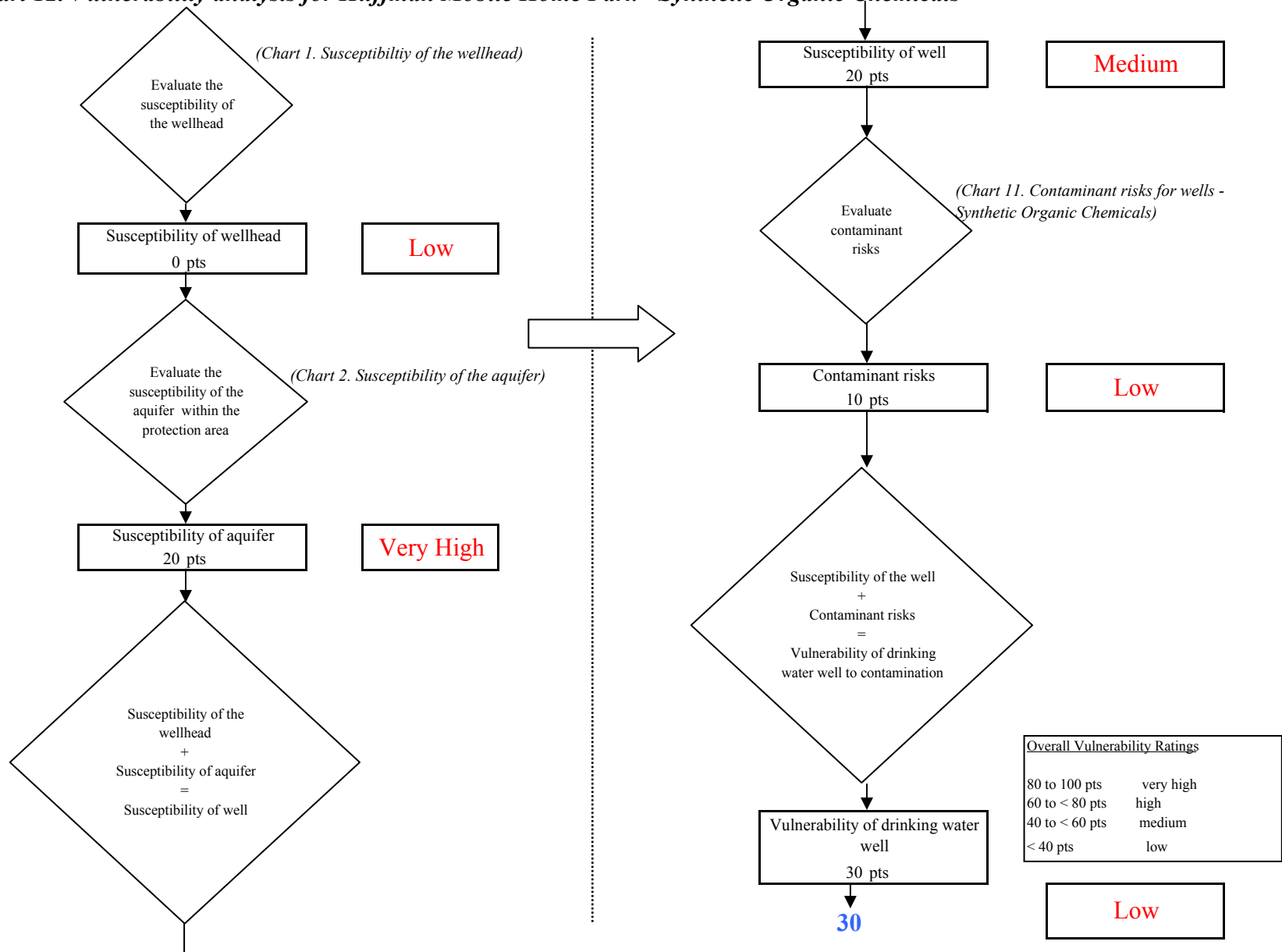


Chart 13. Contaminant risks for Huffman Mobile Home Park - Other Organic Chemicals

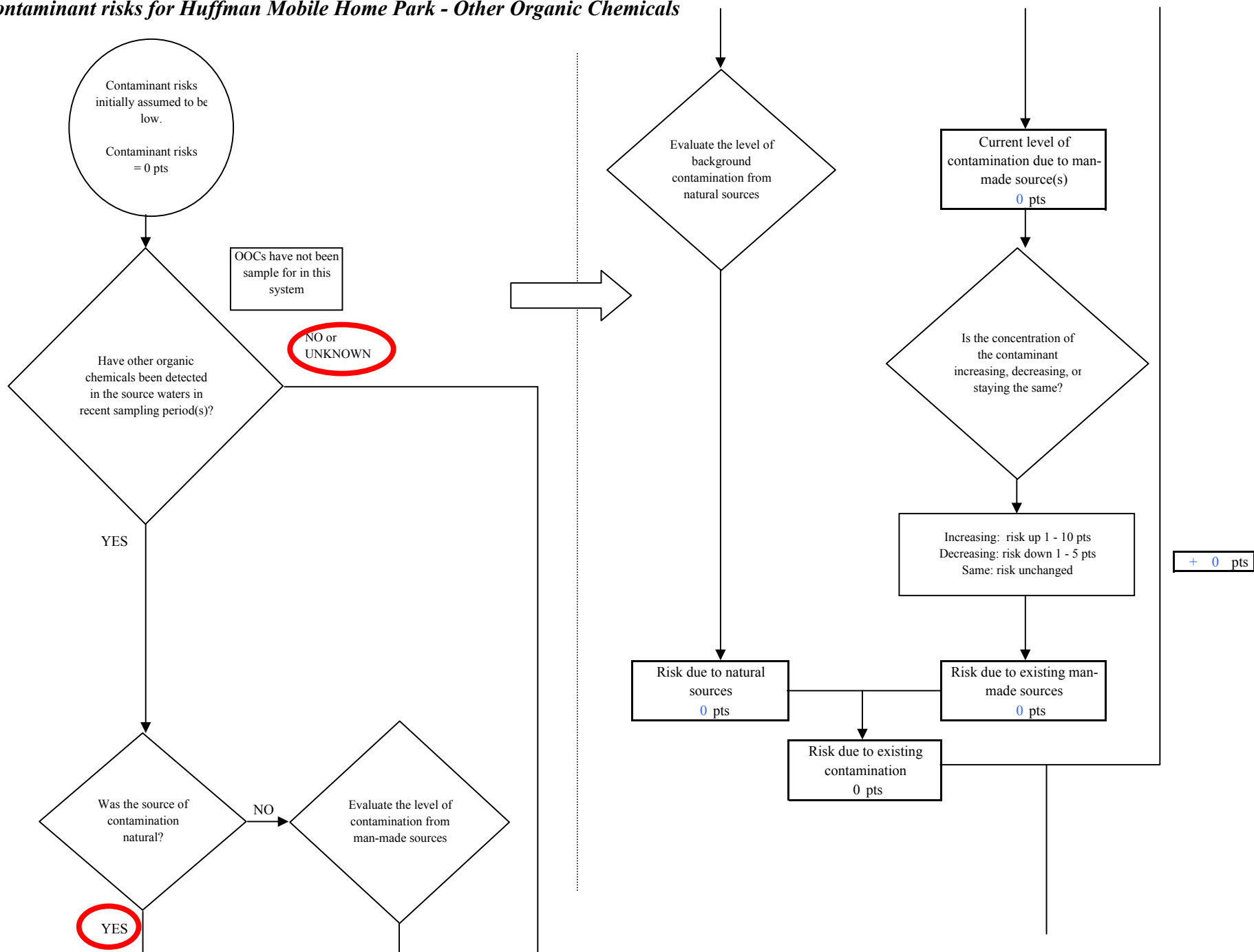
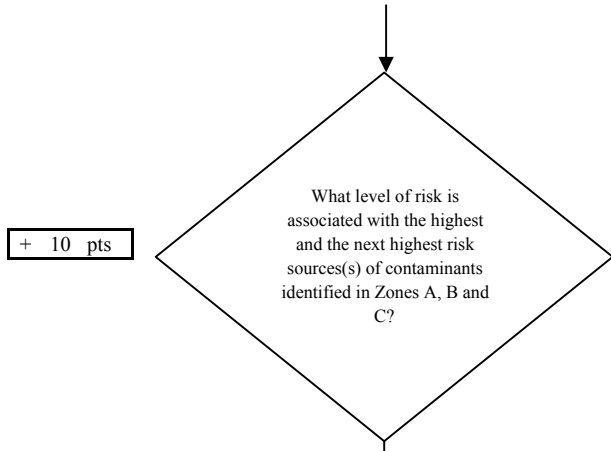


Chart 13. Contaminant risks for Huffman Mobile Home Park - Other Organic Chemicals



Risk Levels for Contaminant Sources identified in Zones A, B and C			
	Zone A	Zones B&C	Total
Very High(s)	0	0	0
High(s)	0	0	0
Medium(s)	0	0	0
Low(s)	3	3	6

	LOW 10 pts	MEDIUM 20 pts	HIGH 30 pts	VERY HIGH 40 pts
LOW	≥ 10 sources + 10 pts	≥ 10 sources + 5 pts	≥ 20 sources + 5 pts	----
MEDIUM	----	≥ 2 sources + 5 pts	≥ 5 sources + 5 pts	≥ 10 sources + 5 pts
HIGH	----	----	≥ 1 source + 10 pts	≥ 2 sources + 10 pts
VERY HIGH	----	----	----	≥ 1 source + 10 pts

Matrix Score 10

Note: Septic systems, sewerlines, and roads are each assigned a risk ranking for each individual contaminant source in the CSI. The VA, however, counts these contaminant sources as a group and assigns a calculated number of either "lows" or "mediums" based on the density.

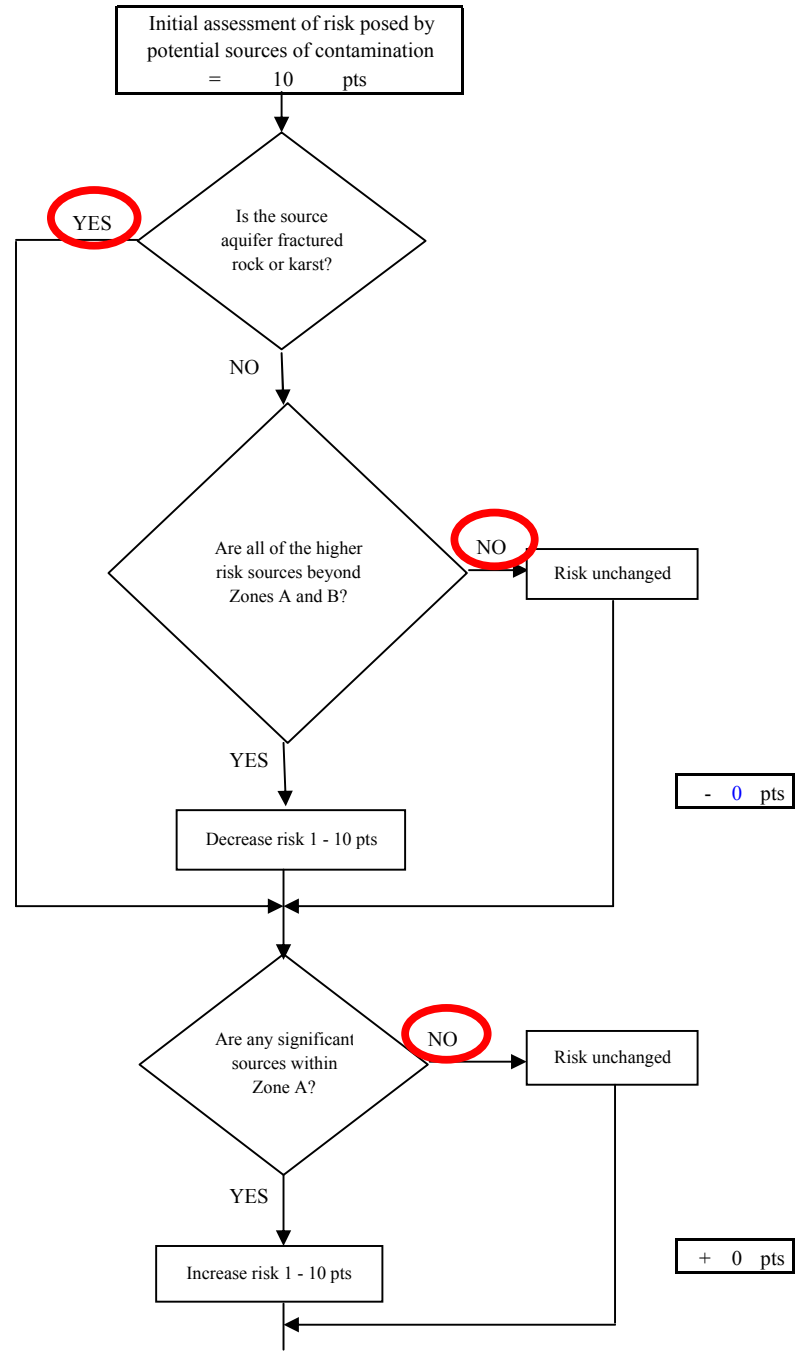
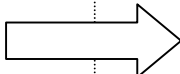


Chart 13. Contaminant risks for Huffman Mobile Home Park - Other Organic Chemicals

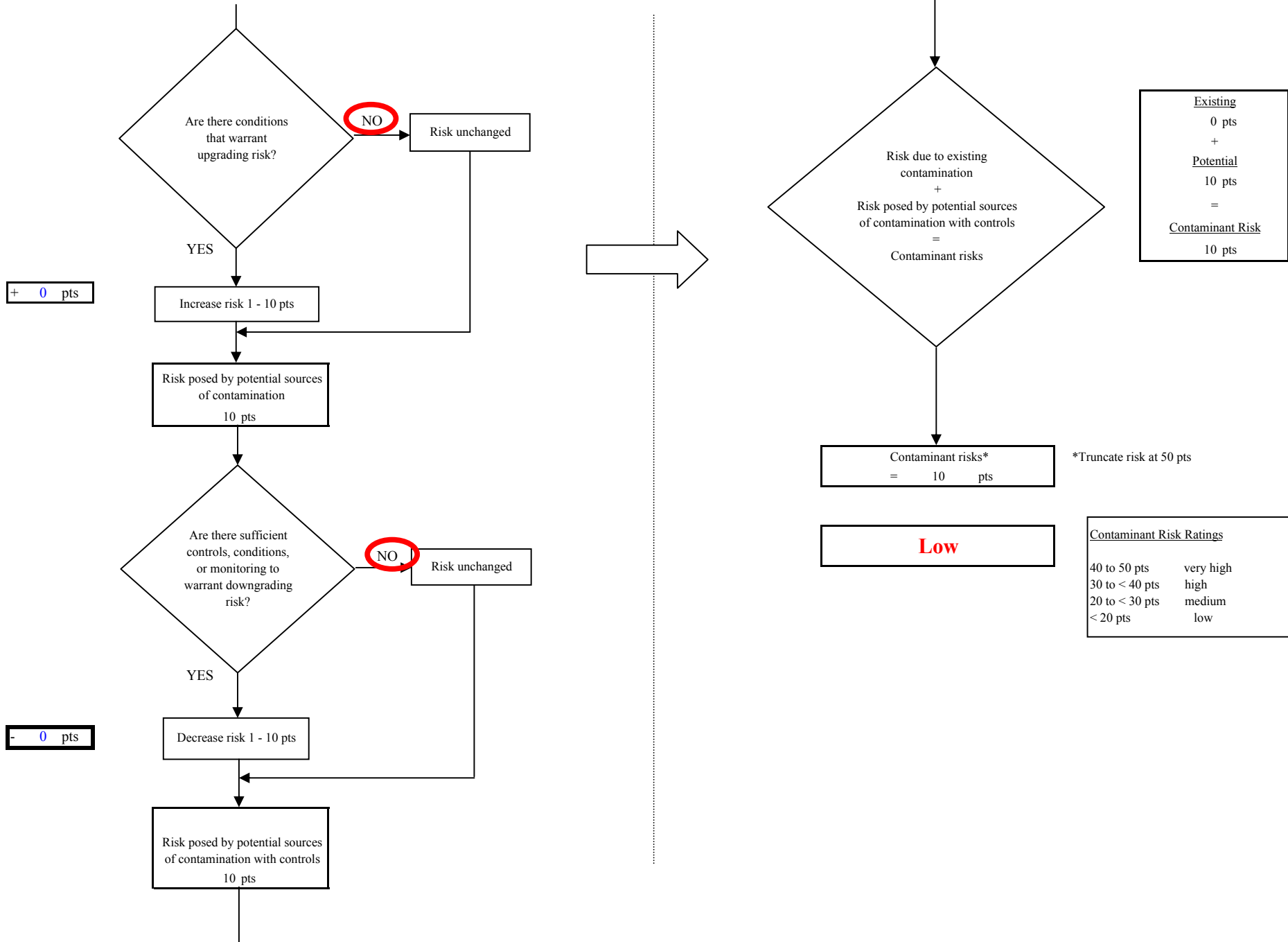


Chart 14. Vulnerability analysis for Huffman Mobile Home Park - Other Organic Chemicals

