

Source Water Assessment

A Hydrogeologic Susceptibility and
Vulnerability Assessment for
Birchwood MHP Drinking Water System,
Chugiak, Alaska
PWSID # 213297.001

DRINKING WATER PROTECTION PROGRAM REPORT #1006

Alaska Department of Environmental Conservation

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Source Water Assessment for Birchwood MHP Drinking Water System Chugiak, Alaska PWSID# 213297.001

By Suzan J. Hill

DRINKING WATER PROTECTION PROGRAM REPORT 1006

The Drinking Water Protection Program is producing Source Water Assessments in compliance with the Safe Drinking Water Act Amendments of 1996. Each assessment includes a delineation of the source water area, an inventory of potential and existing contaminant sources that may impact the water, a risk ranking for each of these contaminants, and an evaluation of the potential vulnerability of these drinking water sources.

These assessments are intended to provide public water systems owners/operators, communities, and local governments with the best available information that may be used to protect the quality of their drinking water. The assessments combine information obtained from various sources, including the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Alaska Department of Environmental Conservation (ADEC), public water system owners/operators, and other public information sources. The results of this assessment are subject to change if additional data becomes available. If you have any additional information that may affect the results of this assessment, please contact the Program Coordinator of DWPP, (907) 269-7521.

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Source Water Assessment for Birchwood MHP Source of Public Drinking Water, Chugiak, Alaska

By Suzan J. Hill

Drinking Water Protection Program Alaska Department of Environmental Conservation

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

The public water system for Birchwood MHP is a Class A (community) water system consisting of one well in the Chugiak, Alaska area. Identified potential and current sources of contaminants for Birchwood MHP public drinking water source include quarries, construction trade areas, a laundromat, medical/veterinary facilities, heavy equipment rental/storage, a pet groomer, a gasoline station, underground diesel and gasoline tanks, residential septic systems, and roads. These identified potential and existing sources of contamination are considered sources of bacteria and viruses, nitrates and/or nitrites, volatile organic chemicals, heavy metals, synthetic organic chemicals and other organic chemicals. Overall, the public water source for Birchwood MHP received a vulnerability rating of **Medium** for bacteria and viruses, and heavy metals; and **High** for nitrates and nitrites; volatile organic chemicals; synthetic organic chemicals; and other organic chemicals.

INTRODUCTION

The Alaska Department of Environmental Conservation (ADEC) is completing source water assessments for all public drinking water sources in the State of Alaska. The purpose of this assessment is to provide public water system owners and/or operators, communities, and local governments with information they can use to preserve the quality of Alaska's public drinking water supplies. The results of this source water assessment can be used to decide where voluntary protection efforts are needed and feasible, and also what efforts will be most effective in reducing contaminant risks to your water system.

This source water assessment combines a review of the natural conditions at the site and the potential and existing contaminant risks. These are combined to determine the overall vulnerability of the drinking water source to contamination.

DESCRIPTION OF THE CHUGACH MOUNTAIN FRONT EAST OF ANCHORAGE

Location

Between the Chugach Mountain Front east of Anchorage and Knik Arm lie the communities of Eagle River, Chugiak, Peters Creek, and Eklutna. The Eagle River Valley is one of the largest valleys in the western Chugach Mountains. Eagle River and the neighboring communities are located in the Municipality of Anchorage Borough.

Glacial and alluvial forces have shaped the Eagle River Valley and Chugach Mountain front in this area. These forces have resulted in the U-shaped river valleys and moraine-mantled mountain flanks of the mountain front and lakes, streams and undulating ridges and hills of the glaciated lowlands extending to Knik Arm.

Precipitation

Eagle River averages between 20 and 25 inches of precipitation per year, including about 68 inches of snowfall.

Topography and Drainage

The area topography varies from sea level to about 400 feet in the area surrounding Knik Arm to several thousand feet on the surrounding ridges and mountain flanks.

Groundwater

Although the quality can vary significantly in a short distance, groundwater supplies are generally abundant in the area, except for some reported well failures that have occurred within the city limits of Eagle River. Groundwater occurs within both confined and unconfined aquifers and from both unconsolidated and bedrock aquifers. Many homes and businesses in the area rely on individual wells for their water supply. Most of these wells are shallow with depths of less than

100 feet to 200 feet. Static water levels in many of these wells are less than 15 feet below the surface.

Geology and Soils

Most of the soils in the area provide good sources of sand, gravel and topsoil. The deposition of silt, clay and organic muck in old lakes, oxbows and depressions means that some areas have soil conditions that vary over relatively short distances.

BIRCHWOOD MHP PUBLIC DRINKING WATER SYSTEM

Birchwood MHP is a Class A (community) water system. The system consists of one well and is located at 22324 Access Road A. (See Map 1 of Appendix A). This area is at an elevation of approximately 425 feet above sea level.

According to the Well Log, there is topsoil from 0 to 4 feet; silty gravel from 4 to 66 feet; silty sand from 66 to 115 feet; silty sand and gravel from 115 to 125 feet; and water and gravel from 125 feet to a total well depth of 161 feet. The well was drilled on 9/22/78 and the static water level was 116 feet. The Sanitary Survey (9/30/00) was not able to determine the physical condition of the well as it was covered by a manhole cover. However, earlier Sanitary Surveys indicate the well was installed with a cap providing a sanitary seal. A properly installed sanitary seal may provide protection against contaminants from entering the source waters at the well casing. The land surface is also appropriately sloped away from the well providing adequate surface water drainage. The well is grouted according to ADEC regulations. Proper grouting provides added protection against contaminants travelling along the well casing and into source waters.

This system operates year-round and serves 75 residents through 34 service connections.

BIRCHWOOD MHP WELL DRINKING WATER PROTECTION AREA

In order to evaluate whether a drinking water source is at risk, we must first evaluate what are the most likely pathways for surface contamination to reach the groundwater. Some areas are more likely to allow contamination to reach the well than others. These areas are determined by looking at the characteristics of the soil, groundwater, aquifer, and well.

The most probable area for contamination to reach the drinking water well is the area that contributes water to the well, the groundwater recharge area. This area is

designated as the Drinking Water Protection Area (DWPA). Because releases of contaminants within the DWPA are most likely to impact the drinking water well, this area will serve as the focus for voluntary protection efforts. (Please refer to the Guidance Manual for Class A Public Water Systems for additional information).

The DWPA's established for wells by the ADEC are separated into four zones. These zones correspond to differences in the time-of-travel (TOT) of the water moving through the aquifer to the well. An analytical calculation was used to determine the size and shape of the DWPA. The input parameters describing the attributes of the aquifer in this calculation were adopted from the U.S. Geological Survey (Patrick, Brabets, and Glass, 1989), and State of Alaska Department of Water Resources (Jokela et. al., 1991).

The time of travel for contaminants within the water varies and is dependent on the physical and chemical characteristics of each contaminant. The following is a summary of the four DWPA zones and the calculated time-of-travel for each:

Table 1. Definition of Zones

Zone	Definition
A	¼ the distance for the 2-yr. TOT
B	Less than the 2 year TOT
C	Less Than the 5 year TOT
D	Less than the 10 year TOT

As an example, water moving through the aquifer in Zone B will reach the well in less than 2 years from the time it crosses the outer limit of Zone B.

Zone A also incorporates the area down-gradient from the well to take into account the area of the aquifer that is influenced by pumping of the well. Water within the aquifer in Zone A will reach the well in several hours to several months.

The DWPA for the Birchwood MHP contain three zones: Zone A, Zone B, and Zone C (see Map 1 in Appendix A).

INVENTORY OF POTENTIAL AND EXISTING CONTAMINANT SOURCES

The Drinking Water Protection Program has completed an inventory of potential and existing sources of contamination within the Birchwood MHP DWPA. This inventory was completed through a search of agency records and other publicly available information. Potential sources of contamination to the

drinking water aquifer include a wide range of categories and types. Potential drinking water contaminants are found within agricultural, residential, commercial, and industrial areas, but can also occur within areas that have little or no development.

For the basis of all Class A public water system assessments, six categories of drinking water contaminants were inventoried. They include:

- Bacteria and viruses;
- Nitrates and/or nitrites;
- Volatile organic chemicals
- Heavy metals, cyanide, and other inorganic chemicals,
- Synthetic organic chemicals, and
- Other organic chemicals.

The sources are displayed on Maps 2 and 3 of Appendix C and summarized in Table 1 of Appendix B.

RANKING OF CONTAMINANT RISKS

Once the potential and existing sources of contamination have been identified, they are assigned a ranking according to what type and level of risk they represent. Ranking of contaminant risks for a “potential” or “existing” source of contamination is a function of toxicity and volumes of specific contaminants associated with that source.

Tables 2 through 7 in Appendix B contain the ranking of potential and existing sources of contamination with respect to bacteria and viruses, nitrates and/or nitrites, volatile organic chemicals, heavy metals, synthetic organic chemicals, and other organic chemicals.

VULNERABILITY OF BIRCHWOOD MHP DRINKING WATER SOURCE

Vulnerability of a drinking water source to contamination is a combination of two factors:

- Natural susceptibility; and
- Contaminant risks.

Each of the six categories of drinking water contaminants has been analyzed and an overall vulnerability score of 0 to 100 is ultimately assigned:

$$\begin{array}{r}
 \text{Natural Susceptibility (0 – 50 points)} \\
 + \\
 \text{Contaminant Risks (0 – 50 points)} \\
 = \\
 \text{Vulnerability of the}
 \end{array}$$

Drinking Water Source to Contamination (0 – 100). A score for the Natural Susceptibility is achieved by analyzing the properties of the well and the aquifer.

$$\begin{array}{r}
 \text{Susceptibility of the Wellhead (0 – 25 Points)} \\
 + \\
 \text{Susceptibility of the Aquifer (0 – 25 Points)} \\
 = \\
 \text{Natural Susceptibility (Susceptibility of the Well)} \\
 \text{(0 – 50 Points)}
 \end{array}$$

The well for Birchwood MHP is completed in an unconfined aquifer setting. Because an unconfined aquifer is recharged by surface water and precipitation that migrates downward from the surface, contaminants at the surface have the potential to adversely impact this aquifer. Table 2 shows the Susceptibility scores and ratings for Birchwood MHP.

Table 2. Susceptibility

	Score	Rating
Susceptibility of the Wellhead	5	Low
Susceptibility of the Aquifer	23	Very High
Natural Susceptibility	28	Medium

Contaminant risks to a drinking water source depend on the type, number or density, and distribution of contaminant sources. This data has been derived from an examination of existing and historical contamination that has been detected at the drinking water source through routine sampling. It also evaluates potential sources of contamination. Table 3 summarizes the Contaminant Risks for each category of drinking water contaminants.

Table 3. Contaminant Risks

Category	Score	Rating
Bacteria and Viruses	28	Medium
Nitrates and/or Nitrites	44	Very High
Volatile Organic Chemicals	42	Very High
Heavy Metals, Cyanide, and Other Inorganic Chemicals	22	Medium
Synthetic Organic Chemicals	12	Low
Other Organic Chemicals	22	Medium

Appendix D contains fourteen charts, which together form the ‘Vulnerability Analysis’ for a source water assessment for a public drinking water source. Chart 1 analyzes the ‘Susceptibility of the Wellhead’ to contamination by looking at the construction of the well and its surrounding area. Chart 2 analyzes the ‘Susceptibility of the Aquifer’ to contamination by looking at the naturally occurring attributes of the water source and influences on the groundwater system that might lead to contamination. Chart 3 analyzes ‘Contaminant Risks’ for the drinking water source with respect to bacteria and viruses. The ‘Contaminant Risks’ portion of the analysis considers potential sources of contaminants as well as a review of contamination that has or may have occurred, but has not arrived or been detected at the well. Lastly, Chart 4 contains the ‘Vulnerability Analysis for Bacteria and Viruses’. Charts 5 through 14 contain the Contaminant Risks and Vulnerability Analyses for nitrates and nitrites, volatile organic chemicals, heavy metals, synthetic organic chemicals, and other organic chemicals, respectively.

Table 4 contains the overall vulnerability scores (0 – 100) and ratings for each of the six categories of drinking water contaminants. Note: scores are rounded off to the nearest five.

Table 4. Overall Vulnerability

Category	Score	Rating
Bacteria and Viruses	55	Medium
Nitrates and Nitrites	70	High
Volatile Organic Chemicals	70	High
Heavy Metals, Cyanide and Other Inorganic Chemicals	50	Medium
Synthetic Organic Chemicals	40	Medium
Other Organic Chemicals	50	Medium

Bacteria and Viruses

The contaminant risk for bacteria and viruses is medium with medical/veterinary facilities in Zones A and B presenting the most significant risk to the drinking water well (See Chart 3 – Contaminant Risks for Bacteria and Viruses in Appendix D).

Recent sampling of Birchwood MHP shows no detection of Bacteria and Viruses. After combining the contaminant risk for bacteria and viruses with the natural susceptibility of the well, the overall vulnerability of the well to contamination is Medium.

Nitrates and Nitrites

The contaminant risk for nitrates and nitrites is very high with residential septic systems and quarries in

Zones A and B posing the most significant contaminant risk to this source of public drinking water (See Chart 5 - Contaminant Risks for Nitrates and/or Nitrites in Appendix D). Nitrates are very mobile, moving at approximately the same rate as water.

Sampling history for Birchwood MHP well indicates that concentrations of nitrate have been detected. At the latest sampling period, a concentration of nitrate and/or nitrite was detected at 3.890 mg/L or 39% of the Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL) of 10mg/L. The MCL is the maximum level of contaminant that is allowed to exist in drinking water and still be consumed by humans without harmful health effects.

It is unknown how much of the existing nitrate concentration can be attributed to natural or human-made sources. Nitrate concentrations in uncontaminated groundwater are typically less than 2 milligrams per liter (mg/L) and are derived primarily from the decomposition of organic matter in soils [Wang, Strelakos, Jokela, 2000].

After combining the contaminant risk for nitrates and nitrites with the natural susceptibility of the well, the overall vulnerability of the well to contamination is High.

Volatile Organic Chemicals

The contaminant risk for volatile organic chemicals is high with underground diesel and gasoline storage tanks in Zone B presenting a significant risk to the drinking water well (See Chart 7 – Contaminant Risks for Volatile Organic Chemicals in Appendix D). Recent sampling history of Birchwood MHP (12/21/00) did not detect any chemicals in the Volatile Organic Chemicals category. After combining the contaminant risk for volatile organic chemicals with the natural susceptibility of the well, the overall vulnerability of the well to contamination is High.

Heavy Metals, Cyanide, and Other Inorganic Chemicals

The contaminant risk for heavy metals is medium with a motor vehicle repair shop in Zone B posing the most significant risk to the drinking water well (See Chart 9 – Contaminant Risks for Heavy Metals, Cyanide, and Other Inorganic Chemicals in Appendix D). Monitoring samples analyzing chemicals within the Heavy Metals, Cyanide and Other Inorganic Chemicals collected on 7/10/02 did not detect any chemicals in this category.

After combining the contaminant risk for heavy metals, cyanide, and other inorganic chemicals with the natural susceptibility of the well, the overall vulnerability of the well to contamination is Medium.

Synthetic Organic Chemicals

The contaminant risk for synthetic organic chemicals is low with no contaminant source representing a significant risk. After combining the contaminant risk with the natural susceptibility of the well, the overall vulnerability of the well to synthetic organic chemicals is Medium.

Other Organic Chemicals

The contaminant risk for other organic chemicals is medium with a gasoline station and motor vehicle repair shop in Zone B posing the most significant risk. After combining the contaminant risk with the natural susceptibility of the well, the overall vulnerability of the well to other organic chemicals is Medium.

Review of the historical sampling data indicates there is no sampling history for synthetic organic chemicals or other organic chemicals for Birchwood MHP' drinking water (See Charts 11 and 13 – Contaminant Risks for Synthetic Organic Chemicals and Other Organic Chemicals in Appendix D, respectively).

SUMMARY

This assessment of contaminant risks can be used as a foundation for local voluntary protection efforts as well as a basis for the continuous efforts on the part of Birchwood MHP to protect public health. It is anticipated that *Source Water Assessments* will be updated every five years to reflect any changes in the vulnerability and/or susceptibility of Birchwood MHP public drinking water source.

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Patrick, L.D., Brabets, T.P., and Glass, R.L., 1989, Simulation of ground-water flow at Anchorage, Alaska: US Geological Survey Water-Resources Investigations Report 88-4139, 41p.

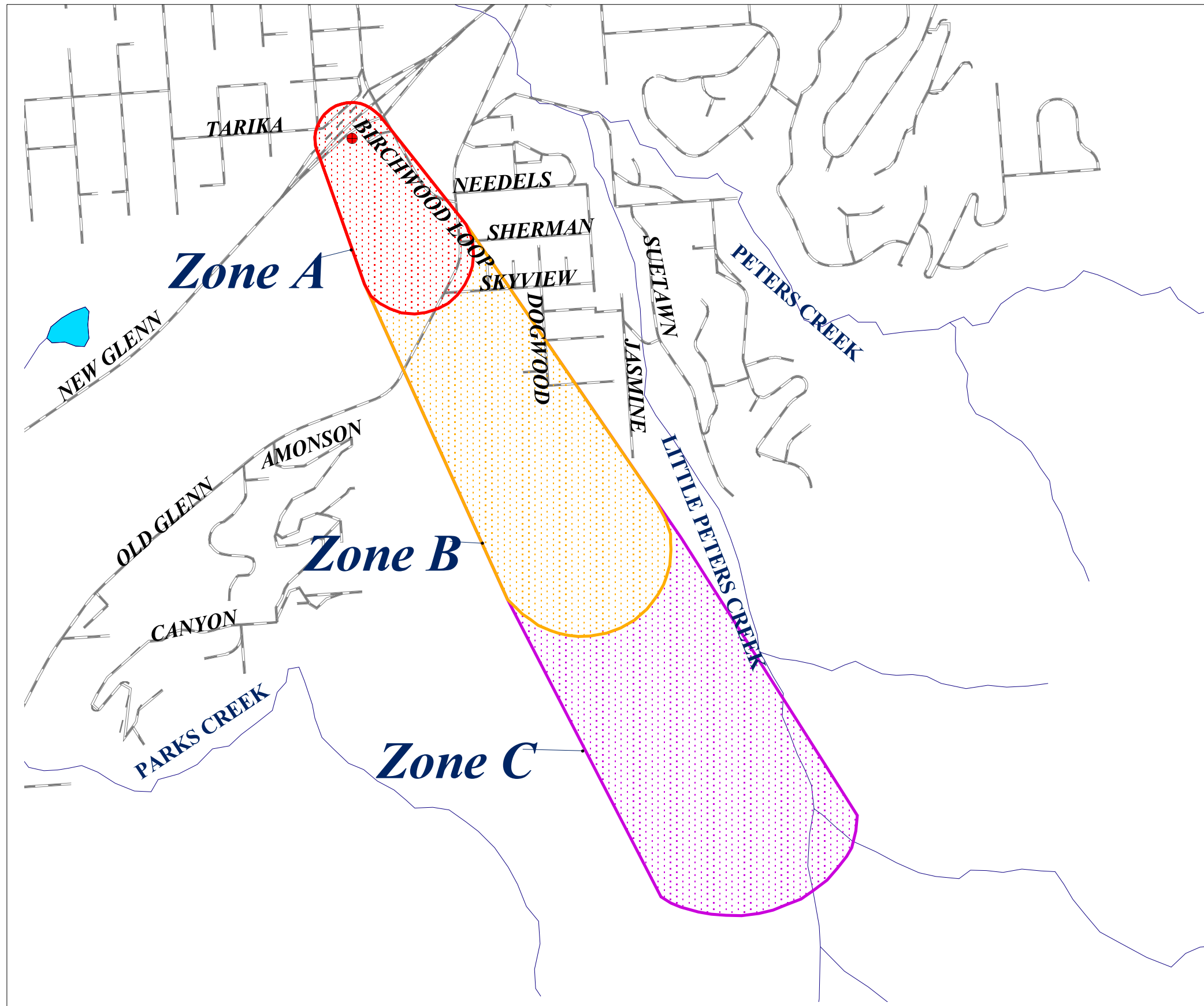
Wang, B., Strelakos, P.M., and Jokela, J.B., 2000, Nitrate source indicators in ground water of the scimitar subdivision, Peters Creek Area, Anchorage, Alaska: US Geological Survey Water-Resources Investigations Report 00-4137.

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APPENDIX A

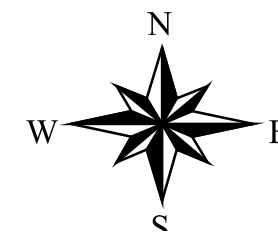
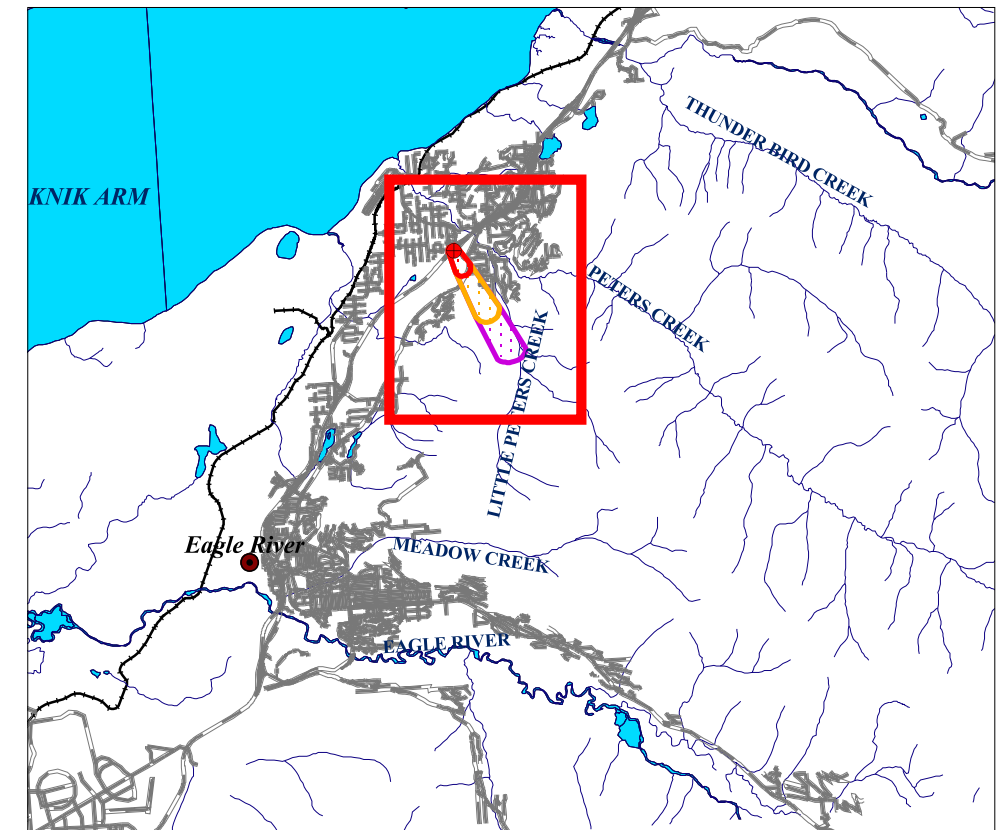
Birchwood MHP Drinking Water Protection Area Location Map (Map 1)

Birchwood MHP Protection Area - #213297.001



Legend

- Birchwood MHP Well Location
- Zone A**
- ▨ Several Months Time of Travel
- Zone B**
- ▨ Less Than Two Years Time of Travel
- Zone C**
- ▨ Less Than Five Years Time of Travel
- Roads
- Rivers or Streams
- Lakes



Map One

APPENDIX B

Contaminant Source Inventory and Risk Ranking for Birchwood MHP (Tables 1-7)

Table 1

**Contaminant Source Inventory for
Birchwood MHP**

PWSID 213297.001

Contaminant Source Type	Contaminant Source ID	CS ID tag	Zone	Map Number	Comments
Pet groomers	C34	C34-1	A	2	
Quarries (sand, gravel, rock, other?)	E10	E10-1	A	2	
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-1-11	A	2	
Highways and roads, paved (cement or asphalt)	X20	X20-1-3	A	2	
Medical/veterinary facilities (doctor or dentist offices, hospitals, nursing homes)	X40	X40-1	A	2	
Construction trade areas and materials	C09	C09-1	B	2	
Gasoline stations (with repair shop)	C16	C16-1	B	2	
Laundromats without dry cleaning	C22	C22-1	B	2	
Motor /motor vehicle repair shops	C31	C31-1	B	2	
Quarries (sand, gravel, rock, other?)	E10	E10-2	B	2	
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-12-29	B	2	
Tanks, diesel (underground)	T08	T08-1	B	2	
Tanks, gasoline (underground)	T12	T12-1	B	2	
Highways and roads, paved (cement or asphalt)	X20	X20-4-5	B	2	
Medical/veterinary facilities (doctor or dentist offices, hospitals, nursing homes)	X40	X40-2	B	2	

Table 2

*Contaminant Source Inventory and Risk Ranking for
Birchwood MHP
Sources of Bacteria and Viruses*

PWSID 213297.001

<i>Contaminant Source Type</i>	<i>Contaminant Source ID</i>	<i>CS ID tag</i>	<i>Zone</i>	<i>Risk Ranking for Analysis</i>	<i>Map Number</i>	<i>Comments</i>
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-1-11	A	Low	2	
Highways and roads, paved (cement or asphalt)	X20	X20-1-3	A	Low	2	
Medical/veterinary facilities (doctor or dentist offices, hospitals, nursing homes)	X40	X40-1	A	Medium	2	
Laundromats without dry cleaning	C22	C22-1	B	Low	2	
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-12-29	B	Low	2	
Highways and roads, paved (cement or asphalt)	X20	X20-4-5	B	Low	2	
Medical/veterinary facilities (doctor or dentist offices, hospitals, nursing homes)	X40	X40-2	B	Medium	2	

Table 3

*Contaminant Source Inventory and Risk Ranking for
Birchwood MHP
Sources of Nitrates/Nitrites*

PWSID 213297.001

<i>Contaminant Source Type</i>	<i>Contaminant Source ID</i>	<i>CS ID tag</i>	<i>Zone</i>	<i>Risk Ranking for Analysis</i>	<i>Map Number</i>	<i>Comments</i>
Quarries (sand, gravel, rock, other?)	E10	E10-1	A	Low	2	
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-1-11	A	Low	2	
Highways and roads, paved (cement or asphalt)	X20	X20-1-3	A	Low	2	
Medical/veterinary facilities (doctor or dentist offices, hospitals, nursing homes)	X40	X40-1	A	Low	2	
Laundromats without dry cleaning	C22	C22-1	B	Low	2	
Quarries (sand, gravel, rock, other?)	E10	E10-2	B	Low	2	
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-12-29	B	Low	2	
Highways and roads, paved (cement or asphalt)	X20	X20-4-5	B	Low	2	
Medical/veterinary facilities (doctor or dentist offices, hospitals, nursing homes)	X40	X40-2	B	Low	2	

Table 4

*Contaminant Source Inventory and Risk Ranking for
Birchwood MHP
Sources of Volatile Organic Chemicals*

PWSID 213297.001

<i>Contaminant Source Type</i>	<i>Contaminant Source ID</i>	<i>CS ID tag</i>	<i>Zone</i>	<i>Risk Ranking for Analysis</i>	<i>Map Number</i>	<i>Comments</i>
Pet groomers	C34	C34-1	A	Low	2	
Quarries (sand, gravel, rock, other?)	E10	E10-1	A	Low	2	
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-1-11	A	Low	2	
Highways and roads, paved (cement or asphalt)	X20	X20-1-3	A	Low	2	
Medical/veterinary facilities (doctor or dentist offices, hospitals, nursing homes)	X40	X40-1	A	Low	2	
Construction trade areas and materials	C09	C09-1	B	Low	2	
Gasoline stations (with repair shop)	C16	C16-1	B	High	2	
Laundromats without dry cleaning	C22	C22-1	B	Low	2	
Motor /motor vehicle repair shops	C31	C31-1	B	Medium	2	
Quarries (sand, gravel, rock, other?)	E10	E10-2	B	Low	2	
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-12-29	B	Low	2	
Tanks, diesel (underground)	T08	T08-1	B	High	2	
Tanks, gasoline (underground)	T12	T12-1	B	High	2	
Highways and roads, paved (cement or asphalt)	X20	X20-4-5	B	Low	2	
Medical/veterinary facilities (doctor or dentist offices, hospitals, nursing homes)	X40	X40-2	B	Low	2	

Table 5

*Contaminant Source Inventory and Risk Ranking for
Birchwood MHP*

PWSID 213297.001

Sources of Heavy Metals, Cyanide and Other Inorganic Chemicals

<i>Contaminant Source Type</i>	<i>Contaminant Source ID</i>	<i>CS ID tag</i>	<i>Zone</i>	<i>Risk Ranking for Analysis</i>	<i>Map Number</i>	<i>Comments</i>
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-1-11	A	Low	2	
Highways and roads, paved (cement or asphalt)	X20	X20-1-3	A	Low	2	
Medical/veterinary facilities (doctor or dentist offices, hospitals, nursing homes)	X40	X40-1	A	Low	2	
Construction trade areas and materials	C09	C09-1	B	Low	2	
Gasoline stations (with repair shop)	C16	C16-1	B	Low	2	
Motor /motor vehicle repair shops	C31	C31-1	B	Medium	2	
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-12-29	B	Low	2	
Tanks, gasoline (underground)	T12	T12-1	B	Medium	2	
Highways and roads, paved (cement or asphalt)	X20	X20-4-5	B	Low	2	
Medical/veterinary facilities (doctor or dentist offices, hospitals, nursing homes)	X40	X40-2	B	Low	2	

Table 6

*Contaminant Source Inventory and Risk Ranking for
Birchwood MHP
Sources of Synthetic Organic Chemicals*

PWSID 213297.001

<i>Contaminant Source Type</i>	<i>Contaminant Source ID</i>	<i>CS ID tag</i>	<i>Zone</i>	<i>Risk Ranking for Analysis</i>	<i>Map Number</i>	<i>Comments</i>
Pet groomers	C34	C34-1	A	Low	2	
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-1-11	A	Low	2	
Medical/veterinary facilities (doctor or dentist offices, hospitals, nursing homes)	X40	X40-1	A	Low	2	
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-12-29	B	Low	2	
Medical/veterinary facilities (doctor or dentist offices, hospitals, nursing homes)	X40	X40-2	B	Low	2	

Table 7

*Contaminant Source Inventory and Risk Ranking for
Birchwood MHP
Sources of Other Organic Chemicals*

PWSID 213297.001

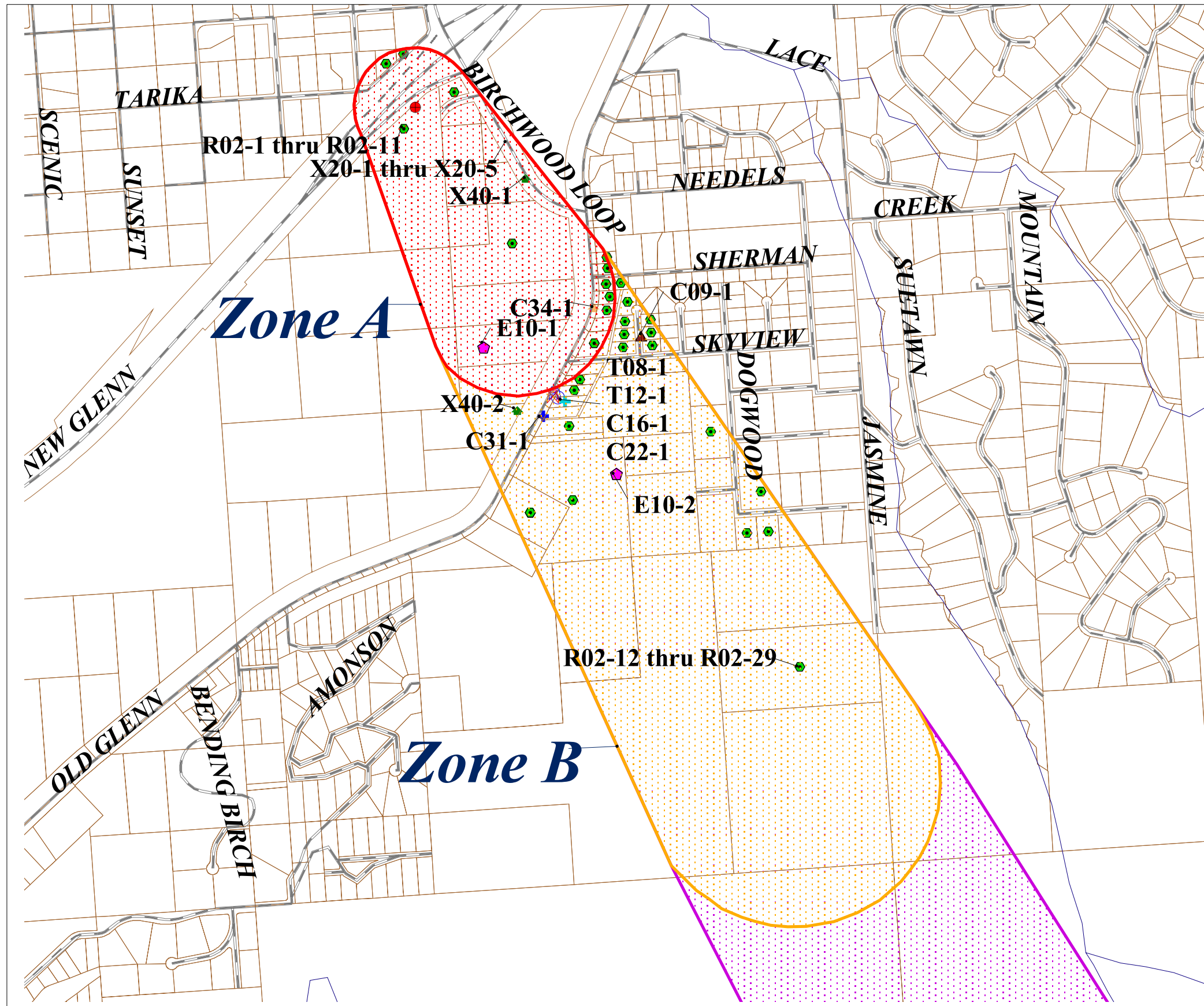
<i>Contaminant Source Type</i>	<i>Contaminant Source ID</i>	<i>CS ID tag</i>	<i>Zone</i>	<i>Risk Ranking for Analysis</i>	<i>Map Number</i>	<i>Comments</i>
Quarries (sand, gravel, rock, other?)	E10	E10-1	A	Low	2	
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-1-11	A	Low	2	
Highways and roads, paved (cement or asphalt)	X20	X20-1-3	A	Low	2	
Construction trade areas and materials	C09	C09-1	B	Low	2	
Gasoline stations (with repair shop)	C16	C16-1	B	Medium	2	
Motor /motor vehicle repair shops	C31	C31-1	B	Medium	2	
Quarries (sand, gravel, rock, other?)	E10	E10-2	B	Low	2	
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R02-12-29	B	Low	2	
Highways and roads, paved (cement or asphalt)	X20	X20-4-5	B	Low	2	

APPENDIX C

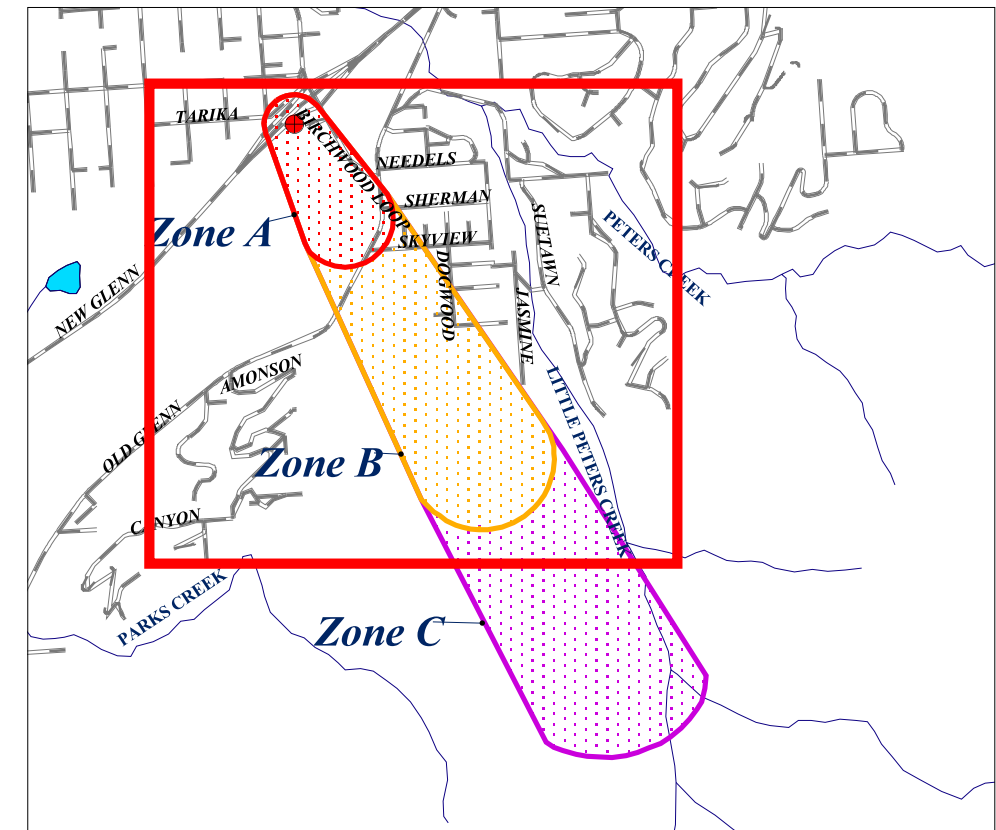
Birchwood MHP Drinking Water Protection Area and Potential and Existing Contaminant Sources (Maps 2-3)

Birchwood MHP Potential and Existing Contaminant Sources

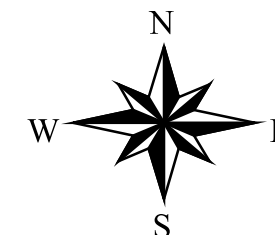
Legend



- Birchwood MHP Well Location
- Zone A
Several Months Time of Travel
- Zone B
Less Than Two Years Time of Travel
- Zone C
Less Than Five Years Time of Travel
- Roads (X20)
- Rivers or Streams
- Land Parcels
- Contaminant Sources
 - Gasoline Stations (C16)
 - Laundromats (C22)
 - Motor Vehicle Repair Shops (C31)
 - Pet Groomers (C34)
 - Construction Trade Areas (C9)
 - Quarries (E10)
 - Underground Gasoline Tanks (T12)
 - Underground Diesel Tanks (T8)
 - Medical/Veterinary Facilities (X40)
 - Septic Systems (R02)

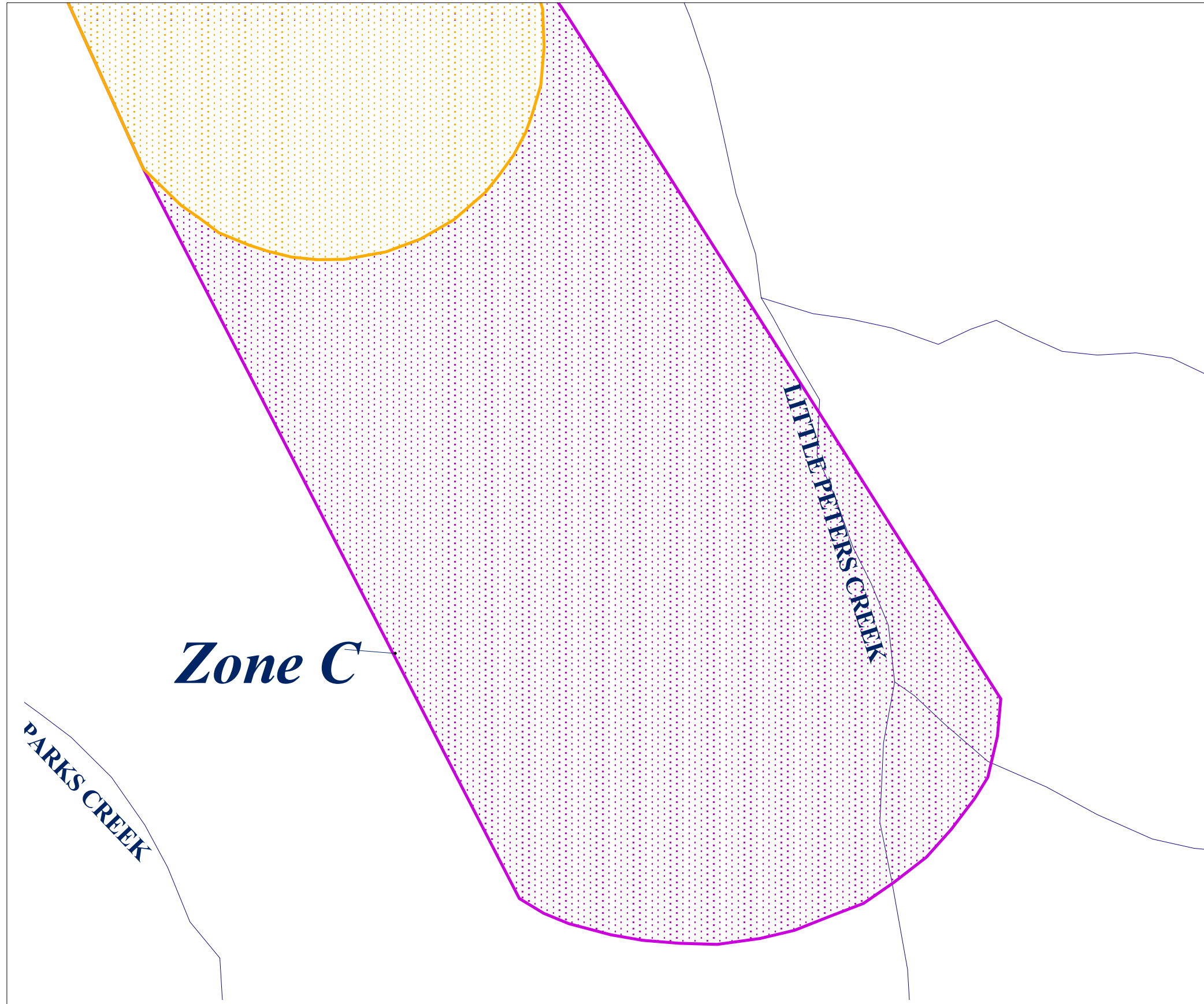


500 0 500 1000 1500 2000 Yards



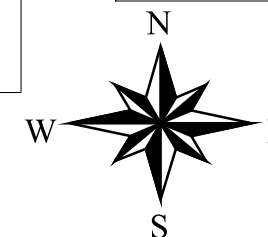
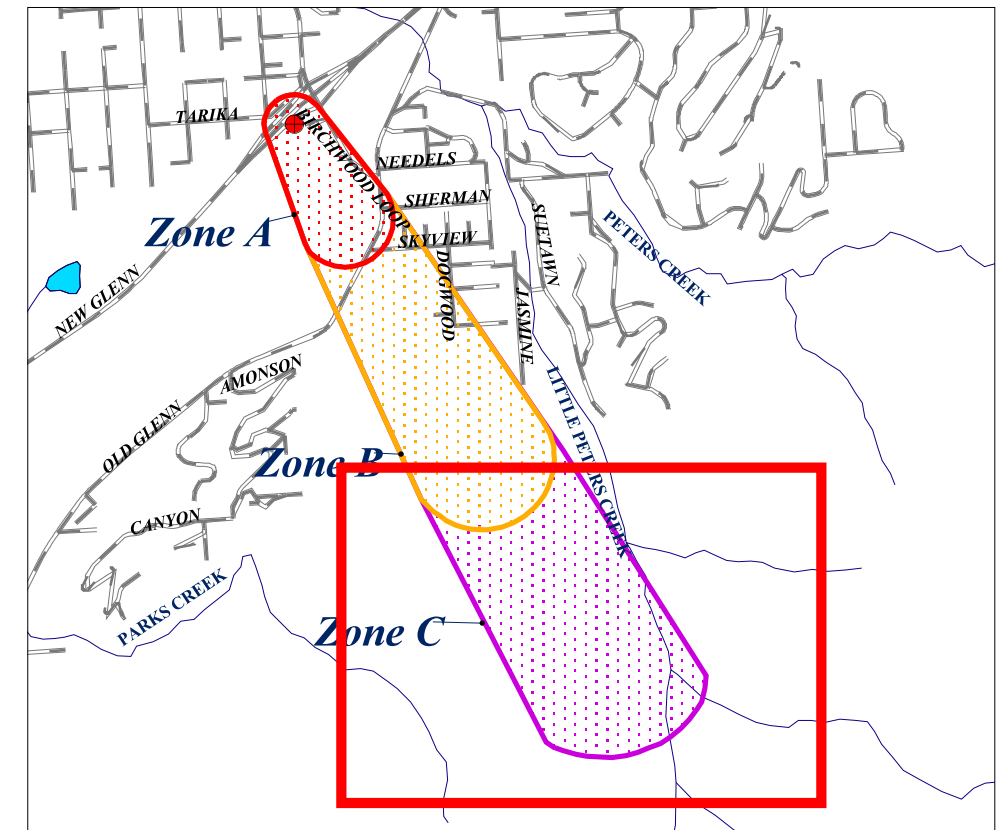
Map Two

Birchwood MHP Existing and Potential Contaminant Sources



Legend

- Birchwood MHP Well Location
- Zone A**
 - Several Months Time of Travel
- Zone B**
 - Less Than Two Years Time of Travel
- Zone C**
 - Less Than Five Years Time of Travel
- Roads (X20)
- Rivers or Streams



Map Three

APPENDIX D

Vulnerability Analysis for Birchwood MHP Public Drinking Water Source (Charts 1-14)

Chart 1. Susceptibility of the wellhead - Birchwood MHP

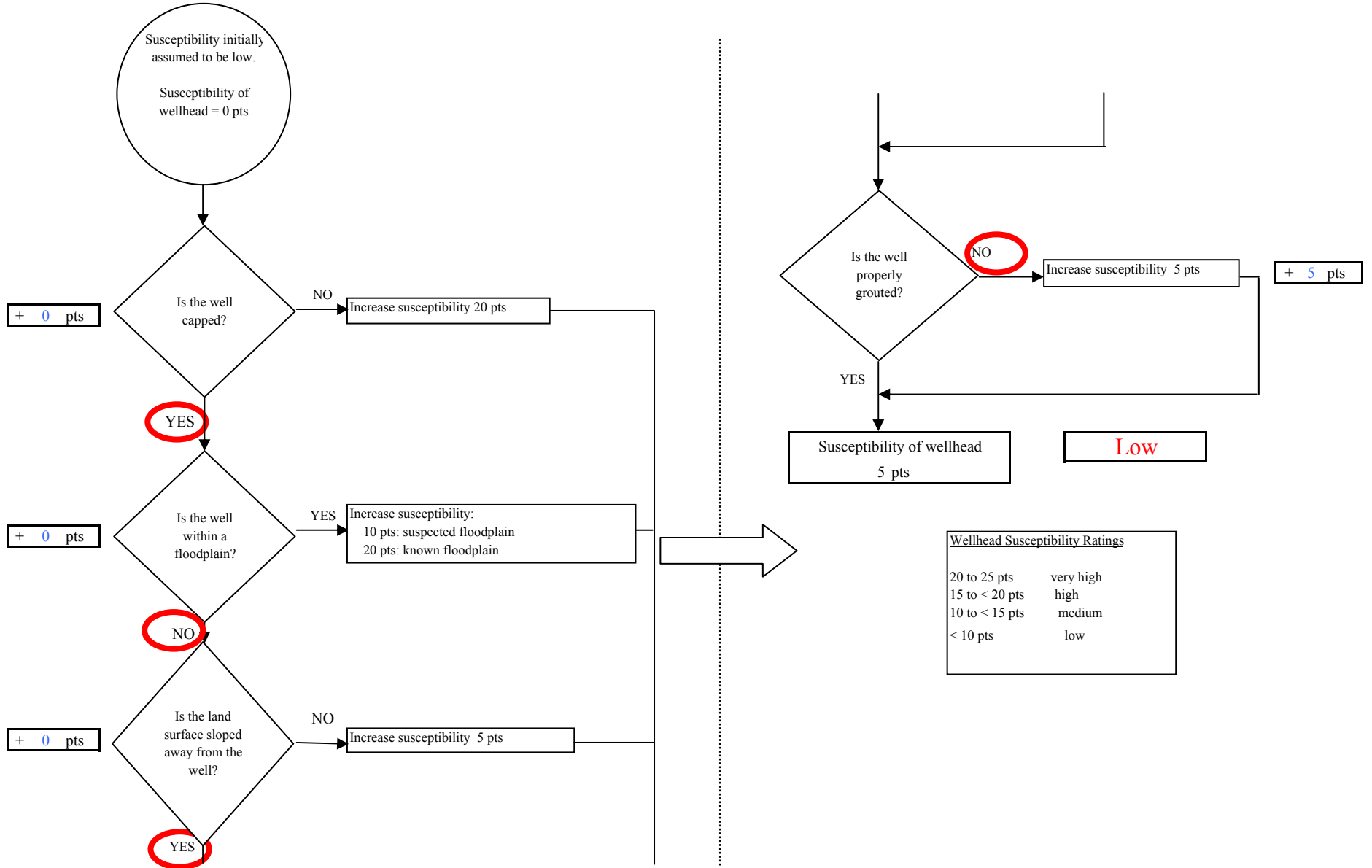


Chart 2. Susceptibility of the aquifer - Birchwood MHP

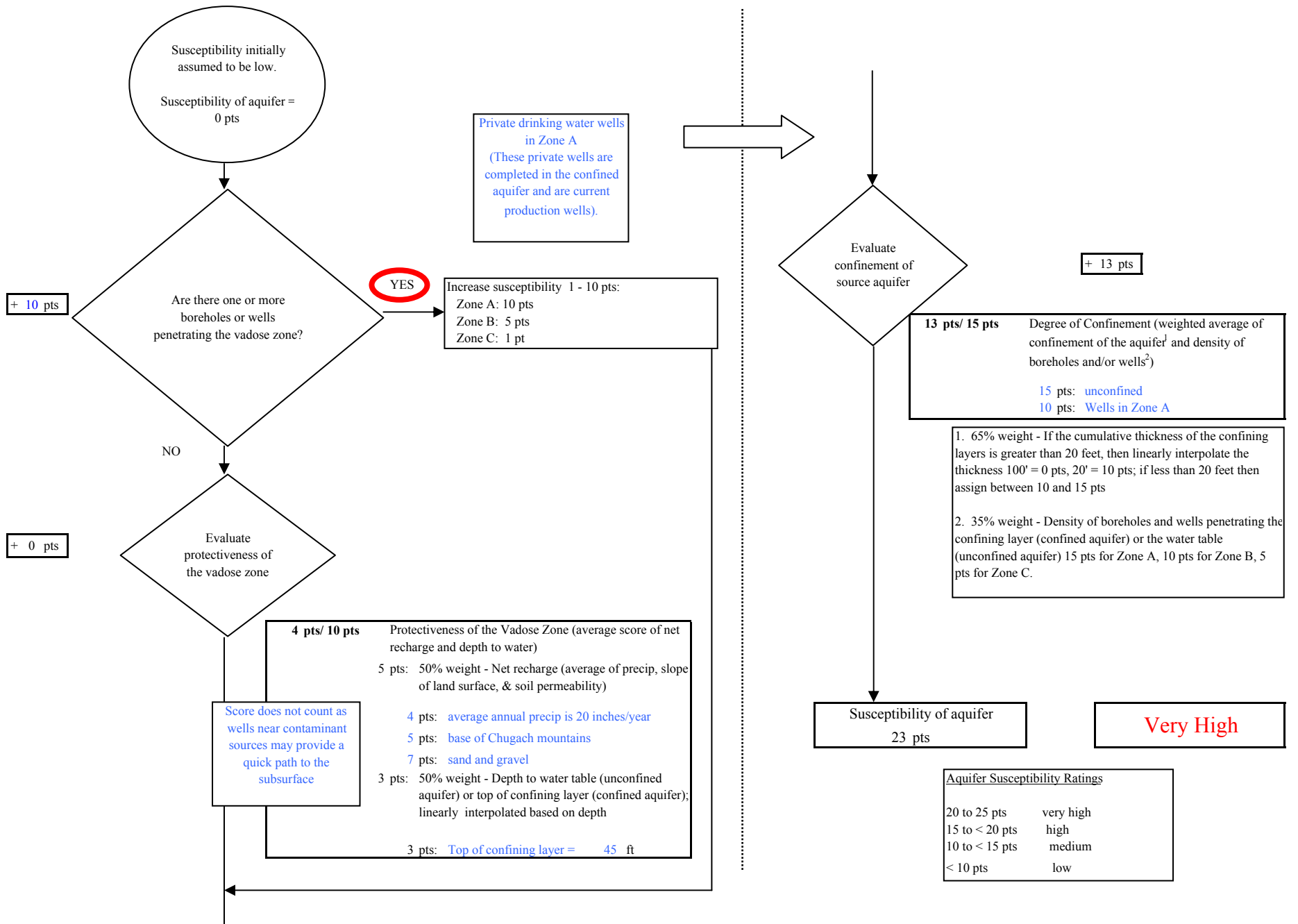
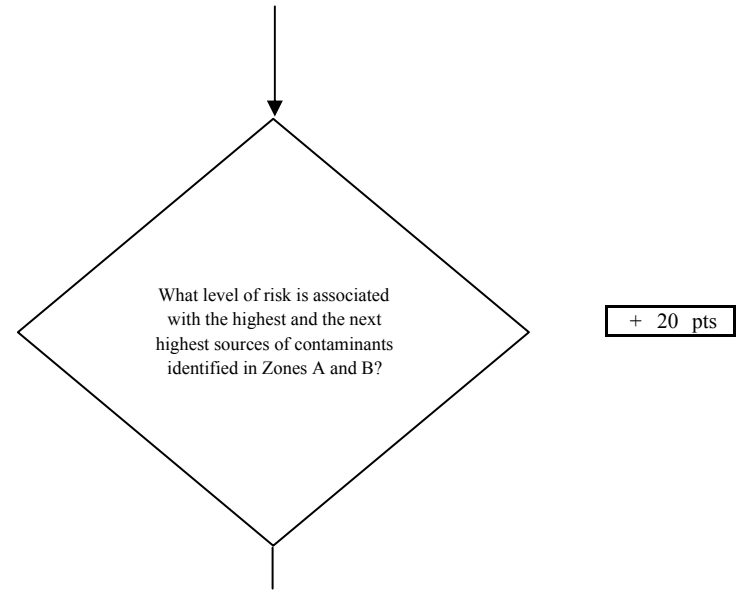
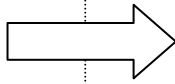
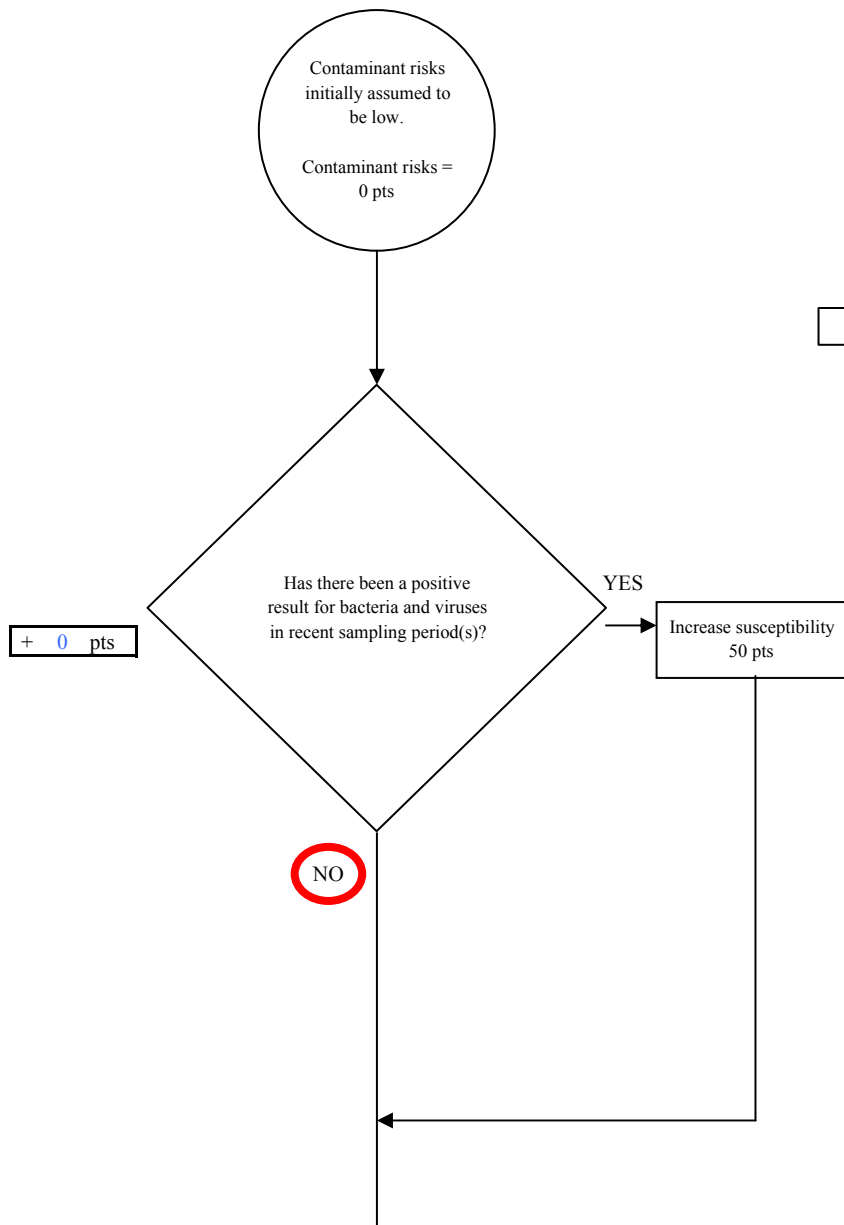


Chart 3. Contaminant risks for Birchwood MHP - Bacteria & Viruses



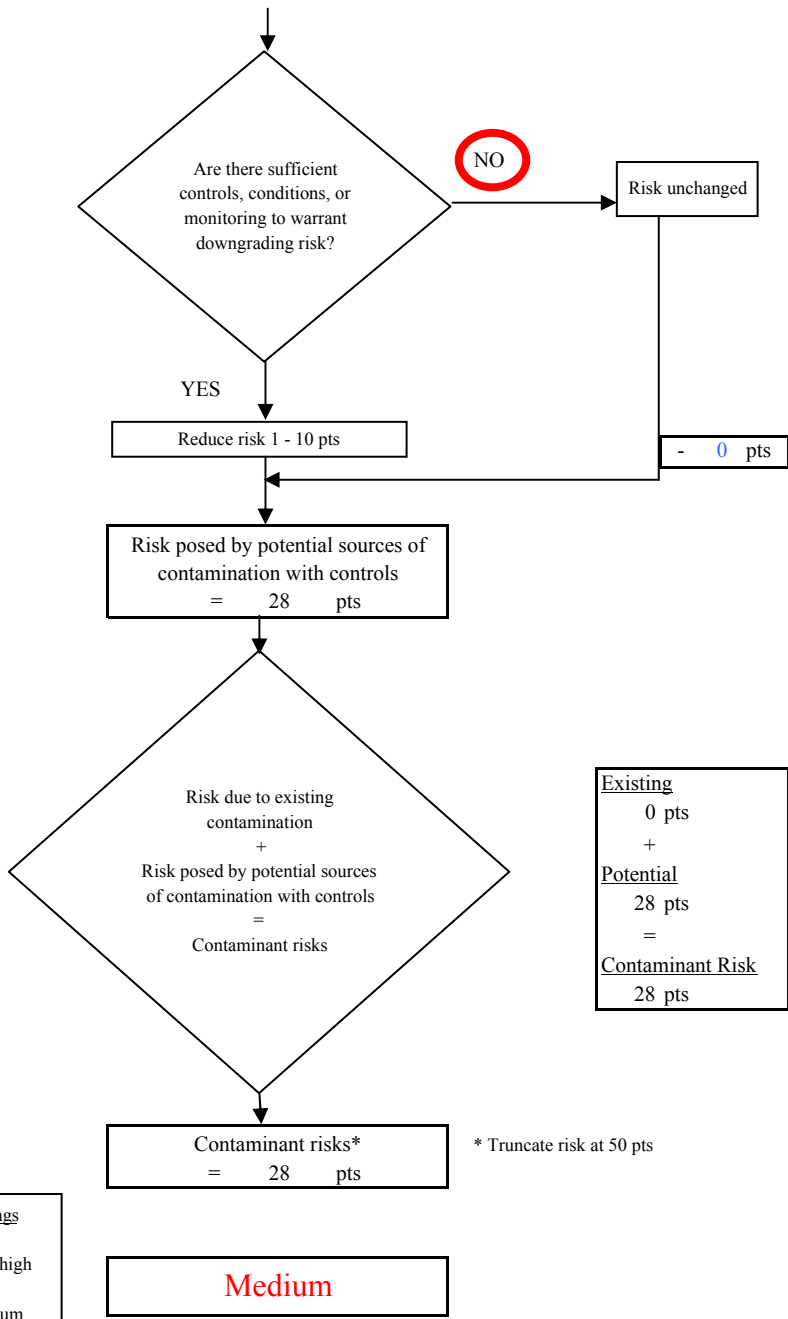
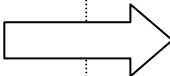
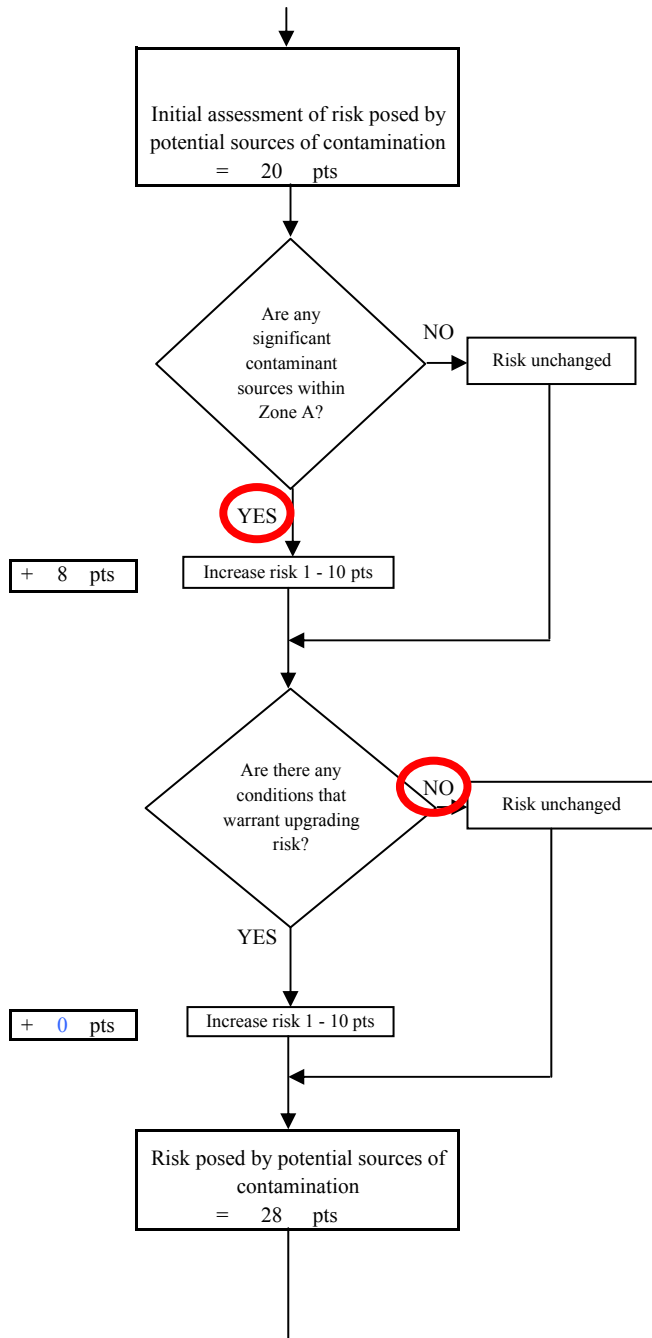
Risk Rankings for Contaminant Sources Identified in Zones A and B			
	Zone A	Zone B	Total
Very High(s)	0	0	0
High(s)	0	0	0
Medium(s)	1	1	2
Low(s)	12	4	16

	LOW 10 pts	MEDIUM 20 pts	HIGH 30 pts	VERY HIGH 40 pts
LOW	≥ 10 sources + 10 pts	≥ 10 sources + 5 pts	≥ 20 sources + 5 pts	----
MEDIUM	----	≥ 2 sources + 5 pts	≥ 5 sources + 5 pts	≥ 10 sources + 5 pts
HIGH	----	----	≥ 1 source + 10 pts	≥ 2 sources + 10 pts
VERY HIGH	----	----	----	≥ 1 source + 10 pts

Matrix Score 20

Note: Septic systems, sewerlines, and roads are each assigned a risk ranking for each individual contaminant source in the CSI. The VA, however, counts these contaminant sources as a group and assigns a calculated number of either "lows" or "mediums" based on the density.

Chart 3. Contaminant risks for Birchwood MHP - Bacteria & Viruses



Existing
0 pts
+
Potential
28 pts
=
Contaminant Risk
28 pts

Contaminant Risk Ratings	
40 to 50 pts	very high
30 to < 40 pts	high
20 to < 30 pts	medium
< 20 pts	low

* Truncate risk at 50 pts

Chart 4. Vulnerability analysis for Birchwood MHP - Bacteria & Viruses

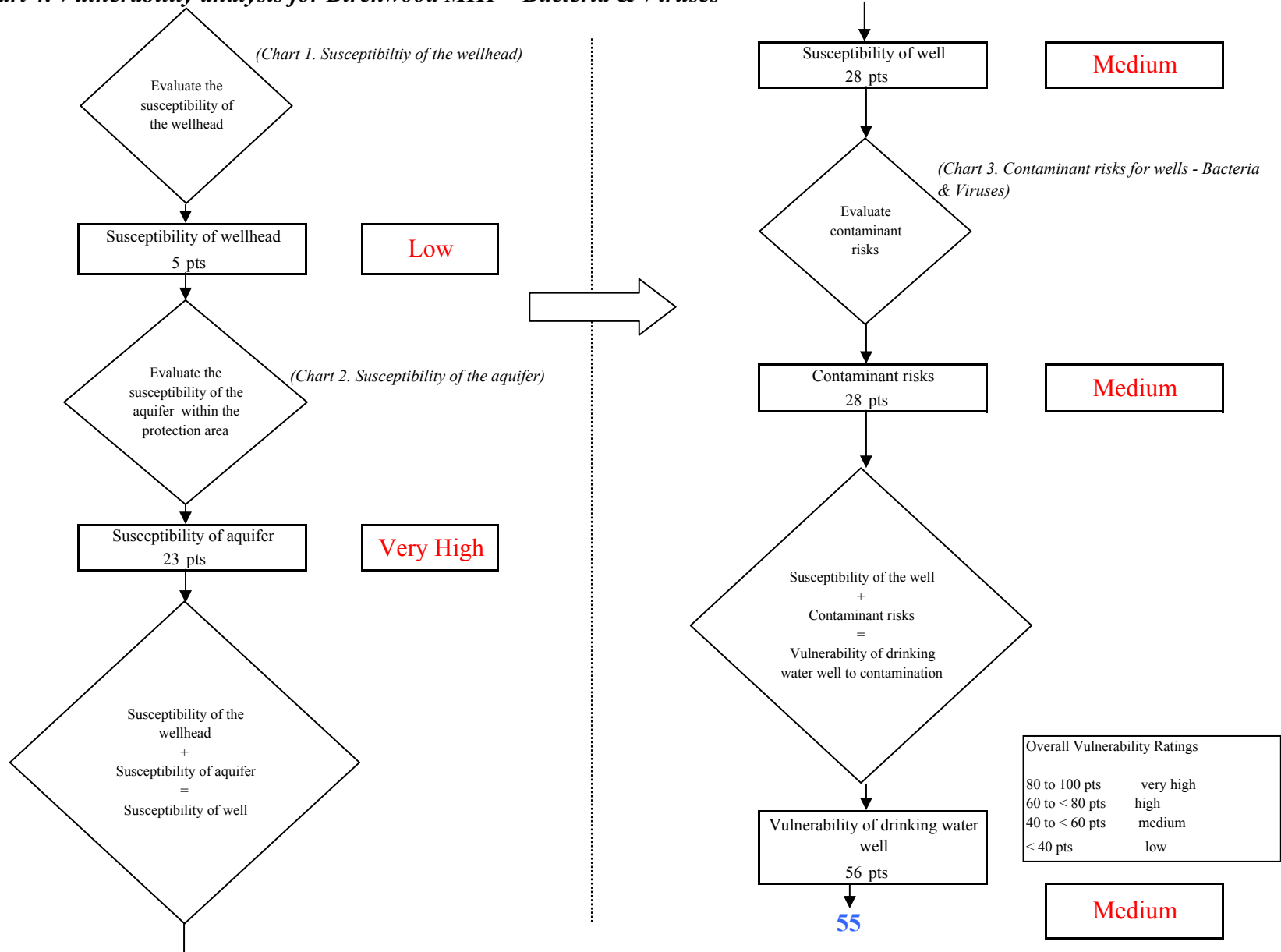


Chart 5. Contaminant risks for Birchwood MHP - Nitrates and Nitrites

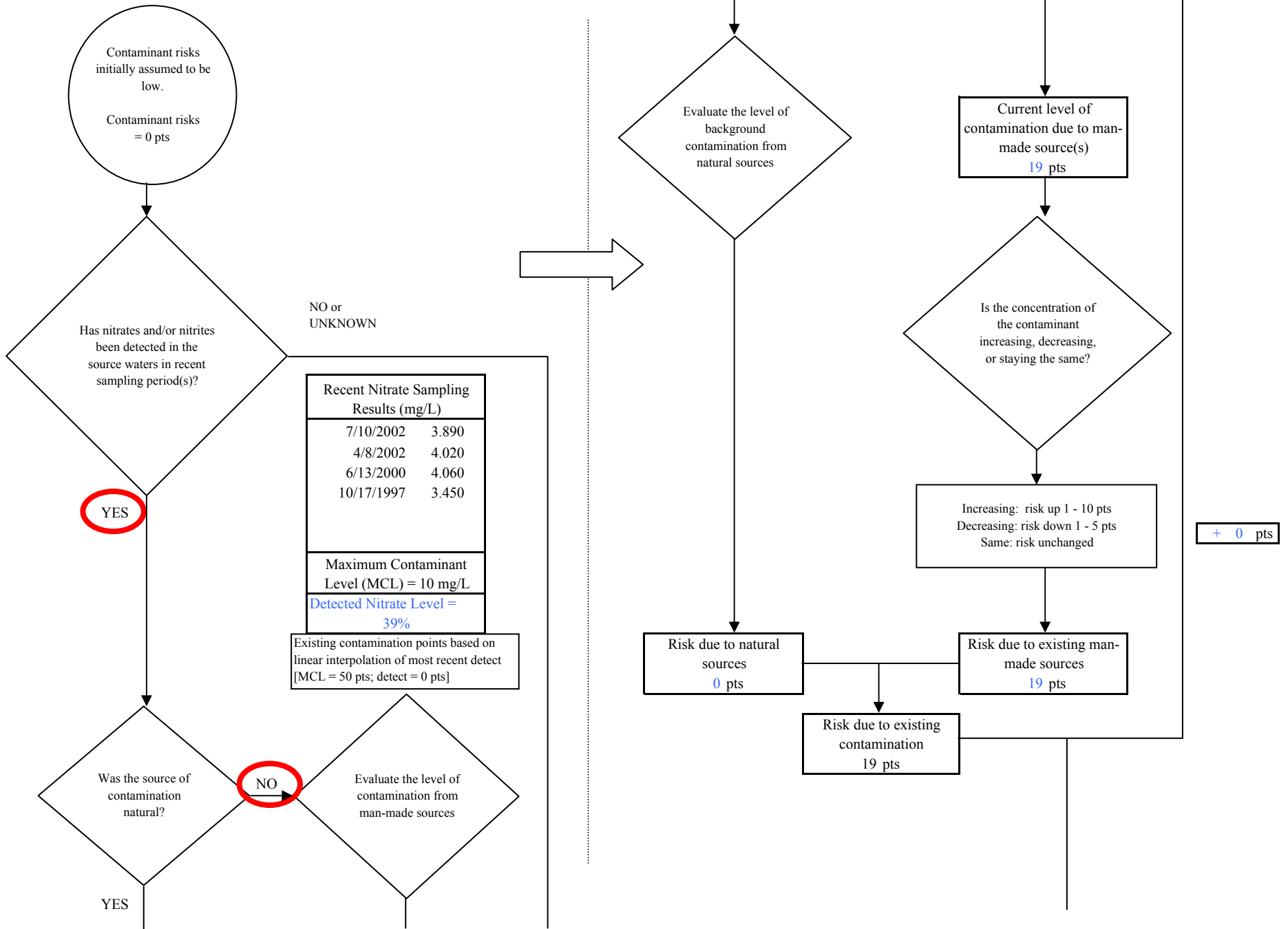
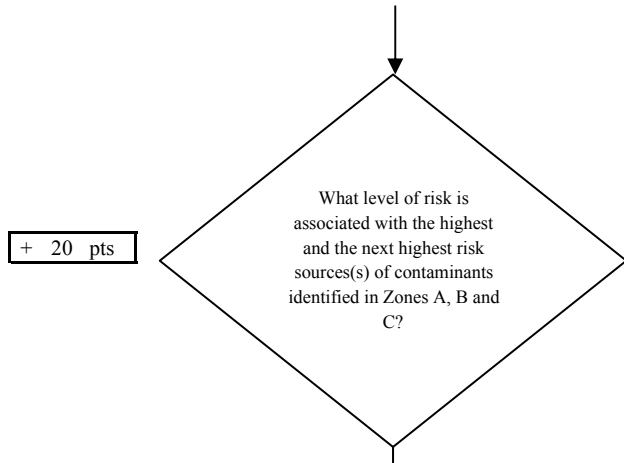


Chart 5. Contaminant risks for Birchwood MHP - Nitrates and Nitrites



Risk Levels for Contaminant Sources identified in Zones A, B and C			
	Zone A	Zones B&C	Total
Very High(s)	0	0	0
High(s)	0	0	0
Medium(s)	0	0	0
Low(s)	14	6	20

	LOW 10 pts	MEDIUM 20 pts	HIGH 30 pts	VERY HIGH 40 pts
LOW	≥ 10 sources + 10 pts	≥ 10 sources + 5 pts	≥ 20 sources + 5 pts	----
MEDIUM	----	≥ 2 sources + 5 pts	≥ 5 sources + 5 pts	≥ 10 sources + 5 pts
HIGH	----	----	≥ 1 source + 10 pts	≥ 2 sources + 10 pts
VERY HIGH	----	----	----	≥ 1 source + 10 pts

Matrix Score 20

Note: Septic systems, sewerlines, and roads are each assigned a risk ranking for each individual contaminant source in the CSI. The VA, however, counts these contaminant sources as a group and assigns a calculated number of either "lows" or "mediums" based on the density.

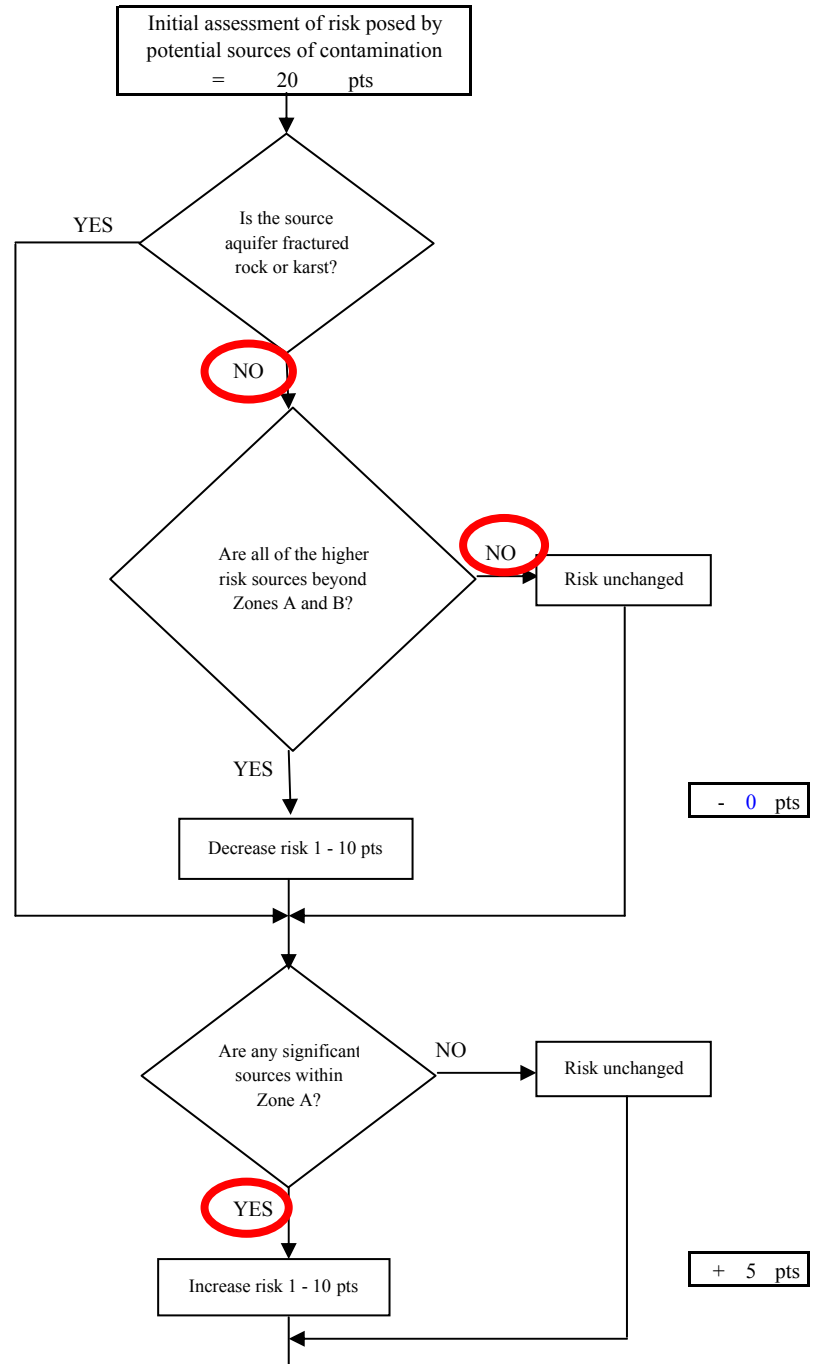
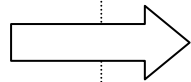


Chart 5. Contaminant risks for Birchwood MHP - Nitrates and Nitrites

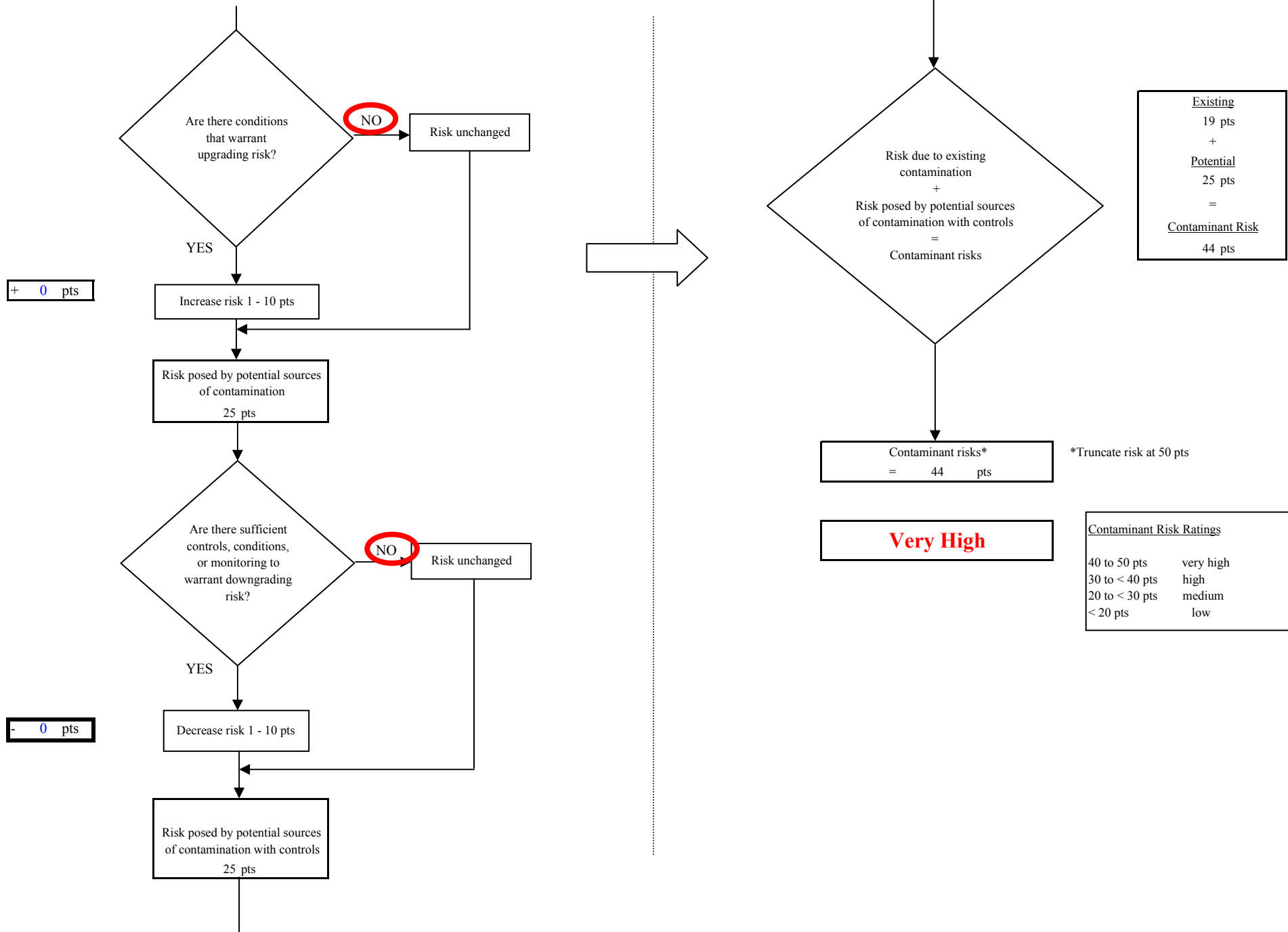


Chart 6. Vulnerability analysis for Birchwood MHP - Nitrates and Nitrites

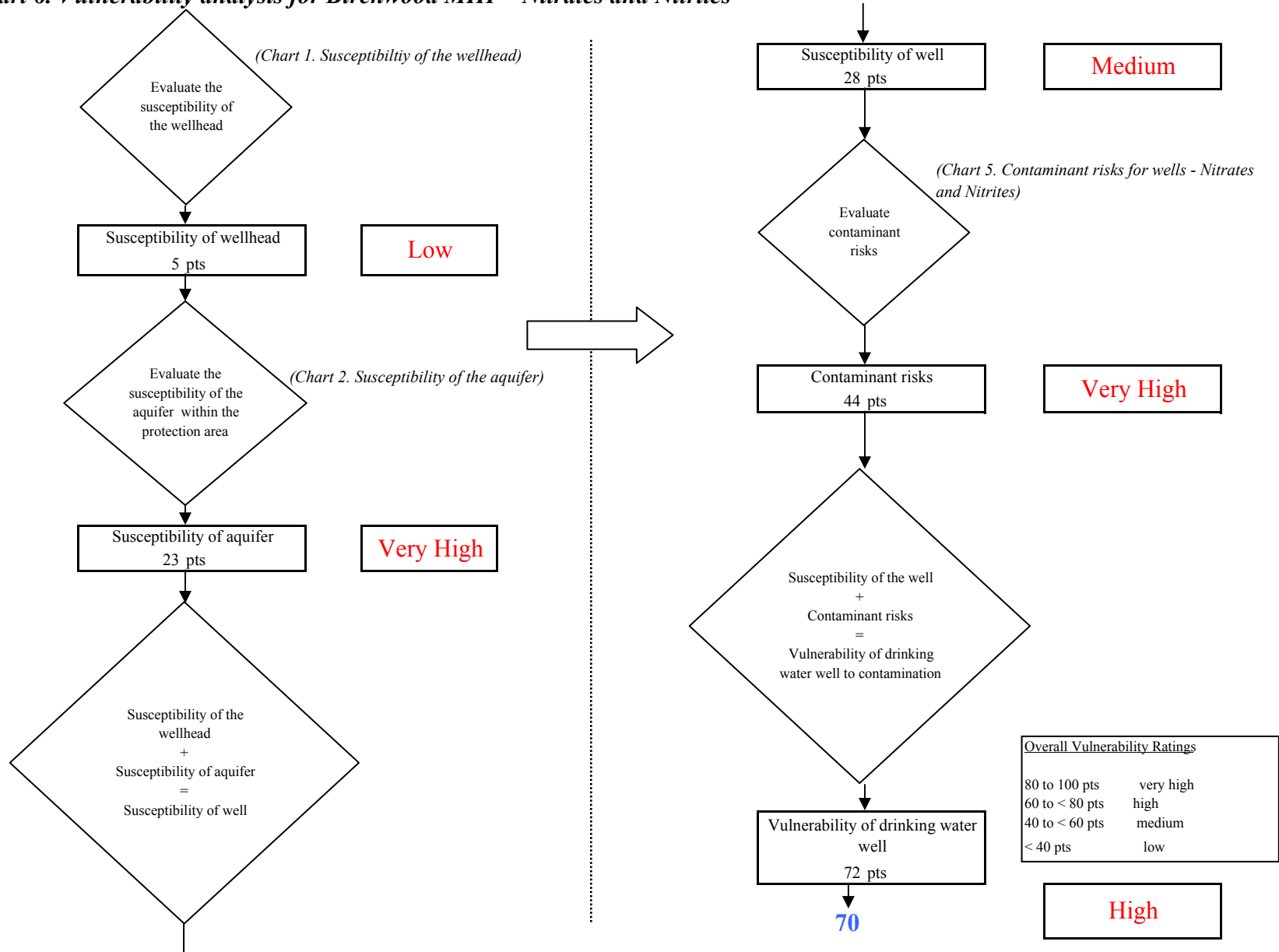


Chart 7. Contaminant risks for Birchwood MHP - Volatile Organic Chemicals

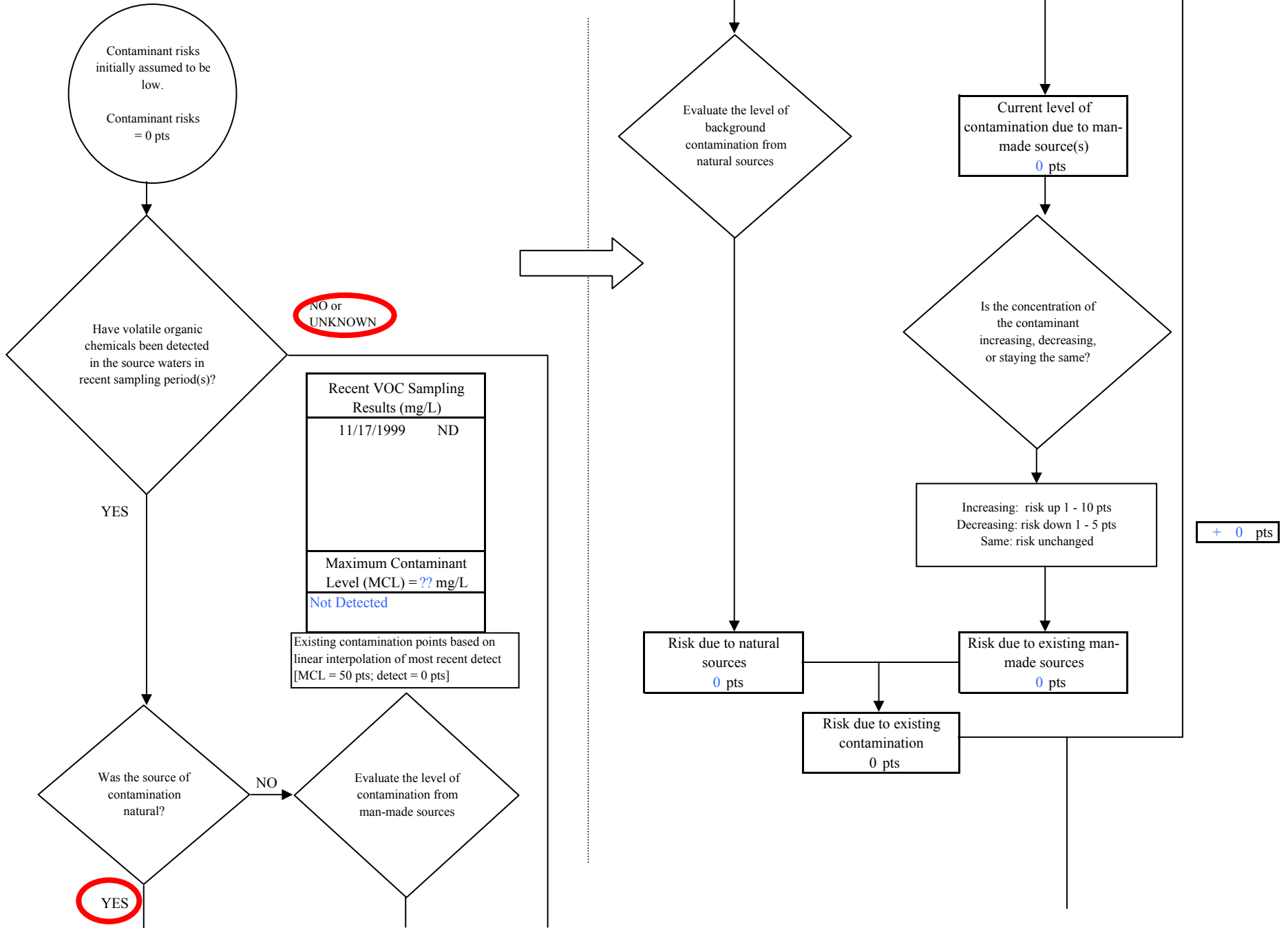


Chart 7. Contaminant risks for Birchwood MHP - Volatile Organic Chemicals

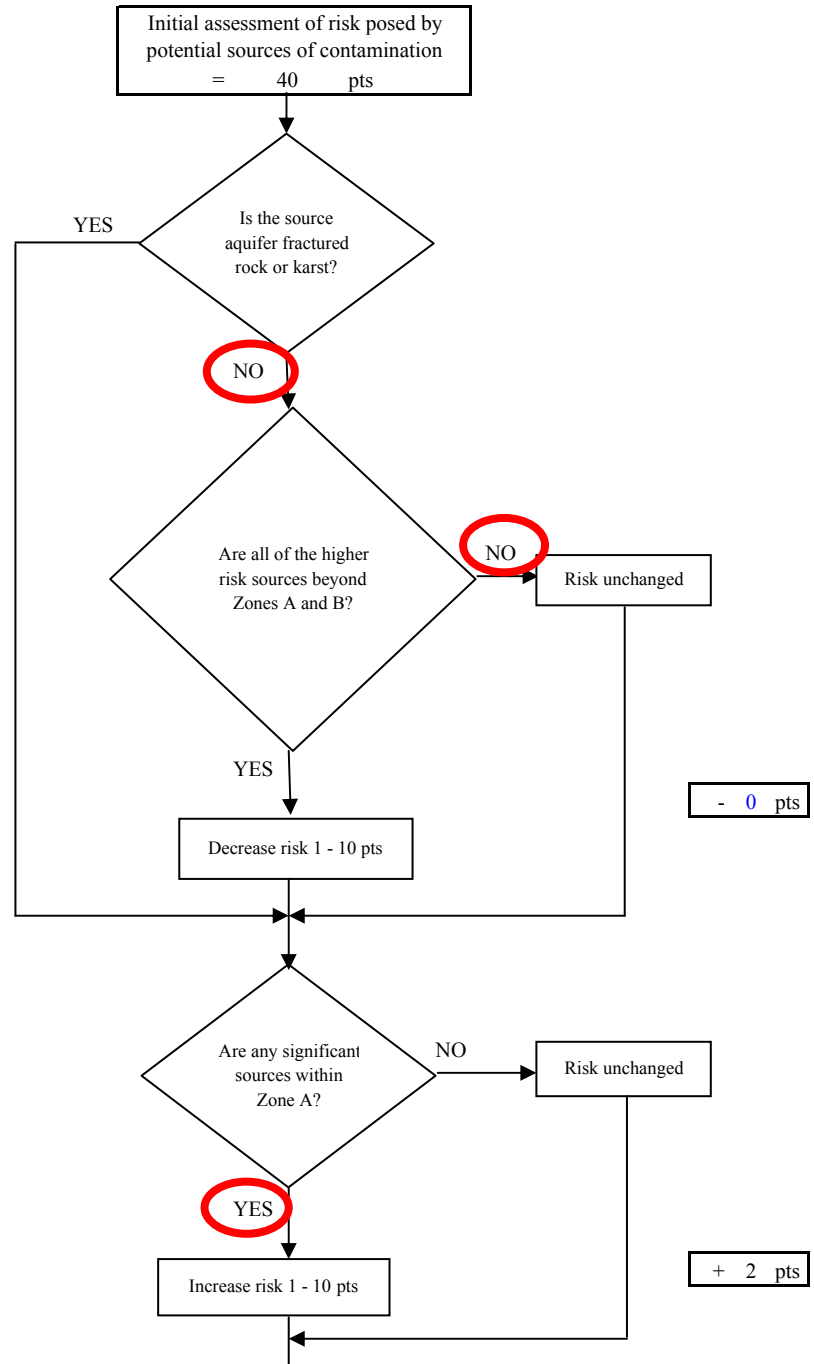
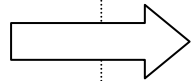
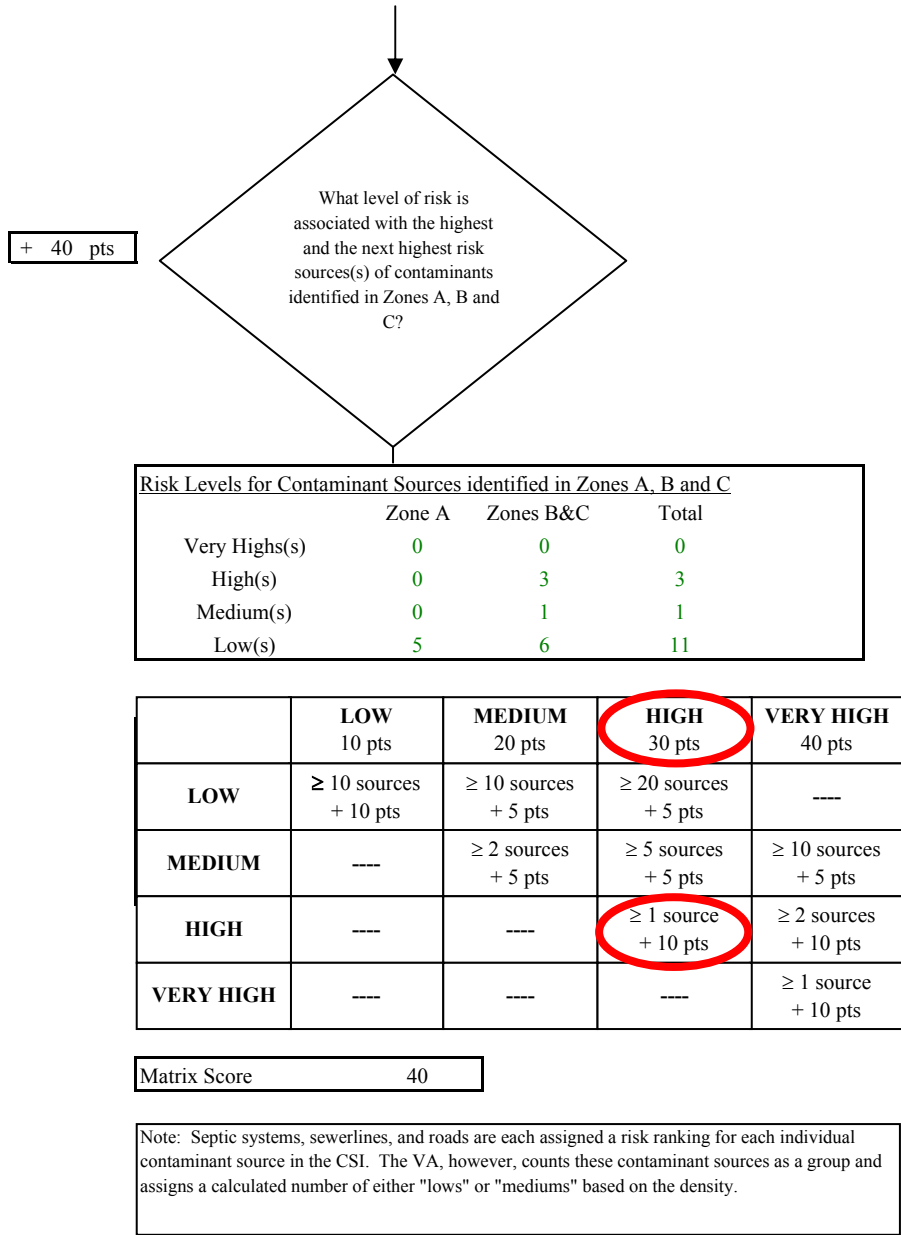


Chart 7. Contaminant risks for Birchwood MHP - Volatile Organic Chemicals

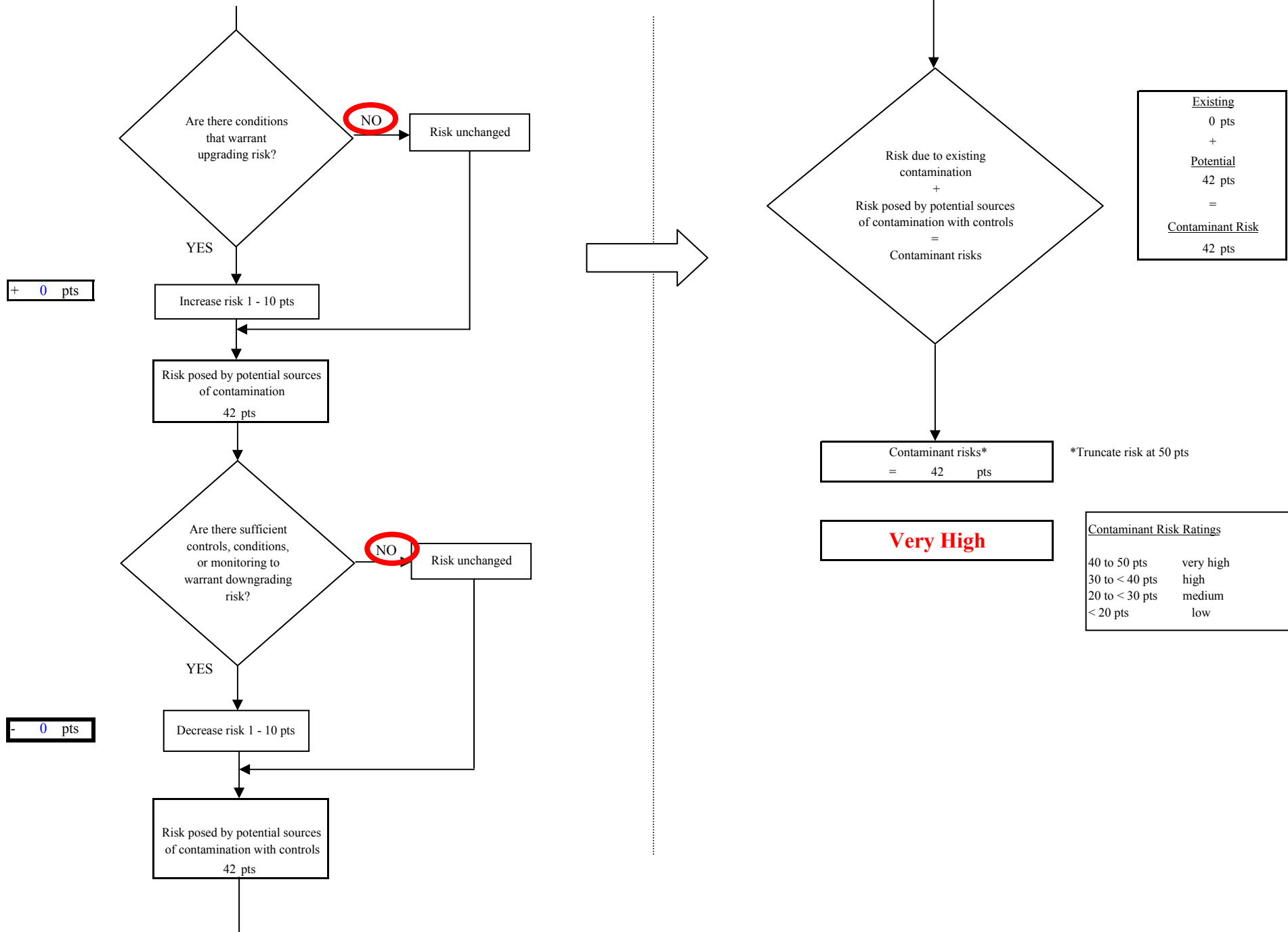


Chart 8. Vulnerability analysis for Birchwood MHP - Volatile Organic Chemicals

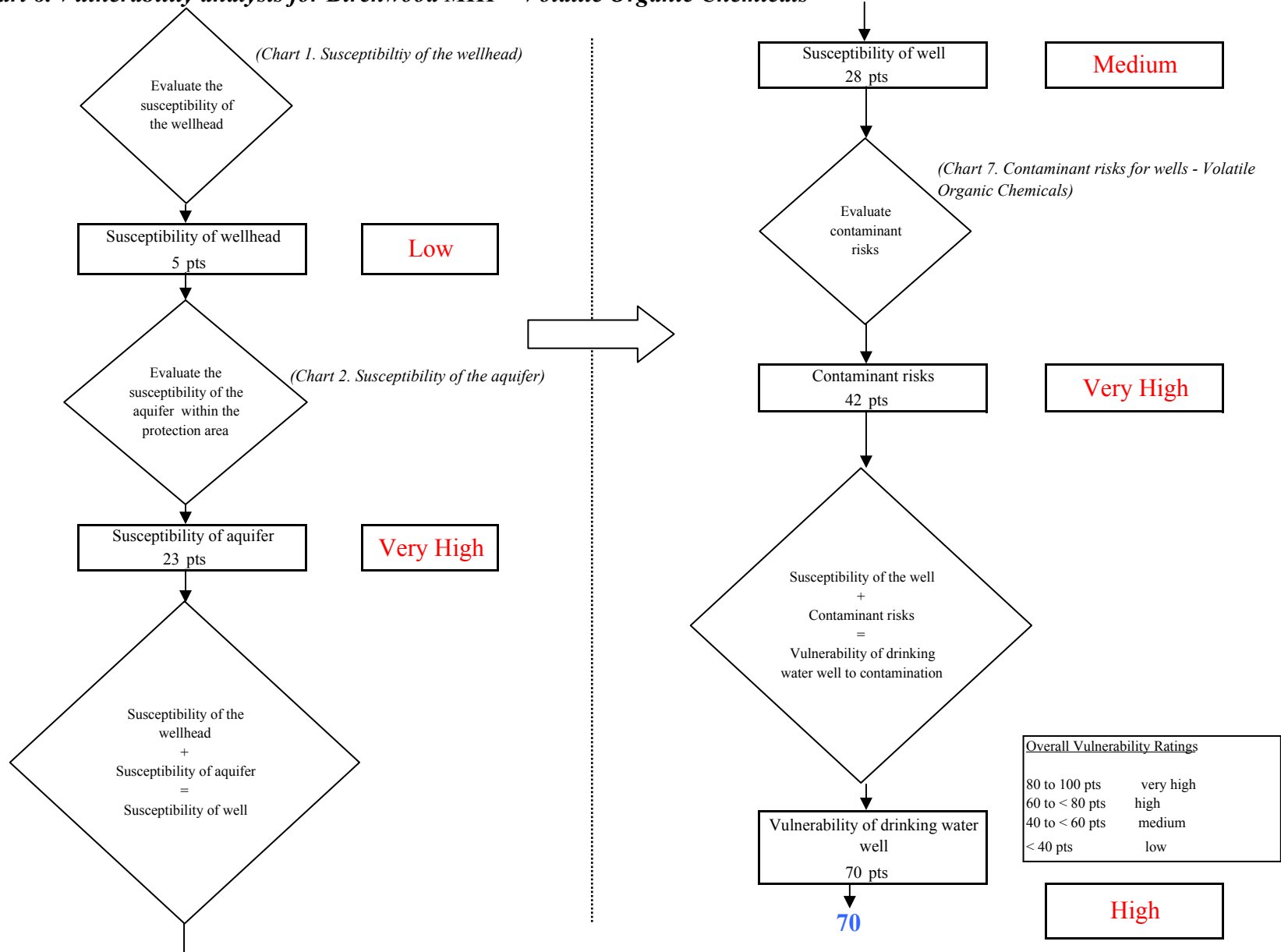


Chart 9. Contaminant risks for Birchwood MHP - Heavy Metals, Cyanide and Other Inorganic Chemicals

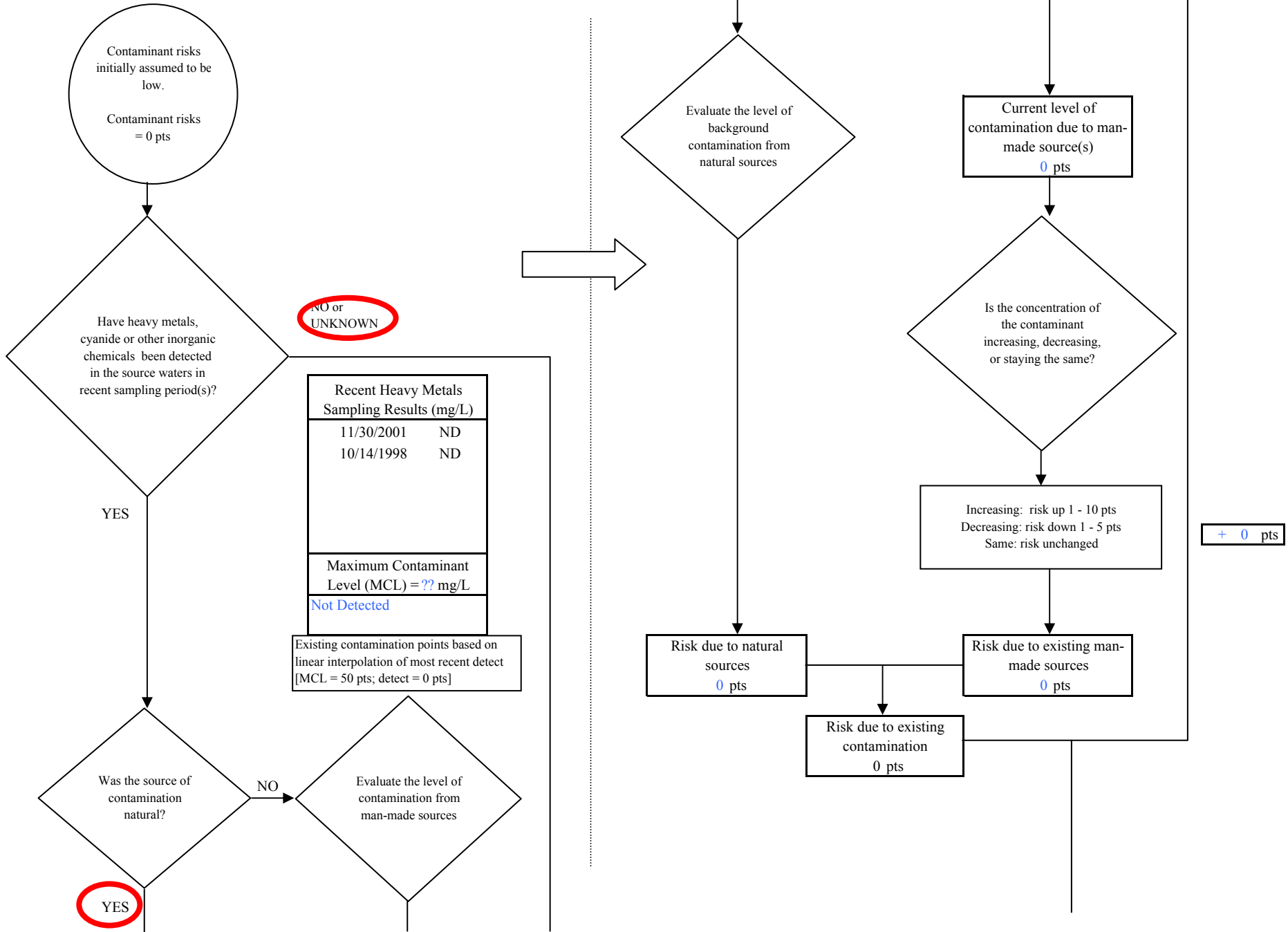
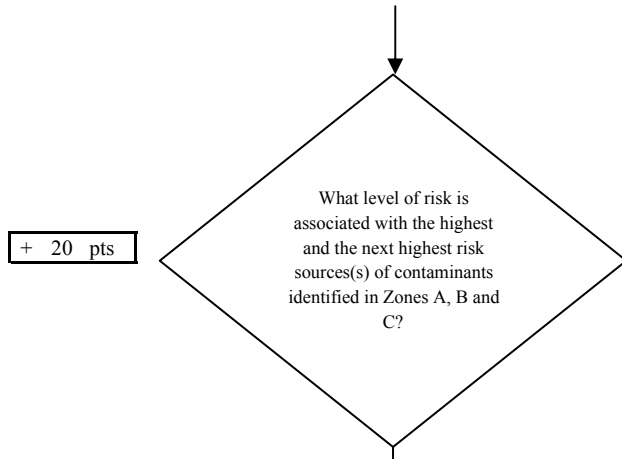


Chart 9. Contaminant risks for Birchwood MHP - Heavy Metals, Cyanide and Other Inorganic Chemicals



+ 20 pts

Risk Levels for Contaminant Sources identified in Zones A, B and C			
	Zone A	Zones B&C	Total
Very High(s)	0	0	0
High(s)	0	0	0
Medium(s)	0	2	2
Low(s)	3	5	8

	LOW 10 pts	MEDIUM 20 pts	HIGH 30 pts	VERY HIGH 40 pts
LOW	≥ 10 sources + 10 pts	≥ 10 sources + 5 pts	≥ 20 sources + 5 pts	----
MEDIUM	----	≥ 2 sources + 5 pts	≥ 5 sources + 5 pts	≥ 10 sources + 5 pts
HIGH	----	----	≥ 1 source + 10 pts	≥ 2 sources + 10 pts
VERY HIGH	----	----	----	≥ 1 source + 10 pts

Matrix Score 20

Note: Septic systems, sewerlines, and roads are each assigned a risk ranking for each individual contaminant source in the CSI. The VA, however, counts these contaminant sources as a group and assigns a calculated number of either "lows" or "mediums" based on the density.

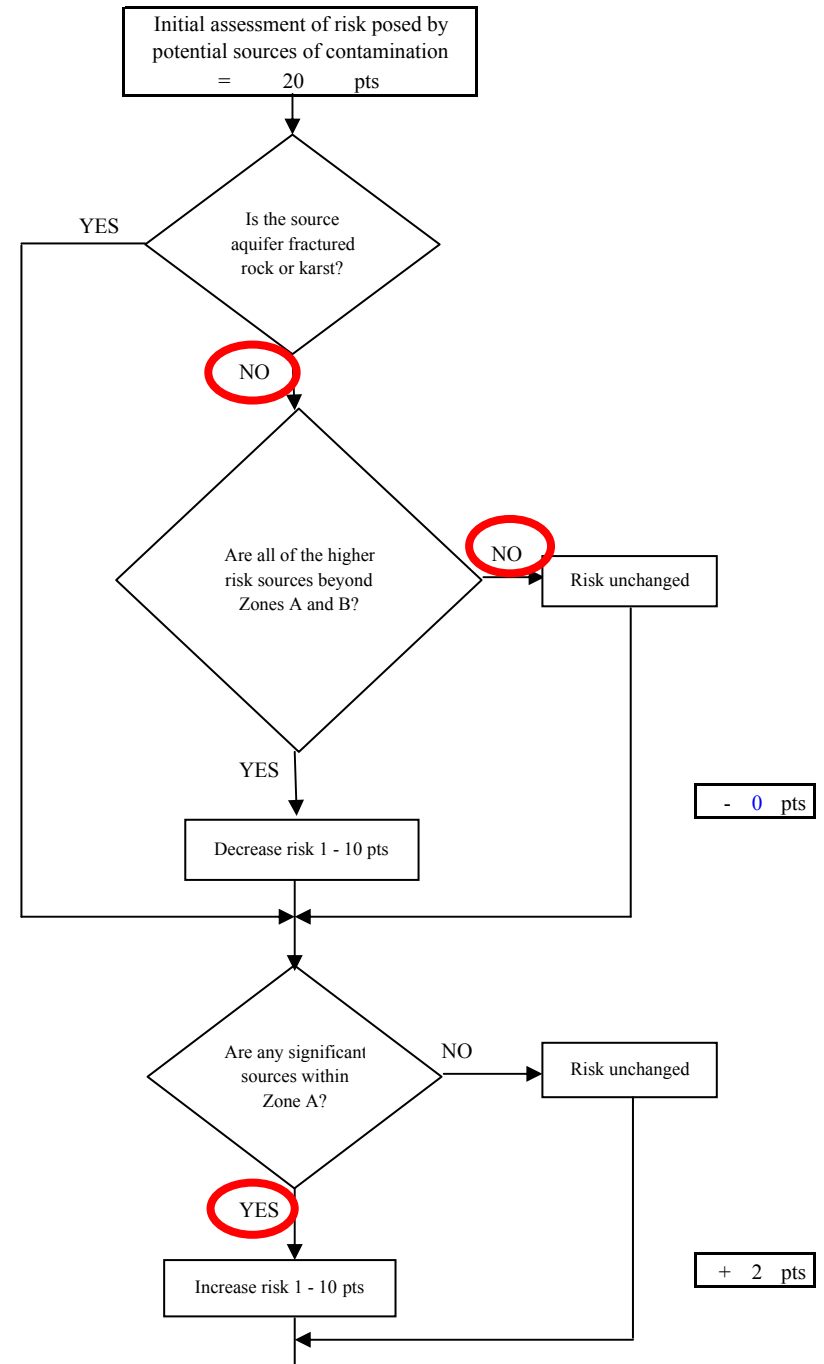
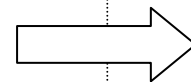


Chart 9. Contaminant risks for Birchwood MHP - Heavy Metals, Cyanide and Other Inorganic Chemicals

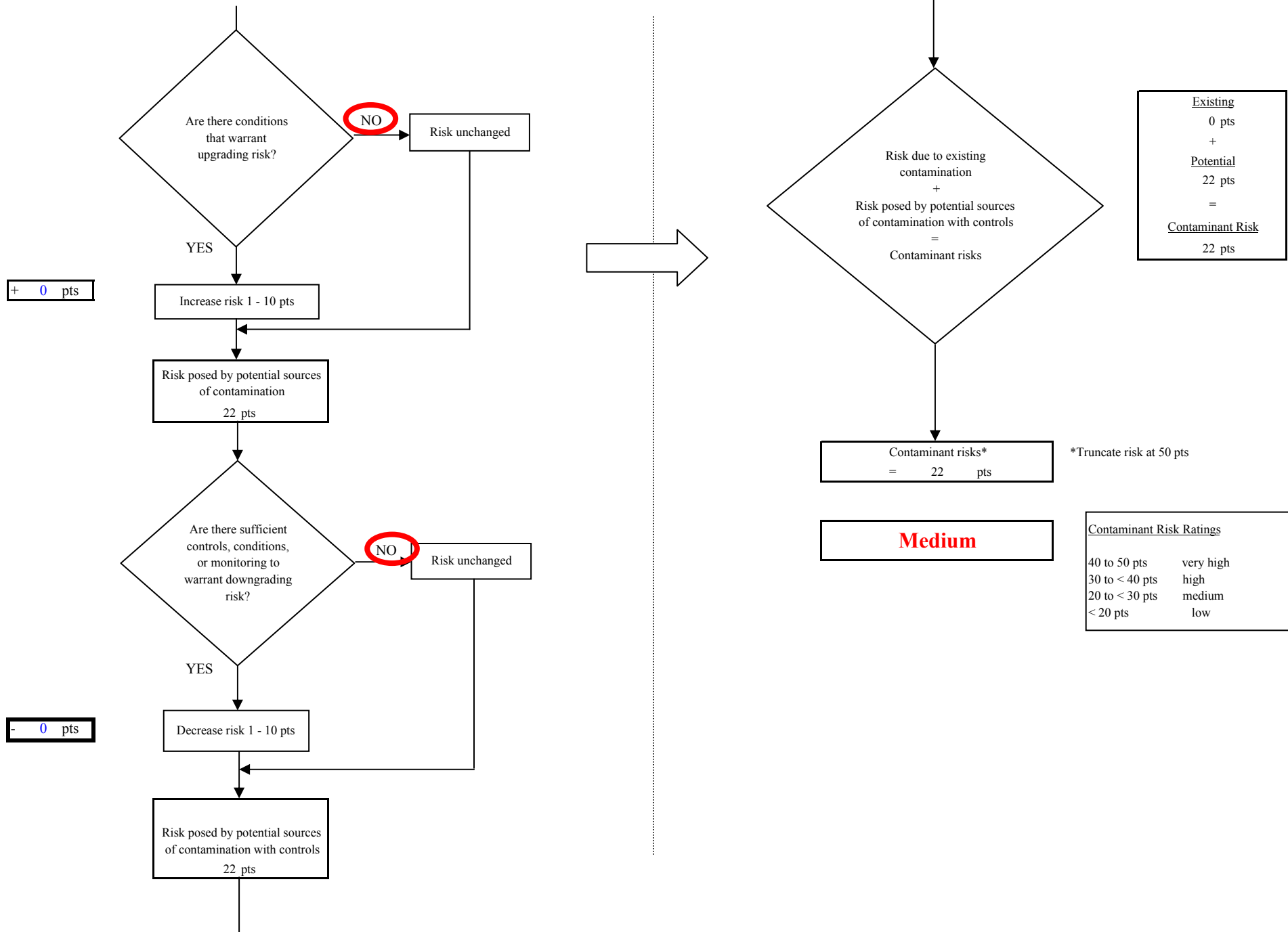


Chart 10. Vulnerability analysis for Birchwood MHP - Heavy Metals, Cyanide and Other Inorganic Chemicals

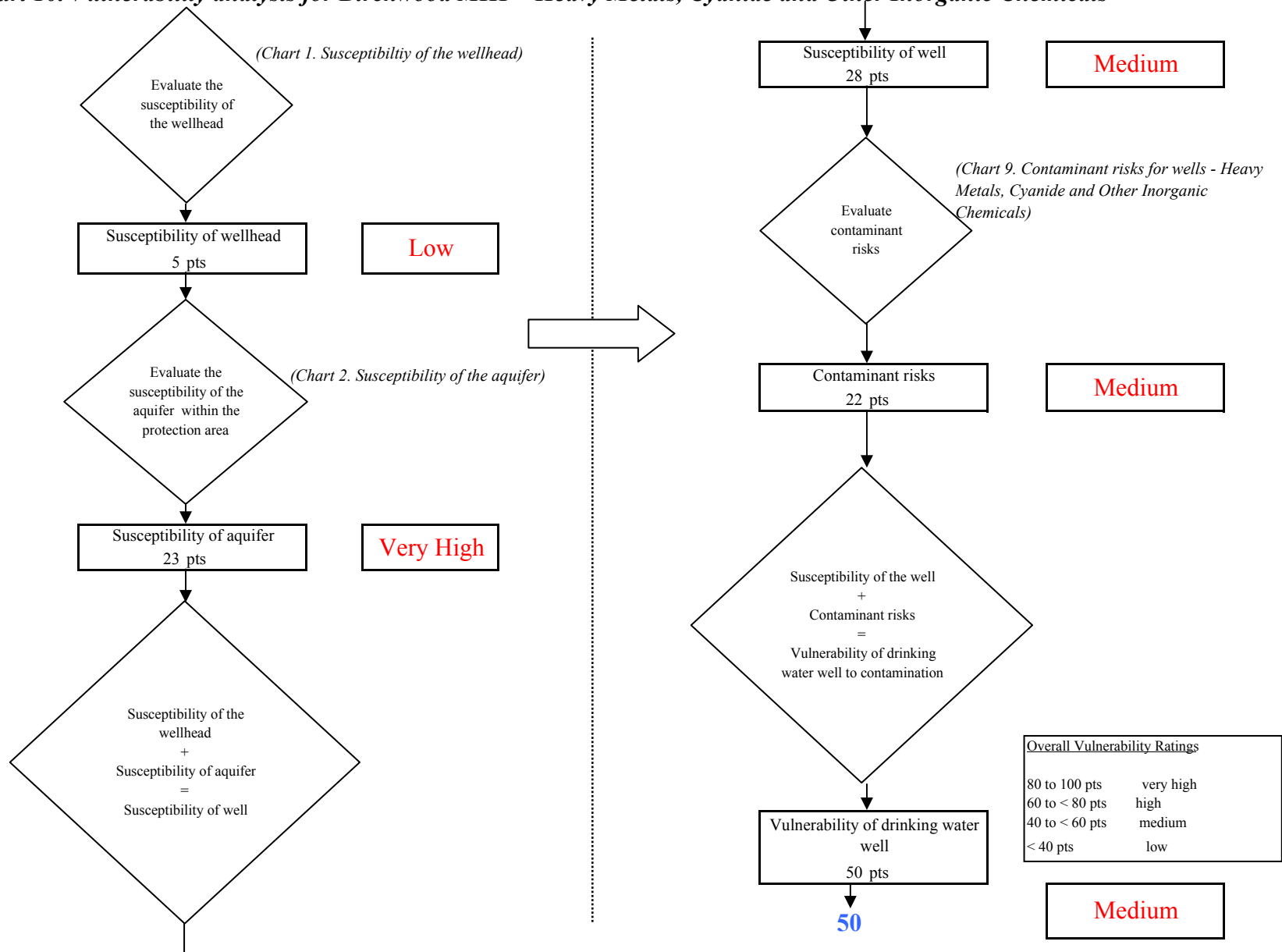


Chart 11. Contaminant risks for Birchwood MHP - Synthetic Organic Chemicals

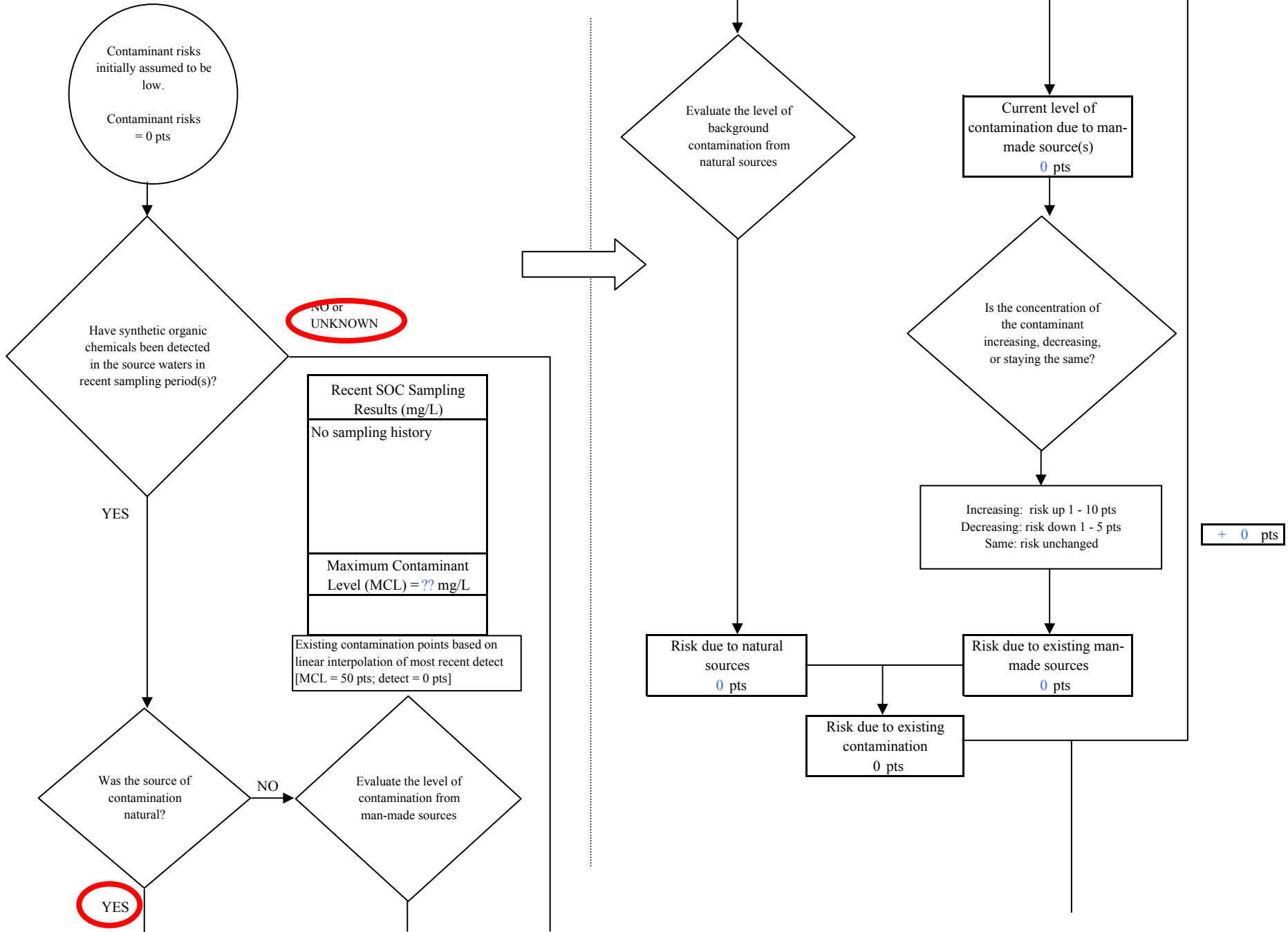
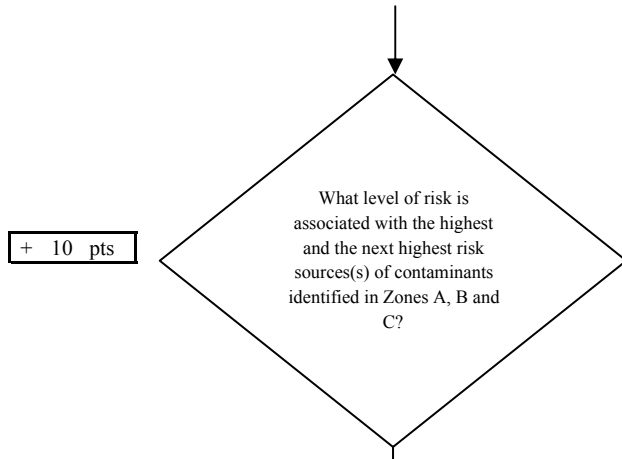


Chart 11. Contaminant risks for Birchwood MHP - Synthetic Organic Chemicals



Risk Levels for Contaminant Sources identified in Zones A, B and C			
	Zone A	Zones B&C	Total
Very High(s)	0	0	0
High(s)	0	0	0
Medium(s)	0	0	0
Low(s)	3	2	5

	LOW 10 pts	MEDIUM 20 pts	HIGH 30 pts	VERY HIGH 40 pts
LOW	≥ 10 sources + 10 pts	≥ 10 sources + 5 pts	≥ 20 sources + 5 pts	----
MEDIUM	----	≥ 2 sources + 5 pts	≥ 5 sources + 5 pts	≥ 10 sources + 5 pts
HIGH	----	----	≥ 1 source + 10 pts	≥ 2 sources + 10 pts
VERY HIGH	----	----	----	≥ 1 source + 10 pts

Matrix Score 10

Note: Septic systems, sewerlines, and roads are each assigned a risk ranking for each individual contaminant source in the CSI. The VA, however, counts these contaminant sources as a group and assigns a calculated number of either "lows" or "mediums" based on the density.

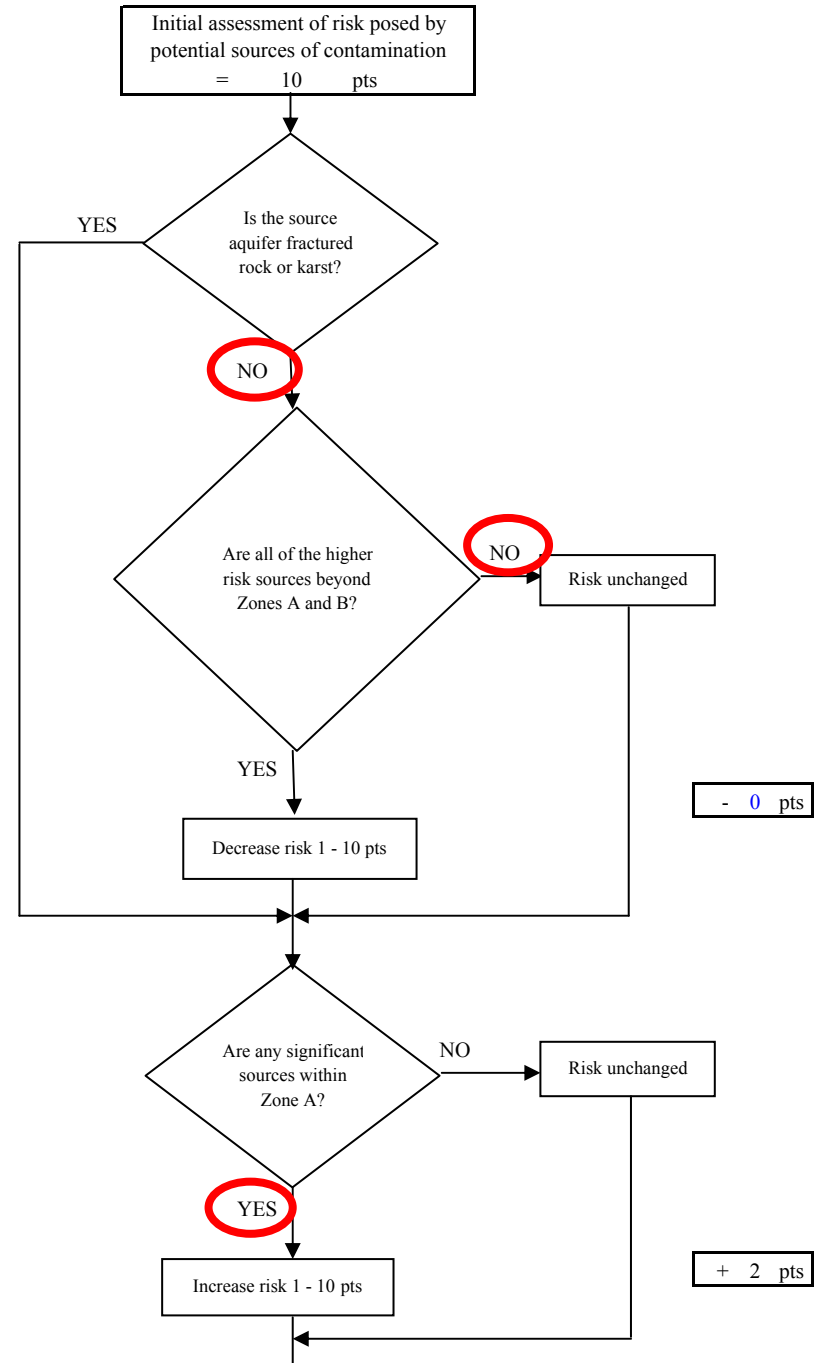
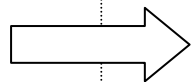


Chart 11. Contaminant risks for Birchwood MHP - Synthetic Organic Chemicals

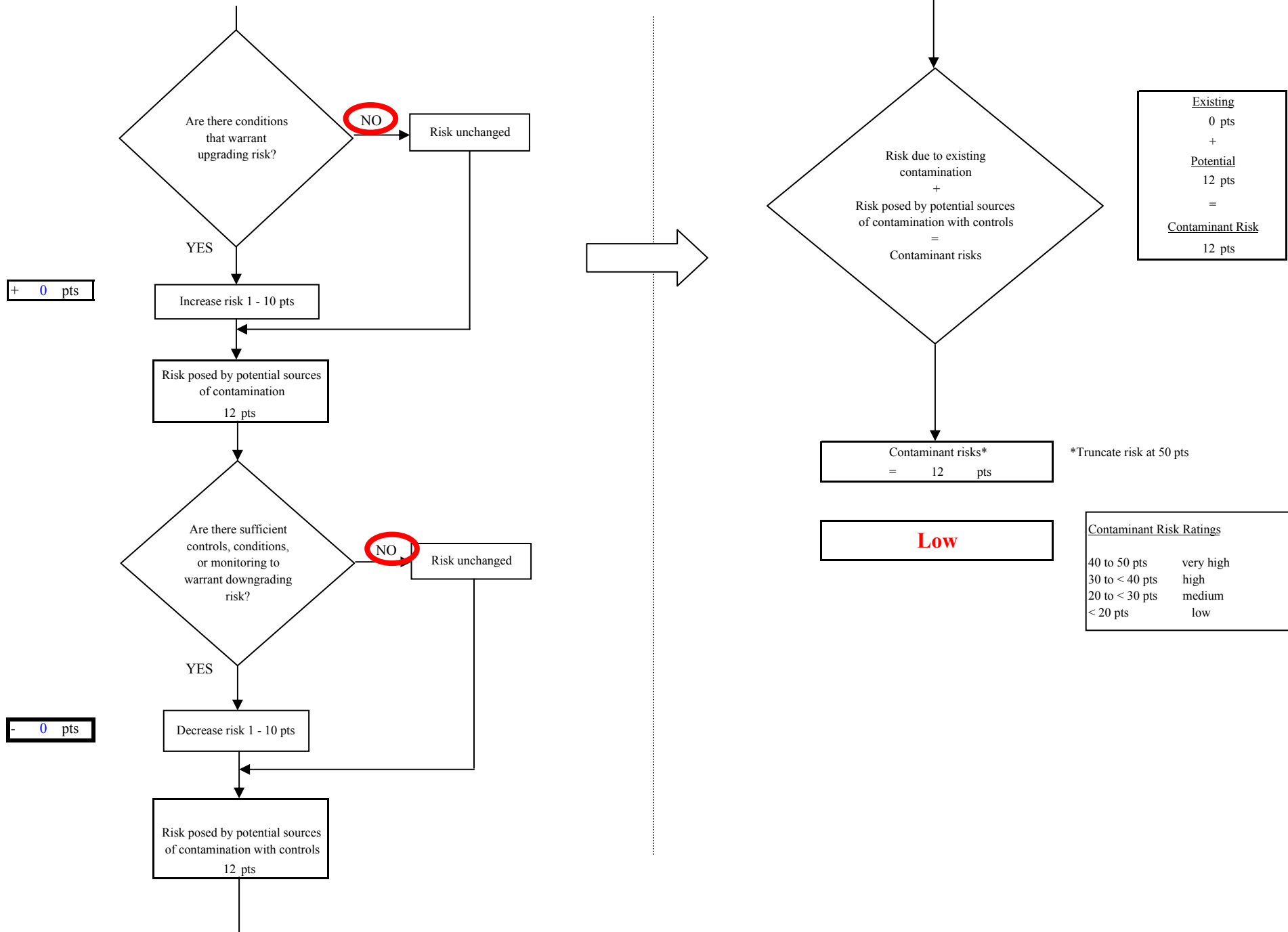


Chart 12. Vulnerability analysis for Birchwood MHP - Synthetic Organic Chemicals

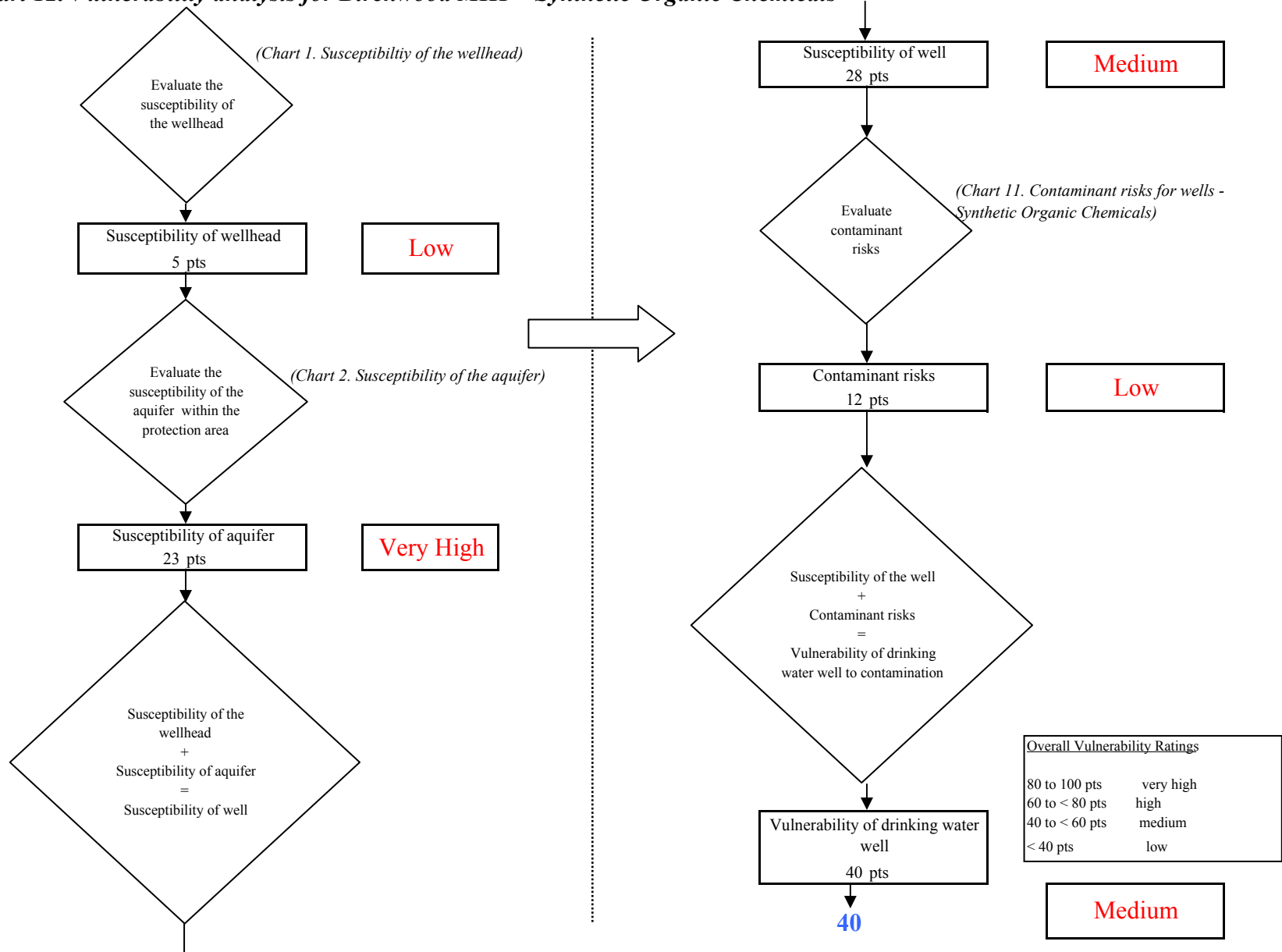


Chart 13. Contaminant risks for Birchwood MHP - Other Organic Chemicals

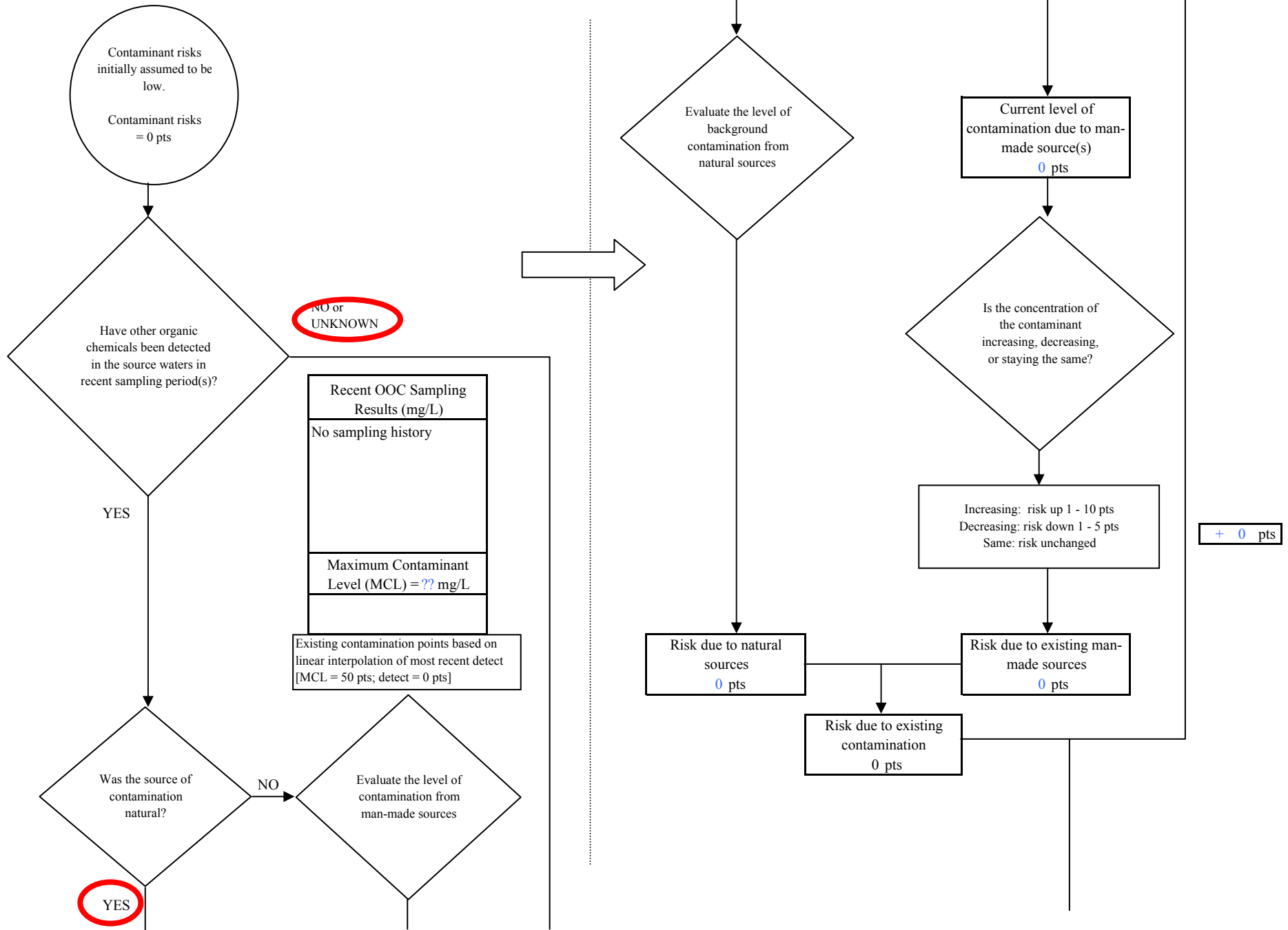
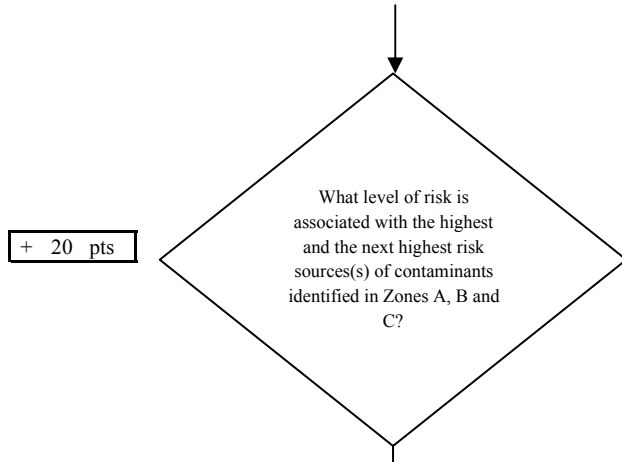


Chart 13. Contaminant risks for Birchwood MHP - Other Organic Chemicals



Risk Levels for Contaminant Sources identified in Zones A, B and C			
	Zone A	Zones B&C	Total
Very High(s)	0	0	0
High(s)	0	0	0
Medium(s)	0	2	2
Low(s)	3	4	7

	LOW 10 pts	MEDIUM 20 pts	HIGH 30 pts	VERY HIGH 40 pts
LOW	≥ 10 sources + 10 pts	≥ 10 sources + 5 pts	≥ 20 sources + 5 pts	----
MEDIUM	----	≥ 2 sources + 5 pts	≥ 5 sources + 5 pts	≥ 10 sources + 5 pts
HIGH	----	----	≥ 1 source + 10 pts	≥ 2 sources + 10 pts
VERY HIGH	----	----	----	≥ 1 source + 10 pts

Matrix Score 20

Note: Septic systems, sewerlines, and roads are each assigned a risk ranking for each individual contaminant source in the CSI. The VA, however, counts these contaminant sources as a group and assigns a calculated number of either "lows" or "mediums" based on the density.

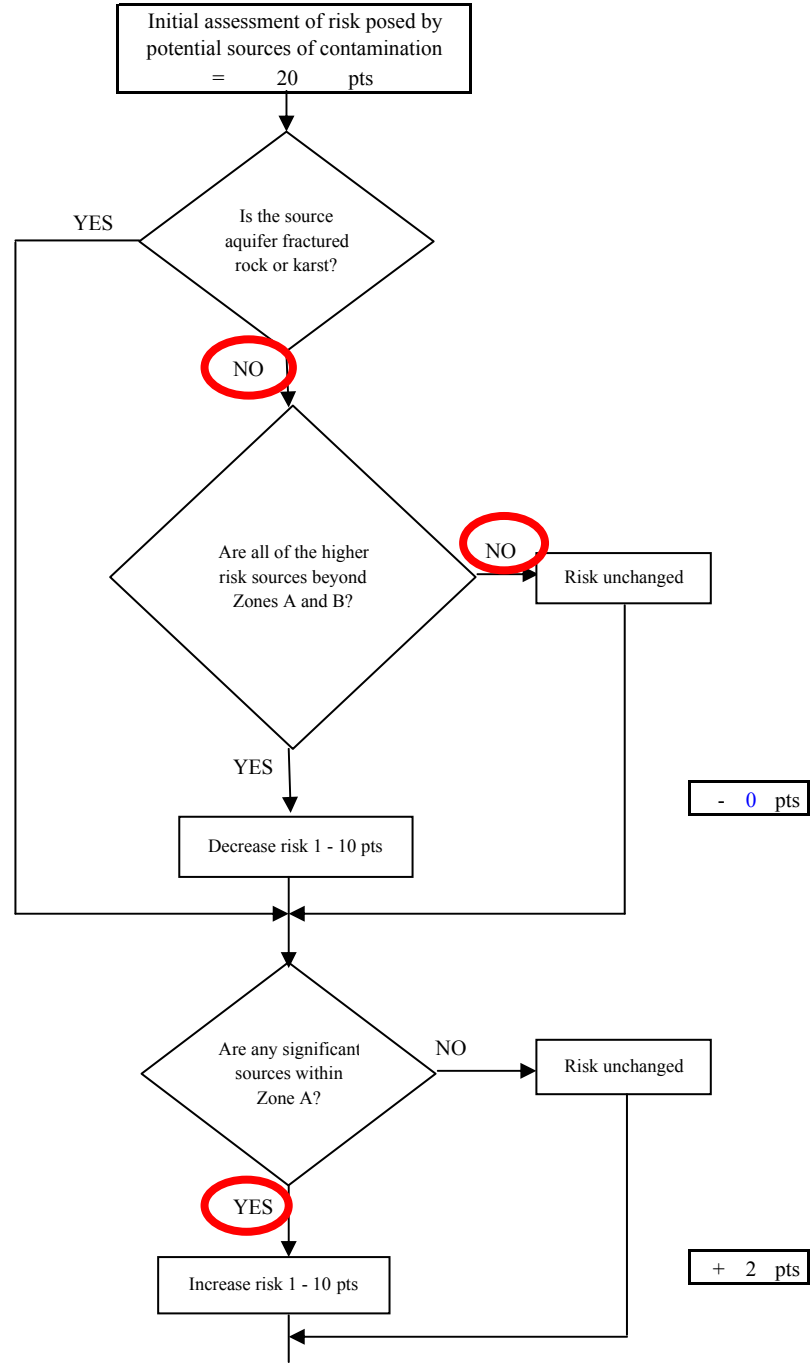
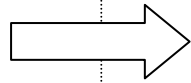


Chart 13. Contaminant risks for Birchwood MHP - Other Organic Chemicals

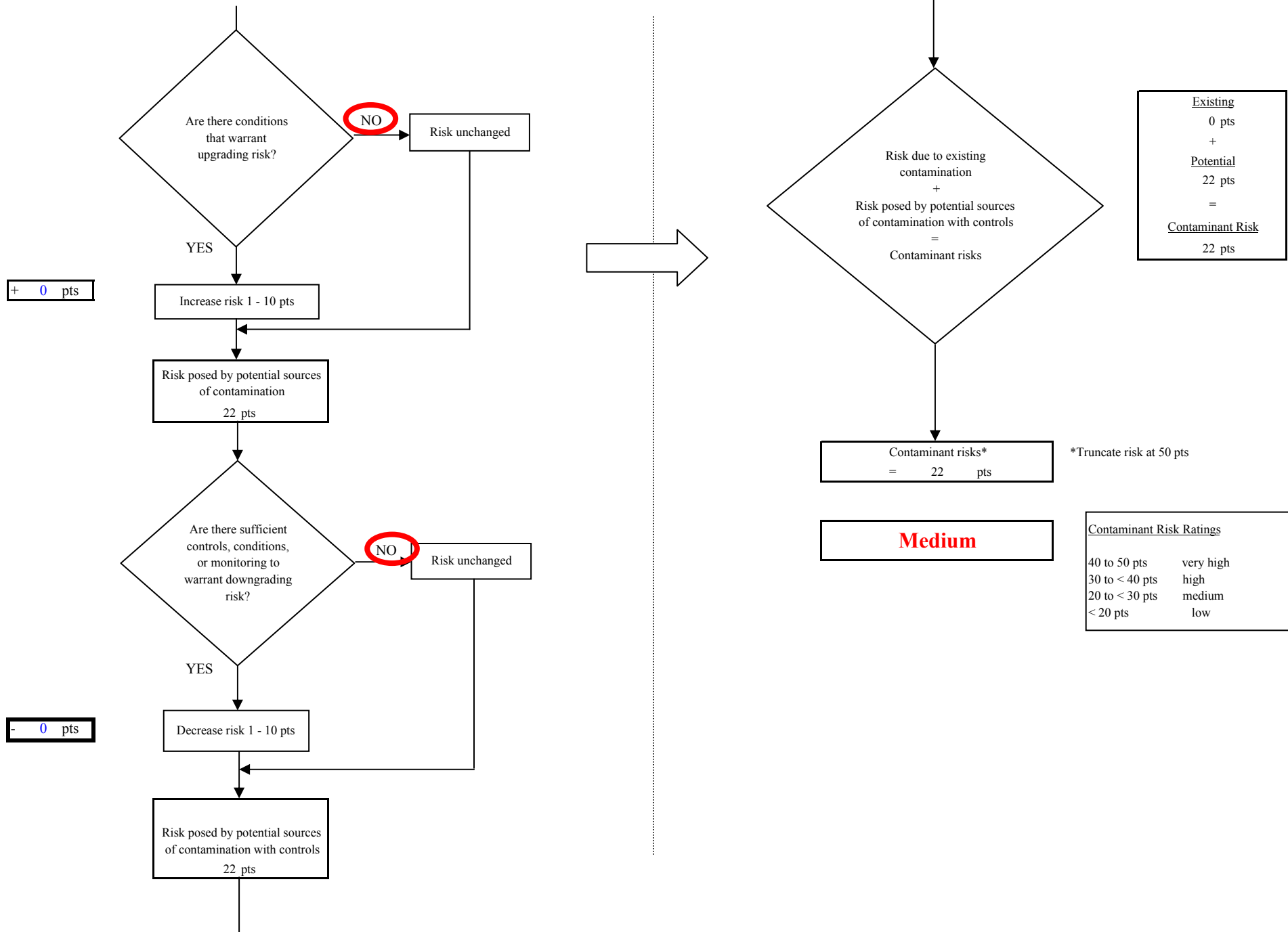


Chart 14. Vulnerability analysis for Birchwood MHP - Other Organic Chemicals

