

Source Water Assessment

A Hydrogeologic Susceptibility and
Vulnerability Assessment for
Izaak Walton Recreation Center
Drinking Water System,
Birchwood, Alaska

Izaak Walton Recreation Center #212851

DRINKING WATER PROTECTION PROGRAM REPORT # 203
Alaska Department of Environmental Conservation

AUGUST 2002

**Source Water Assessment for
Izaak Walton Recreation Center
Drinking Water System,
Birchwood, Alaska
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By Shannon & Wilson, Inc.

DRINKING WATER PROTECTION PROGRAM REPORT # 203

The Drinking Water Protection Program is producing Source Water Assessments in compliance with the Safe Drinking Water Act Amendments of 1996. Each assessment includes a delineation of the source water area, an inventory of potential and existing contaminant sources that may impact the water, a risk ranking for each of these contaminants, and an evaluation of the potential vulnerability of these drinking water sources.

These assessments are intended to provide public water systems owners/operators, communities, and local governments with the best available information that may be used to protect the quality of their drinking water. The assessments combine information obtained from various sources, including the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Alaska Department of Environmental Conservation (ADEC), public water system owners/operators, and other public information sources. The results of this assessment are subject to change if additional data becomes available. If you have any additional information that may affect the results of this assessment, please contact the Program Coordinator of DWPP, (907) 269-7521.

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Source Water Assessment for Izaak Walton Recreation Center Source of Public Drinking Water, Birchwood, Alaska

By Shannon & Wilson, Inc.

Drinking Water Protection Program Alaska Department of Environmental Conservation

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

The Izaak Walton Recreation Center is a Class B (transient/non-community) water system consisting of one well located north of the Birchwood Airport, Birchwood, Alaska. Identified potential and current sources of contaminants for Izaak Walton Recreation Center public drinking water source include: shooting ranges; dirt/gravel and paved roads; airports; aircraft maintenance shops; hardware stores; large capacity and single family septic systems; closed leaking underground storage tank sites; and rail corridors. These identified potential and existing sources of contamination are considered sources of bacteria and viruses, nitrates and/or nitrites, and volatile organic chemicals. Overall, the public water sources for Izaak Walton Recreation Center received a vulnerability rating of **Medium** for volatile organic chemicals, **low** for bacteria and viruses, and **Medium** for nitrates and nitrites.

INTRODUCTION

The Alaska Department of Environmental Conservation (ADEC) is completing source water assessments for all public drinking water sources in the State of Alaska. The purpose of this assessment is to provide owners and/or operators, communities, and local governments with information they can use to preserve the quality of Alaska's public drinking water supplies. The results of this source water assessment can be used to decide where voluntary protection efforts are needed and feasible, and also what efforts will be most effective in reducing contaminant risks to your water system. Shannon & Wilson has been contracted to perform these assessments under the supervision of ADEC.

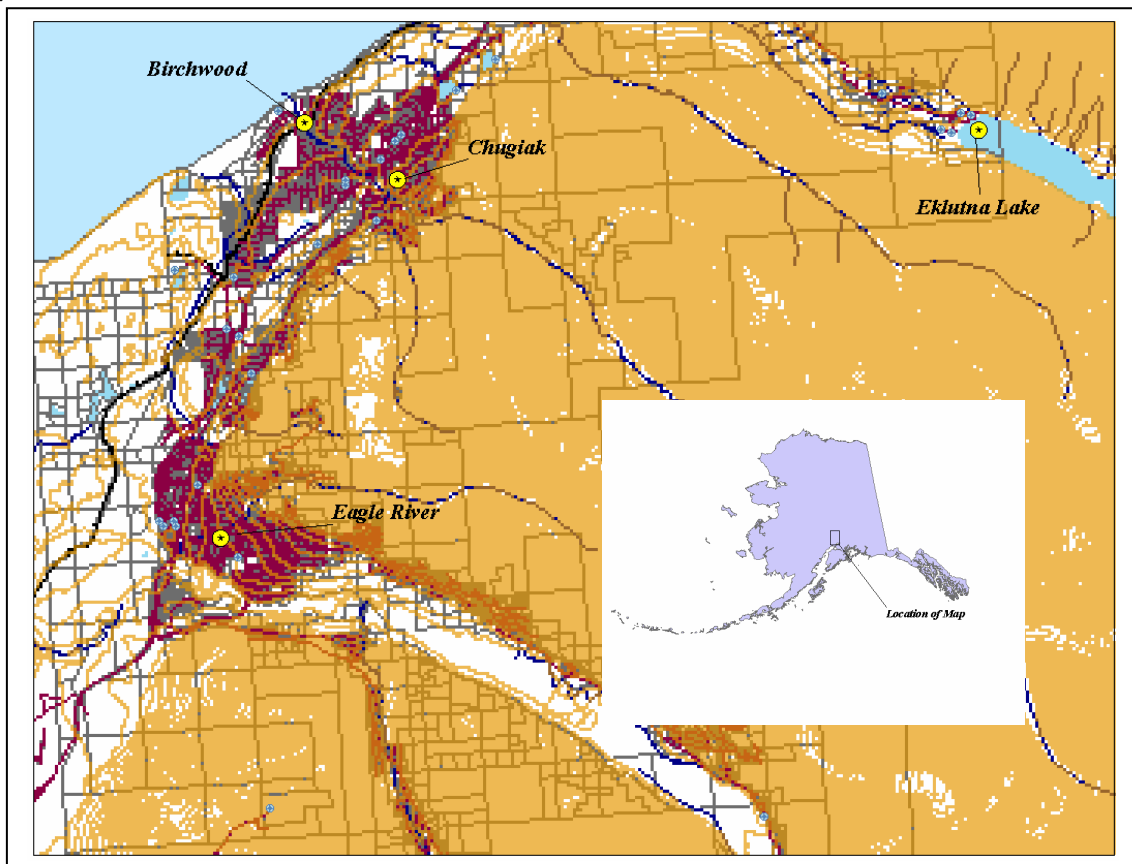


Figure 1. Index map showing the location of the Eagle River Valley and Surrounding Areas.

This source water assessment combines a review of the natural conditions at the site and the potential and existing contaminant risks. These are combined to determine the overall vulnerability of the drinking water source to contamination.

DESCRIPTION OF THE CHUGACH MOUNTAIN FRONT EAST OF ANCHORAGE

Location

Between the Chugach Mountain Front east of Anchorage and Knik Arm lie the communities of Eagle River, Chugiak, Peters Creek, and Eklutna. The Eagle River Valley is one of the largest valleys in the western Chugach Mountains. The area surrounding Eagle River is shown in Figure 1. Eagle River and the neighboring communities are located in the Municipality of Anchorage.

Glacial and alluvial forces have shaped the Eagle River Valley and Chugach Mountain front in this area. These forces have resulted in the U-shaped river valleys and moraine-mantled mountain flanks of the mountain front and lakes, streams and undulating ridges and hills of the glaciated lowlands extending to Knik Arm.

Precipitation

Eagle River averages between 20 and 25 inches of precipitation per year, including about 68 inches of snowfall.

Topography and Drainage

The area topography varies from sea level to about 400 feet in the area surrounding Knik Arm to several thousand feet on the surrounding ridges and mountain flanks.

Groundwater

Although the quality can vary significantly in a short distance, groundwater supplies are generally abundant in the area, except for some reported well failures that have occurred within the city limits of Eagle River. Groundwater occurs within both confined and unconfined aquifers and from both unconsolidated and bedrock aquifers. Many homes and businesses in the area rely on individual wells for their water supply. Most of these wells are shallow with depths of less than 100 feet to 200 feet. Static water levels in many of these wells are less than 15 feet below the surface.

Geology and Soils

Most of the soils in the area provide good sources of sand, gravel and topsoil. The deposition of silt, clay and organic muck in old lakes, oxbows and depressions means that some areas have soil conditions that vary over relatively short distances.

IZAAK WALTON RECREATION CENTER PUBLIC DRINKING WATER SYSTEM

Izaak Walton Recreation Center is a Class B (transient/non-community) water system. The system consists of one well near the Birchwood Airport in Birchwood, Alaska.

Based on a well log completed for an adjacent well, the total depth of the Izaak Walton Recreation Center is estimated at approximately 161 feet below ground surface and was completed with 6-inch well casing. The most recent Sanitary Survey (2/14/94) indicates the well was installed in about 1972 with a cap providing a sanitary seal. A properly installed sanitary seal may provide protection against contaminants from entering the source waters at the well casing. The land surface is also apparently sloped away from the well, and provides adequate surface water drainage. It is unclear if the well was grouted, however based on the age of the well it is assumed that it was not properly grouted according to ADEC regulations. Proper grouting provides added protection against contaminants travelling along the well casing and into source waters.

This system operates year-round and serves 4 residents and more than 50 non-residents through one service connection.

IZAAK WALTON RECREATION CENTER DRINKING WATER PROTECTION AREA

In order to evaluate whether a drinking water source is at risk, we must first evaluate what are the most likely pathways for surface contamination to reach the groundwater. Some areas are more likely to allow contamination to reach the well than others. These areas are determined by looking at the characteristics of the soil, groundwater, aquifer, and well.

The most probable area for contamination to reach the drinking water well is the area that contributes water to the well, the groundwater recharge area. This area is designated as the Drinking Water Protection Area (DWPA). Because a release of contaminants within the DWPA are most likely to impact the drinking water well, this area will serve as the focus for voluntary protection efforts.

An analytical calculation was used to determine the size and shape of the DWPA. The input parameters describing the attributes of the aquifer in this calculation were adopted from the U.S. Geological Survey (*Patrick, Brabets, and Glass, 1989*), and State of Alaska Department of Water Resources. Additional methods were also used to take into account any uncertainties in groundwater flow and aquifer characteristics to arrive at a meaningful DWPA (Please refer to the Guidance Manual for Class B Public Water Systems for additional information).

The DWPA's established for wells by the ADEC are separated into four zones. These zones correspond to differences in the time-of-travel (TOT) of the water moving through the aquifer to the well. The TOT for contaminants within the water varies and is dependent on the physical and chemical characteristics of each contaminant. The following is a summary of the four DWPA zones and the calculated TOT for each:

Table 1. Definition of Zones

Zone	Definition
A	¼ the distance for the 2 year TOT
B	Less than the 2 year TOT
C	Less than the 5 year TOT
D	Less than the 10 year TOT

As an example, water moving through the aquifer in Zone B will reach the well in less than 2 years from the time it crosses the outer limit of Zone B.

Zone A also incorporates the area downgradient from the well to take into account the area of the aquifer that is influenced by pumping of the well. Water within the aquifer in Zone A will reach the well in several hours to several months.

INVENTORY OF POTENTIAL AND EXISTING CONTAMINANT SOURCES

The Drinking Water Protection Program has completed an inventory of potential and existing sources of contamination within the Izaak Walton Recreation Center DWPA. This inventory was completed through a search of agency records and other publicly available information. Potential sources of contamination to the drinking water aquifer include a wide range of categories and types. Potential drinking water contaminants are found within agricultural, residential, commercial, and industrial areas, but can also occur within areas that have little or no development.

For the basis of all Class B public water system assessments, three categories of drinking water contaminants were inventoried, they include:

- Bacteria and viruses;
- Nitrates and/or nitrites; and
- Volatile organic chemicals.

Inventoried potential sources of contamination within Zones A through Zone D were associated with residential and light industrial type activities. The sources are summarized in the tables in Appendix B.

RANKING OF CONTAMINANT RISKS

Once the potential and existing sources of contamination have been identified, they are sorted and ranked according to what type and level of risk they represent. Ranking of contaminant risks for a “potential” or “existing” source of contamination is a function of toxicity and volumes of specific contaminants associated with that source. Further, contaminant risks are a function of the number and density of those types of contaminant sources as well as the proximity of those sources to the well.

VULNERABILITY OF IZAAK WALTON RECREATION CENTER DRINKING WATER SOURCE

Vulnerability of a drinking water source to contamination is a combination of two factors:

- Natural susceptibility; and
- Contaminant risks.

Each of the three categories of drinking water contaminants has been analyzed and an overall vulnerability score of 0 to 100 is ultimately assigned:

Natural Susceptibility (0 – 50 points)

+

Contaminant Risks (0 – 50 points)

=

Vulnerability of the
Drinking Water Source to Contamination (0 – 100).

A score for the Natural Susceptibility is achieved by analyzing the properties of the well and the aquifer.

Susceptibility of the Wellhead (0 – 25 Points)

+

Susceptibility of the Aquifer (0 – 25 Points)

=

Natural Susceptibility (Susceptibility of the Well)
(0 – 50 Points)

The well for Izaak Walton Recreation Center is assumed to be completed in an unconfined aquifer setting. Because an unconfined aquifer is recharged by surface water and precipitation that migrates downward from the surface, contaminants at the surface have the potential to adversely impact this aquifer. Table 2 shows the Overall Susceptibility score and rating for Izaak Walton Recreation Center.

Table 2. Natural Susceptibility - Susceptibility of the Wellhead and Aquifer to Contamination

	Score	Rating
Susceptibility of the Wellhead	5	Low
Susceptibility of the Aquifer	9	Low
Natural Susceptibility	14	Low

Contaminant risks to a drinking water source depend on the type, number or density, and distribution of contaminant sources. This data has been derived from an examination of existing or historical contamination that has been detected at the drinking water source through routine sampling. It also evaluates potential sources of contamination. Table 3 summarizes the Contaminant Risks for each category of drinking water contaminants.

Table 3. Contaminant Risks

Category	Score	Rating
Bacteria and Viruses	12	Low
Nitrates and/or Nitrites	36	High
Volatile Organic Chemicals	32	High

Appendix D contains eight charts, which together form the ‘Vulnerability Analysis’ for a source water assessment for a public drinking water source. Chart 1 analyzes the ‘Susceptibility of the Wellhead’ to contamination by looking at the construction of the well and its surrounding area. Chart 2 analyzes the ‘Susceptibility of the Aquifer’ to contamination by looking at the naturally-occurring attributes of the water source and influences on the groundwater system that might lead to contamination. Chart 3 analyzes ‘Contaminant Risks’ for the drinking water source with respect to bacteria and viruses. The ‘Contaminant Risks’ portion of the analysis considers potential sources of contaminants as well as a review of contamination that has or may have occurred, but has not arrived or been detected at the well. Lastly, Chart 4 contains the ‘Vulnerability Analysis for Bacteria and Viruses.’ Charts 5 through 8 contain the Contaminant

Risks and Vulnerability Analyses for nitrates and nitrites and volatile organic chemicals, respectively.

Table 4 contains the overall vulnerability scores (0 - 100) and ratings for each of the three categories of drinking water contaminants. Note: scores are rounded off to the nearest five.

Table 4. Overall Vulnerability of Izaak Walton Recreation Center to Contamination by Category

Category	Score	Rating
Bacteria and Viruses	25	Low
Nitrates and Nitrites	50	Medium
Volatile Organic Chemicals	45	Medium

Tables 2 through 4 in Appendix B contain the ranking of potential and existing sources of contamination with respect to bacteria and viruses, nitrates and/or nitrites, and volatile organic chemicals.

The shooting ranges, dirt/gravel and paved roads, airports, aircraft maintenance shops, hardware stores, large capacity and single family septic systems, closed leaking underground storage tank sites, and rail corridors create a risk increase for bacteria and viruses, nitrates and nitrites, and volatile organic compounds.

Only a small amount of bacteria and viruses are required to endanger public health. Bacteria and viruses have not been detected during recent water sampling of the system at Izaak Walton Recreation Center.

Nitrates and/or nitrites are found in natural background concentration at this site, as elsewhere throughout Alaska. Nitrate concentrations in uncontaminated groundwater are typically less than 2 milligrams per liter (mg/L) and are derived primarily from the decomposition of organic matter in soils, adopted from the U.S. Geological Survey (Wang, et al., 2000).

Sampling history for Izaak Walton Recreation Center well indicates that low concentrations of nitrates have been detected (see Chart 5 - Contaminant Risks for Nitrates and/or Nitrites in Appendix D). The maximum reported existing nitrate concentration is approximately 1.770 mg/L or 18% of the Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL) of 10 mg/L. The MCL is the maximum level of contaminant that is allowed to exist in drinking water and still be consumed by humans without harmful health effects. Due to the high solubility and weak retention by soil, nitrates are very mobile, moving at approximately the same rate as water. Though existing nitrate contamination was detected at the site, concentrations remain at safe levels with respect to

human health.

SUMMARY

A *Source Water Assessment* has been completed for the sources of public drinking water serving Izaak Walton Recreation Center. The overall vulnerability of this source to contamination is **Medium** for volatile organic chemicals, **Low** for bacteria and viruses, and **Medium** for nitrates and nitrites. This assessment of contaminant risks can be used as a foundation for local voluntary protection efforts as well as a basis for the continuous efforts on the part of Izaak Walton Recreation Center to protect public health. It is anticipated that *Source Water Assessments* will be updated every five years to reflect any changes in the vulnerability and/or susceptibility of Izaak Walton Recreation Center public drinking water source.

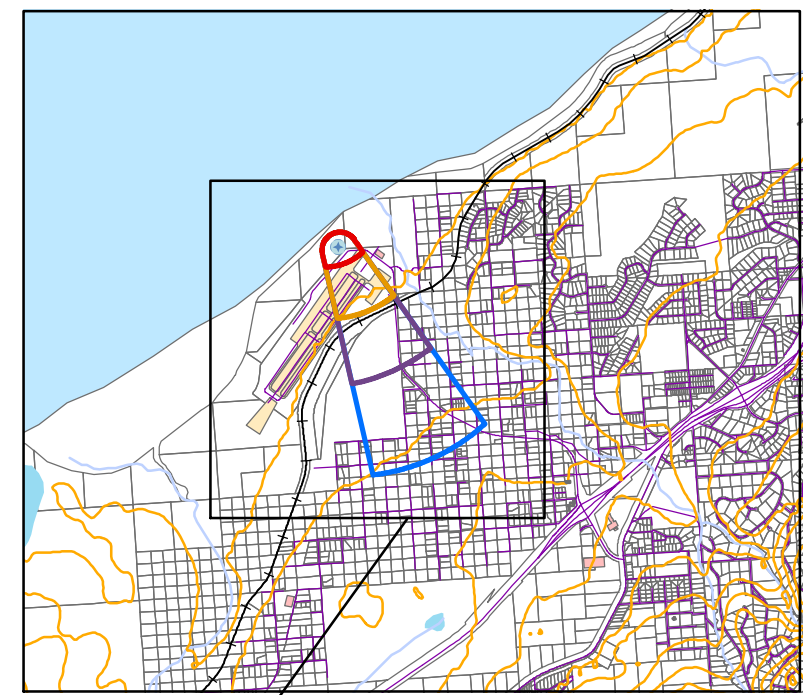
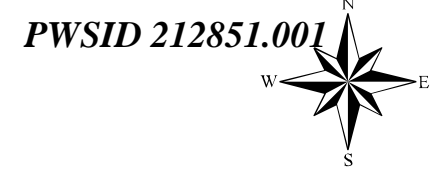
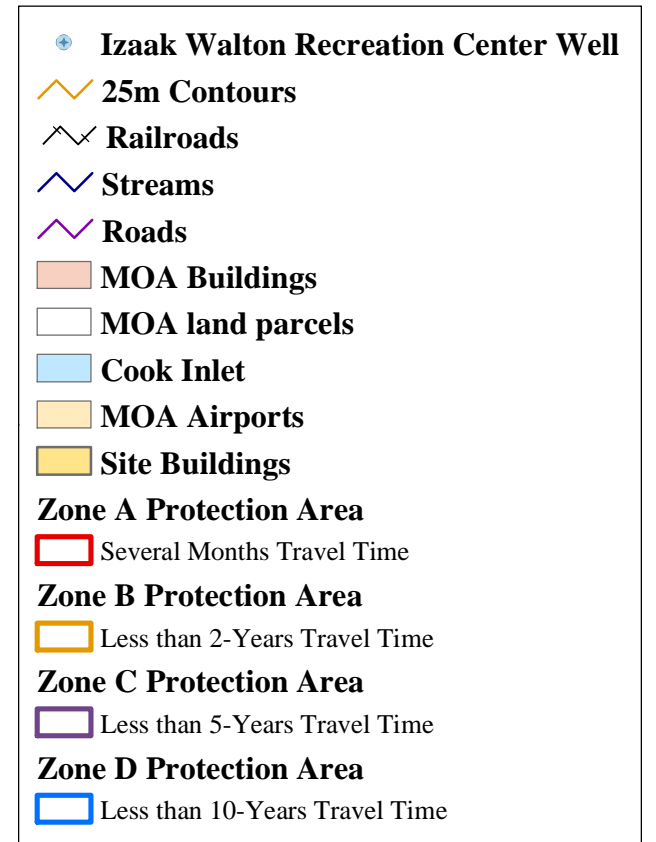
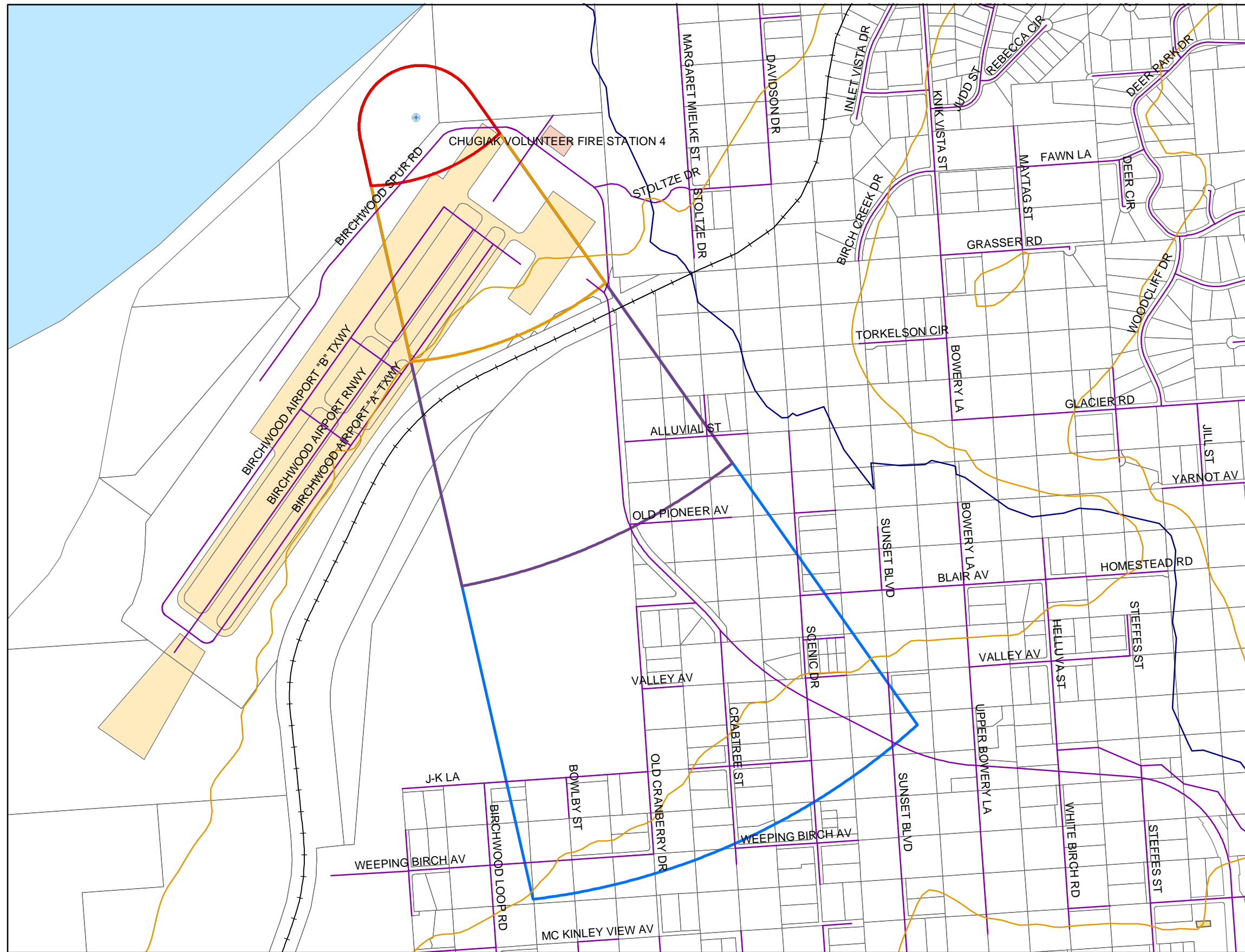
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APPENDIX A

Izaak Walton Recreation Center Drinking Water Protection Area (Map 1)

Drinking Water Protection Areas for Izaak Walton Recreation Center



Location of map

Map 1

APPENDIX B

Contaminant Source Inventory and Risk Ranking for Izaak Walton Recreation Center (Tables 1-4)

Table 1**Contaminant Source Inventory for
Izaak Walton Recreation Center****PWSID 212851.001**

Contaminant Source Type	Contaminant Source ID	CS ID tag	Zone	Location	Map Number	Comments
Shooting ranges (outdoor, commercial or community)	C40	C40-1	A	West of Izaak Walton Recreation Center	3	
Highways and roads, dirt/gravel	X24	X24-1	A	Birchwood Spur Road	2	
Airports	X14	X14-1	B	Birchwood Airport Runway	3	
Highways and roads, dirt/gravel	X24	X24-2	B	Access road off Birchwood Loop	2	
Aircraft maintenance shops	C01	C1-1	C	Off Birchwood Loop Road	3	
Hardware stores	C17	C17-1	C	N. of Alluvial St.	3	
Shooting ranges (outdoor, commercial or community)	C40	C40-2	C	Off Birchwood Loop Road	3	
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-1	C	Off Birchwood Loop Road	3	
Residential Areas	R01	R1-1	C	Residential area off Birchwood Loop Road	2	17 acres of residential area in Zone C
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R2-1-5	C	Off Birchwood Loop Road	3	
Closed Leaking Underground Fuel Storage Tank (LUST) Sites	U08	U8-1	C	Off Birchwood Loop Road	3	
Highways and roads, dirt/gravel	X24	X24-3	C	Birchwood Loop Road	2	
Highways and roads, dirt/gravel	X24	X24-4	C	Alluvial St.	2	
Rail corridors	X30	X30-1	C	S. of Airport	3	
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-2	D	Off Old Cranberry Drive	3	
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-3	D	Off J-K Lane	3	
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-4	D	Off J-K Lane	3	
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-5	D	Between Crabtree Street and Scenic Drive	3	
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-6	D	East of Scenic Drive	3	

*Contaminant Source Inventory and Risk Ranking for
Izaak Walton Recreation Center*

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Table 2

Sources of Bacteria and Viruses

<i>Contaminant Source Type</i>	<i>Contaminant Source ID</i>	<i>CS ID tag</i>	<i>Zone</i>	<i>Risk Ranking for Analysis</i>	<i>Overall Rank after Analysis</i>	<i>Location</i>	<i>Map Number</i>	<i>Comments</i>
Highways and roads, dirt/gravel	X24	X24-1	A	Low	1	Birchwood Spur Road	2	
Highways and roads, dirt/gravel	X24	X24-2	B	Low	2	Access road off Birchwood Loop Road	2	

*Contaminant Source Inventory and Risk Ranking for
Izaak Walton Recreation Center*

PWSID 212851.001

Table 3

Sources of Nitrates/Nitrites

<i>Contaminant Source Type</i>	<i>Contaminant Source ID</i>	<i>CS ID tag</i>	<i>Zone</i>	<i>Risk Ranking for Analysis</i>	<i>Overall Rank after Analysis</i>	<i>Location</i>	<i>Map Number</i>	<i>Comments</i>
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-1	C	High	1	Off Birchwood Loop Road	3	
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-2	D	High	2	Off Old Cranberry Drive	3	
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-3	D	High	3	Off J-K Lane	3	
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-4	D	High	4	Off J-K Lane	3	
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-5	D	High	5	Between Crabtree Street and Scenic Drive	3	
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-6	D	High	6	East of Scenic Drive	3	
Shooting ranges (outdoor, commercial or community)	C40	C40-1	A	Low	7	West of Izaak Walton Recreation Center	3	
Highways and roads, dirt/gravel	X24	X24-1	A	Low	8	Birchwood Spur Road	2	
Airports	X14	X14-1	B	Low	9	Birchwood Airport Runway	3	
Highways and roads, dirt/gravel	X24	X24-2	B	Low	10	Access road off Birchwood Loop Road	2	
Hardware stores	C17	C17-1	C	Low		N. of Alluvial St.	3	
Shooting ranges (outdoor, commercial or community)	C40	C40-2	C	Low		Off Birchwood Loop Road	3	
Residential Areas	R01	R1-1	C	Low		Residential area off Birchwood Loop Road	2	17 acres of residential area in Zone C
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R2-1-5	C	Low		Off Birchwood Loop Road	3	
Highways and roads, dirt/gravel	X24	X24-3	C	Low		Birchwood Loop Road	2	
Highways and roads, dirt/gravel	X24	X24-4	C	Low		Alluvial St.	2	

*Contaminant Source Inventory and Risk Ranking for
Izaak Walton Recreation Center*

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Table 4

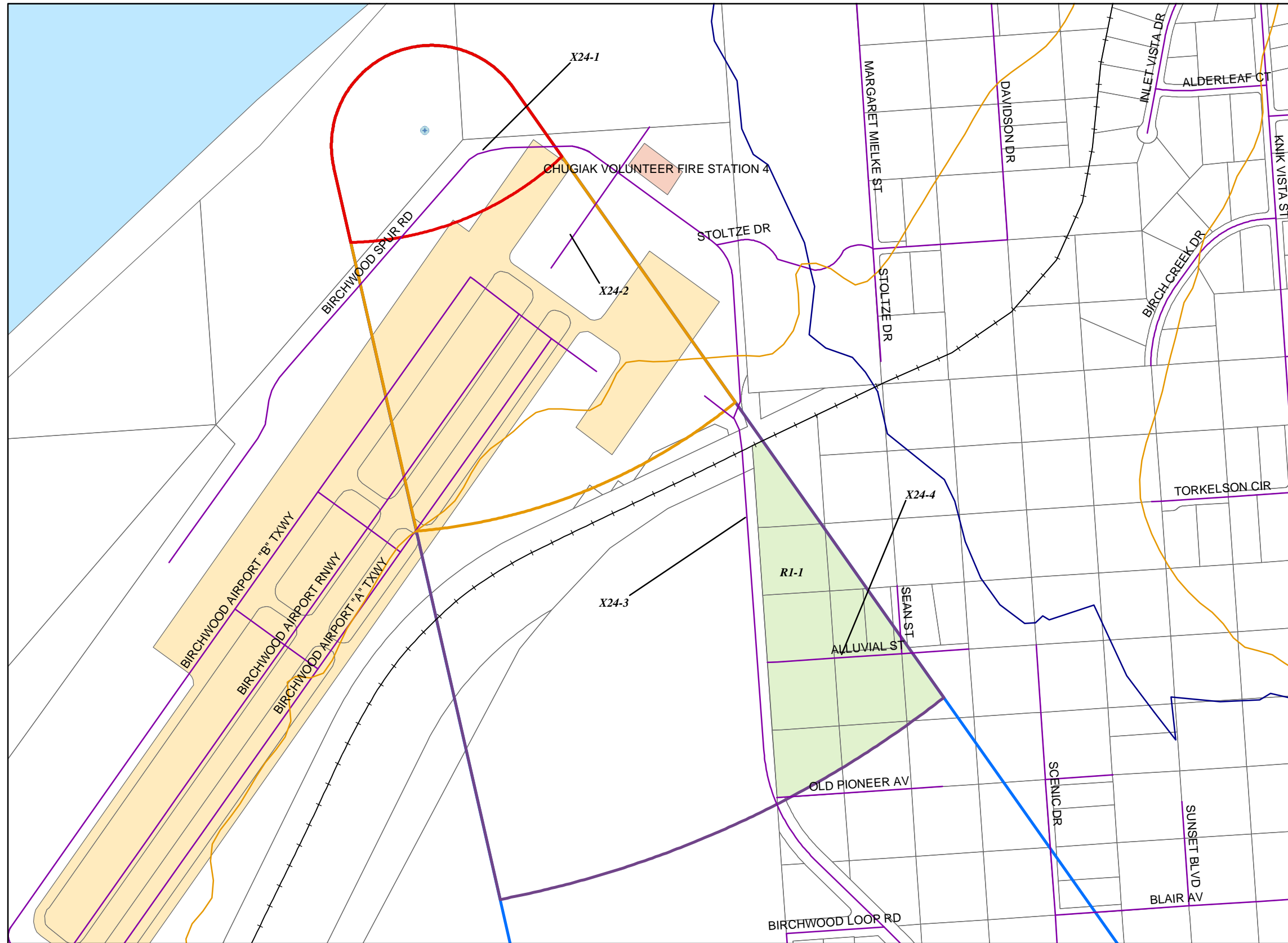
Sources of Volatile Organic Chemicals

<i>Contaminant Source Type</i>	<i>Contaminant Source ID</i>	<i>CS ID tag</i>	<i>Zone</i>	<i>Risk Ranking for Analysis</i>	<i>Overall Rank after Analysis</i>	<i>Location</i>	<i>Map Number</i>	<i>Comments</i>
Airports	X14	X14-1	B	High	1	Birchwood Airport Runway	3	
Highways and roads, dirt/gravel	X24	X24-1	A	Low	3	Birchwood Spur Road	2	
Highways and roads, dirt/gravel	X24	X24-2	B	Low	4	Access road off Birchwood Loop Road	2	
Aircraft maintenance shops	C01	C1-1	C	Low	5	Off Birchwood Loop Road	3	
Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method)	D10	D10-1	C	Low	6	Off Birchwood Loop Road	3	
Residential Areas	R01	R1-1	C	Low	7	Residential area off Birchwood Loop Road	2	17 acres of residential area in Zone C
Septic systems (serves one single-family home)	R02	R2-1-5	C	Low	8	Off Birchwood Loop Road	3	
Highways and roads, dirt/gravel	X24	X24-3	C	Low	9	Birchwood Loop Road	2	
Hardware stores	C17	C17-1	C	Low	10	N. of Alluvial St.	3	
Highways and roads, dirt/gravel	X24	X24-4	C	Low		Alluvial St.	2	
Rail corridors	X30	X30-1	C	Medium		S. of Airport	3	

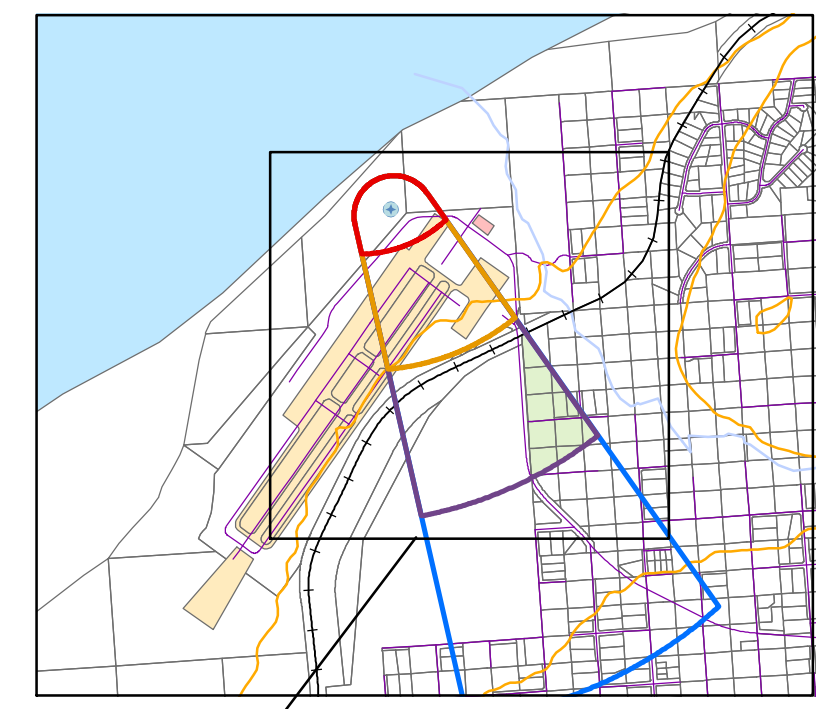
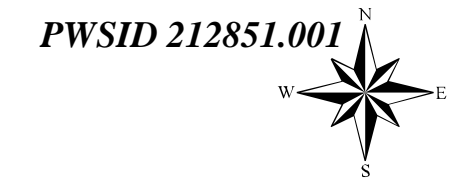
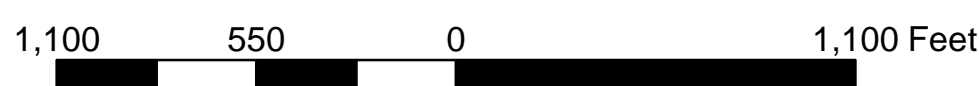
APPENDIX C

Izaak Walton Recreation Center Drinking Water Protection Area and Potential and Existing Contaminant Sources (Maps 2-3)

Drinking Water Protection Areas for Izaak Walton Recreation Center and Potential and Existing Sources of Contamination

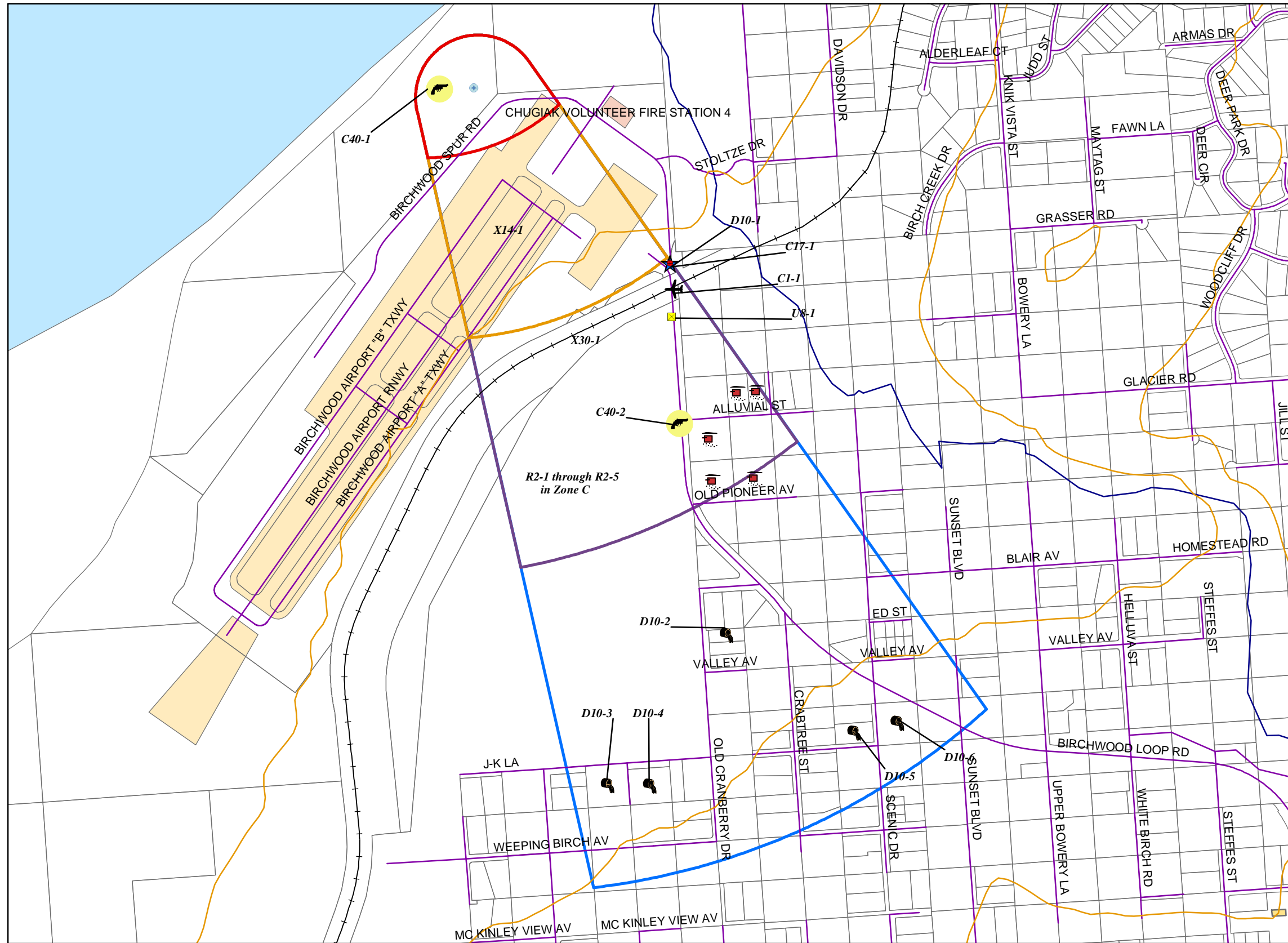


- Izaak Walton Recreation Center Well
- 25m Contours
- Railroads
- Streams
- Roads
- MOA Buildings
- MOA land parcels
- Cook Inlet
- MOA Airports
- Residential Areas (R1)
- Site Buildings
- Zone A Protection Area**
- Several Months Travel Time
- Zone B Protection Area**
- Less than 2-Years Travel Time
- Zone C Protection Area**
- Less than 5-Years Travel Time
- Zone D Protection Area**
- Less than 10-Years Travel Time

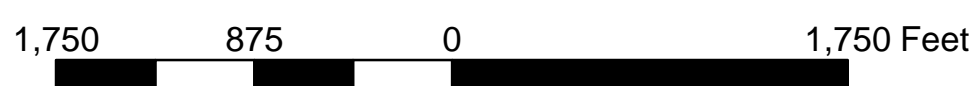


Location of map

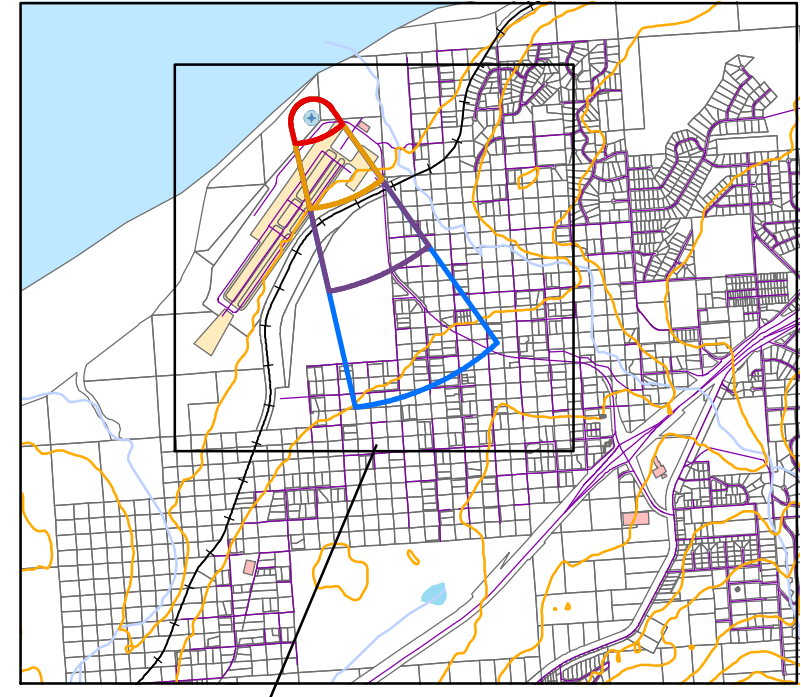
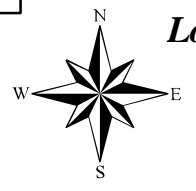
Drinking Water Protection Areas for Izaak Walton Recreation Center and Potential and Existing Sources of Contamination



- Izaak Walton Recreation Center Well
- Large Capacity Septic Systems (D10)
- Single Family Septic Systems (R2)
- Aircraft maintenance shops, C1
- Closed Leaking Underground Fuel Storage Tank (LUST) Site, U8
- Hardware stores, C17
- Injection wells (Class V) Large-Capacity Septic System (Drainfield Disposal Method), D10
- Shooting ranges (outdoor, commercial or community), C40
- 25m Contours
- Railroads
- Streams
- Roads
- MOA Buildings
- MOA land parcels
- Cook Inlet
- MOA Airports
- Site Buildings
- Zone A Protection Area**
 Several Months Travel Time
- Zone B Protection Area**
 Less than 2-Years Travel Time
- Zone C Protection Area**
 Less than 5-Years Travel Time
- Zone D Protection Area**
 Less than 10-Years Travel Time



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Location of map

APPENDIX D

Vulnerability Analysis for Izaak Walton Recreation Center Public Drinking Water Source (Charts 1-8)

Chart 1. Susceptibility of the Wellhead - Izaak Walton Recreation Center

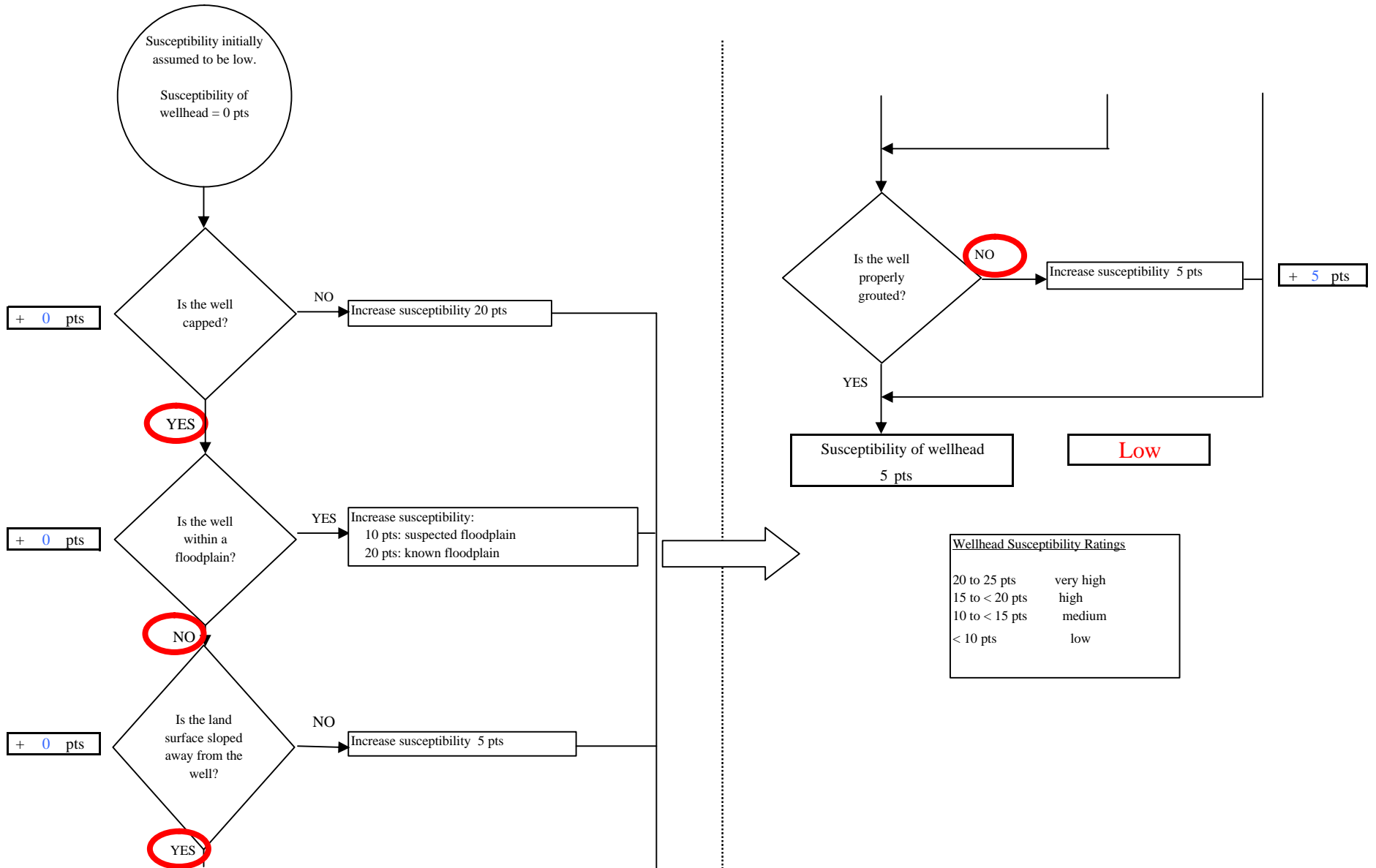


Chart 2. Susceptibility of the aquifer - Izaak Walton Recreation Center

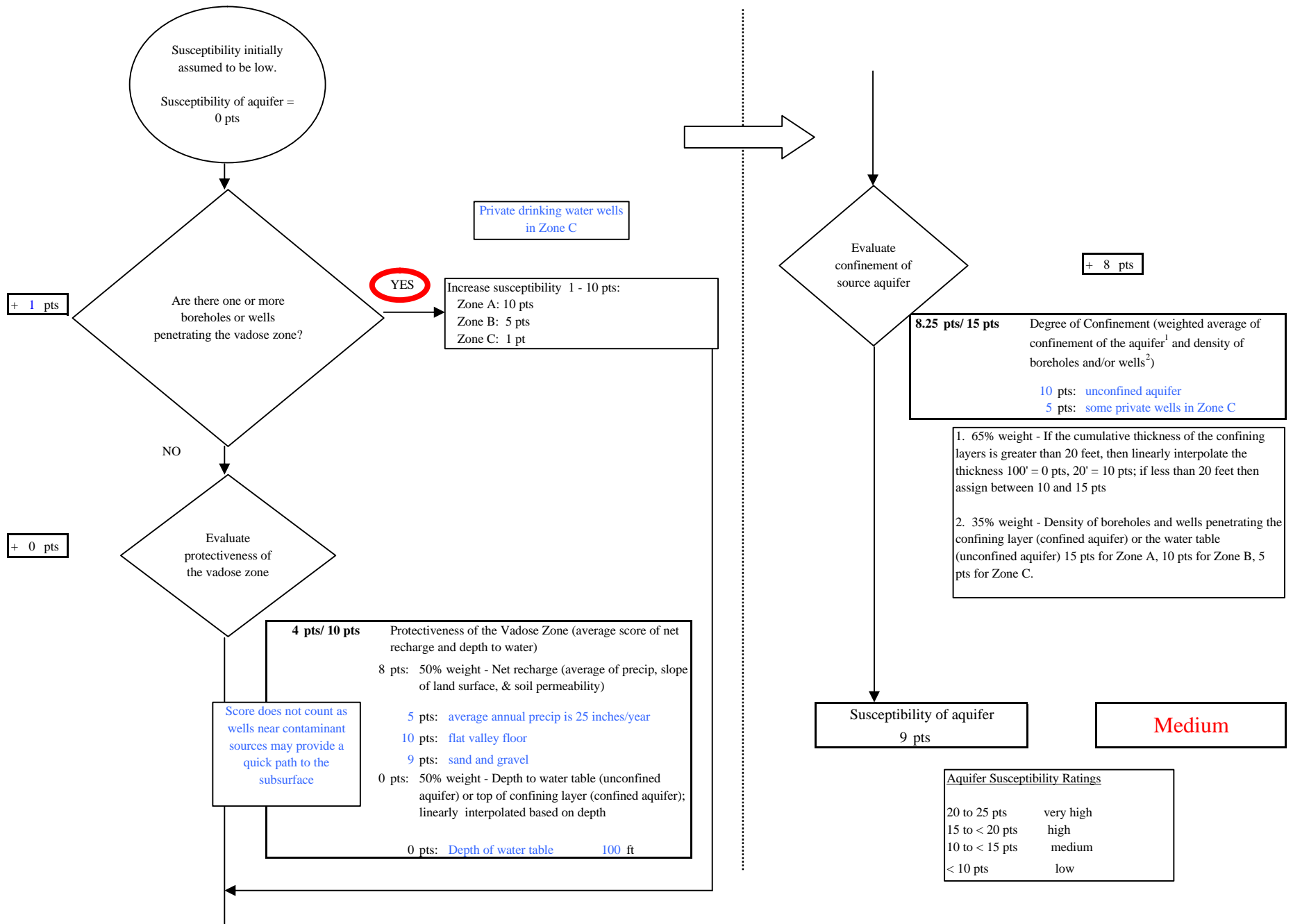
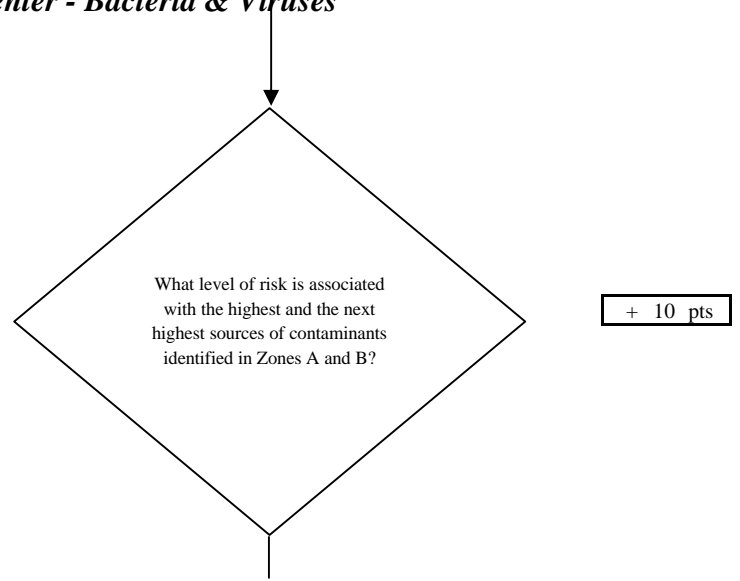
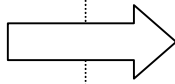
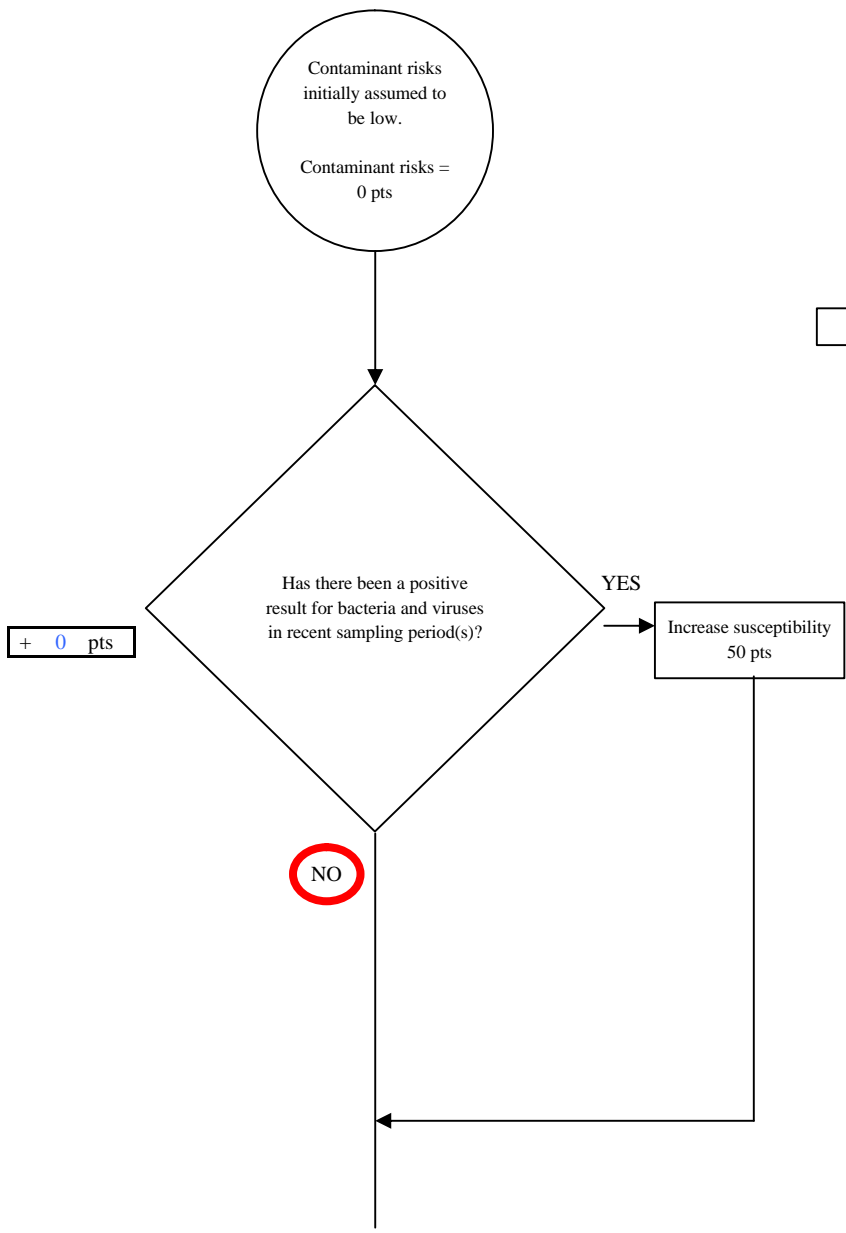


Chart 3. Contaminant risks for Izaak Walton Recreation Center - Bacteria & Viruses



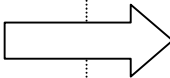
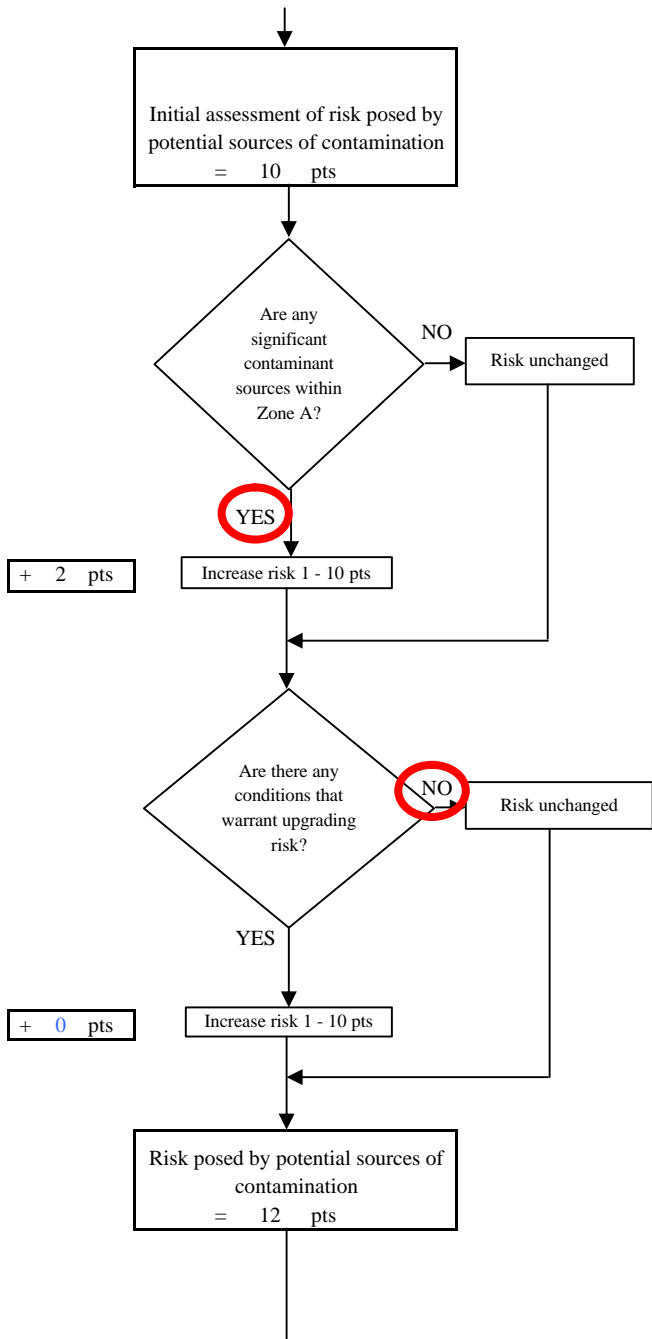
Risk Rankings for Contaminant Sources Identified in Zones A and B			
	Zone A	Zone B	Total
Very High(s)	0	0	0
High(s)	0	0	0
Medium(s)	0	0	0
Low(s)	1	1	2

	LOW 10 pts	MEDIUM 20 pts	HIGH 30 pts	VERY HIGH 40 pts
LOW	³ 10 sources + 10 pts	≥ 10 sources + 5 pts	≥ 20 sources + 5 pts	----
MEDIUM	----	≥ 2 sources + 5 pts	≥ 5 sources + 5 pts	≥ 10 sources + 5 pts
HIGH	----	----	≥ 1 source + 10 pts	≥ 2 sources + 10 pts
VERY HIGH	----	----	----	≥ 1 source + 10 pts

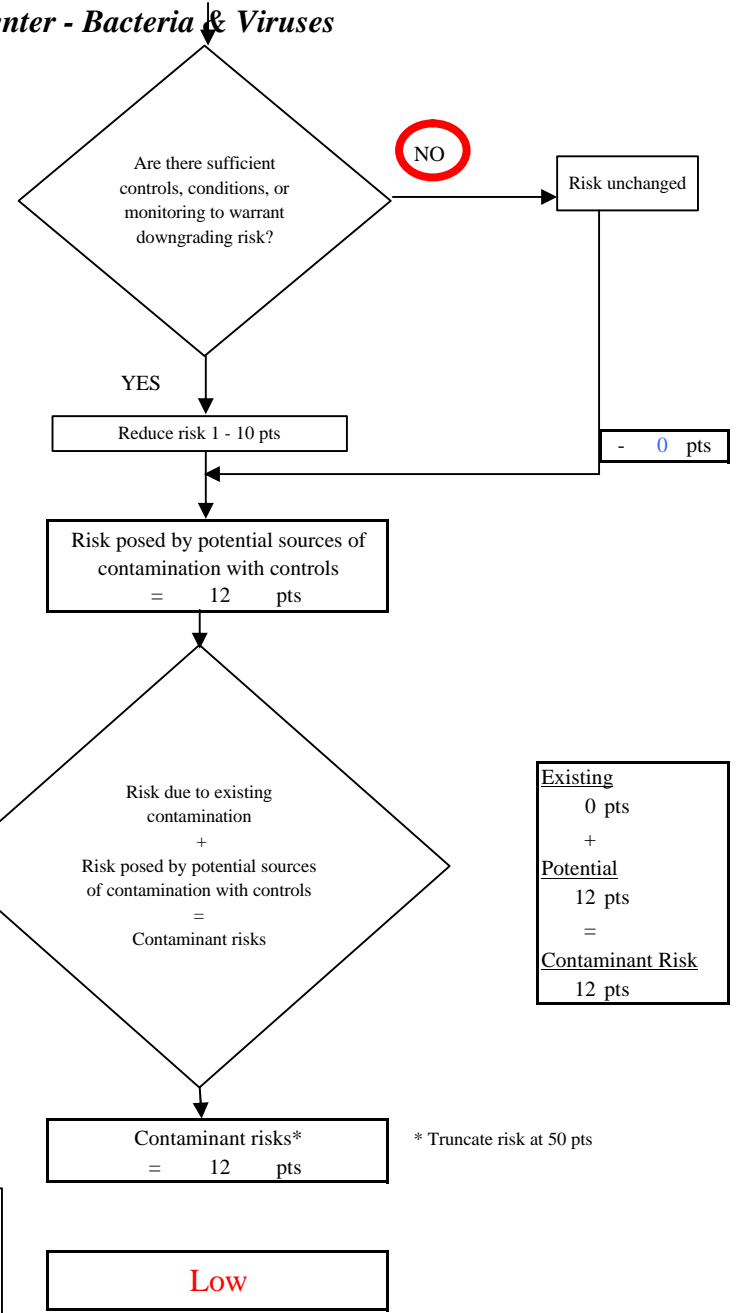
Matrix Score 10

Note: Septic systems, sewerlines, and roads are each assigned a risk ranking for each individual contaminant source in the CSI. The VA, however, counts these contaminant sources as a group and assigns a calculated number of either "lows" or "mediums" based on the density.

Chart 3. Contaminant risks for Izaak Walton Recreation Center - Bacteria & Viruses



Contaminant Risk Ratings	
40 to 50 pts	very high
30 to < 40 pts	high
20 to < 30 pts	medium
< 20 pts	low



Existing	0 pts
+	
Potential	12 pts
=	
Contaminant Risk	12 pts

* Truncate risk at 50 pts

Chart 4. Vulnerability analysis for Izaak Walton Recreation Center - Bacteria & Viruses

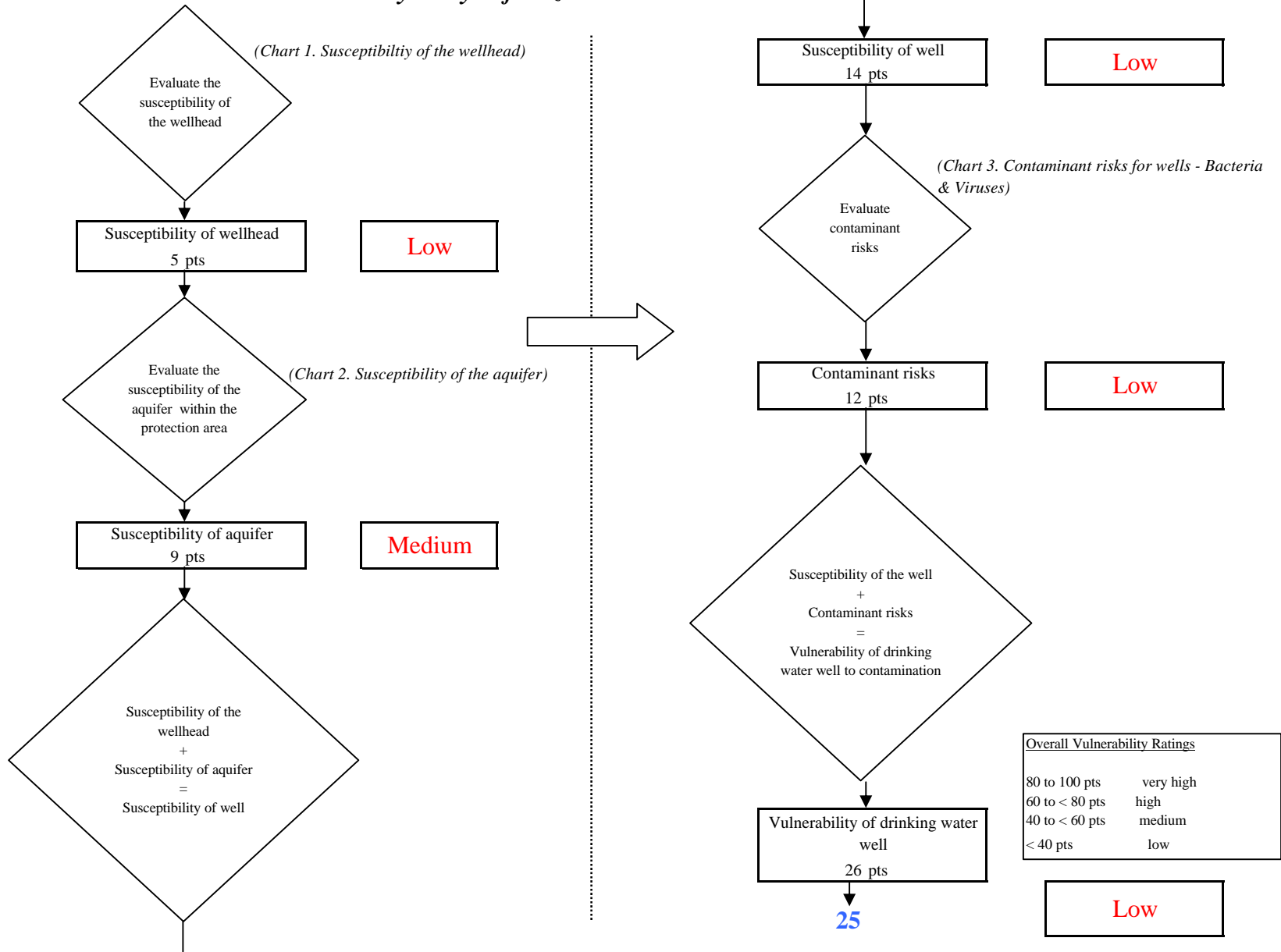


Chart 5. Contaminant risks for Izaak Walton Recreation Center - Nitrates and Nitrites

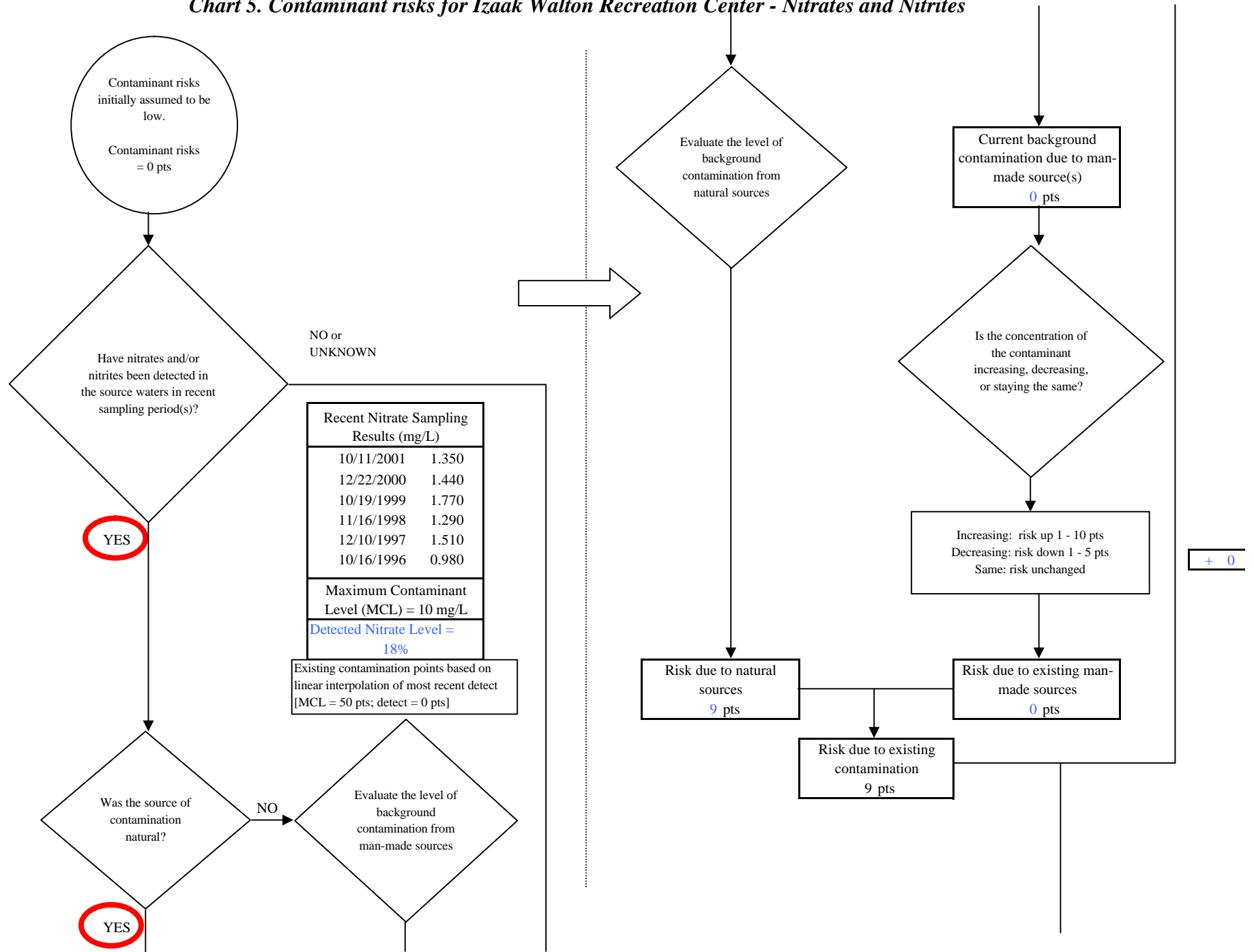


Chart 5. Contaminant risks for Izaak Walton Recreation Center - Nitrates and Nitrites

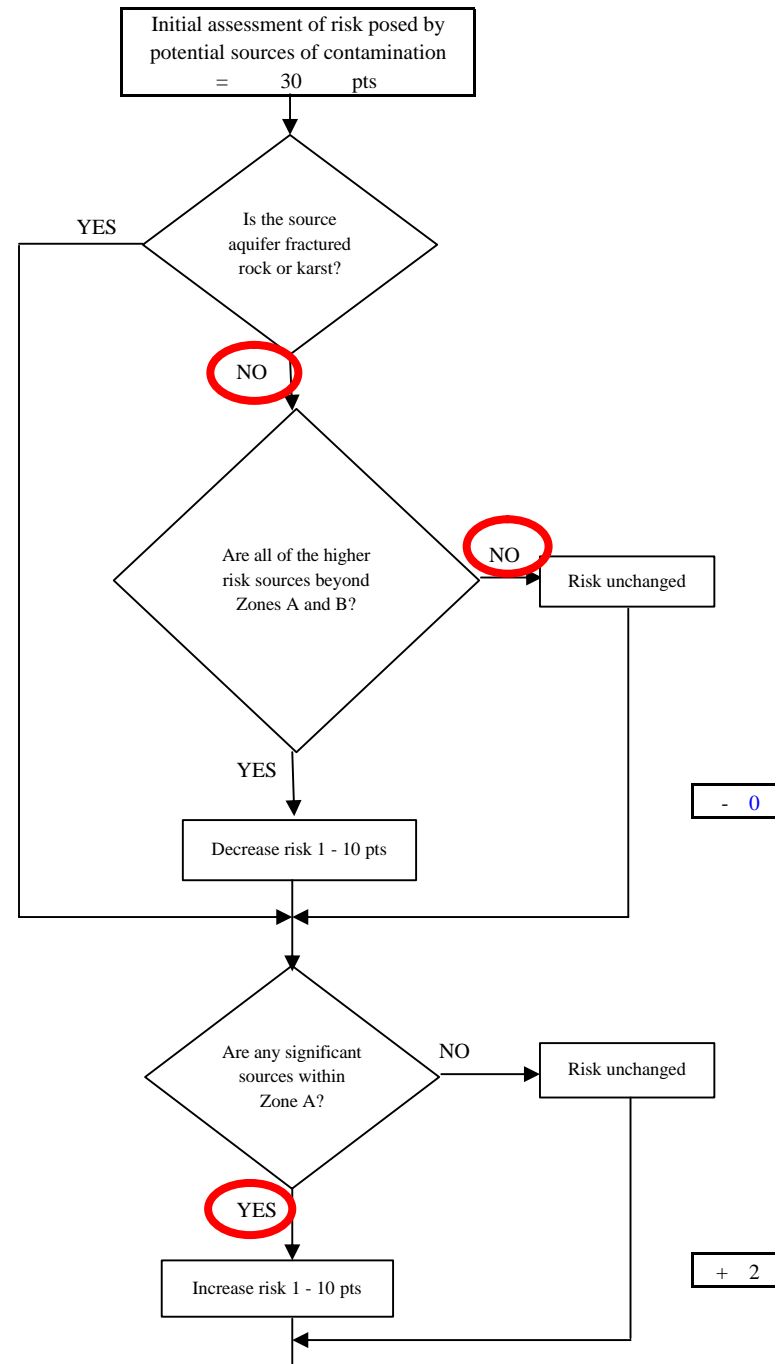
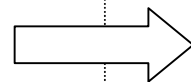
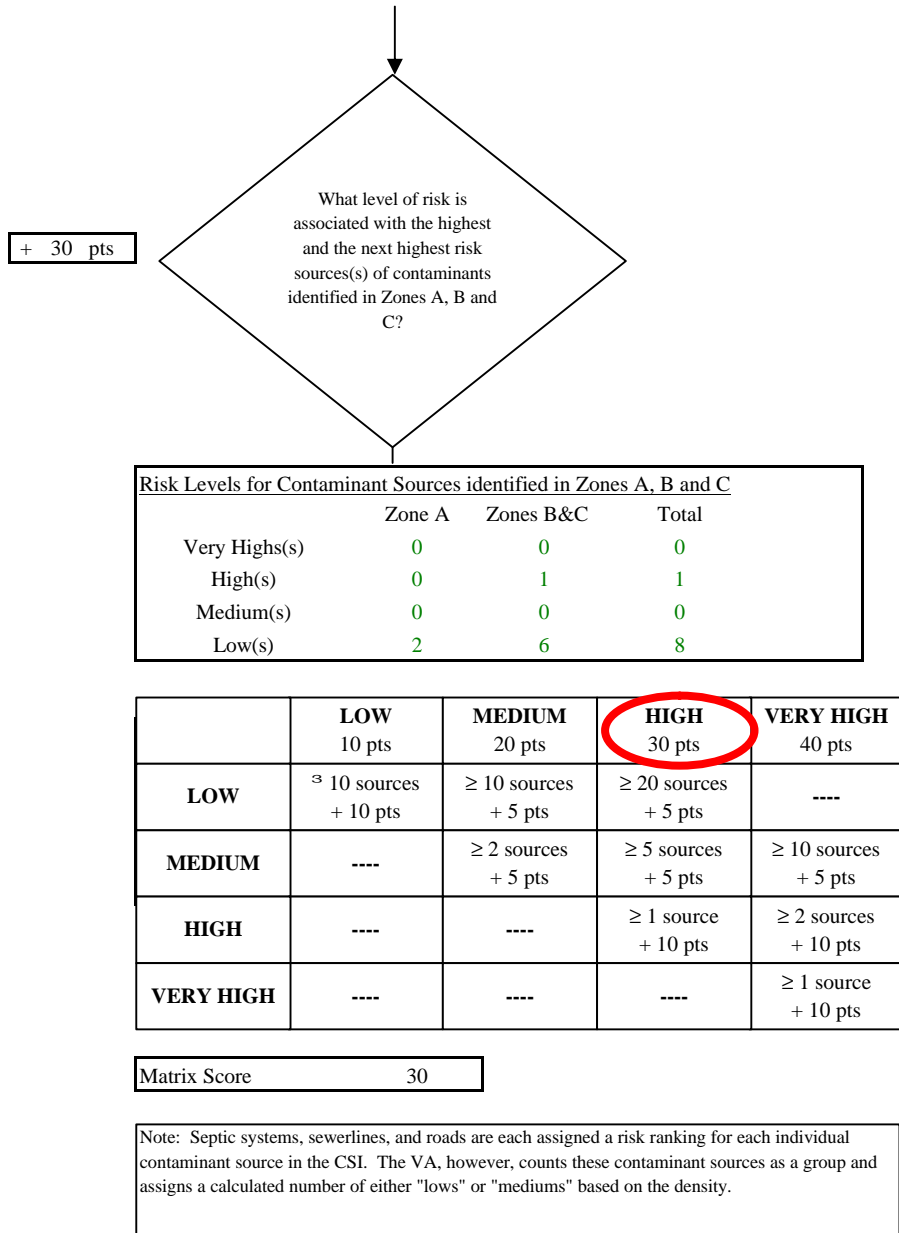


Chart 5. Contaminant risks for Izaak Walton Recreation Center - Nitrates and Nitrites

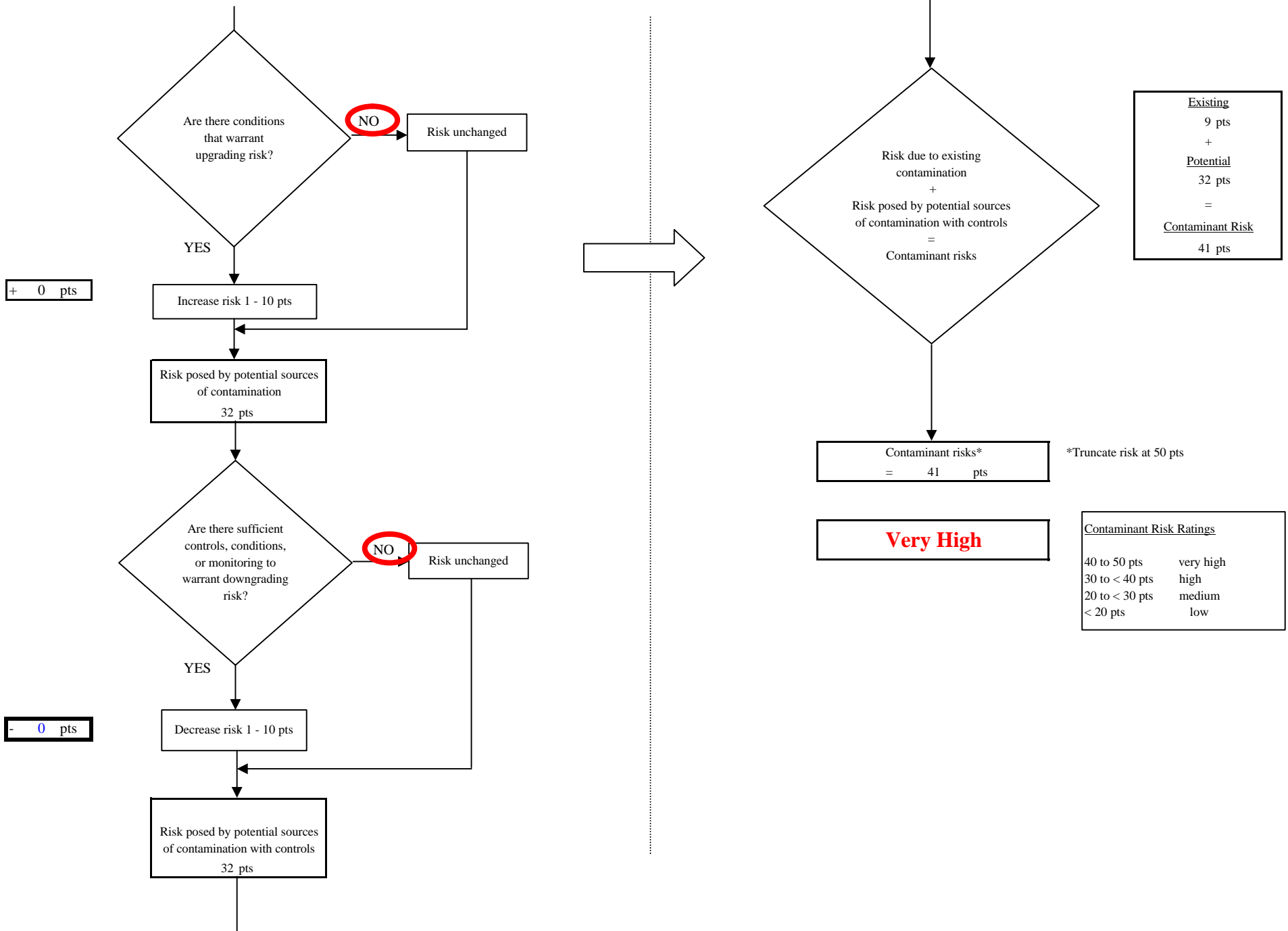


Chart 6. Vulnerability analysis for Izaak Walton Recreation Center - Nitrates and Nitrites

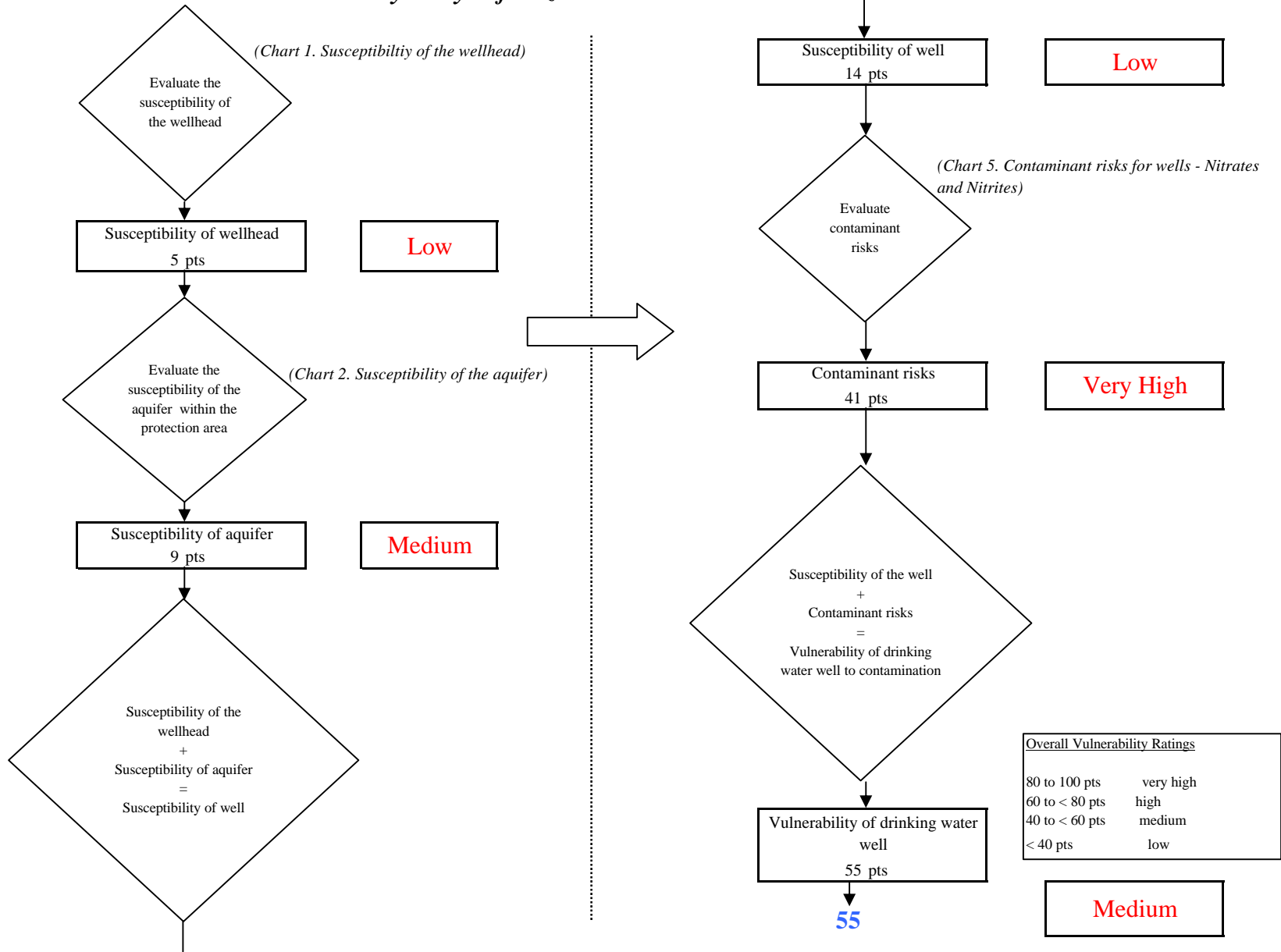


Chart 7. Contaminant risks for Izaak Walton Recreation Center - Volatile Organic Chemicals

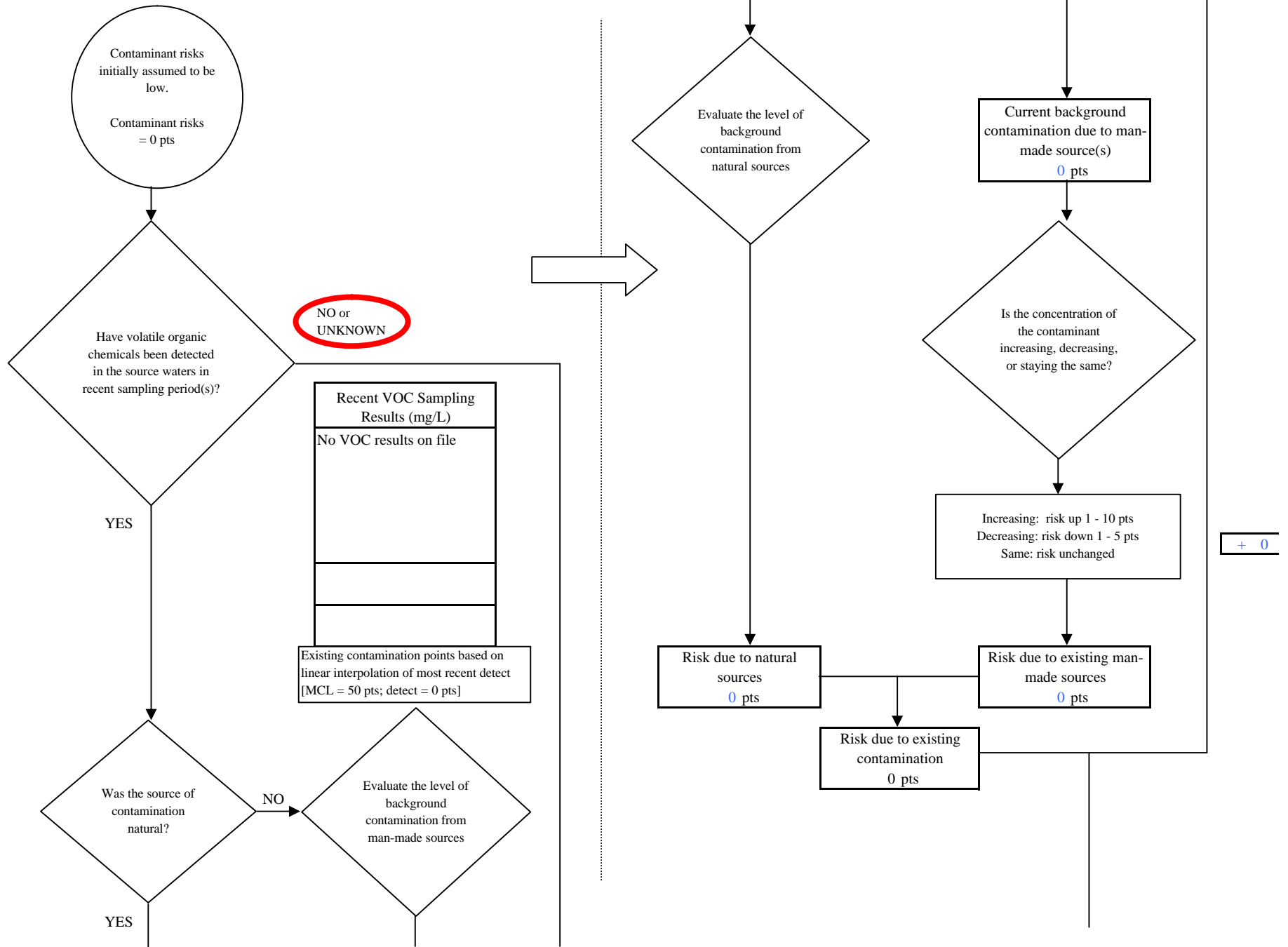
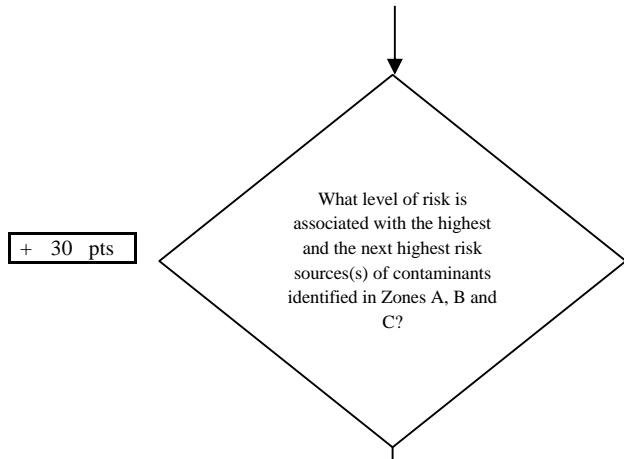


Chart 7. Contaminant risks for Izaak Walton Recreation Center - Volatile Organic Chemicals



Risk Levels for Contaminant Sources identified in Zones A, B and C			
	Zone A	Zones B&C	Total
Very High(s)	0	0	0
High(s)	0	1	1
Medium(s)	0	1	1
Low(s)	1	6	7

	LOW 10 pts	MEDIUM 20 pts	HIGH 30 pts	VERY HIGH 40 pts
LOW	≥ 10 sources + 10 pts	≥ 10 sources + 5 pts	≥ 20 sources + 5 pts	----
MEDIUM	----	≥ 2 sources + 5 pts	≥ 5 sources + 5 pts	≥ 10 sources + 5 pts
HIGH	----	----	≥ 1 source + 10 pts	≥ 2 sources + 10 pts
VERY HIGH	----	----	----	≥ 1 source + 10 pts

Matrix Score 30

Note: Septic systems, sewerlines, and roads are each assigned a risk ranking for each individual contaminant source in the CSI. The VA, however, counts these contaminant sources as a group and assigns a calculated number of either "lows" or "mediums" based on the density.

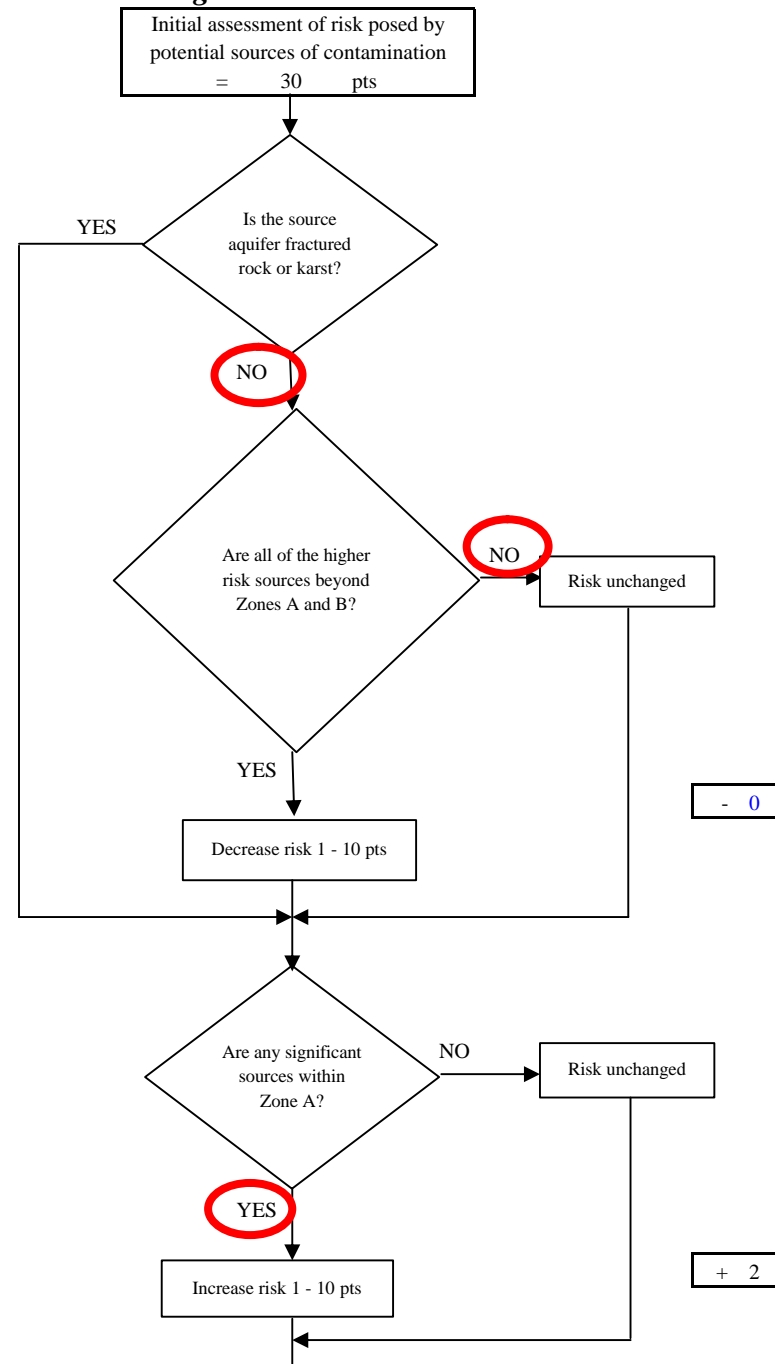
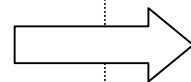


Chart 7. Contaminant risks for Izaak Walton Recreation Center - Volatile Organic Chemicals

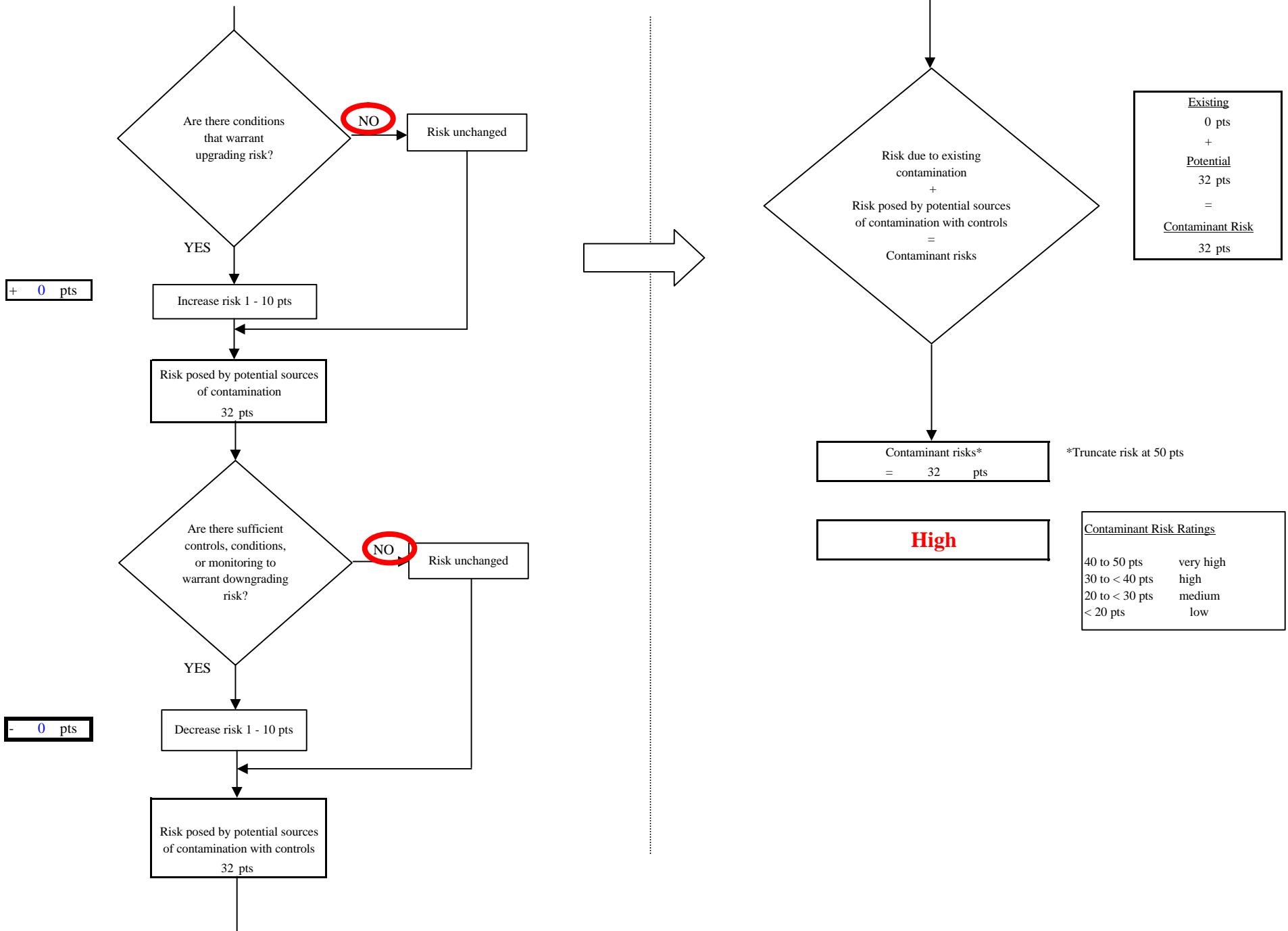


Chart 8. Vulnerability analysis for Izaak Walton Recreation Center - Volatile Organic Chemicals

