



Source Water Assessment

A Hydrogeologic Susceptibility and Vulnerability Assessment for YKHC Bethel Hospital Drinking Water System, Bethel, Alaska

PWSID # 271083.001

May 2004

DRINKING WATER PROTECTION PROGRAM REPORT 1119 Alaska Department of Environmental Conservation

Source Water Assessment for YKHC Bethel Hospital Drinking Water System Bethel, Alaska

PWSID # 271083.001

DRINKING WATER PROTECTION PROGRAM REPORT 1119

The Drinking Water Protection Program (DWPP) is producing Source Water Assessments in compliance with the Safe Drinking Water Act Amendments of 1996. Each assessment includes a delineation of the source water area, an inventory of potential and existing contaminant sources that may impact the water, a risk ranking for each of these contaminants, and an evaluation of the potential vulnerability of these drinking water sources.

These assessments are intended to provide public water systems owners/operators, communities, and local governments with the best available information that may be used to protect the quality of their drinking water. The assessments combine information obtained from various sources, including the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Alaska Department of Environmental Conservation (ADEC), public water system owners/operators, and other public information sources. The results of this assessment are subject to change if additional data becomes available. It is anticipated this assessment will be updated every five years to reflect any changes in the vulnerability and/or susceptibility of public drinking water source. If you have any additional information that may affect the results of this assessment, please contact the Program Coordinator of DWPP, (907) 269-7521.

CONTENTS

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY......1 PUBLIC DRINKING WATER SYSTEM1 DRINKING WATER PROTECTION AREA......2

INVENTORY OF POTENTIAL AND EXISTING	
CONTAMINANT SOURCES	2
RANKING OF CONTAMINANT RISKS	3
VULNERABILITY OF DRINKING WATER	
SYSTEM	3

TABLES

Table 1.	Definition of Zones	2
Table 2.	Susceptibility	3
Table 3.	Contaminant Risks	4
Table 4.	Overall Vulnerability	4

APPENDICES

APPENDIX

- A. YKHC Bethel Hospital Drinking Water Protection Area (Map A)
 - B. Contaminant Source Inventory for YKHC Bethel Hospital (Table 1) Contaminant Source Inventory and Risk Ranking for YKHC Bethel Hospital – Bacteria and Viruses (Table 2) Contaminant Source Inventory and Risk Ranking for YKHC Bethel Hospital – Nitrates/Nitrites (Table 3) Contaminant Source Inventory and Risk Ranking for YKHC Bethel Hospital – Volatile Organic Chemicals (Table 4) Contaminant Source Inventory and Risk Ranking for YKHC Bethel Hospital – Heavy Metals, Cyanide and Other Inorganic Chemicals (Table 5) Contaminant Source Inventory and Risk Ranking for YKHC Bethel Hospital – Synthetic Organic Chemicals (Table 6) Contaminant Source Inventory and Risk Ranking for YKHC Bethel Hospital – Synthetic Organic Chemicals (Table 6) Contaminant Source Inventory and Risk Ranking for YKHC Bethel Hospital – Other Organic Chemicals (Table 7)
 - C. YKHC Bethel Hospital Drinking Water Protection Area and Potential and Existing Contaminant Sources (Map C)
 - D. Vulnerability Analysis for Contaminant Source Inventory and Risk Ranking for YKHC Bethel Hospital Public Drinking Water Source (Charts 1 – 14)

Source Water Assessment for YKHC Bethel Hospital Source of Public Drinking Water, Bethel, Alaska

Drinking Water Protection Program Alaska Department of Environmental Conservation

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

The YKHC Bethel Hospital has two Public Water System (PWS) wells. The well (PWS No. 271083.001) has been used as a drinking water source since it was drilled in 1978. This source water assessment report is exclusively limited to PWSID #271083.001.

The well is a Class A (community and nontransient/non-community) water system located at 700 Chief Eddie Hoffman Highway in Bethel, Alaska. Available records indicate that there is water storage with a capacity of 225,000-gallons, and that the drinking water is treated with calcium hypochlorite. This system operates year round and serves approximately 125 residents and 385 nonresidents through nine service connections. The wellhead received a susceptibility rating of **Low** and the aquifer received a susceptibility rating of **High**. Combining these two ratings produce a **Medium** rating for the natural susceptibility of the well.

Identified potential and current sources of contaminants for the public drinking water source include: medical laboratories, Laundromats, motor/motor vehicle repair shops, pharmacies, domestic wastewater collection systems, incinerators, above ground fuel tanks, was tewater holding tanks, ADEC recognized contaminated sites and leaking underground storage tank (LUST) sites, water supply wells, glycol disposal or storage, petroleum product bulk station/terminals, roads, electric power generation, medical/veterinary facilities, injection wells, underground fuel tanks, and an airport. These identified potential and existing sources of contamination are considered as sources of bacteria and viruses, nitrates and/or nitrites, volatile organic chemicals, heavy metals, cyanide and other inorganic chemicals, synthetic organic chemicals, and other organic chemicals contaminant categories.

Overall, the water well received a vulnerability rating of **Medium** for bacteria and viruses, and synthetic organic chemicals, and a vulnerability rating of **High** for nitrates and nitrites, volatile organic chemicals, heavy metals, cyanide and other inorganic chemicals, and other organic chemicals.

PUBLIC DRINKING WATER SYSTEM

The YKHC Bethel Hospital well is a Class A (community/non-transient/non-community) public water system. The system is located at 700 Chief Eddie Hoffman Highway in Bethel, Alaska (Sec. 17, T8N, R71W, Seward Meridian; see Map A of Appendix A). Bethel serves as the regional center for 56 villages in the Yukon-Kuskokwim Delta. Food, fuel, transportation, medical care, and other services for the region are provided by Bethel. Bethel is located at the mouth of the Kuskokwim River, 40miles inland from the Bering Sea, and approximately 400-air miles west of Anchorage. The community has a population of 5,736 (ADCED, 2003). Average annual precipitation for Bethel is 16 inches, including approximately 50 inches of snowfall. Temperatures range from 42 to 62°F in summer and -2 to 19°F in winter.

The community of Bethel obtains a portion of their water supply from city wells. Some households are served by the central piped water and sewage collection system; however, approximately 75% of households have water delivered and sewage hauled by truck. Several facilities have individual wells and septic tanks (ADCED, 2003). Bethel receives electrical power from the Bethel Utilities Corporation. Power generating facilities are fueled by diesel. Refuse is collected by the City of Bethel and transported to the City operated landfill (ADCED, 2003).

According to information supplied by ADEC for the YKHC Bethel Hospital PWS, the depth of the primary water well is 413 feet below the ground surface. Well construction details are unknown; however, it is assumed the well is screened in a confined aquifer based on available construction details for surrounding wells. The well is not located within a floodplain.

Information acquired from a March 2003 sanitary survey for the public water system indicated that the

land surface is sloped away from the well. Generally, land surfaces that slope away from the wellhead promote surface water drainage, which reduces the potential of contaminant migration down the well casing annulus. The sanitary survey indicates that the well is not grouted according to ADEC regulations. Proper grouting provides added protection against contaminants traveling along the well casing annulus and into source waters.

The Bethel area is near the southern border of the continuous permafrost zone and the City, and most of the area west of the Kuskokwim River, appear to be underlain with permafrost. The permafrost generally extends to a depth of at least 300 feet bgs, with depths of over 600 feet bgs recorded in some areas. The geology in the area consists primarily of unconsolidated floodplain alluvium, silt deposits, and reworked silt. The Bethel area consists of poorly drained wetlands that have permanently ponded water in local depressions. Sloughs, small lakes, ponds, and marshes in meander scars surround Bethel (Dames & Moore, 1996).

DRINKING WATER PROTECTION AREA

In order to evaluate whether a drinking water source is at risk, we must first evaluate what are the most likely pathways for surface contamination to reach the groundwater. These areas are determined by looking at the characteristics of the soil, groundwater, aquifer, and well.

The most probable area for contamination to reach the drinking water well is the area that contributes water to the well, the groundwater recharge area. This area is designated as the drinking water protection area (DWPA). Because releases of contaminants within the protection area are most likely to impact the drinking water well, this area will serve as the focus for voluntary protection efforts. An analytical calculation was used to determine the size and shape of the DWPA for the YKHC Bethel Hospital PWS. The input parameters describing the attributes of the aquifer in this calculation were adopted from Groundwater (Freeze and Cherry, 1979). Available geology and groundwater contours were also considered to take into account any uncertainties in groundwater flow and aquifer characteristics to arrive at a meaningful protection area.

The protection areas established for wells by the ADEC are usually separated into four zones, limited by the watershed. These zones correspond to differences in the time-of-travel (TOT) of the water

moving through the aquifer to the well (Please refer to the Guidance Manual for Class A Public Water Systems for additional information).

The time of travel for contaminants within the water varies and is dependent on the physical and chemical characteristics of each contaminant. The following is a summary of the four protection area zones for wells and the calculated time -of-travel for each:

Table 1. Definition of Zones

Zone	Definition
А	¹ / ₄ the distance for the 2-yr. time -of-travel
В	Less than the 2 year time-of-travel
С	Less Than the 5 year time -of-travel
D	Less than the 10 year time -of-travel

The DWPA for the YKHC Bethel Hospital PWS was determined using an analytical calculation and includes Zones A, B, C, and D (See Map A of Appendix A).

INVENTORY OF POTENTIAL AND EXISTING CONTAMINANT SOURCES

The Drinking Water Protection Program has completed an inventory of potential and existing sources of contamination within the YKHC Bethel Hospital DWPA. This inventory was completed through a search of agency records and other publicly available information. Potential sources of contamination to the drinking water aquifer include a wide range of categories and types. Potential drinking water contaminants are found within agricultural, residential, commercial, and industrial areas, but can also occur within areas that have little or no development.

For the basis of all Class A public water system assessments, six categories of drinking water contaminants were inventoried. They include:

- Bacteria and viruses,
- Nitrates and/or nitrites,
- Volatile organic chemicals,
- Heavy metals, cyanide and other inorganic chemicals,
- Synthetic organic chemicals,
- Other organic chemicals.

The sources are displayed on Map C of Appendix C and summarized in Table 1 of Appendix B.

RANKING OF CONTAMINANT RISKS

Once the potential and existing sources of contamination have been identified, they are assigned a ranking according to what type and level of risk they represent. Ranking of contaminant risks for a "potential" or "existing" source of contamination is a function of toxicity and volumes of specific contaminants associated with that source. Rankings include:

- Low,
- Medium,
- High, and
- Very High.

The time-of-travel for contaminants within the water varies and is dependent on the physical and chemical characteristics of each contaminant. Bacteria and Viruses are only inventoried in Zones A and B because of their short life span. Only "Very High" and "High" rankings are inventoried within the outer Zone D due to the probability of contaminant dilution by the time the contaminants get to the well. Tables 2 through 4 in Appendix B contain the ranking of potential and existing sources of contamination with respect to bacteria and viruses, nitrates and/or nitrites, volatile organic chemicals, heavy metals, cyanide and other inorganic chemicals, synthetic organic chemicals, and other organic chemicals.

VULNERABILITY OF THE DRINKING WATER SYSTEM

Vulnerability of a drinking water source to contamination is a combination of two factors:

- Natural susceptibility, and
- Contaminant risks.

Appendix D contains fourteen charts, which together form the 'Vulnerability Analysis' for a source water assessment for a public drinking water source. Chart 1 analyzes the 'Susceptibility of the Wellhead' to contamination by looking at the construction of the well and its surrounding area. Chart 2 analyzes the 'Susceptibility of the Aquifer' to contamination by looking at the naturally occurring attributes of the water source and influences on the groundwater system that might lead to contamination. Chart 3 analyzes 'Contaminant Risks' for the drinking water source with respect to bacteria and viruses. The 'Contaminant Risks' portion of the analysis considers potential sources of contaminants as well as a review of contamination that has or may have occurred, but has not arrived or been detected at the well. Chart 4

contains the 'Vulnerability Analysis for Bacteria and Viruses'. Charts 5 through 14 contain the Contaminant Risks and Vulnerability Analyses for nitrates and nitrites, volatile organic chemicals, heavy metals, cyanide and other inorganic chemicals, synthetic organic chemicals, and other organic chemicals, respectively.

A score for the Natural Susceptibility is reached by considering the properties of the well and the aquifer.

Susceptibility of the Wellhead (0 – 25 Points) (Chart 1 of Appendix D)

Susceptibility of the Aquifer (0 – 25 Points) (Chart 2 of Appendix D)

=

Natural Susceptibility (Susceptibility of the Well) (0 – 50 Points)

A ranking is assigned for the Natural Susceptibility according to the point score:

Natural Susceptibility Ratings				
40 to 50 pts	Very High			
30 to < 40 pts	High			
20 to < 30 pts	Medium			
< 20 pts	Low			

The YKHC Bethel Hospital's water well is in a confined aquifer. Confined aquifers are less susceptible to potential groundwater quality impacts posed by the migration of surface water contaminants downward from the surface. Table 2 shows the susceptibility scores and ratings for this PWS.

Table 2. Susceptibility

	Score	Rating
Susceptibility of the	5	Low
Wellhead		
Susceptibility of the	15	High
Aquifer		
Natural Susceptibility	20	Medium

Contaminant risks to a drinking water source depend on the type, number or density, and distribution of contaminant sources. This score has been derived from an examination of existing and historical contamination that has been detected at the drinking water source through routine sampling. It also evaluates potential sources of contamination. Flow charts are used to assign a point score, and ratings are assigned in the same way as for the natural susceptibility:

Contaminant Risk Ratings				
40 to 50 pts	Very High			
30 to < 40 pts	High			
20 to < 30 pts	Medium			
< 20 pts	Low			

Table 3 summarizes the Contaminant Risks for each category of drinking water contaminants.

Table 3. Contaminant Risks

Category S	Score	Rating
Bacteria and Viruses	35	High
Nitrates and/or Nitrites	48	Very High
Volatile Organic Chemicals	50	Very High
Heavy Metals, Cyanide and	l	
Other Inorganic Chemicals	50	Very High
Synthetic Organic Chemica	ls 25	Medium
Other Organic Chemicals	50	Very High

Finally, an overall vulnerability score is assigned for each water system by combining each of the contaminant risk scores with the natural susceptibility score:

Natural Susceptibility (0 - 50 points)

+

Contaminant Risks (0 – 50 points)

=

Vulnerability of the Drinking Water Source to Contamination (0 – 100).

Again, rankings are assigned according to a point score:

Table 4 contains the overall vulnerability scores (0 - 100) and ratings for each of the six categories of

drinking water contaminants. Note: scores are rounded off to the nearest five.

Table 4.Overall Vulnerability

Category	Score	Rating
Bacteria and Viruses	55	Medium
Nitrates and Nitrites	70	High
Volatile Organic Chemicals	70	High
Heavy Metals, Cyanide and		
Other Inorganic Chemicals	70	High
Synthetic Organic Chemicals	45	Medium
Other Organic Chemicals	70	High

Bacteria and Viruses

The contaminant risk for bacteria and viruses is **High**. The risk is primarily attributed to the presence of injection wells in Zone C (see Table 2 – Appendix B).

A positive bacteria count has not been reported in recent (within five years) sampling events (See Chart 3 – Contaminant Risks for Bacteria and Viruses in Appendix D). Only a small amount of bacteria and viruses are required to endanger public health.

After combining the contaminant risk for bacteria and viruses with the natural susceptibility of the well, the overall vulnerability of the well to contamination is **Medium**.

Nitrates and Nitrites

The contaminant risk for nitrates and nitrites is **Very High**. The risk to this source of public drinking water is primarily attributed to the presence of injection wells in Zone C (see Table 3– Appendix B).

Nitrates are very mobile, moving at approximately the same rate as water. The sampling history for this well indicates that low levels of nitrates have been detected in recent sampling events. However, the reported concentrations of nitrates do not exceed the maximum contaminant level (MCL) of 10 mg/L. Nitrate concentrations in uncontaminated groundwater are typically less than 2 mg/L; therefore, nitrate concentrations above 2 mg/L may be indicative of man-made sources (See Chart 5 -Contaminant Risks for Nitrates and/or Nitrites in Appendix D).

Nitrate levels are often derived from the decomposition of organic matter in soils. Although the nitrate source is unknown, such occurrences may be attributed to septic systems or other sources. After combining the contaminant risk for nitrates and nitrites with the natural susceptibility of the well, the overall vulnerability of the well to nitrate and nitrite contamination is **High**.

Volatile Organic Chemicals

The contaminant risk for volatile organic chemicals is **Very High**. The risk is primarily attributed to the presence of ADEC recognized contaminated sites and LUST sites, petroleum product bulk station/terminals, injection wells, underground fuel tanks, and an airport in Zones A, C, and D. Numerous other potential contaminant sources are also found within the protection area (see Table 4 – Appendix B).

Detectable concentrations of trihalomethanes and toluene were reported in sampling events for this public water system. However, the detectible concentrations of trihalomethanes reported in 2001 and 2000 were well below the MCL of 0.08 mg/L and the detectible concentrations of toluene reported in 1999 and 2000 were below the MCL of 1.0 mg/L. Trihalomethanes are considered byproducts of the water treatment process and are not from the source waters. Since the reported concentration of TTHM's and toluene in recent sampling events did not exceed the applicable MCLs, risk points were not retained.

Aside from being byproducts of the drinking water treatment process, possible sources of volatile organic chemicals include facilities with automobiles, residential areas, fuel tanks, roads, and airports. See Table 4 in Appendix D for a complete listing.

After combining the contaminant risk for volatile organic chemicals with the natural susceptibility of the well, the overall vulnerability of the well to contamination is **High**.

Heavy Metals, Cyanide and Other Inorganic Chemicals

The contaminant risk for heavy metals, cyanide and other inorganic chemicals is **Very High**. The risk is primarily attributed to the presence of an incinerator and injection wells in Zones A and C. Numerous other potential contaminant sources are also found within the protection area (see Table 5 – Appendix B).

Based on review of recent sampling records for this public water system, lead, copper, barium, and arsenic have been detected. However, each analyte did not exceed their respective MCLs (see Chart 9 – Contaminant Risks for Heavy Metals, Cyanide, and Other Inorganic Chemicals in Appendix D). The reported concentrations of copper and lead in recent sampling events are not likely to be representative of source water conditions. These two analytes are likely attributed to either the water treatment process or water distribution network; therefore, no risk points were assigned based on the presence of thes e analytes.

After combining the contaminant risk for heavy metals, cyanide and other inorganic chemicals with the natural susceptibility of the well, the overall vulnerability of the well to contamination is **High**.

Synthetic Organic Chemicals

The contaminant risk for synthetic organic chemicals is **Medium**. The risk is primarily attributed to the presence of an incinerator and an airport in Zones A and D (see Table 6 – Appendix B).

No recent sampling data was available in ADEC records for the YKHC Bethel Hospital (See Chart 11 – Contaminant Risks for Synthetic Organic Chemicals in Appendix D).

After combining the contaminant risk for synthetic organic chemicals with the natural susceptibility of the well, the overall vulnerability of the well to contamination is **Medium**.

Other Organic Chemicals

The contaminant risk for other organic chemicals is **Very High**. The risk is primarily attributed to the presence of an incinerator, petroleum product bulk station/terminals, electric power generation, and injection wells in Zones A and C. Numerous other potential contaminant sources are also found within the protection area (see Table 7 – Appendix B).

No recent sampling data was available in ADEC records for the YKHC Bethel Hospital (See Chart 13 – Contaminant Risks for Other Organic Chemicals in Appendix D).

After combining the contaminant risk for other organic chemicals with the natural susceptibility of the well, the overall vulnerability of the well to contamination is **High**.

Using the Source Water Assessment

This assessment of contaminant risks can be used as a foundation for local voluntary protection efforts as well as a basis for the continuous efforts on the part of the YKHC Bethel Hospital and the community of Bethel to protect public health. It is anticipated that Source Water Assessments will be updated every five years to reflect any changes in the vulnerability and/or susceptibility of the drinking water source.

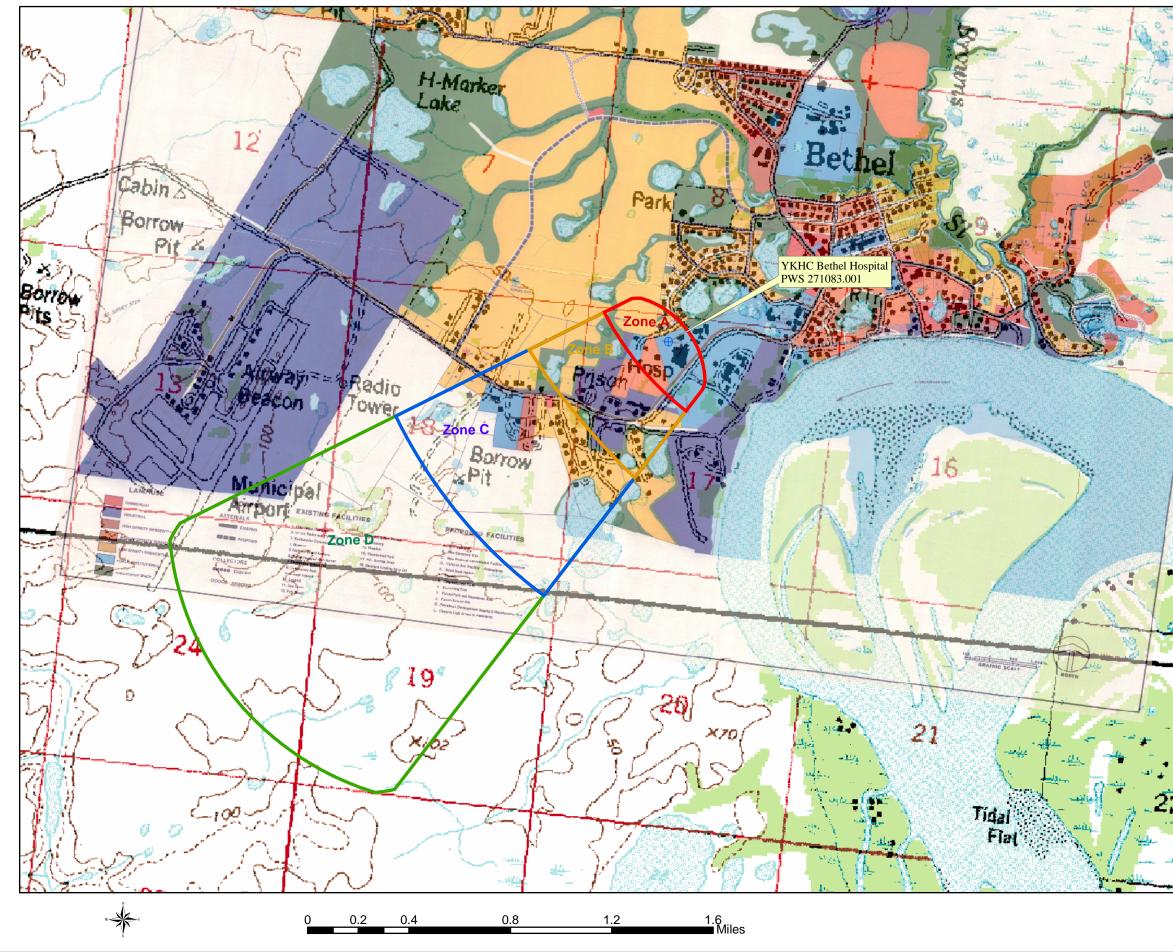
REFERENCES

- Alaska Department of Community and Economic Development (ADCED), 2003 [WWW document]. URL: <u>http://www.dced.state.ak.us/cbd/commdb/CF_COMDB.htm</u>
- Alaska Department of Environmental Conservation, Contaminated Sites Database, 2003 [WWW database], URL <u>http://www.state.ak.us/dec/dspar/csites/cs_search.htm</u>
- Alaska Department of Environmental Conservation, Leaking Underground Storage Tank Database, 2003 [WWW database], URL <u>http://www.dec.state.ak.us/spar/stp/ust/search/fac_search.asp</u>
- Dames & Moore, 1996. Final Water and Sewer Facilities Master Plan Update Report, City of Bethel.
- Freeze, R. A., and Cherry, J.A. 1979, Groundwater, Prentice-Hall, Englewood Cliffs, New Jersey
- United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA), 2002 [WWW document]. URL <u>http://www.epa.gov/safewater/mcl.html</u>.

APPENDIX A

Drinking Water Protection Area Location Map (Map A)

Public Water Well System for PWS #271083.001 YKHC Bethel Hospital



1	
Mr.	
1	
1	
4	
- 1	
-alp	
alle]	
. 1	
the second	
- Star	
1	
1	
$ \lambda $	
12	
1-	
15	
53	
J.	
de la constance de la constanc	
	L
	3
	2 4
-4	-
—	
9 - C	1
2	1
de la	
Mr	
au 7	

LEGEND

+ Public Water System Well

Groundwater Protection Zones

- Zone A Protection Area– Several Months Travel Time
- Zone B Protection Area- 2 Years Travel Time
- Zone C Protection Area- 5 Years Travel Time

Zone D Protection Area- 10 Years Travel Time or Watershed Boundary

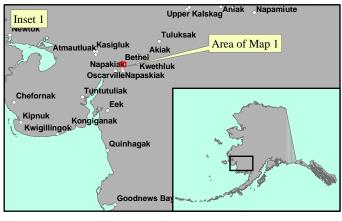
Hydrography/Physical

- Parcels
- ── Stream
- Lake or Pond
- ── Contours

Data Sources:

- Contaminant Sources, Public Water System Wells, Contours Alaska Department of Environmental Conservation (ADEC)
 Critical Facilities, Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA)
- All other data:
- United States Geological Survey (USGS)
 Drinking Water Protection Areas based on "Alaska Drinking Water Protection Program Guidance Manual for Class A Public Water Systems" published by ADEC

URS Corporation does not guarantee the accuracy or validity of the data provided.



YKHC Bethel Hospital PWS 271083.001 Appendix A Map A

APPENDIX B

Contaminant Source Inventory and Risk Ranking (Tables 1-7)

Contaminant Source Inventory for YKHC Bethel Hospital

PWSID 271083.001

Contaminant Source Type	Contaminant Source ID	CS ID tag	Zone	Map Number	Comments
Laboratories (medical)	C21	C21-02	А	С	Assume laboratory located at YKHC Bethel Hospital
Laundromats without dry cleaning	C22	C22-01	А	С	YKHC Bethel Hospital
Motor /motor vehicle repair shops	C31	C31-01	А	С	YKHC Bethel Hospital
Pharmacies (with on-site wastewater disposal)	C35	C35-01	А	С	Assume pharmacy located at YKHC Bethel Hospital
Domestic wastewater collection systems (sewer lines or lift stations)	D01	D01-01	А	С	
Incinerators (medical wastes)	D22	D22-01	А	С	Assume incinerator located at YKHC Bethel Hospital for facility operations
Tanks, heating oil, residential (above ground)	R08	R08-01	А	С	Assume 10 or less residential heating oil tanks located in Zone A
Tanks, diesel (above ground)	T06	T06-01	А	С	YKHC Bethel Hospital, diesel
Wastewater Holding Tank	T22	T22-01	А	С	Assume 10 or less residential wastewater holding tanks located in Zone A
Contaminated sites, DEC recognized, non-Superfund, non-RCRA	U04	U04-01	A	С	YKHC Building 600, RecKey #1996250134901, Status: Inactive, an approximate 150-gallon fuel oil spill occurred near Building 600. Contaminated soils discovered from an unrealted initial spill.
Contaminated sites, DEC recognized, non-Superfund, non-RCRA	U04	U04-02	A	С	Yukon Kuskokwim Delta Regional Hospital, RecKey #1992250107651, Status: Active, site assessment identified gasoline and diesel range petroleum hydrocarbons in the soil around the UST.
Contaminated sites, DEC recognized, non-Superfund, non-RCRA	U04	U04-03	А	С	Yukon Kuskokwim Health Corporation Building 600, RecKey #1996250134901, Status: Inactive, approximately 150-gallon of fuel oil spilled near Building 600. Contaminated soils discovered from an unrelated initial spill.
Contaminated sites, DEC recognized, non-Superfund, non-RCRA	U04	U04-04	А	С	Bethel Utilities Corporation Power Plant, RecKey #1995250106101, Status: Inactive, Phase II Environmental Investigation revealed contamination. Contamination remains under structure, long term monitoring established.
Closed Leaking Underground Fuel Storage Tank (LUST) Sites	U08	U08-01	А	С	Yukon Kuskokwim Delta Regional Hospital, RecKey #1992250007651, Event ID 639, Facility ID 2916, site assessment identified gasoline and diesel range petroleum hydrocarbons in the soil around the USTs.
Water supply wells	W09	W09-01	А	С	4 water supply wells located in Zone A
Glycol (disposal or storage)	X07	X07-01	А	С	YKHC Bethel Hospital

Contaminant Source Type	Contaminant Source ID	CS ID tag	Zone	Map Number	Comments
Petroleum product bulk station/terminals	X11	X11-01	А	С	Assume bulk fuel station located at YKHC Bethel Hospital for facility operations
Highways and roads, dirt/gravel	X24	X24-01	А	С	Assume 1-20 roads located in Zone A
Electric power generation (fossil fuels)	X36	X36-01	А	С	Bethel Utilities Company Power Plant
Electric power generation (fossil fuels)	X36	X36-02	А	С	YKHC Bethel Hospital
Medical/veterinary facilities (doctor or dentist offices, hospitals, nursing homes)	X40	X40-01	А	С	YKHC Bethel Hospital
Tanks, heating oil, residential (above ground)	R08	R08-02	В	С	Assume 10 or less residential heating oil tanks located in Zone B
Wastewater Holding Tank	T22	T22-02	В	С	Assume 10 or less residential wastewater holding tanks located in Zone B
Water supply wells	W09	W09-02	В	С	1 water supply well located in Zone B
Highways and roads, dirt/gravel	X24	X24-02	В	С	Assume 1-20 roads located in Zone B
Medical/veterinary facilities (doctor or dentist offices, hospitals, nursing homes)	X40	X40-02	В	С	Eddie Hoffman Highway
Injection wells (Class V) Industrial Process Water & Water Disposal Wells	D40	D40-01	С	С	River City Services
Injection wells (Class V) Industrial Process Water & Water Disposal Wells	D40	D40-02	С	С	Assume Yukon Kuskokwim Correctional Center not connected to municipal sewage
Tanks, heating oil, residential (above ground)	R08	R08-03	С	С	Assume 10 or less residential heating oil tanks located in Zone C
Tanks, diesel (underground)	T08	T08-01	С	С	Yukon Kuskokwim Correctional Center
Closed tanks, gasoline (underground)	T13	T13-01	С	С	USFWS Yukon Delta
Closed tanks, gasoline (underground)	T13	T13-02	С	С	USFWS Yukon Delta
Wastewater Holding Tank	T22	T22-03	С	С	Assume 10 or less residential wastewater holding tanks located in Zone C
Closed Leaking Underground Fuel Storage Tank (LUST) Sites	U08	U08-02	С	С	USFWS Yukon Delta NWR Headquarters, RecKey# 1993250031801, Event ID 736, Facility ID 1272, petroleum contaminated soil identified during UST closure site assessment.
Highways and roads, dirt/gravel	X24	X24-03	С	С	Assume 1-20 roads located in Zone C
Airports	X14	X14-01	D	С	Bethel Municipal Airport
Highways and roads, dirt/gravel	X24	X24-04	D	С	Assume 1-20 roads located in Zone D

Contaminant Source Inventory and Risk Ranking for YKHC Bethel Hospital

Sources of Bacteria and Viruses

Contaminant Source Type	Contaminant Source ID	CS ID tag	Zone	Risk Ranking for Analysis	Map Number	Comments
Laboratories (medical)	C21	C21-02	А	Medium	С	Assume laboratory located at YKHC Bethel Hospital
Laundromats without dry cleaning	C22	C22-01	А	Low	С	YKHC Bethel Hospital
Pharmacies (with on-site wastewater disposal)	C35	C35-01	А	Low	С	Assume pharmacy located at YKHC Bethel Hospital
Domestic wastewater collection systems (sewer line or lift stations)	D01	D01-01	А	Medium	С	
Incinerators (medical wastes)	D22	D22-01	А	Medium	С	Assume incinerator located at YKHC Bethel Hospital for facility operation
Wastewater Holding Tank	T22	T22-01	А	Low	С	Assume 10 or less residential wastewater holding tanks located in Zone A
Closed Leaking Underground Fuel Storage Tank (LUST) Sites	U08	U08-01	А	Low	С	Yukon Kuskokwim Delta Regional Hospital, RecKey #1992250007651, E ID 639, Facility ID 2916, site assessment identified gasoline and diesel rang petroleum hydrocarbons in the soil around the USTs.
Highways and roads, dirt/gravel	X24	X24-01	А	Low	С	Assume 1-20 roads located in Zone A
Medical/veterinary facilities (doctor or dentist offices, hospitals, nursing homes)	X40	X40-01	А	Medium	С	YKHC Bethel Hospital
Wastewater Holding Tank	T22	T22-02	В	Low	С	Assume 10 or less residential wastewater holding tanks located in Zone B
Highways and roads, dirt/gravel	X24	X24-02	В	Low	С	Assume 1-20 roads located in Zone B
Medical/veterinary facilities (doctor or dentist offices, hospitals, nursing homes)	X40	X40-02	В	Medium	С	Eddie Hoffman Highway
Injection wells (Class V) Industrial Process Water & Water Disposal Wells	D40	D40-01	С	High	С	River City Services
Injection wells (Class V) Industrial Process Water & Water Disposal Wells	D40	D40-02	С	High	С	Assume Yukon Kuskokwim Correctional Center not connected to municipa sewage
Wastewater Holding Tank	T22	T22-03	С	Low	С	Assume 10 or less residential wastewater holding tanks located in Zone C
Highways and roads, dirt/gravel	X24	X24-03	С	Low	С	Assume 1-20 roads located in Zone C
Highways and roads, dirt/gravel	X24	X24-04	D	Low	С	Assume 1-20 roads located in Zone D

Contaminant Source Inventory and Risk Ranking for

YKHC Bethel Hospital Sources of Nitrates/Nitrites

C22			0	Number	Comments
	C22-01	А	Low	С	YKHC Bethel Hospital
C35	C35-01	А	Low	С	Assume pharmacy located at YKHC Bethel Hospital
ne D01	D01-01	А	Medium	С	
D22	D22-01	А	Low	С	Assume incinerator located at YKHC Bethel Hospital for facility operation
T22	T22-01	А	Low	С	Assume 10 or less residential wastewater holding tanks located in Zone A
U08	U08-01	А	Low	С	Yukon Kuskokwim Delta Regional Hospital, RecKey #1992250007651, E ID 639, Facility ID 2916, site assessment identified gasoline and diesel rang petroleum hydrocarbons in the soil around the USTs.
X24	X24-01	А	Low	С	Assume 1-20 roads located in Zone A
X40	X40-01	А	Low	С	YKHC Bethel Hospital
T22	T22-02	В	Low	С	Assume 10 or less residential wastewater holding tanks located in Zone B
X24	X24-02	В	Low	С	Assume 1-20 roads located in Zone B
X40	X40-02	В	Low	С	Eddie Hoffman Highway
δ D40	D40-01	С	High	С	River City Services
δ D40	D40-02	С	High	С	Assume Yukon Kuskokwim Correctional Center not connected to municipa sewage
T22	T22-03	С	Low	С	Assume 10 or less residential wastewater holding tanks located in Zone C
X24	X24-03	С	Low	С	Assume 1-20 roads located in Zone C
X14	X14-01	D	Low	С	Bethel Municipal Airport
X24	X24-04	D	Low	С	Assume 1-20 roads located in Zone D
	xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx	Max D01 D01-01 D22 D22-01 T22 T22-01 U08 U08-01 X24 X24-01 X40 X40-01 T22 T22-02 X24 X24-02 X40 X40-02 & D40 D40 D40-02 T22 T22-03 X24 X24-03 X14 X14-01	At D01 D01-01 A D22 D22-01 A T22 T22-01 A U08 U08-01 A X24 X24-01 A X40 X40-01 A X24 X24-02 B X24 X24-02 B X40 X40-02 B \$\Lambda 40\$ D40-01 C \$\Lambda 22\$ T22-03 C \$\Lambda 24\$ X24-03 C \$\Lambda 24\$ X24-03 C	AtD01D01-01AMediumD22D22-01ALowT22T22-01ALowU08U08-01ALowX24X24-01ALowX40X40-01ALowT22T22-02BLowX24X24-02BLowX40X40-02BLowX40D40-01CHigh δ D40D40-02CHigh 122 T22-03CLowX24X24-03CLowX14X14-01DLow	M D01 D01-01 A Medium C D22 D22-01 A Low C T22 T22-01 A Low C U08 U08-01 A Low C X24 X24-01 A Low C X40 X40-01 A Low C T22 T22-02 B Low C X24 X24-02 B Low C X40 X40-02 B Low C X40 X40-02 B Low C & D40 D40-01 C High C & D40 D40-02 C High C X24 X24-03 C Low C X14 X14-01

Contaminant Source Inventory and Risk Ranking for

YKHC Bethel Hospital Sources of Volatile Organic Chemicals

Contaminant Source Type	Contaminant Source ID	CS ID tag	Zone	Risk Ranking for Analysis	Map Number	Comments
Laboratories (medical)	C21	C21-02	А	Low	С	Assume laboratory located at YKHC Bethel Hospital
Laundromats without dry cleaning	C22	C22-01	А	Low	С	YKHC Bethel Hospital
Motor /motor vehicle repair shops	C31	C31-01	А	Medium	С	YKHC Bethel Hospital
Domestic wastewater collection systems (sewer line or lift stations)	D01	D01-01	А	Low	С	
Incinerators (medical wastes)	D22	D22-01	А	Low	С	Assume incinerator located at YKHC Bethel Hospital for facility operation
Tanks, heating oil, residential (above ground)	R08	R08-01	А	Medium	С	Assume 10 or less residential heating oil tanks located in Zone A
Tanks, diesel (above ground)	T06	T06-01	А	Medium	С	YKHC Bethel Hospital, diesel
Wastewater Holding Tank	T22	T22-01	А	Medium	С	Assume 10 or less residential wastewater holding tanks located in Zone A
Contaminated sites, DEC recognized, non-Superfun non-RCRA	U04	U04-01	А	High	С	YKHC Building 600, RecKey #1996250134901, Status: Inactive, an approximate 150-gallon fuel oil spill occurred near Building 600. Contaminated soils discovered from an unrealted initial spill.
Contaminated sites, DEC recognized, non-Superfun non-RCRA	U04	U04-02	А	High	С	Yukon Kuskokwim Delta Regional Hospital, RecKey #1992250107651, Status: Active, site assessment identified gasoline and diesel range petroleur hydrocarbons in the soil around the UST.
Contaminated sites, DEC recognized, non-Superfun non-RCRA	U04	U04-03	А	High	С	Yukon Kuskokwim Health Corporation Building 600, RecKey #1996250134901, Status: Inactive, approximately 150-gallon of fuel oil sp near Building 600. Contaminated soils discovered from an unrelated initial spill.
Contaminated sites, DEC recognized, non-Superfun non-RCRA	U04	U04-04	А	High	С	Bethel Utilities Corporation Power Plant, RecKey #1995250106101, Statu Inactive, Phase II Environmental Investigation revealed contamination. Contamination remains under structure, long term monitoring established.
Closed Leaking Underground Fuel Storage Tank (LUST) Sites	U08	U08-01	А	High	С	Yukon Kuskokwim Delta Regional Hospital, RecKey #1992250007651, E ID 639, Facility ID 2916, site assessment identified gasoline and diesel rang petroleum hydrocarbons in the soil around the USTs.
Petroleum product bulk station/terminals	X11	X11-01	А	Very High	С	Assume bulk fuel station located at YKHC Bethel Hospital for facility operations
Highways and roads, dirt/gravel	X24	X24-01	А	Low	С	Assume 1-20 roads located in Zone A
Electric power generation (fossil fuels)	X36	X36-01	А	Medium	С	Bethel Utilities Company Power Plant
Electric power generation (fossil fuels)	X36	X36-02	А	Medium	С	YKHC Bethel Hospital

Table 4 (continued)

Contaminant Source Inventory and Risk Ranking for

YKHC Bethel Hospital Sources of Volatile Organic Chemicals

Contaminant Source Type	Contaminant Source ID	CS ID tag	Zone	Risk Ranking for Analysis	Map Number	Comments
Medical/veterinary facilities (doctor or dentist offices, hospitals, nursing homes)	X40	X40-01	А	Low	С	YKHC Bethel Hospital
Tanks, heating oil, residential (above ground)	R08	R08-02	В	Medium	С	Assume 10 or less residential heating oil tanks located in Zone B
Wastewater Holding Tank	T22	T22-02	В	Medium	С	Assume 10 or less residential wastewater holding tanks located in Zone B
Highways and roads, dirt/gravel	X24	X24-02	В	Low	С	Assume 1-20 roads located in Zone B
Medical/veterinary facilities (doctor or dentist offices, hospitals, nursing homes)	X40	X40-02	В	Low	С	Eddie Hoffman Highway
Injection wells (Class V) Industrial Process Water & Water Disposal Wells	D40	D40-01	С	High	С	River City Services
Injection wells (Class V) Industrial Process Water & Water Disposal Wells	D40	D40-02	С	High	С	Assume Yukon Kuskokwim Correctional Center not connected to municipa sewage
Tanks, heating oil, residential (above ground)	R08	R08-03	С	Medium	С	Assume 10 or less residential heating oil tanks located in Zone C
Tanks, diesel (underground)	T08	T08-01	С	High	С	Yukon Kuskokwim Correctional Center
Closed tanks, gasoline (underground)	T13	T13-01	С	Medium	С	USFWS Yukon Delta
Closed tanks, gasoline (underground)	T13	T13-02	С	Medium	С	USFWS Yukon Delta
Wastewater Holding Tank	T22	T22-03	С	Medium	С	Assume 10 or less residential wastewater holding tanks located in Zone C
Highways and roads, dirt/gravel	X24	X24-03	С	Low	С	Assume 1-20 roads located in Zone C
Airports	X14	X14-01	D	High	С	Bethel Municipal Airport
Highways and roads, dirt/gravel	X24	X24-04	D	Low	С	Assume 1-20 roads located in Zone D

Contaminant Source Inventory and Risk Ranking for

PWSID 271083.001

YKHC Bethel Hospital Sources of Heavy Metals, Cyanide and Other Inorganic Chemicals

Contaminant Source Type	Contaminant Source ID	CS ID tag	Zone	Risk Ranking for Analysis	Map Number	Comments
Laboratories (medical)	C21	C21-02	А	Low	С	Assume laboratory located at YKHC Bethel Hospital
Motor /motor vehicle repair shops	C31	C31-01	А	Medium	С	YKHC Bethel Hospital
Pharmacies (with on-site wastewater disposal)	C35	C35-01	А	Low	С	Assume pharmacy located at YKHC Bethel Hospital
Domestic wastewater collection systems (sewer line or lift stations)	D01	D01-01	А	Low	С	
Incinerators (medical wastes)	D22	D22-01	А	High	С	Assume incinerator located at YKHC Bethel Hospital for facility operation
Wastewater Holding Tank	T22	T22-01	А	Medium	С	Assume 10 or less residential wastewater holding tanks located in Zone A
Contaminated sites, DEC recognized, non-Superfun non-RCRA	U04	U04-01	А	Low	С	YKHC Building 600, RecKey #1996250134901, Status: Inactive, an approximate 150-gallon fuel oil spill occurred near Building 600. Contaminated soils discovered from an unrealted initial spill.
Contaminated sites, DEC recognized, non-Superfun non-RCRA	U04	U04-02	А	Low	С	Yukon Kuskokwim Delta Regional Hospital, RecKey #1992250107651, Status: Active, site assessment identified gasoline and diesel range petroleur hydrocarbons in the soil around the UST.
Contaminated sites, DEC recognized, non-Superfun non-RCRA	U04	U04-03	А	Low	С	Yukon Kuskokwim Health Corporation Building 600, RecKey #1996250134901, Status: Inactive, approximately 150-gallon of fuel oil sp near Building 600. Contaminated soils discovered from an unrelated initial spill.
Contaminated sites, DEC recognized, non-Superfun non-RCRA	U04	U04-04	А	Low	С	Bethel Utilities Corporation Power Plant, RecKey #1995250106101, Statu Inactive, Phase II Environmental Investigation revealed contamination. Contamination remains under structure, long term monitoring established.
Closed Leaking Underground Fuel Storage Tank (LUST) Sites	U08	U08-01	А	Low	С	Yukon Kuskokwim Delta Regional Hospital, RecKey #1992250007651, E ID 639, Facility ID 2916, site assessment identified gasoline and diesel rang petroleum hydrocarbons in the soil around the USTs.
Glycol (disposal or storage)	X07	X07-01	А	Low	С	YKHC Bethel Hospital
Petroleum product bulk station/terminals	X11	X11-01	А	Low	С	Assume bulk fuel station located at YKHC Bethel Hospital for facility operations
Highways and roads, dirt/gravel	X24	X24-01	А	Low	С	Assume 1-20 roads located in Zone A
Electric power generation (fossil fuels)	X36	X36-01	А	Medium	С	Bethel Utilities Company Power Plant
Electric power generation (fossil fuels)	X36	X36-02	А	Medium	С	YKHC Bethel Hospital
Medical/veterinary facilities (doctor or dentist offices, hospitals, nursing homes)	X40	X40-01	А	Low	С	YKHC Bethel Hospital

Contaminant Source Inventory and Risk Ranking for

PWSID 271083.001

YKHC Bethel Hospital Sources of Heavy Metals, Cyanide and Other Inorganic Chemicals

Contaminant Source Type	Contaminant Source ID	CS ID tag	Zone	Risk Ranking for Analysis	Map Number	Comments
Wastewater Holding Tank	T22	T22-02	В	Medium	С	Assume 10 or less residential wastewater holding tanks located in Zone B
Highways and roads, dirt/gravel	X24	X24-02	В	Low	С	Assume 1-20 roads located in Zone B
Medical/veterinary facilities (doctor or dentist offices, hospitals, nursing homes)	X40	X40-02	В	Low	С	Eddie Hoffman Highway
Injection wells (Class V) Industrial Process Water & Water Disposal Wells	D40	D40-01	С	High	С	River City Services
Injection wells (Class V) Industrial Process Water & Water Disposal Wells	D40	D40-02	С	High	С	Assume Yukon Kuskokwim Correctional Center not connected to municipa sewage
Wastewater Holding Tank	T22	T22-03	С	Medium	С	Assume 10 or less residential wastewater holding tanks located in Zone C
Highways and roads, dirt/gravel	X24	X24-03	С	Low	С	Assume 1-20 roads located in Zone C
Airports	X14	X14-01	D	Low	С	Bethel Municipal Airport
Highways and roads, dirt/gravel	X24	X24-04	D	Low	С	Assume 1-20 roads located in Zone D

Contaminant Source Inventory and Risk Ranking for

YKHC Bethel Hospital Sources of Synthetic Organic Chemicals

Contaminant Source Type	Contaminant Source ID	CS ID tag	Zone	Risk Ranking for Analysis	Map Number	Comments
Domestic wastewater collection systems (sewer line or lift stations)	D01	D01-01	А	Low	С	
Incinerators (medical wastes)	D22	D22-01	А	Medium	С	Assume incinerator located at YKHC Bethel Hospital for facility operation
Contaminated sites, DEC recognized, non-Superfun non-RCRA	U04	U04-01	А	Low	С	YKHC Building 600, RecKey #1996250134901, Status: Inactive, an approximate 150-gallon fuel oil spill occurred near Building 600. Contaminated soils discovered from an unrealted initial spill.
Contaminated sites, DEC recognized, non-Superfun non-RCRA	U04	U04-02	А	Low	С	Yukon Kuskokwim Delta Regional Hospital, RecKey #1992250107651, Status: Active, site assessment identified gasoline and diesel range petroleur hydrocarbons in the soil around the UST.
Contaminated sites, DEC recognized, non-Superfun non-RCRA	U04	U04-03	А	Low	С	Yukon Kuskokwim Health Corporation Building 600, RecKey #1996250134901, Status: Inactive, approximately 150-gallon of fuel oil sp near Building 600. Contaminated soils discovered from an unrelated initial spill.
Contaminated sites, DEC recognized, non-Superfun non-RCRA	U04	U04-04	А	Low	С	Bethel Utilities Corporation Power Plant, RecKey #1995250106101, Statu Inactive, Phase II Environmental Investigation revealed contamination. Contamination remains under structure, long term monitoring established.
Closed Leaking Underground Fuel Storage Tank (LUST) Sites	U08	U08-01	А	Low	С	Yukon Kuskokwim Delta Regional Hospital, RecKey #1992250007651, E ID 639, Facility ID 2916, site assessment identified gasoline and diesel rang petroleum hydrocarbons in the soil around the USTs.
Petroleum product bulk station/terminals	X11	X11-01	А	Low	С	Assume bulk fuel station located at YKHC Bethel Hospital for facility operations
Medical/veterinary facilities (doctor or dentist offices, hospitals, nursing homes)	X40	X40-01	А	Low	С	YKHC Bethel Hospital
Medical/veterinary facilities (doctor or dentist offices, hospitals, nursing homes)	X40	X40-02	В	Low	С	Eddie Hoffman Highway
Airports	X14	X14-01	D	Medium	С	Bethel Municipal Airport

Contaminant Source Inventory and Risk Ranking for

YKHC Bethel Hospital Sources of Other Organic Chemicals

Contaminant Source Type	Contaminant Source ID	CS ID tag	Zone	Risk Ranking for Analysis	Map Number	Comments
Motor /motor vehicle repair shops	C31	C31-01	А	Medium	С	YKHC Bethel Hospital
Domestic wastewater collection systems (sewer line or lift stations)	D01	D01-01	А	Low	С	
Incinerators (medical wastes)	D22	D22-01	А	Very High	С	Assume incinerator located at YKHC Bethel Hospital for facility operation
Wastewater Holding Tank	T22	T22-01	А	Medium	С	Assume 10 or less residential wastewater holding tanks located in Zone A
Contaminated sites, DEC recognized, non-Superfun non-RCRA	U04	U04-01	А	Low	С	YKHC Building 600, RecKey #1996250134901, Status: Inactive, an approximate 150-gallon fuel oil spill occurred near Building 600. Contaminated soils discovered from an unrealted initial spill.
Contaminated sites, DEC recognized, non-Superfun non-RCRA	U04	U04-02	А	Low	С	Yukon Kuskokwim Delta Regional Hospital, RecKey #1992250107651, Status: Active, site assessment identified gasoline and diesel range petroleur hydrocarbons in the soil around the UST.
Contaminated sites, DEC recognized, non-Superfun non-RCRA	U04	U04-03	А	Low	С	Yukon Kuskokwim Health Corporation Building 600, RecKey #1996250134901, Status: Inactive, approximately 150-gallon of fuel oil sp near Building 600. Contaminated soils discovered from an unrelated initial spill.
Contaminated sites, DEC recognized, non-Superfun non-RCRA	U04	U04-04	А	Low	С	Bethel Utilities Corporation Power Plant, RecKey #1995250106101, Statu Inactive, Phase II Environmental Investigation revealed contamination. Contamination remains under structure, long term monitoring established.
Closed Leaking Underground Fuel Storage Tank (LUST) Sites	U08	U08-01	А	Low	С	Yukon Kuskokwim Delta Regional Hospital, RecKey #1992250007651, E ID 639, Facility ID 2916, site assessment identified gasoline and diesel rang petroleum hydrocarbons in the soil around the USTs.
Petroleum product bulk station/terminals	X11	X11-01	А	High	С	Assume bulk fuel station located at YKHC Bethel Hospital for facility operations
Highways and roads, dirt/gravel	X24	X24-01	А	Low	С	Assume 1-20 roads located in Zone A
Electric power generation (fossil fuels)	X36	X36-01	А	High	С	Bethel Utilities Company Power Plant
Electric power generation (fossil fuels)	X36	X36-02	А	High	С	YKHC Bethel Hospital
Wastewater Holding Tank	T22	T22-02	В	Medium	С	Assume 10 or less residential wastewater holding tanks located in Zone B
Highways and roads, dirt/gravel	X24	X24-02	В	Low	С	Assume 1-20 roads located in Zone B
Injection wells (Class V) Industrial Process Water & Water Disposal Wells	D40	D40-01	С	High	С	River City Services
Injection wells (Class V) Industrial Process Water & Water Disposal Wells	D40	D40-02	С	High	С	Assume Yukon Kuskokwim Correctional Center not connected to municipa sewage

Table 7 (continued)

Contaminant Source Inventory and Risk Ranking for

PWSID 271083.001

YKHC Bethel Hospital Sources of Other Organic Chemicals

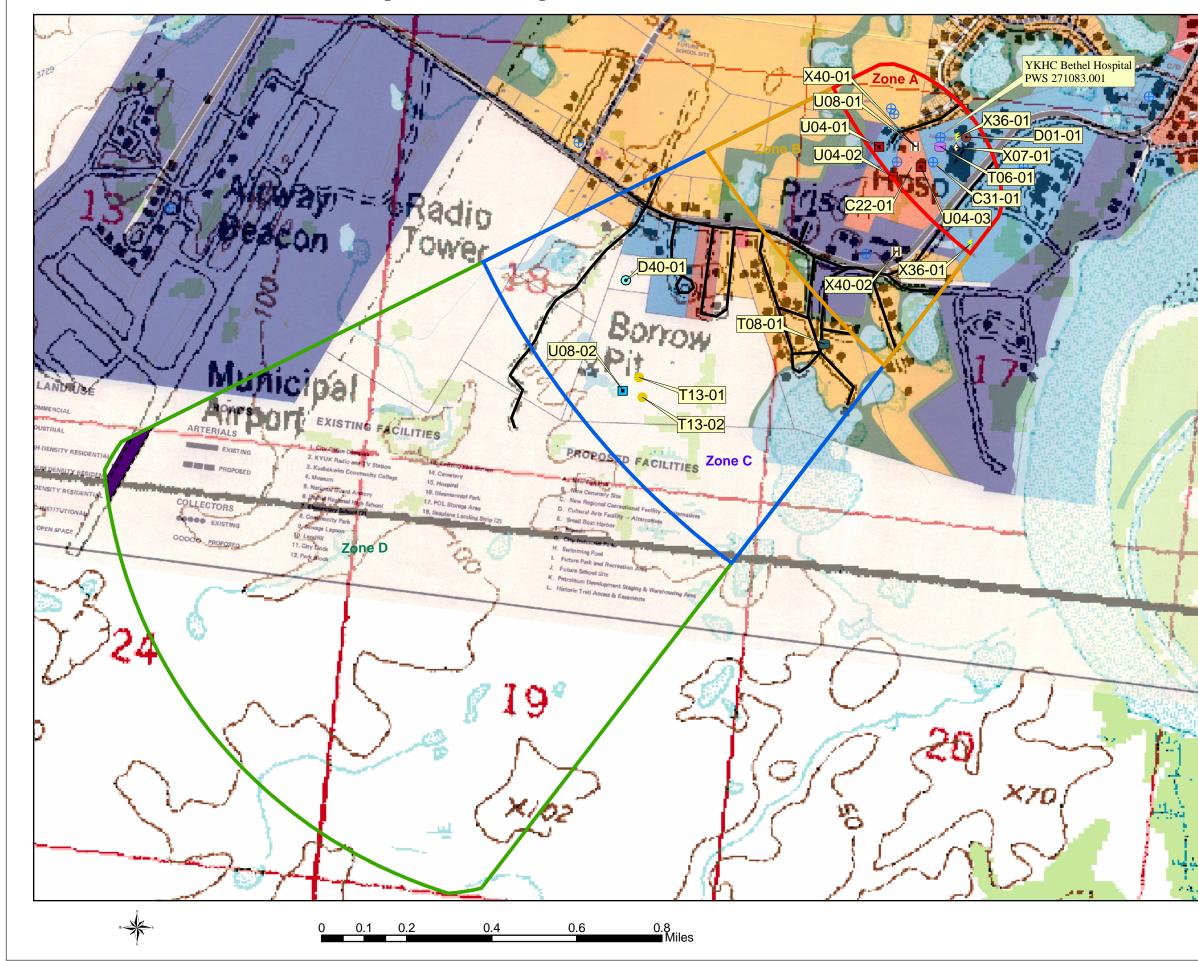
Contaminant Source Type	Contaminant Source ID	CS ID tag	Zone	Risk Ranking for Analysis	Map Number	Comments
Wastewater Holding Tank	T22	T22-03	С	Medium	С	Assume 10 or less residential wastewater holding tanks located in Zone C
Highways and roads, dirt/gravel	X24	X24-03	С	Low	С	Assume 1-20 roads located in Zone C
Airports	X14	X14-01	D	Medium	С	Bethel Municipal Airport
Highways and roads, dirt/gravel	X24	X24-04	D	Low	С	Assume 1-20 roads located in Zone D

APPENDIX C

Drinking Water Protection Area and Potential and Existing Contaminant Sources (Map C)

Public Water Well System for PWS #271083.001 YKHC Bethel Hospital

Showing Potential and Existing Sources of Contamination



	GEND	
+	Public Water System Well	
Grou	ndwater Protection	<u>Zones</u>
	Zone A Protection Area- S	everal Months Travel Time
	Zone B Protection Area- 2	Years Travel Time
	Zone C Protection Area- 5	Years Travel Time
	Zone D Protection Area-1	0 Years Travel Time or Watershed Boundary
Hydr	ography/Physical	<u>Transportation</u>
	Parcels	Primary Route (Class 1)
$ \sim$	Stream	Secondary Route (Class 2)
	Lake or Pond	Road (Class 3)
$ \sim$	Contours	Road (Class 4)
		Road (Class 5, Four-wheel drive)
		Road Ferry Crossing
Exist	ing or Potential Con	ntaminant Sources
A	Laundromats without dry	cleaning service (C22)
-	Motor/motor vehicle repai	r shop (C31)
•	Domestic Wastewater col	lection systems (sewer lines or lift stations) (D01)
•	Injection wells (Class V) I	ndustrial Process Water and Water Disposal Wells (D40)
8	Tanks, diesel (abovegrour	nd) (T06)
•	Tanks, diesel (undergrour	nd) (T08)
8	Closed tanks, gasoline (u	nderground) (T13)
•	Contaminated sites, DEC	recognized, non-Superfund, non-RCRA (U04)
	Closed Leaking Undergro (lubricants or other petrole	und Fuel Storage Tank (LUST)
F	Electric power generation	
, r	Medical/veterinary facilitie	. ,
	Airport or Landing Strip (
	J	
Data	Sources:	
		blic Water System Wells, Contours
		vironmental Conservation (ADEC) Emergency Management Agency (FEMA)
All oth	ier data:	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
	ed States Geological	Survey (USGS) Areas based on "Alaska Drinking
- 011		- Guidance Manual for Class A
Wat		
	lic Water Systems" pu	
Pub		quarantee the accuracy or validity
Pub URS (guarantee the accuracy or validity
Pub URS (Corporation does not g	
Pub URS (of the	Corporation does not o data provided.	guarantee the accuracy or validity Upper Kalskag ^{Aniak} Napamiute
Pub URS (of the	Corporation does not o data provided.	Upper Kalskag ^{Aniak} Napamiute Tuluksak
Pub URS (of the	Corporation does not of data provided.	Upper Kalskag ^{Aniak} Napamiute Tuluksak Akiak Area of Map 1
Pub URS (of the	Corporation does not of data provided.	Upper Kalskag ^{Aniak} Napamiute Tuluksak Akiak Akiak Mei Kwethluk
Pub URS (of the	Corporation does not of data provided.	Upper Kalskag ^{Anlak} Napamiute Tuluksak Akiak Akiak Mei Kwethluk
Pub URS (of the	1 Atmautluak Kasigluk Napakiak OscarvilleNap rnak	Upper Kalskag ^{Anlak} Napamiute Tuluksak Akiak Akiak Mei Kwethluk
Pub URS (of the Newtor Chefo	Corporation does not of data provided.	Upper Kalskag ^{Aniak} Napamiute Tuluksak Akiak Akiak Mei Kwethluk
Pub URS (of the	Corporation does not of data provided.	Upper Kalskag ^{Aniak} Napamiute Tuluksak Akiak hel Kwethluk askiak
Pub URS (of the	Corporation does not of data provided.	Upper Kalskag ^{Aniak} Napamiute Tuluksak Akiak hel Kwethluk askiak
Pub URS (of the	Corporation does not of data provided.	Upper Kalskag ^{Aniak} Napamiute Tuluksak Akiak hel Kwethluk askiak
Pub URS (of the Newcor Chefo	Corporation does not of data provided.	Upper Kalskag ^{Aniak} Napamiute Tuluksak Akiak hel Kwethluk askiak

PWS 271083.001 Appendix C Map C

APPENDIX D

Vulnerability Analysis for Public Drinking Water Source (Charts 1-14)

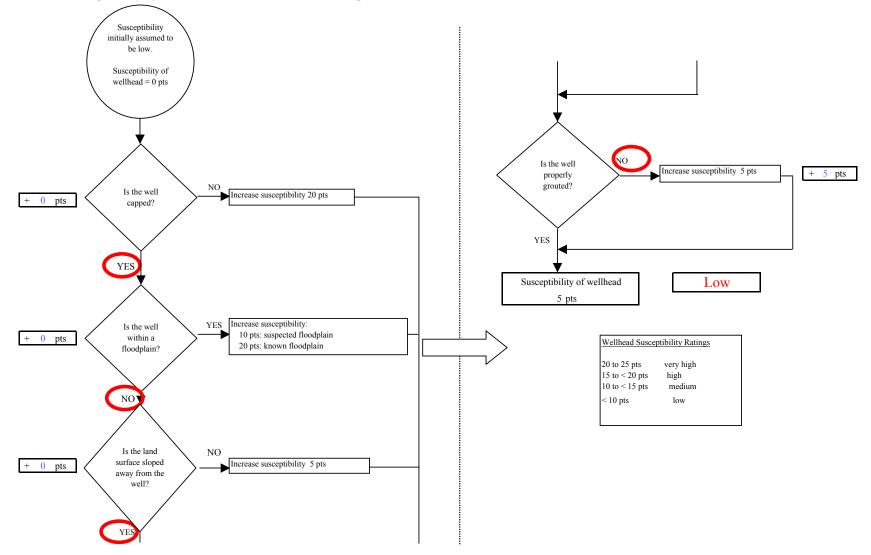


Chart 1. Susceptibility of the wellhead - YKHC Bethel Hospital (PWS No. 271083.001)

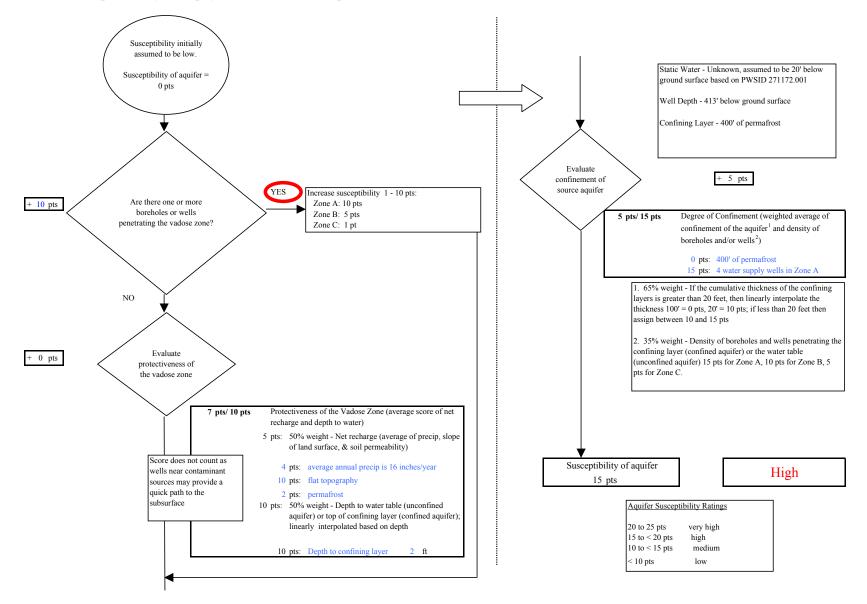


Chart 2. Susceptibility of the aquifer YKHC Bethel Hospital (PWS No. 271083.001)

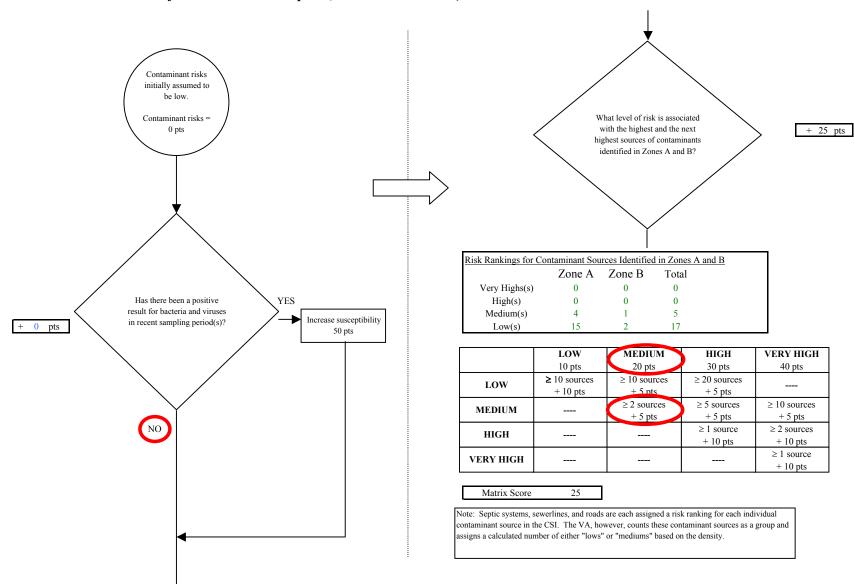


Chart 3. Contaminant risks for YKHC Bethel Hospital (PWS No. 271083.001) - Bacteria & Viruses

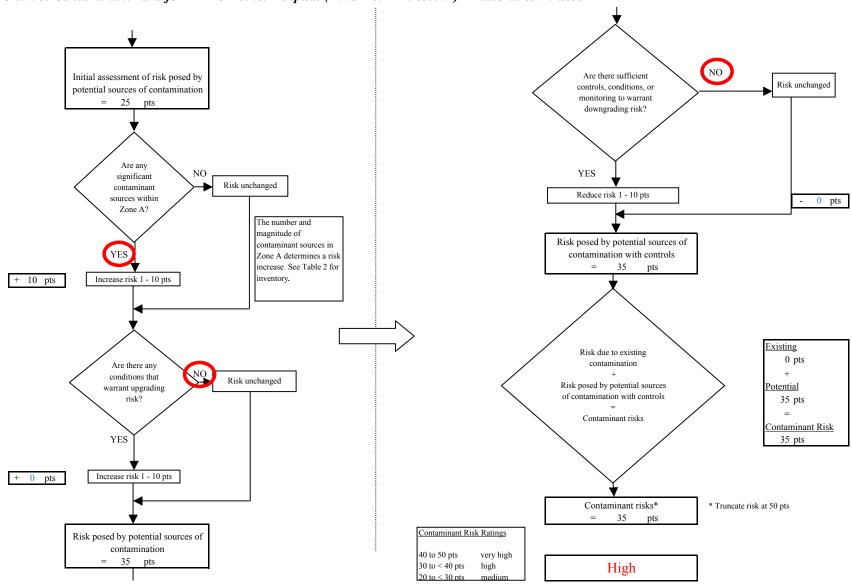


Chart 3. Contaminant risks for YKHC Bethel Hospital (PWS No. 271083.001) - Bacteria & Viruses

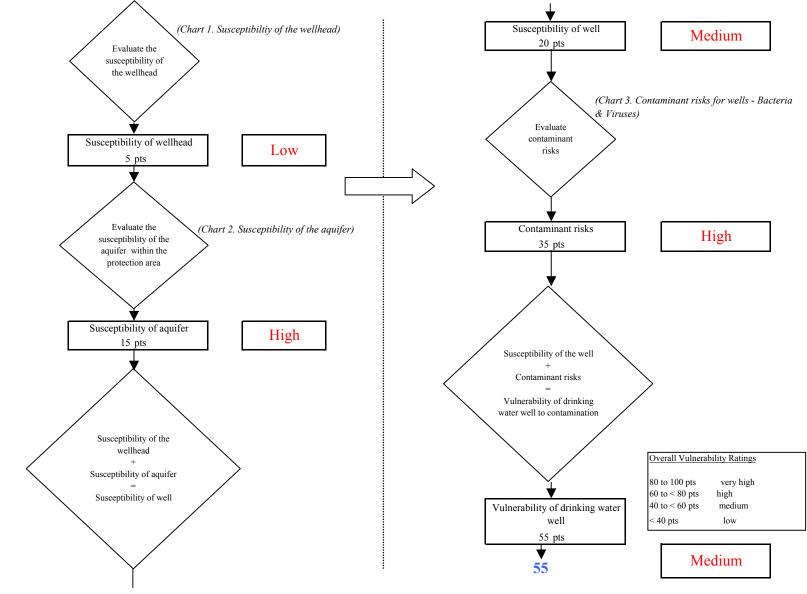


Chart 4. Vulnerability analysis for YKHC Bethel Hospital (PWS No. 271083.001) - Bacteria & Viruses

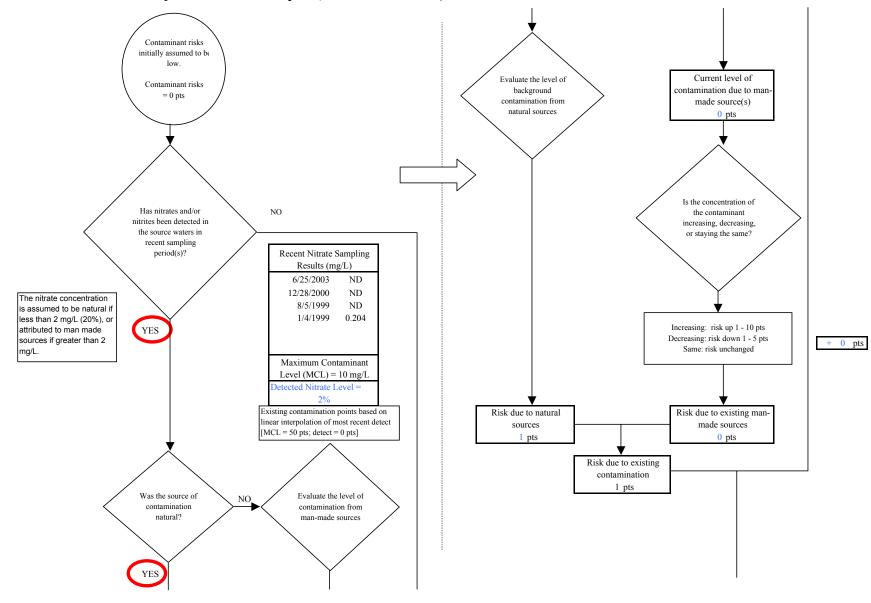


Chart 5. Contaminant risks for YKHC Bethel Hospital (PWS No. 271083.001) - Nitrates and Nitrites

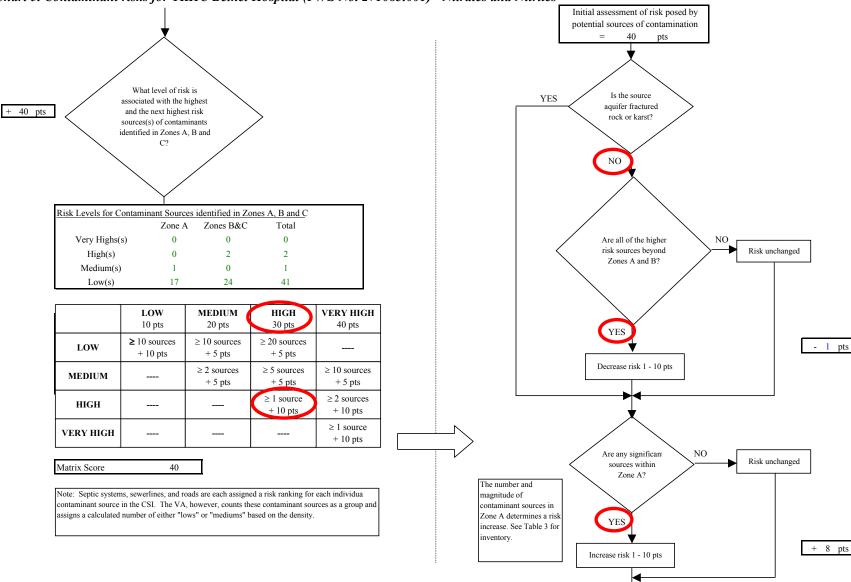


Chart 5. Contaminant risks for YKHC Bethel Hospital (PWS No. 271083.001) - Nitrates and Nitrites

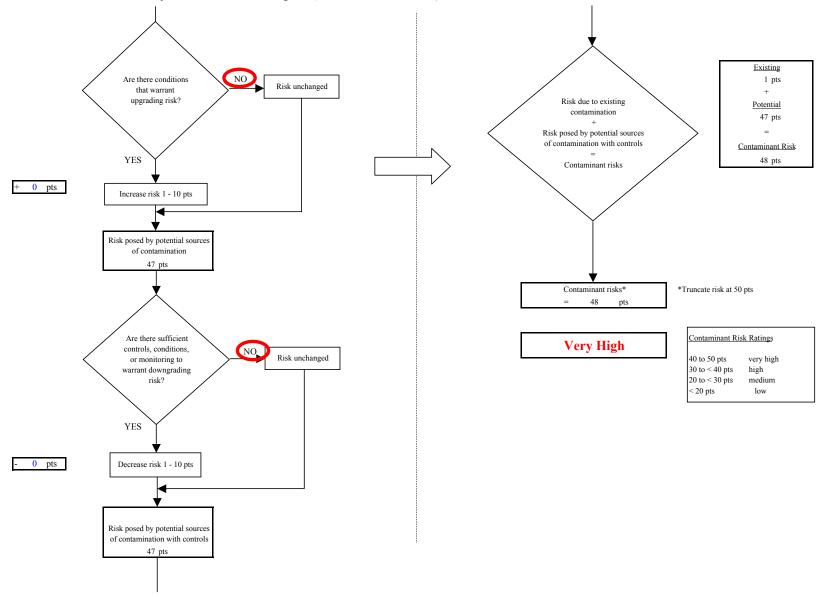


Chart 5. Contaminant risks for YKHC Bethel Hospital (PWS No. 271083.001) - Nitrates and Nitrites

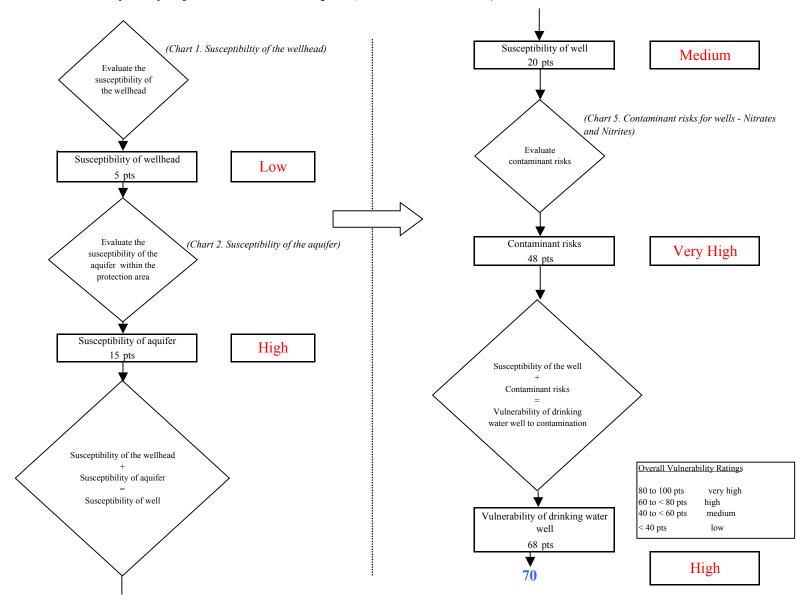


Chart 6. Vulnerability analysis for YKHC Bethel Hospital (PWS No. 271083.001) - Nitrates and Nitrites

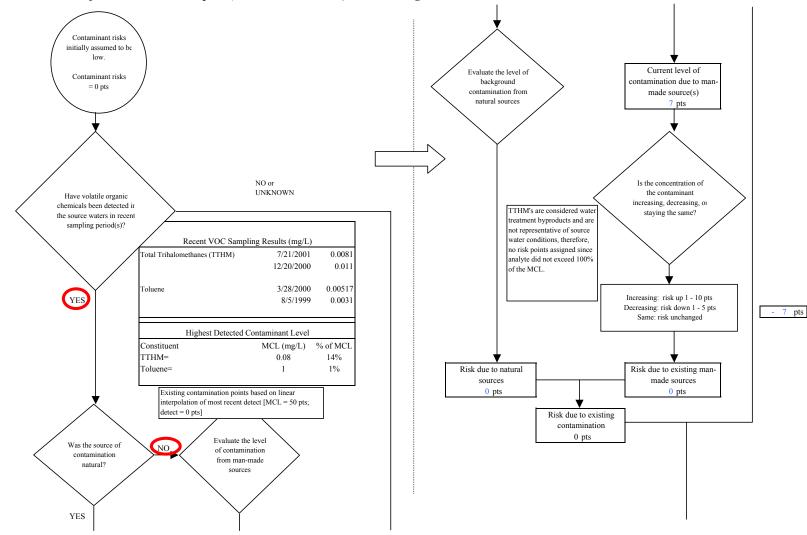


Chart 7. Contaminant risks for YKHC Bethel Hospital (PWS No. 271083.001) - Volatile Organic Chemicals

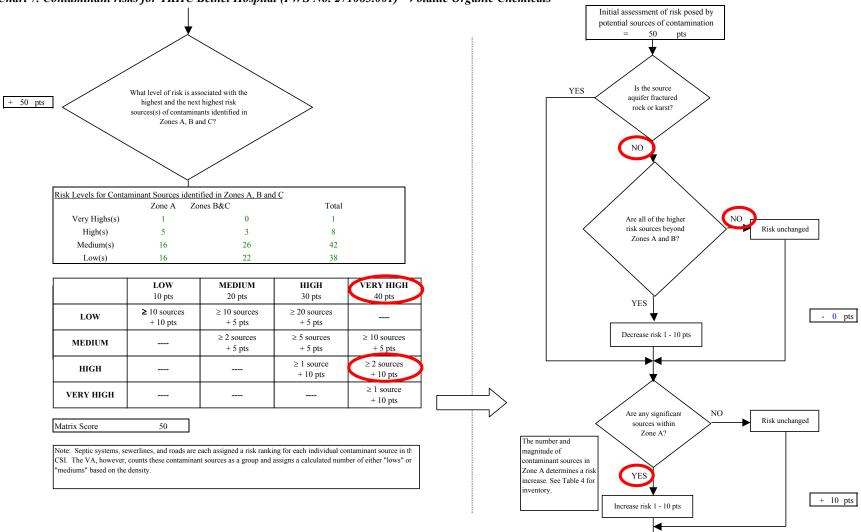


Chart 7. Contaminant risks for YKHC Bethel Hospital (PWS No. 271083.001) - Volatile Organic Chemicals



Chart 7. Contaminant risks for YKHC Bethel Hospital (PWS No. 271083.001) - Volatile Organic Chemicals

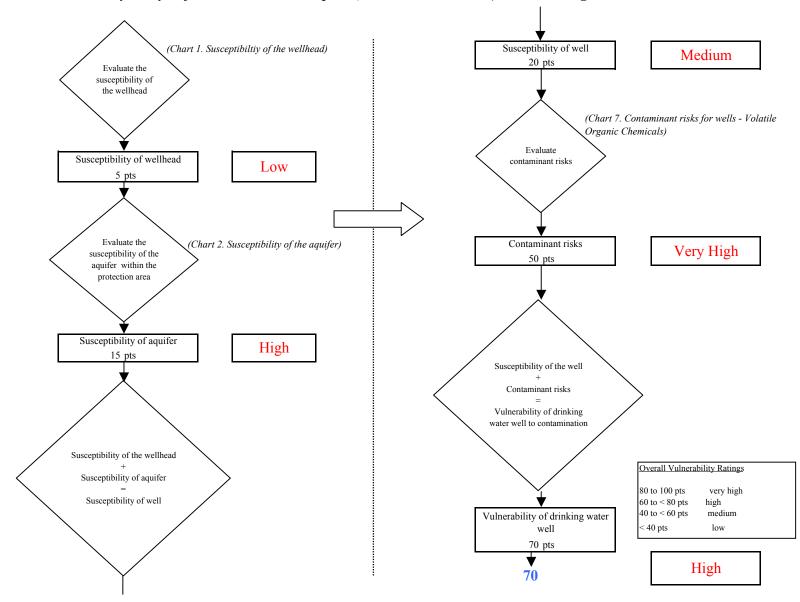
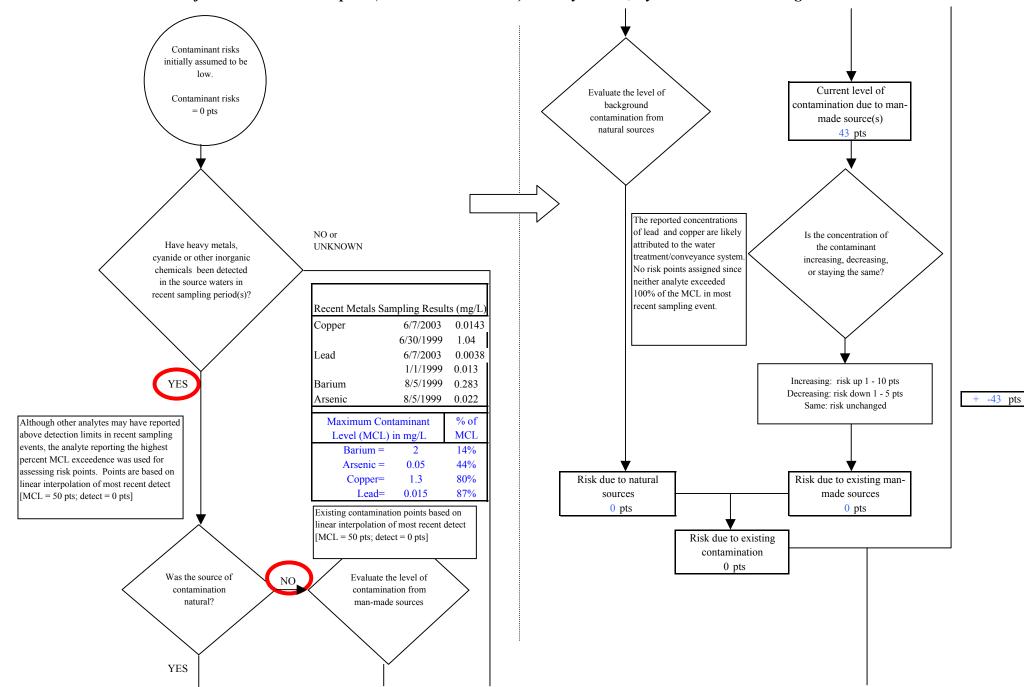


Chart 8. Vulnerability analysis for YKHC Bethel Hospital (PWS No. 271083.001) - Volatile Organic Chemicals

Chart 9. Contaminant risks for YKHC Bethel Hospital (PWS No. 271083.001) - Heavy Metals, Cyanide and Other Inorganic Chemicals



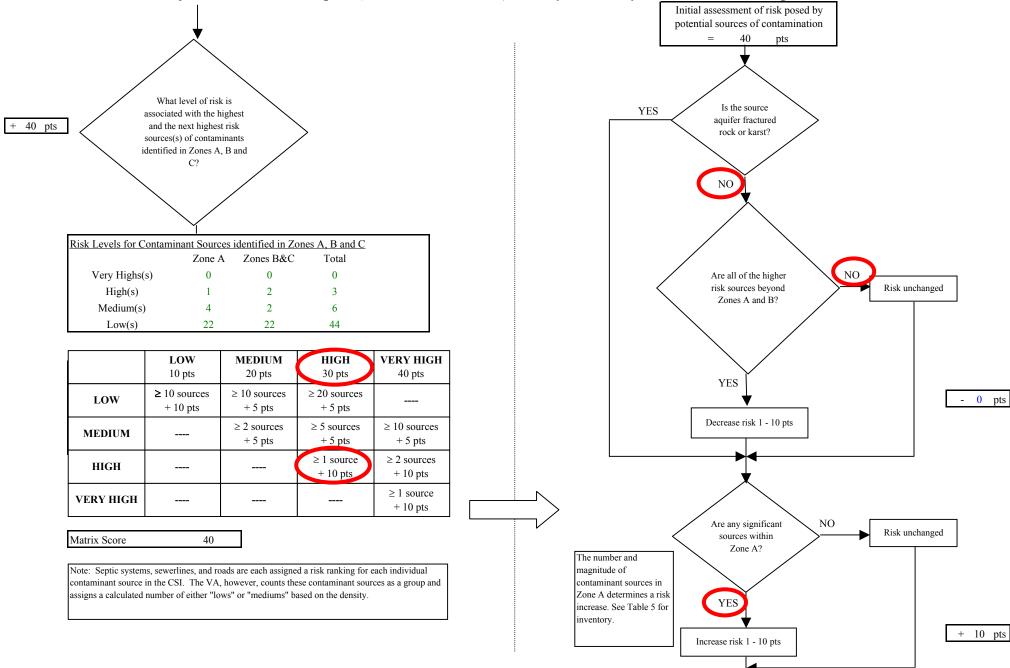


Chart 9. Contaminant risks for YKHC Bethel Hospital (PWS No. 271083.001) - Heavy Metals, Cyanide and Other Inorganic Chemicals

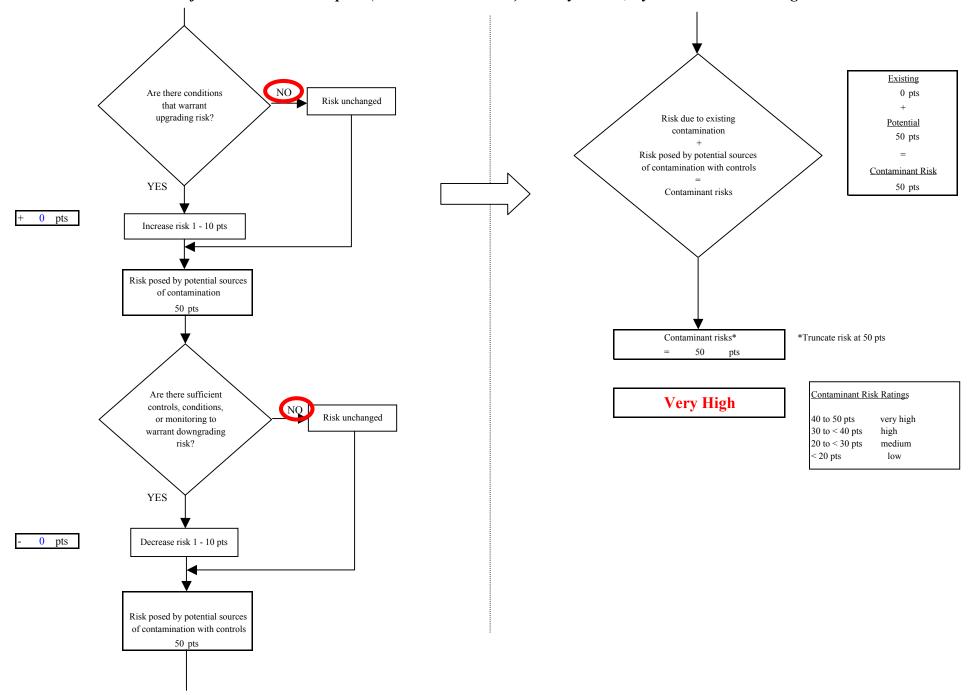


Chart 9. Contaminant risks for YKHC Bethel Hospital (PWS No. 271083.001) - Heavy Metals, Cyanide and Other Inorganic Chemicals

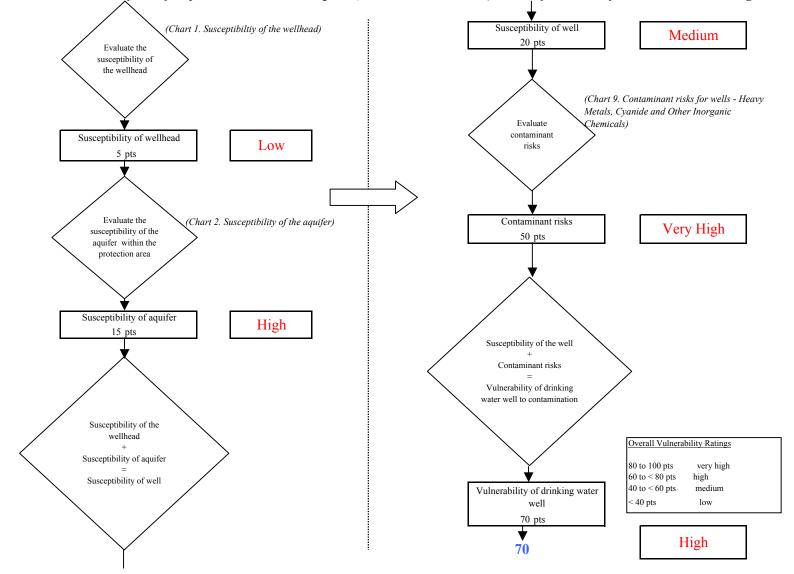
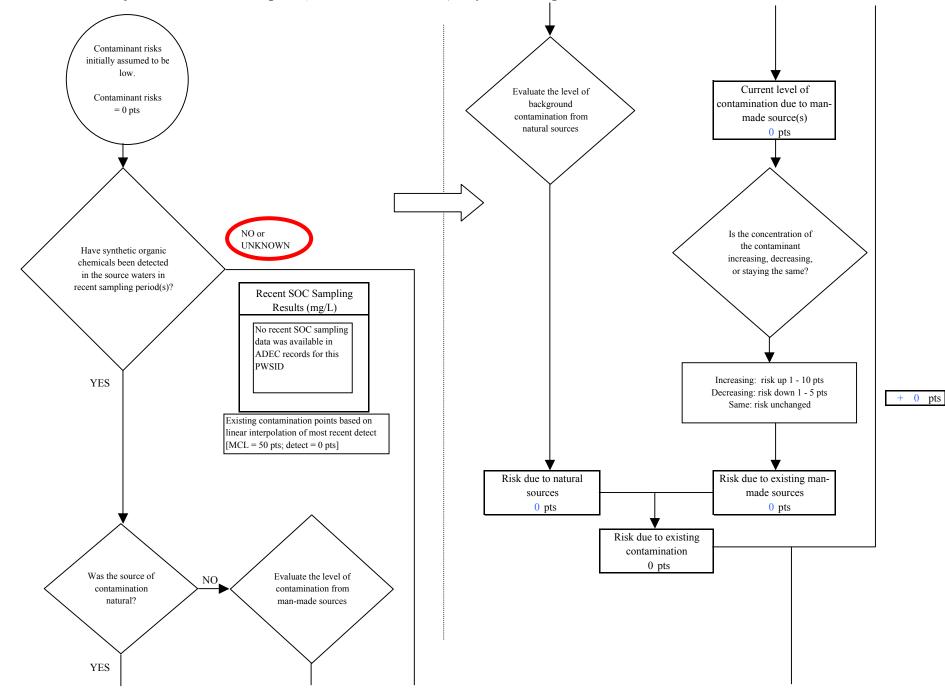


Chart 10. Vulnerability analysis for YKHC Bethel Hospital (PWS No. 271083.001) - Heavy Metals, Cyanide and Other Inorganic Chemicals





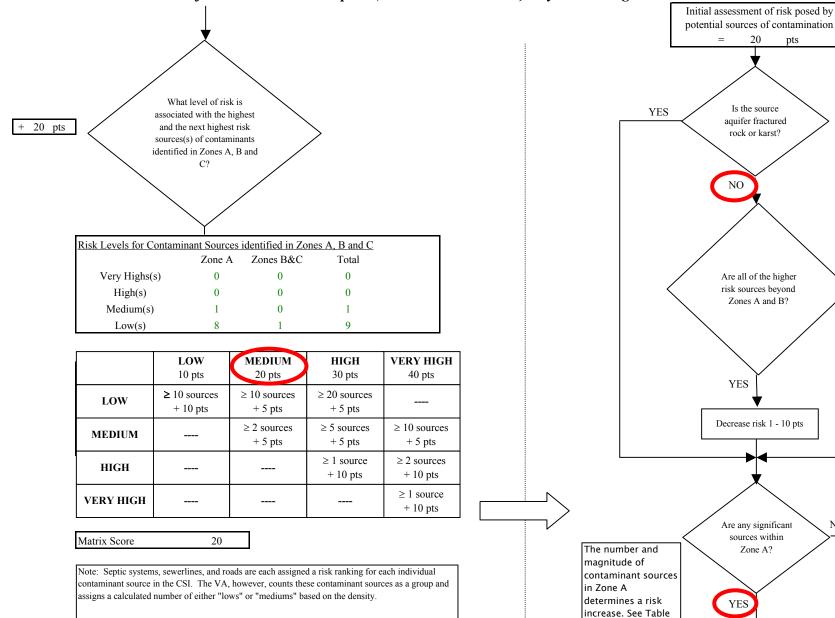


Chart 11. Contaminant risks for YKHC Bethel Hospital (PWS No. 271083.001) - Synthetic Organic Chemicals

6 for inventory.

pts

NO

NO

Increase risk 1 - 10 pts

Risk unchanged

Risk unchanged

- 0 pts

+ 5 pts

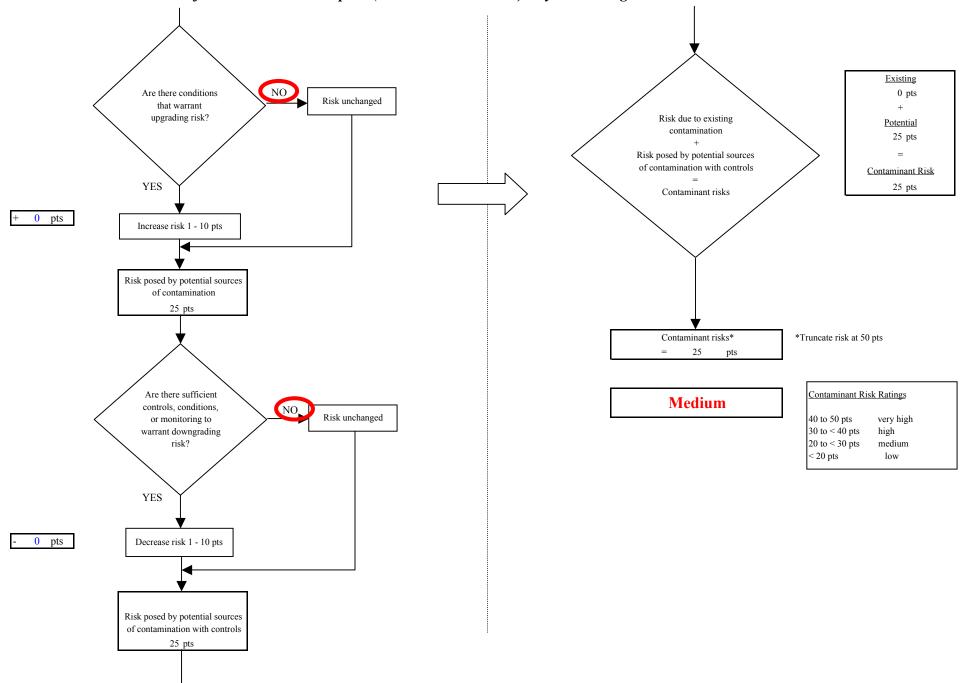


Chart 11. Contaminant risks for YKHC Bethel Hospital (PWS No. 271083.001) - Synthetic Organic Chemicals

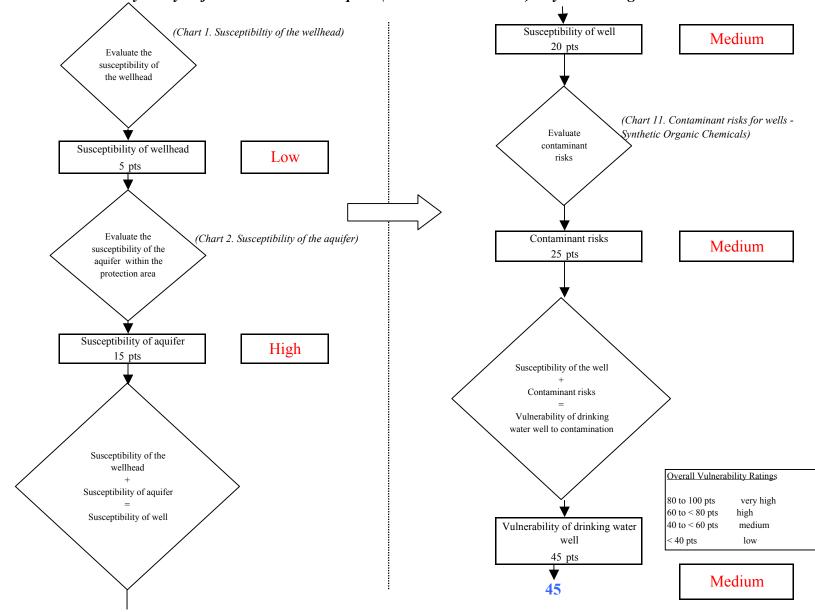
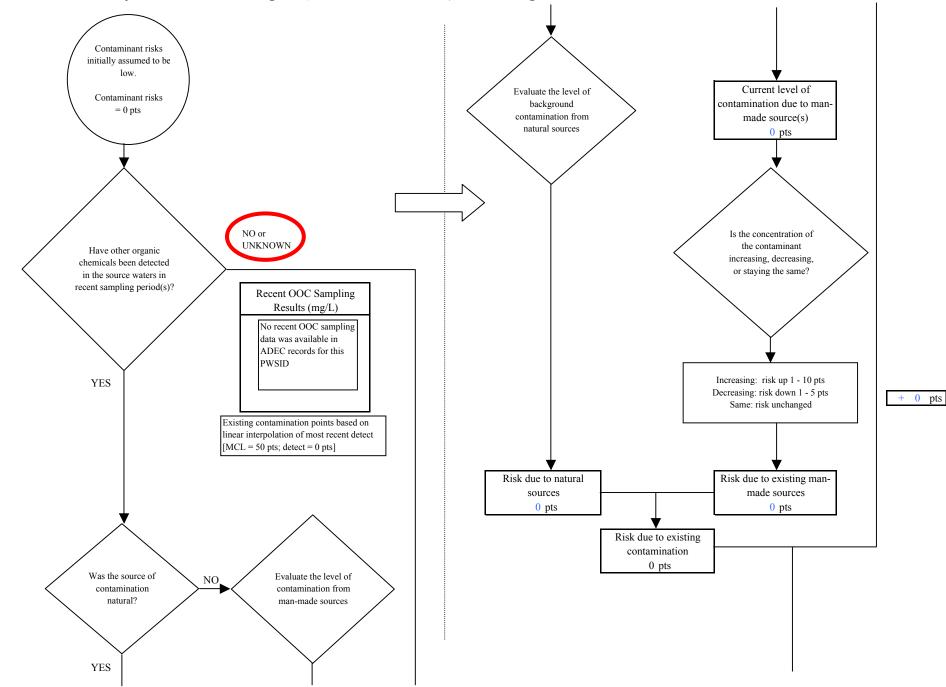


Chart 12. Vulnerability analysis for YKHC Bethel Hospital (PWS No. 271083.001) - Synthetic Organic Chemicals





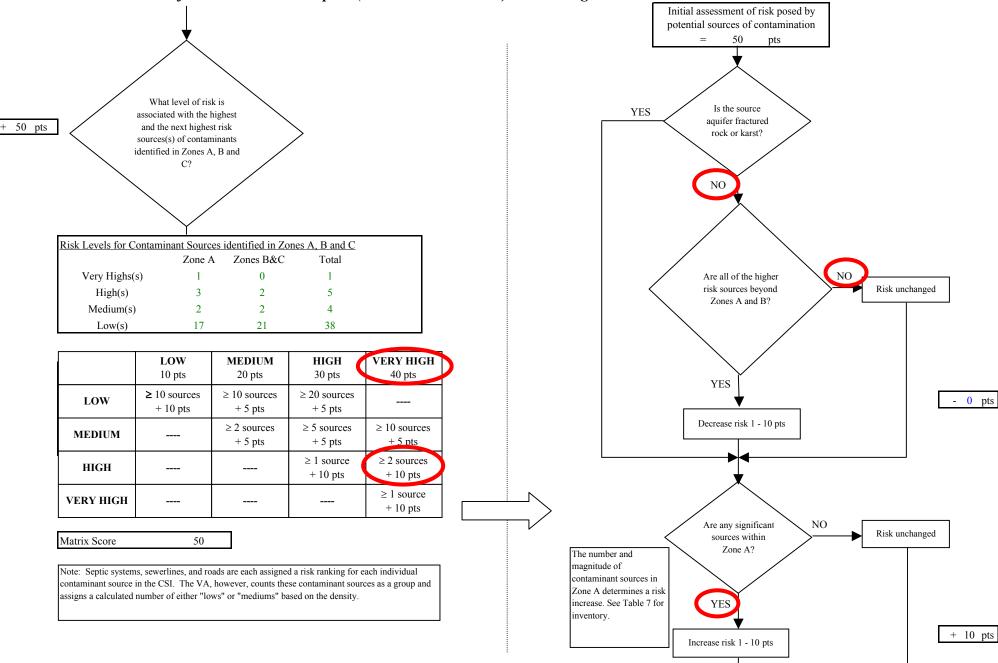
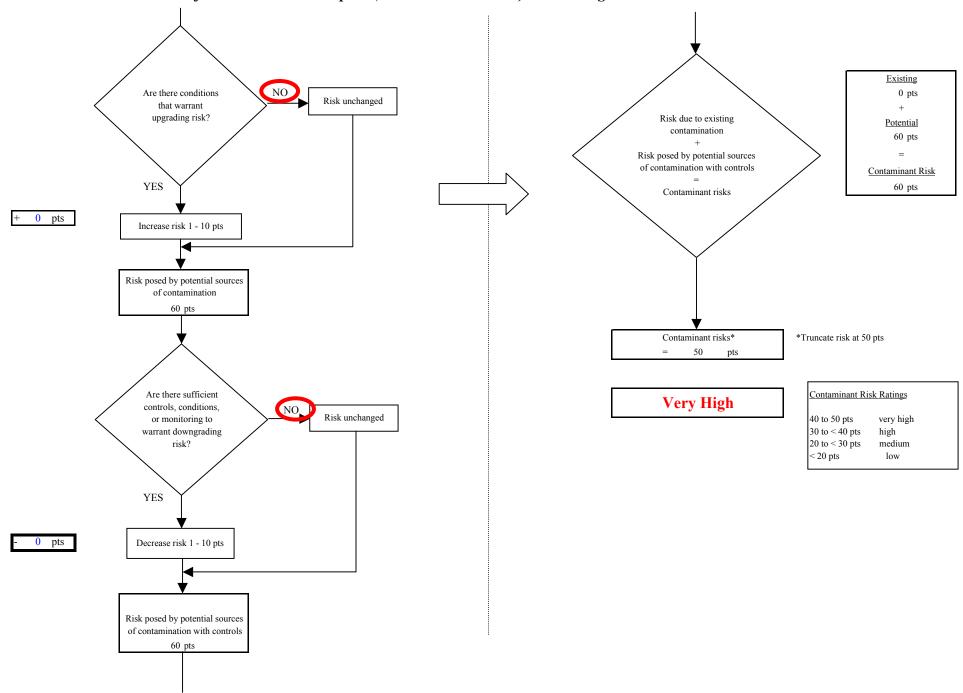


Chart 13. Contaminant risks for YKHC Bethel Hospital (PWS No. 271083.001) - Other Organic Chemicals

Chart 13. Contaminant risks for YKHC Bethel Hospital (PWS No. 271083.001) - Other Organic Chemicals



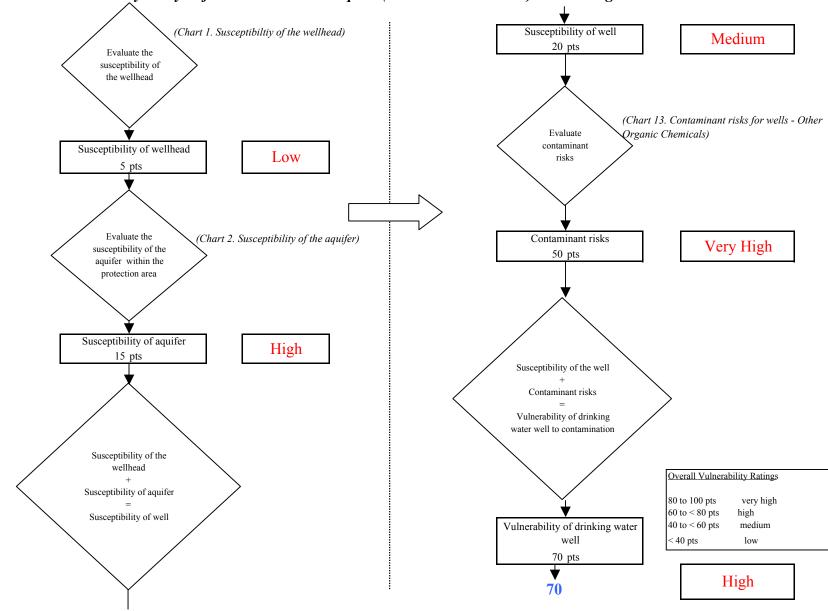


Chart 14. Vulnerability analysis for YKHC Bethel Hospital (PWS No. 271083.001) - Other Organic Chemicals