



Source Water Assessment

A Hydrogeologic Susceptibility and Vulnerability Assessment for Alaska Commercial Store Drinking Water System, Bethel, Alaska

PWSID # 270427.001

April 2004

DRINKING WATER PROTECTION PROGRAM REPORT 1092 Alaska Department of Environmental Conservation

Source Water Assessment for Alaska Commercial Store Drinking Water System Bethel, Alaska

PWSID # 270427.001

DRINKING WATER PROTECTION PROGRAM REPORT 1092

The Drinking Water Protection Program (DWPP) is producing Source Water Assessments in compliance with the Safe Drinking Water Act Amendments of 1996. Each assessment includes a delineation of the source water area, an inventory of potential and existing contaminant sources that may impact the water, a risk ranking for each of these contaminants, and an evaluation of the potential vulnerability of these drinking water sources.

These assessments are intended to provide public water systems owners/operators, communities, and local governments with the best available information that may be used to protect the quality of their drinking water. The assessments combine information obtained from various sources, including the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Alaska Department of Environmental Conservation (ADEC), public water system owners/operators, and other public information sources. The results of this assessment are subject to change if additional data becomes available. It is anticipated this assessment will be updated every five years to reflect any changes in the vulnerability and/or susceptibility of public drinking water source. If you have any additional information that may affect the results of this assessment, please contact the Program Coordinator of DWPP, (907) 269-7521.

CONTENTS

PUBLIC DRIN	SUMMARY1 IKING WATER SYSTEM1 ATER PROTECTION AREA2	INVENTORY OF POTENTIAL AND EXISTING CONTAMINANT SOURCES			
	TAB	I FC			
	IAD	LES			
Table 2. Susce Table 3. Conta	eptibilityaminant Risks				
	APPEN	DICES			
APPENDIX	A. Alaska Commercial Store Drinking	Water Protection Area (Map A)			
	and Viruses (Table 2) Contaminant Source Inventory and F Nitrates/Nitrites (Table 3) Contaminant Source Inventory and F Organic Chemicals (Table 4) Contaminant Source Inventory and F Metals, Cyanide and Other Inorganic Contaminant Source Inventory and F Synthetic Organic Chemicals (Table	Risk Ranking for Alaska Commercial Store – Bacteria Risk Ranking for Alaska Commercial Store – Risk Ranking for Alaska Commercial Store – Volatile Risk Ranking for Alaska Commercial Store – Heavy Chemicals (Table 5) Risk Ranking for Alaska Commercial Store –			
	C. Alaska Commercial Store Drinking and Existing Contaminant Source				
		ant Source Inventory and Risk Ranking for c Drinking Water Source (Charts 1 – 14)			

Source Water Assessment for Alaska Commercial Store Source of Public Drinking Water, Bethel, Alaska

Drinking Water Protection Program Alaska Department of Environmental Conservation

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

The Alaska Commercial Store has one Public Water System (PWS) well. The date of well construction is unknown; however, it is assumed that the well (PWS No. 270427.001) has been used as a drinking water source since that time.

The well is a Class A (community and non-transient/non-community) water system located off of Ridgecrest Drive in Bethel, Alaska. Available records indicate that there is water storage with a capacity of 500-gallons, and that the drinking water is treated with sodium hypochlorite. This system operates year round and serves approximately 500 non-residents through four service connections. The wellhead received a susceptibility rating of **Very High** and the aquifer received a susceptibility rating of **High**. Combining these two ratings produce a **Very High** rating for the natural susceptibility of the well.

Identified potential and current sources of contaminants for the public drinking water source include: domestic wastewater collection systems, an injection well, above ground fuel tanks, wastewater holding tanks, ADEC recognized contaminated sites and leaking underground storage tank (LUST) sites, an abandoned well, monitoring wells, water supply wells, cemeteries, glycol storage/disposal, petroleum product bulk station/terminals, pipelines, electric power generation, medical/veterinary facilities, firehouse, domestic wastewater treatment plant disposal pond/lagoon, motor vehicle/general storage yards/facilities, and landfills. These identified potential and existing sources of contamination are considered as sources of bacteria and viruses, nitrates and/or nitrites, volatile organic chemicals, heavy metals, cyanide and other inorganic chemicals, synthetic organic chemicals, and other organic chemicals contaminant categories.

Overall, the water well received a vulnerability rating of **Very High** for bacteria and viruses, nitrates and nitrites, volatile organic chemicals, heavy metals,

cyanide and other inorganic chemicals, synthetic organic chemicals, and other organic chemicals.

PUBLIC DRINKING WATER SYSTEM

The Alaska Commercial Store well is a Class A (community/non-transient/non-community) public water system. The system is located off of Ridgecrest Drive in Bethel, Alaska (Sec. 8, T8N, R71W, Seward Meridian; see Map A of Appendix A). Bethel serves as the regional center for 56 villages in the Yukon-Kuskokwim Delta. Food, fuel, transportation, medical care, and other services for the region are provided by Bethel. Bethel is located at the mouth of the Kuskokwim River, 40-miles inland from the Bering Sea, and approximately 400air miles west of Anchorage. The community has a population of 5,736 (ADCED, 2003). Average annual precipitation for Bethel is 16 inches, including approximately 50 inches of snowfall. Temperatures range from 42 to 62°F in summer and -2 to 19°F in winter.

The community of Bethel obtains a portion of their water supply from city wells. Some households are served by the central piped water and sewage collection system; however, approximately 75% of households have water delivered and sewage hauled by truck. Several facilities have individual wells and septic tanks (ADCED, 2003). Bethel receives electrical power from the Bethel Utilities Corporation. Power generating facilities are fueled by diesel. Refuse is collected by the City of Bethel and transported to the City operated landfill (ADCED, 2003).

According to information supplied by ADEC for the Alaska Commercial Store PWS, the depth of the primary water well is 400 feet below the ground surface. Well construction details are unknown; however, it is assumed the well is screened in a confined aquifer based on available construction details for surrounding wells. The well is not located within a floodplain.

Information acquired from a June 2001 sanitary survey for the public water system indicated that the

land surface was not sloped away from the well. Generally, land surfaces that slope away from the wellhead promote surface water drainage, which reduces the potential of contaminant migration down the well casing annulus. The sanitary survey indicates that the well is not grouted according to ADEC regulations. Proper grouting provides added protection against contaminants traveling along the well casing annulus and into source waters.

The Bethel area is near the southern border of the continuous permafrost zone and the City, and most of the area west of the Kuskokwim River, appear to be underlain with permafrost. The permafrost generally extends to a depth of at least 300 feet bgs, with depths of over 600 feet bgs recorded in some areas. The geology in the area consists primarily of unconsolidated floodplain alluvium, silt deposits, and reworked silt. The Bethel area consists of poorly drained wetlands that have permanently ponded water in local depressions. Sloughs, small lakes, ponds, and marshes in meander scars surround Bethel (Dames & Moore, 1996).

DRINKING WATER PROTECTION AREA

In order to evaluate whether a drinking water source is at risk, we must first evaluate what are the most likely pathways for surface contamination to reach the groundwater. These areas are determined by looking at the characteristics of the soil, groundwater, aquifer, and well.

The most probable area for contamination to reach the drinking water well is the area that contributes water to the well, the groundwater recharge area. This area is designated as the drinking water protection area (DWPA). Because releases of contaminants within the protection area are most likely to impact the drinking water well, this area will serve as the focus for voluntary protection efforts. An analytical calculation was used to determine the size and shape of the DWPA for the Alaska Commercial Store PWS. The input parameters describing the attributes of the aquifer in this calculation were adopted from Groundwater (Freeze and Cherry, 1979). Available geology and groundwater contours were also considered to take into account any uncertainties in groundwater flow and aquifer characteristics to arrive at a meaningful protection area.

The protection areas established for wells by the ADEC are usually separated into four zones, limited by the watershed. These zones correspond to differences in the time-of-travel (TOT) of the water

moving through the aquifer to the well (Please refer to the Guidance Manual for Class A Public Water Systems for additional information).

The time of travel for contaminants within the water varies and is dependent on the physical and chemical characteristics of each contaminant. The following is a summary of the four protection area zones for wells and the calculated time -of-travel for each:

Table 1. Definition of Zones

Definition
he distance for the 2-yr. time-of-travel
Less than the 2 year time-of-travel
Less Than the 5 year time -of-travel
Less than the 10 year time -of-travel

The DWPA for the Alaska Commercial Store PWS was determined using an analytical calculation and includes Zones A, B, C, and D (See Map A of Appendix A).

INVENTORY OF POTENTIAL AND EXISTING CONTAMINANT SOURCES

The Drinking Water Protection Program has completed an inventory of potential and existing sources of contamination within the Bethel Heights Water System DWPA. This inventory was completed through a search of agency records and other publicly available information. Potential sources of contamination to the drinking water aquifer include a wide range of categories and types. Potential drinking water contaminants are found within agricultural, residential, commercial, and industrial areas, but can also occur within areas that have little or no development.

For the basis of all Class A public water system assessments, six categories of drinking water contaminants were inventoried. They include:

- Bacteria and viruses,
- Nitrates and/or nitrites.
- Volatile organic chemicals,
- Heavy metals, cyanide and other inorganic chemicals,
- Synthetic organic chemicals,
- Other organic chemicals.

The sources are displayed on Map C of Appendix C and summarized in Table 1 of Appendix B.

RANKING OF CONTAMINANT RISKS

Once the potential and existing sources of contamination have been identified, they are assigned a ranking according to what type and level of risk they represent. Ranking of contaminant risks for a "potential" or "existing" source of contamination is a function of toxicity and volumes of specific contaminants associated with that source. Rankings include:

- Low.
- Medium,
- High, and
- Very High.

The time-of-travel for contaminants within the water varies and is dependent on the physical and chemical characteristics of each contaminant. Bacteria and Viruses are only inventoried in Zones A and B because of their short life span. Only "Very High" and "High" rankings are inventoried within the outer Zone D due to the probability of contaminant dilution by the time the contaminants get to the well. Tables 2 through 4 in Appendix B contain the ranking of potential and existing sources of contamination with respect to bacteria and viruses, nitrates and/or nitrites, volatile organic chemicals, heavy metals, cyanide and other inorganic chemicals, synthetic organic chemicals, and other organic chemicals.

VULNERABILITY OF THE DRINKING WATER SYSTEM

Vulnerability of a drinking water source to contamination is a combination of two factors:

- Natural susceptibility, and
- Contaminant risks.

Appendix D contains fourteen charts, which together form the 'Vulnerability Analysis' for a source water assessment for a public drinking water source. Chart 1 analyzes the 'Susceptibility of the Wellhead' to contamination by looking at the construction of the well and its surrounding area. Chart 2 analyzes the 'Susceptibility of the Aquifer' to contamination by looking at the naturally occurring attributes of the water source and influences on the groundwater system that might lead to contamination. Chart 3 analyzes 'Contaminant Risks' for the drinking water source with respect to bacteria and viruses. The 'Contaminant Risks' portion of the analysis considers potential sources of contaminants as well as a review of contamination that has or may have occurred, but has not arrived or been detected at the well. Chart 4

contains the 'Vulnerability Analysis for Bacteria and Viruses'. Charts 5 through 14 contain the Contaminant Risks and Vulnerability Analyses for nitrates and nitrites, volatile organic chemicals, heavy metals, cyanide and other inorganic chemicals, synthetic organic chemicals, and other organic chemicals, respectively.

A score for the Natural Susceptibility is reached by considering the properties of the well and the aquifer.

Susceptibility of the Wellhead (0 – 25 Points) (Chart 1 of Appendix D)

+

Susceptibility of the Aquifer (0 – 25 Points) (Chart 2 of Appendix D)

=

Natural Susceptibility (Susceptibility of the Well) (0-50 Points)

A ranking is assigned for the Natural Susceptibility according to the point score:

Natural Susceptibility Ratings						
40 to 50 pts	Very High					
30 to < 40 pts	High					
20 to < 30 pts	Medium					
< 20 pts	Low					

The Alaska Commercial Store's water well is in a confined aquifer. Confined aquifers are less susceptible to potential groundwater quality impacts posed by the migration of surface water contaminants downward from the surface. Table 2 shows the susceptibility scores and ratings for this PWS.

Table 2. Susceptibility

	Score	Rating
Susceptibility of the	25	Very High
Wellhead		
Susceptibility of the	15	High
Aquifer		
Natural Susceptibility	40	Very High

Contaminant risks to a drinking water source depend on the type, number or density, and distribution of contaminant sources. This score has been derived from an examination of existing and historical contamination that has been detected at the drinking water source through routine sampling. It also evaluates potential sources of contamination. Flow charts are used to assign a point score, and ratings are assigned in the same way as for the natural susceptibility:

Contaminant Risk Ratings						
40 to 50 pts	Very High					
30 to < 40 pts	High					
20 to < 30 pts	Medium					
< 20 pts	Low					

Table 3 summarizes the Contaminant Risks for each category of drinking water contaminants.

Table 3. Contaminant Risks

Category	Score	Rating
Bacteria and Viruses	50	Very High
Nitrates and/or Nitrites	50	Very High
Volatile Organic Chemicals	50	Very High
Heavy Metals, Cyanide and		
Other Inorganic Chemicals	50	Very High
Synthetic Organic Chemical	s 45	Very High
Other Organic Chemicals	50	Very High

Finally, an overall vulnerability score is assigned for each water system by combining each of the contaminant risk scores with the natural susceptibility score:

Natural Susceptibility (0 – 50 points)

+

Contaminant Risks (0 – 50 points)

=

Vulnerability of the Drinking Water Source to Contamination (0 – 100).

Again, rankings are assigned according to a point score:

Overall Vulnerability Ratings						
80 to 100 pts	Very High					
60 to < 80 pts	High					
40 to < 60 pts	Medium					
< 40 pts	Low					

Table 4 contains the overall vulnerability scores (0 – 100) and ratings for each of the six categories of drinking water contaminants. Note: scores are rounded off to the nearest five.

Table 4. Overall Vulnerability

Category	Score	Rating
Bacteria and Viruses	90	Very High
Nitrates and Nitrites	90	Very High
Volatile Organic Chemicals	90	Very High
Heavy Metals, Cyanide and		
Other Inorganic Chemicals	90	Very High
Synthetic Organic Chemicals	85	Very High
Other Organic Chemicals	90	Very High

Bacteria and Viruses

The contaminant risk for bacteria and viruses is **Very High**. The risk is primarily attributed to the presence of landfills and a domestic wastewater treatment plant disposal pond/lagoon in Zones C and D (see Table 2 – Appendix B).

Coliforms (a bacteria) are found naturally in the environment and although they aren't necessarily a health threat, they are an indicator of other potentially harmful bacteria in the water, more specifically, fecal coliforms and E. coli, which only come from human and animal fecal waste. Harmful bacteria can cause diarrhea, cramps, nausea, headaches, or other symptoms (EPA, 2003). Positive samples increase the overall vulnerability of the drinking water source, indicating that the source is susceptible to bacteria and virus contamination.

A positive bacteria count has been reported in recent (within five years) sampling events (See Chart 3 – Contaminant Risks for Bacteria and Viruses in Appendix D). Only a small amount of bacteria and viruses are required to endanger public health.

After combining the contaminant risk for bacteria and viruses with the natural susceptibility of the well, the overall vulnerability of the well to contamination is **Very High**.

Nitrates and Nitrites

The contaminant risk for nitrates and nitrites is **Very High**. The risk to this source of public drinking water is primarily attributed to the presence of abandoned wells, landfills and a domestic wastewater treatment plant disposal pond/lagoon in Zones A, C, and D (see Table 3 – Appendix B).

Nitrates are very mobile, moving at approximately

the same rate as water. The sampling history for this well indicates that nitrates have not been detected in recent sampling events. Nitrate concentrations in uncontaminated groundwater are typically less than 2 mg/L; therefore, nitrate concentrations above 2 mg/L may be indicative of man-made sources (See Chart 5 - Contaminant Risks for Nitrates and/or Nitrites in Appendix D).

Nitrate levels are often derived from the decomposition of organic matter in soils. Although the nitrate source is unknown, such occurrences may be attributed to septic systems or other sources. After combining the contaminant risk for nitrates and nitrites with the natural susceptibility of the well, the overall vulnerability of the well to nitrate and nitrite contamination is **Very High**

Volatile Organic Chemicals

The contaminant risk for volatile organic chemicals is **Very High**. The risk is primarily attributed to the presence of an injection well, petroleum product bulk station/terminals, landfills, and ADEC recognized contaminated sites and LUST sites located in Zones A, C, and D. Numerous other potential contaminant sources are also found within the protection area (see Table 4 – Appendix B).

Detectable concentrations of trihalomethanes (TTHM) were reported in sampling events for this public water system. However, the detectible concentrations of trihalomethanes reported in 2001, were below the MCL of 0.08 mg/L. Trihalomethanes are considered byproducts of the water treatment process and are not from the source waters. Since the reported concentration of TTHM's in recent sampling events did not exceed the applicable MCL, risk points were not retained.

Aside from being byproducts of the drinking water treatment process, possible sources of volatile organic chemicals include facilities with automo biles, residential areas, fuel tanks, roads, and airports. See Table 4 in Appendix D for a complete listing.

After combining the contaminant risk for volatile organic chemicals with the natural susceptibility of the well, the overall vulnerability of the well to contamination is **Very High**.

Heavy Metals, Cyanide and Other Inorganic Chemicals

The contaminant risk for heavy metals, cyanide and other inorganic chemicals is **Very High**. The risk is primarily attributed to the presence of an injection well, an abandoned well, landfills, and an ADEC

recognized LUST site located in Zones A, C, and D. Numerous other potential contaminant sources are also found within the protection area (see Table 5 – Appendix B).

Based on review of recent sampling records for this public water system, moderate levels of copper and lead have been detected. Copper has been detected in recent sampling history, and has exceeded the MCL of 1.3 mg/L and 0.015 mg/L (see Chart 9 – Contaminant Risks for Heavy Metals, Cyanide, and Other Inorganic Chemicals in Appendix D). Risk points were assigned based on the presence of this analyte.

The reported concentrations of lead in recent sampling events is not likely to be representative of source water conditions. This analyte is likely attributed to either the water treatment process or water distribution network. Therefore, risk points were not assigned based on the presence of this analyte.

After combining the contaminant risk for heavy metals, cyanide and other inorganic chemicals with the natural susceptibility of the well, the overall vulnerability of the well to contamination is **Very High**.

Synthetic Organic Chemicals

The contaminant risk for synthetic organic chemicals is **Very High**. The risk is primarily attributed to the presence of an abandoned well and landfills in Zones A and D. Numerous other potential contaminant sources are also found within the protection area (see Table 6 – Appendix B).

No recent sampling data was available in ADEC records for the Alaska Commercial Store (See Chart 11 – Contaminant Risks for Synthetic Organic Chemicals in Appendix D).

After combining the contaminant risk for synthetic organic chemicals with the natural susceptibility of the well, the overall vulnerability of the well to contamination is **Very High**

Other Organic Chemicals

The contaminant risk for other organic chemicals is **Very High**. The risk is primarily attributed to the presence of an abandoned well, petroleum product bulk stations/terminals, pipelines, electric power generation, and landfills in Zones A and D. Numerous other potential contaminant sources are also found within the protection area (see Table 7 – Appendix B).

No recent sampling data was available in ADEC records for the Alaska Commercial Store (See Chart 13 – Contaminant Risks for Other Organic Chemicals in Appendix D).

After combining the contaminant risk for other organic chemicals with the natural susceptibility of the well, the overall vulnerability of the well to contamination is **Very High**

Using the Source Water Assessment

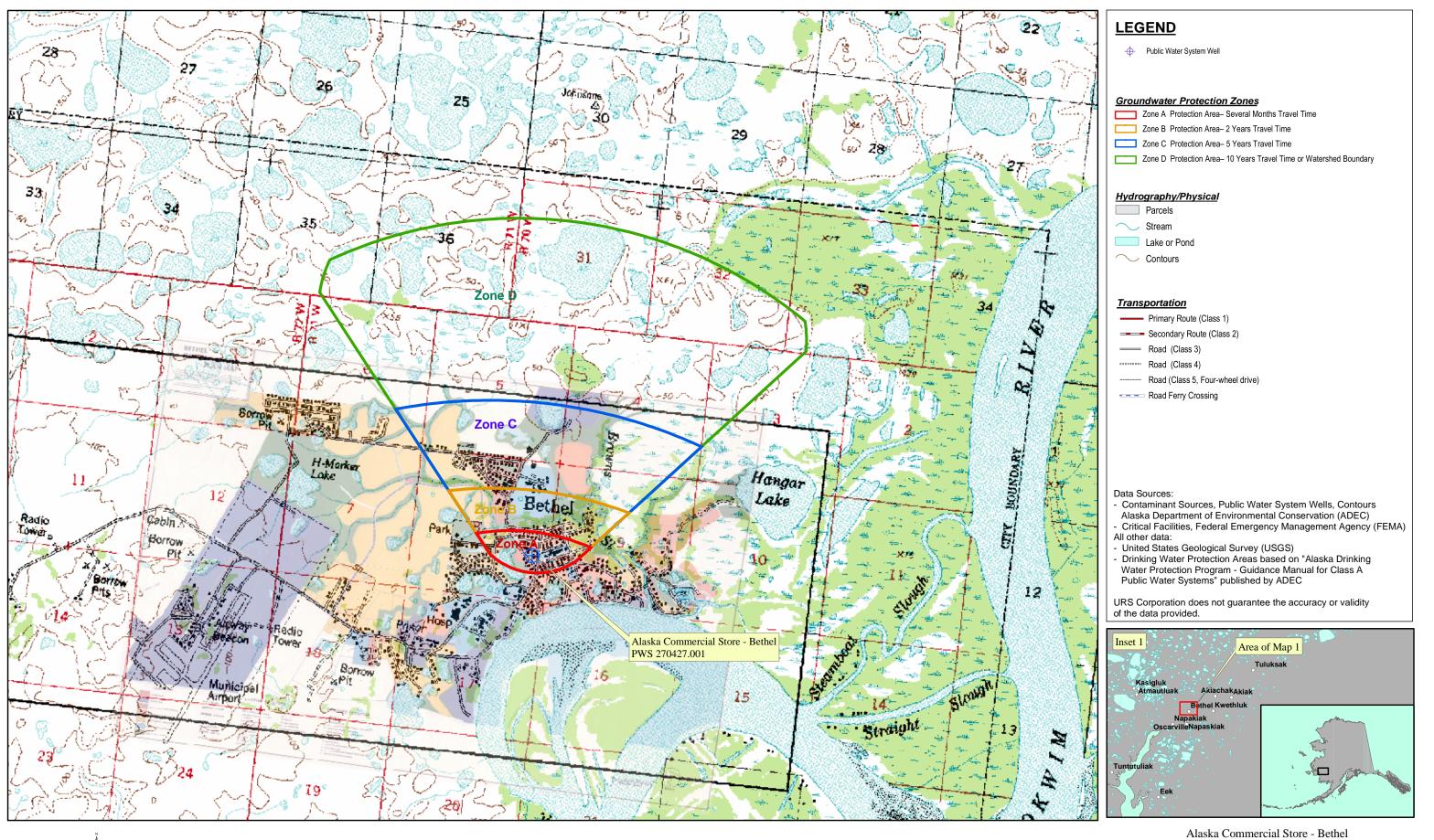
This assessment of contaminant risks can be used as a foundation for local voluntary protection efforts as well as a basis for the continuous efforts on the part of the Alaska Commercial Store and the community of Bethel to protect public health. It is anticipated that Source Water Assessments will be updated every five years to reflect any changes in the vulnerability and/or susceptibility of the drinking water source.

REFERENCES

- Alaska Department of Community and Economic Development (ADCED), 2003 [WWW document]. URL: http://www.dced.state.ak.us/cbd/commdb/CF_COMDB.htm
- Alaska Department of Environmental Conservation, Contaminated Sites Database, 2003 [WWW database], URL http://www.state.ak.us/dec/dspar/csites/cs search.htm
- Alaska Department of Environmental Conservation, Leaking Underground Storage Tank Database, 2003 [WWW database], URL http://www.dec.state.ak.us/spar/stp/ust/search/fac_search.asp
- Dames & Moore, 1996. Final Water and Sewer Facilities Master Plan Update Report, City of Bethel.
- Freeze, R. A., and Cherry, J.A. 1979, Groundwater, Prentice-Hall, Englewood Cliffs, New Jersey
- United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA), 2002 [WWW document]. URL http://www.epa.gov/safewater/mcl.html.

APPENDIX A

Drinking Water Protection Area Location Map (Map A)



Alaska Commercial Store - Bethel PWS 270427.001 Appendix A Map A

APPENDIX B

Contaminant Source Inventory and Risk Ranking (Tables 1-7)

Contaminant Source Inventory for Alaska Commercial Store

PWSID 270427.001

Contaminant Source Type	Contaminant Source ID	CS ID tag	Zone	Map Number	Comments
Domestic wastewater collection systems (sewer lines or lift stations)	D01	D01-01	A	С	
Injection wells (Class V) Motor Vehicle Waste Disposal Well	D42	D42-01	A	C	The Shop
Tanks, diesel (above ground)	T06	T06-01	A	С	AC Store
Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground)	T14	T14-01	A	С	
Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground)	T14	T14-02	A	С	
Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground)	T14	T14-03	A	С	AC Store
Wastewater Holding Tank	T22	T22-01	A	С	
Wastewater Holding Tank	T22	T22-02	A	С	
Wastewater Holding Tank	T22	T22-03	A	С	Veterinary Clinic
Contaminated sites, DEC recognized, non-Superfund, non-RCRA	U04	U04-01	A	С	Bethel OMS, ADEC RecKey #1998250103002, Status: Inactive, petroleum contamination in soil near fuel tank and former ASTs.
Contaminated sites, DEC recognized, non-Superfund, non-RCRA	U04	U04-02	A	С	Kuskokwim Inn, ADEC RecKey #1999250120001, Status: Active, diesel contaminated soils discovered during a 1,000-gallon storage tank removal.
Open Leaking Underground Fuel Storage Tank (LUST) Sites	U07	U07-01	A	С	Bethel OMS, ADEC RecKey #1993250002151, Event ID 1341, Facility ID 3133, release from a 1,000-gallon gasoline tank.
Abandoned wells	W01	W01-01	A	С	
Monitoring wells	W06	W06-01	A	С	
Water supply wells	W09	W09-01	A	С	5 water supply wells in Zone A
Cemeteries	X01	X01-01	A	С	
Glycol (disposal or storage)	X07	X07-01	A	С	
Glycol (disposal or storage)	X07	X07-02	A	С	AC Store
Petroleum product bulk station/terminals	X11	X11-01	A	С	North Star Gas, Inc.
Pipelines (oil and gas)	X28	X28-01	A	С	AC Store
Electric power generation (fossil fuels)	X36	X36-01	A	С	AC Store

X40 D01	X40-01 D01-02	A	С	Veterinary Clinic
D01	D01-02			
		В	C	
W09	W09-02	В	C	3 water supply wells in Zone B
X38	X38-01	В	C	
D01	D01-03	С	С	
D02	D02-01	C	C	
T14	T14-04	С	С	344 Owl Street
U04	U04-03	С	С	344 Owl Street, ADEC RecKey #1992250124701, Status: Closed, diesel contaminated soils due to an undetermined amount of heating oil released from a storage tank.
U04	U04-04	С	С	Owl Street Residence, ADEC RecKey #1992250124701, Status: Closed, diesel contamianted soils due to an undetermined amount of heating oil released from a storage tank.
U12	U12-01	С	С	Bethel Dump
X27	X27-01	С	С	Arctic Moving & Delivery
D50	D50-01	D	С	Municipal
D50	D50-02	D	С	Municipal
D52	D52-01	D	С	RACM, NonRACM
	X38 D01 D02 T14 U04 U04 U12 X27 D50 D50	X38 X38-01 D01 D01-03 D02 D02-01 T14 T14-04 U04 U04-03 U04 U04-04 U12 U12-01 X27 X27-01 D50 D50-02	X38 X38-01 B D01 D01-03 C D02 D02-01 C T14 T14-04 C U04 U04-03 C U12 U12-01 C X27 X27-01 C D50 D50-01 D D50 D50-02 D	X38 X38-01 B C D01 D01-03 C C D02 D02-01 C C T14 T14-04 C C U04 U04-03 C C U04 U04-04 C C U12 U12-01 C C X27 X27-01 C C D50 D50-01 D C

Contaminant Source Inventory and Risk Ranking for Alaska Commercial Store Sources of Bacteria and Viruses

Contaminant Source Type	Contaminant Source ID	CS ID tag	Zone	Risk Ranking for Analysis	Map Number	Comments
Domestic wastewater collection systems (sewer line or lift stations)	D01	D01-01	A	Medium	С	
Injection wells (Class V) Motor Vehicle Waste Disposal Well	D42	D42-01	A	Low	С	The Shop
Wastewater Holding Tank	T22	T22-01	A	Low	C	
Wastewater Holding Tank	T22	T22-02	A	Low	C	
Wastewater Holding Tank	T22	T22-03	A	Low	С	Veterinary Clinic
Abandoned wells	W01	W01-01	A	Medium	С	
Medical/veterinary facilities (doctor or dentist offices, hospitals, nursing homes)	X40	X40-01	A	Medium	С	Veterinary Clinic
Domestic wastewater collection systems (sewer line or lift stations)	D01	D01-02	В	Medium	С	
Domestic wastewater collection systems (sewer line or lift stations)	D01	D01-03	С	Medium	С	
Domestic wastewater treatment plant disposal ponds/lagoons	D02	D02-01	С	High	С	
Closed leaking fuel storage tank (LUST) (aviation)	U12	U12-01	C	Low	C	Bethel Dump
Landfills (municipal; Class II)	D50	D50-01	D	High	С	Municipal
Landfills (municipal; Class II)	D50	D50-02	D	High	С	Municipal

Contaminant Source Inventory and Risk Ranking for Alaska Commercial Store Sources of Nitrates/Nitrites

Contaminant Source Type	Contaminant Source ID	CS ID tag	Zone	Risk Ranking for Analysis	Map Number	Comments
Domestic wastewater collection systems (sewer line or lift stations)	D01	D01-01	A	Medium	С	
Wastewater Holding Tank	T22	T22-01	A	Low	C	
Wastewater Holding Tank	T22	T22-02	A	Low	C	
Wastewater Holding Tank	T22	T22-03	A	Low	С	Veterinary Clinic
Abandoned wells	W01	W01-01	A	High	С	
Cemeteries	X01	X01-01	A	Medium	С	
Medical/veterinary facilities (doctor or dentist offices, hospitals, nursing homes)	X40	X40-01	A	Low	С	Veterinary Clinic
Domestic wastewater collection systems (sewer line or lift stations)	D01	D01-02	В	Medium	С	
Domestic wastewater collection systems (sewer line or lift stations)	D01	D01-03	С	Medium	С	
Domestic wastewater treatment plant disposal ponds/lagoons	D02	D02-01	С	High	С	
Closed leaking fuel storage tank (LUST) (aviation)	U12	U12-01	C	Low	С	Bethel Dump
Landfills (municipal; Class II)	D50	D50-01	D	Very High	С	Municipal
Landfills (municipal; Class II)	D50	D50-02	D	Very High	С	Municipal

Contaminant Source Inventory and Risk Ranking for Alaska Commercial Store Sources of Volatile Organic Chemicals

Contaminant Source Type	Contaminant Source ID	CS ID tag	Zone	Risk Ranking for Analysis	Map Number	Comments
Domestic wastewater collection systems (sewer line or lift stations)	D01	D01-01	A	Low	С	
Injection wells (Class V) Motor Vehicle Waste Disposal Well	D42	D42-01	A	High	С	The Shop
Tanks, diesel (above ground)	T06	T06-01	A	Medium	C	AC Store
Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground)	T14	T14-01	A	Low	C	
Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground)	T14	T14-02	A	Low	C	
Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground)	T14	T14-03	A	Low	С	AC Store
Wastewater Holding Tank	T22	T22-01	A	Medium	С	
Wastewater Holding Tank	T22	T22-02	A	Medium	С	
Wastewater Holding Tank	T22	T22-03	A	Medium	С	Veterinary Clinic
Contaminated sites, DEC recognized, non-Superfun non-RCRA	U04	U04-01	A	High	С	Bethel OMS, ADEC RecKey #1998250103002, Status: Inactive, petroleun contamination in soil near fuel tank and former ASTs.
Contaminated sites, DEC recognized, non-Superfun non-RCRA	U04	U04-02	A	High	С	Kuskokwim Inn, ADEC RecKey #1999250120001, Status: Active, diesel contaminated soils discovered during a 1,000-gallon storage tank removal.
Open Leaking Underground Fuel Storage Tank (LUST) Sites	U07	U07-01	A	High	С	Bethel OMS, ADEC RecKey #1993250002151, Event ID 1341, Facility II 3133, release from a 1,000-gallon gasoline tank.
Abandoned wells	W01	W01-01	A	High	C	
Petroleum product bulk station/terminals	X11	X11-01	A	Very High	С	North Star Gas, Inc.
Pipelines (oil and gas)	X28	X28-01	A	Medium	С	AC Store
Electric power generation (fossil fuels)	X36	X36-01	A	Medium	С	AC Store
Medical/veterinary facilities (doctor or dentist offices, hospitals, nursing homes)	X40	X40-01	A	Low	С	Veterinary Clinic
Domestic wastewater collection systems (sewer line or lift stations)	D01	D01-02	В	Low	С	
Firehouses	X38	X38-01	В	Low	C	
Domestic wastewater collection systems (sewer line or lift stations)	D01	D01-03	С	Low	С	

Table 4 (continued)

Contaminant Source Inventory and Risk Ranking for Alaska Commercial Store Sources of Volatile Organic Chemicals

Contaminant Source Type	Contaminant Source ID	CS ID tag	Zone	Risk Ranking for Analysis	Map Number	Comments
Domestic wastewater treatment plant disposal ponds/lagoons	D02	D02-01	С	Low	С	
Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground)	T14	T14-04	С	Low	С	344 Owl Street
Contaminated sites, DEC recognized, non-Superfun non-RCRA	U04	U04-03	С	High	С	344 Owl Street, ADEC RecKey #1992250124701, Status: Closed, diesel contaminated soils due to an undetermined amount of heating oil released f a storage tank.
Contaminated sites, DEC recognized, non-Superfun non-RCRA	U04	U04-04	С	High	С	Owl Street Residence, ADEC RecKey #1992250124701, Status: Closed, die contamianted soils due to an undetermined amount of heating oil released f a storage tank.
Closed leaking fuel storage tank (LUST) (aviation)	U12	U12-01	С	High	С	Bethel Dump
Motor vehicle/general storage yards/facilities	X27	X27-01	С	Low	С	Arctic Moving & Delivery
Landfills (municipal; Class II)	D50	D50-01	D	High	С	Municipal
Landfills (municipal; Class II)	D50	D50-02	D	High	С	Municipal

Contaminant Source Inventory and Risk Ranking for Alaska Commercial Store Sources of Heavy Metals, Cyanide and Other Inorganic Chemicals

Table 5

Contaminant Source Type	Contaminant Source ID	CS ID tag	Zone	Risk Ranking for Analysis	Map Number	Comments
Domestic wastewater collection systems (sewer line or lift stations)	D01	D01-01	A	Low	С	
Injection wells (Class V) Motor Vehicle Waste Disposal Well	D42	D42-01	A	High	С	The Shop
Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground)	T14	T14-01	A	Low	C	
Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground)	T14	T14-02	A	Low	C	
Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground)	T14	T14-03	A	Low	С	AC Store
Wastewater Holding Tank	T22	T22-01	A	Medium	С	
Wastewater Holding Tank	T22	T22-02	A	Medium	С	
Wastewater Holding Tank	T22	T22-03	A	Medium	С	Veterinary Clinic
Contaminated sites, DEC recognized, non-Superfun non-RCRA	U04	U04-01	A	Low	С	Bethel OMS, ADEC RecKey #1998250103002, Status: Inactive, petroleun contamination in soil near fuel tank and former ASTs.
Contaminated sites, DEC recognized, non-Superfun non-RCRA	U04	U04-02	A	Low	С	Kuskokwim Inn, ADEC RecKey #1999250120001, Status: Active, diesel contaminated soils discovered during a 1,000-gallon storage tank removal.
Abandoned wells	W01	W01-01	A	Very High	C	
Cemeteries	X01	X01-01	A	Low	С	
Glycol (disposal or storage)	X07	X07-01	A	Low	С	
Glycol (disposal or storage)	X07	X07-02	A	Low	С	AC Store
Petroleum product bulk station/terminals	X11	X11-01	A	Low	С	North Star Gas, Inc.
Pipelines (oil and gas)	X28	X28-01	A	Low	С	AC Store
Electric power generation (fossil fuels)	X36	X36-01	A	Medium	С	AC Store
Medical/veterinary facilities (doctor or dentist offices, hospitals, nursing homes)	X40	X40-01	A	Low	С	Veterinary Clinic
Domestic wastewater collection systems (sewer line or lift stations)	D01	D01-02	В	Low	С	
Firehouses	X38	X38-01	В	Low	С	
Domestic wastewater collection systems (sewer line or lift stations)	D01	D01-03	С	Low	С	

Table 5 (continued)

Contaminant Source Inventory and Risk Ranking for Alaska Commercial Store

Sources of Heavy Metals, Cyanide and Other Inorganic Chemicals

Contaminant Source Type	Contaminant Source ID	CS ID tag	Zone	Risk Ranking for Analysis	Map Number	Comments
Domestic wastewater treatment plant disposal ponds/lagoons	D02	D02-01	С	Low	С	
Tanks, heating oil, nonresidential (aboveground)	T14	T14-04	C	Low	C	344 Owl Street
Contaminated sites, DEC recognized, non-Superfun non-RCRA	U04	U04-03	С	Low	С	344 Owl Street, ADEC RecKey #1992250124701, Status: Closed, diesel contaminated soils due to an undetermined amount of heating oil released f a storage tank.
Contaminated sites, DEC recognized, non-Superfun non-RCRA	U04	U04-04	С	Low	С	Owl Street Residence, ADEC RecKey #1992250124701, Status: Closed, die contamianted soils due to an undetermined amount of heating oil released f a storage tank.
Closed leaking fuel storage tank (LUST) (aviation)	U12	U12-01	С	Very High	С	Bethel Dump
Landfills (municipal; Class II)	D50	D50-01	D	High	C	Municipal
Landfills (municipal; Class II)	D50	D50-02	D	High	С	Municipal

Contaminant Source Inventory and Risk Ranking for Alaska Commercial Store Sources of Synthetic Organic Chemicals

Contaminant Source Type	Contaminant Source ID	CS ID tag	Zone	Risk Ranking for Analysis	Map Number	Comments
Domestic wastewater collection systems (sewer line or lift stations)	D01	D01-01	A	Low	С	
Injection wells (Class V) Motor Vehicle Waste Disposal Well	D42	D42-01	A	Low	С	The Shop
Contaminated sites, DEC recognized, non-Superfun non-RCRA	U04	U04-01	A	Low	С	Bethel OMS, ADEC RecKey #1998250103002, Status: Inactive, petroleun contamination in soil near fuel tank and former ASTs.
Contaminated sites, DEC recognized, non-Superfun non-RCRA	U04	U04-02	A	Low	С	Kuskokwim Inn, ADEC RecKey #1999250120001, Status: Active, diesel contaminated soils discovered during a 1,000-gallon storage tank removal.
Open Leaking Underground Fuel Storage Tank (LUST) Sites	U07	U07-01	A	Low	С	Bethel OMS, ADEC RecKey #1993250002151, Event ID 1341, Facility II 3133, release from a 1,000-gallon gasoline tank.
Abandoned wells	W01	W01-01	A	High	C	
Cemeteries	X01	X01-01	A	Medium	С	
Petroleum product bulk station/terminals	X11	X11-01	A	Low	С	North Star Gas, Inc.
Medical/veterinary facilities (doctor or dentist offices, hospitals, nursing homes)	X40	X40-01	A	Low	С	Veterinary Clinic
Domestic wastewater collection systems (sewer line or lift stations)	D01	D01-02	В	Low	С	
Domestic wastewater collection systems (sewer line or lift stations)	D01	D01-03	C	Low	С	
Domestic wastewater treatment plant disposal ponds/lagoons	D02	D02-01	С	Low	С	
Contaminated sites, DEC recognized, non-Superfun non-RCRA	U04	U04-03	С	Low	С	344 Owl Street, ADEC RecKey #1992250124701, Status: Closed, diesel contaminated soils due to an undetermined amount of heating oil released f a storage tank.
Contaminated sites, DEC recognized, non-Superfun non-RCRA	U04	U04-04	С	Low	С	Owl Street Residence, ADEC RecKey #1992250124701, Status: Closed, die contamianted soils due to an undetermined amount of heating oil released f a storage tank.
Closed leaking fuel storage tank (LUST) (aviation)	U12	U12-01	С	Low	С	Bethel Dump
Landfills (municipal; Class II)	D50	D50-01	D	Very High	С	Municipal
Landfills (municipal; Class II)	D50	D50-02	D	Very High	С	Municipal

Contaminant Source Inventory and Risk Ranking for Alaska Commercial Store Sources of Other Organic Chemicals

Contaminant Source Type	Contaminant Source ID	CS ID tag	Zone	Risk Ranking for Analysis	Map Number	Comments
Domestic wastewater collection systems (sewer line or lift stations)	D01	D01-01	A	Low	С	
Injection wells (Class V) Motor Vehicle Waste Disposal Well	D42	D42-01	A	Medium	С	The Shop
Wastewater Holding Tank	T22	T22-01	A	Medium	C	
Wastewater Holding Tank	T22	T22-02	A	Medium	С	
Wastewater Holding Tank	T22	T22-03	A	Medium	С	Veterinary Clinic
Contaminated sites, DEC recognized, non-Superfun non-RCRA	U04	U04-01	A	Low	С	Bethel OMS, ADEC RecKey #1998250103002, Status: Inactive, petroleum contamination in soil near fuel tank and former ASTs.
Contaminated sites, DEC recognized, non-Superfun non-RCRA	U04	U04-02	A	Low	С	Kuskokwim Inn, ADEC RecKey #1999250120001, Status: Active, diesel contaminated soils discovered during a 1,000-gallon storage tank removal.
Open Leaking Underground Fuel Storage Tank (LUST) Sites	U07	U07-01	A	Low	С	Bethel OMS, ADEC RecKey #1993250002151, Event ID 1341, Facility II 3133, release from a 1,000-gallon gasoline tank.
Abandoned wells	W01	W01-01	A	High	C	
Petroleum product bulk station/terminals	X11	X11-01	A	High	С	North Star Gas, Inc.
Pipelines (oil and gas)	X28	X28-01	A	High	С	AC Store
Electric power generation (fossil fuels)	X36	X36-01	A	High	С	AC Store
Domestic wastewater collection systems (sewer line or lift stations)	D01	D01-02	В	Low	С	
Domestic wastewater collection systems (sewer line or lift stations)	D01	D01-03	С	Low	С	
Domestic wastewater treatment plant disposal ponds/lagoons	D02	D02-01	С	Low	С	
Contaminated sites, DEC recognized, non-Superfun non-RCRA	U04	U04-03	С	Low	С	344 Owl Street, ADEC RecKey #1992250124701, Status: Closed, diesel contaminated soils due to an undetermined amount of heating oil released f a storage tank.
Contaminated sites, DEC recognized, non-Superfun non-RCRA	U04	U04-04	С	Low	С	Owl Street Residence, ADEC RecKey #1992250124701, Status: Closed, die contamianted soils due to an undetermined amount of heating oil released f a storage tank.
Closed leaking fuel storage tank (LUST) (aviation)	U12	U12-01	С	Low	С	Bethel Dump

Table 7 (continued)

Contaminant Source Inventory and Risk Ranking for Alaska Commercial Store Sources of Other Organic Chemicals

Contaminant Source Type	Contaminant Source ID	CS ID tag	Zone	Risk Ranking for Analysis	Map Number	Comments
Motor vehicle/general storage yards/facilities	X27	X27-01	C	Low	C	Arctic Moving & Delivery
Landfills (municipal; Class II)	D50	D50-01	D	Very High	С	Municipal
Landfills (municipal; Class II)	D50	D50-02	D	Very High	С	Municipal
Landfills (industrial; type of industrial waste?)	D52	D52-01	D	Very High	С	RACM, NonRACM

APPENDIX C

Drinking Water Protection Area and Potential and Existing Contaminant Sources (Map C)

Public Water Well System for PWS #270427.001 Alaska Commercial Store - Bethel **Showing Potential and Existing Sources of Contamination** LEGEND + Public Water System Well **Groundwater Protection Zones** Zone A Protection Area– Several Months Travel Time Zone B Protection Area– 2 Years Travel Time Zone C Protection Area 5 Years Travel Time Zone D Protection Area— 10 Years Travel Time or Watershed Boundary 31 Hydrography/Physical **Transportation** Parcels Primary Route (Class 1) Zone D Secondary Route (Class 2) Lake or Pond = Road (Class 3) Contours ----- Road (Class 4) ----- Road (Class 5, Four-wheel drive) Road Ferry Crossing **Existing or Potential Contaminant Sources** Landfill, Municipal, Class II (D50) Landfill, Industrial (D52) **Zone C** Data Sources: Contaminant Sources, Public Water System Wells, Contours Alaska Department of Environmental Conservation (ADEC) - Critical Facilities, Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) H-Marker Lake United States Geological Survey (USGS) Drinking Water Protection Areas based on "Alaska Drinking Water Protection Program - Guidance Manual for Class A Public Water Systems" published by ADEC URS Corporation does not guarantee the accuracy or validity of the data provided. **Tuluksak** Inset 1 Area of Map 1 AkiasnakAkiak Rethel Kwethluk Napakiak OscarvilleNapaskiak

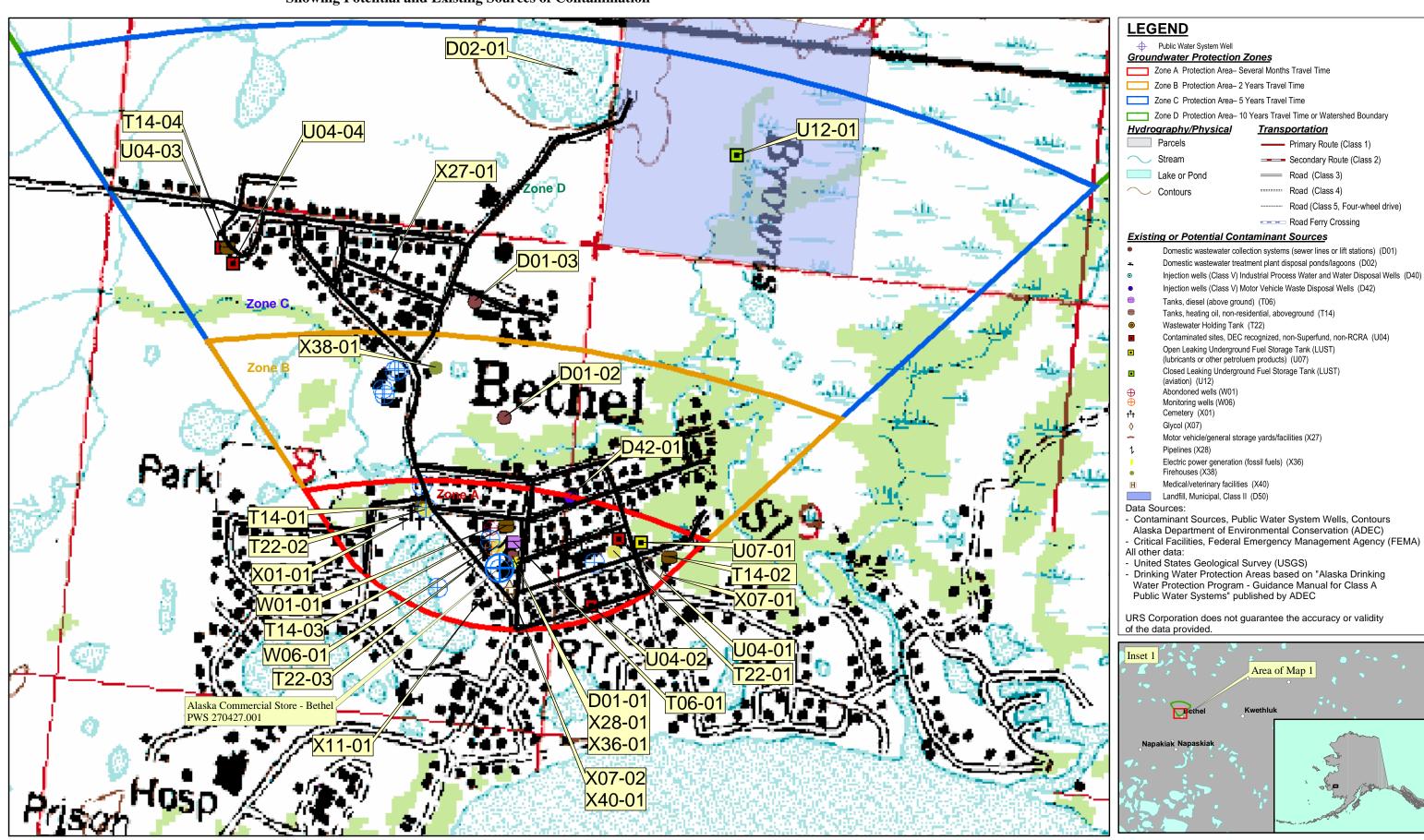
0.15

Alaska Commercial Store - Bethel PWS 270427.001 Appendix C Map C1 of 2

Public Water Well System for PWS #270427.001 Alaska Commercial Store - Bethel Showing Potential and Existing Sources of Contamination

0 0.05 0.1

0.2



Alaska Commercial Store - Bethel PWS 270427.001 Appendix C Map C2 of 2

APPENDIX D

Vulnerability Analysis for Public Drinking Water Source (Charts 1-14)

Susceptibility initially assumed to be low. Susceptibility of wellhead = 0 pts Is the well Increase susceptibility 5 pts + 5 pts properly NO grouted? Is the well Increase susceptibility 20 pts + 20 pts capped? YES YES Very High Susceptibility of wellhead 25 pts YES Increase susceptibility: Is the well 10 pts: suspected floodplain + 0 pts within a Wellhead Susceptibility Ratings 20 pts: known floodplain floodplain? 20 to 25 pts very high 15 to < 20 pts high 10 to < 15 pts medium NO < 10 pts low Is the land NO surface sloped Increase susceptibility 5 pts + 0 pts away from the

Chart 1. Susceptibility of the wellhead - Alaska Commercial Store (PWS No. 270427.001)

Chart 2. Susceptibility of the aquifer Alaska Commercial Store (PWS No. 270427.001)

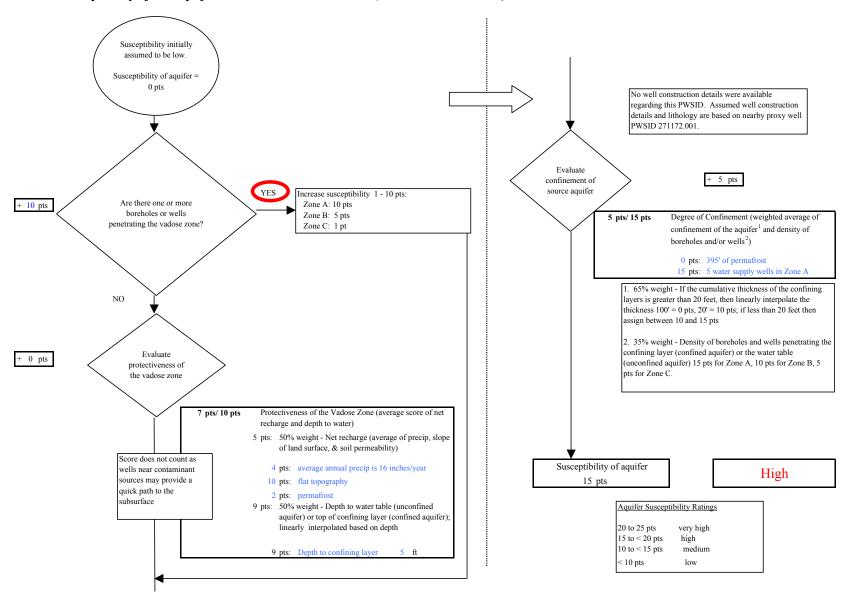


Chart 3. Contaminant risks for Alaska Commercial Store (PWS No. 270427.001) - Bacteria & Viruses

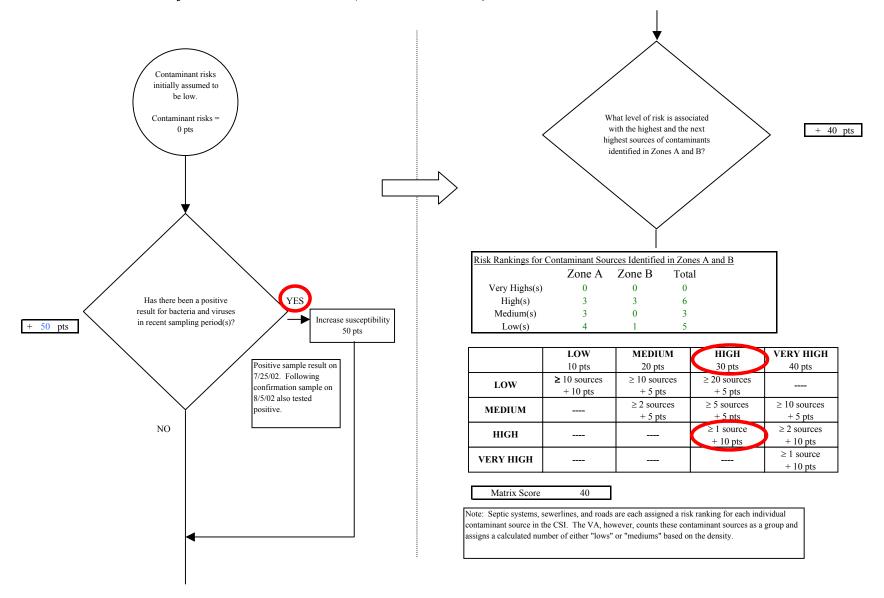


Chart 3. Contaminant risks for Alaska Commercial Store (PWS No. 270427.001) - Bacteria & Viruses NO Are there sufficient Initial assessment of risk posed by Risk unchanged controls, conditions, or potential sources of contamination monitoring to warrant = 40 pts downgrading risk? Are any YES significant Risk unchanged contaminant Reduce risk 1 - 10 pts sources within - 0 pts Zone A? The number and magnitude of Risk posed by potential sources of contaminant sources in YES contamination with controls Zone A determines a risk increase. See Table 2 for 50 + 10 pts Increase risk 1 - 10 pts inventory. Existing Risk due to existing 50 pts contamination Are there any conditions that Risk unchanged Risk posed by potential sources warrant upgrading Potential of contamination with controls risk? 50 pts Contaminant risks Contaminant Risk YES 100 pts Increase risk 1 - 10 pts + 0 pts Contaminant risks* * Truncate risk at 50 pts 50 Contaminant Risk Ratings Risk posed by potential sources of contamination very high 40 to 50 pts 50 30 to < 40 pts high Very High $20 \text{ to} \le 30 \text{ pts}$

Page 4 of 25

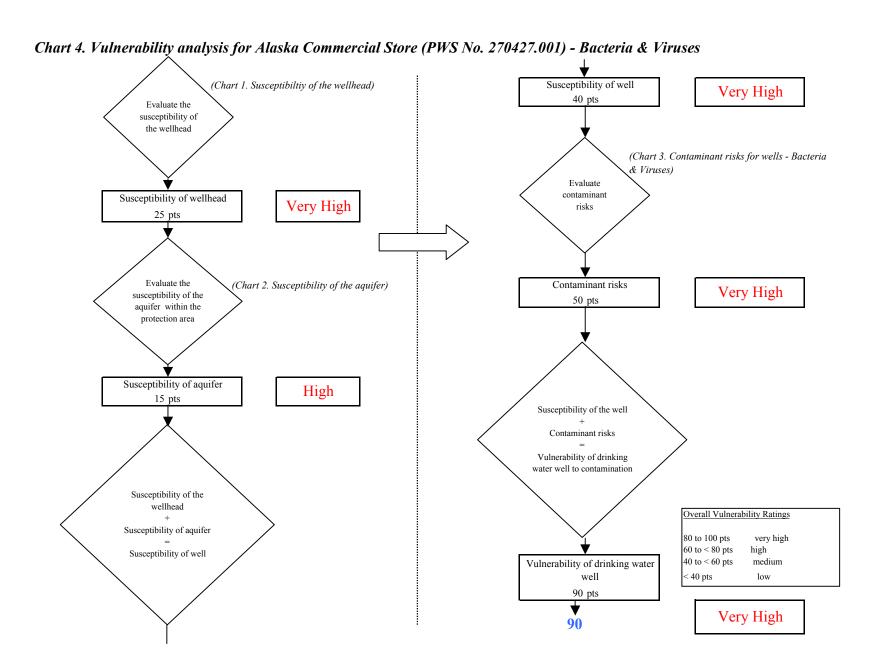


Chart 5. Contaminant risks for Alaska Commercial Store (PWS No. 270427.001) - Nitrates and Nitrites Contaminant risks initially assumed to be low. Current level of Evaluate the level of Contaminant risks background contamination due to man-= 0 ptscontamination from made source(s) natural sources 0 pts Is the concentration of NO Has nitrates and/or the contaminant nitrites been detected in increasing, decreasing, the source waters in or staying the same? recent sampling period(s)? Recent Nitrate Sampling Results (mg/L) 6/13/2001 ND 12/30/1998 ND The nitrate concentration is assumed to be natural if less than 2 mg/L (20%), or Increasing: risk up 1 - 10 pts attributed to man made YES Decreasing: risk down 1 - 5 pts sources if greater than 2 + 0 pts Same: risk unchanged mg/L. Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL) = 10 mg/LDetected Nitrate Level = Existing contamination points based on Risk due to existing man-Risk due to natural linear interpolation of most recent detect sources made sources [MCL = 50 pts; detect = 0 pts]0 pts 0 pts Risk due to existing contamination 0 pts Was the source of Evaluate the level of NO. contamination contamination from natural? man-made sources YES

Chart 5. Contaminant risks for Alaska Commercial Store (PWS No. 270427.001) - Nitrates and Nitrites

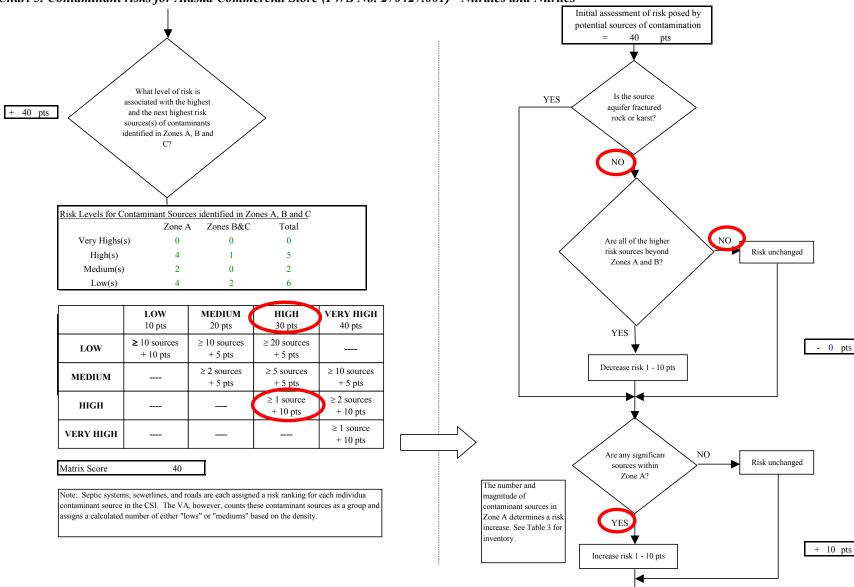


Chart 5. Contaminant risks for Alaska Commercial Store (PWS No. 270427.001) - Nitrates and Nitrites Existing Are there conditions NO 0 pts Risk unchanged that warrant upgrading risk? Risk due to existing Potential contamination 55 pts The number and Risk posed by potential sources magnitude of of contamination with controls contaminant sources in Contaminant Risk Zone D determines a risk YES 55 pts Contaminant risks increase. See Table 3 for inventory. 5 pts Increase risk 1 - 10 pts Risk posed by potential sources of contamination 55 pts *Truncate risk at 50 pts Contaminant risks* 50 Are there sufficient Contaminant Risk Ratings Very High controls, conditions, NO. Risk unchanged or monitoring to 40 to 50 pts very high warrant downgrading 30 to < 40 pts high 20 to < 30 pts risk? medium < 20 pts low YES 0 pts Decrease risk 1 - 10 pts Risk posed by potential sources of contamination with controls

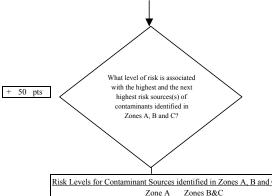
Page 8 of 25

Chart 6. Vulnerability analysis for Alaska Commercial Store (PWS No. 270427.001) - Nitrates and Nitrites (Chart 1. Susceptibiltiy of the wellhead) Susceptibility of well Very High 40 pts Evaluate the susceptibility of the wellhead (Chart 5. Contaminant risks for wells - Nitrates and Nitrites) Evaluate Susceptibility of wellhead contaminant risks Very High 25 pts Evaluate the (Chart 2. Susceptibility of the aquifer) Contaminant risks Very High susceptibility of the 50 pts aquifer within the protection area Susceptibility of aquifer High 15 pts Susceptibility of the well Contaminant risks Vulnerability of drinking water well to contamination Susceptibility of the wellhead Overall Vulnerability Ratings Susceptibility of aquifer 80 to 100 pts very high Susceptibility of well 60 to < 80 pts high 40 to < 60 pts medium Vulnerability of drinking water well < 40 pts 90 pts Very High 90

Chart 7. Contaminant risks for Alaska Commercial Store (PWS No. 270427.001) - Volatile Organic Chemicals Contaminant risks initially assumed to be Current level of Evaluate the level of Contaminant risks background contamination due to man-=0 pts contamination from made source(s) Although other analytes may have reported natural sources above detection limits in recent sampling 2 pts events, the analyte reporting the highest percent MCL exceedence was used for assessing risk points. Points are based on linear interpolation of most recent detect [MCL = 50 pts; detect = 0 pts] Is the concentration of the NO contaminant increasing, Have volatile organic decreasing, or staying the chemicals been detected ir same? the source waters in recent sampling period(s)? Recent VOC Sampling Results (mg/L) Risk was downgraded because TTHM's are water treatment byproducts and the Total Trihalomethanes (TTHM) 6813/01 0.0035 MCL was not exceeded in recent sample result. Increasing: risk up 1 - 10 pts YES Decreasing: risk down 1 - 5 pts + -2 pts Same: risk unchanged Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL) in mg/L % of MCI TTHM 0.08 Risk due to natural Risk due to existing man-Existing contamination points based on linear interpolation of most sources made sources recent detect [MCL = 50 pts; detect = 0 pts] 0 pts 0 pts Risk due to existing contamination 0 pts Was the source of NO. Evaluate the level of contamination from mancontamination natural? made sources YES

Page 10 of 25





	Zone A	Zones B&C	Total
Very Highs(s)	1	0	1
High(s)	5	3	8
Medium(s)	6	0	6
Low(s)	5	5	10

	LOW 10 pts	MEDIUM 20 pts	HIGH 30 pts	VERY HIGH 40 pts
LOW	≥ 10 sources + 10 pts	≥ 10 sources + 5 pts	≥ 20 sources + 5 pts	
MEDIUM		≥ 2 sources + 5 pts	≥ 5 sources + 5 pts	≥ 10 sources + 5 pts
HIGH			≥ 1 source + 10 pts	≥ 2 sources + 10 pts
VERY HIGH				≥ 1 source + 10 pts

Matrix Score 50

Note: Septic systems, sewerlines, and roads are each assigned a risk ranking for each individual contaminant source in the CSI. The VA, however, counts these contaminant sources as a group and assigns a calculated number of either "lows" or "mediums" based on the density.

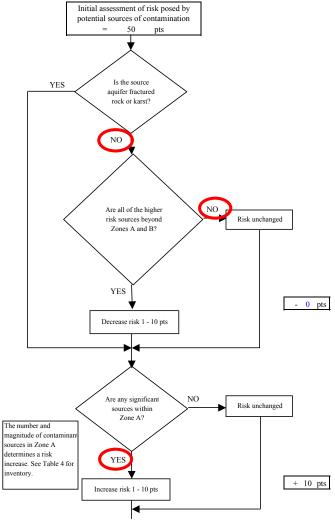


Chart 7. Contaminant risks for Alaska Commercial Store (PWS No. 270427.001) - Volatile Organic Chemicals Existing NO Are there conditions 0 pts Risk unchanged that warrant upgrading Risk due to existing risk? Potential contamination 62 pts The number and magnitude of contaminant sources in Zone D determines a risk increase. Risk posed by potential sources See Table 4 for inventory. of contamination with controls Contaminant Risk YES 62 pts Contaminant risks 2 pts Increase risk 1 - 10 pts Risk posed by potential sources of contamination 62 pts *Truncate risk at 50 pts Contaminant risks* Contaminant Risk Ratings Very High Are there sufficient NO , controls, conditions, or Risk unchanged 40 to 50 pts very high monitoring to warrant 30 to < 40 pts high downgrading risk? 20 to < 30 pts medium < 20 pts YES 0 pts Decrease risk 1 - 10 pts Risk posed by potential sources of contamination with controls 62 pts

Page 12 of 25

Chart 8. Vulnerability analysis for Alaska Commercial Store (PWS No. 270427.001) - Volatile Organic Chemicals (Chart 1. Susceptibiltiy of the wellhead) Susceptibility of well Very High 40 pts Evaluate the susceptibility of the wellhead (Chart 7. Contaminant risks for wells - Volatile Organic Chemicals) Evaluate Susceptibility of wellhead contaminant risks Very High 25 pts Evaluate the (Chart 2. Susceptibility of the aquifer) Contaminant risks Very High susceptibility of the 50 pts aquifer within the protection area Susceptibility of aquifer High 15 pts Susceptibility of the well Contaminant risks Vulnerability of drinking water well to contamination Susceptibility of the wellhead Overall Vulnerability Ratings Susceptibility of aquifer 80 to 100 pts very high Susceptibility of well 60 to < 80 pts high 40 to < 60 pts medium Vulnerability of drinking water well < 40 pts 90 pts Very High 90

Chart 9. Contaminant risks for Alaska Commercial Store (PWS No. 270427.001) - Heavy Metals, Cyanide and Other Inorganic Chemicals Contaminant risks initially assumed to be Current level of Evaluate the level of Contaminant risks contamination due to manbackground =0 pts contamination from made source(s) natural sources 50 pts Is the concentration of Have heavy metals, NO the contaminant cyanide or other inorganic increasing, decreasing, chemicals been detected or staying the same? in the source waters in Although the reported concentrations of lead and recent sampling period(s)? Recent Metals Sampling Results copper are likely attributed to (mg/L) the water treatment/conveyance 6/30/2001 0.273 Copper system, risk points were 6/30/1999 4.95 assigned since copper 12/31/1998 3.51 exceeded 100% of the MCL in most recent sampling event. 6/30/1999 0.0095 Lead YES 12/31/1998 0.008 Increasing: risk up 1 - 10 pts Decreasing: risk down 1 - 5 pts + 0 pts Same: risk unchanged **Maximum Contaminant** Although other inorganic compounds have Level (MCL) (mg/L) % of MCI been detected in previous sampling events, 381% Copper= lead and copper have have reported the highest percent MCL values in the past 5 Lead = 0.015 63% years. Risk due to existing man-Existing contamination points based on Risk due to natural linear interpolation of most recent detect sources made sources [MCL = 50 pts; detect = 0 pts]0 pts 50 pts Risk due to existing contamination 50 pts Evaluate the level Was the source of NO of contamination contamination from man-made natural? sources YES

Page 14 of 25

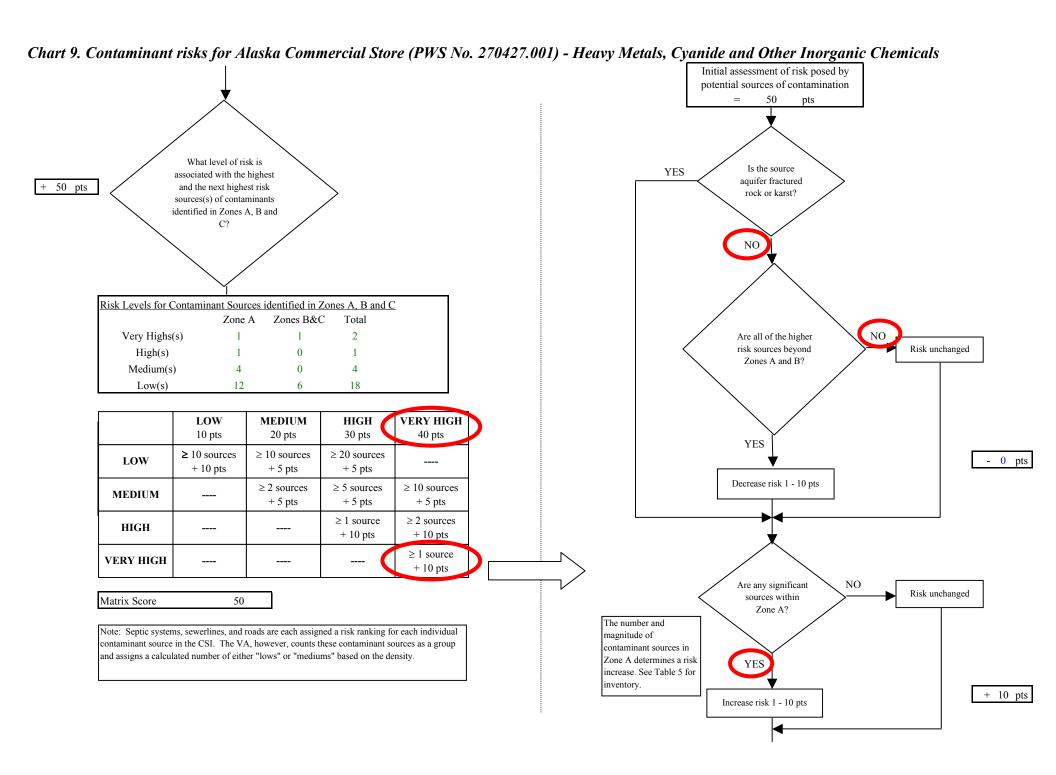
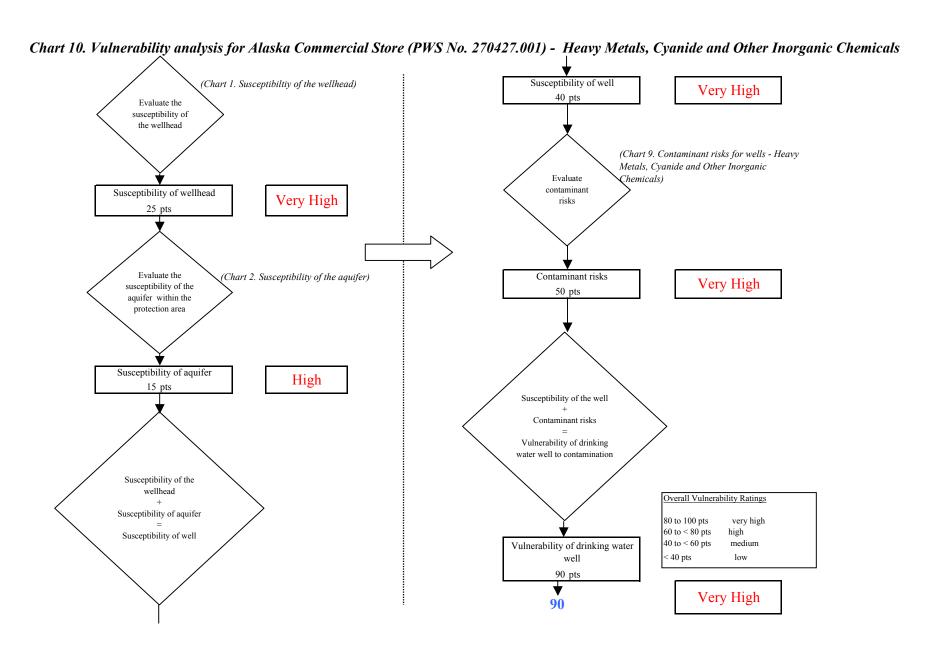
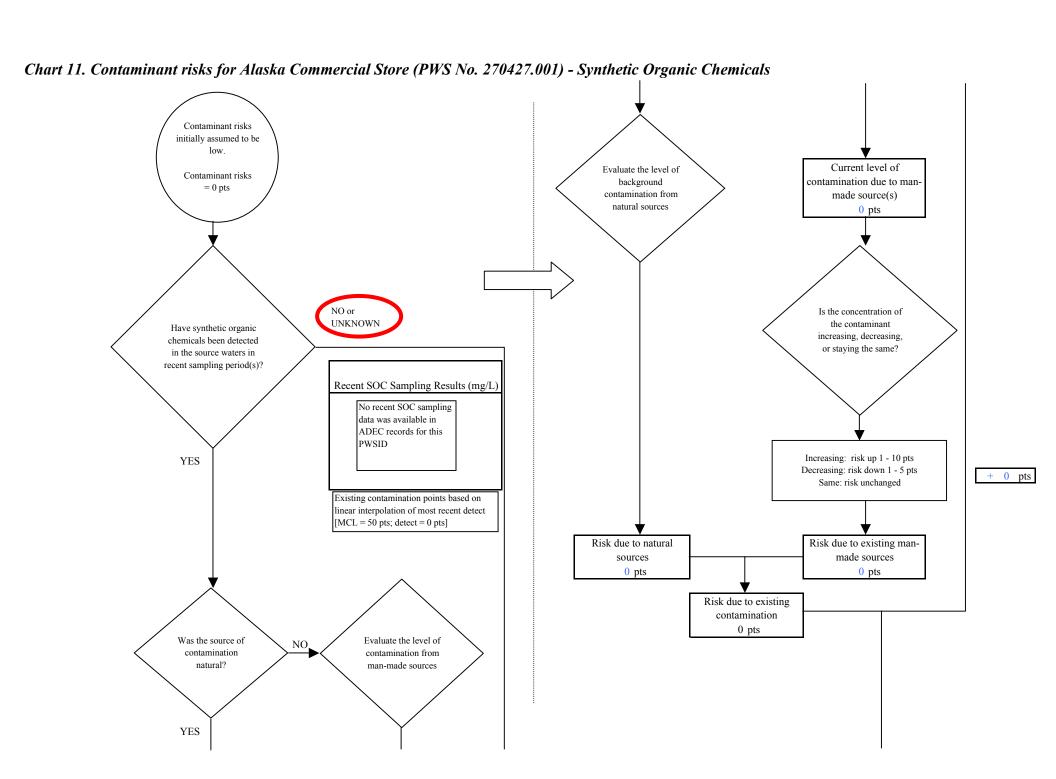


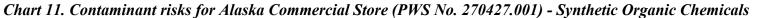
Chart 9. Contaminant risks for Alaska Commercial Store (PWS No. 270427.001) - Heavy Metals, Cyanide and Other Inorganic Chemicals Existing Are there conditions 50 pts Risk unchanged that warrant upgrading risk? Risk due to existing Potential contamination 62 pts The number and magnitude of Risk posed by potential sources contaminant sources in of contamination with controls Contaminant Risk Zone D determines a YES 112 pts risk increase. See Table Contaminant risks 5 for inventory. 2 pts Increase risk 1 - 10 pts Risk posed by potential sources of contamination 62 pts Contaminant risks* *Truncate risk at 50 pts 50 Contaminant Risk Ratings Are there sufficient Very High controls, conditions, Risk unchanged 40 to 50 pts or monitoring to very high 30 to < 40 pts high warrant downgrading 20 to < 30 pts risk? medium < 20 pts low YES 0 pts Decrease risk 1 - 10 pts Risk posed by potential sources of contamination with controls 62 pts

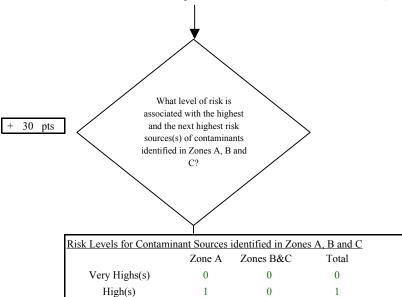
Page 16 of 25





Page 18 of 25





7

	LOW 10 pts	MEDIUM 20 pts	HIGH 30 pts	VERY HIGH 40 pts
LOW	≥ 10 sources + 10 pts	≥ 10 sources + 5 pts	≥ 20 sources + 5 pts	
MEDIUM		≥ 2 sources + 5 pts	≥ 5 sources + 5 pts	≥ 10 sources + 5 pts
HIGH			≥ 1 source + 10 pts	≥ 2 sources + 10 pts
VERY HIGH				≥ 1 source + 10 pts

0

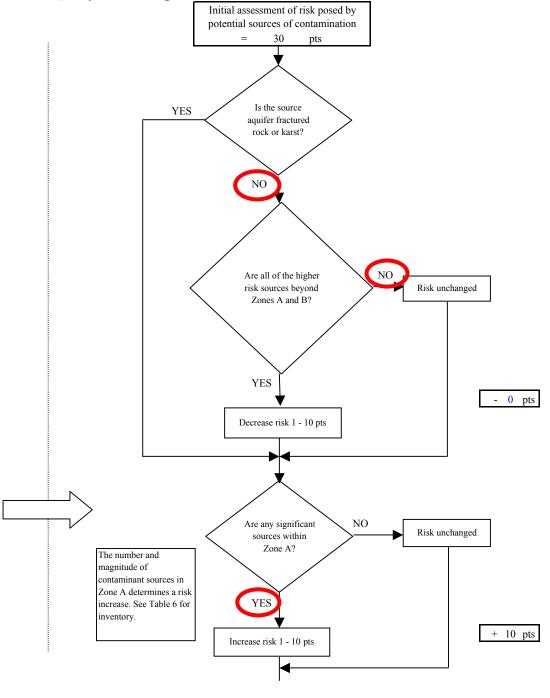
5

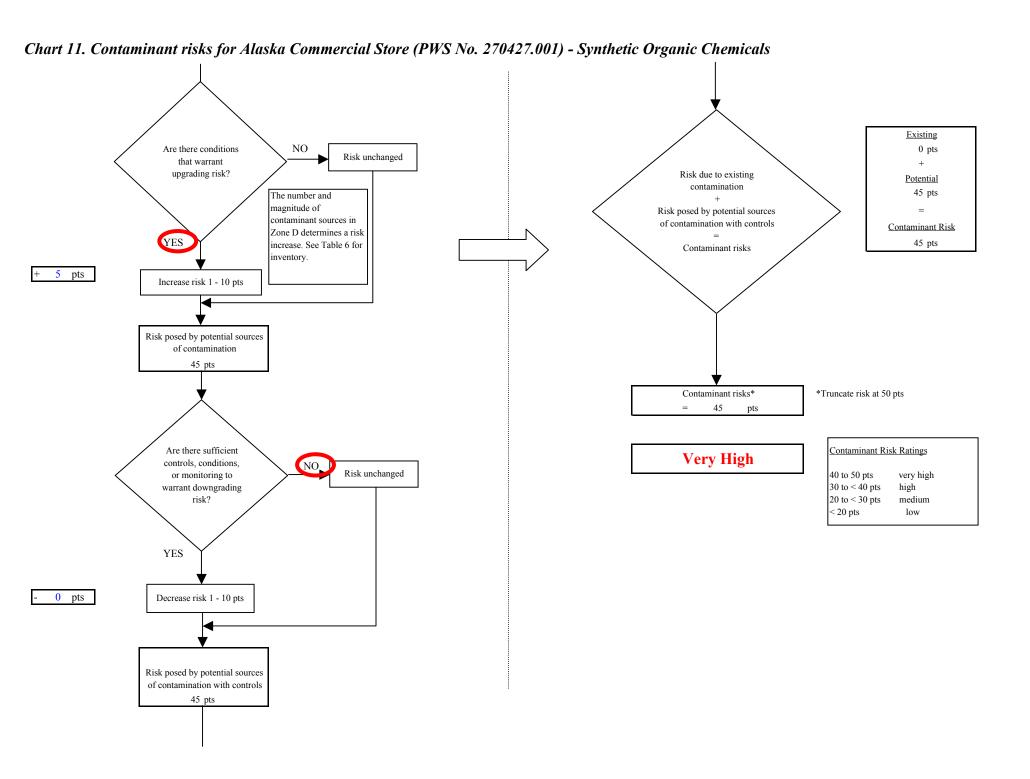
12

Matrix Score 30

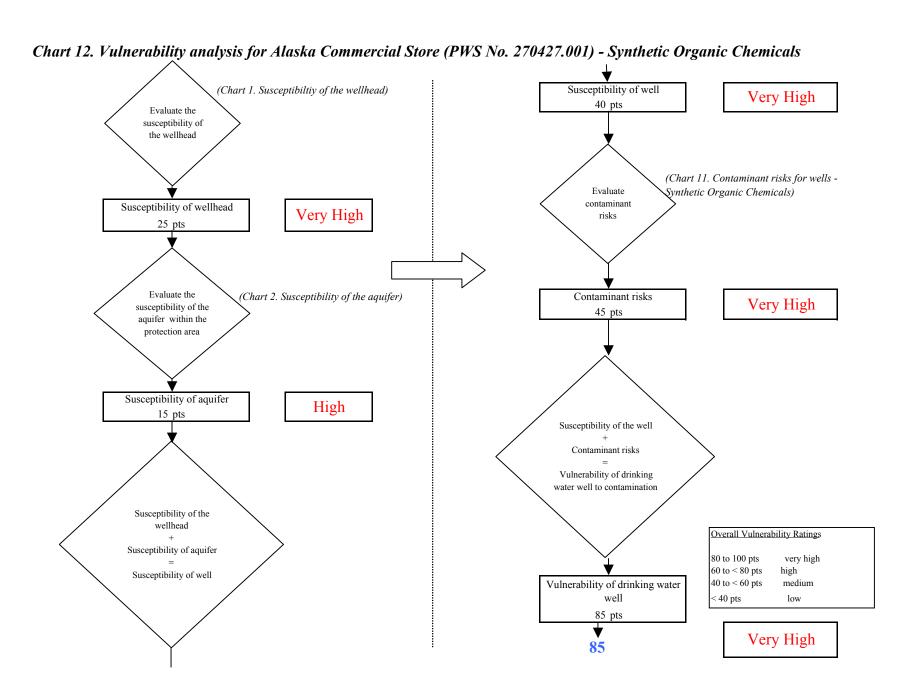
Medium(s) Low(s)

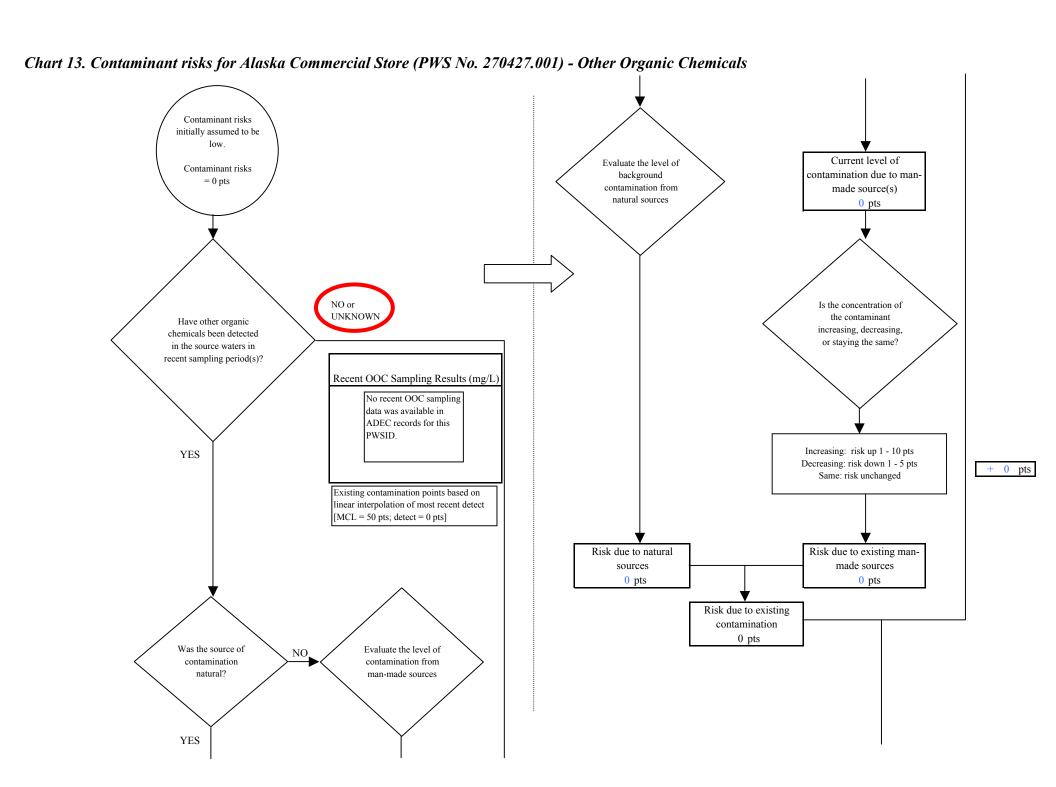
Note: Septic systems, sewerlines, and roads are each assigned a risk ranking for each individual contaminant source in the CSI. The VA, however, counts these contaminant sources as a group and assigns a calculated number of either "lows" or "mediums" based on the density.





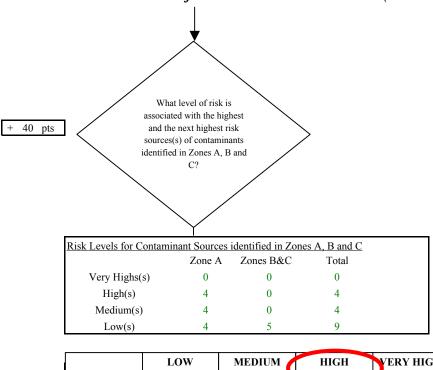
Page 20 of 25





Page 22 of 25





	LOW 10 pts	MEDIUM 20 pts	HIGH 30 pts	YERY HIGH 40 pts
LOW	≥ 10 sources + 10 pts	≥ 10 sources + 5 pts	≥ 20 sources + 5 pts	
MEDIUM		≥ 2 sources + 5 pts	≥ 5 sources + 5 pts	≥ 10 sources + 5 pts
HIGH			≥ 1 source + 10 pts	≥ 2 sources + 10 pts
VERY HIGH				≥ 1 source + 10 pts

Matrix Score 40

Note: Septic systems, sewerlines, and roads are each assigned a risk ranking for each individual contaminant source in the CSI. The VA, however, counts these contaminant sources as a group and assigns a calculated number of either "lows" or "mediums" based on the density.

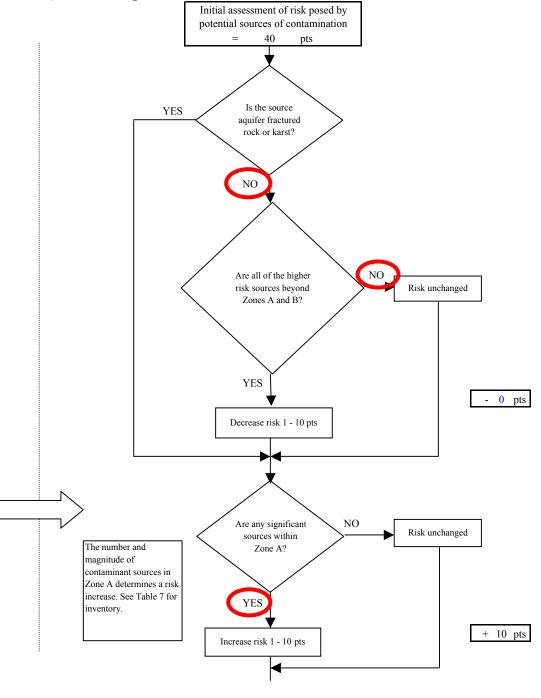


Chart 13. Contaminant risks for Alaska Commercial Store (PWS No. 270427.001) - Other Organic Chemicals Existing NO Are there conditions 0 pts Risk unchanged that warrant upgrading risk? Risk due to existing Potential contamination 58 pts The number and magnitude of Risk posed by potential sources contaminant sources in of contamination with controls Contaminant Risk Zone D determines a risk YES 58 pts increase. See Table 7 for Contaminant risks inventory. pts Increase risk 1 - 10 pts Risk posed by potential sources of contamination 58 pts *Truncate risk at 50 pts Contaminant risks* 50 Contaminant Risk Ratings Are there sufficient Very High controls, conditions, NO. Risk unchanged 40 to 50 pts or monitoring to very high 30 to < 40 ptswarrant downgrading high 20 to < 30 ptsrisk? medium < 20 pts low YES 0 pts Decrease risk 1 - 10 pts Risk posed by potential sources of contamination with controls 58 pts

Page 24 of 25

