# *Source Water Assessment* for New Grace Lutheran Church Anchorage, Alaska

A Hydrogeologic Susceptibility and Vulnerability Analysis

DRINKING WATER PROTECTION PROGRAM REPORT 166 PWSID 215867.001

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ALASKA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL CONSERVATION: 2001

#### **CONTENTS**

	Page		Page
Executive Summary	ĩ	Inventory of Potential and Existing	
Introduction	1	Contaminant Sources	4
Description of the Anchorage area, Alaska	1	Ranking of Contaminant Risks	4
New Grace Lutheran Church's Public Water Source	e 3	Vulnerability of New Grace Lutheran Church's	
Assessment/Protection Area for New Grace Luther		Drinking Water Source	4
Church's Drinking Water Source	3	Summary	6
	2	References Cited	7

### **TABLES**

TABLE

FIGURE

1.	Natural Susceptibility - Susceptibility of the Wellhead	
	and Aquifer to Contamination	5
2.	Contaminant Risks	5
3.	Overall Vulnerability of New Grace Lutheran Church's	
	Public Drinking Water Source to Contamination	6

### **ILLUSTRATIONS**

		Page
1. I	Index map showing the location of Anchorage, Alaska	1
2. 0	Generalized hydrologic cycle in the Anchorage area	2
3. 1	Map showing the location of the drinking water source for	
	New Grace Lutheran Church	3

### **APPENDICES**

APPENDIX	A.	New Grace Lutheran Church's Drinking Water Protection Area (Map 1)
	В.	Contaminant Source Inventory for New Grace Lutheran Church (Table 1)
		Contaminant Source Inventory and Risk Ranking for New Grace Lutheran Church -
		Bacteria and Viruses (Table 2)
		Contaminant Source Inventory and Risk Ranking for New Grace Lutheran Church -

- Nitrates and/or Nitrites (Table 3) Contaminant Source Inventory and Risk Ranking for New Grace Lutheran Church –
- Volatile organic chemicals (Table 4)
- C. New Grace Lutheran Church's Drinking Water Protection Area and Potential and

Existing Contaminant Source (Map 2 and Map 4)

D. Vulnerability Analysis for and Risk Ranking for New Grace Lutheran Church's Public Drinking Water Source (Chart 1 – Chart 8 and Table 1 – Table 3)

### Source Water Assessment for New Grace Lutheran Church's Source of Public Drinking Water, Anchorage, Alaska A Hydrogeologic Susceptibility and Vulnerability Analysis

By Heather A. Hammond

Drinking Water Protection Program Alaska Department of Environmental Conservation

#### **EXECUTIVE SUMMARY**

The Public Water System for New Grace Lutheran Church is a Class B (transient/non-community) water system consisting of one well in the Anchorage area. Identified potential and current sources of contaminants for New Grace Lutheran Church include: residential septic systems, paved roads, activities associated with parks and recreation trails, and residential areas. These identified potential and existing sources of contamination are considered sources of bacteria and viruses, nitrates and/or nitrites, and volatile organic chemicals. Overall, the public water source for New Grace Lutheran Church received a vulnerability rating of **Low** for bacteria and viruses, and volatile organic chemicals; and **Medium** for nitrates and./or nitrites.

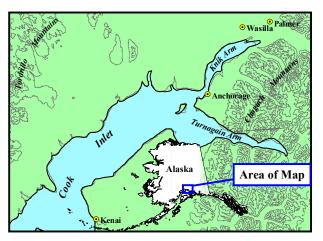


Figure 1. Index map showing the location of Anchorage, Alaska

#### INTRODUCTION

The purpose of this environmental assessment is to provide public water system owners and/or operators, communities, and local governments with information they can use to preserve the quality of Alaska's public drinking water supplies. This assessment was completed for the source of public drinking water serving New Grace Lutheran Church. This water system consists of one well in the Anchorage area (see Figure 1). This assessment, known under the Alaska Drinking Water Protection Program as the Source Water Assessment, has combined a review of the natural hydrogeologic sensitivity with potential and existing contaminant risks to arrive at an overall vulnerability of the drinking water source to contamination. This assessment has been completed as a basis for local voluntary protection efforts and to assist agencies in their efforts to reduce risk to this public drinking water supply.

## DESCRIPTION OF THE ANCHORAGE AREA, ALASKA

#### Location

Anchorage, located in southcentral Alaska, encompasses 1,698 square miles of land and 264 square miles of water. The area containing a majority of the urban development, commonly referred to as the Anchorage Bowl, encompasses approximately 180 square miles [*Partick, Brabets, and Glass, 1989*] and envelopes the low lands of the area. This area is bounded on the east by the Chugach Mountains and the north, west, and south by the Knik and Turnagain Arms of Cook Inlet (Figure 1). In recent times, urban development has extended eastward along the flanks of the Chugach Mountains. This area, known locally as the Anchorage Hillside, contains development at elevations exceeding 3,700 feet in elevation above sea level.

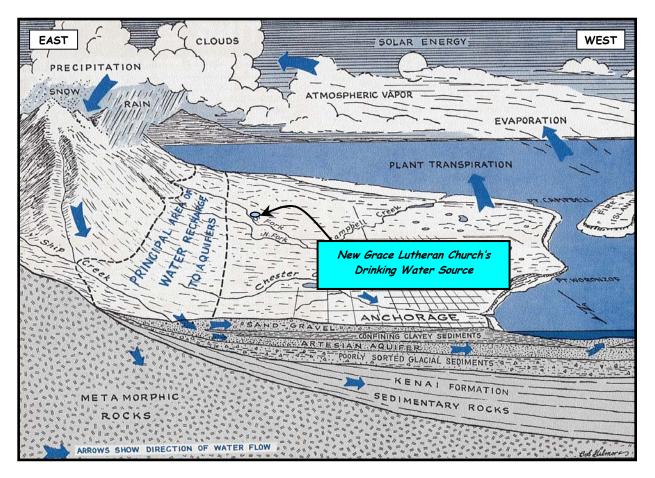


Figure 2. Generalized hydrologic cycle in the Anchorage area [Barnwell, George, Dearborn, Weeks, and Zenone, 1972].

#### Climate

The Anchorage area climate is somewhat transitional in that it does not experience large daily and annual temperature fluctuations like those experienced in the interior of Alaska nor does it experience high amounts of precipitation typified by gulf coast regions. Mean annual precipitation at the Anchorage International Airport is approximately 16 inches per year. On average, Anchorage receives a total snow accumulation of 69 inches per year. Precipitation generally increases inland toward the Chugach Mountains where annual precipitation may exceed 160 inches per year [*Barnwell*, *George, Dearborn, Weeks, and Zenone*, 1972]. Mean daily temperature ranges from 65° F during July to 8° F in January [*Western Regional Climate Center*, 2000].

#### Physiography and Groundwater Conditions

Surface elevations in the Anchorage area range from sea level at Knik and Turnagain Arms to well over 5,000 feet in the peaks that bound the area. Glacial moraine and outwash deposits primarily mantle the surface of the Anchorage Bowl. The backbone of the Chugach Mountains is composed primarily of metamorphic marine and volcanic rocks (bedrock). These high peaks that bound Anchorage's east-side are flanked with colluvium or slope deposits. These slope deposits eventually grade into the glacial and stream deposits at lower elevations in the Anchorage Bowl.

In the Anchorage area, two principal groundwater flow systems or aquifers exist (see Figure 2). The upper unconfined aquifer or water-table aquifer is separated from a lower confined aquifer system by layers of silty, clayey glacially derived sediments (confining layer) [*Ulery and Updike*, 1983]. The lower confined aquifer system consists of a series of hydrologically interconnected layers and lenses of gravel, sand and silt that, collectively, form the confined aquifer. The confining layer ranges from 0 to 270 feet thick throughout the Anchorage area and generally thins with increasing distance from Cook Inlet, thus pinching out at the mountain front [*Patrick, Brabets, and Glass*, 1989].

Water enters or recharges these two aquifer systems in several different ways. Along the front of the Chugach

Mountains, groundwater seeps from fractures in bedrock into the sediments. At these higher elevations, rain and snowmelt also enter the sediments. This area along the mountain front is considered the principal recharge area for wells in the Anchorage area. Precipitation in the low lands may also percolate directly into the ground. Lastly, aquifers may also be recharged by streams where surface water percolates into surrounding permeable sediments (losing reaches of streams). Groundwater flow in the confined aquifer is generally east to west from the mountain front toward Cook Inlet and Turnagain Arm, except in areas where the direction of flow is influenced by large municipal or industrial production wells. The direction of groundwater flow in the upper unconfined aguifer is more variable due to the influence from surfacial topography as well as its close connection with surface water bodies.

## NEW GRACE LUTHERAN CHURCH'S PUBLIC DRINKING WATER SYSTEM

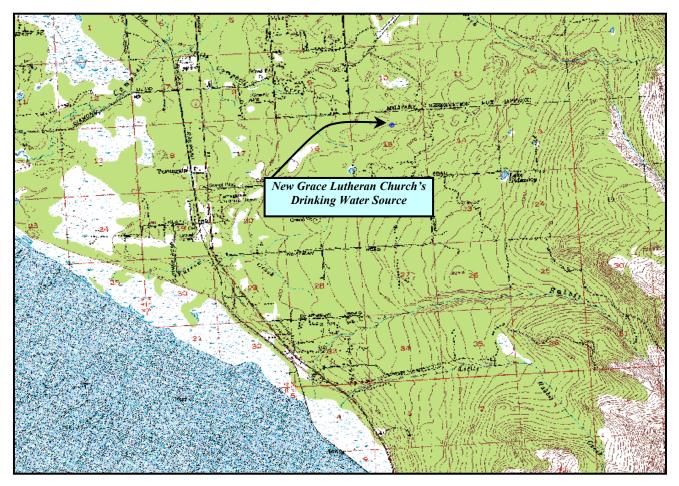
The public water system serving New Grace Lutheran Church is a Class B (transient/non-community) water system, which is owned and operated by New Grace Lutheran Church. The system consists of one well, which is located off of O'Malley Road at an elevation of approximately 500 feet above sea level (see Figure 3).

According to the most recent Sanitary Survey (11/06/98) well was drilled October 4, 1985, and completed in a 6 inch casing to a total depth of 302 feet below ground surface. The well site is not adequately drained as surface water accumulation does occur around the well. The Sanitary Survey also noted that the well lacks proper grouting but was installed with a sanitary seal which may decrease the chances of foreign matter from entering source waters. Proper grouting provides added protection against contaminants travelling along the well casing and into source waters.

This system operates year round and serves 25 nonresidents through one service connection.

#### ASSESSMENT AND PROTECTION AREA FOR NEW GRACE LUTHERAN CHURCH'S DRINKING WATER SOURCE

The Drinking Water Protection and Assessment Area that



**Figure 3. Map showing the location of the drinking water source for New Grace Lutheran Church** [Base: USGS Anchorage A8].

has been established for the source of drinking water serving New Grace Lutheran Church is the area that is most sensitive to contamination. This area has served as a basis for assessing the risk of the drinking water source to contamination. The zones around the drinking water source outline the most critical area for the preservation of the quality of the drinking water for this system. For simplicity, this area will be known as your Drinking Water Protection Area and will serve as the focus for voluntary protection efforts.

Conceptually, groundwater enters the aquifer systems along the front range of the Chugach Mountains (Figure 2) and flows toward Cook Inlet. An analytical calculation was used to determine the size and shape of the area that contributes water to the well. The input parameters describing the attributes of the aquifer in this calculation were adopted from the U.S. Geological Survey [Patrick, Brabets, and Glass, 1989]. This analytical calculation was used as a guide as the first step in establishing the protection area for each public drinking water source in Anchorage. Additional methods were further employed to take into account any uncertainties in groundwater flow and aquifer characteristics to arrive at meaningful and conservative protection areas with respect to public health (Please refer to the Guidance Manual for Class B Public Water Systems for additional information).

The Drinking Water Protection Areas established for wells by the Alaska Department of Environmental Conservation are separated into zones. These zones correspond to a time-of-travel. Time-of-travel is the time required for water to move in the saturated zone of the ground from a specific point to the well. The Drinking Water Protection Area for New Grace Lutheran Church contains four zones, Zone A through Zone D (See Map 1 in Appendix A). Zone A corresponds to the area between the well and the distance equal to  $\frac{1}{4}$  of the distance of the 2-year time-of-travel. Depending on where a contaminant source is located within Zone A, travel time for a contaminant to the well may be on the order of several days to several hours. Zone A also extends downgradient from the well to take into account the area of the aquifer that is influenced by pumping of the well. Zone B corresponds to a time-of-travel of less than two years. Zones C and D correspond to those areas between 5 years and 10 years time-of-travel, respectively.

## INVENTORY OF POTENTIAL AND EXISTING CONTAMINANT SOURCES

The Drinking Water Protection Program has completed an inventory of potential and existing sources of contamination within the Drinking Water Protection Area for New Grace Lutheran Church. This survey was completed through a search of agency records and other publicly available information. Potential sources of contamination to drinking water supplies cover a wide range of categories and types. Potential drinking water contaminants are found within agricultural, residential, commercial, and industrial areas, but can also occur within areas that have little or no development.

For the basis of this assessment and all Class B public water system assessments, three categories of drinking water contaminants were inventoried. They include:

- Bacteria and viruses
- Nitrates and/or nitrites
- Volatile organic chemicals

Maps 2 through 4 in Appendix C depict the Contaminant Source Inventory for New Grace Lutheran Church. Table 1 in Appendix B lists the inventoried potential sources of contamination within Zones A through D. Below is a summary of the contaminant sources inventoried within the Drinking Water Protection Area for New Grace Lutheran Church:

- Residential septic systems;
- paved roads;
- activities associated with parks and recreation trails;
- and residential area.

These potential and existing contaminant sources present risk for all three categories of drinking water contaminants for New Grace Lutheran Church's source of public drinking water.

#### **RANKING OF CONTAMINANT RISKS**

Potential and existing sources of contamination have been sorted, and ranked according to what type and level of risk they represent. Ranking of contaminant risks for a "potential" or "existing" source of contamination is a function of toxicity and volumes of specific contaminants associated with that source. Contaminant risks are further a function of the number and density of those types of contaminant sources as well as the proximity of those sources to the public drinking water well.

#### VULNERABILITY OF NEW GRACE LUTHERAN CHURCH'S DRINKING WATER SOURCE

Vulnerability of a drinking water source to contamination is a combination of two factors:

natural susceptibility; and

• contaminant risks.

Each of the three categories of drinking water contaminants have been analyzed and an overall vulnerability score of 0 to 100 ultimately assigned:

Natural Susceptibility (0 – 50 points)

+

Contaminant Risks (0 - 50 points)

=

Vulnerability of the Drinking Water Source to Contamination (0 - 100).

A score for the Natural Susceptibility is achieved by analyzing the properties of the well and the aquifer.

Susceptibility of the Wellhead (0 - 25 Points)+ Susceptibility of the Aquifer (0 - 25 Points)

= Natural Susceptibility (Susceptibility of the Well) (0 - 50 Points)

There was no well log available for New Grace Lutheran Church's source of public drinking water. Based on the information gathered from wells within 1/2 mile radius of New Grace Lutheran Church's well, it is suspected that the well was completed in a confining aquifer. The depth to the top of the confining unit is approximately 3 feet below land surface. The thickness of the confining layer is suspected to be approximately 61 feet and composed of brown sandy gravel and clay. This confining layer may provide a protective barrier against the movement of contaminants in the subsurface. However, near the base of the Chugach Mountains, these clay layers tend to be discontinuous and thin toward the mountains. Therefore, contaminants that enter the subsurface near the base of the mountains may enter the confined aquifer uninhibited by the absence of any protective layer.

Combining the susceptibility of the wellhead and the aquifer to contamination leads to a score (0 - 50 points) and rating of overall Susceptibility of the well to contamination (See Appendix D). Table 1 depicts the overall Susceptibility score and rating for the source of public drinking water serving New Grace Lutheran Church.

Table 1. Natural Susceptibility - Susceptibility of the
Wellhead and Aquifer to Contamination

	Score	Rating
Susceptibility of the Wellhead Susceptibility of the	5	Low
Aquifer	17	High
Natural Susceptibility	22	Medium

Contaminant risks to a drinking water source depend on the type, number or density, and distribution of contaminant sources. A score (0 - 50 points) and rating of Contaminant Risks (See Appendix D) is assigned based on the findings of the Contaminant Source Inventory (See Appendix B - Table 1 – Table 7). This portion of the analysis examines any existing or historical contamination that has been detected at the drinking water source through routine sampling. It also reviews contamination that has or may have occurred but has not arrived or been detected at the well. Table 2 summarizes the Contaminant Risks for each category of drinking water contaminants.

#### Table 2. Contaminant Risks

Contaminant Risks	Score	Rating
Bacteria and Viruses	12	Low
Nitrates and/or Nitrites	23	Medium
Volatile Organic		
Chemicals	12	Low

Appendix D contains eight charts, which together form the 'Vulnerability Analysis' for a Class B public drinking water system. Chart 1 analyzes the 'Susceptibility of the Wellhead' to contamination by looking at the construction of the well and its surrounding area. Chart 2 analyzes the 'Susceptibility of the Aquifer' to contamination by looking at the naturally occurring attributes of the water source and influences on the groundwater system that might lead to contamination. Chart 3 analyzes 'Contaminant Risks' for the drinking water source with respect to bacteria and viruses. The 'Contaminant Risks' portion of the analysis considers potential sources of contaminants as well as a review of contamination that has or may have occurred but has not arrived or been detected at the well. Lastly, Chart 4 contains the 'Vulnerability Analysis for Bacteria and Viruses'. Charts 5 through 8 contain the Contaminant Risks and Vulnerability Analysis for nitrates and nitrites, volatile organic chemicals, respectively.

Vulnerability of the drinking water source to contamination is the combination of susceptibility of the aquifer and the well with contaminant risks. Table 3 contains the overall vulnerability scores (0 - 100) and ratings for each of the three categories of drinking water contaminants (See Appendix D). Note: scores are rounded off to the nearest five.

# Table 3. Overall Vulnerability of New GraceLutheran Church's Public Drinking Water Source toContamination by Category

Category	Score	Rating
Bacteria and Viruses	35	Low
Nitrates and Nitrites	45	Medium
Volatile Organic Chemicals	35	Low

Tables 2 through 4 in Appendix B contain the ranking of potential and existing sources of contamination with respect to bacteria and viruses, nitrates and/or nitrites, and volatile organic chemicals.

Overall, contaminant risk for bacteria and viruses is low with residential septic systems driving the increase of contaminant risk. Combining this potential bacteria and viruses contamination risk with the natural susceptibility of the well leads to an overall vulnerability to contamination of low.

Other low potential and existing sources of contamination for bacteria and viruses include activities associated with residential areas, paved roads, and parks and recreation trails.

Overall, contaminant risk for nitrates and/or nitrites is medium with Municipal or City Parks driving the increase of contaminant risks. Combining this potential nitrates and/or nitrites contamination risk with the natural susceptibility of the well leads to an overall vulnerability to contamination of medium.

Other low potential and existing sources of nitrates and/or nitrites include residential septic systems, activities associated with recreation trails, residential areas, and paved roads.

Overall, contaminant risk for volatile organic chemicals is low with paved roads and residential septic systems driving the increase of contaminant risks. Combining this potential volatile organic chemical contamination risk with the natural susceptibility of the well leads to an overall vulnerability to contamination of low.

Other low potential and existing sources of volatile organic chemicals include activities associated with

residential areas.

#### SUMMARY

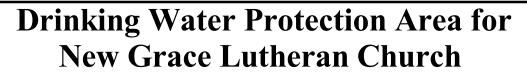
A *Source Water Assessment* has been completed for the source of public drinking water serving New Grace Lutheran Church. The overall vulnerability of this source to contamination is **Low** for bacteria and viruses, and volatile organic chemicals; and **Medium** for nitrates and/or nitrites. This assessment of contaminant risks can be used as a foundation for local voluntary protection efforts as well as a basis for the continuous efforts on the part of New Grace Lutheran Church to protect public health. It is anticipated that *Source Water Assessments* will be updated every five years to reflect any changes in the vulnerability and/or susceptibility of New Grace Lutheran Church's public drinking water source.

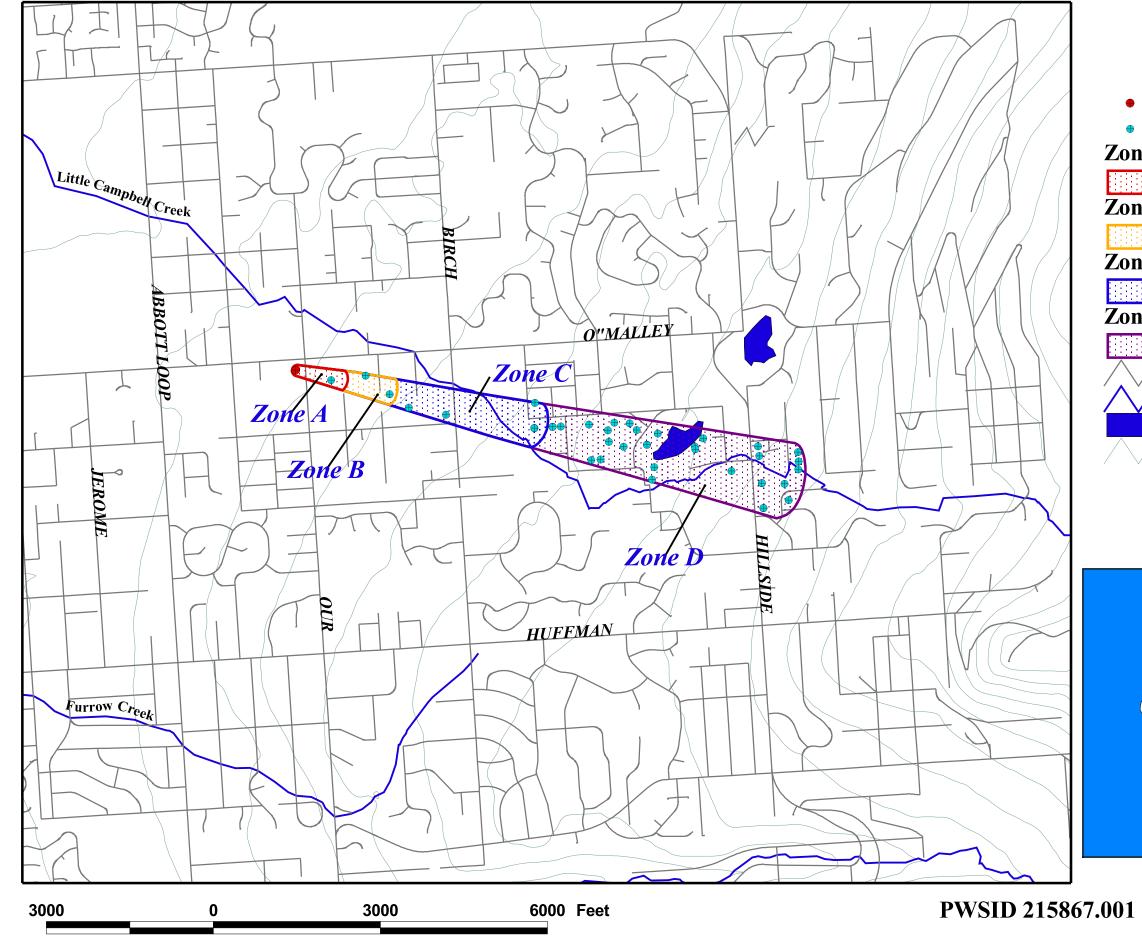
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### **APPENDIX A**

New Grace Lutheran Church's Drinking Water Protection Area





Unity Church Of Anchorage DW Well
Private and Public DW Wells
Zone A Protection Area
Several Months Travel Time
Zone B Protection Area
Less Than 2 Years Travel Time
Zone C Protection Area
Less Than 5 Years Travel Time
Zone D Protection Area
Less Than 10 Years Travel Time
Roads
Anchorage Streams
Anchorage Lakes
Elevation Contours



### **APPENDIX B**

Contaminant Source Inventory and Risk Ranking for New Grace Lutheran Church

### Contaminant Source Inventory for New Grace Lutheran Church

PWSID 215867.001

	Contaminant					
Contaminant Source Type	Source ID	CS ID tag	Zone	Location	Map Number	Comments
Residential Areas	R01	R1-1	А	All residential areas located within 2 Zone A		
Septic systems (serves one or more single-family homes)	R02	R2-1	А	Off of Our Road	3	
Septic systems (serves one or more single-family homes)	R02	R2-2	А	Off of Our Road	3	
Septic systems (serves one or more single-family homes)	R02	R2-3	А	Off of Our Road	3	
Septic systems (serves one or more single-family homes)	R02	R2-4	А	Near Our Road	3	
Highways and roads, paved (cement or asphalt)	X20	X20-1	А	Our Road	2	
Residential Areas	R01	R1-2	В	All residential areas located within Zone B	2	
Septic systems (serves one or more single-family homes)	R02	R2-10	В	Off of Totem Road	3	
Septic systems (serves one or more single-family homes)	R02	R2-11	В	Off of Totem Road	3	
Septic systems (serves one or more single-family homes)	R02	R2-12	В	Off of Totem Road	3	
Septic systems (serves one or more single-family homes)	R02	R2-13	В	Off of Totem Road	3	
Septic systems (serves one or more single-family homes)	R02	R2-14	В	Off of Totem Road	3	
Septic systems (serves one or more single-family homes)	R02	R2-15	В	Off of Totem Road	3	
Septic systems (serves one or more single-family homes)	R02	R2-5	В	Between Our Road and Totem Road	3	
Septic systems (serves one or more single-family homes)	R02	R2-6	В	Between Our Road and Totem Road	3	
Septic systems (serves one or more single-family homes)	R02	R2-7	В	Near Totem Road	3	
Septic systems (serves one or more single-family homes)	R02	R2-8	В	Off of Totem Road	3	
Septic systems (serves one or more single-family homes)	R02	R2-9	В	Off of Totem Road	3	
Highways and roads, paved (cement or asphalt)	X20	X20-2	В	Totem Road 2		
Residential Areas	R01	R1-3	С	All residential areas located within 2 Zone C		
Septic systems (serves one or more single-family homes)	R02	R2-16-26	С	All septics located within Zone C	3	
Highways and roads, paved (cement or asphalt)	X20	X20-3-7	С	All roads located within Zone C	2	
					-	

Contaminant Source Type	Contaminant Source ID	CS ID tag	Zone	Location	Map Number	Comments
Municipal or city parks (with green areas)	X04	X4-1 - 2	С	Municipal and City parks located within Zone C	3	
Dog walking areas/foot trails	X46	X46-1-3	С	All trails located within Zone C	2	

Table 2

### Contaminant Source Inventory and Risk Ranking for New Grace Lutheran Church Sources of Bacteria and Viruses

PWSID 215867.001

Contaminant Source Type	Contaminant Source ID	CS ID tag	Zone	Risk Ranking for Analysis	Overall Rank after Analysis	Location	Map Number Comments
Septic systems (serves one or more single-family homes)	R02	R2-1	А	Low	1	Off of Our Road	3
Septic systems (serves one or more single-family homes)	R02	R2-2	А	Low	2	Off of Our Road	3
Septic systems (serves one or more single-family homes)	R02	R2-3	А	Low	3	Off of Our Road	3
Septic systems (serves one or more single-family homes)	R02	R2-4	А	Low	4	Near Our Road	3
Residential Areas	R01	R1-1	А	Low	5	All residential areas located within Zone A	2
Septic systems (serves one or more single-family homes)	R02	R2-5	В	Low	6	Between Our Road and Totem Road	3
Septic systems (serves one or more single-family homes)	R02	R2-6	В	Low	7	Between Our Road and Totem Road	3
Septic systems (serves one or more single-family homes)	R02	R2-7	В	Low	8	Near Totem Road	3
Septic systems (serves one or more single-family homes)	R02	R2-8	В	Low	9	Off of Totem Road	3
Residential Areas	R01	R1-2	В	Low	10	All residential areas located within Zone B	2
Highways and roads, paved (cement or asphalt)	X20	X20-1	А	Low		Our Road	2
Septic systems (serves one or more single-family homes)	R02	R2-10	В	Low		Off of Totem Road	3
Septic systems (serves one or more single-family homes)	R02	R2-11	В	Low		Off of Totem Road	3
Septic systems (serves one or more single-family homes)	R02	R2-12	В	Low		Off of Totem Road	3
Septic systems (serves one or more single-family homes)	R02	R2-13	В	Low		Off of Totem Road	3
Septic systems (serves one or more single-family homes)	R02	R2-14	В	Low		Off of Totem Road	3

#### Table 2 (continued)

### Contaminant Source Inventory and Risk Ranking for

PWSID 215867.001

### New Grace Lutheran Church Sources of Bacteria and Viruses

Contaminant Source Type	Contaminant Source ID	CS ID tag	Zone	Risk Ranking for Analysis	Overall Rank after Analysis	Location	Map Number Comments
Septic systems (serves one or more single-family homes)	R02	R2-15	В	Low		Off of Totem Road	3
Septic systems (serves one or more single-family homes)	R02	R2-9	В	Low		Off of Totem Road	3
Highways and roads, paved (cement or asphalt)	X20	X20-2	В	Low		Totem Road	2
Residential Areas	R01	R1-3	С	Low		All residential areas located within Zone C	2
Septic systems (serves one or more single-family homes)	R02	R2-16-26	С	Low		All septics located within Zone C	3
Highways and roads, paved (cement or asphalt)	X20	X20-3-7	С	Low		All roads located within Zone C	2
Municipal or city parks (with green areas)	X04	X4-1 - 2	С	Medium		Municipal and City parks located within Zone C	3
Dog walking areas/foot trails	X46	X46-1-3	С	Low		All trails located within Zone C	2

Table 3

### Contaminant Source Inventory and Risk Ranking for

PWSID 215867.001

### New Grace Lutheran Church

### Sources of Nitrates/Nitrites

Contaminant Source Type	Contaminant Source ID	CS ID tag	Zone	Risk Ranking for Analysis	Overall Rank after Analysis	Location	Map Number	Comments
Septic systems (serves one or more single-family homes)	R02	R2-1	А	Low	1	Off of Our Road	3	
Septic systems (serves one or more single-family homes)	R02	R2-2	А	Low	2	Off of Our Road	3	
Septic systems (serves one or more single-family homes)	R02	R2-3	А	Low	3	Off of Our Road	3	
Septic systems (serves one or more single-family homes)	R02	R2-4	А	Low	4	Near Our Road	3	
Residential Areas	R01	R1-1	А	Low	5	All residential areas located within Zone A	2	
Septic systems (serves one or more single-family homes)	R02	R2-5	В	Low	6	Between Our Road and Totem Road	3	
Septic systems (serves one or more single-family homes)	R02	R2-6	В	Low	7	Between Our Road and Totem Road	3	
Septic systems (serves one or more single-family homes)	R02	R2-7	В	Low	8	Near Totem Road	3	
Septic systems (serves one or more single-family homes)	R02	R2-8	В	Low	9	Off of Totem Road	3	
Residential Areas	R01	R1-2	В	Low	10	All residential areas located within Zone B	2	
Highways and roads, paved (cement or asphalt)	X20	X20-1	А	Low		Our Road	2	
Septic systems (serves one or more single-family homes)	R02	R2-10	В	Low		Off of Totem Road	3	
Septic systems (serves one or more single-family homes)	R02	R2-11	В	Low		Off of Totem Road	3	
Septic systems (serves one or more single-family homes)	R02	R2-12	В	Low		Off of Totem Road	3	
Septic systems (serves one or more single-family homes)	R02	R2-13	В	Low		Off of Totem Road	3	
Septic systems (serves one or more single-family homes)	R02	R2-14	В	Low		Off of Totem Road	3	

#### Table 3 (continued)

### Contaminant Source Inventory and Risk Ranking for

PWSID 215867.001

### *New Grace Lutheran Church Sources of Nitrates/Nitrites*

Contaminant Source ID	CS ID tag	Zone	Risk Ranking for Analysis		Location	Map Number	Comments
R02	R2-15	В	Low		Off of Totem Road	3	
R02	R2-9	В	Low		Off of Totem Road	3	
X20	X20-2	В	Low		Totem Road	2	
R01	R1-3	С	Low		All residential areas located within Zone C	2	
R02	R2-16-26	С	Low		All septics located within Zone C	3	
X20	X20-3-7	С	Low		All roads located within Zone C	2	
X04	X4-1 - 2	С	Medium		Municipal and City parks located within Zone C	3	
X46	X46-1-3	С	Low		All trails located within Zone C	2	
	Source ID       R02       R02       X20       R01       R02       X20       X01       R02       X20	Source ID     CS ID tag       R02     R2-15       R02     R2-9       X20     X20-2       R01     R1-3       R02     R2-16-26       X20     X20-3-7       X04     X4-1 - 2	Source ID     CS ID tag     Zone       R02     R2-15     B       R02     R2-9     B       X20     X20-2     B       R01     R1-3     C       X20     X20-3-7     C       X04     X4-1 - 2     C	Source IDCS ID tagZonefor AnalysisR02R2-15BLowR02R2-9BLowX20X20-2BLowR01R1-3CLowR02R2-16-26CLowX20X20-3-7CLowX04X4-1 - 2CMedium	Source IDCS ID tagZonefor Analysisafter AnalysisR02R2-15BLowR02R2-9BLowX20X20-2BLowR01R1-3CLowR02R2-16-26CLowX20X20-3-7CLowX04X4-1 - 2CMedium	Source IDCS ID tagZonefor Analysisafter AnalysisLocationR02R2-15BLowOff of Totem RoadR02R2-9BLowOff of Totem RoadX20X20-2BLowTotem RoadR01R1-3CLowAll residential areas located within Zone CR02R2-16-26CLowAll septics located within Zone CX20X20-3-7CLowAll roads located within Zone CX04X4-1 - 2CMediumMunicipal and City parks located within Zone CX46X46-1-3CLowAll trails located within	Source IDCS ID tagZonefor Analysisafter AnalysisLocationNumberR02R2-15BLowOff of Totem Road3R02R2-9BLowOff of Totem Road3X20X20-2BLowTotem Road2R01R1-3CLowAll residential areas located within Zone C2R02X20-3-7CLowAll septics located within Zone C3X04X4-1 - 2CMediumMunicipal and City parks located within Zone C3X46X46-1-3CLowAll trails located within 23

Table 4

### Contaminant Source Inventory and Risk Ranking for New Grace Lutheran Church Sources of Volatile Organic Chemicals

PWSID 215867.001

	Contaminant		-	Risk Ranking	Overall Rank		Мар
Contaminant Source Type	Source ID	CS ID tag	Zone	for Analysis	after Analysis	Location	Number Comments
Highways and roads, paved (cement or asphalt)	X20	X20-1	А	Low	1	Our Road	2
Residential Areas	R01	R1-1	А	Low	2	All residential areas located within Zone A	2
Septic systems (serves one or more single-family homes)	R02	R2-1	А	Low	3	Off of Our Road	3
Septic systems (serves one or more single-family homes)	R02	R2-2	А	Low	4	Off of Our Road	3
Septic systems (serves one or more single-family homes)	R02	R2-3	А	Low	5	Off of Our Road	3
Septic systems (serves one or more single-family homes)	R02	R2-4	А	Low	6	Near Our Road	3
Septic systems (serves one or more single-family homes)	R02	R2-5	В	Low	7	Between Our Road and Totem Road	3
Septic systems (serves one or more single-family homes)	R02	R2-6	В	Low	8	Between Our Road and Totem Road	3
Residential Areas	R01	R1-2	В	Low	9	All residential areas located within Zone B	2
Highways and roads, paved (cement or asphalt)	X20	X20-2	В	Low	10	Totem Road	2
Septic systems (serves one or more single-family homes)	R02	R2-10	В	Low		Off of Totem Road	3
Septic systems (serves one or more single-family homes)	R02	R2-11	В	Low		Off of Totem Road	3
Septic systems (serves one or more single-family homes)	R02	R2-12	В	Low		Off of Totem Road	3
Septic systems (serves one or more single-family homes)	R02	R2-13	В	Low		Off of Totem Road	3
Septic systems (serves one or more single-family homes)	R02	R2-14	В	Low		Off of Totem Road	3
Septic systems (serves one or more single-family homes)	R02	R2-15	В	Low		Off of Totem Road	3

#### Table 4 (continued)

### Contaminant Source Inventory and Risk Ranking for

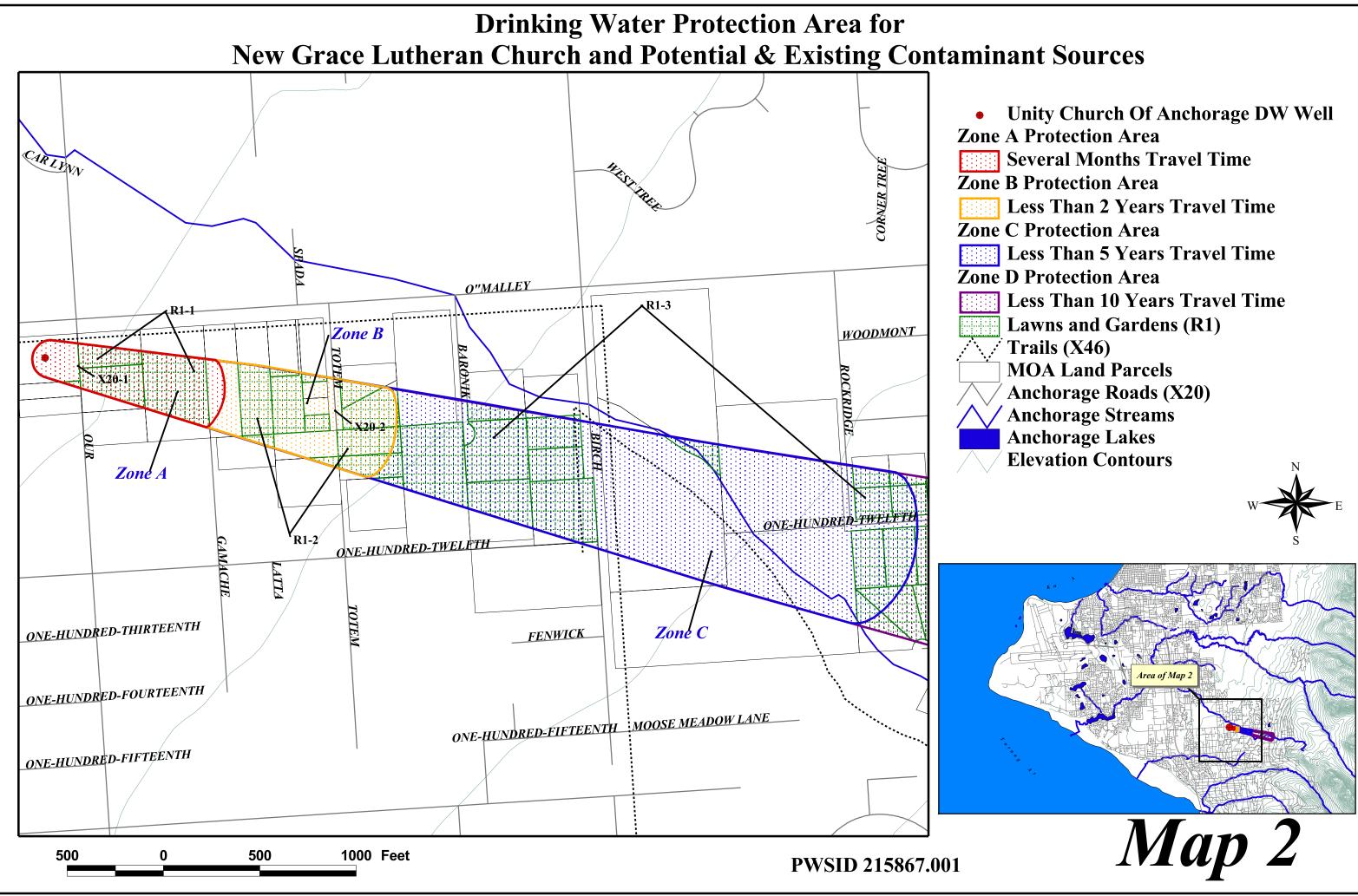
PWSID 215867.001

### New Grace Lutheran Church Sources of Volatile Organic Chemicals

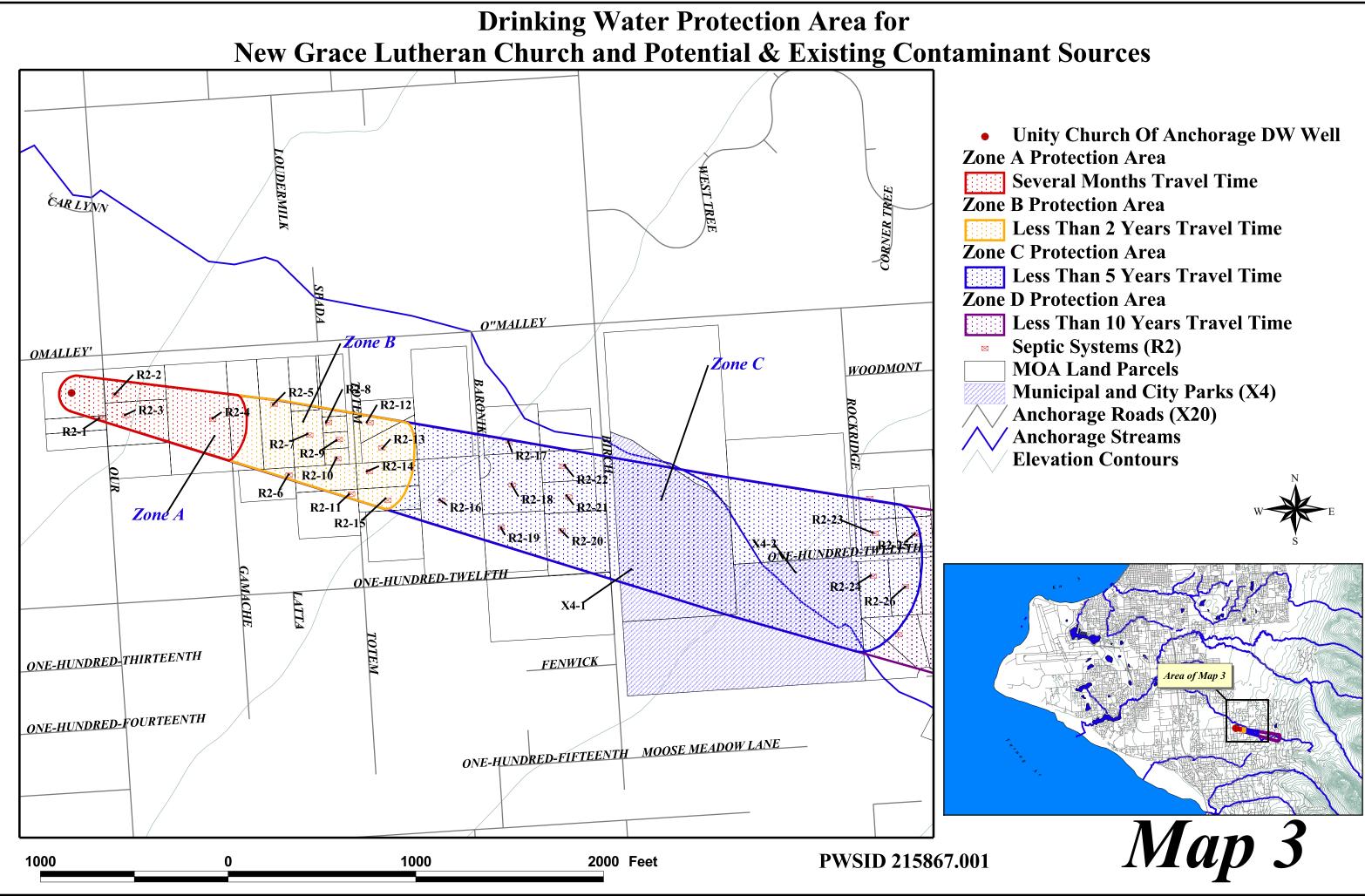
Contaminant Source Type	Contaminant Source ID	CS ID tag	Zone		Overall Rank after Analysis	Location	Map Number	Comments
Septic systems (serves one or more single-family homes)	R02	R2-7	В	Low		Near Totem Road	3	
Septic systems (serves one or more single-family homes)	R02	R2-8	В	Low		Off of Totem Road	3	
Septic systems (serves one or more single-family homes)	R02	R2-9	В	Low		Off of Totem Road	3	
Residential Areas	R01	R1-3	С	Low		All residential areas located within Zone C	2	
Septic systems (serves one or more single-family homes)	R02	R2-16-26	С	Low		All septics located within Zone C	3	
Highways and roads, paved (cement or asphalt)	X20	X20-3-7	С	Low		All roads located within Zone C	2	

### **APPENDIX C**

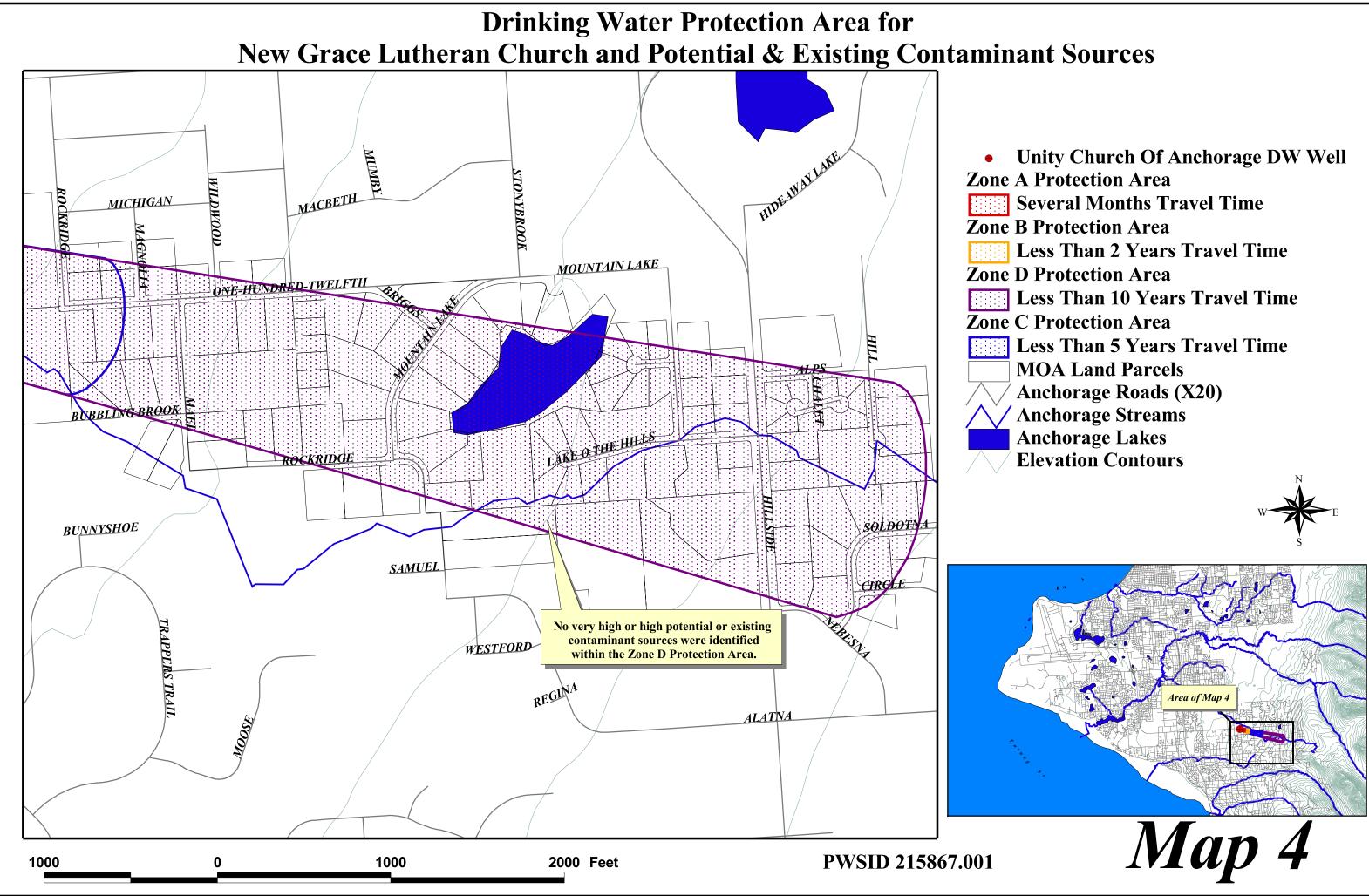
New Grace Lutheran Church's Drinking Water Protection Area and Potential & Existing Contaminant Sources







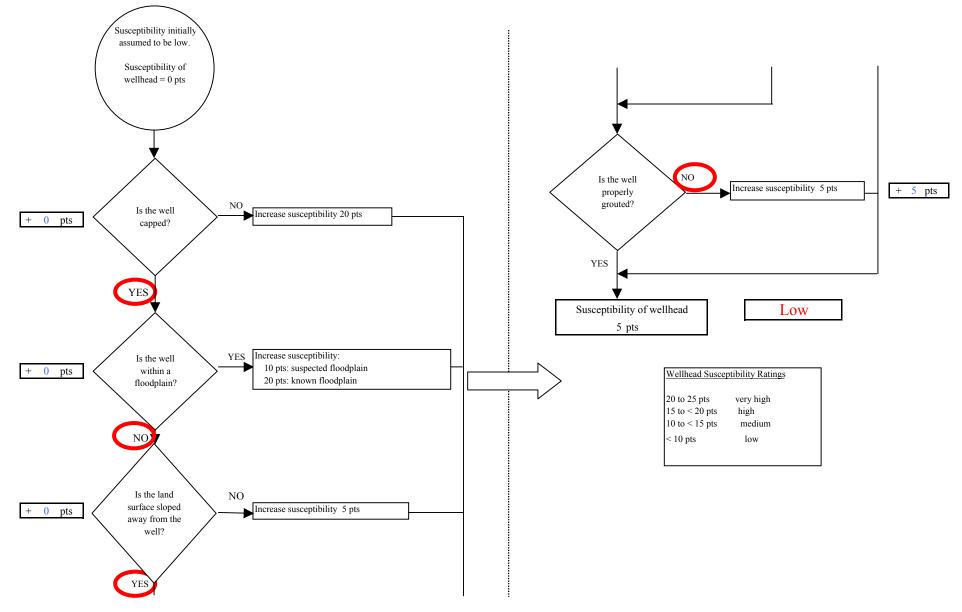






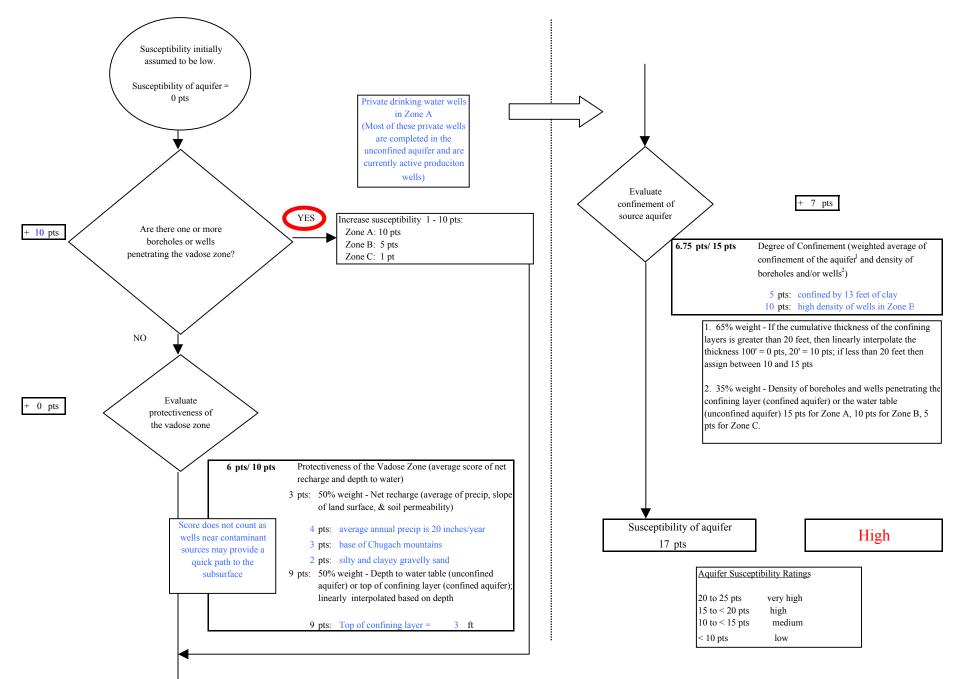
### **APPENDIX D**

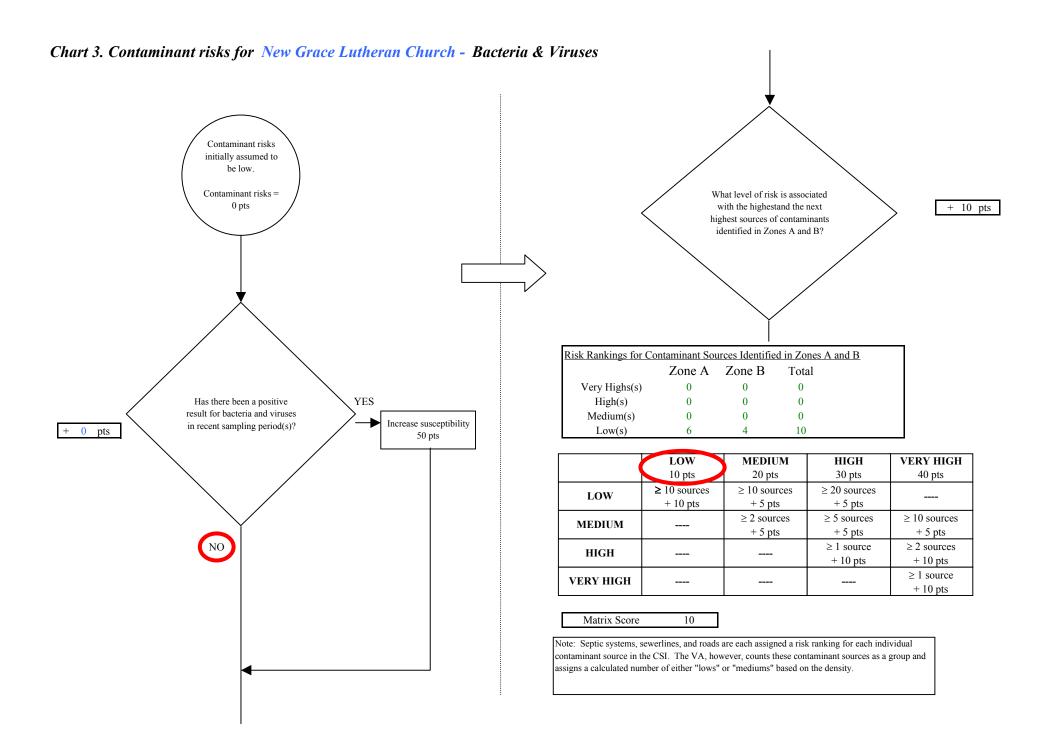
Vulnerability Analysis for New Grace Lutheran Church's Public Drinking Water Source

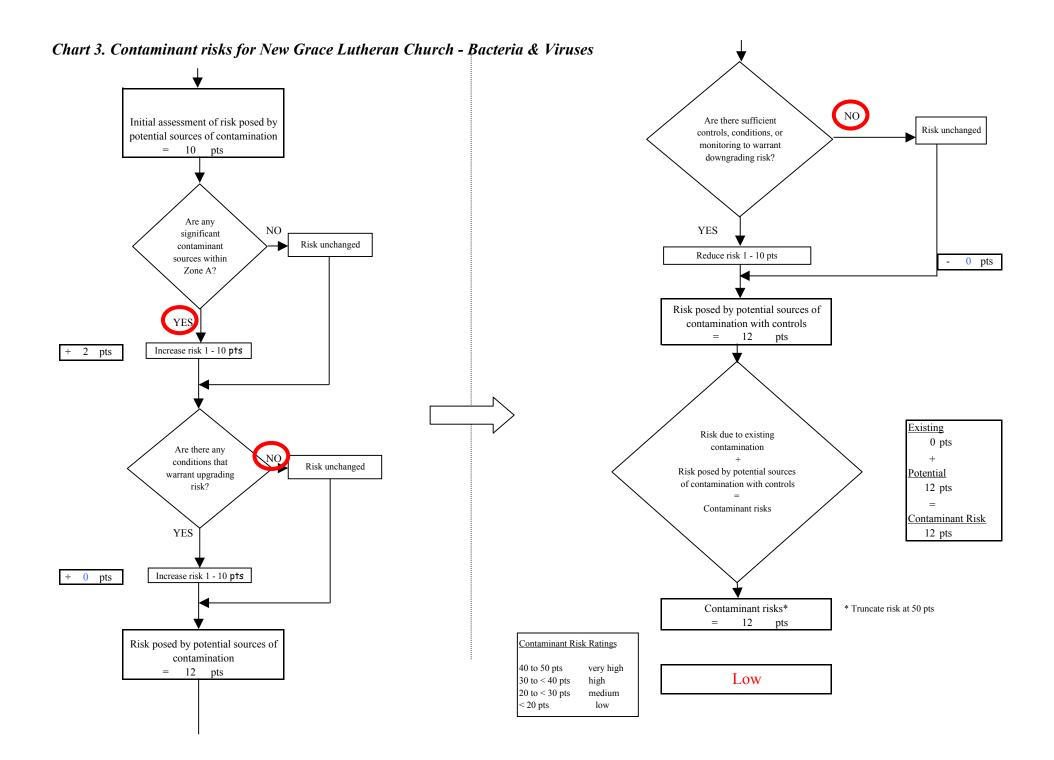


#### Chart 1. Susceptibility of the wellhead - New Grace Lutheran Church

#### Chart 2. Susceptibility of the aquifer - New Grace Lutheran Church







### Page 2 of 2

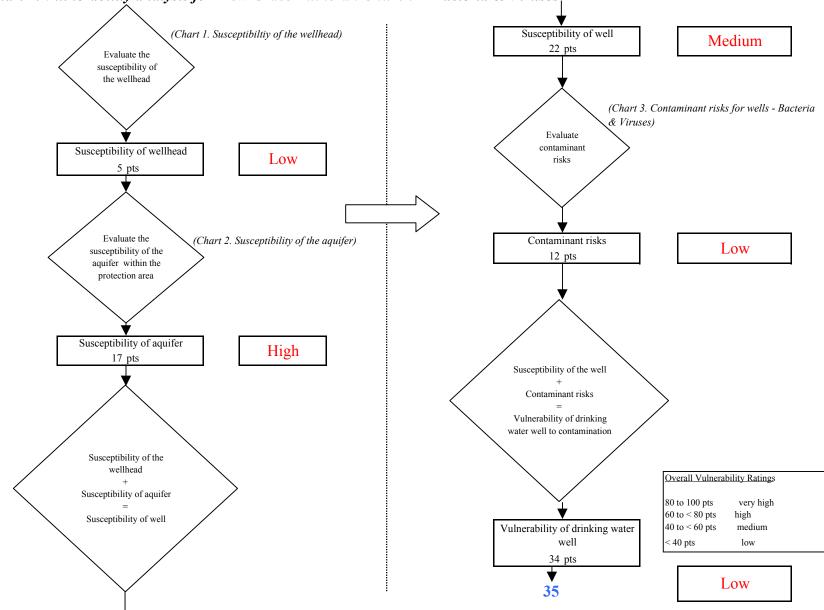
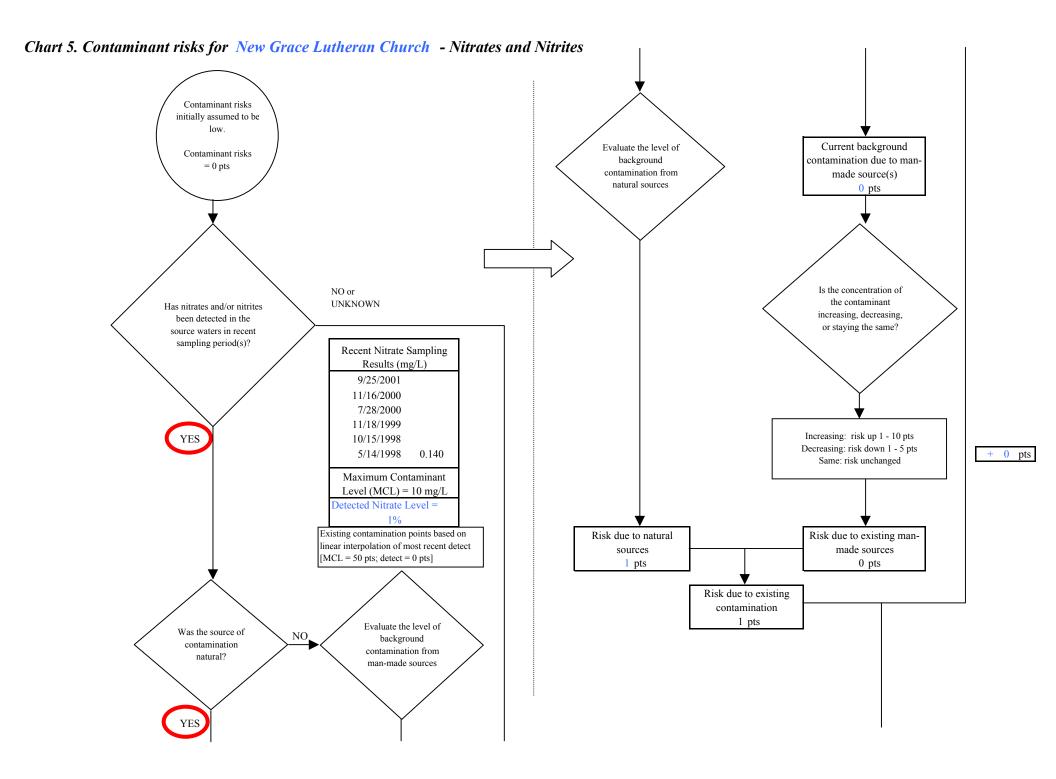


Chart 4. Vulnerability analysis for New Grace Lutheran Church - Bacteria & Viruses



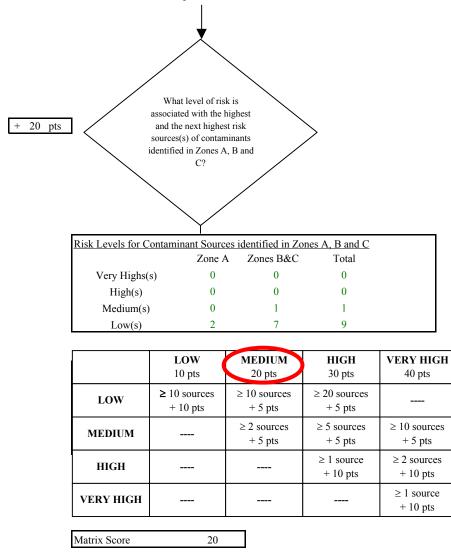
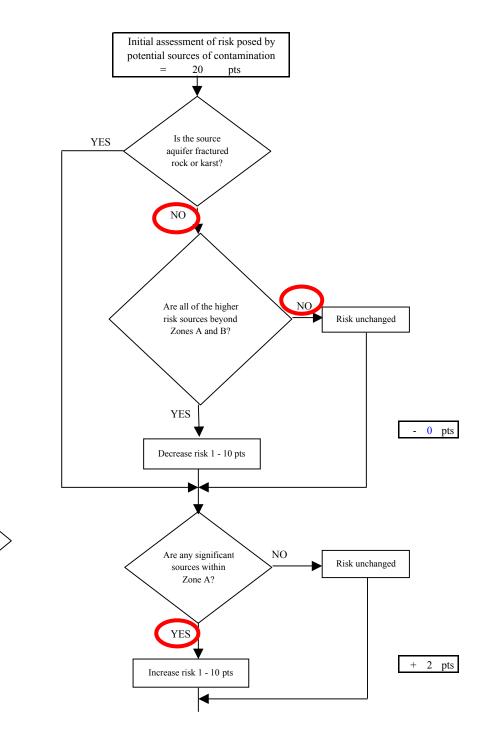
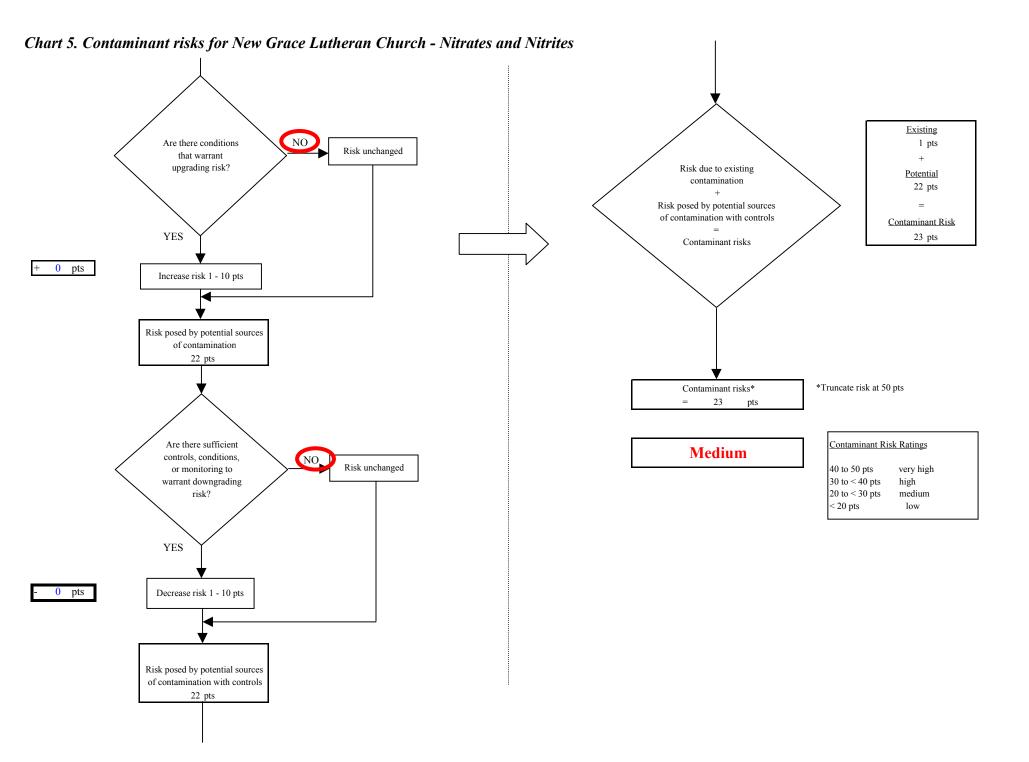


Chart 5. Contaminant risks for New Grace Lutheran Church - Nitrates and Nitrites

Note: Septic systems, sewerlines, and roads are each assigned a risk ranking for each individual contaminant source in the CSI. The VA, however, counts these contaminant sources as a group and assigns a calculated number of either "lows" or "mediums" based on the density.





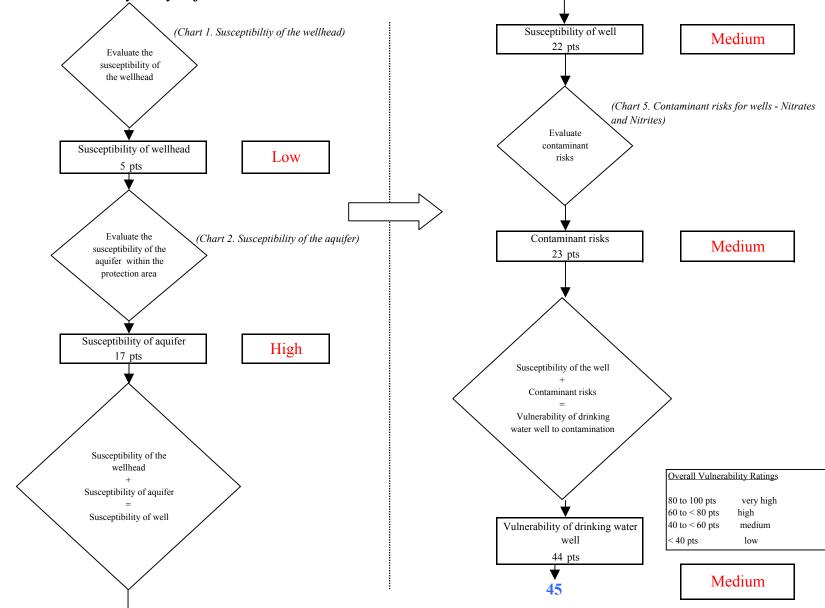
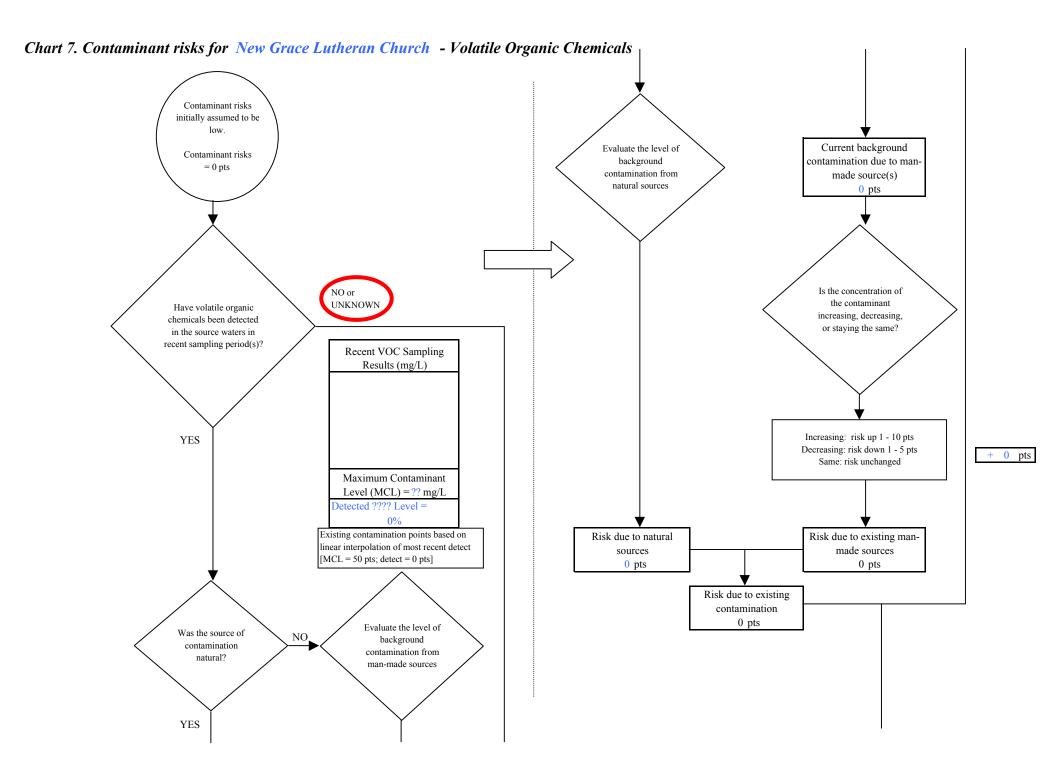


Chart 6. Vulnerability analysis for New Grace Lutheran Church - Nitrates and Nitrites



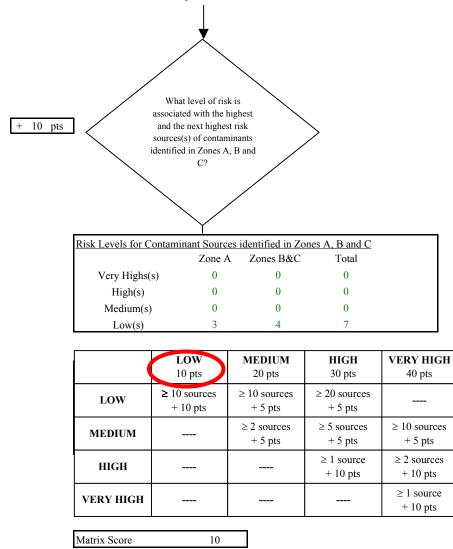
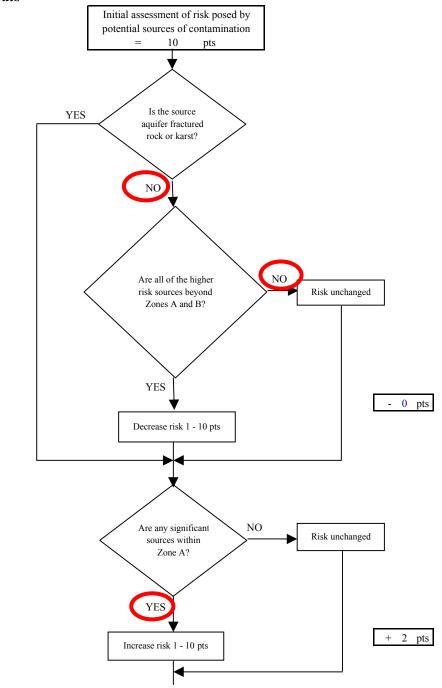
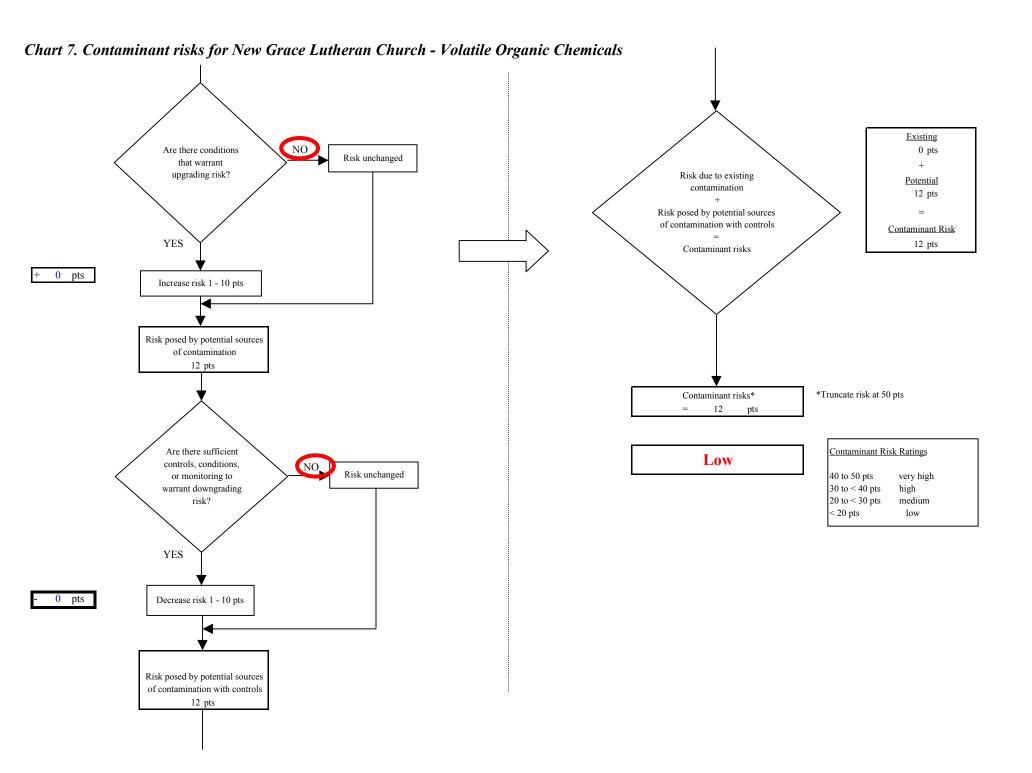


Chart 7. Contaminant risks for New Grace Lutheran Church - Volatile Organic Chemicals

Note: Septic systems, sewerlines, and roads are each assigned a risk ranking for each individual contaminant source in the CSI. The VA, however, counts these contaminant sources as a group and assigns a calculated number of either "lows" or "mediums" based on the density.





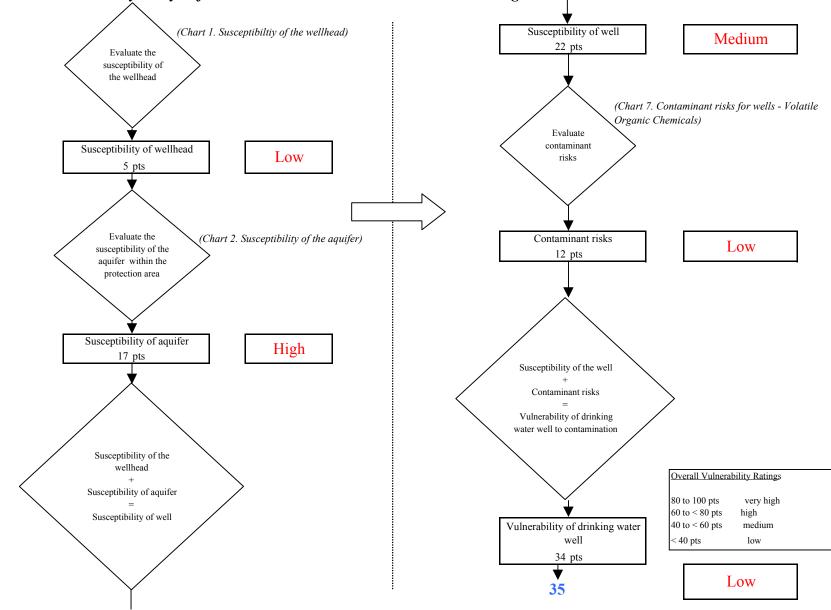


Chart 8. Vulnerability analysis for New Grace Lutheran Church - Volatile Organic Chemicals