

IDITAROD TRAIL INVENTORY

SITE Nome HIST DIST AHRS NO: _____ INHT NO: _____

OTHER SITE NAMES: Sinuk Roadhouse NOMOZZ TRAIL SECTION:
Seward-Rainy Pass _____
Rainy Pass-Kaltag _____
Kaltag-Nome X

LAND STATUS: ADP 4/7/81
 TOWNSHIP TTEE;
 MINERAL PATENT APLW;
 RJW TELEGRAPH
 PLACER CLAIM
 LEGAL DESCRIPTION:

Approximate Quad.	Actual Name	Actual Quad.
	Nome	24, C1
Township	11 S.	
Range	34 W.	
Section	26	
Subsection	SE	

Latitude: _____
 Longitude: _____

UTM REFERENCE: _____

Zone	Easting	Northing
A	_____	_____

INSPECTED BY: _____ DATE: _____ Aerial _____ Onsite _____

STRUCTURAL TYPE: Shelter Structure _____ River Community _____
 Native Settlement _____ Mining Community _____ Other _____

WALLS:	IN	OUT	FLOOR	ROOF	CORNER NOTCH
Log-Rough	_____	_____	Dirt	Sod	Unknown
Log-Hewn	_____	_____	Wood	Metal	_____
Frame	_____	_____	Other	Wd. Plank	_____
Drop Siding	_____	_____	Unknown	Wd. Shingle	_____
Wall Covering	_____	_____		Tar Paper	_____
Unknown	_____	_____		Unknown	_____

TREATMENT RECOMMENDED: _____ ORDER OF SIGNIFICANCE: _____

- | | |
|----------------------------------|------------------|
| _____ Site Protection | _____ X National |
| _____ Preservation/Stabilization | _____ Regional |
| _____ Restoration | _____ Local |
| _____ Reconstruction | |
| _____ Adaptive Reuse | |

Estimated Treatment Costs _____
 Estimated Planning/Research Costs _____

SITE Cape Nome Roadhouse AHS NO: SOL-069 NOM-010 INHT NO: _____

MANAGEMENT RATING CRITERIA

ACCESS ----- 40 POINTS

- 5 ___ Difficult
(Dog Sled, Snow Mach., Heli.)
20 ___ Medium
(1 Day Hike, Boat, Fixed-Wing)
40 High
(Auto/Road, Short Hike)

CONDITION ----- 40 POINTS

- ___ Not Located
1 ___ No Remains
3 ___ Ruin
8 ___ Poor (Roof In)
15 ___ Medium (Roof Intact)
25 Good (Maintained)
40 Restored

PRESENT VISITOR USE

- Frequent
___ Infrequent
___ None

POTENTIAL VISITOR USE--20 POINTS

- 20 High
10 ___ Medium
5 ___ Low

Total Points 100

STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE:

The Cape Nome Roadhouse is nationally significant because it is associated with the Iditarod National Historic Trail. Cape Nome Roadhouse is significant as a surviving, albeit somewhat atypical example of an important Alaskan roadhouse; for its role in the dramatic Seward Peninsula-Nome Gold Rush; the Fairbanks and Iditarod trails; and Leonard Seppala's famous diphtheria serum dog team "Race to Nome."

With news of "Gold"—the strikes of 1898 and 1899 reported to the World—some 20,000 men and some women, by the summer of 1900, had rushed to Seward Peninsula off the bleak Bering Sea to form the tent city of Nome. Seasoned sourdough miners from the Klondike and the Interior, adventurers, "Chechako" entrepreneurs and their pyramiding supplies and equipment were scattered along the beaches for miles. The nearest diggings were along the tide-washed beaches. Cape Nome Roadhouse, initially built of logs hauled by horses from the Council

REFERENCE:

SITE RECOMMENDATIONS:

See Cape Nome Narrative - b
SOL 069